



Welcome to **E-XFL.COM**

Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	-
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	12
Number of Macrocells	192
Number of Gates	3750
Number of I/O	124
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7192sqc160-aa

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 2. MAX	7000S Device I	Features -				
Feature	EPM7032S	EPM7064S	EPM7128S	EPM7160S	EPM7192S	EPM7256S
Usable gates	600	1,250	2,500	3,200	3,750	5,000
Macrocells	32	64	128	160	192	256
Logic array blocks	2	4	8	10	12	16
Maximum user I/O pins	36	68	100	104	124	164
t _{PD} (ns)	5	5	6	6	7.5	7.5
t _{SU} (ns)	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.4	4.1	3.9
t _{FSU} (ns)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3	3
t _{CO1} (ns)	3.2	3.2	4	3.9	4.7	4.7
f _{CNT} (MHz)	175.4	175.4	147.1	149.3	125.0	128.2

...and More Features

- Open-drain output option in MAX 7000S devices
- Programmable macrocell flipflops with individual clear, preset, clock, and clock enable controls
- Programmable power-saving mode for a reduction of over 50% in each macrocell
- Configurable expander product-term distribution, allowing up to 32 product terms per macrocell
- 44 to 208 pins available in plastic J-lead chip carrier (PLCC), ceramic pin-grid array (PGA), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), and 1.0-mm thin quad flat pack (TQFP) packages
- Programmable security bit for protection of proprietary designs
- 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation
 - MultiVoltTM I/O interface operation, allowing devices to interface with 3.3-V or 5.0-V devices (MultiVolt I/O operation is not available in 44-pin packages)
 - Pin compatible with low-voltage MAX 7000A and MAX 7000B devices
- Enhanced features available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices
 - Six pin- or logic-driven output enable signals
 - Two global clock signals with optional inversion
 - Enhanced interconnect resources for improved routability
 - Fast input setup times provided by a dedicated path from I/O pin to macrocell registers
 - Programmable output slew-rate control
- Software design support and automatic place-and-route provided by Altera's development system for Windows-based PCs and Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations

The MAX 7000E devices—including the EPM7128E, EPM7160E, EPM7192E, and EPM7256E devices—have several enhanced features: additional global clocking, additional output enable controls, enhanced interconnect resources, fast input registers, and a programmable slew rate.

In-system programmable MAX 7000 devices—called MAX 7000S devices—include the EPM7032S, EPM7064S, EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices. MAX 7000S devices have the enhanced features of MAX 7000E devices as well as JTAG BST circuitry in devices with 128 or more macrocells, ISP, and an open-drain output option. See Table 4.

Table 4. MAX 7000 Device Features						
Feature	EPM7032 EPM7064 EPM7096	All MAX 7000E Devices	All MAX 7000S Devices			
ISP via JTAG interface			✓			
JTAG BST circuitry			√ (1)			
Open-drain output option			✓			
Fast input registers		✓	✓			
Six global output enables		✓	✓			
Two global clocks		✓	✓			
Slew-rate control		✓	✓			
MultiVolt interface (2)	✓	✓	✓			
Programmable register	✓	✓	✓			
Parallel expanders	✓	✓	✓			
Shared expanders	✓	✓	✓			
Power-saving mode	✓	✓	✓			
Security bit	✓	✓	✓			
PCI-compliant devices available	✓	✓	✓			

Notes:

- (1) Available only in EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices only.
- (2) The MultiVolt I/O interface is not available in 44-pin packages.

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

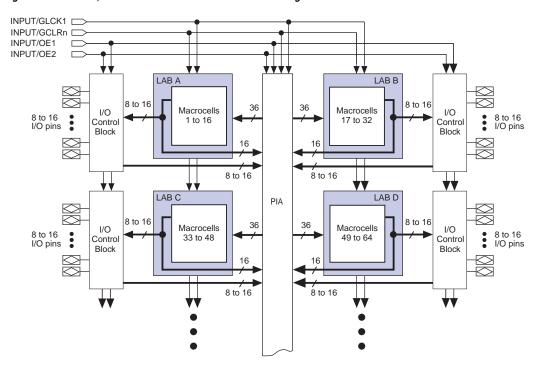


Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram

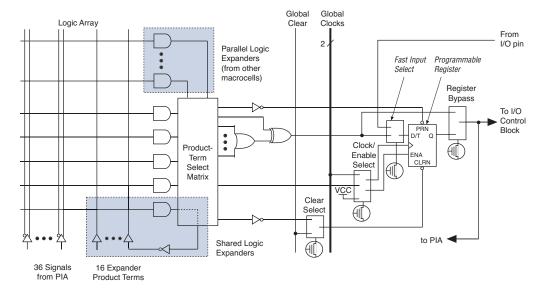
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell



The programming times described in Tables 6 through 8 are associated with the worst-case method using the enhanced ISP algorithm.

Table 6. MAX 7000S t _{PU}	ble 6. MAX 7000S t _{PULSE} & Cycle _{TCK} Values									
Device	e Programming Stand-Alone Verificat									
	t _{PPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{PTCK}	t _{VPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{VTCK}						
EPM7032S	4.02	342,000	0.03	200,000						
EPM7064S	4.50	504,000	0.03	308,000						
EPM7128S	5.11	832,000	0.03	528,000						
EPM7160S	5.35	1,001,000	0.03	640,000						
EPM7192S	5.71	1,192,000	0.03	764,000						
EPM7256S	6.43	1,603,000	0.03	1,024,000						

Tables 7 and 8 show the in-system programming and stand alone verification times for several common test clock frequencies.

Table 7. MAX 7000S In-System Programming Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies										
Device		f _{TCK}								
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz		
EPM7032S	4.06	4.09	4.19	4.36	4.71	5.73	7.44	10.86	s	
EPM7064S	4.55	4.60	4.76	5.01	5.51	7.02	9.54	14.58	S	
EPM7128S	5.19	5.27	5.52	5.94	6.77	9.27	13.43	21.75	S	
EPM7160S	5.45	5.55	5.85	6.35	7.35	10.35	15.36	25.37	S	
EPM7192S	5.83	5.95	6.30	6.90	8.09	11.67	17.63	29.55	S	
EPM7256S	6.59	6.75	7.23	8.03	9.64	14.45	22.46	38.49	S	

Table 8. MAX 7000S Stand-Alone Verification Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies										
Device		f _{TCK}								
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz		
EPM7032S	0.05	0.07	0.13	0.23	0.43	1.03	2.03	4.03	s	
EPM7064S	0.06	0.09	0.18	0.34	0.64	1.57	3.11	6.19	S	
EPM7128S	0.08	0.14	0.29	0.56	1.09	2.67	5.31	10.59	S	
EPM7160S	0.09	0.16	0.35	0.67	1.31	3.23	6.43	12.83	S	
EPM7192S	0.11	0.18	0.41	0.79	1.56	3.85	7.67	15.31	S	
EPM7256S	0.13	0.24	0.54	1.06	2.08	5.15	10.27	20.51	S	

IEEE Std. 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Support

MAX 7000 devices support JTAG BST circuitry as specified by IEEE Std. 1149.1-1990. Table 9 describes the JTAG instructions supported by the MAX 7000 family. The pin-out tables (see the Altera web site (http://www.altera.com) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information) show the location of the JTAG control pins for each device. If the JTAG interface is not required, the JTAG pins are available as user I/O pins.

Table 9. MAX 7000 J	ITAG Instruction	s
JTAG Instruction	Devices	Description
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S	Allows a snapshot of signals at the device pins to be captured and examined during normal device operation, and permits an initial data pattern output at the device pins.
	EPM7256S	pattern output at the device pins.
EXTEST	EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	Allows the external circuitry and board-level interconnections to be tested by forcing a test pattern at the output pins and capturing test results at the input pins.
BYPASS	EPM7032S EPM7064S EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	Places the 1-bit bypass register between the TDI and TDO pins, which allows the BST data to pass synchronously through a selected device to adjacent devices during normal device operation.
IDCODE	EPM7032S EPM7064S EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	Selects the IDCODE register and places it between TDI and TDO, allowing the IDCODE to be serially shifted out of TDO.
ISP Instructions	EPM7032S EPM7064S EPM7128S EPM7160S EPM7192S EPM7256S	These instructions are used when programming MAX 7000S devices via the JTAG ports with the MasterBlaster, ByteBlasterMV, BitBlaster download cable, or using a Jam File (.jam), Jam Byte-Code file (.jbc), or Serial Vector Format file (.svf) via an embedded processor or test equipment.

Design Security

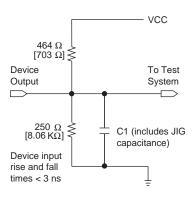
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 10. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground. significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the *QFP Carrier & Development Socket Data Sheet*.



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		2.0	V _{CCINT} + 0.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		-0.5 (8)	0.8	V
V _{OH}	5.0-V high-level TTL output voltage	I _{OH} = -4 mA DC, V _{CCIO} = 4.75 V (10)	2.4		V
	3.3-V high-level TTL output voltage	I _{OH} = -4 mA DC, V _{CCIO} = 3.00 V (10)	2.4		V
	3.3-V high-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA DC}, V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} (10)$	V _{CCIO} - 0.2		V
V _{OL}	5.0-V low-level TTL output voltage	I _{OL} = 12 mA DC, V _{CCIO} = 4.75 V (11)		0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level TTL output voltage	I _{OL} = 12 mA DC, V _{CCIO} = 3.00 V (11)		0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{ mA DC}, V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V}(11)$		0.2	V
lı	Leakage current of dedicated input pins	$V_I = -0.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V } (11)$	-10	10	μА
l _{OZ}	I/O pin tri-state output off-state current	$V_I = -0.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V } (11), (12)$	-40	40	μА

Table 1	6. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capa	ncitance: EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7	7096 Devices	Note (1	3)
Symbol	ol Parameter Conditions Min				
C _{IN}	Input pin capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		12	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O pin capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		12	pF

Table 1	7. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capa	acitance: MAX 7000E Devices Note	(13)		
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input pin capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		15	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O pin capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		15	pF

Table 1	8. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capa	acitance: MAX 7000S Devices Note	(13)			
Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions				
C _{IN}	Dedicated input pin capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		10	pF	
C _{I/O}	I/O pin capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		10	pF	

Notes to tables:

- (1) See the Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is –0.5 V and on 4 dedicated input pins is –0.3 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to –2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed 300 μs. The sufficient V_{CCINT} voltage level for POR is 4.5 V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after V_{CCINT} reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6) 3.3-V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The V_{CCISP} parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is –0.3 V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in Table 14 on page 26.
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically -60 uA.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at 25° C and is sample-tested only. The OE1 pin has a maximum capacitance of 20 pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

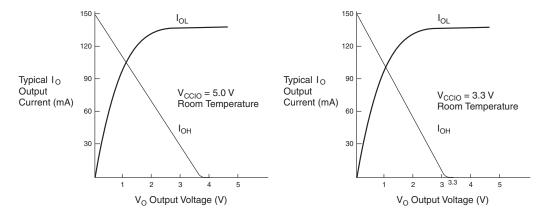


Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices

Timing Model

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in Figure 12. MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.

Tables 19 through 26 show the MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-6 Spee	d Grade	-7 Spee	d Grade	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		5.0		6.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		2.0		2.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	200		166.7		MHz

Table 2	21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Ext	ernal Timing Param	eters Note	(1)						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed Grade						
			MAX 700	OE (-10P)	MAX 70	-				
			Min	Max	Min	Max				
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns			
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns			
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns			
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns			
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns			
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns			
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns			
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns			
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns			
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns			
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns			
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns			
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns			
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns			
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns			
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns			
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns			
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz			
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns			
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz			
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz			

Table 24	4. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Int	ernal Timing Parame	eters Note	e (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						
			MAX 700	OE (-12P)	MAX 70				
			Min	Max	Min	Max			
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns		
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns		
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns		
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns		
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns		
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns		
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns		
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns		
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.0		3.0	ns		
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns		
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns		
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns		
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns		
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns		
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0	ns		
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns		
t _H	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns		
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns		
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns		
t _{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns		
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns		
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns		
t _{EN}	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns		
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns		
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns		
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns		
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns		
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns		

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade							
			-15		-15T		-20			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns	
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns	
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		_		4.0	ns	
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns	
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns	
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns	
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns	
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		_		4.0	ns	
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns	
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.0		-		6.0	ns	
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		8.0		-		9.0	ns	
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns	
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		-		11.0	ns	
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		-		14.0	ns	
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns	
t _{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns	
t _H	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		4.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		3.0		ns	
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns	
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns	
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns	
t _{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns	
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns	
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns	
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns	
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns	
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns	

Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	litions Speed Grade								Unit
			-	-5 -6 -7 -10							
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

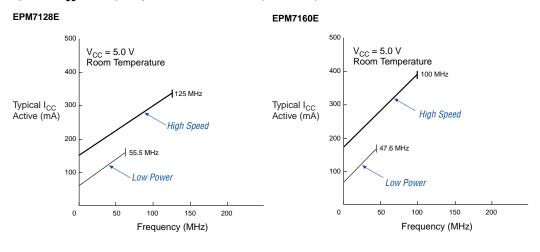
Table 2	8. EPM7032S Internal Tim	ing Parameter	s /	Note (1)							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								
			-5		-	-6		-7		-10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

Table 3	Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2)Note (1)											
Symbol	l Parameter	Conditions		Speed Grade								
				-7		-10		-15				
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max				
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		3.0		4.0		ns			
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		2.3		3.0		2.0		ns			
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.7		0.5		1.0		ns			
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.4		2.0		1.0	ns			
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.2		2.0		1.0	ns			
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			3.2		5.0		6.0	ns			
t _{EN}	Register enable time			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns			
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.5		1.0		1.0	ns			
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns			
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns			
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		2.4		1.0		2.0	ns			
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns			

Notes to tables:

- These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Figure 14. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 2 of 2)



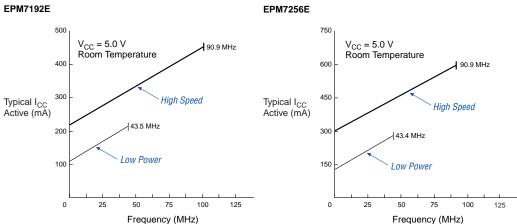
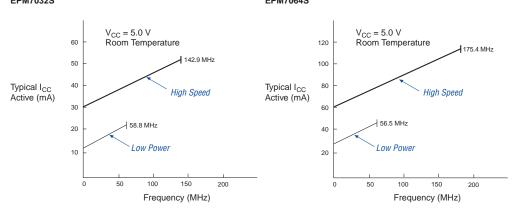


Figure 15 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000S devices.





EPM7128S EPM7160S

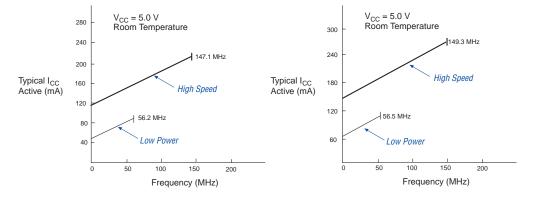
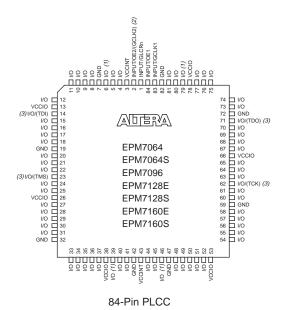


Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

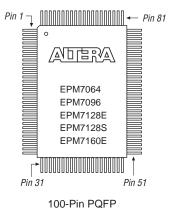


Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 19. 100-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



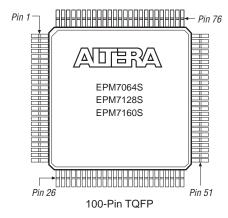
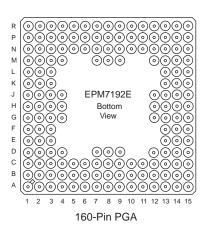
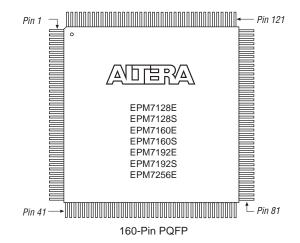


Figure 20. 160-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.





Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7 supersedes information published in previous versions. The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Version 6.7

The following changes were made in the MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 6.7:

Reference to AN 88: Using the Jam Language for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor has been replaced by AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor.

Version 6.6

The following changes were made in the MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 6.6:

- Added Tables 6 through 8.
- Added "Programming Sequence" section on page 17 and "Programming Times" section on page 18.

Version 6.5

The following changes were made in the MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 6.5:

Updated text on page 16.

Version 6.4

The following changes were made in the MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 6.4:

Added Note (5) on page 28.

Version 6.3

The following changes were made in the MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 6.3:

■ Updated the "Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)" section on page 20.