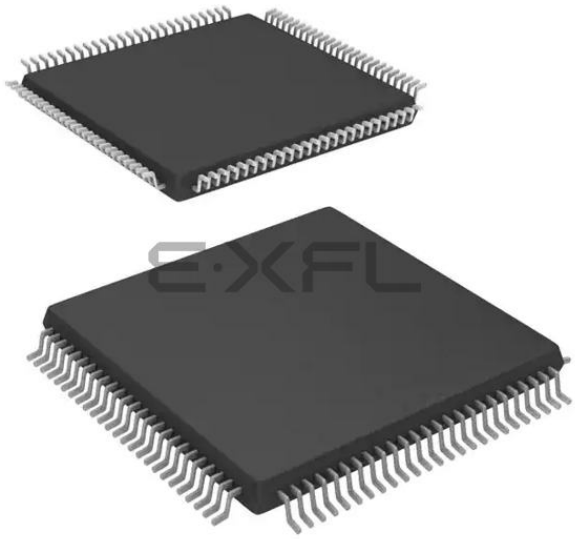

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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128stc100-7f

Table 2. MAX 7000S Device Features

Feature	EPM7032S	EPM7064S	EPM7128S	EPM7160S	EPM7192S	EPM7256S
Usable gates	600	1,250	2,500	3,200	3,750	5,000
Macrocells	32	64	128	160	192	256
Logic array blocks	2	4	8	10	12	16
Maximum user I/O pins	36	68	100	104	124	164
t_{PD} (ns)	5	5	6	6	7.5	7.5
t_{SU} (ns)	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.4	4.1	3.9
t_{FSU} (ns)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3	3
t_{CO1} (ns)	3.2	3.2	4	3.9	4.7	4.7
f_{CNT} (MHz)	175.4	175.4	147.1	149.3	125.0	128.2

…and More Features

- Open-drain output option in MAX 7000S devices
- Programmable macrocell flipflops with individual clear, preset, clock, and clock enable controls
- Programmable power-saving mode for a reduction of over 50% in each macrocell
- Configurable expander product-term distribution, allowing up to 32 product terms per macrocell
- 44 to 208 pins available in plastic J-lead chip carrier (PLCC), ceramic pin-grid array (PGA), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), and 1.0-mm thin quad flat pack (TQFP) packages
- Programmable security bit for protection of proprietary designs
- 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation
  - MultiVolt™ I/O interface operation, allowing devices to interface with 3.3-V or 5.0-V devices (MultiVolt I/O operation is not available in 44-pin packages)
  - Pin compatible with low-voltage MAX 7000A and MAX 7000B devices
- Enhanced features available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices
  - Six pin- or logic-driven output enable signals
  - Two global clock signals with optional inversion
  - Enhanced interconnect resources for improved routability
  - Fast input setup times provided by a dedicated path from I/O pin to macrocell registers
  - Programmable output slew-rate control
- Software design support and automatic place-and-route provided by Altera's development system for Windows-based PCs and Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations

MAX 7000 devices contain from 32 to 256 macrocells that are combined into groups of 16 macrocells, called logic array blocks (LABs). Each macrocell has a programmable-AND/fixed-OR array and a configurable register with independently programmable clock, clock enable, clear, and preset functions. To build complex logic functions, each macrocell can be supplemented with both shareable expander product terms and high-speed parallel expander product terms to provide up to 32 product terms per macrocell.

The MAX 7000 family provides programmable speed/power optimization. Speed-critical portions of a design can run at high speed/full power, while the remaining portions run at reduced speed/low power. This speed/power optimization feature enables the designer to configure one or more macrocells to operate at 50% or lower power while adding only a nominal timing delay. MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices also provide an option that reduces the slew rate of the output buffers, minimizing noise transients when non-speed-critical signals are switching. The output drivers of all MAX 7000 devices (except 44-pin devices) can be set for either 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation, allowing MAX 7000 devices to be used in mixed-voltage systems.

The MAX 7000 family is supported by Altera development systems, which are integrated packages that offer schematic, text—including VHDL, Verilog HDL, and the Altera Hardware Description Language (AHDL)—and waveform design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, simulation and timing analysis, and device programming. The software provides EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0, LPM, VHDL, Verilog HDL, and other interfaces for additional design entry and simulation support from other industry-standard PC- and UNIX-workstation-based EDA tools. The software runs on Windows-based PCs, as well as Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations.

For more information on development tools, see the *MAX+PLUS II Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet* and the *Quartus Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet*.

Functional Description

The MAX 7000 architecture includes the following elements:

- Logic array blocks
- Macrocells
- Expander product terms (shareable and parallel)
- Programmable interconnect array
- I/O control blocks

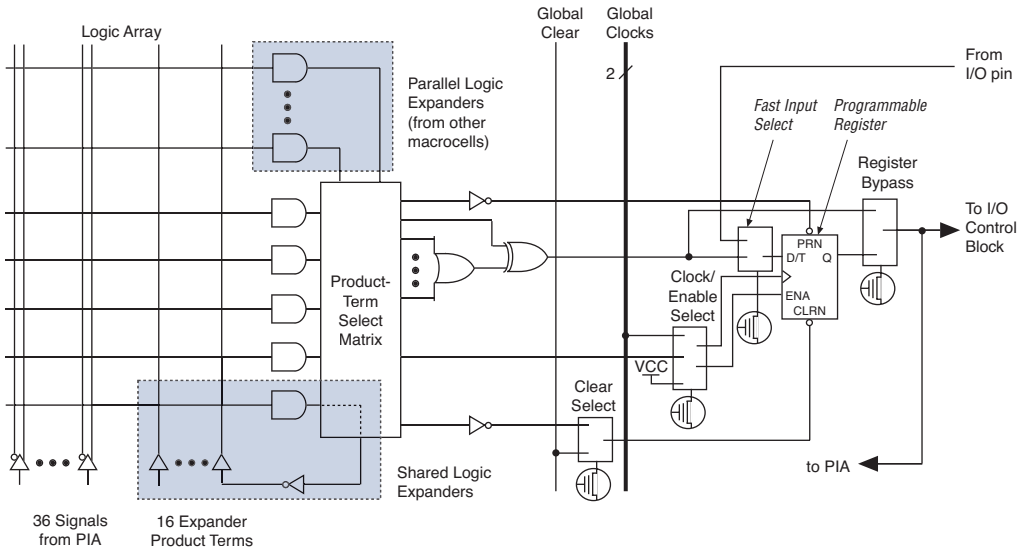
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell

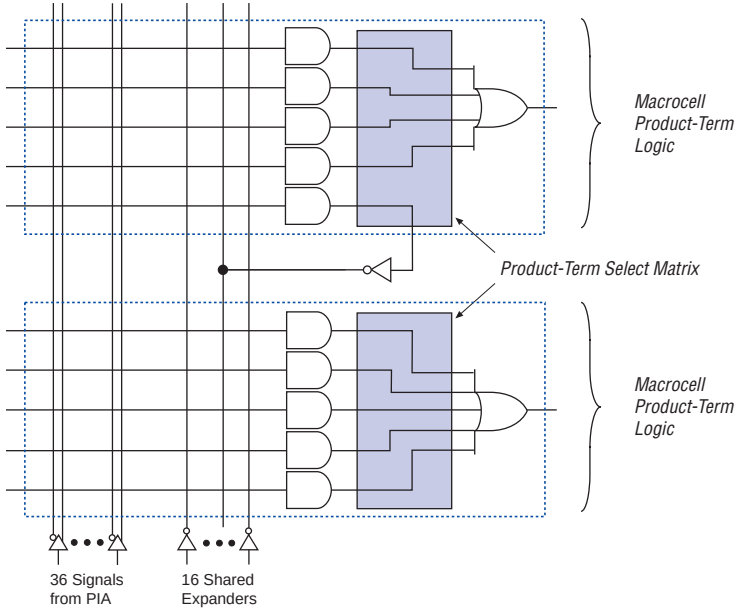


Shareable Expanders

Each LAB has 16 shareable expanders that can be viewed as a pool of uncommitted single product terms (one from each macrocell) with inverted outputs that feed back into the logic array. Each shareable expander can be used and shared by any or all macrocells in the LAB to build complex logic functions. A small delay (t_{SEXP}) is incurred when shareable expanders are used. Figure 5 shows how shareable expanders can feed multiple macrocells.

Figure 5. Shareable Expanders

Shareable expanders can be shared by any or all macrocells in an LAB.



Parallel Expanders

Parallel expanders are unused product terms that can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell to implement fast, complex logic functions. Parallel expanders allow up to 20 product terms to directly feed the macrocell OR logic, with five product terms provided by the macrocell and 15 parallel expanders provided by neighboring macrocells in the LAB.

When the tri-state buffer control is connected to ground, the output is tri-stated (high impedance) and the I/O pin can be used as a dedicated input. When the tri-state buffer control is connected to V_{CC}, the output is enabled.

The MAX 7000 architecture provides dual I/O feedback, in which macrocell and pin feedbacks are independent. When an I/O pin is configured as an input, the associated macrocell can be used for buried logic.

In-System Programmability (ISP)

MAX 7000S devices are in-system programmable via an industry-standard 4-pin Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) interface (IEEE Std. 1149.1-1990). ISP allows quick, efficient iterations during design development and debugging cycles. The MAX 7000S architecture internally generates the high programming voltage required to program EEPROM cells, allowing in-system programming with only a single 5.0 V power supply. During in-system programming, the I/O pins are tri-stated and pulled-up to eliminate board conflicts. The pull-up value is nominally 50 k¾.

ISP simplifies the manufacturing flow by allowing devices to be mounted on a printed circuit board with standard in-circuit test equipment before they are programmed. MAX 7000S devices can be programmed by downloading the information via in-circuit testers (ICT), embedded processors, or the Altera MasterBlaster, ByteBlasterMV, ByteBlaster, BitBlaster download cables. (The ByteBlaster cable is obsolete and is replaced by the ByteBlasterMV cable, which can program and configure 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V devices.) Programming the devices after they are placed on the board eliminates lead damage on high-pin-count packages (e.g., QFP packages) due to device handling and allows devices to be reprogrammed after a system has already shipped to the field. For example, product upgrades can be performed in the field via software or modem.

In-system programming can be accomplished with either an adaptive or constant algorithm. An adaptive algorithm reads information from the unit and adapts subsequent programming steps to achieve the fastest possible programming time for that unit. Because some in-circuit testers cannot support an adaptive algorithm, Altera offers devices tested with a constant algorithm. Devices tested to the constant algorithm have an "F" suffix in the ordering code.

The Jam™ Standard Test and Programming Language (STAPL) can be used to program MAX 7000S devices with in-circuit testers, PCs, or embedded processor.

Programmable Speed/Power Control

MAX 7000 devices offer a power-saving mode that supports low-power operation across user-defined signal paths or the entire device. This feature allows total power dissipation to be reduced by 50% or more, because most logic applications require only a small fraction of all gates to operate at maximum frequency.

The designer can program each individual macrocell in a MAX 7000 device for either high-speed (i.e., with the Turbo Bit™ option turned on) or low-power (i.e., with the Turbo Bit option turned off) operation. As a result, speed-critical paths in the design can run at high speed, while the remaining paths can operate at reduced power. Macrocells that run at low power incur a nominal timing delay adder (t_{LPA}) for the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{EN}, and t_{SEXP}, $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters.

Output Configuration

MAX 7000 device outputs can be programmed to meet a variety of system-level requirements.

MultiVolt I/O Interface

MAX 7000 devices—except 44-pin devices—support the MultiVolt I/O interface feature, which allows MAX 7000 devices to interface with systems that have differing supply voltages. The 5.0-V devices in all packages can be set for 3.3-V or 5.0-V I/O pin operation. These devices have one set of `VCC` pins for internal operation and input buffers (`VCCINT`), and another set for I/O output drivers (`VCCIO`).

The `VCCINT` pins must always be connected to a 5.0-V power supply. With a 5.0-V V_{CCINT} level, input voltage thresholds are at TTL levels, and are therefore compatible with both 3.3-V and 5.0-V inputs.

The `VCCIO` pins can be connected to either a 3.3-V or a 5.0-V power supply, depending on the output requirements. When the `VCCIO` pins are connected to a 5.0-V supply, the output levels are compatible with 5.0-V systems. When V_{CCIO} is connected to a 3.3-V supply, the output high is 3.3 V and is therefore compatible with 3.3-V or 5.0-V systems. Devices operating with V_{CCIO} levels lower than 4.75 V incur a nominally greater timing delay of t_{OD2} instead of t_{OD1}.

Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)

MAX 7000S devices provide an optional open-drain (functionally equivalent to open-collector) output for each I/O pin. This open-drain output enables the device to provide system-level control signals (e.g., interrupt and write enable signals) that can be asserted by any of several devices. It can also provide an additional wired-`OR` plane.

Operating Conditions

Tables 13 through 18 provide information about absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for 5.0-V MAX 7000 devices.

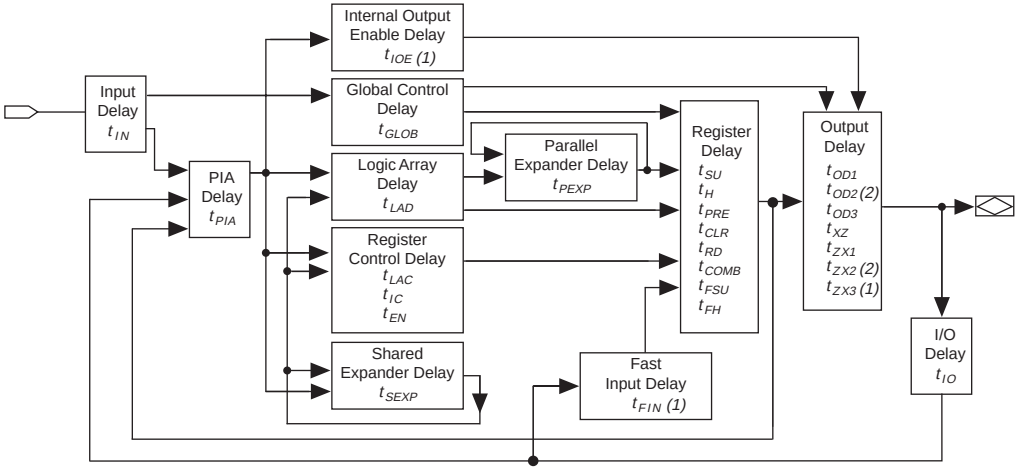
Table 13. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Absolute Maximum Ratings *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	With respect to ground *(2)*	–2.0	7.0	V
V_I	DC input voltage		–2.0	7.0	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin		–25	25	mA
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	No bias	–65	150	° C
T_{AMB}	Ambient temperature	Under bias	–65	135	° C
T_J	Junction temperature	Ceramic packages, under bias		150	° C
		PQFP and RQFP packages, under bias		135	° C

Table 14. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	*(3)*, *(4)*, *(5)*	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
V_{CCIO}	Supply voltage for output drivers, 5.0-V operation	*(3)*, *(4)*	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
	Supply voltage for output drivers, 3.3-V operation	*(3)*, *(4)*, *(6)*	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
V_{CCISP}	Supply voltage during ISP	*(7)*	4.75	5.25	V
V_I	Input voltage		–0.5 *(8)*	V_{CCINT} + 0.5	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CCIO}	V
T_A	Ambient temperature	For commercial use	0	70	° C
		For industrial use	–40	85	° C
T_J	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	90	° C
		For industrial use	–40	105	° C
t_R	Input rise time			40	ns
t_F	Input fall time			40	ns

Figure 12. MAX 7000 Timing Model



Notes:
(1) Only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
(2) Not available in 44-pin devices.

The timing characteristics of any signal path can be derived from the timing model and parameters of a particular device. External timing parameters, which represent pin-to-pin timing delays, can be calculated as the sum of internal parameters. Figure 13 shows the internal timing relationship of internal and external delay parameters.

For more infomration, see *Application Note 94 (Understanding MAX 7000 Timing)*.

Table 20. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade -6		Speed Grade -7		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	*(2)*		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.5		4.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	*(2)*				2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(7)*		2.5		2.5	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on, V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		7.0		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(7)*		4.5		4.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		1.5		2.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	*(2)*	2.5		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	*(2)*	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			2.5		3.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(8)*		10.0		10.0	ns

Table 21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{H}	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	*(2)*	3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	*(2)*	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns
t_{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(3)*	4.0		4.0		ns
t_{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(4)*	1.0		1.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(5)*	100.0		100.0		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(5)*	100.0		100.0		MHz
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	*(6)*	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 25. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-15		-15T		-20		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t_{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t_{SU}	Global clock setup time		11.0		11.0		12.0		ns
t_{H}	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	*(2)*	3.0		–		5.0		ns
t_{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	*(2)*	0.0		–		0.0		ns
t_{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		8.0		8.0		12.0	ns
t_{CH}	Global clock high time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{CL}	Global clock low time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{ASU}	Array clock setup time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(3)*	6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t_{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(4)*	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(5)*	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(5)*	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	*(6)*	100		83.3		83.3		MHz

Table 26. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-15		-15T		-20		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	*(2)*		2.0		–		4.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	*(2)*		3.0		–		4.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(7)*		5.0		–		6.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		8.0		–		9.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(7)*		7.0		–		11.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		10.0		–		14.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	*(2)*	2.0		–		4.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	*(2)*	2.0		–		3.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(8)*		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
(2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
(3) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
(4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
(5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
(6) The $\mathbf{f_{MAX}}$ values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
(7) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\ V \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
(8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{EN}, t_{SEXP}, $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$\mathbf{t_{PD1}}$	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{PD2}}$	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{SU}}$	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{H}}$	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{FSU}}$	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{FH}}$	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CO1}}$	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{CH}}$	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CL}}$	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ASU}}$	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{AH}}$	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ACO1}}$	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{ACH}}$	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(2)*	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ODH}}$	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CNT}}$	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
$\mathbf{f_{CNT}}$	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(4)*	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
$\mathbf{t_{ACNT}}$	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 29. EPM7064S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.7		7.5		10.0	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(2)*	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(4)*	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(4)*	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	*(5)*	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Table 30. EPM7064S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.6		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		2.0		1.5	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		0.7		0.8		2.5		2.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		7.0		5.5	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.0		3.0		ns

Table 32. EPM7128S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	*(7)*		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(8)*		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
(2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
(3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
(4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
(5) The $\mathbf{f_{MAX}}$ values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
(6) Operating conditions: V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V ± 10% for commercial and industrial use.
(7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
(8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{EN}, t_{SEXP}, $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 33 and 34 show the EPM7160S AC operating conditions.

Table 33. EPM7160S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$\mathbf{t_{PD1}}$	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{PD2}}$	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{SU}}$	Global clock setup time		3.4		4.2		7.0		11.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{H}}$	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{FSU}}$	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{FH}}$	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CO1}}$	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.9		4.8		5		8	ns
$\mathbf{t_{CH}}$	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CL}}$	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ASU}}$	Array clock setup time		0.9		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{AH}}$	Array clock hold time		1.7		2.1		3.0		4.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ACO1}}$	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.4		7.9		10.0		15.0	ns
$\mathbf{t_{ACH}}$	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(2)*	2.5		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{ODH}}$	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
$\mathbf{t_{CNT}}$	Minimum global clock period			6.7		8.2		10.0		13.0	ns
$\mathbf{f_{CNT}}$	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(4)*	149.3		122.0		100.0		76.9		MHz

Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(2)*	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t_{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(4)*	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(4)*	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	*(5)*	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Tables 37 and 38 show the EPM7256S AC operating conditions.

Table 37. EPM7256S External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t_{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t_{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.9		7.0		11.0		ns
t_{H}	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t_{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t_{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t_{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.8		2.0		4.0		ns
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.9		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	*(2)*	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t_{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(4)*	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(4)*	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	*(5)*	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 38. EPM7256S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.4		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.9		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.6		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.8		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		8.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF *(6)*		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		1.6		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		2.4		3.0		2.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.1		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.1		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			2.9		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.8		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	*(7)*		3.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(8)*		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Figure 15 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000S devices.

Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 1 of 2)