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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	14151
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	300000
Total RAM Bits	17358848
Number of I/O	704
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5agxmb1g4f40c5n

Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications

Table 1-15: Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	—	—	—

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL}[14] (mA)	I_{OH}[14] (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-12 Class I	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	8	–8
HSTL-12 Class II	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO}+ 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	16	–16
HSUL-12	—	V_{REF} – 0.13	V_{REF} + 0.13	—	V_{REF} – 0.22	V_{REF} + 0.22	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	—	—

Differential SSTL I/O Standards

Table 1-17: Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.2	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.2	0.62	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.175	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.175	0.5	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	[15]	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$
SSTL-135	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.18	[15]	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$

(14) To meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the SSTL15CI specification (8 mA), you should set the current strength settings to 8 mA. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications in the datasheet.

(15) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 4			Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew[39]	×*N* PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps

Table 1-24: CMU PLL Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 4		Transceiver Speed Grade 6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Supported data range	611	6553.6	611	3125	Mbps
fPLL supported data range	611	3125	611	3125	Mbps

Table 1-25: Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Arria V GX and SX Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 4 and 6		Unit
	Min	Max	
Interface speed (single-width mode)	25	187.5	MHz
Interface speed (double-width mode)	25	163.84	MHz

Related Information

- **CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain** on page 1-35
- **CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain** on page 1-36
- **Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines**
  Provides more information about the power supply connection for different data rates.

[39] This specification is only applicable to channels on one side of the device across two transceiver banks.

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate (10-Gbps transceiver)(44)	—	0.611	—	10.3125	Gbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin(45)	—	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	–0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration	—	—	—	2.2	V
Minimum differential eye opening at the receiver serial input pins(46)	—	100	—	—	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	—	750(47)/800	—	mV
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	≤ 3.2Gbps(48)	670	700	730	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85-Ω setting	85			Ω
	100-Ω setting	100			Ω
	120-Ω setting	120			Ω
	150-Ω setting	150			Ω
t_{LTR}(49)	—	—	—	10	µs
t_{LTD}(50)	—	4	—	—	µs

(45) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
(46) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that you have disabled the **Receiver Equalization** feature. If you enable the **Receiver Equalization** feature, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
(47) The AC coupled V_{ICM} is 750 mV for PCIe mode only.
(48) For standard protocol compliance, use AC coupling.
(49) t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
(50) t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the `rx_is_lockedtodata` signal goes high.

Table 1-31: Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Arria V GT and ST Devices

Symbol/Description	Transceiver Speed Grade 3		Unit
	Min	Max	
Interface speed (PMA direct mode)	50	153.6[56], 161[57]	MHz
Interface speed (single-width mode)	25	187.5	MHz
Interface speed (double-width mode)	25	163.84	MHz

Related Information

- **CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain** on page 1-35
- **CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain** on page 1-36

[56] The maximum frequency when core transceiver local routing is selected.
[57] The maximum frequency when core transceiver network routing (GCLK, RCLK, or PCLK) is selected.

Quartus Prime 1st Post Tap Pre-Emphasis Setting	Quartus Prime V_{OD} Setting							Unit
	10 (200 mV)	20 (400 mV)	30 (600 mV)	35 (700 mV)	40 (800 mV)	45 (900 mV)	50 (1000 mV)	
16	—	—	9.56	7.73	6.49	—	—	dB
17	—	—	10.43	8.39	7.02	—	—	dB
18	—	—	11.23	9.03	7.52	—	—	dB
19	—	—	12.18	9.7	8.02	—	—	dB
20	—	—	13.17	10.34	8.59	—	—	dB
21	—	—	14.2	11.1	—	—	—	dB
22	—	—	15.38	11.87	—	—	—	dB
23	—	—	—	12.67	—	—	—	dB
24	—	—	—	13.48	—	—	—	dB
25	—	—	—	14.37	—	—	—	dB
26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB
31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	dB

Related Information

SPICE Models for Altera Devices
Provides the Arria V HSSI HSPICE models.

Transceiver Compliance Specification

The following table lists the physical medium attachment (PMA) specification compliance of all supported protocol for Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices. For more information about the protocol parameter details and compliance specifications, contact your Altera Sales Representative.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency	–3 speed grade	5	—	800[61]	MHz
		–4 speed grade	5	—	800[61]	MHz
		–5 speed grade	5	—	750[61]	MHz
		–6 speed grade	5	—	625[61]	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Integer input clock frequency to the phase frequency detector (PFD)	—	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional input clock frequency to the PFD	—	50	—	160	MHz
f_{VCO}[62]	PLL voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) operating range	–3 speed grade	600	—	1600	MHz
		–4 speed grade	600	—	1600	MHz
		–5 speed grade	600	—	1600	MHz
		–6 speed grade	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	—	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock	–3 speed grade	—	—	500[63]	MHz
		–4 speed grade	—	—	500[63]	MHz
		–5 speed grade	—	—	500[63]	MHz
		–6 speed grade	—	—	400[63]	MHz

(61) This specification is limited in the Quartus Prime software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.

(62) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus Prime software takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.

(63) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or F_{OUT} of the PLL.

Table 1-57: RGMII RX Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Unit
T_{clk} (1000Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period	—	8	ns
T_{clk} (100Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period	—	40	ns
T_{clk} (10Base-T)	RX_CLK clock period	—	400	ns
T_{su}	RX_D/RX_CTL setup time	1	—	ns
T_h	RX_D/RX_CTL hold time	1	—	ns

Figure 1-14: RGMII RX Timing Diagram

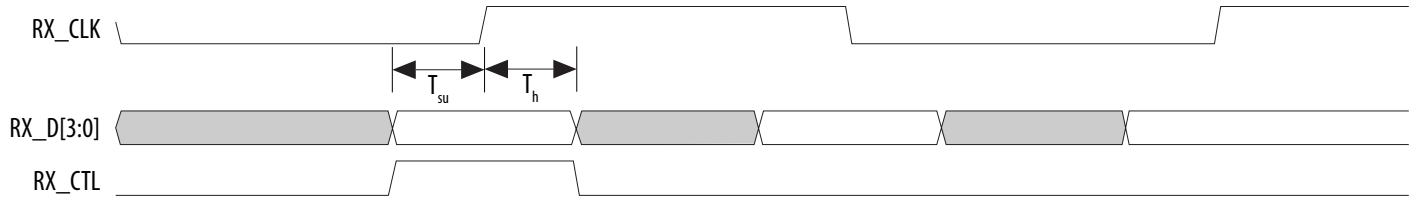
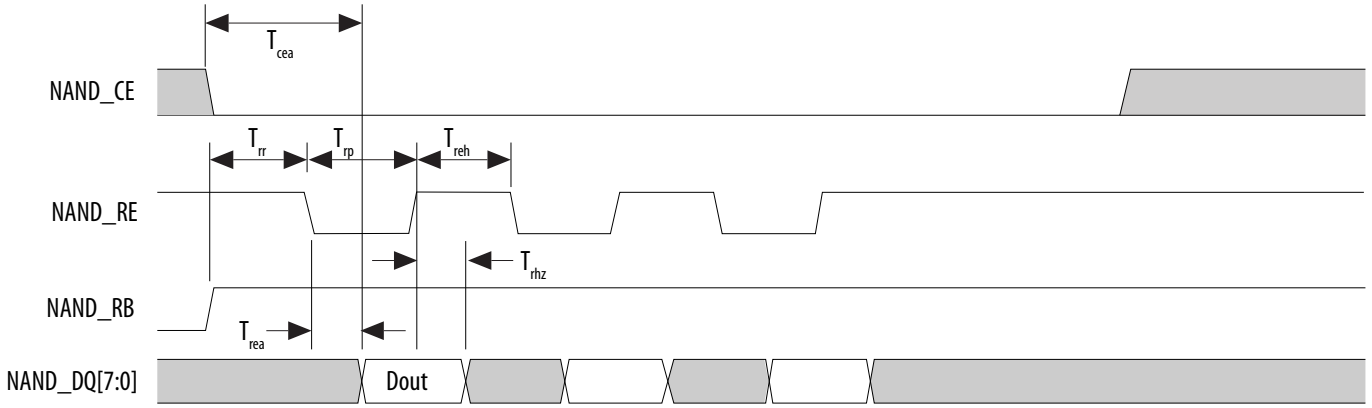


Table 1-58: Management Data Input/Output (MDIO) Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{clk}	MDC clock period	—	400	—	ns
T_d	MDC to MDIO output data delay	10	—	20	ns
T_s	Setup time for MDIO data	10	—	—	ns
T_h	Hold time for MDIO data	0	—	—	ns

Figure 1-20: NAND Data Read Timing Diagram



ARM Trace Timing Characteristics

Table 1-61: ARM Trace Timing Requirements for Arria V Devices

Most debugging tools have a mechanism to adjust the capture point of trace data.

Description	Min	Max	Unit
CLK clock period	12.5	—	ns
CLK maximum duty cycle	45	55	%
CLK to D0 –D7 output data delay	–1	1	ns

UART Interface

The maximum UART baud rate is 6.25 megasymbols per second.

GPIO Interface

The minimum detectable general-purpose I/O (GPIO) pulse width is 2 µs. The pulse width is based on a debounce clock frequency of 1 MHz.

Remote System Upgrades

Table 1-74: Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications for Arria V Devices

Parameter	Minimum	Unit
$t_{RU\_nCONFIG}$ (110)	250	ns
$t_{RU\_nRSTIMER}$ (111)	250	ns

Related Information

- **Remote System Upgrade State Machine**
  Provides more information about configuration reset (RU_CONFIG) signal.
- **User Watchdog Timer**
  Provides more information about reset_timer (RU_nRSTIMER) signal.

User Watchdog Internal Oscillator Frequency Specifications

Table 1-75: User Watchdog Internal Oscillator Frequency Specifications for Arria V Devices

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
User watchdog internal oscillator frequency	5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O timing and the Quartus Prime Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis.

(110) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE IP core high for the minimum timing specification.
(111) This is equivalent to strobing the reset timer input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE IP core high for the minimum timing specification.

Date	Version	Changes
July 2014	3.8	• Added a note in Table 3, Table 4, and Table 5: The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements. • Updated V_{CC_HPS} specification in Table 5. • Added a note in Table 19: Differential inputs are powered by V_{CCPD} which requires 2.5 V. • Updated "Minimum differential eye opening at the receiver serial input pins" specification in Table 20 and Table 21. • Updated description in "HPS PLL Specifications" section. • Updated VCO range maximum specification in Table 39. • Updated T_d and T_h specifications in Table 45. • Added T_h specification in Table 47 and Figure 13. • Updated a note in Figure 20, Figure 21, and Figure 23 as follows: Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required. • Removed "Remote update only in AS mode" specification in Table 58. • Added DCLK device initialization clock source specification in Table 60. • Added description in "Configuration Files" section: The IOCSR `.rbf` size is specifically for the Configuration via Protocol (CvP) feature. • Removed $f_{MAX\_RU\_CLK}$ specification in Table 63.
February 2014	3.7	• Updated $V_{CCRSTCLK\_HPS}$ maximum specification in Table 1. • Added $V_{CC\_AUX\_SHARED}$ specification in Table 1.
December 2013	3.6	• Added "HPS PLL Specifications". • Added Table 24, Table 39, and Table 40. • Updated Table 1, Table 3, Table 5, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 38, Table 41, Table 42, Table 43, Table 44, Table 45, Table 46, Table 47, Table 48, Table 49, Table 50, Table 51, Table 55, Table 56, and Table 59. • Updated Figure 7, Figure 13, Figure 15, Figure 16, and Figure 19. • Removed table: GPIO Pulse Width for Arria V Devices.

Arria V GZ Device Datasheet

2

2017.02.10

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This document covers the electrical and switching characteristics for Arria V GZ devices. Electrical characteristics include operating conditions and power consumption. Switching characteristics include transceiver specifications, core, and periphery performance. This document also describes I/O timing, including programmable I/O element (IOE) delay and programmable output buffer delay.

Related Information

Arria V Device Overview
For information regarding the densities and packages of devices in the Arria V GZ family.

Electrical Characteristics

Operating Conditions

When you use Arria V GZ devices, they are rated according to a set of defined parameters. To maintain the highest possible performance and reliability of Arria V GZ devices, you must consider the operating requirements described in this datasheet.

Arria V GZ devices are offered in commercial and industrial temperature grades.

Commercial devices are offered in –3 (fastest) and –4 core speed grades. Industrial devices are offered in –3L and –4 core speed grades. Arria V GZ devices are offered in –2 and –3 transceiver speed grades.

Table 2-1: Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering for Arria V GZ Devices

C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
			C3, I3L	C4, I4	
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±50	±50	%
50-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R_D	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	%

Figure 2-1: OCT Variation Without Re-Calibration for Arria V GZ Devices

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL}\left(1 + \left(\frac{dR}{dT} \times \triangle T\right) \pm \left(\frac{dR}{dV} \times \triangle V\right)\right)$$

Notes:
1. The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO}.
2. R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
3. ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
4. ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
5. dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
6. dR/dV is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with voltage.

Table 2-12: OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Arria V GZ Devices

Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of ±5% and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

I/O Standard Specifications

The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

Table 2-16: Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	–2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	–0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	–1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCIO} – 0.45	2	–2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	–2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	–2

Table 2-17: Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × VCCIO	0.51 × V_{CCIO}

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal (138)	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal (138)	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express ®(PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX}	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1000/900/850 (139)			1000/900/850 (139)			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (140)			1.0/0.9/0.85(140)			mV
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

(138) REFCLK performance requires to meet transmitter REFCLK phase noise specification.
(139) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the V_{CCR_GXB} power supply level.
(140) This supply follows VCCR_GXB

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC gain setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC gain setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB

Related Information

Arria V Device Overview
For more information about device ordering codes.

Transmitter

Table 2-25: Transmitter Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Arria V Device Overview*.

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML							
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	9900	600	—	8800	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	12500	600	—	10312.5	Mbps

Symbol/Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Supported data rate range	VCO post-divider L = 2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	10312.5	Mbps
	L = 4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L = 8 (155)	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (156)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (157)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs

Related Information

- **Arria V Device Overview**
  For more information about device ordering codes.
- **Transceiver Clocking in Arria V Devices**
  For more information about clocking ATX PLLs.
- **Dynamic Reconfiguration in Arria V Devices**
  For more information about reconfiguring ATX PLLs.

Fractional PLL

Table 2-28: Fractional PLL Specifications for Arria V GZ Devices

Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Arria V Device Overview*.

(155) This clock can be further divided by central or local clock dividers making it possible to use ATX PLL for data rates < 1 Gbps. For more information about ATX PLLs, refer to the Transceiver Clocking in Arria V Devices chapter and the Dynamic Reconfiguration in Arria V Devices chapter.
(156) $t_{pll\_powerdown}$ is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
(157) t_{pll_lock} is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL [161]			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

Standard PCS Data Rate

Table 2-30: Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (Gbps) for Arria V GZ Devices

The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to the "Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering for Arria V GZ Devices" table for the transceiver speed grade.

Mode [164]	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	9.9	9	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	8.8	8.2	7.2	6.56	4.8	4.3	3.84	3.44

[161] ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

[164] The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Mode [164]	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
Register	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	9.9	9	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.,5	3.92	3.6
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	8.8	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Related Information

Operating Conditions on page 2-1

10G PCS Data Rate

Table 2-31: 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (Gbps) for Arria V GZ Devices

Mode [165]	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32
FIFO	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.69	10.3125	9.92	9.92
Register	2	C3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.69	10.3125	9.92	9.92

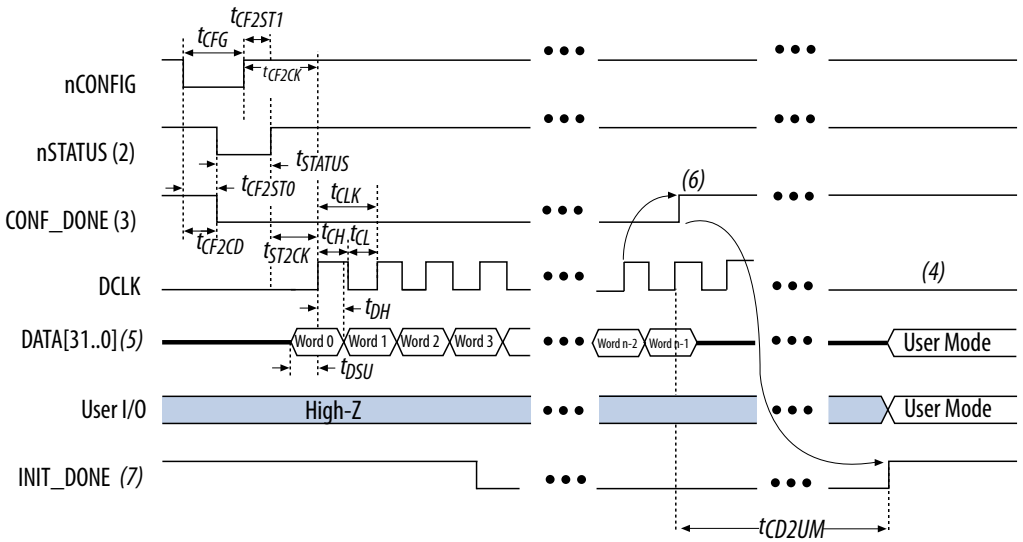
(164) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

(165) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK to DATA[] = 1

Figure 2-7: FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1

Timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX® II or MAX V device as an external host.



Notes:
1. The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
2. After power-up, the Arria V GZ device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
3. After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
4. Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
5. For FPP ×16, use DATA[15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA[7..0]. DATA[31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
6. To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Arria V GZ device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Arria V GZ device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
7. After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.