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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	8962
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	190000
Total RAM Bits	13284352
Number of I/O	544
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxba5d6f35c6n">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxba5d6f35c6n</a>

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## Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions

Table 1-4: Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum <sup>(5)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(5)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver high voltage power (left side)	2.375	2.500	2.625	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver high voltage power (right side)				
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	GX and SX speed grades—receiver power (left side)	1.08/1.12	1.1/1.15 <sup>(6)</sup>	1.14/1.18	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	GX and SX speed grades—receiver power (right side)				
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	GT and ST speed grades—receiver power (left side)	1.17	1.20	1.23	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	GT and ST speed grades—receiver power (right side)				
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	GX and SX speed grades—transmitter power (left side)	1.08/1.12	1.1/1.15 <sup>(6)</sup>	1.14/1.18	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	GX and SX speed grades—transmitter power (right side)				
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	GT and ST speed grades—transmitter power (left side)	1.17	1.20	1.23	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	GT and ST speed grades—transmitter power (right side)				
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power (left side)	1.425	1.500	1.575	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power (right side)				

<sup>(5)</sup> The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

<sup>(6)</sup> For data rate  $\leq 3.2$  Gbps, connect V<sub>CCR\_GXBL/R</sub>, V<sub>CCT\_GXBL/R</sub>, or V<sub>CCL\_GXBL/R</sub> to either 1.1-V or 1.15-V power supply. For data rate  $> 3.2$  Gbps, connect V<sub>CCR\_GXBL/R</sub>, V<sub>CCT\_GXBL/R</sub>, or V<sub>CCL\_GXBL/R</sub> to a 1.15-V power supply. For details, refer to the Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines.

Symbol	Description	Minimum <sup>(5)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(5)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CCL_GXBL</sub>	GX and SX speed grades—clock network power (left side)	1.08/1.12	1.1/1.15 <sup>(6)</sup>	1.14/1.18	V
V <sub>CCL_GXBR</sub>	GX and SX speed grades—clock network power (right side)				
V <sub>CCL_GXBL</sub>	GT and ST speed grades—clock network power (left side)	1.17	1.20	1.23	V
V <sub>CCL_GXBR</sub>	GT and ST speed grades—clock network power (right side)				

**Related Information****Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines**

Provides more information about the power supply connection for different data rates.

**HPS Power Supply Operating Conditions****Table 1-5: HPS Power Supply Operating Conditions for Arria V SX and ST Devices**

This table lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Arria V system-on-a-chip (SoC) devices with ARM®-based hard processor system (HPS). Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus. Refer to Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria V Devices table for the steady-state voltage values expected from the FPGA portion of the Arria V SoC devices.

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum <sup>(7)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(7)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CC_HPS</sub>	HPS core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply	-C4, -I5, -C5, -C6	1.07	1.1	1.13	V
		-I3	1.12	1.15	1.18	V

<sup>(5)</sup> The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

<sup>(7)</sup> The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Unit
$I_{XCVR-RX} (DC)$	DC current per transceiver receiver (RX) pin	50	mA

### Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

All I/O pins, except configuration, test, and JTAG pins, have an option to enable weak pull-up.

**Table 1-13: Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor Values for Arria V Devices**

Symbol	Description	Condition (V) <sup>(11)</sup>	Value <sup>(12)</sup>	Unit
$R_{PU}$	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you have enabled the programmable pull-up resistor option.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.35 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.25 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \pm 5\%$	25	k $\Omega$

### Related Information

#### [Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines](#)

Provides more information about the pins that support internal weak pull-up and internal weak pull-down features.

<sup>(10)</sup> The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns,  $|I_{IOPIN}| = C dv/dt$ , in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and  $dv/dt$  is the slew rate.

<sup>(11)</sup> Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than  $V_{CCIO}$ .

<sup>(12)</sup> Valid with  $\pm 10\%$  tolerances to cover changes over PVT.

## Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications

Table 1-15: Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria V Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{REF}$ (V)			$V_{TT}$ (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	$0.47 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.53 \times V_{CCIO}$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	—	—	—

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 4			Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew <sup>(39)</sup>	×N PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps

Table 1-24: CMU PLL Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 4		Transceiver Speed Grade 6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Supported data range	611	6553.6	611	3125	Mbps
fPLL supported data range	611	3125	611	3125	Mbps

Table 1-25: Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 4 and 6		Unit
	Min	Max	
Interface speed (single-width mode)	25	187.5	MHz
Interface speed (double-width mode)	25	163.84	MHz

**Related Information**

- [CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain](#) on page 1-35
- [CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain](#) on page 1-36
- [Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines](#)  
Provides more information about the power supply connection for different data rates.

<sup>(39)</sup> This specification is only applicable to channels on one side of the device across two transceiver banks.

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85- $\Omega$ setting	—	85	—	$\Omega$
	100- $\Omega$ setting	—	100	—	$\Omega$
	120- $\Omega$ setting	—	120	—	$\Omega$
	150- $\Omega$ setting	—	150	—	$\Omega$
Intra-differential pair skew	TX $V_{CM} = 0.65$ V (AC coupled) and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	$\times 6$ PMA bonded mode	—	—	180	ps
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew <sup>(55)</sup>	$\times N$ PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	ps

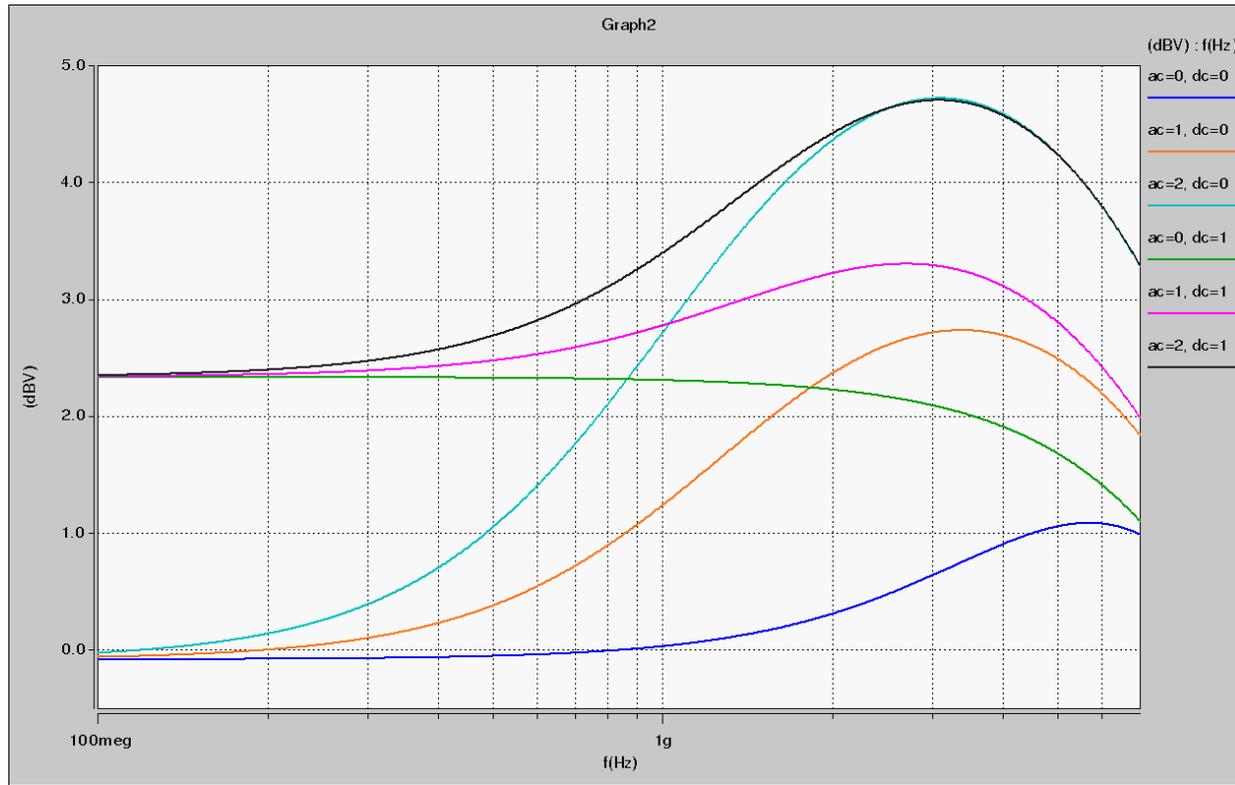
Table 1-30: CMU PLL Specifications for Arria V GT and ST Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 3		Unit
	Min	Max	
Supported data range	0.611	10.3125	Gbps
fPLL supported data range	611	3125	Mbps

<sup>(55)</sup> This specification is only applicable to channels on one side of the device across two transceiver banks.

### CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain

Figure 1-2: Continuous Time-Linear Equalizer (CTLE) Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices



Symbol	V <sub>OD</sub> Setting <sup>(58)</sup>	V <sub>OD</sub> Value (mV)	V <sub>OD</sub> Setting <sup>(58)</sup>	V <sub>OD</sub> Value (mV)
	25	500	53	1060
	26	520	54	1080
	27	540	55	1100
	28	560	56	1120
	29	580	57	1140
	30	600	58	1160
	31	620	59	1180
	32	640	60	1200
	33	660		

### Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels

The following table lists the simulation data on the transmitter pre-emphasis levels in dB for the first post tap under the following conditions:

- Low-frequency data pattern—five 1s and five 0s
- Data rate—2.5 Gbps

The levels listed are a representation of possible pre-emphasis levels under the specified conditions only and the pre-emphasis levels may change with data pattern and data rate.

Arria V devices only support 1st post tap pre-emphasis with the following conditions:

- The 1st post tap pre-emphasis settings must satisfy  $|B| + |C| \leq 60$  where  $|B| = V_{OD}$  setting with termination value,  $R_{TERM} = 100 \Omega$  and  $|C| = 1st$  post tap pre-emphasis setting.
- $|B| - |C| > 5$  for data rates  $< 5$  Gbps and  $|B| - |C| > 8.25$  for data rates  $> 5$  Gbps.
- $(V_{MAX}/V_{MIN} - 1)\% < 600\%$ , where  $V_{MAX} = |B| + |C|$  and  $V_{MIN} = |B| - |C|$ .

Exception for PCIe Gen2 design: V<sub>OD</sub> setting = 43 and pre-emphasis setting = 19 are allowed for PCIe Gen2 design with transmit de-emphasis – 6dB setting (pipe\_txdeemp = 1'b0) using Altera PCIe Hard IP and PIPE IP cores.

<sup>(58)</sup> Convert these values to their binary equivalent form if you are using the dynamic reconfiguration mode for PMA analog controls.

Quartus Prime 1st Post Tap Pre-Emphasis Setting	Quartus Prime V <sub>OD</sub> Setting							Unit
	10 (200 mV)	20 (400 mV)	30 (600 mV)	35 (700 mV)	40 (800 mV)	45 (900 mV)	50 (1000 mV)	
16	—	—	9.56	7.73	6.49	—	—	dB
17	—	—	10.43	8.39	7.02	—	—	dB
18	—	—	11.23	9.03	7.52	—	—	dB
19	—	—	12.18	9.7	8.02	—	—	dB
20	—	—	13.17	10.34	8.59	—	—	dB
21	—	—	14.2	11.1	—	—	—	dB
22	—	—	15.38	11.87	—	—	—	dB
23	—	—	—	12.67	—	—	—	dB
24	—	—	—	13.48	—	—	—	dB
25	—	—	—	14.37	—	—	—	dB
26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB

**Related Information****[SPICE Models for Altera Devices](#)**

Provides the Arria V HSSI HSPICE models.

**Transceiver Compliance Specification**

The following table lists the physical medium attachment (PMA) specification compliance of all supported protocol for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices. For more information about the protocol parameter details and compliance specifications, contact your Altera Sales Representative.

**Table 1-34: Transceiver Compliance Specification for All Supported Protocol for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices**

Protocol	Sub-protocol	Data Rate (Mbps)
PCIe	PCIe Gen1	2,500
	PCIe Gen2	5,000
	PCIe Cable	2,500
XAUI	XAUI 2135	3,125
Serial RapidIO® (SRIO)	SRIO 1250 SR	1,250
	SRIO 1250 LR	1,250
	SRIO 2500 SR	2,500
	SRIO 2500 LR	2,500
	SRIO 3125 SR	3,125
	SRIO 3125 LR	3,125
	SRIO 5000 SR	5,000
	SRIO 5000 MR	5,000
	SRIO 5000 LR	5,000
	SRIO_6250_SR	6,250
	SRIO_6250_MR	6,250
	SRIO_6250_LR	6,250

## HPS Clock Performance

Table 1-48: HPS Clock Performance for Arria V Devices

Symbol/Description	-I3	-C4	-C5, -I5	-C6	Unit
mpu_base_clk (microprocessor unit clock)	1050	925	800	700	MHz
main_base_clk (L3/L4 interconnect clock)	400	400	400	350	MHz
h2f_user0_clk	100	100	100	100	MHz
h2f_user1_clk	100	100	100	100	MHz
h2f_user2_clk	200	200	200	160	MHz

## HPS PLL Specifications

### HPS PLL VCO Frequency Range

Table 1-49: HPS PLL VCO Frequency Range for Arria V Devices

Description	Speed Grade	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
VCO range	-C5, -I5, -C6	320	1,600	MHz
	-C4	320	1,850	MHz
	-I3	320	2,100	MHz

### HPS PLL Input Clock Range

The HPS PLL input clock range is 10 – 50 MHz. This clock range applies to both HPS\_CLK1 and HPS\_CLK2 inputs.

#### Related Information

#### [Clock Select, Booting and Configuration chapter](#)

Provides more information about the clock range for different values of clock select (CSEL).

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
$T_h$	SPI MISO hold time	1	—	ns
$T_{duty\ cycle}$	SPI_CLK duty cycle	45	55	%
$T_{dss\ first}$	Output delay SPI_SS valid before first clock edge	8	—	ns
$T_{dss\ last}$	Output delay SPI_SS valid after last clock edge	8	—	ns
$T_{dio}$	Master-out slave-in (MOSI) output delay	-1	1	ns

<sup>(86)</sup> This value is based on  $rx\_sample\_dly = 1$  and  $spi\_m\_clk = 120$  MHz.  $spi\_m\_clk$  is the internal clock that is used by SPI Master to derive its  $SCLK_{OUT}$ . These timings are based on  $rx\_sample\_dly$  of 1. This delay can be adjusted as needed to accommodate slower response times from the slave. Note that a delay of 0 is not allowed. The setup time can be used as a reference starting point. It is very crucial to do a calibration to get the correct  $rx\_sample\_dly$  value because each SPI slave device may have different output delay and each application board may have different path delay. For more information about  $rx\_sample\_delay$ , refer to the SPI Controller chapter in the Hard Processor System Technical Reference Manual.

Figure 1-9: SPI Master Timing Diagram

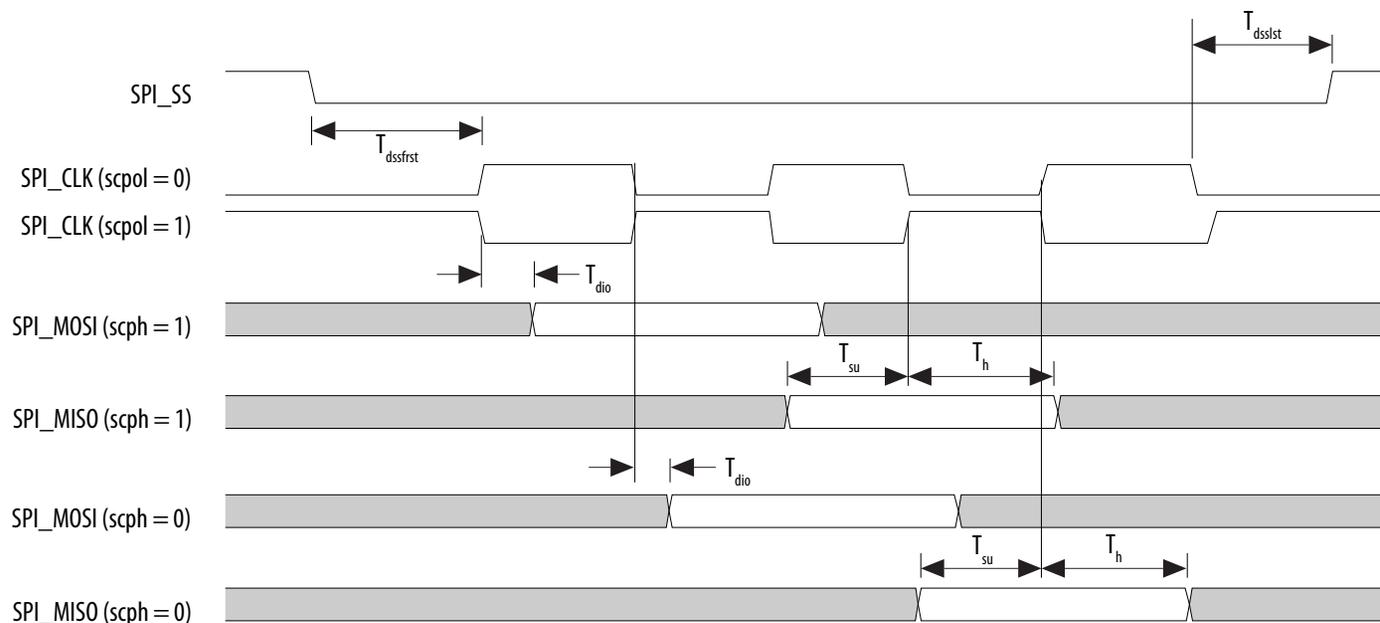


Table 1-53: SPI Slave Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

The setup and hold times can be used for Texas Instruments SSP mode and National Semiconductor Microwire mode.

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
$T_{clk}$	CLK clock period	20	—	ns
$T_s$	MOSI Setup time	5	—	ns
$T_h$	MOSI Hold time	5	—	ns
$T_{suss}$	Setup time SPI_SS valid before first clock edge	8	—	ns
$T_{hss}$	Hold time SPI_SS valid after last clock edge	8	—	ns
$T_d$	MISO output delay	—	6	ns

Variant	Member Code	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits)
Arria V GX	A1	71,015,712	439,960
	A3	71,015,712	439,960
	A5	101,740,800	446,360
	A7	101,740,800	446,360
	B1	137,785,088	457,368
	B3	137,785,088	457,368
	B5	185,915,808	463,128
	B7	185,915,808	463,128
Arria V GT	C3	71,015,712	439,960
	C7	101,740,800	446,360
	D3	137,785,088	457,368
	D7	185,915,808	463,128
Arria V SX	B3	185,903,680	450,968
	B5	185,903,680	450,968
Arria V ST	D3	185,903,680	450,968
	D5	185,903,680	450,968

## Minimum Configuration Time Estimation

**Table 1-73: Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Arria V Devices**

The estimated values are based on the configuration .rbf sizes in Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Arria V Devices table.

## I/O Standard Specifications

The  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  values are valid at the corresponding  $I_{OH}$  and  $I_{OL}$ , respectively.

**Table 2-16: Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria V GZ Devices**

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{IL}$ (V)		$V_{IH}$ (V)		$V_{OL}$ (V)	$V_{OH}$ (V)	$I_{OL}$ (mA)	$I_{OH}$ (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVC MOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.45	$V_{CCIO} - 0.45$	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	2	-2

**Table 2-17: Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices**

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{REF}$ (V)			$V_{TT}$ (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 \times V_{CCIO}$

Table 2-19: Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.2$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2$	0.62	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.175$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175$	0.5	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	<sup>(127)</sup>	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	<sup>(127)</sup>	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	<sup>(127)</sup>	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	-0.30	0.30

Table 2-20: Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

<sup>(127)</sup> The maximum value for  $V_{SWING(DC)}$  is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ( $V_{IH(DC)}$  and  $V_{IL(DC)}$ ).

**Table 2-55: DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for Arria V GZ Devices**

Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Arria V GZ devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4
FPP ×32	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Table 2-60: PS Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$t_{CF2CD}$	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
$t_{CF2ST0}$	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
$t_{CFG}$	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	$\mu$ s
$t_{STATUS}$	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(217)</sup>	$\mu$ s
$t_{CF2ST1}$	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(218)</sup>	$\mu$ s
$t_{CF2CK}$ <sup>(219)</sup>	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	$\mu$ s
$t_{ST2CK}$ <sup>(219)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	$\mu$ s
$t_{DSU}$	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
$t_{CH}$	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CLK}$	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$f_{MAX}$	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(220)</sup>	175	437	$\mu$ s
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})$ <sup>(221)</sup>	—	—

<sup>(217)</sup> This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

<sup>(218)</sup> This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

<sup>(219)</sup> If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.

<sup>(220)</sup> The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

## Programmable IOE Delay

Table 2-66: IOE Programmable Delay for Arria V GZ Devices

Parameter <sup>(228)</sup>	Available Settings	Min Offset <sup>(229)</sup>	Fast Model		Slow Model				Unit
			Industrial	Commercial	C3	C4	I3L	I4	
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.924	1.011	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.459	0.503	0.456	0.500	ns
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.992	3.192	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.924	1.011	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.924	1.011	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.458	0.503	0.456	0.499	ns

## Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 2-67: Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Arria V GZ Devices

You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		50	ps
		100	ps
		150	ps

<sup>(228)</sup> You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D4**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.

<sup>(229)</sup> Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.