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Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex</u> <u>Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixedfunction ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	6 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128stc100-6

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Table 2. MAX	7000S Device I	Features				
Feature	EPM7032S	EPM7064S	EPM7128S	EPM7160S	EPM7192S	EPM7256S
Usable gates	600	1,250	2,500	3,200	3,750	5,000
Macrocells	32	64	128	160	192	256
Logic array blocks	2	4	8	10	12	16
Maximum user I/O pins	36	68	100	104	124	164
t _{PD} (ns)	5	5	6	6	7.5	7.5
t _{SU} (ns)	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.4	4.1	3.9
t _{FSU} (ns)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3	3
t _{CO1} (ns)	3.2	3.2	4	3.9	4.7	4.7
f _{CNT} (MHz)	175.4	175.4	147.1	149.3	125.0	128.2

...and More Features

- Open-drain output option in MAX 7000S devices
- Programmable macrocell flipflops with individual clear, preset, clock, and clock enable controls
- Programmable power-saving mode for a reduction of over 50% in each macrocell
- Configurable expander product-term distribution, allowing up to 32 product terms per macrocell
- 44 to 208 pins available in plastic J-lead chip carrier (PLCC), ceramic pin-grid array (PGA), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), and 1.0-mm thin quad flat pack (TQFP) packages
- Programmable security bit for protection of proprietary designs
- 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation
 - MultiVoltTM I/O interface operation, allowing devices to interface with 3.3-V or 5.0-V devices (MultiVolt I/O operation is not available in 44-pin packages)
 - Pin compatible with low-voltage MAX 7000A and MAX 7000B devices
- Enhanced features available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices
 - Six pin- or logic-driven output enable signals
 - Two global clock signals with optional inversion
 - Enhanced interconnect resources for improved routability
 - Fast input setup times provided by a dedicated path from I/O pin to macrocell registers
 - Programmable output slew-rate control
- Software design support and automatic place-and-route provided by Altera's development system for Windows-based PCs and Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations

The MAX 7000 architecture supports 100% TTL emulation and high-density integration of SSI, MSI, and LSI logic functions. The MAX 7000 architecture easily integrates multiple devices ranging from PALs, GALs, and 22V10s to MACH and pLSI devices. MAX 7000 devices are available in a wide range of packages, including PLCC, PGA, PQFP, RQFP, and TQFP packages. See Table 5.

Table 5. M	AX 7000) Maxim	um Use	r I/O Piı	ns N	ote (1)						
Device	44- Pin PLCC	44- Pin PQFP	44- Pin TQFP	68- Pin PLCC	84- Pin PLCC	100- Pin PQFP	100- Pin TQFP	160- Pin PQFP	160- Pin PGA	192- Pin PGA	208- Pin PQFP	208- Pin RQFP
EPM7032	36	36	36									
EPM7032S	36		36									
EPM7064	36		36	52	68	68						
EPM7064S	36		36		68		68					
EPM7096				52	64	76						
EPM7128E					68	84		100				
EPM7128S					68	84	84 (2)	100				
EPM7160E					64	84		104				
EPM7160S					64		84 (2)	104				
EPM7192E								124	124			
EPM7192S								124				
EPM7256E								132 (2)		164		164
EPM7256S											164 (2)	164

Notes:

 When the JTAG interface in MAX 7000S devices is used for either boundary-scan testing or for ISP, four I/O pins become JTAG pins.

(2) Perform a complete thermal analysis before committing a design to this device package. For more information, see the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.

MAX 7000 devices use CMOS EEPROM cells to implement logic functions. The user-configurable MAX 7000 architecture accommodates a variety of independent combinatorial and sequential logic functions. The devices can be reprogrammed for quick and efficient iterations during design development and debug cycles, and can be programmed and erased up to 100 times.

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

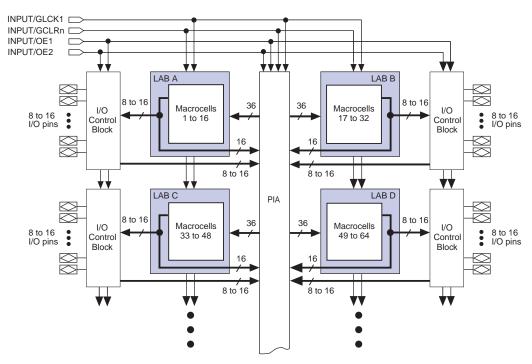


Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram

Each programmable register can be clocked in three different modes:

- By a global clock signal. This mode achieves the fastest clock-tooutput performance.
- By a global clock signal and enabled by an active-high clock enable. This mode provides an enable on each flipflop while still achieving the fast clock-to-output performance of the global clock.
- By an array clock implemented with a product term. In this mode, the flipflop can be clocked by signals from buried macrocells or I/O pins.

In EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices, the global clock signal is available from a dedicated clock pin, GCLK1, as shown in Figure 1. In MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices, two global clock signals are available. As shown in Figure 2, these global clock signals can be the true or the complement of either of the global clock pins, GCLK1 or GCLK2.

Each register also supports asynchronous preset and clear functions. As shown in Figures 3 and 4, the product-term select matrix allocates product terms to control these operations. Although the product-term-driven preset and clear of the register are active high, active-low control can be obtained by inverting the signal within the logic array. In addition, each register clear function can be individually driven by the active-low dedicated global clear pin (GCLRn). Upon power-up, each register in the device will be set to a low state.

All MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S I/O pins have a fast input path to a macrocell register. This dedicated path allows a signal to bypass the PIA and combinatorial logic and be driven to an input D flipflop with an extremely fast (2.5 ns) input setup time.

Expander Product Terms

Although most logic functions can be implemented with the five product terms available in each macrocell, the more complex logic functions require additional product terms. Another macrocell can be used to supply the required logic resources; however, the MAX 7000 architecture also allows both shareable and parallel expander product terms ("expanders") that provide additional product terms directly to any macrocell in the same LAB. These expanders help ensure that logic is synthesized with the fewest possible logic resources to obtain the fastest possible speed.

Programming Times

The time required to implement each of the six programming stages can be broken into the following two elements:

- A pulse time to erase, program, or read the EEPROM cells.
- A shifting time based on the test clock (TCK) frequency and the number of TCK cycles to shift instructions, address, and data into the device.

By combining the pulse and shift times for each of the programming stages, the program or verify time can be derived as a function of the TCK frequency, the number of devices, and specific target device(s). Because different ISP-capable devices have a different number of EEPROM cells, both the total fixed and total variable times are unique for a single device.

Programming a Single MAX 7000S Device

The time required to program a single MAX 7000S device in-system can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{PROG} = t_{PPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{PTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$
where: t_{PROG} = Programming time
 t_{PPULSE} = Sum of the fixed times to erase, program, and
verify the EEPROM cells
 $Cycle_{PTCK}$ = Number of TCK cycles to program a device
 f_{TCK} = TCK frequency

The ISP times for a stand-alone verification of a single MAX 7000S device can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{VER} = t_{VPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{VTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$
where: t_{VER} = Verify time
 t_{VPULSE} = Sum of the fixed times to verify the EEPROM cells
 $Cycle_{VTCK}$ = Number of TCK cycles to verify a device

By using an external 5.0-V pull-up resistor, output pins on MAX 7000S devices can be set to meet 5.0-V CMOS input voltages. When V_{CCIO} is 3.3 V, setting the open drain option will turn off the output pull-up transistor, allowing the external pull-up resistor to pull the output high enough to meet 5.0-V CMOS input voltages. When V_{CCIO} is 5.0 V, setting the output drain option is not necessary because the pull-up transistor will already turn off when the pin exceeds approximately 3.8 V, allowing the external pull-up resistor to pull the output high enough to meet 5.0-V CMOS input voltages.

Slew-Rate Control

The output buffer for each MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S I/O pin has an adjustable output slew rate that can be configured for low-noise or high-speed performance. A faster slew rate provides high-speed transitions for high-performance systems. However, these fast transitions may introduce noise transients into the system. A slow slew rate reduces system noise, but adds a nominal delay of 4 to 5 ns. In MAX 7000E devices, when the Turbo Bit is turned off, the slew rate is set for low noise performance. For MAX 7000S devices, each I/O pin has an individual EEPROM bit that controls the slew rate, allowing designers to specify the slew rate on a pin-by-pin basis.

MAX 7000 devices can be programmed on Windows-based PCs with the Altera Logic Programmer card, the Master Programming Unit (MPU), and the appropriate device adapter. The MPU performs a continuity check to ensure adequate electrical contact between the adapter and the device.

For more information, see the *Altera Programming Hardware Data Sheet*.

The Altera development system can use text- or waveform-format test vectors created with the Text Editor or Waveform Editor to test the programmed device. For added design verification, designers can perform functional testing to compare the functional behavior of a MAX 7000 device with the results of simulation. Moreover, Data I/O, BP Microsystems, and other programming hardware manufacturers also provide programming support for Altera devices.



For more information, see the Programming Hardware Manufacturers.

Programming with External Hardware

devices.

Figure 9 shows the timing requirements for the JTAG signals.

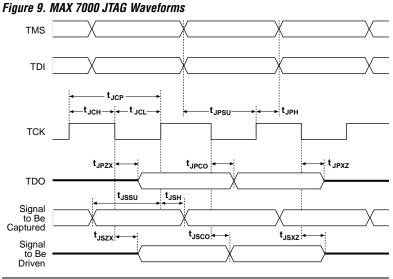


Table 12 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for MAX 7000S

Table 1	2. JTAG Timing Parameters & Values for MAX 70	00S De	vices	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	100		ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	50		ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	50		ns
t _{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns



For more information, see *Application Note* 39 (IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) *Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices*).

Operating Conditions

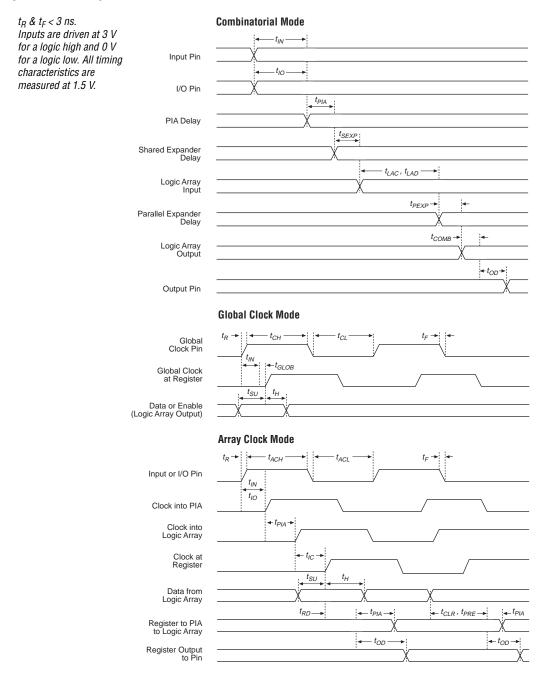
Tables 13 through 18 provide information about absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for 5.0-V MAX 7000 devices.

Table 13. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Absolute Maximum Ratings Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	With respect to ground (2)	-2.0	7.0	V
VI	DC input voltage		-2.0	7.0	V
I _{OUT}	DC output current, per pin		-25	25	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	No bias	-65	150	°C
T _{AMB}	Ambient temperature	Under bias	-65	135	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	Ceramic packages, under bias		150	°C
		PQFP and RQFP packages, under bias		135	°C

Table 1	4. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Reco	ommended Operating Conditions			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Мах	Unit
V _{CCINT}	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	(3), (4), (5)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
V _{CCIO}	Supply voltage for output drivers, 5.0-V operation	(3), (4)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
	Supply voltage for output drivers, 3.3-V operation	(3), (4), (6)	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
V _{CCISP}	Supply voltage during ISP	(7)	4.75	5.25	V
VI	Input voltage		-0.5 (8)	V _{CCINT} + 0.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V _{CCIO}	V
T _A	Ambient temperature	For commercial use	0	70	°C
		For industrial use	-40	85	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	90	°C
		For industrial use	-40	105	°C
t _R	Input rise time			40	ns
t _F	Input fall time			40	ns

Figure 13. Switching Waveforms



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed	Grade -6	Speed (Grade -7	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.5		4.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)				2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.5		2.5	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on, V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		7.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		4.5		4.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.5		2.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.5		3.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.0		3.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		10.0	ns

	5. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E	-	aramete		lote (1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	15	-1	5T	-2	20	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		11.0		11.0		12.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		-		5.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		-		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		8.0		8.0		12.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t _{odh}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
fcnt	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
facnt	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	100		83.3		83.3		MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	15	-1	5T	-2	20	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		-		4.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		-		4.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.0		-		6.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		8.0		-		9.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		-		11.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		-		14.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		4.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		3.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

Table 3	0. EPM7064S Internal Tir	ning Parameters	s (Part à	2 of 2)	No	te (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	0	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.3		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.3		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		11.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter (2) must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{IAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data. (5)
- Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use. (6)
- For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, (7) these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells (8) running in the low-power mode.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade	l			Unit
			-	6	-	7	-1	10	-1	15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-7		-10		-15		1
			Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

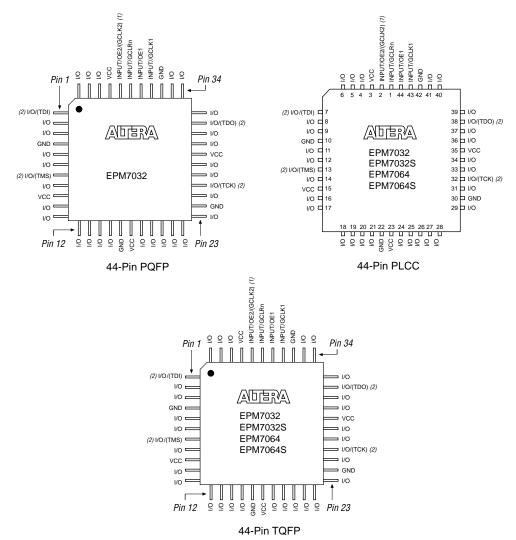
Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)										
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit	
			-7		-10		-15			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns	
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns	
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns	
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns	
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns	
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns	
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns	
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns	
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns	
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns	
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns	
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns	
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns	
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns	
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns	
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns	

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-	7	-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	_
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.4		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.9		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.6		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.8		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		8.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.6		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		2.4		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		1.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.1		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.1		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.9		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.8		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		3.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Figures 16 through 22 show the package pin-out diagrams for MAX 7000 devices.

Figure 16. 44-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outlines not drawn to scale.

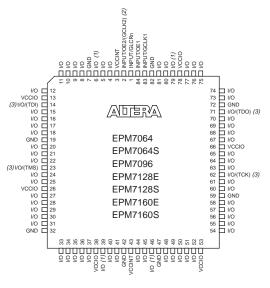


Notes:

- (1) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



84-Pin PLCC

Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 21. 192-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

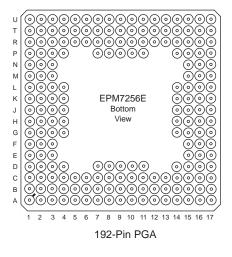
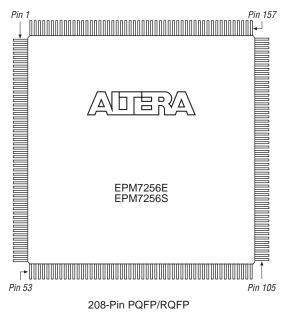


Figure 22. 208-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.





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