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Intel - EPM7160EQC100-20 Datasheet



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Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex</u> <u>Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixedfunction ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	20 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	10
Number of Macrocells	160
Number of Gates	3200
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7160eqc100-20

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

MAX 7000 devices contain from 32 to 256 macrocells that are combined into groups of 16 macrocells, called logic array blocks (LABs). Each macrocell has a programmable-AND/fixed-OR array and a configurable register with independently programmable clock, clock enable, clear, and preset functions. To build complex logic functions, each macrocell can be supplemented with both shareable expander product terms and highspeed parallel expander product terms to provide up to 32 product terms per macrocell.

The MAX 7000 family provides programmable speed/power optimization. Speed-critical portions of a design can run at high speed/full power, while the remaining portions run at reduced speed/low power. This speed/power optimization feature enables the designer to configure one or more macrocells to operate at 50% or lower power while adding only a nominal timing delay. MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices also provide an option that reduces the slew rate of the output buffers, minimizing noise transients when non-speed-critical signals are switching. The output drivers of all MAX 7000 devices (except 44-pin devices) can be set for either 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation, allowing MAX 7000 devices to be used in mixed-voltage systems.

The MAX 7000 family is supported by Altera development systems, which are integrated packages that offer schematic, text—including VHDL, Verilog HDL, and the Altera Hardware Description Language (AHDL)— and waveform design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, simulation and timing analysis, and device programming. The software provides EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0, LPM, VHDL, Verilog HDL, and other interfaces for additional design entry and simulation support from other industry-standard PC- and UNIX-workstation-based EDA tools. The software runs on Windows-based PCs, as well as Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations.

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For more information on development tools, see the MAX+PLUS II Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet and the Quartus Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet.

Functional Description

The MAX 7000 architecture includes the following elements:

- Logic array blocks
- Macrocells
- Expander product terms (shareable and parallel)
- Programmable interconnect array
- I/O control blocks

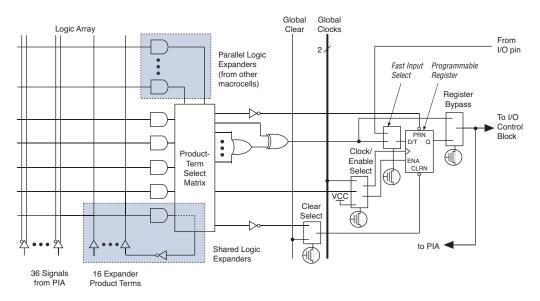
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- **3**6 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

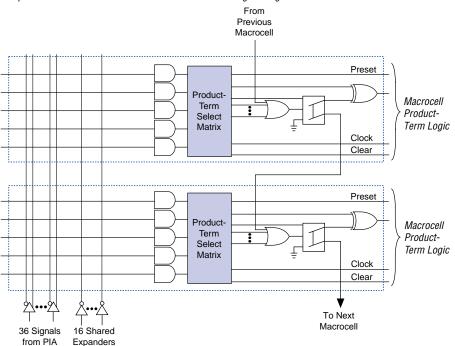
Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell



The compiler can allocate up to three sets of up to five parallel expanders automatically to the macrocells that require additional product terms. Each set of five parallel expanders incurs a small, incremental timing delay (t_{PEXP}). For example, if a macrocell requires 14 product terms, the Compiler uses the five dedicated product terms within the macrocell and allocates two sets of parallel expanders; the first set includes five product terms and the second set includes four product terms, increasing the total delay by $2 \times t_{PEXP}$.

Two groups of 8 macrocells within each LAB (e.g., macrocells 1 through 8 and 9 through 16) form two chains to lend or borrow parallel expanders. A macrocell borrows parallel expanders from lowernumbered macrocells. For example, macrocell 8 can borrow parallel expanders from macrocell 7, from macrocells 7 and 6, or from macrocells 7, 6, and 5. Within each group of 8, the lowest-numbered macrocell can only lend parallel expanders and the highest-numbered macrocell can only borrow them. Figure 6 shows how parallel expanders can be borrowed from a neighboring macrocell.

Figure 6. Parallel Expanders



Unused product terms in a macrocell can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell.



For more information on using the Jam language, refer to AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor.

The ISP circuitry in MAX 7000S devices is compatible with IEEE Std. 1532 specification. The IEEE Std. 1532 is a standard developed to allow concurrent ISP between multiple PLD vendors.

Programming Sequence

During in-system programming, instructions, addresses, and data are shifted into the MAX 7000S device through the TDI input pin. Data is shifted out through the TDO output pin and compared against the expected data.

Programming a pattern into the device requires the following six ISP stages. A stand-alone verification of a programmed pattern involves only stages 1, 2, 5, and 6.

- 1. *Enter ISP*. The enter ISP stage ensures that the I/O pins transition smoothly from user mode to ISP mode. The enter ISP stage requires 1 ms.
- 2. *Check ID*. Before any program or verify process, the silicon ID is checked. The time required to read this silicon ID is relatively small compared to the overall programming time.
- 3. *Bulk Erase.* Erasing the device in-system involves shifting in the instructions to erase the device and applying one erase pulse of 100 ms.
- 4. *Program*. Programming the device in-system involves shifting in the address and data and then applying the programming pulse to program the EEPROM cells. This process is repeated for each EEPROM address.
- 5. *Verify.* Verifying an Altera device in-system involves shifting in addresses, applying the read pulse to verify the EEPROM cells, and shifting out the data for comparison. This process is repeated for each EEPROM address.
- 6. *Exit ISP*. An exit ISP stage ensures that the I/O pins transition smoothly from ISP mode to user mode. The exit ISP stage requires 1 ms.

The programming times described in Tables 6 through 8 are associated

Device	Progra	Programming Stand-Alone Verifi				
	t _{PPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{PTCK}	t _{VPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{VTCK}		
EPM7032S	4.02	342,000	0.03	200,000		
EPM7064S	4.50	504,000	0.03	308,000		
EPM7128S	5.11	832,000	0.03	528,000		
EPM7160S	5.35	1,001,000	0.03	640,000		
EPM7192S	5.71	1,192,000	0.03	764,000		
EPM7256S	6.43	1,603,000	0.03	1,024,000		

with the worst-case method using the enhanced ISP algorithm.

Tables 7 and 8 show the in-system programming and stand alone verification times for several common test clock frequencies.

Device		f _{TCK}										
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz]			
EPM7032S	4.06	4.09	4.19	4.36	4.71	5.73	7.44	10.86	s			
EPM7064S	4.55	4.60	4.76	5.01	5.51	7.02	9.54	14.58	S			
EPM7128S	5.19	5.27	5.52	5.94	6.77	9.27	13.43	21.75	s			
EPM7160S	5.45	5.55	5.85	6.35	7.35	10.35	15.36	25.37	S			
EPM7192S	5.83	5.95	6.30	6.90	8.09	11.67	17.63	29.55	S			
EPM7256S	6.59	6.75	7.23	8.03	9.64	14.45	22.46	38.49	S			

Table 8. MAX 7000S Stand-Alone Verification Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies

	1								1			
Device		f _{TCK}										
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz				
EPM7032S	0.05	0.07	0.13	0.23	0.43	1.03	2.03	4.03	S			
EPM7064S	0.06	0.09	0.18	0.34	0.64	1.57	3.11	6.19	S			
EPM7128S	0.08	0.14	0.29	0.56	1.09	2.67	5.31	10.59	S			
EPM7160S	0.09	0.16	0.35	0.67	1.31	3.23	6.43	12.83	S			
EPM7192S	0.11	0.18	0.41	0.79	1.56	3.85	7.67	15.31	S			
EPM7256S	0.13	0.24	0.54	1.06	2.08	5.15	10.27	20.51	S			

devices.

Figure 9 shows the timing requirements for the JTAG signals.

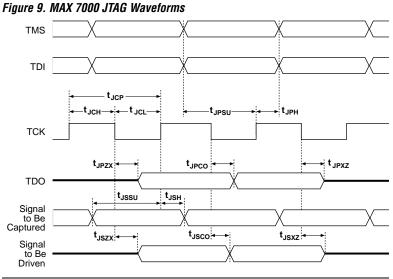


Table 12 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for MAX 7000S

Table 1	2. JTAG Timing Parameters & Values for MAX 70	00S De	vices	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	100		ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	50		ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	50		ns
t _{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns



For more information, see *Application Note* 39 (IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) *Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices*).

Operating Conditions

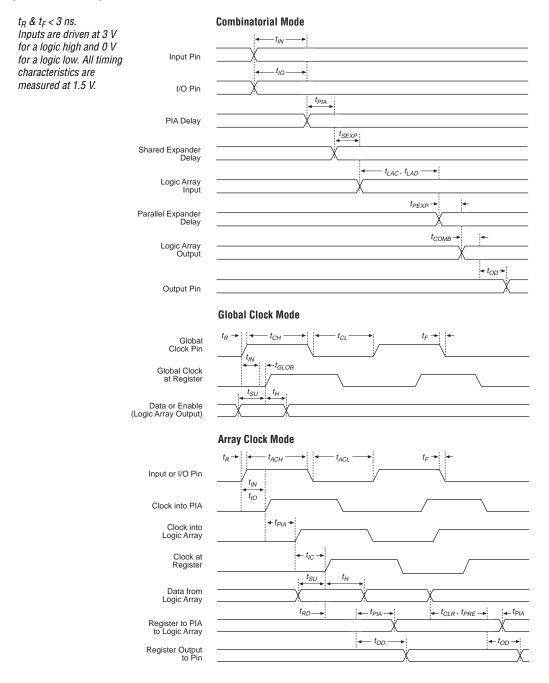
Tables 13 through 18 provide information about absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for 5.0-V MAX 7000 devices.

Table 13. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Absolute Maximum Ratings Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	With respect to ground (2)	-2.0	7.0	V
VI	DC input voltage		-2.0	7.0	V
I _{OUT}	DC output current, per pin		-25	25	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	No bias	-65	150	°C
T _{AMB}	Ambient temperature	Under bias	-65	135	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	Ceramic packages, under bias		150	°C
		PQFP and RQFP packages, under bias		135	°C

Table 1	4. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Reco	ommended Operating Conditions			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Мах	Unit
V _{CCINT}	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	(3), (4), (5)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
V _{CCIO}	Supply voltage for output drivers, 5.0-V operation	(3), (4)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
	Supply voltage for output drivers, 3.3-V operation	(3), (4), (6)	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
V _{CCISP}	Supply voltage during ISP	(7)	4.75	5.25	V
VI	Input voltage		-0.5 (8)	V _{CCINT} + 0.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V _{CCIO}	V
T _A	Ambient temperature	For commercial use	0	70	°C
		For industrial use	-40	85	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	90	°C
		For industrial use	-40	105	°C
t _R	Input rise time			40	ns
t _F	Input fall time			40	ns

Figure 13. Switching Waveforms



Tables 19 through 26 show the MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E AC $\,$ operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-6 Speed Grade		-7 Spee	d Grade	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		5.0		6.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		2.0		2.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
^f сnт	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
facnt	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	200		166.7		MHz

Table 2	21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Ext	ernal Timing Parame	eters Note	(1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed (Grade		Unit	
			MAX 700	0E (-10P)		00 (-10) Doe (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns	
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns	
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns	
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns	
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns	
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns	
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns	
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz	

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	OE (-12P)		00 (-12) DOE (-12)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns

Table 2	Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)										
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-*	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade						
			-7		-10		-15		1			
			Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max				
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns			
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns			
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns			
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns			
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns			
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns			
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns			
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz			
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns			
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz			
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz			

Table 3	Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)								
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit				
			-7		-10		-15						
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-				
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns				
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns				
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.9		7.0		11.0		ns				
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns				
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns				
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns				
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns				
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns				
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns				
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.8		2.0		4.0		ns				
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.9		3.0		4.0		ns				
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns				
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns				
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns				
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns				
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns				
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns				
fcnt	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz				
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns				
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz				
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz				

Tables 37 and 38 show the EPM7256S AC operating conditions.

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Power Consumption

Supply power (P) versus frequency (f_{MAX} in MHz) for MAX 7000 devices is calculated with the following equation:

$$P = P_{INT} + P_{IO} = I_{CCINT} \times V_{CC} + P_{IO}$$

The P_{IO} value, which depends on the device output load characteristics and switching frequency, can be calculated using the guidelines given in *Application Note* 74 (*Evaluating Power for Altera Devices*).

The I_{CCINT} value, which depends on the switching frequency and the application logic, is calculated with the following equation:

 $I_{CCINT} =$

 $A \times MC_{TON} + B \times (MC_{DEV} - MC_{TON}) + C \times MC_{USED} \times f_{MAX} \times tog_{LC}$

The parameters in this equation are shown below:

MC _{TON}	=	Number of macrocells with the Turbo Bit option turned on,
		as reported in the MAX+PLUS II Report File (.rpt)
MC _{DEV}	=	Number of macrocells in the device
MC _{USED}	=	Total number of macrocells in the design, as reported
		in the MAX+PLUS II Report File (.rpt)
f _{MAX}	=	Highest clock frequency to the device
togLC	=	Average ratio of logic cells toggling at each clock
		(typically 0.125)
A, B, C	=	Constants, shown in Table 39

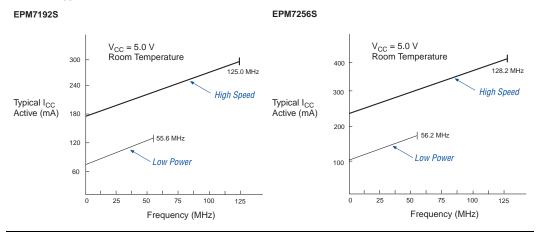


Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 2 of 2)

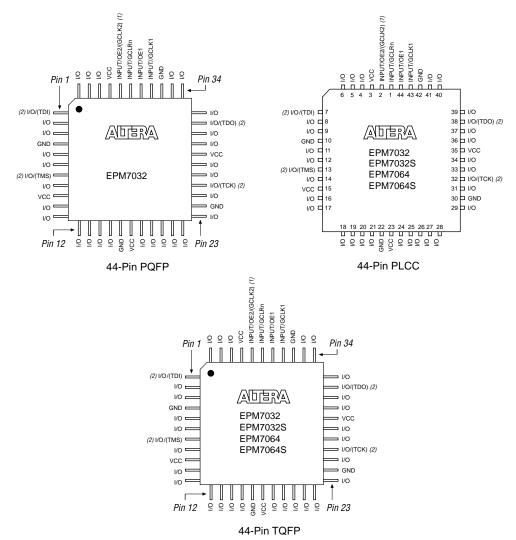
Device Pin-Outs

See the Altera web site (http://www.altera.com) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information.

Figures 16 through 22 show the package pin-out diagrams for MAX 7000 devices.

Figure 16. 44-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outlines not drawn to scale.

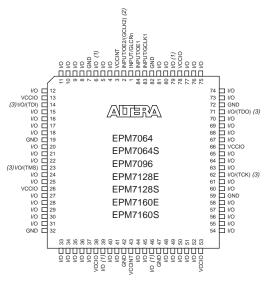


Notes:

- (1) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



84-Pin PLCC

Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7 supersedes information published in previous versions. The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Version 6.7

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Reference to AN 88: Using the Jam Language for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor has been replaced by AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor.

Version 6.6

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.6:

- Added Tables 6 through 8.
- Added "Programming Sequence" section on page 17 and "Programming Times" section on page 18.

Version 6.5

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.5:

Updated text on page 16.

Version 6.4

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.4:

Added Note (5) on page 28.

Version 6.3

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.3:

 Updated the "Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)" section on page 20.

