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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	17110
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	362000
Total RAM Bits	19822592
Number of I/O	544
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxfb3h4f35i5g

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum ⁽¹⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽¹⁾	Unit
		3.3 V	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		3.0 V	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
1 7	I/O buffers power supply	1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V_{CCIO}	1/O bullers power supply	1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
		1.35 V	1.283	1.35	1.418	V
		1.25 V	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
		1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _I	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V _O	Output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
Т	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	_	85	°C
T_{J}	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C
$t_{RAMP}^{(4)}$	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	_	100 ms	_
'RAMP'	Tower supply ramp time	Fast POR	200 μs	_	4 ms	_

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⁽¹⁾ The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

This is also applicable to HPS power supply. For HPS power supply, refer to t_{RAMP} specifications for standard POR when HPS_PORSEL = 0 and t_{RAMP} specifications for fast POR when HPS_PORSEL = 1.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Ca	Unit		
Зупівої	Description	Condition (v)	−I3, −C4	−I5, −C5	-C6	Offic
60- Ω and 120- Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25-Ω R _{S_left_shift}	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%

OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications

Table 1-9: OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Arria V Devices

This table lists the Arria V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Re	sistanceToleran	Unit	
Зуппоот	Description	Condition (v)	−I3, −C4	−I5, −C5	-C6	Offic
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{\text{CCIO}} = 3.0, 2.5$	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{\text{CCIO}} = 1.8, 1.5$	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	±35	±50	±50	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{\text{CCIO}} = 3.0, 2.5$	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{\text{CCIO}} = 1.8, 1.5$	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	$V_{\text{CCIO}} = 2.5$	±25	±40	±40	%

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Symbol/Description	Condition	Transc	eiver Speed C	Frade 4	Transc	eiver Speed G	Frade 6	Unit
Symbol/Description	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Offic
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew ⁽³⁹⁾	×N PMA bonded mode	_	_	500	_	_	500	ps

Table 1-24: CMU PLL Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver S	peed Grade 4	Transceiver S	peed Grade 6	Unit
Symbol/Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Offic
Supported data range	611	6553.6	611	3125	Mbps
fPLL supported data range	611	3125	611	3125	Mbps

Table 1-25: Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Spe	ed Grade 4 and 6	Unit
Symbol/Description	Min	Max	Onit
Interface speed (single-width mode)	25	187.5	MHz
Interface speed (double-width mode)	25	163.84	MHz

Related Information

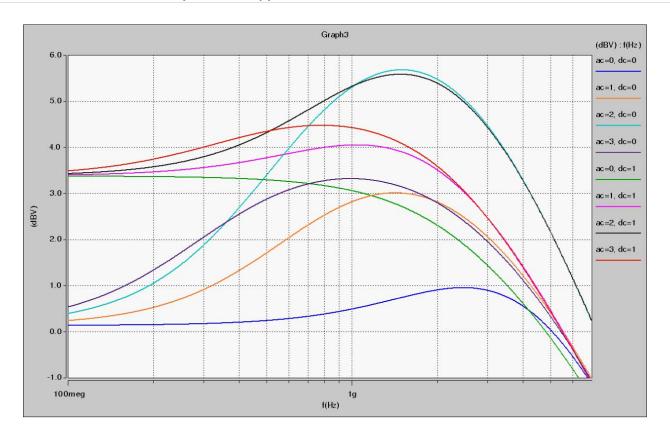
- CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain on page 1-35
- CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain on page 1-36
- Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines
 Provides more information about the power supply connection for different data rates.

Send Feedback

⁽³⁹⁾ This specification is only applicable to channels on one side of the device across two transceiver banks.

CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain

Figure 1-3: CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices



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For example, when V_{OD} = 800 mV, the corresponding V_{OD} value setting is 40. The following conditions show that the 1st post tap pre-emphasis setting = 2 is valid:

- $|B| + |C| \le 60 \Rightarrow 40 + 2 = 42$
- $|B| |C| > 5 \Rightarrow 40 2 = 38$
- $(V_{MAX}/V_{MIN} 1)\% < 600\% \rightarrow (42/38 1)\% = 10.52\%$

To predict the pre-emphasis level for your specific data rate and pattern, run simulations using the Arria V HSSI HSPICE models.

Table 1-33: Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria V Devices

Quartus Prime 1st		Quartus Prime V _{OD} Setting						
Post Tap Pre- Emphasis Setting	10 (200 mV)	20 (400 mV)	30 (600 mV)	35 (700 mV)	40 (800 mV)	45 (900 mV)	50 (1000 mV)	Unit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	dB
1	1.97	0.88	0.43	0.32	0.24	0.19	0.13	dB
2	3.58	1.67	0.95	0.76	0.61	0.5	0.41	dB
3	5.35	2.48	1.49	1.2	1	0.83	0.69	dB
4	7.27	3.31	2	1.63	1.36	1.14	0.96	dB
5	_	4.19	2.55	2.1	1.76	1.49	1.26	dB
6	_	5.08	3.11	2.56	2.17	1.83	1.56	dB
7	_	5.99	3.71	3.06	2.58	2.18	1.87	dB
8	_	6.92	4.22	3.47	2.93	2.48	2.11	dB
9	_	7.92	4.86	4	3.38	2.87	2.46	dB
10	_	9.04	5.46	4.51	3.79	3.23	2.77	dB
11	_	10.2	6.09	5.01	4.23	3.61	_	dB
12	_	11.56	6.74	5.51	4.68	3.97	_	dB
13	_	12.9	7.44	6.1	5.12	4.36	_	dB
14	_	14.44	8.12	6.64	5.57	4.76	_	dB
15	_	_	8.87	7.21	6.06	5.14	_	dB

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DSP Block Performance Specifications

Table 1-37: DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria V Devices

	Mode		Performance		Unit
	Mode		−I5, −C5	-C6	Onit
	Independent 9 × 9 multiplication	370	310	220	MHz
	Independent 18 × 19 multiplication	370	310	220	MHz
	Independent 18 × 25 multiplication	370	310	220	MHz
C	Independent 20 × 24 multiplication	370	310	220	MHz
Block	Independent 27 × 27 multiplication	310	250	200	MHz
	Two 18 × 19 multiplier adder mode	370	310	220	MHz
	18×18 multiplier added summed with 36-bit input	370	310	220	MHz
Modes using Two DSP Blocks	Complex 18 × 19 multiplication	370	310	220	MHz

Memory Block Performance Specifications

To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL and set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus Prime software to report timing for the memory block clocking schemes.

When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in f_{MAX} .

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High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1-40: High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria V Devices

When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block. When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

For LVDS applications, you must use the PLLs in integer PLL mode.

The Arria V devices support the following output standards using true LVDS output buffer types on all I/O banks.

- True RSDS output standard with data rates of up to 360 Mbps
- True mini-LVDS output standard with data rates of up to 400 Mbps

	Symbol		-I3, -C4			−I5, −C5			-C6			Unit
	Зупьоі	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Offic
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards		Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 ⁽⁷²⁾	5	_	800	5	_	750	5	_	625	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single-Ended I/O Standards ⁽⁷³⁾		Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 ⁽⁷²⁾	5	_	625	5	_	625	5	_	500	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (inp Single-Ended	f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single-Ended I/O Standards ⁽⁷⁴⁾		5	_	420	5	_	420	5	_	420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (d	f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)		5	_	625 ⁽⁷⁵⁾	5	_	625 ⁽⁷⁵⁾	5	_	500 ⁽⁷⁵⁾	MHz
Transmitter	True Differential I/O Standards - f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor $J = 3$ to $10^{(76)}$	(77)	_	1250	(77)	_	1250	(77)	_	1050	Mbps

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⁽⁷²⁾ Clock boost factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate and the input clock rate.

⁽⁷³⁾ This applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes only.

⁽⁷⁴⁾ This applies to non-DPA mode only.

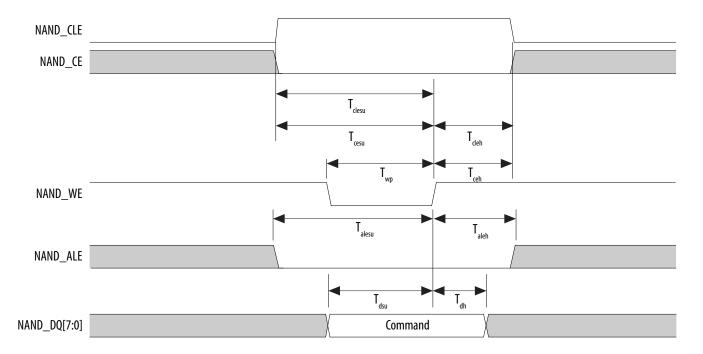
⁽⁷⁵⁾ This is achieved by using the LVDS clock network.

⁽⁷⁶⁾ The F_{max} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{max} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design dependent and requires timing analysis.

The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
$T_{dh}^{(89)}$	Data to write enable hold time	5	_	ns
T_{cea}	Chip enable to data access time	_	25	ns
T _{rea}	Read enable to data access time	_	16	ns
$T_{\rm rhz}$	Read enable to data high impedance	_	100	ns
T_{rr}	Ready to read enable low	20	_	ns

Figure 1-17: NAND Command Latch Timing Diagram



Date	Version	Changes
August 2013	3.5	Removed "Pending silicon characterization" note in Table 29.Updated Table 25.
August 2013	3.4	 Removed Preliminary tags for Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 9, Table 12, Table 13, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 22, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 26, Table 27, Table 28, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 36, Table 51, Table 53, Table 54, Table 55, Table 56, Table 57, Table 60, Table 62, and Table 64. Updated Table 1, Table 3, Table 11, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 22, Table 25, and Table 29.
June 2013	3.3	Updated Table 20, Table 21, Table 25, and Table 38.
May 2013	3.2	 Added Table 37. Updated Figure 8, Figure 9, Figure 20, Figure 22, and Figure 23. Updated Table 1, Table 5, Table 10, Table 13, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 23, Table 29, Table 39, Table 40, Table 46, Table 56, Table 57, Table 60, and Table 64. Updated industrial junction temperature range for -I3 speed grade in "PLL Specifications" section.
March 2013	3.1	 Added HPS reset information in the "HPS Specifications" section. Added Table 60. Updated Table 1, Table 3, Table 17, Table 20, Table 29, and Table 59. Updated Figure 21.

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Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{I}	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T_{J}	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I _{OUT}	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 2-3: Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Arria V GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	-0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in the following table. They may also undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.



Transceiver Power Supply Requirements

Table 2-7: Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements for Arria V GZ Devices

Conditions	VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB (122)	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:	1.05			
Data rate > 10.3 Gbps.DFE is used.				
If ANY of the following conditions are true (123):	1.0	3.0		
 ATX PLL is used. Data rate > 6.5Gbps. DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used. 			1.5	V
If ALL of the following conditions are true:	0.85	2.5		
ATX PLL is not used.				
 Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps. 				
DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.				

DC Characteristics

Supply Current

Standby current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting.

Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



⁽¹²²⁾ If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

⁽¹²³⁾ Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.

Table 2-19: Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING}	V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		$V_{X(AC)}(V)$			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)
i/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(127)	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(127)	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(127)	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

Table 2-20: Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{DIF(DC)} (V)			$V_{X(AC)}(V)$		V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
1/O Stailualu	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	ax Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.68	_	0.9	0.68	_	0.9	0.4	_



The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
Symbol/Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz	
	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) (141)	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz	
1,000 (022 11112)	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz	
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	dBc/Hz	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (142)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)	
R _{REF}	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	Ω	

Related Information

Arria V Device Overview

For more information about device ordering codes.

Transceiver Clocks

Table 2-23: Transceiver Clocks Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Arria V Device Overview*.



To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at

To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCIe at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at $100 MHz \times 100/f$.

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Trans	ceiver Spee	d Grade 2	Transc	eiver Spe	ed Grade 3	Unit	
symbol/ bescription	Collattions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ full bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV	
V _{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ half bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV	
V _{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV	
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ half bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV	
t _{LTR} (149)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs	
t _{LTD} (150)	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	μs	
t _{LTD_manual} (151)	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	μs	
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} (152)	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	μs	
Programmable equalization (AC Gain)	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	_	_	16	_	_	16	dB	

 $^{^{(149)}}$ t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

⁽¹⁵⁰⁾ t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high.

 t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.

 $t_{LTR_LTD_manual}$ is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{OUTPJ_IO} , (173), (175)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
COUTPJ_IO ,	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t(173) (175) (176)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ_IO} (173), (175), (176)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t (173) (175)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
t _{OUTCCJ_IO} (173), (175)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
+ (173) (175) (176)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
FOUTCCJ_IO * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_IO} (173), (175), (176) t _{CASC_OUTPJ_DC} (173), (177)	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLS (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
dK _{BIT}	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits

⁽¹⁷⁵⁾ The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in the "Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria V GZ Devices" table.

a. Upstream PLL: $0.59 \text{Mhz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL BW} < 1 \text{ MHz}$

b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz

This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05–0.95 must be \geq 1000 MHz.

⁽¹⁷⁷⁾ The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
k_{VALUE}	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	_
f_{RES}	Resolution of VCO frequency ($f_{INPFD} = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Related Information

- Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications on page 2-56
- DLL Range Specifications on page 2-53

DSP Block Specifications

Table 2-35: DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

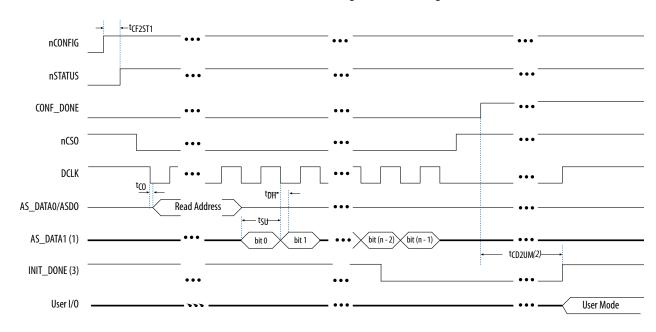
Mode	Performar	ice		Unit
Mode	C3, I3L	C4	14	Onit
Modes using One DSP Block				
Three 9 × 9	480	42	MHz	
One 18 × 18	480	420	MHz	
Two partial 18×18 (or 16×16)	480	420	MHz	
One 27 × 27	400	350		MHz
One 36 × 18	400	35	60	MHz
One sum of two 18×18 (One sum of two 16×16)	400	35	60	MHz
One sum of square	400	35	60	MHz
One 18×18 plus 36 (a × b) + c	400	35	60	MHz
Modes using Two DSP Blocks				
Three 18 × 18	400	35	60	MHz
One sum of four 18×18	380	30	00	MHz



Active Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 2-9: AS Configuration Timing

Timing waveform for the active serial (AS) x1 mode and AS x4 mode configuration timing.



Notes:

- 1. If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLKcycle.
- 2. The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin
- 3. After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin isconfigured into the device, the INIT_DONE ges low.

Table 2-58: AS Timing Parameters for AS x1 and AS x4 Configurations in Arria V GZ Devices

The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

 t_{CF2CD} , t_{CF2ST0} , t_{CFG} , t_{STATUS} , and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in the "PS Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices" table.



Table 2-60: PS Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t _{CF2CD}	nconfig low to conf_done low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nconfig low pulse width	2	_	μs
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 (217)	μs
t _{CF2ST1}	nconfig high to nstatus high	_	1,506 (218)	μs
t _{CF2CK} (219)	nconfig high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μs
t _{ST2CK} (219)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μs
$t_{ m DSU}$	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
$t_{\rm CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (220)	175	437	μs
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR})$ period) (221)	_	_

 $^{^{(217)}}$ This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nconfig or nstatus low pulse width.



⁽²¹⁸⁾ This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

⁽²¹⁹⁾ If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

⁽²²⁰⁾ The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

Programmable IOE Delay

Table 2-66: IOE Programmable Delay for Arria V GZ Devices

Parameter ⁽²²⁸⁾	Available		Min Offset (229)	Fast N		Unit			
	Settings	Willi Oliset	Industrial	Commercial	C 3	C4	I3L	14	Offic
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.924	1.011	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.459	0.503	0.456	0.500	ns
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.992	3.192	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.924	1.011	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.924	1.011	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.458	0.503	0.456	0.499	ns

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 2-67: Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Arria V GZ Devices

You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
$\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{OUTBUF}}$	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		50	ps
		100	ps
		150	ps



You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D4**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.

⁽²²⁹⁾ Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Glossary

Table 2-68: Glossary

