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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	STM8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	640 x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.95V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 5x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SO
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8s103f3m6tr

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4.14.1 UART1

Main features

- 1 Mbit/s full duplex SCI
- SPI emulation
- High precision baud rate generator
- Smartcard emulation
- IrDA SIR encoder decoder
- LIN master mode
- Single wire half duplex mode

Asynchronous communication (UART mode)

- Full duplex communication - NRZ standard format (mark/space)
- Programmable transmit and receive baud rates up to 1 Mbit/s ($f_{CPU}/16$) and capable of following any standard baud rate regardless of the input frequency
- Separate enable bits for transmitter and receiver
- Two receiver wakeup modes:
 - Address bit (MSB)
 - Idle line (interrupt)
- Transmission error detection with interrupt generation
- Parity control

Synchronous communication

- Full duplex synchronous transfers
- SPI master operation
- 8-bit data communication
- Maximum speed: 1 Mbit/s at 16 MHz ($f_{CPU}/16$)

LIN master mode

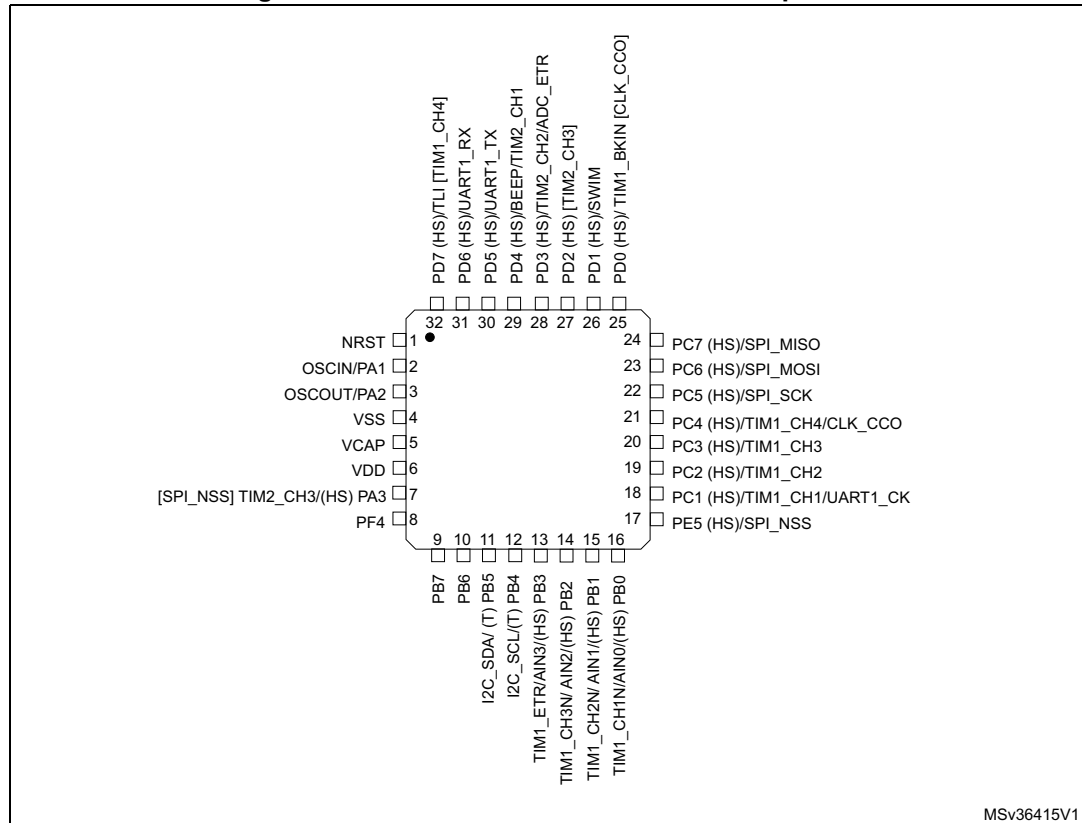
- Emission: Generates 13-bit synch. break frame
- Reception: Detects 11-bit break frame

4.14.2 SPI

- Maximum speed: 8 Mbit/s ($f_{MASTER}/2$) both for master and slave
- Full duplex synchronous transfers
- Simplex synchronous transfers on two lines with a possible bidirectional data line
- Master or slave operation - selectable by hardware or software
- CRC calculation
- 1 byte Tx and Rx buffer
- Slave/master selection input pin

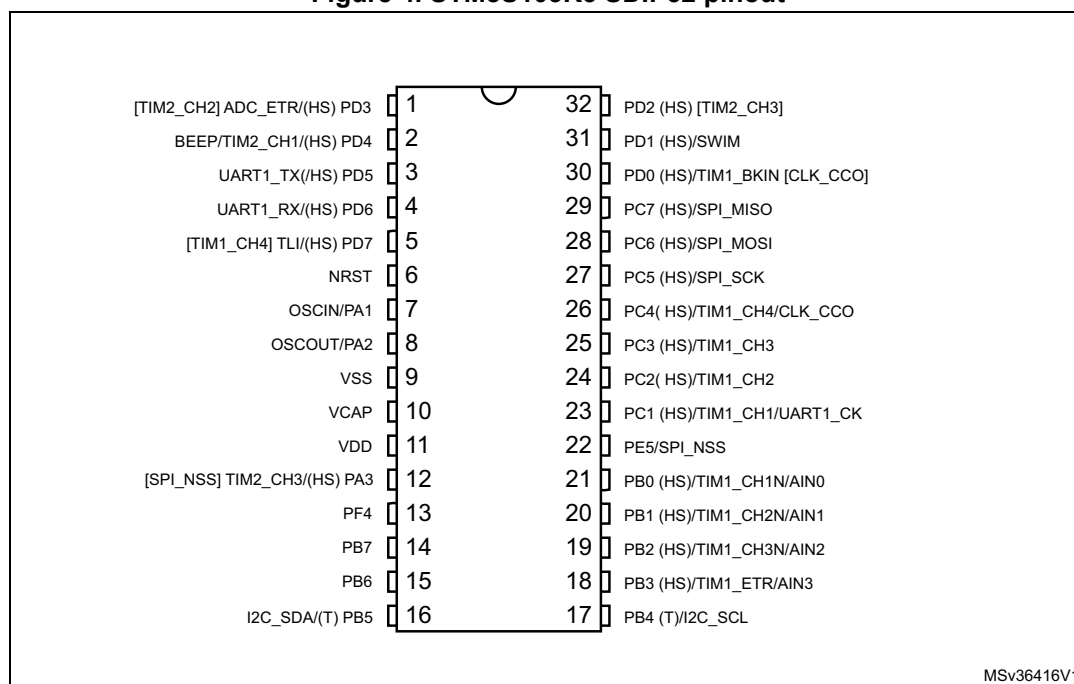
5.1 STM8S103K3 UFQFPN32/LQFP32/SDIP32 pinout and pin description

Figure 3. STM8S103K3 UFQFPN32/LQFP32 pinout



1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to V_{DD} not implemented).
3. [] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

Figure 4. STM8S103K3 SDIP32 pinout



MSv36416V1

1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to V_{DD} not implemented).
3. [] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

Table 5. STM8S103K3 pin descriptions

SDIP32	LQFP/ UFQFP32	Pin name	Type	Input			Output				Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]
				floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink ⁽¹⁾	Speed	OD	PP			
6	1	NRST	I/O	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	Reset		-
7	2	PA1/ OSCIN ⁽²⁾	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port A1	Resonator/ crystal in	-
8	3	PA2/ OSCOU	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port A2	Resonator/ crystal out	-
9	4	VSS	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Digital ground		-
10	5	VCAP	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8 V regulator capacitor		-
11	6	VDD	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Digital power supply		-
12	7	PA3/ TIM2_CH3 [SPI_NSS]	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port A3	Timer 2 channel 3	SPI master/ slave select [AFR1]
13	8	PF4	I/O	X	X	-	-	O1	X	X	Port F4	-	-
14	9	PB7	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port B7	-	-

6 Memory and register map

6.1 Memory map

Figure 7. Memory map

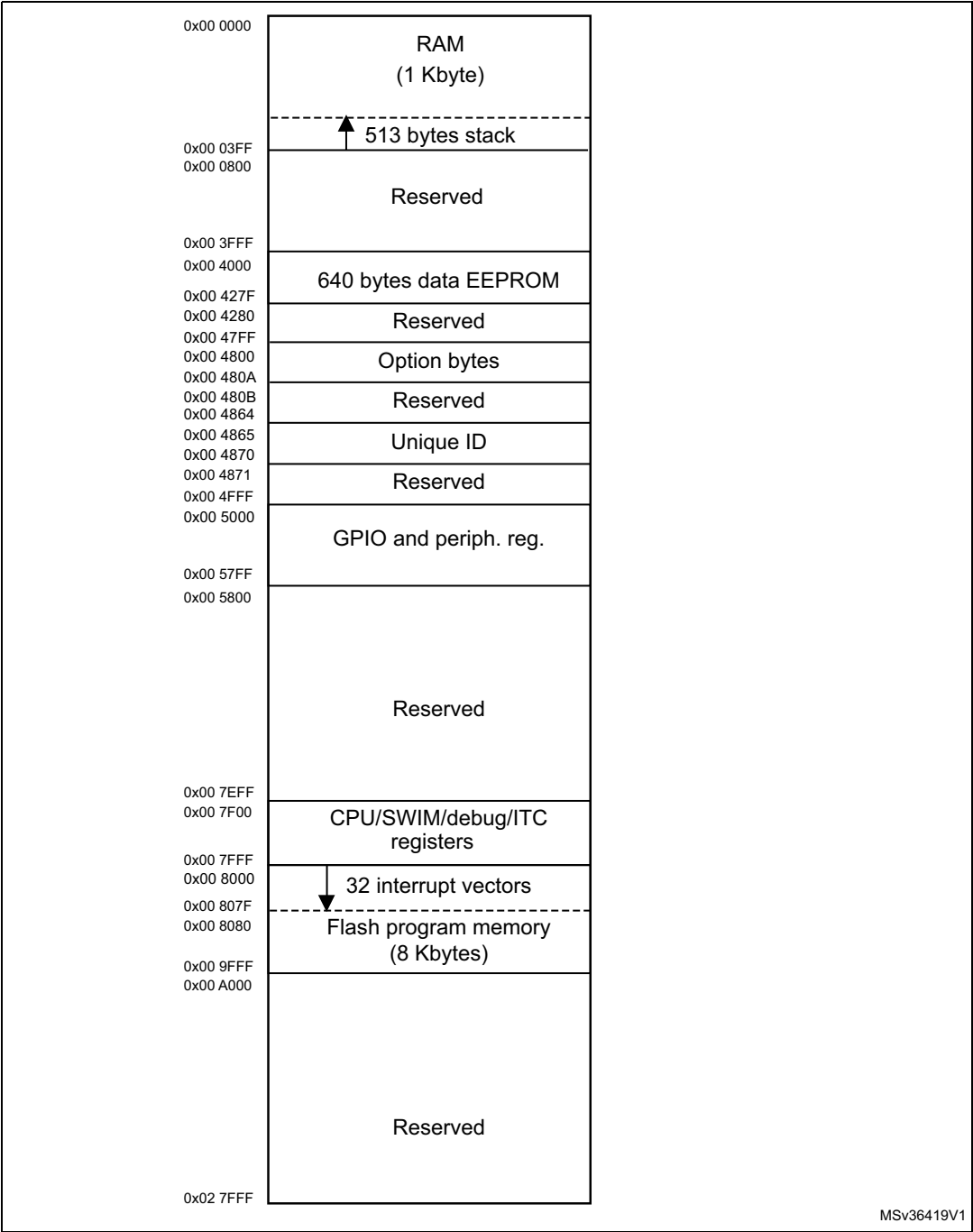


Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 50C3	CLK	CLK_CMSR	Clock master status register	0xE1
0x00 50C4		CLK_SWR	Clock master switch register	0xE1
0x00 50C5		CLK_SWCR	Clock switch control register	0xFF
0x00 50C6		CLK_CKDIVR	Clock divider register	0x18
0x00 50C7		CLK_PCKENR1	Peripheral clock gating register 1	0xFF
0x00 50C8		CLK_CSSR	Clock security system register	0x00
0x00 50C9		CLK_CCOR	Configurable clock control register	0x00
0x00 50CA		CLK_PCKENR2	Peripheral clock gating register 2	0xFF
0x00 50CC		CLK_HSI TRIMR	HSI clock calibration trimming register	0x00
0x00 50CD		CLK_SWIMCCR	SWIM clock control register	0bXXXX XXX0
0x00 50CE to 0x00 50D0	Reserved area (3 byte)			
0x00 50D1	WWDG	WWDG_CR	WWDG control register	0x7F
0x00 50D2		WWDG_WR	WWDG window register	0x7F
0x00 50D3 to 00 50DF	Reserved area (13 byte)			
0x00 50E0	IWDG	IWDG_KR	IWDG key register	0xFF ⁽²⁾
0x00 50E1		IWDG_PR	IWDG prescaler register	0x00
0x00 50E2		IWDG_RLR	IWDG reload register	0xFF
0x00 50E3 to 0x00 50EF	Reserved area (13 byte)			
0x00 50F0	AWU	AWU_CSR1	AWU control/status register 1	0x00
0x00 50F1		AWU_APR	AWU asynchronous prescaler buffer register	0x3F
0x00 50F2		AWU_TBR	AWU timebase selection register	0x00
0x00 50F3	BEEP	BEEP_CSR	BEEP control/status register	0x1F
0x00 50F4 to 0x00 50FF	Reserved area (12 byte)			
0x00 5200	SPI	SPI_CR1	SPI control register 1	0x00
0x00 5201		SPI_CR2	SPI control register 2	0x00
0x00 5202		SPI_ICR	SPI interrupt control register	0x00
0x00 5203		SPI_SR	SPI status register	0x02
0x00 5204		SPI_DR	SPI data register	0x00
0x00 5205		SPI_CRCPR	SPI CRC polynomial register	0x07
0x00 5206		SPI_RXCRCR	SPI Rx CRC register	0xFF
0x00 5207		SPI_TXCRCR	SPI Tx CRC register	0xFF

6.2.3 CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers

Table 9. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 7F00	CPU ⁽¹⁾	A	Accumulator	0x00
0x00 7F01		PCE	Program counter extended	0x00
0x00 7F02		PCH	Program counter high	0x00
0x00 7F03		PCL	Program counter low	0x00
0x00 7F04		XH	X index register high	0x00
0x00 7F05		XL	X index register low	0x00
0x00 7F06		YH	Y index register high	0x00
0x00 7F07		YL	Y index register low	0x00
0x00 7F08		SPH	Stack pointer high	0x03
0x00 7F09		SPL	Stack pointer low	0xFF
0x00 7F0A		CCR	Condition code register	0x28
0x00 7F0B to 0x00 7F5F	Reserved area (85 byte)			
0x00 7F60	CPU	CFG_GCR	Global configuration register	0x00
0x00 7F70	ITC	ITC_SPR1	Interrupt software priority register 1	0xFF
0x00 7F71		ITC_SPR2	Interrupt software priority register 2	0xFF
0x00 7F72		ITC_SPR3	Interrupt software priority register 3	0xFF
0x00 7F73		ITC_SPR4	Interrupt software priority register 4	0xFF
0x00 7F74		ITC_SPR5	Interrupt software priority register 5	0xFF
0x00 7F75		ITC_SPR6	Interrupt software priority register 6	0xFF
0x00 7F76		ITC_SPR7	Interrupt software priority register 7	0xFF
0x00 7F77		ITC_SPR8	Interrupt software priority register 8	0xFF
0x00 7F78 to 0x00 7F79	Reserved area (2 byte)			
0x00 7F80	SWIM	SWIM_CSR	SWIM control status register	0x00
0x00 7F81 to 0x00 7F8F	Reserved area (15 byte)			

Table 10. Interrupt mapping (continued)

IRQ no.	Source block	Description	Wakeup from halt mode	Wakeup from active-halt mode	Vector address
21	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 805C
22	ADC1	ADC1 end of conversion/ analog watchdog interrupt	-	-	0x00 8060
23	TIM4	TIM4 update/ overflow	-	-	0x00 8064
24	Flash	EOP/WR_PG_DIS	-	-	0x00 8068
Reserved					0x00 806C to 0x00 807C

1. Except PA1.

Table 12. Option byte description

Option byte no.	Description
OPT0	ROP[7:0] Memory readout protection (ROP) 0xAA: Enable readout protection (write access via SWIM protocol) <i>Note: Refer to the family reference manual (RM0016) section on Flash/EEPROM memory readout protection for details.</i>
OPT1	UBC[7:0] User boot code area 0x00: no UBC, no write-protection 0x01: Page 0 defined as UBC, memory write-protected Page 0 and 1 contain the interrupt vectors. ... 0x7F: Pages 0 to 126 defined as UBC, memory write-protected Other values: Pages 0 to 127 defined as UBC, memory write-protected <i>Note: Refer to the family reference manual (RM0016) section on Flash write protection for more details.</i>
OPT2	AFR[7:0] Refer to the following section for alternate function remapping descriptions of bits [7:2] and [1:0] respectively.
OPT3	HSITRIM: High speed internal clock trimming register size 0: 3-bit trimming supported in CLK_HSITRIMR register 1: 4-bit trimming supported in CLK_HSITRIMR register
	LSI_EN: Low speed internal clock enable 0: LSI clock is not available as CPU clock source 1: LSI clock is available as CPU clock source
	IWDG_HW: Independent watchdog 0: IWDG Independent watchdog activated by software 1: IWDG Independent watchdog activated by hardware
	WWDG_HW: Window watchdog activation 0: WWDG window watchdog activated by software 1: WWDG window watchdog activated by hardware
	WWDG_HALT: Window watchdog reset on halt 0: No reset generated on halt if WWDG active 1: Reset generated on halt if WWDG active

Table 21. Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$I_{DD(RUN)}$	Supply current in Run mode, code executed from Flash	$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	4.5	-	mA
			HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	4.3	4.75	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	3.7	4.5	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 2\text{ MHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) ⁽²⁾	0.84	1.05	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	0.72	0.9	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)	0.46	0.58	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	0.42	0.57	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. Default clock configuration measured with all peripherals off.

Table 22. Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$I_{DD(RUN)}$	Supply current in Run mode, code executed from RAM	$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	1.8	-	mA
			HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	2	2.35	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	1.5	2	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$	HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	0.81	-	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	0.7	0.87	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)	0.46	0.58	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	0.41	0.55	
$I_{DD(RUN)}$	Supply current in Run mode, code executed from Flash	$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	4	-	mA
			HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	4.3	4.75	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	3.9	4.7	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 2\text{ MHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) ⁽²⁾	0.84	1.05	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	0.72	0.9	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)	0.46	0.58	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	0.42	0.57	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. Default clock configuration measured with all peripherals off.

10.3.3 External clock sources and timing characteristics

HSE user external clock

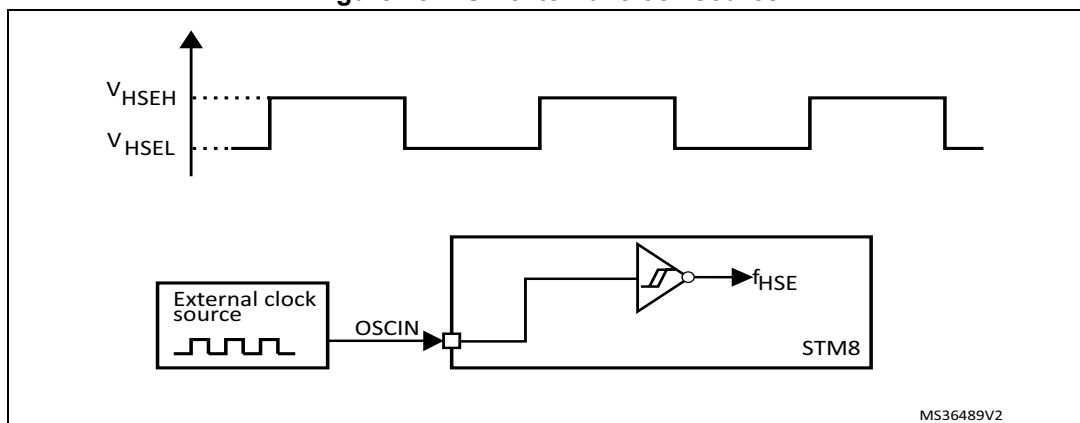
Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A .

Table 32. HSE user external clock characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{HSE_ext}	User external clock source frequency	-	0	16	MHz
$V_{HSEH}^{(1)}$	OSCIN input pin high level voltage	-	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	$V_{DD} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	V
$V_{HSEL}^{(1)}$	OSCIN input pin low level voltage	-	V_{SS}	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	
I_{LEAK_HSE}	OSCIN input leakage current	$V_{SS} < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	-1	+1	μA

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Figure 18. HSE external clock source



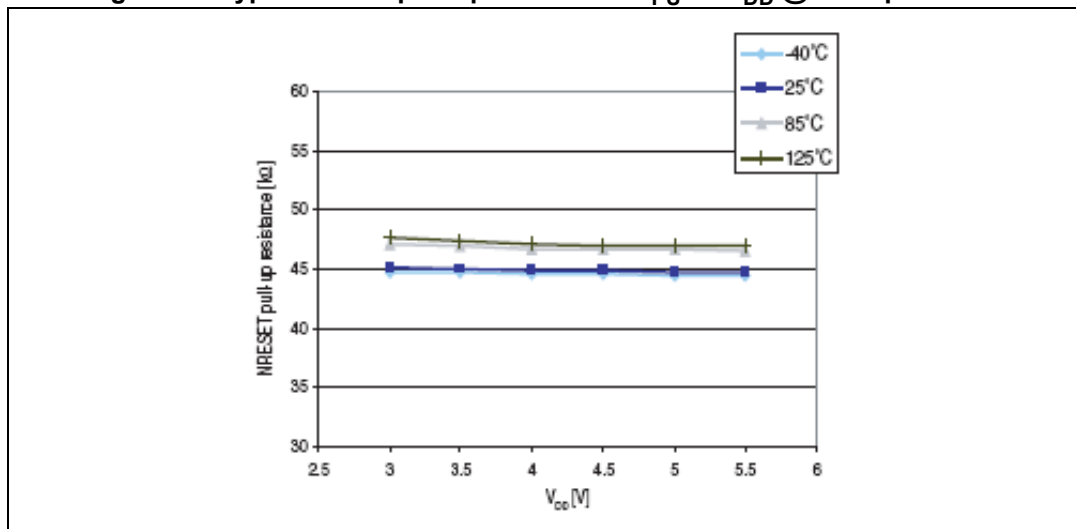
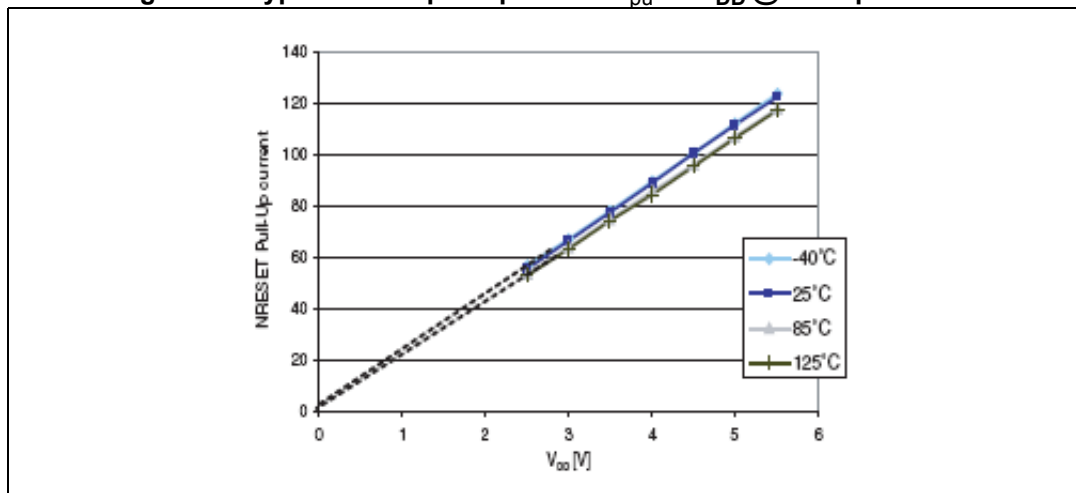
HSE crystal/ceramic resonator oscillator

The HSE clock can be supplied with a 1 to 16 MHz crystal/ceramic resonator oscillator. All the information given in this paragraph is based on characterization results with specified typical external components. In the application, the resonator and the load capacitors have to be placed as close as possible to the oscillator pins in order to minimize output distortion and startup stabilization time. Refer to the crystal resonator manufacturer for more details (frequency, package, accuracy...).

Table 33. HSE oscillator characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HSE}	External high speed oscillator frequency	-	1	-	16	MHz
R_F	Feedback resistor	-	-	220	-	k Ω
$C^{(1)}$	Recommended load capacitance ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	20	pF
$I_{DD(HSE)}$	HSE oscillator power consumption	C = 20 pF $f_{OSC} = 16$ MHz	-	-	6 (start up) 1.6 (stabilized) ⁽³⁾	mA
		C = 10 pF $f_{OSC} = 16$ MHz	-	-	6 (start up) 1.2 (stabilized) ⁽³⁾	
g_m	Oscillator transconductance	-	5	-	-	mA/V
$t_{SU(HSE)}^{(4)}$	Startup time	V_{DD} is stabilized	-	1	-	ms

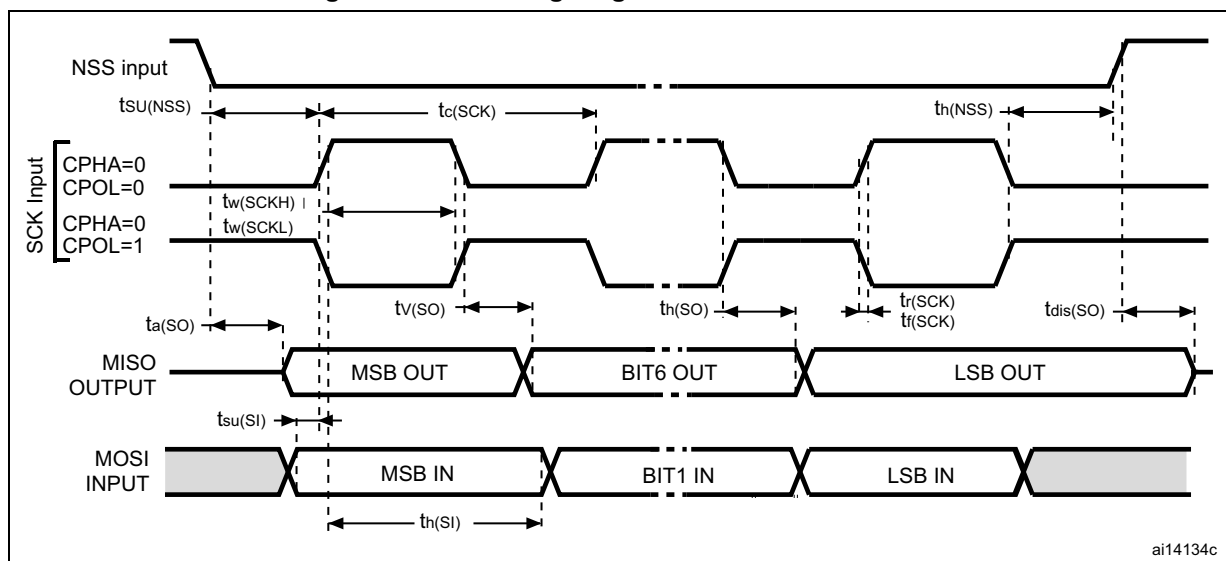
1. C is approximately equivalent to 2 x crystal Cload.
2. The oscillator selection can be optimized in terms of supply current using a high quality resonator with small Rm value. Refer to crystal manufacturer for more details
3. Guaranteed by characterization results.
4. $t_{SU(HSE)}$ is the start-up time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to a stabilized 16 MHz oscillation is reached. This value is measured for a standard crystal resonator and it can vary significantly with the crystal manufacturer.

Figure 36. Typical NRST pull-up resistance R_{PU} vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperaturesFigure 37. Typical NRST pull-up current I_{PU} vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperatures

The reset network shown in [Figure 38](#) protects the device against parasitic resets. The user must ensure that the level on the NRST pin can go below $V_{IL(NRST)}$ max (see [Table 42: NRST pin characteristics](#)), otherwise the reset is not taken into account internally.

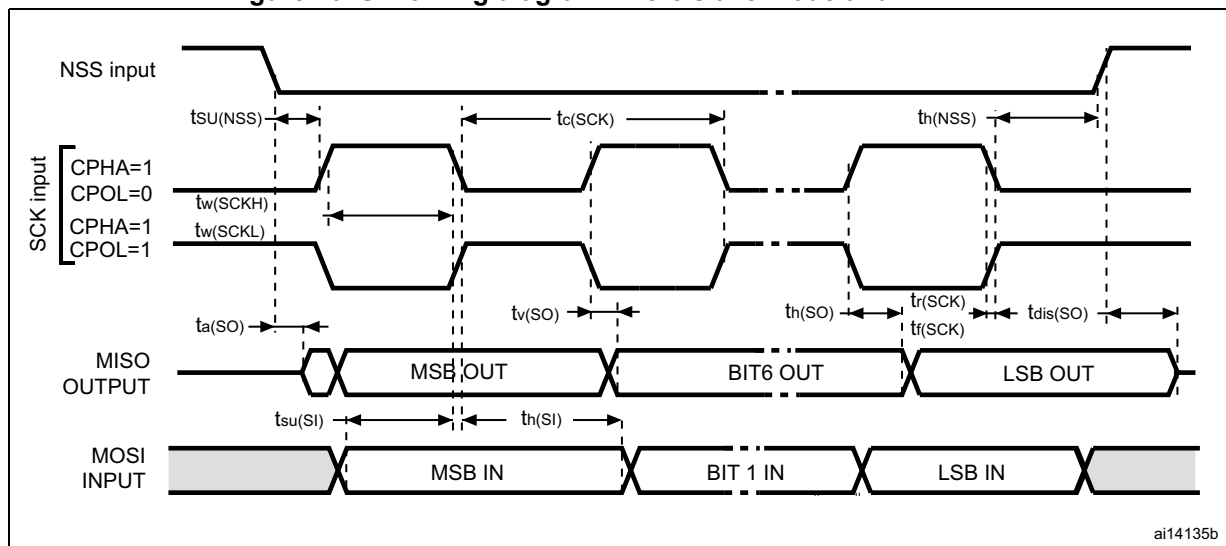
For power consumption sensitive applications, the external reset capacitor value can be reduced to limit the charge/discharge current. If NRST signal is used to reset external circuitry, attention must be taken to the charge/discharge time of the external capacitor to fulfill the external devices reset timing conditions. Minimum recommended capacity is 100 nF.

Figure 39. SPI timing diagram where slave mode and CPHA = 0



1. Measurement points are at CMOS levels: $0.3 V_{DD}$ and $0.7 V_{DD}$.

Figure 40. SPI timing diagram where slave mode and CPHA = 1



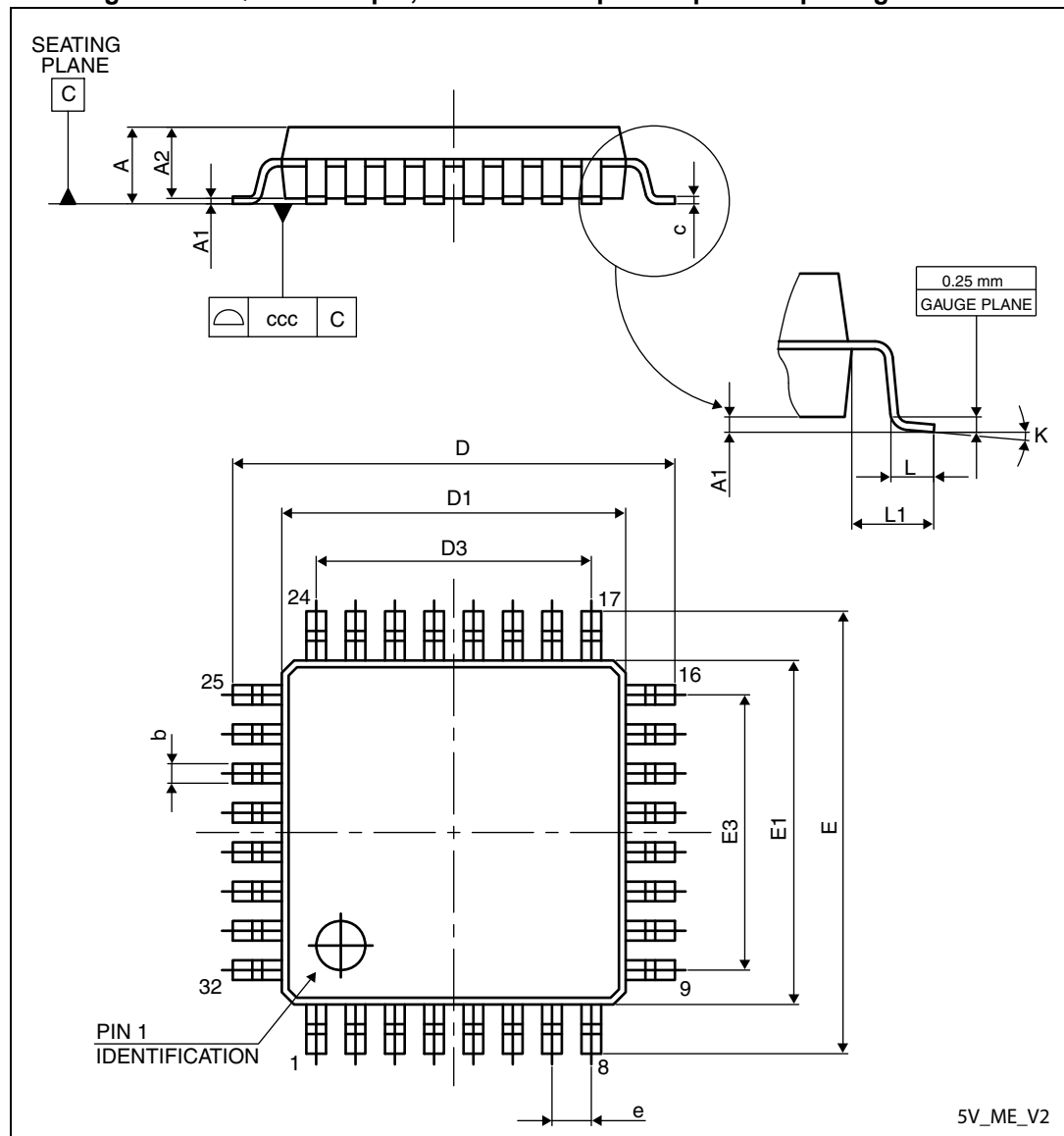
1. Measurement points are at CMOS levels: $0.3 V_{DD}$ and $0.7 V_{DD}$.

11 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

11.1 LQFP32 package information

Figure 45. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



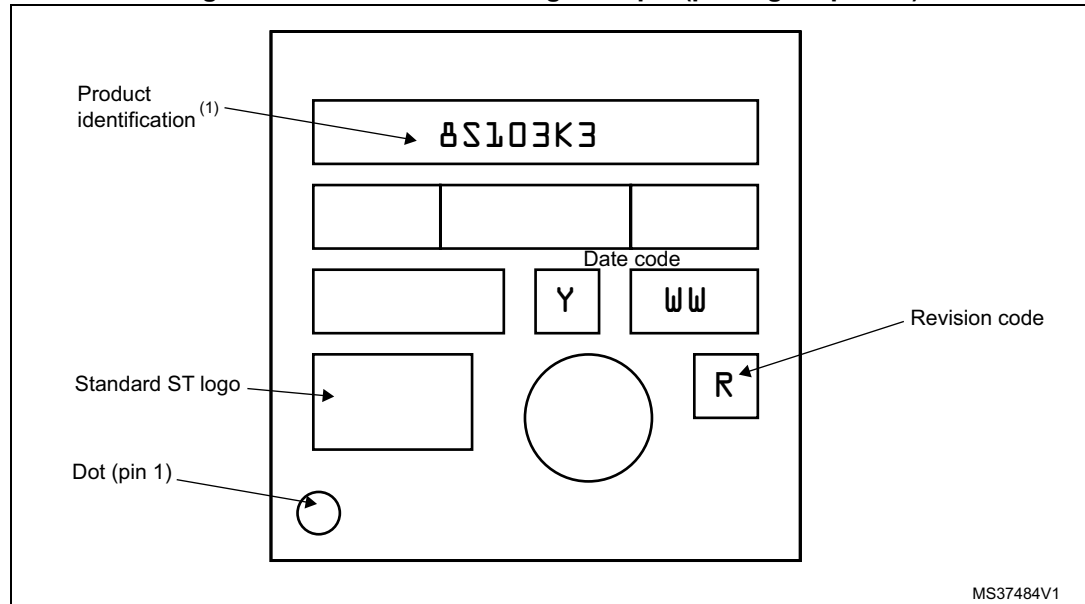
1. Drawing is not to scale.

Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

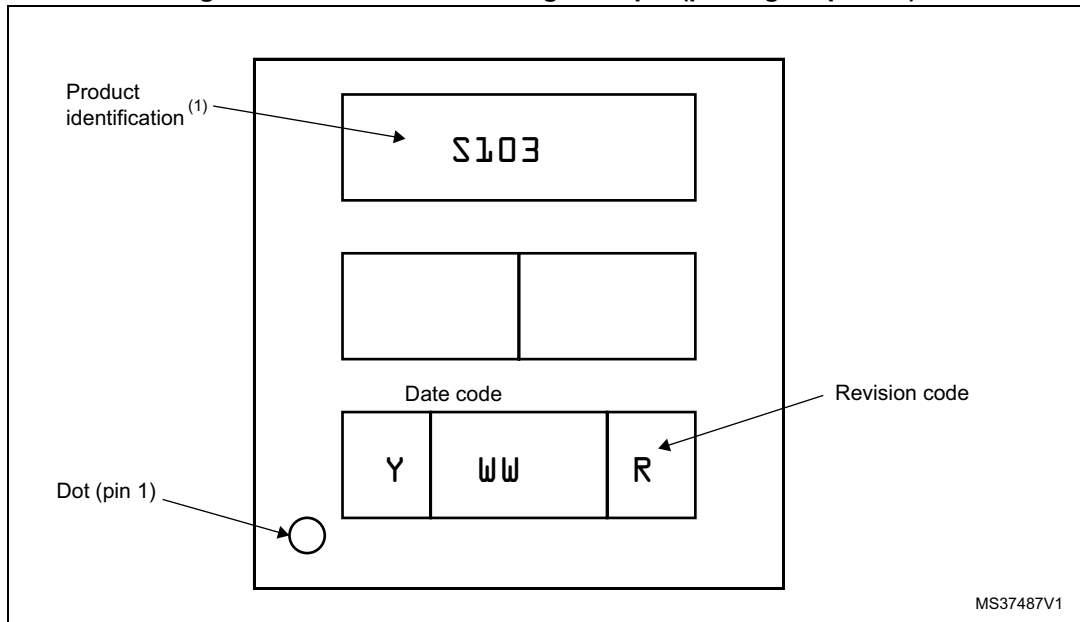
Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

Figure 50. UFQFPN32 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

Figure 53. UFQFPN20 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

For a list of available options (for example memory size, package) and orderable part numbers or for further information on any aspect of this device, please go to www.st.com or contact the ST Sales Office nearest to you.

13.1 STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list

(last update: April 2010)

Customer
Address
Contact
Phone number
FASTROM code reference ⁽¹⁾

1. The FASTROM code name is assigned by STMicroelectronics.

The preferable format for programing code is .hex (.s19 is accepted)

If data EEPROM programing is required, a separate file must be sent with the requested data.

Note: See the option byte section in the datasheet for authorized option byte combinations and a detailed explanation. Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.

Device type/memory size/package (check only one option)

FASTROM device	4 Kbyte	8 Kbyte
LQFP32	-	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103K3
UFQFPN20	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F2	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F3
UFQFPN32	-	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103K3
TSSOP20	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F2	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F3
SO20W	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F2	<input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F3

Conditioning (check only one option)

☐ Tape and reel or ☐ Tray

Special marking (check only one option)

☐ No ☐ Yes

Authorized characters are letters, digits, '.', '-', '/' and spaces only. Maximum character counts are:

UFQFPN20: 1 line of 4 characters max: " _ _ _ _ "

UFQFPN32: 1 line of 7 characters max: " _ _ _ _ _ _ _ "

LQFP32: 2 lines of 7 characters max: " _ _ _ _ _ _ _ " and " _ _ _ _ _ _ _ "

TSSOP20/SO20: 1 line of 10 characters max: " _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ "

Three characters are reserved for code identification.

Table 59. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
09-Sep-2010	6	<p>Removed VFQFPN32 package.</p> <p>Removed internal reference voltage from Section 4.13: Analog-to-digital converter (ADC1).</p> <p>Updated the reset state information in Table 4: Legend/abbreviations for pin description tables in Section 5: Pinout and pin description.</p> <p>Added footnote to PD1/SWIM pin in Table 5: STM8S103K3 pin descriptions.</p> <p>Updated pins 14 and 19 (TSSOP20/SO20) / pins 11 and 16 (UFQFPN20) in Table 6: STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions.</p> <p>Standardized all reset state values; updated the reset state values of the RST_SR, CLK_SWCR, CLK_HSITRIMR, CLK_SWIMCCR, IWDG_KR, and ADC_DRx registers in Table 8: General hardware register map.</p> <p>Updated AFR2 description of OPT 2 in Table 14: STM8S103Fx alternate function remapping bits for 20-pin devices.</p> <p>Replaced 0.01 μF with 0.1 μF in Figure 38: Recommended reset pin protection.</p> <p>Added Figure 42: Typical application with I²C bus and timing diagram and Table 44: I²C characteristics.</p> <p>Updated footnote 1 in Table 46: ADC accuracy with $R_{AIN} < 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ and Table 47: ADC accuracy with $R_{AIN} < 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.</p> <p>Updated the Special marking section in Section 13.1: STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list:</p> <p>Updated AFR2 description of OTP2 in Table 14: STM8S103Fx alternate function remapping bits for 20-pin devices</p> <p>Updated existing footnote and added three additional footnotes to Table 53: UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package mechanical data</p>
12-Jul-2011	7	<p>Updated the note related to true open-drain outputs in Table 6: STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions</p> <p>Removed CLK_CANCCR register from Table 8: General hardware register map.</p> <p>Added note for Px_IDR registers in Table 7: I/O port hardware register map.</p> <p>Added recommendation concerning NRST pin level, and power consumption sensitive applications, above Figure 38: Recommended reset pin protection.</p> <p>Removed typical HSI accuracy curve in Section 10.3.4: Internal clock sources and timing characteristics.</p> <p>Renamed package type 2 into package pitch and added pitch code "C" in Figure 63: STM8S103F2/x3 access line ordering information scheme⁽¹⁾ and added UFQFPN20 in Section 13.1: STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list.</p> <p>Updated the disclaimer.</p>

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