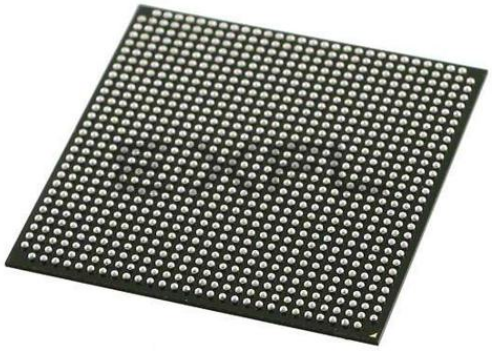


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	8962
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	190000
Total RAM Bits	13284352
Number of I/O	384
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxma5g4f31i5n

Contents

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 4			Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Run length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization AC and DC gain	AC gain setting = 0 to 3[38] DC gain setting = 0 to 1	Refer to CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices and CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices diagrams.						dB

Table 1-23: Transmitter Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 4			Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Supported I/O standards	1.5 V PCML							
Data rate	—	611	—	6553.6	611	—	3125	Mbps
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V_{OCM} (DC coupled)	≤ 3.2Gbps[32]	670	700	730	670	700	730	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85-Ω setting	—	85	—	—	85	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120	—	—	120	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150	—	—	150	—	Ω
Intra-differential pair skew	TX V_{CM} = 0.65 V (AC coupled) and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	180	—	—	180	ps

(37) The rate match FIFO supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
(38) The Quartus Prime software allows AC gain setting = 3 for design with data rate between 611 Mbps and 1.25 Gbps only.

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK phase noise(43)	10 Hz	—	—	–50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	–80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	–110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	–120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	–120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	–130	dBc/Hz
R_{REF}	—	—	2000 ±1%	—	Ω

Table 1-27: Transceiver Clocks Specifications for Arria V GT and ST Devices

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	MHz
Transceiver Reconfiguration Controller IP (mgmt_clk_clk) clock frequency	—	75	—	125	MHz

Table 1-28: Receiver Specifications for Arria V GT and ST Devices

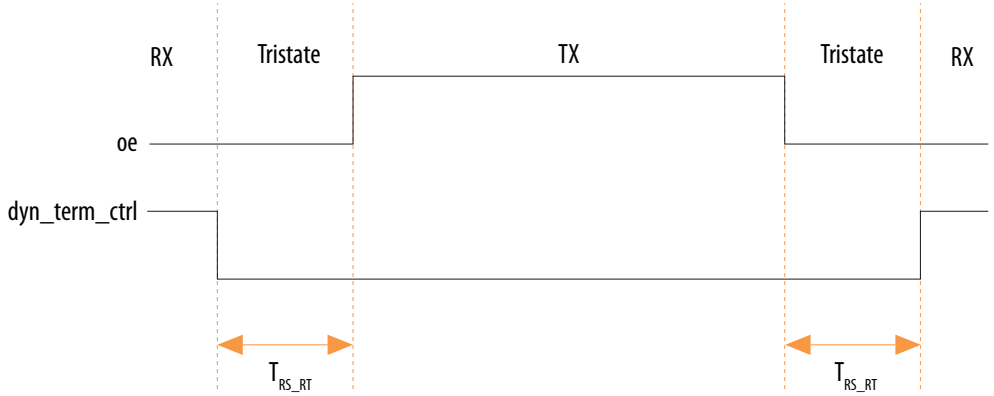
Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Supported I/O Standards	1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS				
Data rate (6-Gbps transceiver)(44)	—	611	—	6553.6	Mbps

(43) The transmitter REFCLK phase jitter is 30 ps p-p (5 ps RMS) with bit error rate (BER) 10^{-12}, equivalent to 14 sigma.
(44) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Symbol		Condition	–I3, –C4			–I5, –C5			–C6			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
	TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
		Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
Receiver	True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDRDPA}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J =3 to 10(76)	150	—	1250	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
		SERDES factor J ≥ 8 with DPA(76)(78)	150	—	1600	150	—	1500	150	—	1250	Mbps
	f_{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(77)	—	(83)	(77)	—	(83)	(77)	—	(83)	Mbps
		SERDES factor J = 1 to 2, uses DDR registers	(77)	—	(79)	(77)	—	(79)	(77)	—	(79)	Mbps
DPA Mode	DPA run length	—	—	—	10000	—	—	10000	—	—	10000	UI
Soft-CDR Mode	Soft-CDR ppm tolerance	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	±ppm
Non-DPA Mode	Sampling Window	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps

(83) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

Figure 1-7: Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals



Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 1-47: Worst-Case DCD on Arria V I/O Pins

The output DCD cycle only applies to the I/O buffer. It does not cover the system DCD.

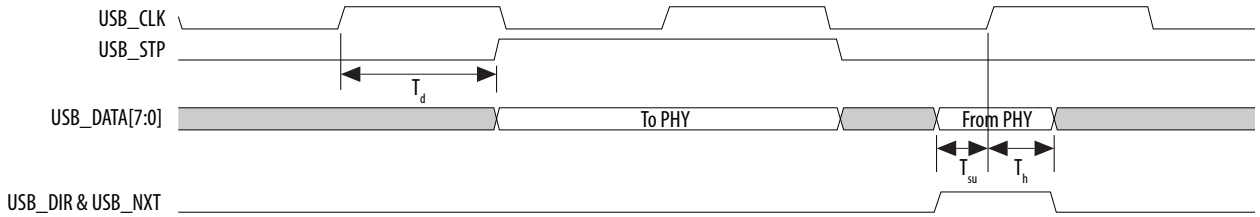
Symbol	–I3, –C4		–C5, –I5		–C6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

HPS Specifications

This section provides HPS specifications and timing for Arria V devices.

For HPS reset, the minimum reset pulse widths for the HPS cold and warm reset signals (HPS_nRST and HPS_nPOR) are six clock cycles of HPS_CLK1.

Figure 1-12: USB Timing Diagram

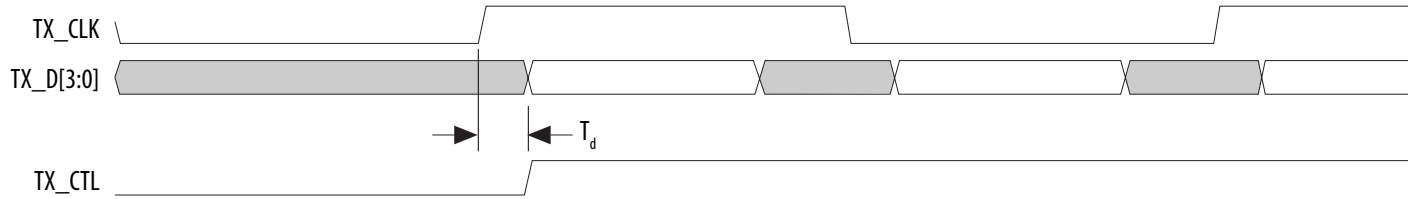


Ethernet Media Access Controller (EMAC) Timing Characteristics

Table 1-56: Reduced Gigabit Media Independent Interface (RGMII) TX Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{clk} (1000Base-T)	TX_CLK clock period	—	8	—	ns
T_{clk} (100Base-T)	TX_CLK clock period	—	40	—	ns
T_{clk} (10Base-T)	TX_CLK clock period	—	400	—	ns
$T_{dutycycle}$	TX_CLK duty cycle	45	—	55	%
T_d	TX_CLK to TXD/TX_CTL output data delay	–0.85	—	0.15	ns

Figure 1-13: RGMII TX Timing Diagram



Date	Version	Changes
August 2013	3.5	• Removed "Pending silicon characterization" note in Table 29. • Updated Table 25.
August 2013	3.4	• Removed Preliminary tags for Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 9, Table 12, Table 13, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 22, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 26, Table 27, Table 28, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 36, Table 51, Table 53, Table 54, Table 55, Table 56, Table 57, Table 60, Table 62, and Table 64. • Updated Table 1, Table 3, Table 11, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 22, Table 25, and Table 29.
June 2013	3.3	Updated Table 20, Table 21, Table 25, and Table 38.
May 2013	3.2	• Added Table 37. • Updated Figure 8, Figure 9, Figure 20, Figure 22, and Figure 23. • Updated Table 1, Table 5, Table 10, Table 13, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 23, Table 29, Table 39, Table 40, Table 46, Table 56, Table 57, Table 60, and Table 64. • Updated industrial junction temperature range for –I3 speed grade in "PLL Specifications" section.
March 2013	3.1	• Added HPS reset information in the "HPS Specifications" section. • Added Table 60. • Updated Table 1, Table 3, Table 17, Table 20, Table 29, and Table 59. • Updated Figure 21.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 2-9: Bus Hold Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{CCIO}										Unit
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	µA
High sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	–22.5	—	–25.0	—	–30.0	—	–50.0	—	–70.0	—	µA
Low overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	µA
High overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	–120	—	–160	—	–200	—	–300	—	–500	µA
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block.

Table 2-10: OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	—	0.4 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.6 × V_{CCIO}	0.3	V_{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5 × V_{CCIO} – 0.12	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO} + 0.12	0.4 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.6 × V_{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 2-21: Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V) (128)			V_{ID} (mV) (129)			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)			V_{OD} (V) (130)			V_{OCM} (V) (130)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to the "Transceiver Performance Specifications" section.														
2.5 V LVDS (131)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D_{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D_{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (132)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

(128) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.
(129) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
(130) RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
(131) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
(132) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V) [128]			V_{ID} (mV) [129]			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)			V_{OD} (V) [130]			V_{OCM} (V) [130]		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
RSDS (HIO) [133]	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) [134]	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL [135], [136]	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	$D_{MAX} \leq$ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	300	—	—	1	$D_{MAX} >$ 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

Related Information

Glossary on page 2-73

[128] Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.
[129] The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
[130] RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
[133] For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
[134] For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
[135] LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
[136] For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) (141)	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (142)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R_{REF}	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	Ω

Related Information

Arria V Device Overview
For more information about device ordering codes.

Transceiver Clocks

Table 2-23: Transceiver Clocks Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Arria V Device Overview*.

(141) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).

(142) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCIe at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.

Mode [164]	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
Register	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	9.9	9	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.,5	3.92	3.6
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	8.8	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Related Information

Operating Conditions on page 2-1

10G PCS Data Rate

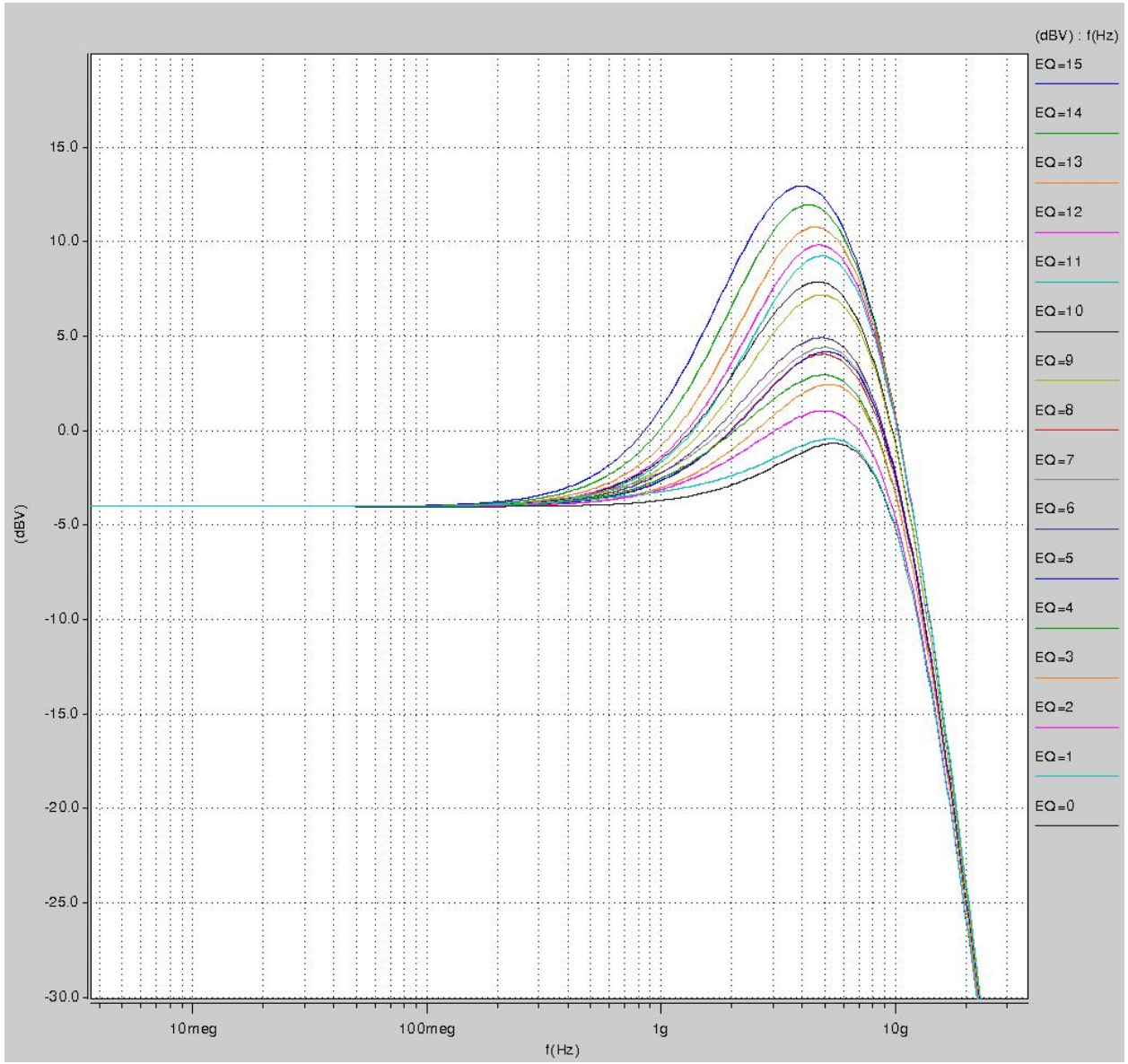
Table 2-31: 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (Gbps) for Arria V GZ Devices

Mode [165]	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32
FIFO	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.69	10.3125	9.92	9.92
Register	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.69	10.3125	9.92	9.92

(164) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

(165) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Figure 2-2: AC Gain Curves for Arria V GZ Channels (full bandwidth)



OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 2-51: OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the `dyn_term_ctrl` and `oe` signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (See the figure below.)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 2-6: Timing Diagram for `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` Signals

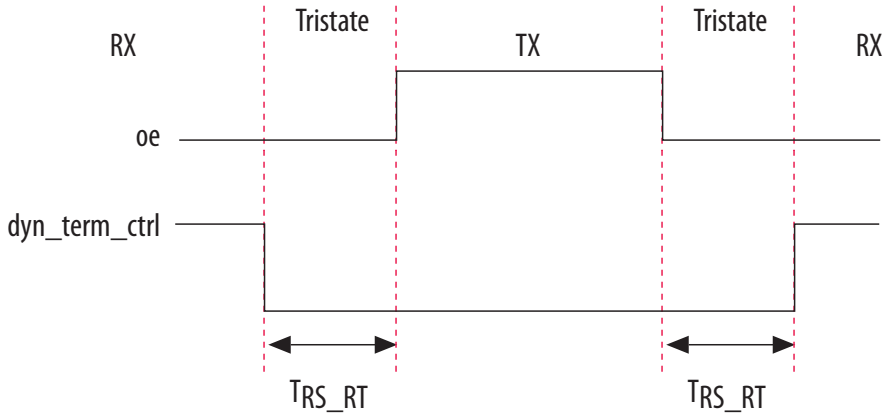


Table 2-55: DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for Arria V GZ Devices

Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Arria V GZ devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4
FPP ×32	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t_{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	4	ns
t_{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t_{H}	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (216)	175	437	µs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period)	—	—

Table 2-59: DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme

This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

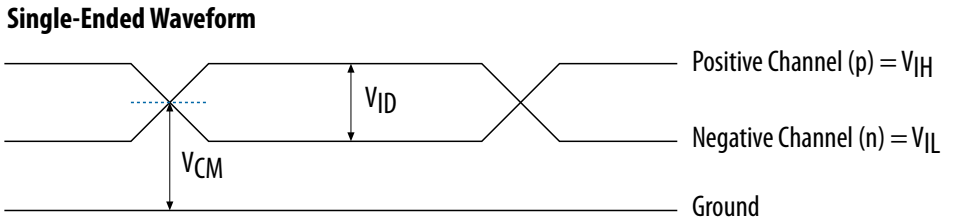
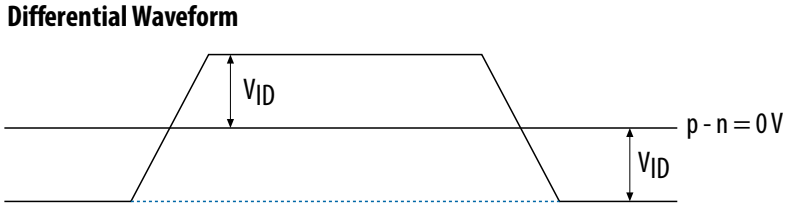
Related Information

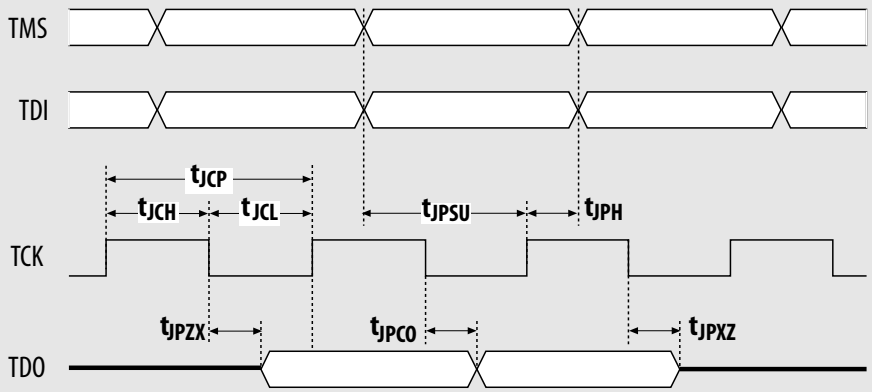
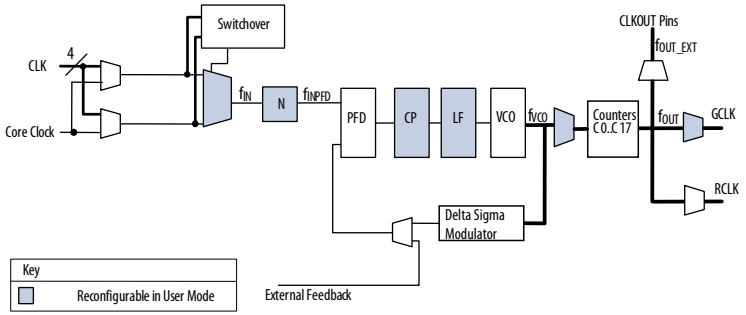
- **Passive Serial Configuration Timing** on page 2-67
- **Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices**

(216) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the "Initialization" section of the *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Arria V Devices* chapter.

Glossary

Table 2-68: Glossary

Term	Definition
Differential I/O Standards	Receiver Input Waveforms   Transmitter Output Waveforms

Term	Definition
JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications: 
PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications  Note: 1. Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.

Term	Definition
V_{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
V_{SWING}	Differential input voltage
V_X	Input differential cross point voltage
V_{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor

Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
February 2017	2017.02.10	• Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1” table. • Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. • Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS x1 and AS x4 Configurations in Arria V GZ Devices" table. • Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Arria V GZ Devices" table. • Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency for Arria V GZ Devices" table.

Date	Version	Changes
July 2014	3.8	• Updated Table 21. • Updated Table 22 V_{OCM} (DC Coupled) condition. • Updated the DCLK note to Figure 6, Figure 7, and Figure 9. • Added note to Table 5 and Table 6. • Added the DCLK specification to Table 50. • Added note to Table 51. • Updated the list of parameters in Table 53.
February 2014	3.7	Updated Table 28.
December 2013	3.6	• Updated Table 2, Table 13, Table 18, Table 19, Table 22, Table 30, Table 33, Table 37, Table 38, Table 45, Table 46, Table 47, Table 56, Table 49. • Updated "PLL Specifications".
August 2013	3.5	Updated Table 28.
August 2013	3.4	• Removed Preliminary tags for Table 2, Table 4, Table 5, Table 14, Table 27, Table 28, Table 29, Table 31, Table 32, Table 43, Table 45, Table 46, Table 47, Table 48, Table 49, Table 50, and Table 54. • Updated Table 2 and Table 28.
June 2013	3.3	Updated Table 23, Table 28, Table 51, and Table 55.
May 2013	3.2	• Added Table 23. • Updated Table 5, Table 22, Table 26, and Table 57. • Updated Figure 6, Figure 7, Figure 8, and Figure 9.
March 2013	3.1	• Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 19, Table 22, Table 26, Table 29, Table 52. • Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage".
December 2012	3.0	Initial release.