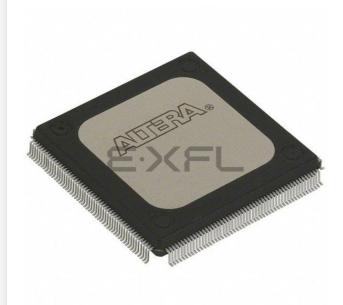
# E·XFL

#### Intel - EPM7256SRI208-10 Datasheet



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex</u> <u>Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixedfunction ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - CPLDs**

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	16
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	5000
Number of I/O	164
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	208-BFQFP Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	208-RQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7256sri208-10

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

The MAX 7000 architecture supports 100% TTL emulation and high-density integration of SSI, MSI, and LSI logic functions. The MAX 7000 architecture easily integrates multiple devices ranging from PALs, GALs, and 22V10s to MACH and pLSI devices. MAX 7000 devices are available in a wide range of packages, including PLCC, PGA, PQFP, RQFP, and TQFP packages. See Table 5.

Table 5. M	AX 7000	) Maxim	um Use	r I/O Piı	ns N	ote (1)						
Device	44- Pin PLCC	44- Pin PQFP	44- Pin TQFP	68- Pin PLCC	84- Pin PLCC	100- Pin PQFP	100- Pin TQFP	160- Pin PQFP	160- Pin PGA	192- Pin PGA	208- Pin PQFP	208- Pin RQFP
EPM7032	36	36	36									
EPM7032S	36		36									
EPM7064	36		36	52	68	68						
EPM7064S	36		36		68		68					
EPM7096				52	64	76						
EPM7128E					68	84		100				
EPM7128S					68	84	84 (2)	100				
EPM7160E					64	84		104				
EPM7160S					64		84 (2)	104				
EPM7192E								124	124			
EPM7192S								124				
EPM7256E								132 (2)		164		164
EPM7256S											164 (2)	164

Notes:

 When the JTAG interface in MAX 7000S devices is used for either boundary-scan testing or for ISP, four I/O pins become JTAG pins.

(2) Perform a complete thermal analysis before committing a design to this device package. For more information, see the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.

MAX 7000 devices use CMOS EEPROM cells to implement logic functions. The user-configurable MAX 7000 architecture accommodates a variety of independent combinatorial and sequential logic functions. The devices can be reprogrammed for quick and efficient iterations during design development and debug cycles, and can be programmed and erased up to 100 times.

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

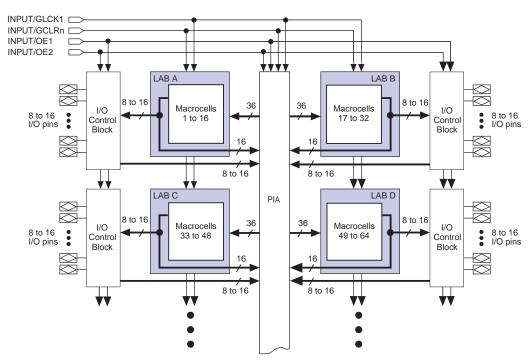
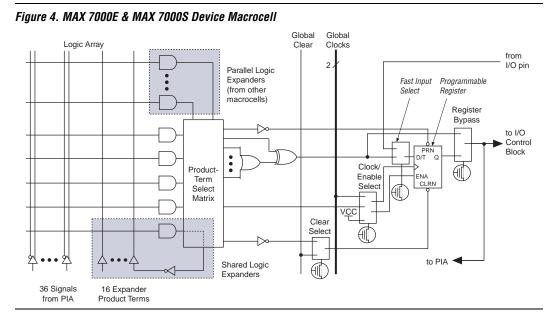
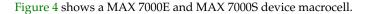


Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram





Combinatorial logic is implemented in the logic array, which provides five product terms per macrocell. The product-term select matrix allocates these product terms for use as either primary logic inputs (to the OR and XOR gates) to implement combinatorial functions, or as secondary inputs to the macrocell's register clear, preset, clock, and clock enable control functions. Two kinds of expander product terms ("expanders") are available to supplement macrocell logic resources:

- Shareable expanders, which are inverted product terms that are fed back into the logic array
- Parallel expanders, which are product terms borrowed from adjacent macrocells

The Altera development system automatically optimizes product-term allocation according to the logic requirements of the design.

For registered functions, each macrocell flipflop can be individually programmed to implement D, T, JK, or SR operation with programmable clock control. The flipflop can be bypassed for combinatorial operation. During design entry, the designer specifies the desired flipflop type; the Altera development software then selects the most efficient flipflop operation for each registered function to optimize resource utilization.

#### **Programming Times**

The time required to implement each of the six programming stages can be broken into the following two elements:

- A pulse time to erase, program, or read the EEPROM cells.
- A shifting time based on the test clock (TCK) frequency and the number of TCK cycles to shift instructions, address, and data into the device.

By combining the pulse and shift times for each of the programming stages, the program or verify time can be derived as a function of the TCK frequency, the number of devices, and specific target device(s). Because different ISP-capable devices have a different number of EEPROM cells, both the total fixed and total variable times are unique for a single device.

#### Programming a Single MAX 7000S Device

The time required to program a single MAX 7000S device in-system can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{PROG} = t_{PPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{PTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$
where:  $t_{PROG}$  = Programming time  
 $t_{PPULSE}$  = Sum of the fixed times to erase, program, and  
verify the EEPROM cells  
 $Cycle_{PTCK}$  = Number of TCK cycles to program a device  
 $f_{TCK}$  = TCK frequency

The ISP times for a stand-alone verification of a single MAX 7000S device can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{VER} = t_{VPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{VTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$
where:  $t_{VER}$  = Verify time  
 $t_{VPULSE}$  = Sum of the fixed times to verify the EEPROM cells  
 $Cycle_{VTCK}$  = Number of TCK cycles to verify a device

The programming times described in Tables 6 through 8 are associated

Device	Progra	mming	Stand-Alone	Verification
	t <sub>PPULSE</sub> (s)	Cycle <sub>PTCK</sub>	t <sub>VPULSE</sub> (s)	Cycle <sub>VTCK</sub>
EPM7032S	4.02	342,000	0.03	200,000
EPM7064S	4.50	504,000	0.03	308,000
EPM7128S	5.11	832,000	0.03	528,000
EPM7160S	5.35	1,001,000	0.03	640,000
EPM7192S	5.71	1,192,000	0.03	764,000
EPM7256S	6.43	1,603,000	0.03	1,024,000

with the worst-case method using the enhanced ISP algorithm.

Tables 7 and 8 show the in-system programming and stand alone verification times for several common test clock frequencies.

Device		f <sub>TCK</sub>										
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz	]			
EPM7032S	4.06	4.09	4.19	4.36	4.71	5.73	7.44	10.86	s			
EPM7064S	4.55	4.60	4.76	5.01	5.51	7.02	9.54	14.58	S			
EPM7128S	5.19	5.27	5.52	5.94	6.77	9.27	13.43	21.75	s			
EPM7160S	5.45	5.55	5.85	6.35	7.35	10.35	15.36	25.37	S			
EPM7192S	5.83	5.95	6.30	6.90	8.09	11.67	17.63	29.55	S			
EPM7256S	6.59	6.75	7.23	8.03	9.64	14.45	22.46	38.49	S			

Table 8. MAX 7000S Stand-Alone Verification Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies

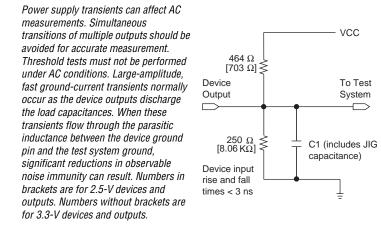
	1								1
Device				f	тск				Units
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz	
EPM7032S	0.05	0.07	0.13	0.23	0.43	1.03	2.03	4.03	S
EPM7064S	0.06	0.09	0.18	0.34	0.64	1.57	3.11	6.19	S
EPM7128S	0.08	0.14	0.29	0.56	1.09	2.67	5.31	10.59	S
EPM7160S	0.09	0.16	0.35	0.67	1.31	3.23	6.43	12.83	S
EPM7192S	0.11	0.18	0.41	0.79	1.56	3.85	7.67	15.31	S
EPM7256S	0.13	0.24	0.54	1.06	2.08	5.15	10.27	20.51	S

# **Design Security** All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

### **Generic Testing**

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 10. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

#### Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions



# QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the *QFP Carrier* & *Development Socket Data Sheet*.

MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

## Operating Conditions

Tables 13 through 18 provide information about absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for 5.0-V MAX 7000 devices.

#### Table 13. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Absolute Maximum Ratings Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	With respect to ground (2)	-2.0	7.0	V
VI	DC input voltage		-2.0	7.0	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current, per pin		-25	25	mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	No bias	-65	150	°C
T <sub>AMB</sub>	Ambient temperature	Under bias	-65	135	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	Ceramic packages, under bias		150	°C
		PQFP and RQFP packages, under bias		135	°C

Table 1	4. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Reco	ommended Operating Conditions			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Мах	Unit
V <sub>CCINT</sub>	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	(3), (4), (5)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	Supply voltage for output drivers, 5.0-V operation	(3), (4)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
	Supply voltage for output drivers, 3.3-V operation	(3), (4), (6)	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
V <sub>CCISP</sub>	Supply voltage during ISP	(7)	4.75	5.25	V
VI	Input voltage		-0.5 (8)	V <sub>CCINT</sub> + 0.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	For commercial use	0	70	°C
		For industrial use	-40	85	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	90	°C
		For industrial use	-40	105	°C
t <sub>R</sub>	Input rise time			40	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Input fall time			40	ns

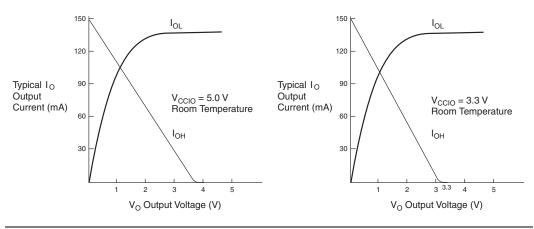
#### MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet

#### Notes to tables:

- (1) See the Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is -0.5 V and on 4 dedicated input pins is -0.3 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to -2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4) V<sub>CC</sub> must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed 300 μs. The sufficient V<sub>CCINT</sub> voltage level for POR is 4.5 V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after V<sub>CCINT</sub> reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6) 3.3-V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The V<sub>CCISP</sub> parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is -0.3 V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in Table 14 on page 26.
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The I<sub>OH</sub> parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The I<sub>OL</sub> parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically -60 μA.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at 25° C and is sample-tested only. The OE1 pin has a maximum capacitance of 20 pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

#### Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices



**Timing Model** 

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in Figure 12. MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed	Grade -6	Speed (	Grade -7	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>IN</sub>	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t <sub>IO</sub>	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t <sub>FIN</sub>	Fast input delay	(2)		0.8		1.0	ns
t <sub>SEXP</sub>	Shared expander delay			3.5		4.0	ns
t <sub>PEXP</sub>	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t <sub>LAD</sub>	Logic array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>LAC</sub>	Logic control array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>IOE</sub>	Internal output enable delay	(2)				2.0	ns
t <sub>OD1</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		2.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>OD2</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO}$ = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.5		2.5	ns
t <sub>OD3</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		7.0		7.0	ns
t <sub>ZX1</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t <sub>ZX2</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		4.5		4.5	ns
t <sub>ZX3</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t <sub>XZ</sub>	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Register setup time		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Register hold time		1.5		2.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t <sub>RD</sub>	Register delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t <sub>COMB</sub>	Combinatorial delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t <sub>IC</sub>	Array clock delay			2.5		3.0	ns
t <sub>EN</sub>	Register enable time			2.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>GLOB</sub>	Global control delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t <sub>PRE</sub>	Register preset time			2.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>CLR</sub>	Register clear time			2.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>PIA</sub>	PIA delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t <sub>LPA</sub>	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		10.0	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	0E (-10P)		00 (-10) Doe (-10)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>IN</sub>	Input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t <sub>IO</sub>	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t <sub>FIN</sub>	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>SEXP</sub>	Shared expander delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>PEXP</sub>	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t <sub>LAD</sub>	Logic array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>LAC</sub>	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>IOE</sub>	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>OD1</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.5		2.0	ns
t <sub>OD2</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		2.5	ns
t <sub>OD3</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.5		6.0	ns
t <sub>ZX1</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>ZX2</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.5		5.5	ns
t <sub>ZX3</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t <sub>XZ</sub>	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Register setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Register hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t <sub>RD</sub>	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>COMB</sub>	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>IC</sub>	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>EN</sub>	Register enable time			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>GLOB</sub>	Global control delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>PRE</sub>	Register preset time			3.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>CLR</sub>	Register clear time			3.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>PIA</sub>	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>LPA</sub>	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		11.0	ns

Table 2	23. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Ext	ernal Timing Param	eters Note	e (1)			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	0E (-12P)		00 (-12) Doe (-12)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		7.0		10.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		5.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		5.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	5.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f <sub>acnt</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	OE (-12P)		00 (-12) DOE (-12)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>IN</sub>	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>IO</sub>	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>FIN</sub>	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>SEXP</sub>	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns
t <sub>PEXP</sub>	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>LAD</sub>	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>LAC</sub>	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>IOE</sub>	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>OD1</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		1.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>OD2</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns
t <sub>OD3</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns
t <sub>ZX1</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>ZX2</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns
t <sub>ZX3</sub>	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>XZ</sub>	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns
t <sub>RD</sub>	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>COMB</sub>	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>IC</sub>	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>EN</sub>	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>GLOB</sub>	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>PRE</sub>	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>CLR</sub>	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>PIA</sub>	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>LPA</sub>	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
- (3) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t<sub>LPA</sub> parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t<sub>LAD</sub> parameter into the signal path.
- (4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (6) The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (7) Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use.
- (8) The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

#### Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	0	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>odh</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 3	0. EPM7064S Internal Tir	ning Parameters	s (Part à	2 of 2)	No	te (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	ons Speed Grade								Unit
			-	5	-6		-7		-10		1
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.5		0.5		ns
t <sub>RD</sub>	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>COMB</sub>	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>IC</sub>	Array clock delay			2.7		3.3		3.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>EN</sub>	Register enable time			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>GLOB</sub>	Global control delay			1.6		1.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>PRE</sub>	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>CLR</sub>	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>PIA</sub>	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.3		1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>LPA</sub>	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		11.0		10.0		11.0	ns

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter (2) must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the  $t_{IAD}$  parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data. (5)
- Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use. (6)
- For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, (7) these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells (8) running in the low-power mode.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								
tPD2           tsu           tH           tFSU           tFH           tCO1           tCH           tCL           tAH           tACH           tACL			-	-6 -7			-10		-15		-
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		3.4		6.0		7.0		11.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5		5.0		8.0	ns
	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		0.9		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fcnt	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t <sub>acnt</sub>	Minimum array clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
facnt	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Tables 31 and 32 show the EPM7128S AC operating conditions.

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- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t<sub>LPA</sub> parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t<sub>LAD</sub> parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

#### Tables 33 and 34 show the EPM7160S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions Speed Grade								
			-6		-7		-10		-15		1
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		3.4		4.2		7.0		11.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.9		4.8		5		8	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		0.9		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.7		2.1		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.4		7.9		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF <i>(3)</i>	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			6.7		8.2		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>сnт</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	149.3		122.0		100.0		76.9		MHz

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-7		-10		-15		1
			Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>acnt</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

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Table 3	6. EPM7192S Internal Tim	ing Parameters (Pa	rt 1 of 2)	Note	(1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Unit				
			-	-7		-10		15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>IN</sub>	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t <sub>IO</sub>	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t <sub>FIN</sub>	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>SEXP</sub>	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t <sub>PEXP</sub>	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t <sub>LAD</sub>	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>LAC</sub>	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>IOE</sub>	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>OD1</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t <sub>OD2</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t <sub>OD3</sub>	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t <sub>ZX1</sub>	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>ZX2</sub>	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t <sub>ZX3</sub>	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>XZ</sub>	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-7		-10		-15		1
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	1
t <sub>H</sub>	Register hold time		1.7		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Register setup time of fast input		2.3		3.0		2.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Register hold time of fast input		0.7		0.5		1.0		ns
t <sub>RD</sub>	Register delay			1.4		2.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>COMB</sub>	Combinatorial delay			1.2		2.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>IC</sub>	Array clock delay			3.2		5.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>EN</sub>	Register enable time			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t <sub>GLOB</sub>	Global control delay			2.5		1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>PRE</sub>	Register preset time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns
t <sub>CLR</sub>	Register clear time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns
t <sub>PIA</sub>	PIA delay	(7)		2.4		1.0		2.0	ns
t <sub>LPA</sub>	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t<sub>LPA</sub> parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t<sub>LAD</sub> parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

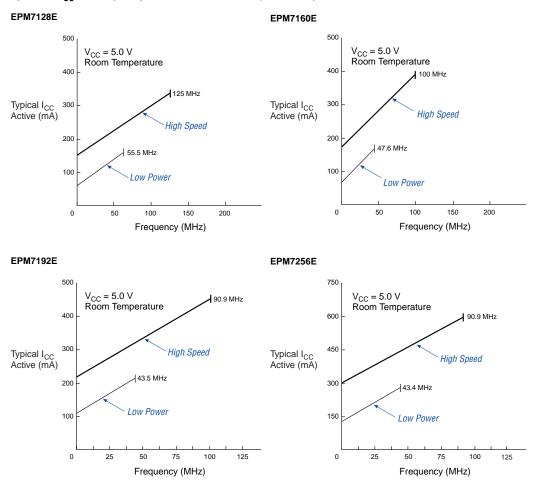
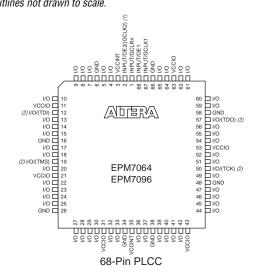


Figure 14. I<sub>CC</sub> vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 2 of 2)

#### Figure 17. 68-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outlines not drawn to scale.



#### Notes:

- The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.