





Welcome to <u>E-XFL.COM</u>

#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	17110
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	362000
Total RAM Bits	19822592
Number of I/O	384
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxbb3d4f31c5n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Protocol	Sub-protocol	Data Rate (Mbps)
	SONET 155	155.52
SONET	SONET 622	622.08
	SONET 2488	2,488.32
Gigabit-capable passive optical network (GPON)	GPON 155	155.52
	GPON 622	622.08
	GPON 1244	1,244.16
	GPON 2488	2,488.32
QSGMII	QSGMII 5000	5,000

# **Core Performance Specifications**

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

## Table 1-35: Clock Tree Specifications for Arria V Devices

Paramotor		Unit		
Farameter	-I3, -C4	–I5, –C5	-C6	omt
Global clock and Regional clock	625	625	525	MHz
Peripheral clock	450	400	350	MHz

## **PLL Specifications**

## Table 1-36: PLL Specifications for Arria V Devices

This table lists the Arria V PLL block specifications. Arria V PLL block does not include HPS PLL.



## **DPA Lock Time Specifications**

## Figure 1-4: Dynamic Phase Alignment (DPA) Lock Time Specifications with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled



## Table 1-41: DPA Lock Time Specifications for Arria V Devices

The specifications are applicable to both commercial and industrial grades. The DPA lock time is for one channel. One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(84)</sup>	Maximum Data Transition
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640
	10010000	4	64	640
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640
witscenaricous	01010101	8	32	640

<sup>(84)</sup> This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.



## LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specifications





### Table 1-42: LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate Equal to 1.25 Gbps

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350



Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>din_end</sub>	Input data valid end	$(2 + R_{delay}) \times T_{qspi\_clk} - 1.21^{(85)}$			ns

## Figure 1-8: Quad SPI Flash Timing Diagram

This timing diagram illustrates clock polarity mode 0 and clock phase mode 0.



#### **Related Information**

## Quad SPI Flash Controller Chapter, Arria V Hard Processor System Technical Reference Manual

Provides more information about Rdelay.

## **SPI Timing Characteristics**

### Table 1-52: SPI Master Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

The setup and hold times can be used for Texas Instruments SSP mode and National Semiconductor Microwire mode.

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
T <sub>clk</sub>	CLK clock period	16.67	—	ns
T <sub>su</sub>	SPI Master-in slave-out (MISO) setup time	8.35 (86)	—	ns

 $<sup>^{(85)}</sup>$  R<sub>delay</sub> is set by programming the register <code>qspiregs.rddatacap</code>. For the SoC EDS software version 13.1 and later, Altera provides automatic Quad SPI calibration in the preloader. For more information about R<sub>delay</sub>, refer to the Quad SPI Flash Controller chapter in the Arria V Hard Processor System Technical Reference Manual.



### Figure 1-12: USB Timing Diagram



## Ethernet Media Access Controller (EMAC) Timing Characteristics

## Table 1-56: Reduced Gigabit Media Independent Interface (RGMII) TX Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
T <sub>clk</sub> (1000Base-T)	TX_CLK clock period	_	8		ns
T <sub>clk</sub> (100Base-T)	TX_CLK clock period	_	40		ns
T <sub>clk</sub> (10Base-T)	TX_CLK clock period		400		ns
T <sub>dutycycle</sub>	TX_CLK duty cycle	45	—	55	%
T <sub>d</sub>	TX_CLK to TXD/TX_CTL output data delay	-0.85	—	0.15	ns

### Figure 1-13: RGMII TX Timing Diagram





#### Figure 1-20: NAND Data Read Timing Diagram



## **ARM Trace Timing Characteristics**

#### Table 1-61: ARM Trace Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Most debugging tools have a mechanism to adjust the capture point of trace data.

Description	Min	Мах	Unit
CLK clock period	12.5	_	ns
CLK maximum duty cycle	45	55	%
CLK to D0 –D7 output data delay	-1	1	ns

## **UART Interface**

The maximum UART baud rate is 6.25 megasymbols per second.

## **GPIO Interface**

The minimum detectable general-purpose I/O (GPIO) pulse width is 2 µs. The pulse width is based on a debounce clock frequency of 1 MHz.



## **FPP Configuration Timing**

## DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (r) for FPP Configuration

Fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you turn on encryption or the compression feature.

Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the DATA[] rate in byte per second (Bps) or word per second (Wps). For example, in FPP  $\times 16$  where the *r* is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the DATA[] rate in Wps.

## Table 1-65: DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for Arria V Devices

Configuration Scheme	Encryption	Compression	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (r)
	Off	Off	1
EDD (9 bit wide)	On	Off	1
FPP (8-bit wide)	Off	On	2
	On	On	2
FPP (16-bit wide)	Off	Off	1
	On	Off	2
	Off	On	4
	On	On	4

## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA[] = 1

When you enable decompression or the design security feature, the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio varies for FPP ×8 and FPP ×16. For the respective DCLKto-DATA[] ratio, refer to the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for Arria V Devices table.

#### Table 1-66: FPP Timing Parameters When DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2		μs

#### Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Device Datasheet





Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Device Datasheet



Date	Version	Changes
June 2012	2.0	<ul> <li>Updated for the Quartus II software v12.0 release:</li> <li>Restructured document.</li> <li>Updated "Supply Current and Power Consumption" section.</li> <li>Updated Table 20, Table 21, Table 24, Table 25, Table 26, Table 35, Table 39, Table 43, and Table 52.</li> <li>Added Table 22, Table 23, and Table 33.</li> <li>Added Figure 1–1 and Figure 1–2.</li> <li>Added "Initialization" and "Configuration Files" sections.</li> </ul>
February 2012	1.3	<ul> <li>Updated Table 2–1.</li> <li>Updated Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface rows in Table 2–20.</li> <li>Updated V<sub>CCP</sub> description.</li> </ul>
December 2011	1.2	Updated Table 2–1 and Table 2–3.
November 2011	1.1	<ul> <li>Updated Table 2–1, Table 2–19, Table 2–26, and Table 2–36.</li> <li>Added Table 2–5.</li> <li>Added Figure 2–4.</li> </ul>
August 2011	1.0	Initial release.



## **Transceiver Power Supply Requirements**

## Table 2-7: Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements for Arria V GZ Devices

Conditions	VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB <sup>(122)</sup>	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:	1.05			
• Data rate > 10.3 Gbps.				
• DFE is used.				
If ANY of the following conditions are true <sup>(123)</sup> :	1.0	3.0		
<ul> <li>ATX PLL is used.</li> <li>Data rate &gt; 6.5Gbps.</li> <li>DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.</li> </ul>			1.5	V
If ALL of the following conditions are true:	0.85	2.5		
<ul> <li>ATX PLL is not used.</li> <li>Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.</li> <li>DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.</li> </ul>				

## **DC Characteristics**

### **Supply Current**

Standby current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting.

Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(122)</sup> If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB are set to 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(123)</sup> Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.

**Bus Hold Specifications** 

## Table 2-9: Bus Hold Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices

			V <sub>CCIO</sub>										
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0	V	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I <sub>SUSL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>IL</sub> (maximum)	22.5	_	25.0	_	30.0		50.0	_	70.0	_	μΑ
High sustaining current	I <sub>SUSH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>IH</sub> (minimum)	-22.5	_	-25.0	_	-30.0	_	-50.0	_	-70.0	_	μΑ
Low overdrive current	I <sub>ODL</sub>	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	_	120	_	160	_	200	_	300	_	500	μΑ
High overdrive current	I <sub>ODH</sub>	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-120	_	-160	_	-200		-300	_	-500	μΑ
Bus-hold trip point	V <sub>TRIP</sub>		0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

## **On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications**

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block.

## Table 2-10: OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.





I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)		
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3		$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	_	$0.4 \times V_{\rm CCIO}$	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub> IO	$0.6 \times V_{CCIO}$	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5 × V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.12	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO} + 0.12$	$0.4 \times V_{CCIO}$	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub> IO	0.6 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.44	0.44

## Table 2-21: Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V) <sup>(128)</sup>		V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(129)</sup>		V <sub>ICM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>OD</sub> (V) <sup>(130)</sup>			V <sub>OCM</sub> (V) <sup>(130)</sup>				
, o o tandar a	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	L Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to the "Transceiver Performance Specifications" section.														
2.5 V	2 625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> =		0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375		
(131)	(131) 2.375 2.5 2.625 100	100	1.25 V		1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375		
BLVDS (132)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100						_	_			—	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(128)</sup> Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(129)</sup> The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(130)</sup> RL range:  $90 \le \text{RL} \le 110 \Omega$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(131)</sup> For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

 $<sup>^{(132)}</sup>$  There are no fixed V<sub>ICM</sub>, V<sub>OD</sub>, and V<sub>OCM</sub> specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.

1/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V) <sup>(128)</sup>		V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(129)</sup>			V <sub>ICM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>OD</sub> (V) <sup>(130)</sup>			V <sub>OCM</sub> (V) <sup>(130)</sup>			
	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах
RSDS (HIO) (133)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V		0.3		1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) (134)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25		0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL		_	_	300		_	0.6	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	_	_		_	_	
(135), (136)	_	_	_	300			1	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.6	_	_		_		

#### **Related Information**

**Glossary** on page 2-73



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(128)</sup> Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(129)</sup> The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.

RL range:  $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$ . (130)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(133)</sup> For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(134)</sup> For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(135)</sup> LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(136)</sup> For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.

## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK to DATA[] > 1

### Figure 2-8: FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1,

t<sub>CF2ST1</sub> tcfg ;↔ nCONFIG ŤĊF2CK nSTATUS (3) 🕳 tstatus tCF2ST0 CONF\_DONE (4) TCL tCH tsT2CK ŤĊF2CD (8) DCLK (6) (7) 1 2 ••• r 2 ••• r 1  $\mathbf{D}$ (5) tCLK DATA[31..0] (8) Word 0 Word User Mode Word 3 • • • Word (n-1) tDH tDH tpsy High-Z User I/O User Mode INIT DONE (9) tCD2UM

Timing when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

#### Notes:

- 1. To find out the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for your system, refer to the "DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for Arria V GZ Devices" table.
- 2. The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- 3. After power-up, the Arria V GZ device holds nSTATUS low for the time as specified by the POR delay.
- 4. After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF\_DONE is low.
- 5. Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- 6. "r" denotes the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio. For the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio based on the decompression and the design security feature enable settings, refer to the "DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for Arria V GZ Devices" table.
- 7. If needed, pause DCLK by holding it low. When DCLK restarts, the external host must provide data on the DATA[31.0] pins prior to sending the first DCLK rising edge.
- 8. To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Arria V GZ device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Arria V GZ device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- 9. After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.





#### **Related Information**

Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices

## Initialization

### Table 2-61: Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency for Arria V GZ Devices

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency (MHz)	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5	
GI KIIGD (222)	PS, FPP	125	9576
CLKUSR (222)	AS	100	8370
DCLK	PS, FPP	125	

## **Configuration Files**

Use the following table to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal file (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes.

For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size.

Arria V GZ Device Datasheet



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(221)</sup> To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section of the Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices chapter.

<sup>(222)</sup> To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

#### **Related Information**

- Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices For more information about the reconfiguration input for the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE IP core, refer to the "User Watchdog Timer" section.
- Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices For more information about the reset\_timer input for the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE IP core, refer to the "Remote System Upgrade State Machine" section.

## User Watchdog Internal Oscillator Frequency Specification

## Table 2-65: User Watchdog Internal Oscillator Frequency Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit		
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz		

# I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis.

The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete placeand-route.

#### **Related Information**

## **Arria V Devices Documentation page**

For the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet

#### Arria V GZ Device Datasheet



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(226)</sup> This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE IP core high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the "Remote System Upgrade State Machine" section in the Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices chapter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(227)</sup> This is equivalent to strobing the reset\_timer input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE IP core high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the "User Watchdog Timer" section in the Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices chapter.

# Glossary

## Table 2-68: Glossary





Term				Definition				
R <sub>L</sub>	Receiver differential input discr	ete resistor	(external to	the Arria V GZ de	vice).			
SW (sampling window)	Timing Diagram—the period o hold times determine the ideal	of time durir strobe posit	ng which the	e data must be valic the sampling windo	l in order t ow, as show	o capture it c n:	correctly. The setup and	
		◀		Bit Time				
		0.5 x TCCS	RSKM	Sampling Window (SW)	RSKM	0.5 x TCCS		
Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	<ul> <li>The JEDEC standard for SSTL and HSTL I/O defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state.</li> <li>The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform ringing:</li> <li>Single-Ended Voltage Referenced I/O Standard</li> </ul>							
		V <sub>0H</sub>		V REF	Viн(DC Vil(DC)	V <u>ccio</u> VIH(AC) VIL(AC) VIL(AC)		



Term	Definition
V <sub>OCM</sub>	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
V <sub>SWING</sub>	Differential input voltage
V <sub>X</sub>	Input differential cross point voltage
V <sub>OX</sub>	Output differential cross point voltage
W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor

# **Document Revision History**

Date	Version	Changes
February 2017	2017.02.10	<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1" table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices When the DCLK to DATA[] Ratio is 1" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS x1 and AS x4 Configurations in Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> </ul>



Date	Version	Changes
June 2016	2016.06.20	<ul> <li>Changed column heading from "Value" to "Maximum" in the "Pin Capacitance for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum supported data rate range values from "1000" to "2000" in the "ATX PLL Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Added the supported data rates for the following output standards using true LVDS output buffer types in the "High-Speed Clock Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table:</li> <li>True RSDS output standard: data rates of up to 230 Mbps</li> <li>True mini-LVDS output standard: data rates of up to 340 Mbps</li> </ul>
December 2015	2015.12.16	<ul> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Receiver Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Removed transmitter rise and fall time specifications from the "Transmitter Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Changed the .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Added a footnote to the "Transmitter High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> </ul>
June 2015	2015.06.16	<ul> <li>Changed the conditions for the reference clock rise and fall time and added a note to the condition in the "Reference Clock Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Receiver Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> </ul>
January 2015	2015.01.30	<ul> <li>Added 240-Ω to the "OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Changed the CDR PPM tolerance spec in the "Receiver Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> <li>Added additional max data rate for fPLL in the "Fractional PLL Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices" table.</li> </ul>

