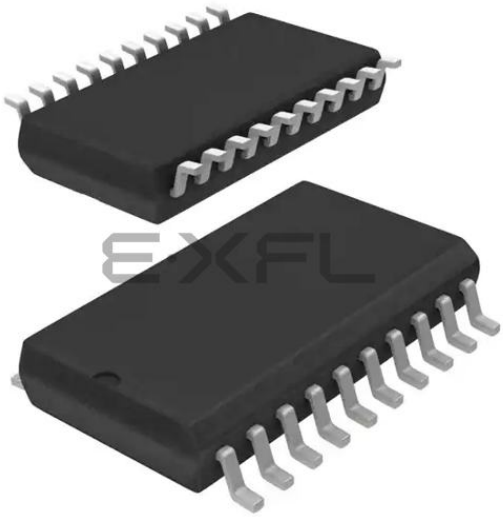

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	STM8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	640 x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.95V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 5x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SO
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8s103f2m6tr

List of tables

Independent watchdog timer

The independent watchdog peripheral can be used to resolve processor malfunctions due to hardware or software failures.

It is clocked by the 128 kHz LSI internal RC clock source, and thus stays active even in case of a CPU clock failure

The IWDG time base spans from 60 µs to 1 s.

4.8 Auto wakeup counter

- Used for auto wakeup from active halt mode,
- Clock source: Internal 128 kHz internal low frequency RC oscillator or external clock,
- LSI clock can be internally connected to TIM1 input capture channel 1 for calibration.

4.9 Beeper

The beeper function outputs a signal on the BEEP pin for sound generation. The signal is in the range of 1, 2 or 4 kHz.

The beeper output port is only available through the alternate function remap option bit AFR7.

4.10 TIM1 - 16-bit advanced control timer

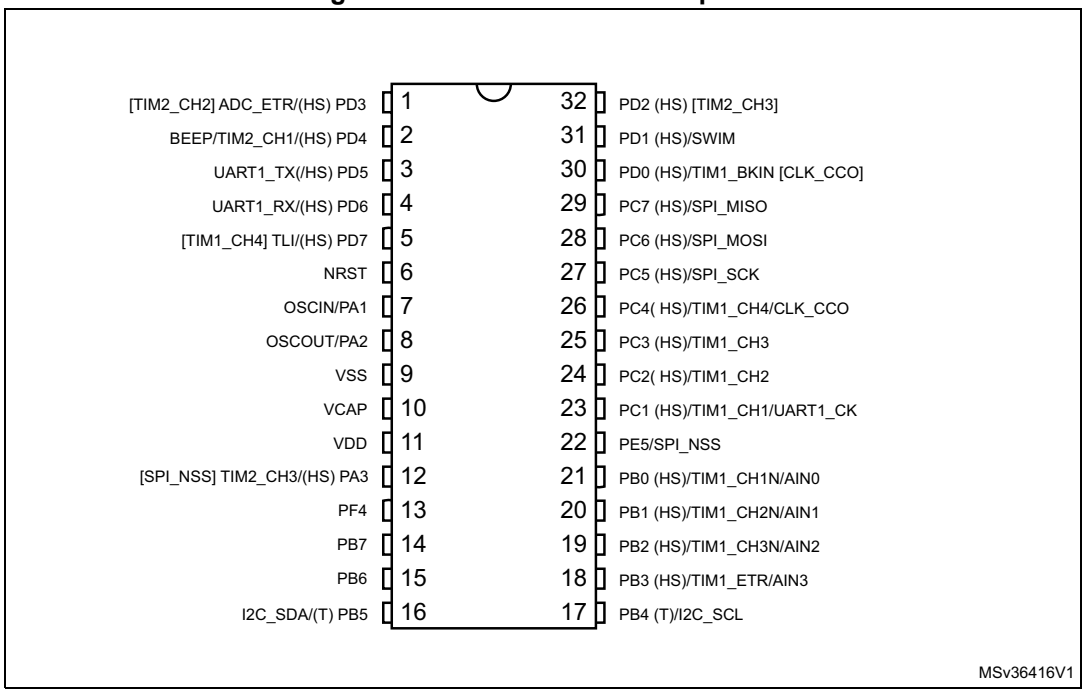
This is a high-end timer designed for a wide range of control applications. With its complementary outputs, dead-time control and center-aligned PWM capability, the field of applications is extended to motor control, lighting and half-bridge driver

- 16-bit up, down and up/down autoreload counter with 16-bit prescaler
- Four independent capture/compare channels (CAPCOM) configurable as input capture, output compare, PWM generation (edge and center aligned mode) and single pulse mode output
- Synchronization module to control the timer with external signals
- Break input to force the timer outputs into a defined state
- Three complementary outputs with adjustable dead time
- Encoder mode
- Interrupt sources: 3 x input capture/output compare, 1 x overflow/update, 1 x break

4.11 TIM2 - 16-bit general purpose timer

- 16-bit auto reload (AR) up-counter
- 15-bit prescaler adjustable to fixed power of 2 ratios 1…32768
- 3 individually configurable capture/compare channels
- PWM mode
- Interrupt sources: 3 x input capture/output compare, 1 x overflow/update

Figure 4. STM8S103K3 SDIP32 pinout



1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to V_{DD} not implemented).
3. [ ] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

Table 5. STM8S103K3 pin descriptions

SDIP32	LQFP/ UFQFP32	Pin name	Type	Input			Output				Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]
				floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink(1)	Speed	OD	PP			
6	1	NRST	I/O	-	**X**	-	-	-	-	-	Reset		-
7	2	PA1/ OSCIN(2)	I/O	**X**	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port A1	Resonator/ crystal in	-
8	3	PA2/ OSCOUT	I/O	**X**	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port A2	Resonator/ crystal out	-
9	4	VSS	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Digital ground		-
10	5	VCAP	S	-	-	-	-	-	-		1.8 V regulator capacitor		-
11	6	VDD	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Digital power supply		-
12	7	PA3/ TIM2_CH3 [SPI_NSS]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port A3	Timer 2 channel 3	SPI master/ slave select [AFR1]
13	8	PF4	I/O	**X**	X	-	-	O1	X	X	Port F4	-	-
14	9	PB7	I/O	**X**	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port B7	-	-

Table 5. STM8S103K3 pin descriptions (continued)

SDIP32	LQFP/ UFQFP32	Pin name	Type	Input			Output				Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]
				floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink(1)	Speed	OD	PP			
29	24	PC7/ SPI_MISO	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C7	SPI master in/ slave out	-
30	25	PD0/ TIM1_BKIN [CLK_CCO]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D0	Timer 1 - break input	Configurable clock output [AFR5]
31	26	PD1/ SWIM(4)	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O4	X	X	Port D1	SWIM data interface	-
32	27	PD2 [TIM2_CH3]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D2	-	Timer 2 - channel 3[AFR1]
1	28	PD3/ TIM2_CH2/ ADC_ETR	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D3	Timer 2 - channel 2/ADC external trigger	-
2	29	PD4/BEEP/ TIM2_CH1	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D4	Timer 2 - channel 1/BEEP output	-
3	30	PD5/ UART1_TX	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D5	UART1 data transmit	-
4	31	PD6/ UART1_RX	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D6	UART1 data receive	-
5	32	PD7/ TLI [TIM1_CH4]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D7	Top level interrupt	Timer 1 - channel 4 [AFR6]

1. I/O pins used simultaneously for high current source/sink must be uniformly spaced around the package. In addition, the total driven current must respect the absolute maximum ratings (see *Section 10: Electrical characteristics*).
2. When the MCU is in Halt/Active-halt mode, PA1 is automatically configured in input weak pull-up and cannot be used for waking up the device. In this mode, the output state of PA1 is not driven. It is recommended to use PA1 only in input mode if Halt/Active-halt is used in the application.
3. In the open-drain output column, “T” defines a true open-drain I/O (P-buffer, weak pull-up, and protection diode to V_{DD} are not implemented).
4. The PD1 pin is in input pull-up during the reset phase and after internal reset release.

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5300	TIM2	TIM2_CR1	TIM2 control register 1	0x00
0x00 5301		Reserved		
0x00 5302		Reserved		
0x00 5303		TIM2_IER	TIM2 Interrupt enable register	0x00
0x00 5304		TIM2_SR1	TIM2 status register 1	0x00
0x00 5305		TIM2_SR2	TIM2 status register 2	0x00
0x00 5306		TIM2_EGR	TIM2 event generation register	0x00
0x00 5307		TIM2_CCMR1	TIM2 capture/compare mode register 1	0x00
0x00 5308		TIM2_CCMR2	TIM2 capture/compare mode register 2	0x00
0x00 5309		TIM2_CCMR3	TIM2 capture/compare mode register 3	0x00
0x00 530A		TIM2_CCER1	TIM2 capture/compare enable register 1	0x00
0x00 530B		TIM2_CCER2	TIM2 capture/compare enable register 2	0x00
0x00 530C		TIM2_CNTRH	TIM2 counter high	0x00
0x00 530D		TIM2_CNTRL	TIM2 counter low	0x00
0x00 530E		TIM2_PSCR	IM2 prescaler register	0x00
0x00 530F		TIM2_ARRH	TIM2 auto-reload register high	0xFF
0x00 5310		TIM2_ARRL	TIM2 auto-reload register low	0xFF
0x00 5311		TIM2_CCR1H	TIM2 capture/compare register 1 high	0x00
0x00 5312		TIM2_CCR1L	TIM2 capture/compare register 1 low	0x00
0x00 5313		TIM2_CCR2H	TIM2 capture/compare reg. 2 high	0x00
0x00 5314		TIM2_CCR2L	TIM2 capture/compare register 2 low	0x00
0x00 5315		TIM2_CCR3H	TIM2 capture/compare register 3 high	0x00
0x00 5316		TIM2_CCR3L	TIM2 capture/compare register 3 low	0x00
0x00 5317 to 0x00 533F	Reserved area (43 byte)			

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5400	ADC1 cont'd	ADC_CSR	ADC control/status register	0x00
0x00 5401		ADC_CR1	ADC configuration register 1	0x00
0x00 5402		ADC_CR2	ADC configuration register 2	0x00
0x00 5403		ADC_CR3	ADC configuration register 3	0x00
0x00 5404		ADC_DRH	ADC data register high	0xXX
0x00 5405		ADC_DRL	ADC data register low	0xXX
0x00 5406		ADC_TDRH	ADC Schmitt trigger disable register high	0x00
0x00 5407		ADC_TDRL	ADC Schmitt trigger disable register low	0x00
0x00 5408		ADC_HTRH	ADC high threshold register high	0x03
0x00 5409		ADC_HTRL	ADC high threshold register low	0xFF
0x00 540A		ADC_LTRH	ADC low threshold register high	0x00
0x00 540B		ADC_LTRL	ADC low threshold register low	0x00
0x00 540C		ADC_AWSRH	ADC analog watchdog status register high	0x00
0x00 540D		ADC_AWSRL	ADC analog watchdog status register low	0x00
0x00 540E		ADC _AWCRH	ADC analog watchdog control register high	0x00
0x00 540F		ADC_AWCRL	ADC analog watchdog control register low	0x00
0x00 5410 to 0x00 57FF	Reserved area (1008 byte)			

1. Depends on the previous reset source.
2. Write-only register.

7 Interrupt vector mapping

Table 10. Interrupt mapping

IRQ no.	Source block	Description	Wakeup from halt mode	Wakeup from active-halt mode	Vector address
-	RESET	Reset	Yes	Yes	0x00 8000
-	TRAP	Software interrupt	-	-	0x00 8004
0	TLI	External top level interrupt	-	-	0x00 8008
1	AWU	Auto wake up from halt	-	Yes	0x00 800C
2	CLK	Clock controller	-	-	0x00 8010
3	EXTI0	Port A external interrupts	Yes(1)	Yes(1)	0x00 8014
4	EXTI1	Port B external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8018
5	EXTI2	Port C external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 801C
6	EXTI3	Port D external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8020
7	EXTI4	Port E external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8024
8	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8028
9	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 802C
10	SPI	End of transfer	Yes	Yes	0x00 8030
11	TIM1	TIM1 update/ overflow/ underflow/ trigger/ break	-	-	0x00 8034
12	TIM1	TIM1 capture/ compare	-	-	0x00 8038
13	TIM2	TIM2 update/ overflow	-	-	0x00 803C
14	TIM2	TIM2 capture/ compare	-	-	0x00 8040
15	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8044
16	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8048
17	UART1	Tx complete	-	-	0x00 804C
18	UART1	Receive register DATA FULL	-	-	0x00 8050
19	I2C	I2C interrupt	Yes	Yes	0x00 8054
20	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8058

Table 10. Interrupt mapping (continued)

IRQ no.	Source block	Description	Wakeup from halt mode	Wakeup from active-halt mode	Vector address
21	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 805C
22	ADC1	ADC1 end of conversion/ analog watchdog interrupt	-	-	0x00 8060
23	TIM4	TIM4 update/ overflow	-	-	0x00 8064
24	Flash	EOP/WR_PG_DIS	-	-	0x00 8068
Reserved					0x00 806C to 0x00 807C

1. Except PA1.

Table 12. Option byte description (continued)

Option byte no.	Description
OPT4	**EXTCLK:** External clock selection 0: External crystal connected to OSCIN/OSCOUT 1: External clock signal on OSCIN
	CKAWUSEL: Auto wake-up unit/clock 0: LSI clock source selected for AWU 1: HSE clock with prescaler selected as clock source for AWU
	PRSC[1:0] AWU clock prescaler 0x: 16 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler 10: 8 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler 11: 4 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler
OPT5	**HSECNT[7:0]:** HSE crystal oscillator stabilization time 0x00: 2048 HSE cycles 0xB4: 128 HSE cycles 0xD2: 8 HSE cycles 0xE1: 0.5 HSE cycles

8.1 Alternate function remapping bits

Table 13. STM8S103K3 alternate function remapping bits for 32-pin devices

Option byte no.	Description(1)
OPT2	**AFR7** Alternate function remapping option 7 Reserved.
	AFR6 Alternate function remapping option 6 0: AFR6 remapping option inactive: Default alternate function.(2) 1: Port D7 alternate function = TIM1_CH4.
	AFR5 Alternate function remapping option 5 0: AFR5 remapping option inactive: Default alternate function.(2) 1: Port D0 alternate function = CLK_CCO.
	AFR[4:2] Alternate function remapping options 4:2 Reserved.
	AFR1 Alternate function remapping option 1 0: AFR1 remapping option inactive: Default alternate functions.(2) 1: Port A3 alternate function = SPI_NSS; port D2 alternate function = TIM2_CH3.
	AFR0 Alternate function remapping option 0 Reserved.

1. Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.
2. Refer to pinout description.

Table 17. Current characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Ratings	Max.(1)	Unit
$I_{INJ(PIN)}$ (3) (4)	Injected current on NRST pin	±4	mA
	Injected current on OSCIN pin	±4	
	Injected current on any other pin(5)	±4	
ΣI_{INJ}(3)	Total injected current (sum of all I/O and control pins)(5)	±20	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. All power (V_{DD}) and ground (V_{SS}) pins must always be connected to the external supply.
3. I_{INJ} must never be exceeded. This condition is implicitly insured if V_{IN} maximum is respected. If V_{IN} maximum cannot be respected, the injection current must be limited externally to the $I_{INJ(PIN)}$ value. A positive injection is induced by $V_{IN} > V_{DD}$ while a negative injection is induced by $V_{IN} < V_{SS}$. For true open-drain pads, there is no positive injection current allowed and the corresponding V_{IN} maximum must always be respected.
4. ADC accuracy vs. negative injection current: Injecting negative current on any of the analog input pins should be avoided as this significantly reduces the accuracy of the conversion being performed on another analog input. It is recommended to add a Schottky diode (pin to ground) to standard analog pins which may potentially inject negative current. Any positive injection current within the limits specified for IINJ(PIN) and $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$ in the I/O port pin characteristics section does not affect the ADC accuracy.
5. When several inputs are submitted to a current injection, the maximum $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$ is the absolute sum of the positive and negative injected currents (instantaneous values). These results are based on characterization with $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$ maximum current injection on four I/O port pins of the device.

Table 18. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Ratings	Value	Unit
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
T_J	Maximum junction temperature	150	

10.3 Operating conditions

Table 19. General operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{CPU}	Internal CPU clock frequency	-	0	16	MHz
V_{DD}	Standard operating voltage	-	2.95	5.5	V
V_{CAP}(1)	C_{EXT}: capacitance of external capacitor	-	470	3300	nF
	ESR of external capacitor	at 1 MHz(2)	-	0.3	Ω
	ESL of external capacitor		-	15	nH
P_D(3)	Power dissipation at T_A = 75 °C for suffix 6	TSSOP20	-	238	mW
		SO20W	-	220	
		UFQFPN20	-	220	
		LQFP32	-	330	
		UFQFPN32	-	526	
		SDIP32	-	330	

Figure 12. Typ $I_{DD(RUN)}$ vs. V_{DD} HSE user external clock, f_{CPU} = 16 MHz

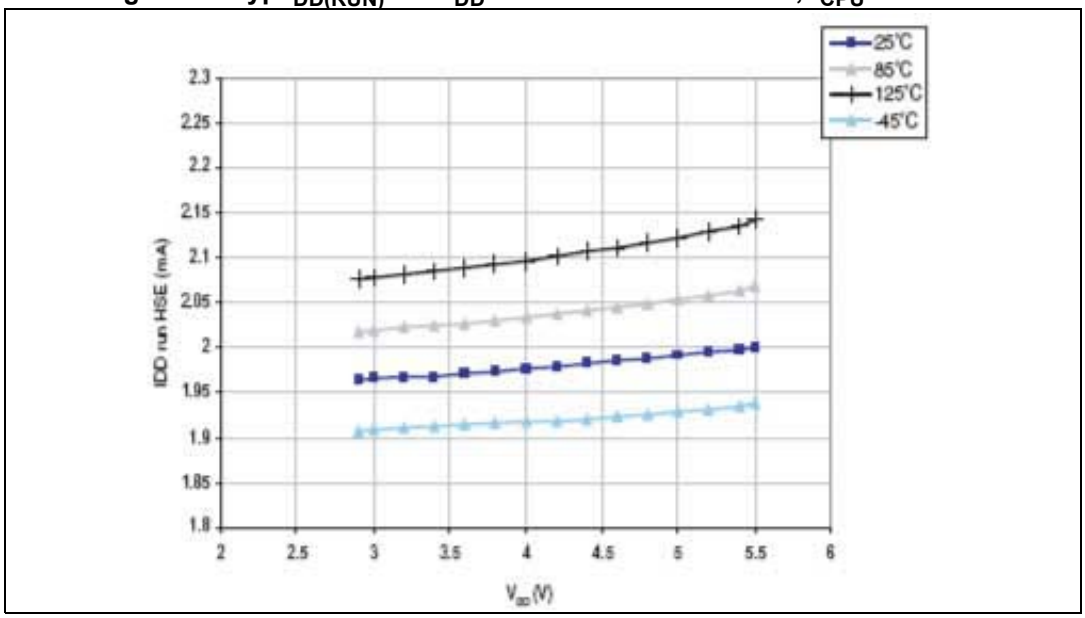


Figure 13. Typ $I_{DD(RUN)}$ vs. f_{CPU} HSE user external clock, V_{DD} = 5 V

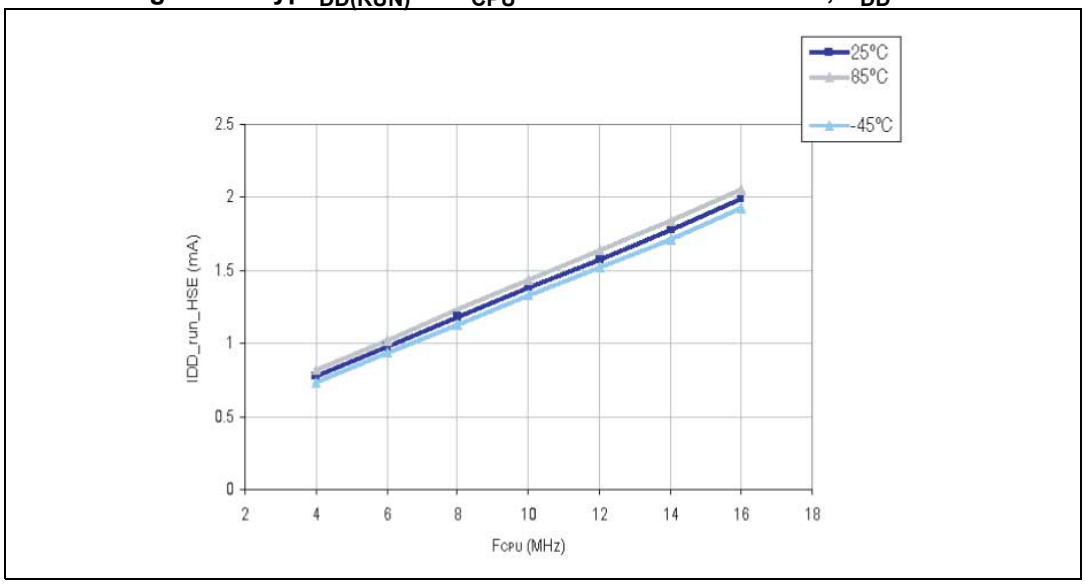


Figure 14. Typ $I_{DD(RUN)}$ vs. V_{DD} HSI RC osc, f_{CPU} = 16 MHz

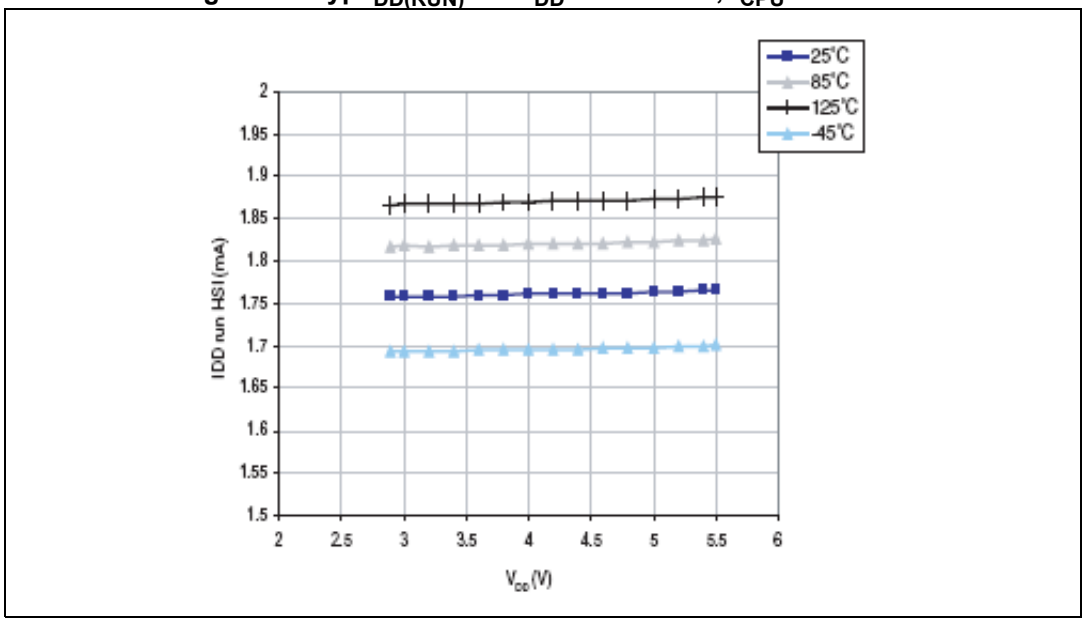
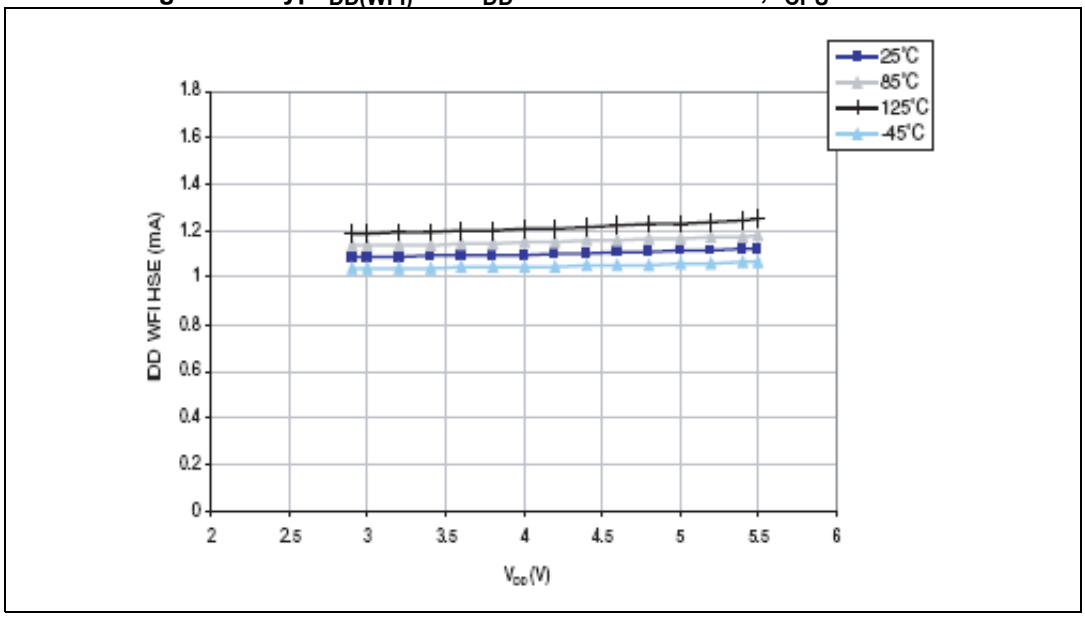


Figure 15. Typ $I_{DD(WFI)}$ vs. V_{DD} HSE external clock, f_{CPU} = 16 MHz



10.3.4 Internal clock sources and timing characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A.

High speed internal RC oscillator (HSI)

Table 34. HSI oscillator characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HSI}	Frequency	-	-	16	-	MHz
ACC_{HS}	Accuracy of HSI oscillator	User-trimmed with CLK_HSITRIMR register for given V_{DD} and T_A conditions(1)	-	-	1(2)	%
	HSI oscillator accuracy (factory calibrated)	V_{DD} = 5 V, T_A = 25 °C(3)	-1.0	-	1.0	
		V_{DD} = 5 V, -25°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C	-2.0	-	2.0	
		2.95 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, -40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 125 °C	-3.0(3)	-	3.0(3)	
$t_{su(HSI)}$	HSI oscillator wakeup time including calibration	-	-	-	1.0(2)	µs
$I_{DD(HSI)}$	HSI oscillator power consumption	-	-	170	250(3)	µA

1. Refer to application note.
2. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
3. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Figure 20. Typical HSI frequency variation vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperatures

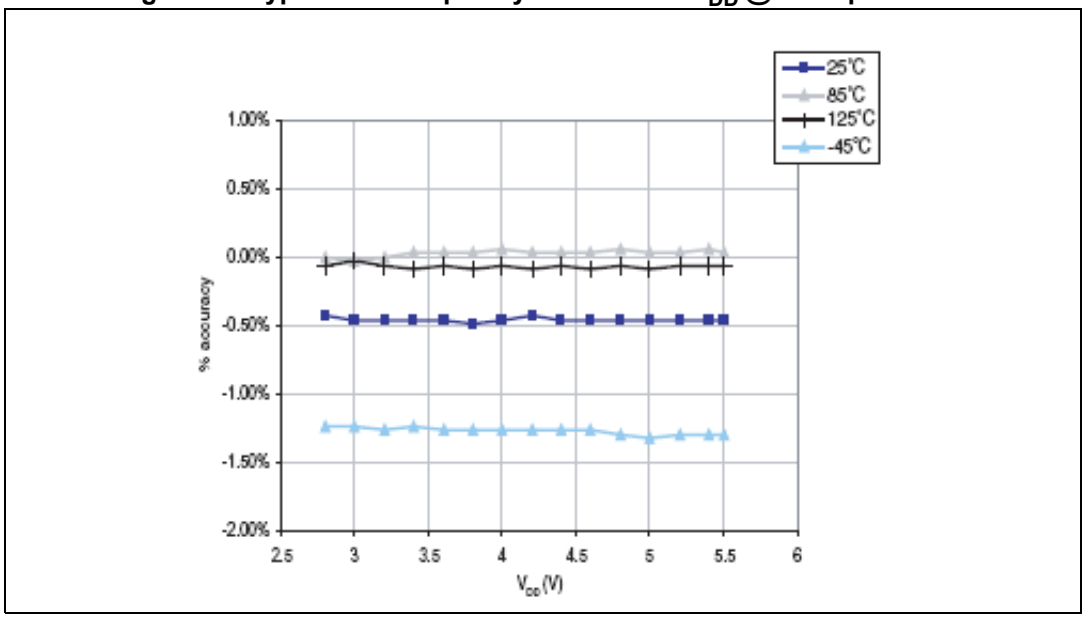


Figure 31. Typ. V_{DD} - V_{OH} @ V_{DD} = 3.3 V (standard ports)

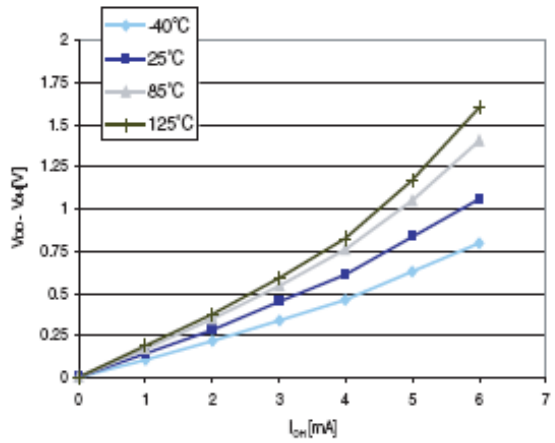


Figure 32. Typ. V_{DD} - V_{OH} @ V_{DD} = 5.0 V (standard ports)

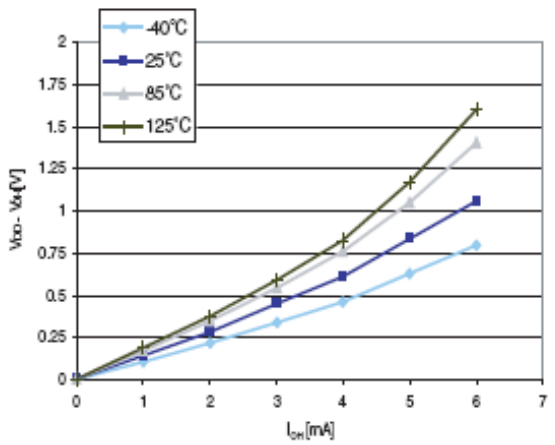


Figure 33. Typ. V_{DD} - V_{OH} @ V_{DD} = 3.3 V (high sink ports)

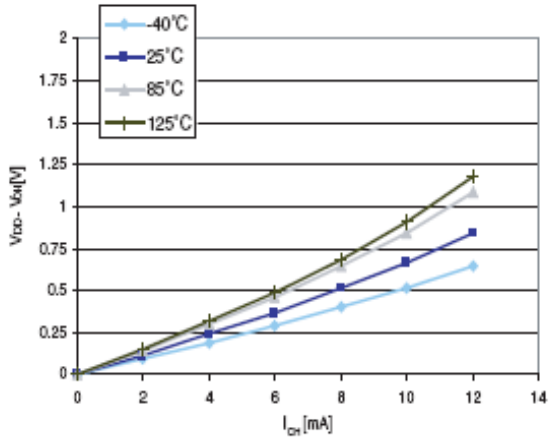
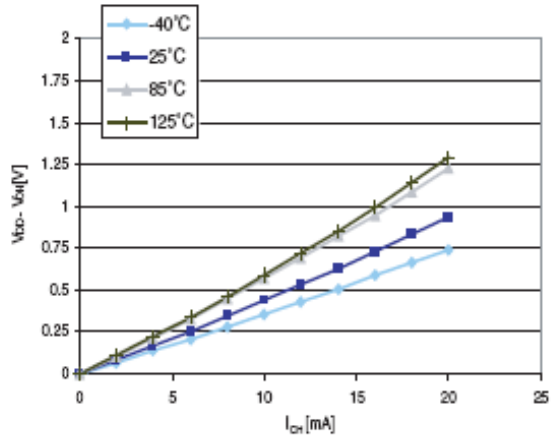


Figure 34. Typ. V_{DD} - V_{OH} @ V_{DD} = 5.0 V (high sink ports)



10.3.7 Reset pin characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A unless otherwise specified.

Table 42. NRST pin characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IL(NRST)}$	NRST input low level voltage(1)	-	-0.3	-	0.3 x V_{DD}	V
$V_{IH(NRST)}$	NRST input high level voltage(1)	I_{OL}= 2 mA	0.7 x V_{DD}	-	V_{DD}+ 0.3	
$V_{OL(NRST)}$	NRST output low level voltage(1)	I_{OL}= 3 mA	-	-	0.5	
$R_{PU(NRST)}$	NRST pull-up resistor(2)	-	30	55	80	kΩ
$t_{IFP(NRST)}$	NRST input filtered pulse(3)	-	-	-	75	ns
$t_{INFP(NRST)}$	NRST Input not filtered pulse(3)	-	500	-	-	
$t_{OP(NRST)}$	NRST output pulse(3)	-	20	-	-	µs

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. The R_{PU} pull-up equivalent resistor is based on a resistive transistor.
3. Guaranteed by design.

Figure 35. Typical NRST V_{IL} and V_{IH} vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperatures

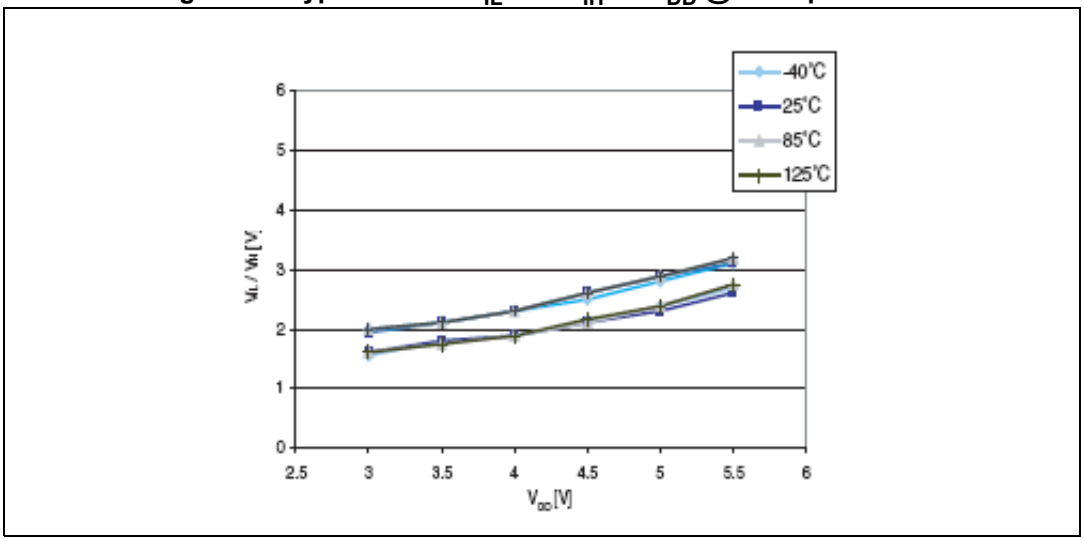


Table 43. SPI characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions[1]	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{r(SCK)}$ $t_{f(SCK)}$	SPI clock rise and fall time	Capacitive load: C = 30 pF	-	25	ns
$t_{su(NSS)}$[2]	NSS setup time	Slave mode	4 * t_{MASTER}	-	
$t_{h(NSS)}$[2]	NSS hold time	Slave mode	70	-	
$t_{w(SCKH)}$[2] $t_{w(SCKL)}$[2]	SCK high and low time	Master mode	$t_{SCK}/2$ - 15	$t_{SCK}/2$ + 15	
$t_{su(MI)}$[2] $t_{su(SI)}$[2]	Data input setup time	Master mode	5	-	
		Slave mode	5	-	
$t_{h(MI)}$[2] $t_{h(SI)}$[2]	Data input hold time	Master mode	7	-	
		Slave mode	10	-	
$t_{a(SO)}$[2][3]	Data output access time	Slave mode	-	3* t_{MASTER}	
$t_{dis(SO)}$[2][4]	Data output disable time	Slave mode	25	-	
$t_{v(SO)}$[2]	Data output valid time	Slave mode (after enable edge)	-	65	
$t_{v(MO)}$[2]	Data output valid time	Master mode (after enable edge)	-	30	
$t_{h(SO)}$[2]	Data output hold time	Slave mode (after enable edge)	27	-	
$t_{h(MO)}$[2]		Master mode (after enable edge)	11	-	

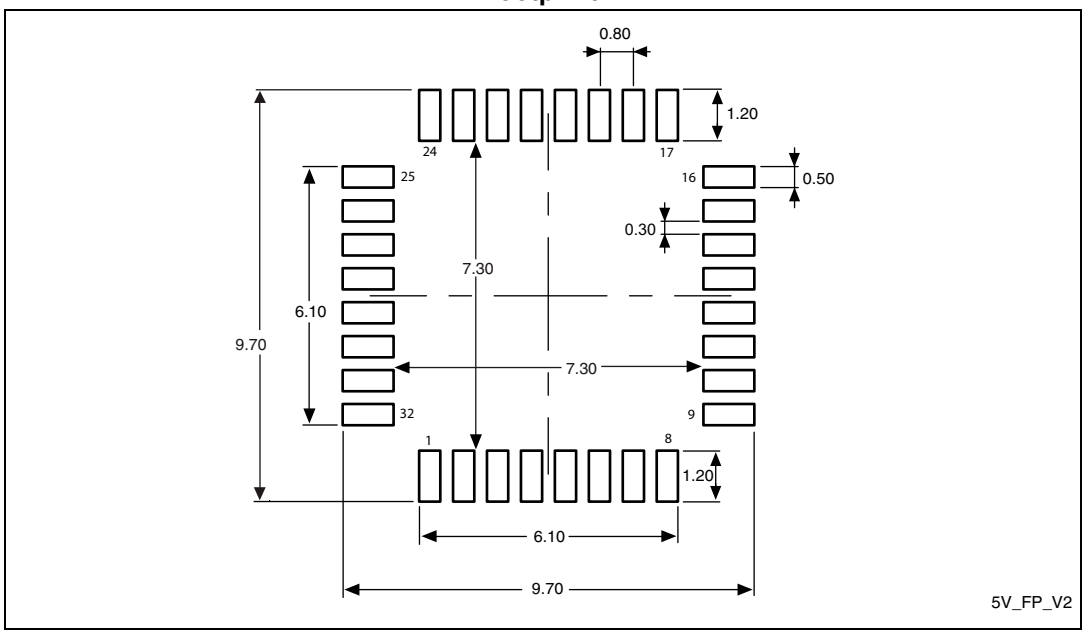
1. Parameters are given by selecting 10 MHz I/O output frequency.
2. Values based on design simulation and/or characterization results, and not tested in production.
3. Min time is for the minimum time to drive the output and the max time is for the maximum time to validate the data.
4. Min time is for the minimum time to invalidate the output and the max time is for the maximum time to put the data in Hi-Z.

Table 52. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches[1]		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.300	0.370	0.450	0.0118	0.0146	0.0177
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079
D	8.800	9.000	9.200	0.3465	0.3543	0.3622
D1	6.800	7.000	7.200	0.2677	0.2756	0.2835
D3	-	5.600	-	-	0.2205	-
E	8.800	9.000	9.200	0.3465	0.3543	0.3622
E1	6.800	7.000	7.200	0.2677	0.2756	0.2835
E3	-	5.600	-	-	0.2205	-
e	-	0.800	-	-	0.0315	-
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-
k	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°
ccc	-	-	0.100	-	-	0.0039

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Figure 46. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package recommended footprint



1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

11.5 TSSOP20 package information

Figure 56. TSSOP20 package outline

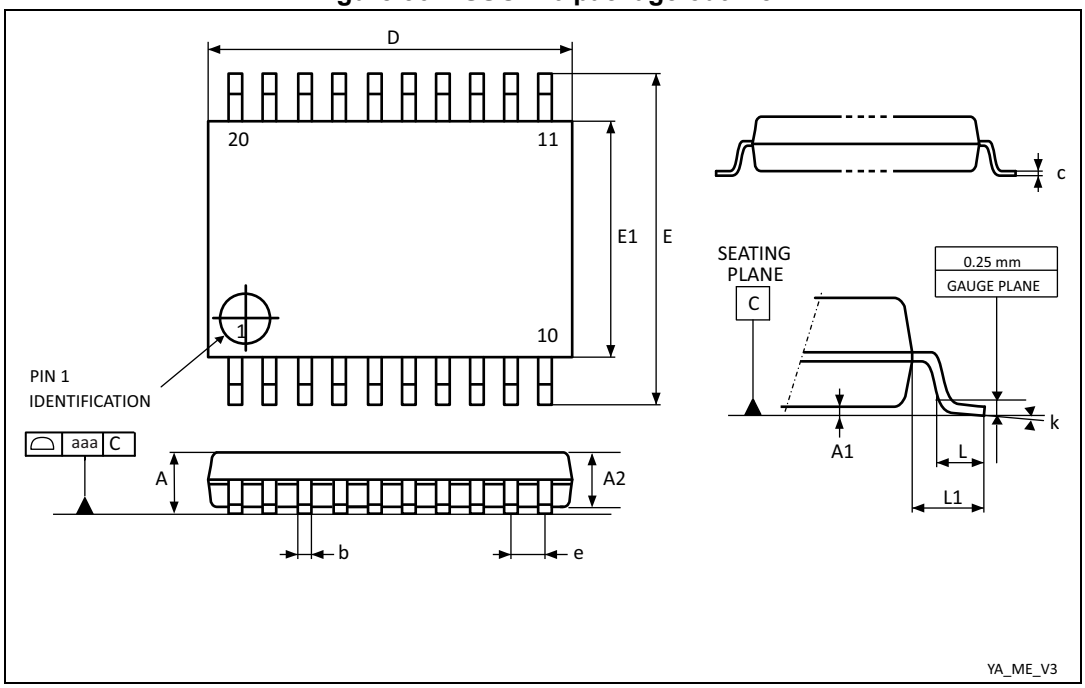


Table 56. TSSOP20 package mechanical data

Dim.	mm			inches(1)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.200	-	-	0.0472
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	0.800	1.000	1.050	0.0315	0.0394	0.0413
b	0.190	-	0.300	0.0075	-	0.0118
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079
D(2)	6.400	6.500	6.600	0.2520	0.2559	0.2598
E	6.200	6.400	6.600	0.2441	0.2520	0.2598
E1(3)	4.300	4.400	4.500	0.1693	0.1732	0.1772
e	-	0.650	-	-	0.0256	-
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-
k	0.0°	-	8.0°	0.0°	-	8.0°
aaa	-	-	0.100	-	-	0.0039

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.
2. Dimension “D” does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.

For a list of available options (for example memory size, package) and orderable part numbers or for further information on any aspect of this device, please go to *www.st.com* or contact the ST Sales Office nearest to you.

13.1 STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list

(last update: April 2010)

Customer	.....
Address	.....
Contact	.....
Phone number	.....
FASTROM code reference(1)	.....

1. The FASTROM code name is assigned by STMicroelectronics.

The preferable format for programing code is .hex (.s19 is accepted)

If data EEPROM programing is required, a separate file must be sent with the requested data.

Note: See the option byte section in the datasheet for authorized option byte combinations and a detailed explanation. Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.

Device type/memory size/package (check only one option)

FASTROM device	4 Kbyte	8 Kbyte
LQFP32	-	[ ] STM8S103K3
UFQFPN20	[ ] STM8S103F2	[ ] STM8S103F3
UFQFPN32	-	[ ] STM8S103K3
TSSOP20	[ ] STM8S103F2	[ ] STM8S103F3
SO20W	[ ] STM8S103F2	[ ] STM8S103F3

Conditioning (check only one option)

[ ] Tape and reel or [ ] Tray

Special marking (check only one option)

[ ] No [ ] Yes

Authorized characters are letters, digits, '.', '-', '/' and spaces only. Maximum character counts are:

UFQFPN20: 1 line of 4 characters max: “_ _ _ _”

UFQFPN32: 1 line of 7 characters max: “_ _ _ _ _ _ _”

LQFP32: 2 lines of 7 characters max: “_ _ _ _ _ _ _” and “_ _ _ _ _ _ _”

TSSOP20/SO20: 1 line of 10 characters max: “_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _”

Three characters are reserved for code identification.

Temperature range

[ ] -40°C to +85°C or [ ] -40°C to +125°C

Padding value for unused program memory (check only one option)

[ ] 0xFF	Fixed value
[ ] 0x83	TRAP instruction code
[ ] 0x75	Illegal opcode (causes a reset when executed)

OTP0 memory readout protection (check only one option)

[ ] Disable or [ ] Enable

OTP1 user boot code area (UBC)

0x(_ _) fill in the hexadecimal value, referring to the datasheet and the binary format below:

UBC, bit0	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit1	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit2	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit3	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit4	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit5	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit6	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set
UBC, bit7	[ ] 0: Reset [ ] 1: Set

OTP0 memory readout protection (check only one option)

[ ] Disable or [ ] Enable

OTP2 alternate function remapping for STM8S103K

Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.