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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	11460
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	242000
Total RAM Bits	15470592
Number of I/O	544
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxfa7h4f35i5n

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Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications**Table 1-16: Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Arria V Devices**

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	$I_{OL}^{(14)}$ (mA)	$I_{OH}^{(14)}$ (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.608$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.81$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
SSTL-135	—	$V_{REF} - 0.09$	$V_{REF} + 0.09$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.16$	$V_{REF} + 0.16$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-125	—	$V_{REF} - 0.85$	$V_{REF} + 0.85$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	—	—
HSTL-18 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8

⁽¹⁴⁾ To meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the SSTL15CI specification (8 mA), you should set the current strength settings to 8 mA. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications in the datasheet.

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{ID} (mV) ⁽¹⁶⁾			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			V _{OD} (V) ⁽¹⁷⁾			V _{OCM} (V) ⁽¹⁷⁾⁽¹⁸⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Transceiver Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices and Transceiver Specifications for Arria V GT and ST Devices tables.														
2.5 V LVDS ⁽¹⁹⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 1.25 Gbps	1.80	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D _{MAX} > 1.25 Gbps	1.55						
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁰⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.25	—	1.45	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) ⁽²¹⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.300	—	1.425	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL ⁽²²⁾	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.60	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.80	—	—	—	—	—	—
							1.00	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.60						

Related Information

- [Transceiver Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices](#) on page 1-23
Provides the specifications for transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin.

⁽¹⁶⁾ The minimum V_{ID} value is applicable over the entire common mode range, V_{CM}.

⁽¹⁷⁾ R_L range: 90 ≤ R_L ≤ 110 Ω.

⁽¹⁸⁾ This applies to default pre-emphasis setting only.

⁽¹⁹⁾ For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 1.25 Gbps and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 1.25 Gbps.

⁽²⁰⁾ For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

⁽²¹⁾ For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

⁽²²⁾ For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rates above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 4			Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew ⁽³⁹⁾	$\times N$ PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps

Table 1-24: CMU PLL Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 4		Transceiver Speed Grade 6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Supported data range	611	6553.6	611	3125	Mbps
fPLL supported data range	611	3125	611	3125	Mbps

Table 1-25: Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 4 and 6		Unit
	Min	Max	
Interface speed (single-width mode)	25	187.5	MHz
Interface speed (double-width mode)	25	163.84	MHz

Related Information

- [CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain](#) on page 1-35
- [CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain](#) on page 1-36
- [Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines](#)
Provides more information about the power supply connection for different data rates.

⁽³⁹⁾ This specification is only applicable to channels on one side of the device across two transceiver banks.

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate (10-Gbps transceiver) ⁽⁴⁴⁾	—	0.611	—	10.3125	Gbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁴⁵⁾	—	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration	—	—	—	2.2	V
Minimum differential eye opening at the receiver serial input pins ⁽⁴⁶⁾	—	100	—	—	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	—	750 ⁽⁴⁷⁾ /800	—	mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	≤ 3.2Gbps ⁽⁴⁸⁾	670	700	730	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85-Ω setting	85			Ω
	100-Ω setting	100			Ω
	120-Ω setting	120			Ω
	150-Ω setting	150			Ω
t _{LTR} ⁽⁴⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽⁵⁰⁾	—	4	—	—	μs

⁽⁴⁵⁾ The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.

⁽⁴⁶⁾ The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that you have disabled the **Receiver Equalization** feature. If you enable the **Receiver Equalization** feature, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.

⁽⁴⁷⁾ The AC coupled V_{ICM} is 750 mV for PCIe mode only.

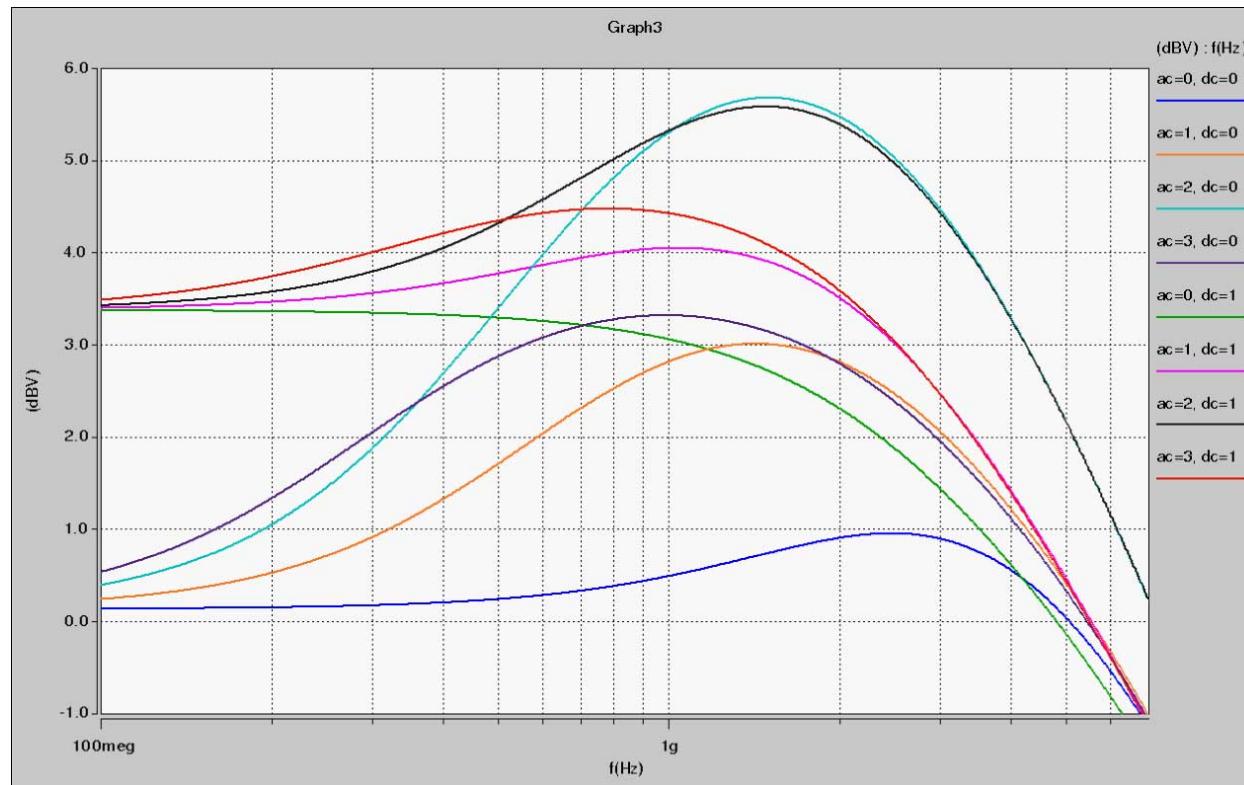
⁽⁴⁸⁾ For standard protocol compliance, use AC coupling.

⁽⁴⁹⁾ t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

⁽⁵⁰⁾ t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high.

CTLE Response at Data Rates \leq 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain

Figure 1-3: CTLE Response at Data Rates \leq 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices



Symbol	V_{OD} Setting ⁽⁵⁸⁾	V_{OD} Value (mV)	V_{OD} Setting ⁽⁵⁸⁾	V_{OD} Value (mV)
	25	500	53	1060
	26	520	54	1080
	27	540	55	1100
	28	560	56	1120
	29	580	57	1140
	30	600	58	1160
	31	620	59	1180
	32	640	60	1200
	33	660		

Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels

The following table lists the simulation data on the transmitter pre-emphasis levels in dB for the first post tap under the following conditions:

- Low-frequency data pattern—five 1s and five 0s
- Data rate—2.5 Gbps

The levels listed are a representation of possible pre-emphasis levels under the specified conditions only and the pre-emphasis levels may change with data pattern and data rate.

Arria V devices only support 1st post tap pre-emphasis with the following conditions:

- The 1st post tap pre-emphasis settings must satisfy $|B| + |C| \leq 60$ where $|B| = V_{OD}$ setting with termination value, $R_{TERM} = 100 \Omega$ and $|C| = 1$ st post tap pre-emphasis setting.
- $|B| - |C| > 5$ for data rates < 5 Gbps and $|B| - |C| > 8.25$ for data rates > 5 Gbps.
- $(V_{MAX}/V_{MIN} - 1)\% < 600\%$, where $V_{MAX} = |B| + |C|$ and $V_{MIN} = |B| - |C|$.

Exception for PCIe Gen2 design: V_{OD} setting = 43 and pre-emphasis setting = 19 are allowed for PCIe Gen2 design with transmit de-emphasis – 6dB setting (`pipe_txdeemp` = 1'b0) using Altera PCIe Hard IP and PIPE IP cores.

⁽⁵⁸⁾ Convert these values to their binary equivalent form if you are using the dynamic reconfiguration mode for PMA analog controls.

Quartus Prime 1st Post Tap Pre-Emphasis Setting	Quartus Prime V _{OD} Setting							Unit
	10 (200 mV)	20 (400 mV)	30 (600 mV)	35 (700 mV)	40 (800 mV)	45 (900 mV)	50 (1000 mV)	
16	—	—	9.56	7.73	6.49	—	—	dB
17	—	—	10.43	8.39	7.02	—	—	dB
18	—	—	11.23	9.03	7.52	—	—	dB
19	—	—	12.18	9.7	8.02	—	—	dB
20	—	—	13.17	10.34	8.59	—	—	dB
21	—	—	14.2	11.1	—	—	—	dB
22	—	—	15.38	11.87	—	—	—	dB
23	—	—	—	12.67	—	—	—	dB
24	—	—	—	13.48	—	—	—	dB
25	—	—	—	14.37	—	—	—	dB
26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB

Related Information**SPICE Models for Altera Devices**

Provides the Arria V HSSI HSPICE models.

Transceiver Compliance Specification

The following table lists the physical medium attachment (PMA) specification compliance of all supported protocol for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices. For more information about the protocol parameter details and compliance specifications, contact your Altera Sales Representative.

High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1-40: High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria V Devices

When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block. When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

For LVDS applications, you must use the PLLs in integer PLL mode.

The Arria V devices support the following output standards using true LVDS output buffer types on all I/O banks.

- True RSDS output standard with data rates of up to 360 Mbps
- True mini-LVDS output standard with data rates of up to 400 Mbps

Symbol	Condition	-I3, -C4			-I5, -C5			-C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 ⁽⁷²⁾	5	—	800	5	—	750	5	—	625	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single-Ended I/O Standards ⁽⁷³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 ⁽⁷²⁾	5	—	625	5	—	625	5	—	500	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single-Ended I/O Standards ⁽⁷⁴⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 ⁽⁷²⁾	5	—	420	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	625 ⁽⁷⁵⁾	5	—	625 ⁽⁷⁵⁾	5	—	500 ⁽⁷⁵⁾	MHz
Transmitter	True Differential I/O Standards - f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ⁽⁷⁶⁾	⁽⁷⁷⁾	—	1250	⁽⁷⁷⁾	—	1250	⁽⁷⁷⁾	—	1050 Mbps

⁽⁷²⁾ Clock boost factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate and the input clock rate.

⁽⁷³⁾ This applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes only.

⁽⁷⁴⁾ This applies to non-DPA mode only.

⁽⁷⁵⁾ This is achieved by using the LVDS clock network.

⁽⁷⁶⁾ The F_{max} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{max} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design dependent and requires timing analysis.

⁽⁷⁷⁾ The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

HPS Clock Performance

Table 1-48: HPS Clock Performance for Arria V Devices

Symbol/Description	-I3	-C4	-C5, -I5	-C6	Unit
mpu_base_clk (microprocessor unit clock)	1050	925	800	700	MHz
main_base_clk (L3/L4 interconnect clock)	400	400	400	350	MHz
h2f_user0_clk	100	100	100	100	MHz
h2f_user1_clk	100	100	100	100	MHz
h2f_user2_clk	200	200	200	160	MHz

HPS PLL Specifications

HPS PLL VCO Frequency Range

Table 1-49: HPS PLL VCO Frequency Range for Arria V Devices

Description	Speed Grade	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
VCO range	-C5, -I5, -C6	320	1,600	MHz
	-C4	320	1,850	MHz
	-I3	320	2,100	MHz

HPS PLL Input Clock Range

The HPS PLL input clock range is 10 – 50 MHz. This clock range applies to both HPS_CLK1 and HPS_CLK2 inputs.

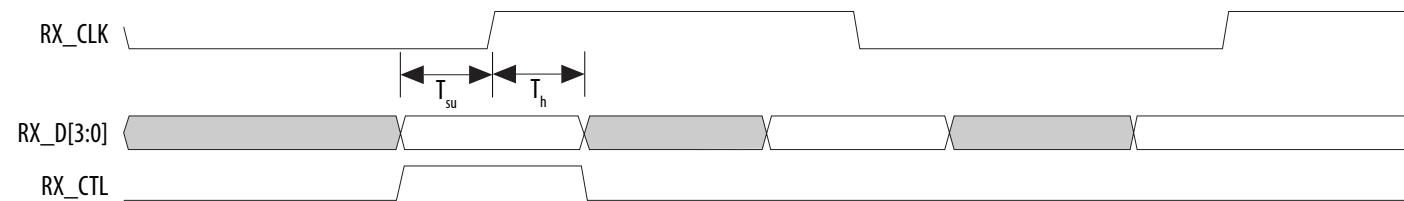
Related Information

[Clock Select, Booting and Configuration chapter](#)

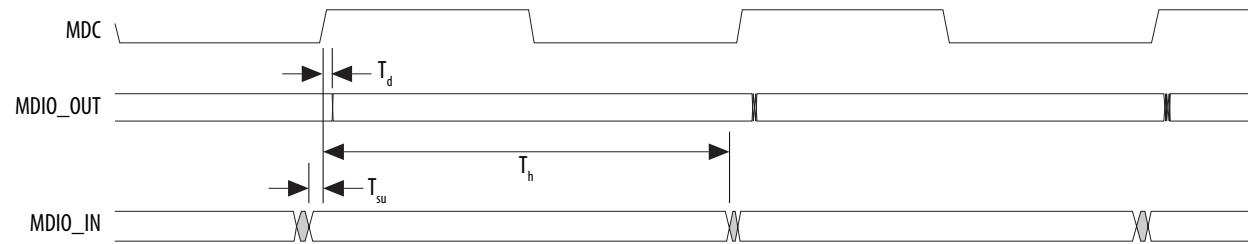
Provides more information about the clock range for different values of clock select (CSEL).

Table 1-57: RGMII RX Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Unit
T_{clk} (1000Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period	—	8	ns
T_{clk} (100Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period	—	40	ns
T_{clk} (10Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period	—	400	ns
T_{su}	RX_D/RX_CTL setup time	1	—	ns
T_h	RX_D/RX_CTL hold time	1	—	ns

Figure 1-14: RGMII RX Timing Diagram**Table 1-58: Management Data Input/Output (MDIO) Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices**

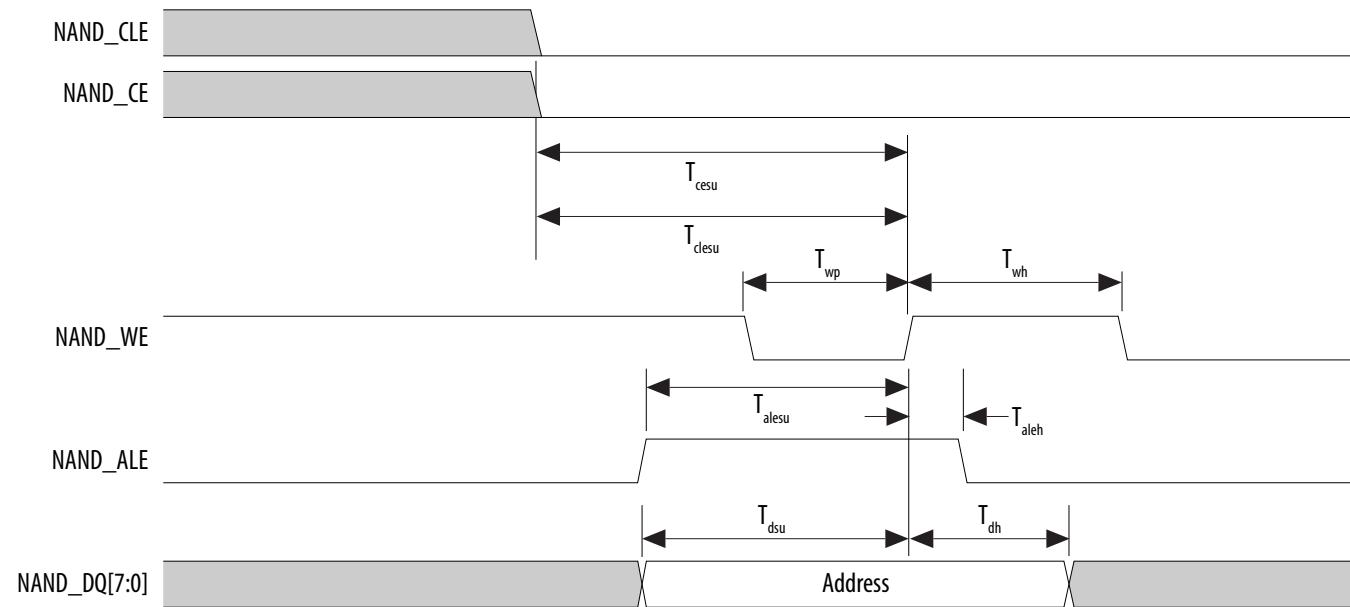
Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{clk}	MDC clock period	—	400	—	ns
T_d	MDC to MDIO output data delay	10	—	20	ns
T_s	Setup time for MDIO data	10	—	—	ns
T_h	Hold time for MDIO data	0	—	—	ns

Figure 1-15: MDIO Timing Diagram

I²C Timing Characteristics

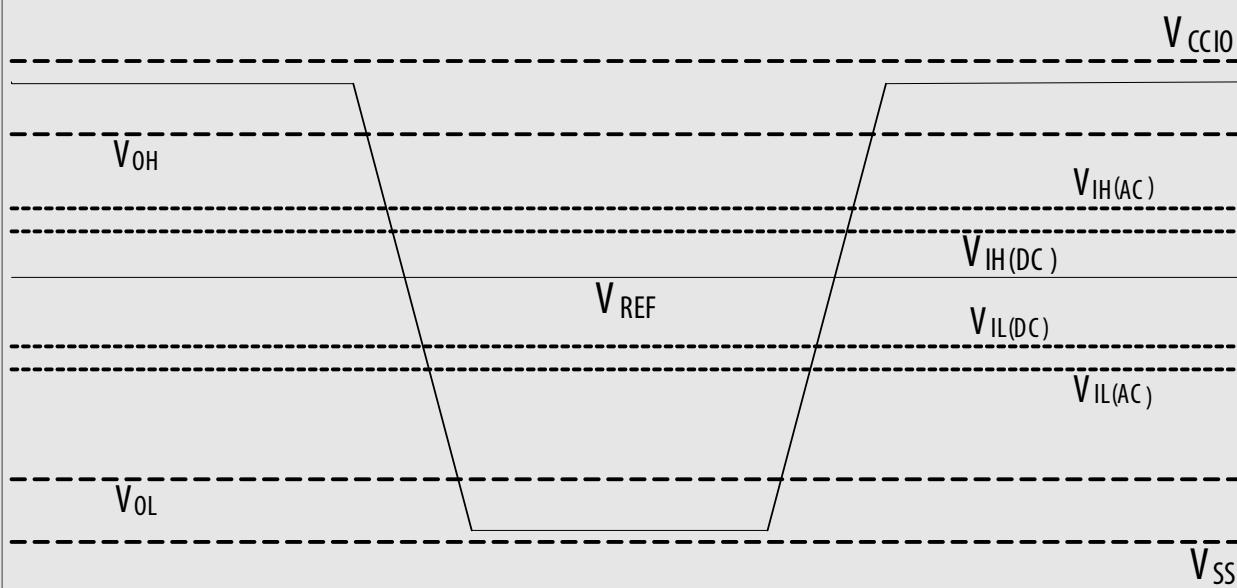
Table 1-59: I²C Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
T_{clk}	Serial clock (SCL) clock period	10	—	2.5	—	μs
$T_{clkhigh}$	SCL high time	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs
T_{clklow}	SCL low time	4	—	1.3	—	μs
T_s	Setup time for serial data line (SDA) data to SCL	0.25	—	0.1	—	μs
T_h	Hold time for SCL to SDA data	0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
T_d	SCL to SDA output data delay	—	0.2	—	0.2	μs
T_{su_start}	Setup time for a repeated start condition	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs
T_{hd_start}	Hold time for a repeated start condition	4	—	0.6	—	μs
T_{su_stop}	Setup time for a stop condition	4	—	0.6	—	μs

Figure 1-18: NAND Address Latch Timing Diagram

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁰⁸⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽¹⁰⁹⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Minimum Configuration Time (ms)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Minimum Configuration Time (ms)
Arria V GX	A1	4	100	178	16	125	36
	A3	4	100	178	16	125	36
	A5	4	100	255	16	125	51
	A7	4	100	255	16	125	51
	B1	4	100	344	16	125	69
	B3	4	100	344	16	125	69
	B5	4	100	465	16	125	93
	B7	4	100	465	16	125	93
Arria V GT	C3	4	100	178	16	125	36
	C7	4	100	255	16	125	51
	D3	4	100	344	16	125	69
	D7	4	100	465	16	125	93
Arria V SX	B3	4	100	465	16	125	93
	B5	4	100	465	16	125	93
Arria V ST	D3	4	100	465	16	125	93
	D5	4	100	465	16	125	93

Related Information[Configuration Files](#) on page 1-83⁽¹⁰⁸⁾ DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.⁽¹⁰⁹⁾ Maximum FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Term	Definition
Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	<p>The JEDEC standard for the SSTL and HSTL I/O defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state.</p> <p>The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform ringing.</p> <p>Single-Ended Voltage Referenced I/O Standard</p> 
t_C	High-speed receiver/transmitter input and output clock period.
TCCS (channel-to-channel-skew)	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including the t_{CO} variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the Timing Diagram figure under SW in this table).
t_{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_I	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I_{OUT}	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 2-3: Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Arria V GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in the following table. They may also undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC gain setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB

Related Information**Arria V Device Overview**

For more information about device ordering codes.

Transmitter**Table 2-25: Transmitter Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices**

Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Arria V Device Overview*.

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML							
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	9900	600	—	8800	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	12500	600	—	10312.5	Mbps

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL ⁽¹⁶¹⁾			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

Standard PCS Data Rate

Table 2-30: Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (Gbps) for Arria V GZ Devices

The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to the “Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering for Arria V GZ Devices” table for the transceiver speed grade.

Mode ⁽¹⁶⁴⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	9.9	9	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	8.8	8.2	7.2	6.56	4.8	4.3	3.84	3.44

⁽¹⁶¹⁾ ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

⁽¹⁶⁴⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Mode ⁽¹⁶⁴⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
Register	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	9.9	9	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.,5	3.92	3.6
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	8.8	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Related Information[Operating Conditions](#) on page 2-1**10G PCS Data Rate****Table 2-31: 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (Gbps) for Arria V GZ Devices**

Mode ⁽¹⁶⁵⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32
FIFO	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.69	10.3125	9.92	9.92
Register	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.69	10.3125	9.92	9.92

⁽¹⁶⁴⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

⁽¹⁶⁵⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period) ⁽²¹⁵⁾	—	—

Related Information

- [DCLK-to-DATA\[\] Ratio \(r\) for FPP Configuration](#) on page 2-57
- [Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices](#)

⁽²¹⁵⁾ To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the “Initialization” section of the *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices* chapter.