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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	10
Number of Macrocells	160
Number of Gates	3200
Number of I/O	104
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7160sqc160-7

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Figure 2. MAX 7000E & MAX 7000S Device Block Diagram

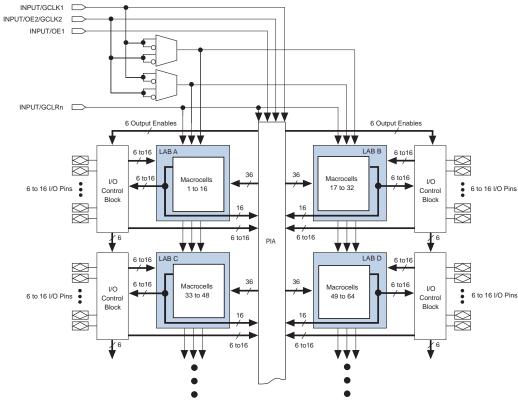


Figure 2 shows the architecture of MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.

Logic Array Blocks

The MAX 7000 device architecture is based on the linking of highperformance, flexible, logic array modules called logic array blocks (LABs). LABs consist of 16-macrocell arrays, as shown in Figures 1 and 2. Multiple LABs are linked together via the programmable interconnect array (PIA), a global bus that is fed by all dedicated inputs, I/O pins, and macrocells.

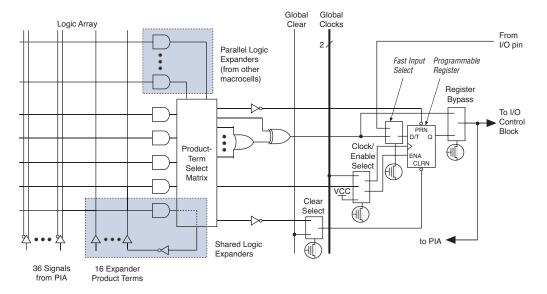
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell





For more information on using the Jam language, refer to AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor.

The ISP circuitry in MAX 7000S devices is compatible with IEEE Std. 1532 specification. The IEEE Std. 1532 is a standard developed to allow concurrent ISP between multiple PLD vendors.

Programming Sequence

During in-system programming, instructions, addresses, and data are shifted into the MAX 7000S device through the TDI input pin. Data is shifted out through the TDO output pin and compared against the expected data.

Programming a pattern into the device requires the following six ISP stages. A stand-alone verification of a programmed pattern involves only stages 1, 2, 5, and 6.

- Enter ISP. The enter ISP stage ensures that the I/O pins transition smoothly from user mode to ISP mode. The enter ISP stage requires 1 ms.
- 2. *Check ID*. Before any program or verify process, the silicon ID is checked. The time required to read this silicon ID is relatively small compared to the overall programming time.
- 3. *Bulk Erase*. Erasing the device in-system involves shifting in the instructions to erase the device and applying one erase pulse of 100 ms.
- Program. Programming the device in-system involves shifting in the address and data and then applying the programming pulse to program the EEPROM cells. This process is repeated for each EEPROM address.
- Verify. Verifying an Altera device in-system involves shifting in addresses, applying the read pulse to verify the EEPROM cells, and shifting out the data for comparison. This process is repeated for each EEPROM address.
- 6. Exit ISP. An exit ISP stage ensures that the I/O pins transition smoothly from ISP mode to user mode. The exit ISP stage requires 1 ms.

Programmable Speed/Power Control

MAX 7000 devices offer a power-saving mode that supports low-power operation across user-defined signal paths or the entire device. This feature allows total power dissipation to be reduced by 50% or more, because most logic applications require only a small fraction of all gates to operate at maximum frequency.

The designer can program each individual macrocell in a MAX 7000 device for either high-speed (i.e., with the Turbo BitTM option turned on) or low-power (i.e., with the Turbo Bit option turned off) operation. As a result, speed-critical paths in the design can run at high speed, while the remaining paths can operate at reduced power. Macrocells that run at low power incur a nominal timing delay adder (t_{LPA}) for the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , and t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters.

Output Configuration

MAX 7000 device outputs can be programmed to meet a variety of system-level requirements.

MultiVolt I/O Interface

MAX 7000 devices—except 44-pin devices—support the MultiVolt I/O interface feature, which allows MAX 7000 devices to interface with systems that have differing supply voltages. The 5.0-V devices in all packages can be set for 3.3-V or 5.0-V I/O pin operation. These devices have one set of VCC pins for internal operation and input buffers (VCCINT), and another set for I/O output drivers (VCCIO).

The VCCINT pins must always be connected to a 5.0-V power supply. With a 5.0-V $V_{\rm CCINT}$ level, input voltage thresholds are at TTL levels, and are therefore compatible with both 3.3-V and 5.0-V inputs.

The VCCIO pins can be connected to either a 3.3-V or a 5.0-V power supply, depending on the output requirements. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 5.0-V supply, the output levels are compatible with 5.0-V systems. When $V_{\rm CCIO}$ is connected to a 3.3-V supply, the output high is 3.3 V and is therefore compatible with 3.3-V or 5.0-V systems. Devices operating with $V_{\rm CCIO}$ levels lower than 4.75 V incur a nominally greater timing delay of $t_{\rm OD2}$ instead of $t_{\rm OD1}$.

Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)

MAX 7000S devices provide an optional open-drain (functionally equivalent to open-collector) output for each I/O pin. This open-drain output enables the device to provide system-level control signals (e.g., interrupt and write enable signals) that can be asserted by any of several devices. It can also provide an additional wired-OR plane.

IEEE Std. 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Support

MAX 7000 devices support JTAG BST circuitry as specified by IEEE Std. 1149.1-1990. Table 9 describes the JTAG instructions supported by the MAX 7000 family. The pin-out tables (see the Altera web site (http://www.altera.com) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information) show the location of the JTAG control pins for each device. If the JTAG interface is not required, the JTAG pins are available as user I/O pins.

Table 9. MAX 7000 J	ITAG Instruction	s
JTAG Instruction	Devices	Description
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S	Allows a snapshot of signals at the device pins to be captured and examined during normal device operation, and permits an initial data pattern output at the device pins.
	EPM7256S	pattern output at the device pins.
EXTEST	EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	Allows the external circuitry and board-level interconnections to be tested by forcing a test pattern at the output pins and capturing test results at the input pins.
BYPASS	EPM7032S EPM7064S EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	Places the 1-bit bypass register between the TDI and TDO pins, which allows the BST data to pass synchronously through a selected device to adjacent devices during normal device operation.
IDCODE	EPM7032S EPM7064S EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	Selects the IDCODE register and places it between TDI and TDO, allowing the IDCODE to be serially shifted out of TDO.
ISP Instructions	EPM7032S EPM7064S EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	These instructions are used when programming MAX 7000S devices via the JTAG ports with the MasterBlaster, ByteBlasterMV, BitBlaster download cable, or using a Jam File (.jam), Jam Byte-Code file (.jbc), or Serial Vector Format file (.svf) via an embedded processor or test equipment.

Design Security

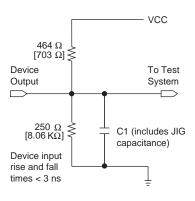
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 10. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground. significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the *QFP Carrier* & *Development Socket Data Sheet*.



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

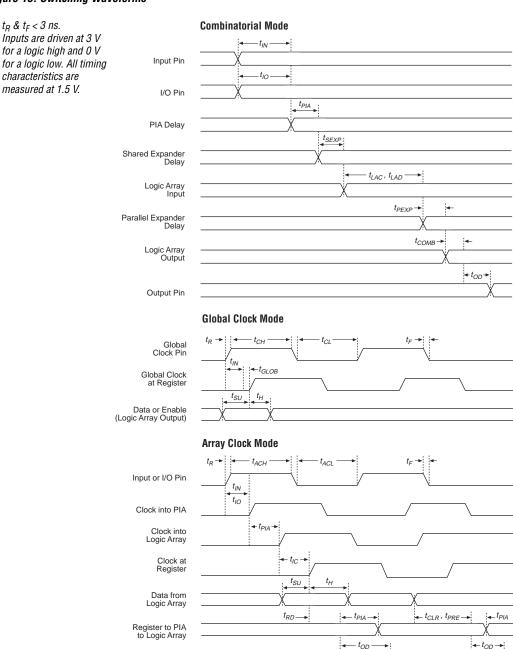
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		2.0	V _{CCINT} + 0.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		-0.5 (8)	0.8	V
V _{OH}	5.0-V high-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA DC}, V_{CCIO} = 4.75 \text{ V} (10)$	2.4		V
	3.3-V high-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA DC}, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 \text{ V } (10)$	2.4		V
	3.3-V high-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA DC}, V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V } (10)$	V _{CCIO} - 0.2		V
V _{OL}	5.0-V low-level TTL output voltage	I _{OL} = 12 mA DC, V _{CCIO} = 4.75 V (11)		0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level TTL output voltage	I _{OL} = 12 mA DC, V _{CCIO} = 3.00 V (11)		0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{ mA DC}, V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V(11)$		0.2	V
I _I	Leakage current of dedicated input pins	V _I = -0.5 to 5.5 V (11)	-10	10	μА
l _{OZ}	I/O pin tri-state output off-state current	V _I = -0.5 to 5.5 V (11), (12)	-40	40	μА

Table 1	Table 16. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capacitance: EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Devices Note (13)									
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit					
C _{IN}	Input pin capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		12	pF					
C _{I/O}	I/O pin capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		12	pF					

Table 1	7. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capa	acitance: MAX 7000E Devices Note	(13)		
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input pin capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		15	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O pin capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		15	pF

Table 1	8. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capa	ncitance: MAX 7000S Devices Note	(13)		
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Dedicated input pin capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		10	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O pin capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		10	pF

Figure 13. Switching Waveforms



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Register Output to Pin

Table 2	23. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Ext	ernal Timing Param	eters Note	e (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						
			MAX 700	0E (-12P)	MAX 70	-			
			Min	Max	Min	Max			
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns		
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns		
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		10.0		ns		
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns		
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns		
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		0.0		ns		
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns		
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns		
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns		
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		3.0		4.0		ns		
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		ns		
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns		
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		5.0		5.0		ns		
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		5.0		5.0		ns		
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	5.0		5.0		ns		
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns		
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			11.0		11.0	ns		
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz		
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			11.0		11.0	ns		
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz		
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz		

Table 24	4. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Int	ernal Timing Parame	eters Note	e (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						
			MAX 700	OE (-12P)		000 (-12) 00E (-12)	-		
			Min	Max	Min	Max			
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns		
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns		
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns		
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns		
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns		
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns		
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns		
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns		
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.0		3.0	ns		
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns		
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns		
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns		
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns		
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns		
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0	ns		
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns		
t _H	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns		
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns		
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns		
t _{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns		
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns		
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns		
t _{EN}	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns		
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns		
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns		
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns		
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns		
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns		

Table 2	5. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E	External Timing I	Paramete	ers /	lote (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade							
			-	-15		-15T		20		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns	
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns	
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		11.0		11.0		12.0		ns	
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		-		5.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		-		0.0		ns	
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		8.0		8.0		12.0	ns	
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns	
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns	
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns	
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	6.0		6.5		8.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	100		83.3	_	83.3	_	MHz	

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	15	-1	5T	-2	20	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		_		4.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		_		4.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.0		-		6.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		8.0		-		9.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		-		11.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		-		14.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-	İ	4.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		3.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay		1	2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
- This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (6) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (7) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Table 2	77. EPM7032\$ External Time	ing Parameter	s (Part	1 of 2) No	ote (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-	-5		-6		-7		-10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-5 -6		-	-7		-10			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

Table 2	Table 29. EPM7064S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade									
			-5		-6		-7		-10			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns	
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns	
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns	
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns	

Table 29. EPM7064S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)												
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade									
			-5		-6		-7		-10			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.7		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz	

Table 3	O. EPM7064\$ Internal Tim	ing Parameters	(Part	1 of 2)	No	te (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.6		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		2.0		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		2.5		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		7.0		5.5	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.0		3.0		ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		-
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.3		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.3		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		11.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

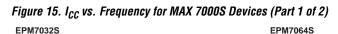
- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

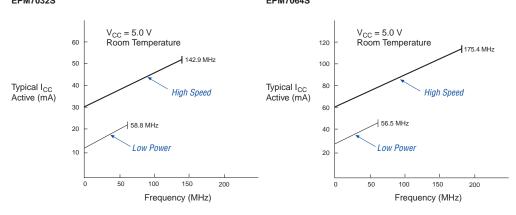
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade	!			Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Tables 37 and 38 show the EPM7256S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade							
	i arameter		-7 -10					15	Unit	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
	Innut to non variatored output	C4 25 pF	IVIIII	7.5	IVIIII	10.0	IVIIII	15.0		
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns ns	
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.9		7.0		11.0		ns	
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns	
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns	
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns	
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns	
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.8		2.0		4.0		ns	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.9		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz	

Figure 15 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000S devices.





EPM7128S EPM7160S

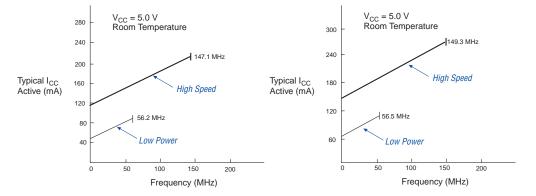
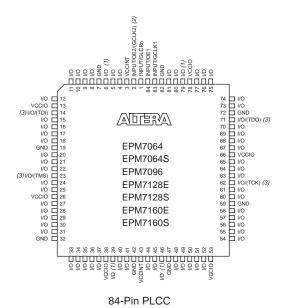


Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.