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Number of Logic Elements/Cells 36	52000
Total RAM Bits 19	9822592
Number of I/O 38	34
Number of Gates -	
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Operating Temperature 0°	°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
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Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Device Datasheet



This datasheet describes the electrical characteristics, switching characteristics, configuration specifications, and I/O timing for Arria® V devices.

Arria V devices are offered in commercial and industrial grades. Commercial devices are offered in -C4 (fastest), -C5, and -C6 speed grades. Industrial grade devices are offered in the -I3 and -I5 speed grades.

Related Information

Arria V Device Overview

Provides more information about the densities and packages of devices in the Arria V family.

Electrical Characteristics

The following sections describe the operating conditions and power consumption of Arria V devices.

Operating Conditions

Arria V devices are rated according to a set of defined parameters. To maintain the highest possible performance and reliability of the Arria V devices, you must consider the operating requirements described in this section.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

This section defines the maximum operating conditions for Arria V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms.

The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.

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Caution: Conditions outside the range listed in the following table may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

Table 1-1: Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CC}	Core voltage power supply	-0.50	1.43	V
V _{CCP}	Periphery circuitry, PCIe [®] hardIP block, and transceiver physical coding sublayer (PCS) power supply	-0.50	1.43	V
V _{CCPGM}	Configuration pins power supply	-0.50	3.90	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply	-0.50	3.25	V
V _{CCBAT}	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.50	3.90	V
V _{CCPD}	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.50	3.90	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O power supply	-0.50	3.90	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	Phase-locked loop (PLL) digital power supply	-0.50	1.80	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	-0.50	3.25	V
V _{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver high voltage power	-0.50	3.25	V
V _{CCH_GXB}	Transmitter output buffer power	-0.50	1.80	V
V _{CCR_GXB}	Receiver power	-0.50	1.50	V
V _{CCT_GXB}	Transmitter power	-0.50	1.50	V
V _{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver clock network power	-0.50	1.50	V
VI	DC input voltage	-0.50	3.80	V
V _{CC_HPS}	HPS core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply	-0.50	1.43	V
V _{CCPD_HPS}	HPS I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.50	3.90	V
V _{CCIO_HPS}	HPS I/O power supply	-0.50	3.90	V
V _{CCRSTCLK_HPS}	HPS reset and clock input pins power supply	-0.50	3.90	V



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Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Ca	libration Accura	су	– Unit
Symbol			–I3, –C4	–I5, –C5	-C6	
60- Ω and 120- Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25- Ω R _{S_left_shift}	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega R_{S_left_shift}$ setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%

OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications

Table 1-9: OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Arria V Devices

This table lists the Arria V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Re	sistanceToleran	ice	Unit
Symbol	Description		-I3, -C4	–I5, –C5	-C6	Ont
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	±35	±50	±50	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	±25	±40	±40	%



I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)			_{ING(DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{S\}	_{WING(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Max
SSTL-125	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(15)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} – V _{REF})	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$

Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards

Table 1-18: Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Arria V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)	V _{DII}	_{F(DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	—	1.12	0.78		1.12	0.4	
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	_	0.9	0.4	
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3		$0.5 \times V_{ m CCIO}$	_	$0.4 \times V_{ m CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{ m CCIO}$	$0.6 \times V_{ m CCIO}$	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5 \times \\ V_{\rm CCIO} - \\ 0.12 \end{array}$	$0.5 imes V_{ m CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO} + 0.12$	$0.4 \times V_{\rm CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{ m CCIO}$	0.6 × V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Differential I/O Standard Specifications

Table 1-19: Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria V Devices

Differential inputs are powered by V_{CCPD} which requires 2.5 V.



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Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 4			Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Unit	
Symbol/Description	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onte	
Run length	—	—	_	200	_	_	200	UI	
Programmable equaliza- tion AC and DC gain	AC gain setting = 0 to $3^{(38)}$ DC gain setting = 0 to 1	Gain and Response	Refer to CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices and CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices diagrams.						

Table 1-23: Transmitter Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transc	eiver Speed C	Grade 4	Transc	eiver Speed G	irade 6	Unit
Symbol/Description	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onit
Supported I/O standards				1.5 V PC	ML			
Data rate	_	611	_	6553.6	611		3125	Mbps
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)			650	_		650		mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	\leq 3.2Gbps ⁽³²⁾	670	700	730	670	700	730	mV
	85- Ω setting	—	85	_		85		Ω
Differential on-chip	100- Ω setting	—	100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	120- Ω setting	—	120	_		120		Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150	_		150		Ω
Intra-differential pair skew	TX V_{CM} = 0.65 V (AC coupled) and slew rate of 15 ps		_	15			15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	×6 PMA bonded mode			180			180	ps

⁽³⁷⁾ The rate match FIFO supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
 ⁽³⁸⁾ The Quartus Prime software allows AC gain setting = 3 for design with data rate between 611 Mbps and 1.25 Gbps only.



Table 1-31: Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Arria V GT and ST Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver S	peed Grade 3	Unit
Symbol/Description	Min	Мах	Unit
Interface speed (PMA direct mode)	50	153.6 ⁽⁵⁶⁾ , 161 ⁽⁵⁷⁾	MHz
Interface speed (single-width mode)	25	187.5	MHz
Interface speed (double-width mode)	25	163.84	MHz

Related Information

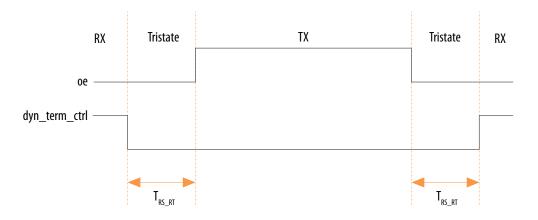
- CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain on page 1-35
- CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain on page 1-36



⁽⁵⁶⁾ The maximum frequency when core transceiver local routing is selected.

⁽⁵⁷⁾ The maximum frequency when core transceiver network routing (GCLK, RCLK, or PCLK) is selected.

Figure 1-7: Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals



Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 1-47: Worst-Case DCD on Arria V I/O Pins

The output DCD cycle only applies to the I/O buffer. It does not cover the system DCD.

Symbol	–I3, –C4		-C5, -I5		-(26	Unit
Symbol	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Onic
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

HPS Specifications

This section provides HPS specifications and timing for Arria V devices.

For HPS reset, the minimum reset pulse widths for the HPS cold and warm reset signals (HPS_nRST and HPS_nPOR) are six clock cycles of HPS_CLK1.



Table 1-57: RGMII RX Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Unit
T _{clk} (1000Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period		8	ns
T _{clk} (100Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period		40	ns
T _{clk} (10Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period		400	ns
T _{su}	RX_D/RX_CTL setup time	1		ns
T _h	RX_D/RX_CTL hold time	1	—	ns

Figure 1-14: RGMII RX Timing Diagram

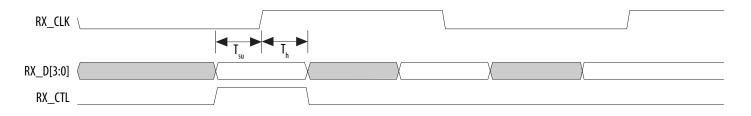
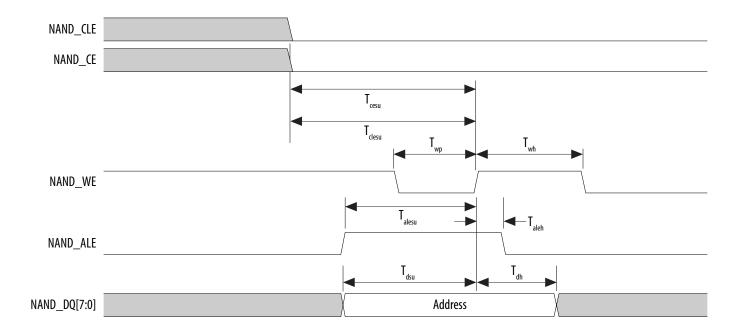


Table 1-58: Management Data Input/Output (MDIO) Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
T _{clk}	MDC clock period	_	400	_	ns
T _d	MDC to MDIO output data delay	10		20	ns
T _s	Setup time for MDIO data	10		_	ns
T _h	Hold time for MDIO data	0	_		ns



Figure 1-18: NAND Address Latch Timing Diagram







1-82 PS Configuration Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$t_{CF2CK}^{(105)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1506	_	μs
t _{ST2CK} ⁽¹⁰⁵⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2		μs
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5		ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$		S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$		S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	-	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽¹⁰⁶⁾	175	437	μs
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times \text{maximum DCLK period}$		_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{CD2CU} + (T _{init} × Clkusr period)	_	
T _{init}	Number of clock cycles required for device initialization	8,576	—	Cycles

Related Information

PS Configuration Timing

Provides the PS configuration timing waveform.



 $^{^{(105)}}$ If <code>nstatus</code> is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If <code>nstatus</code> is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

⁽¹⁰⁶⁾ The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

1-96 Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
June 2015	2015.06.16	• Added the supported data rates for the following output standards using true LVDS output buffer types in the High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria V Devices table:
		True RSDS output standard: data rates of up to 360 Mbps
		True mini-LVDS output standard: data rates of up to 400 Mbps
		 Added note in the condition for Transmitter—Emulated Differential I/O Standards f_{HSDR} data rate parameter in the High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria V Devices table. Note: When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.
		Changed Queued Serial Peripheral Interface (QSPI) to Quad Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Flash.
		Updated T _h location in I ² C Timing Diagram.
		Updared T _{wp} location in NAND Address Latch Timing Diagram.
		 Corrected the unit for t_{DH} from ns to s in FPP Timing Parameters When DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 for Arria V Devices table.
		• Updated the maximum value for t _{CO} from 4 ns to 2 ns in AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and ×4 Configurations in Arria V Devices table.
		• Moved the following timing diagrams to the Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices chapter.
		FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1
		• FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1
		AS Configuration Timing Waveform
		PS Configuration Timing Waveform



1-100 Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
November 2012	3.0	 Updated Table 2, Table 4, Table 9, Table 14, Table 16, Table 17, Table 20, Table 21, Table 25, Table 29, Table 36, Table 56, Table 57, and Table 60. Removed table: Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria V Devices. Added HPS information: Added "HPS Specifications" section. Added Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 43, Table 44, Table 45, Table 46, Table 47, Table 48, Table 49, and Table 50. Added Figure 7, Figure 8, Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12, Figure 13, Figure 14, Figure 15, Figure 16, Figure 17, Figure 18, and Figure 19. Updated Table 3 and Table 5.
October 2012	2.4	 Updated Arria V GX V_{CCR_GXBL/R}, V_{CCT_GXBL/R}, and V_{CCL_GXBL/R} minimum and maximum values, and data rate in Table 4. Added receiver V_{ICM} (AC coupled) and V_{ICM} (DC coupled) values, and transmitter V_{OCM} (AC coupled) and V_{OCM} (DC coupled) values in Table 20 and Table 21.
August 2012	2.3	Updated the SERDES factor condition in Table 30.
July 2012	2.2	 Updated the maximum voltage for V_I (DC input voltage) in Table 1. Updated Table 20 to include the Arria V GX -I3 speed grade. Updated the minimum value of the fixedclk clock frequency in Table 20 and Table 21. Updated the SERDES factor condition in Table 30. Updated Table 50 to include the IOE programmable delay settings for the Arria V GX -I3 speed grade.
June 2012	2.1	Updated $V_{CCR_GXBL/R}$, $V_{CCT_GXBL/R}$, and $V_{CCL_GXBL/R}$ values in Table 4.



Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum ⁽¹¹⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽¹¹⁴⁾	Unit
VI	DC input voltage		-0.5	_	3.6	V
V _O	Output voltage		0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
Т.	T _J Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0		85	°C
1 _J		Industrial	-40	_	100	°C
t	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 µs	_	100 ms	_
t _{RAMP}		Fast POR	200 µs	_	4 ms	—

Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions

Table 2-6: Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Arria V GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum ⁽¹¹⁸⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽¹¹⁸⁾	Unit	
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transseiver shannel DLL nevver supply (left side)	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
(119), (120)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
V _{CCA} _	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
V _{CCA} GXBR ⁽¹¹⁹⁾ , ⁽¹²⁰⁾		2.375	2.5	2.625		
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	

⁽¹¹⁴⁾ The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

⁽¹¹⁸⁾ This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

⁽¹²⁰⁾ When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.



⁽¹¹⁹⁾ This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.

Transceiver Power Supply Requirements

Table 2-7: Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements for Arria V GZ Devices

Conditions	VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB ⁽¹²²⁾	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:	1.05			
 Data rate > 10.3 Gbps. DFE is used. 				
If ANY of the following conditions are true ⁽¹²³⁾ :	1.0	3.0		
 ATX PLL is used. Data rate > 6.5Gbps. DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used. 			1.5	V
If ALL of the following conditions are true:	0.85	2.5		
 ATX PLL is not used. Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps. DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used. 				

DC Characteristics

Supply Current

Standby current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting.

Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



Send Feedback

⁽¹²²⁾ If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

⁽¹²³⁾ Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.

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Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transce	Unit		
Symbol/Description	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onic	
	100 Hz	—	—	-70		—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz		_	-90			-90	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽¹⁴¹⁾	10 kHz		_	-100			-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz		_	-110			-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz		_	-120			-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁴²⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)		_	3			3	ps (rms)
R _{REF}	—		1800 ±1%			1800 ±1%		Ω

Related Information

Arria V Device Overview

For more information about device ordering codes.

Transceiver Clocks

Table 2-23: Transceiver Clocks Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the Arria V Device Overview.

Arria V GZ Device Datasheet

Altera Corporation



 $^{^{(141)}}$ To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20 *log(f/622).

⁽¹⁴²⁾ To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCIe at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz \times 100/f.

t_{ARESET}

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _{OUT} ⁽¹⁶⁹⁾	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3L speed grade)	—	—	650	MHz
1001	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grade)	—		580	MHz
f _{OUT_EXT} ⁽¹⁶⁹⁾	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3L speed grade)	—	_	667	MHz
IOUT_EXT	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grade)	_	_	533	MHz
toutduty	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t _{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	_		10	ns
f _{dyconfigclk}	Dynamic configuration clock for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
t _{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
t _{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/ delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	_	0.3		MHz
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	_	1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (170)	_	4		MHz
t _{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps

10

_

Minimum pulse width on the areset signal

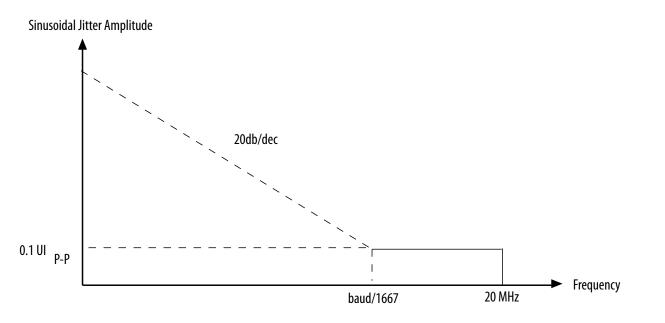




ns

 $^{^{(169)}}$ This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.

⁽¹⁷⁰⁾ High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.



Non DPA Mode High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 2-46: High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.

When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3L			C4, I4			Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах	Onic
Sampling Window	_		_	300			300	ps



JTAG Configuration Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	30		ns
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	167 (203)		ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	14		ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	14		ns
t _{JPSU (TDI)}	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	_	ns
t _{JPSU (TMS)}	TMS JTAG port setup time	3		ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		11 (204)	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		14 (204)	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 (204)	ns

Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) Configuration Timing

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (r) for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you turn on encryption or the compression feature.

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⁽²⁰³⁾ The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

⁽²⁰⁴⁾ A 1-ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, $t_{IPCO} = 12$ ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.

2-64 FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK to DATA[] > 1

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times \text{maximum DCLK}$ period	—	—
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) (215)	—	—

Related Information

- DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (r) for FPP Configuration on page 2-57
- Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices





⁽²¹⁵⁾ To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section of the *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices* chapter.

Term	Definition
t _C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.
TCCS (channel-to- channel-skew)	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t _{CO} variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the Timing Diagram figure under SW in this table).
t _{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on the high-speed transmitter output clock.
t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80-20%)
t _{INCCJ}	Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the PLL clock input.
t _{OUTPJ_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.
t _{OUTPJ_DC}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.
t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20-80%)
Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and the data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(\text{receiver input clock frequency multiplication factor}) = t_C/w)$
V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage

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