Lattice Semiconductor Corporation - LFE3-17EA-6LFTN256C Datasheet

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

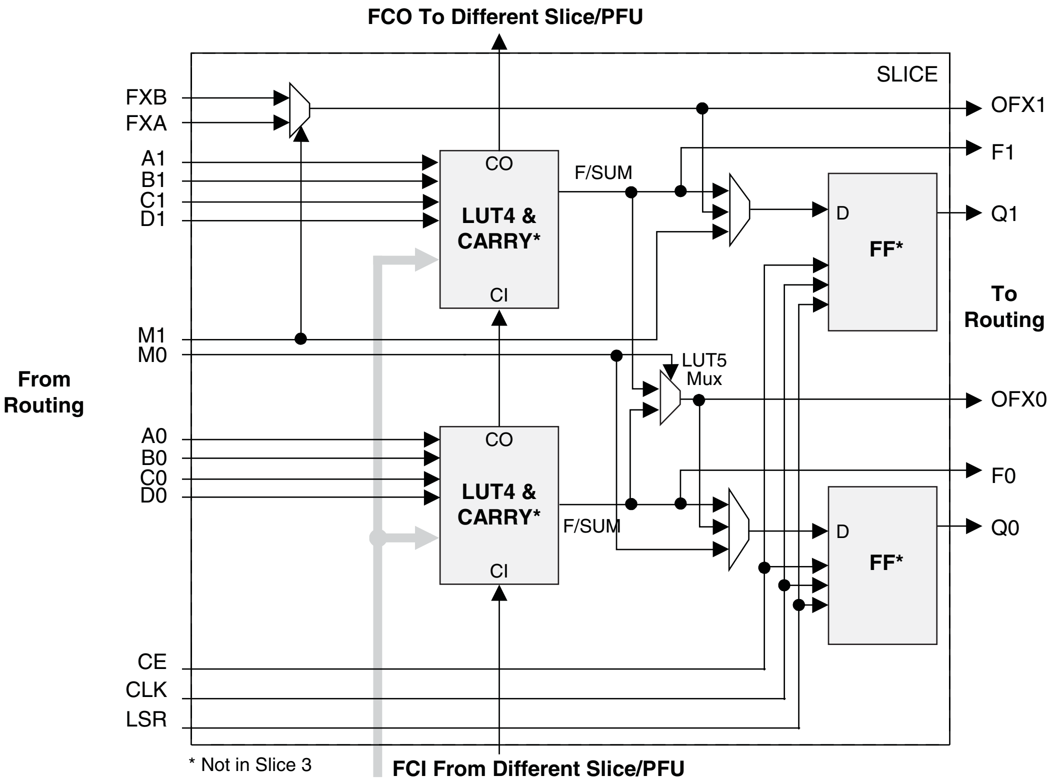
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	2125
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	17000
Total RAM Bits	716800
Number of I/O	133
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-BGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FTBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfe3-17ea-6lftn256c

Figure 2-3. Slice Diagram



For Slices 0 and 1, memory control signals are generated from Slice 2 as follows:

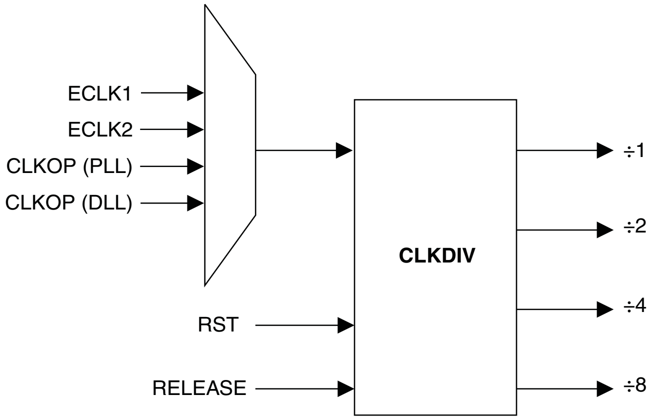
WCK is CLK
WRE is from LSR
DI[3:2] for Slice 1 and DI[1:0] for Slice 0 data from Slice 2
WAD [A:D] is a 4-bit address from slice 2 LUT input

Table 2-2. Slice Signal Descriptions

Function	Type	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	A0, B0, C0, D0	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Data signal	A1, B1, C1, D1	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Multi-purpose	M0	Multipurpose Input
Input	Multi-purpose	M1	Multipurpose Input
Input	Control signal	CE	Clock Enable
Input	Control signal	LSR	Local Set/Reset
Input	Control signal	CLK	System Clock
Input	Inter-PFU signal	FC	Fast Carry-in[1]
Input	Inter-slice signal	FXA	Intermediate signal to generate LUT6 and LUT7
Input	Inter-slice signal	FXB	Intermediate signal to generate LUT6 and LUT7
Output	Data signals	F0, F1	LUT4 output register bypass signals
Output	Data signals	Q0, Q1	Register outputs
Output	Data signals	OFX0	Output of a LUT5 MUX
Output	Data signals	OFX1	Output of a LUT6, LUT7, LUT8[2] MUX depending on the slice
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCO	Slice 2 of each PFU is the fast carry chain output[1]

1. See Figure 2-3 for connection details.
2. Requires two PFUs.

Figure 2-8. Clock Divider Connections



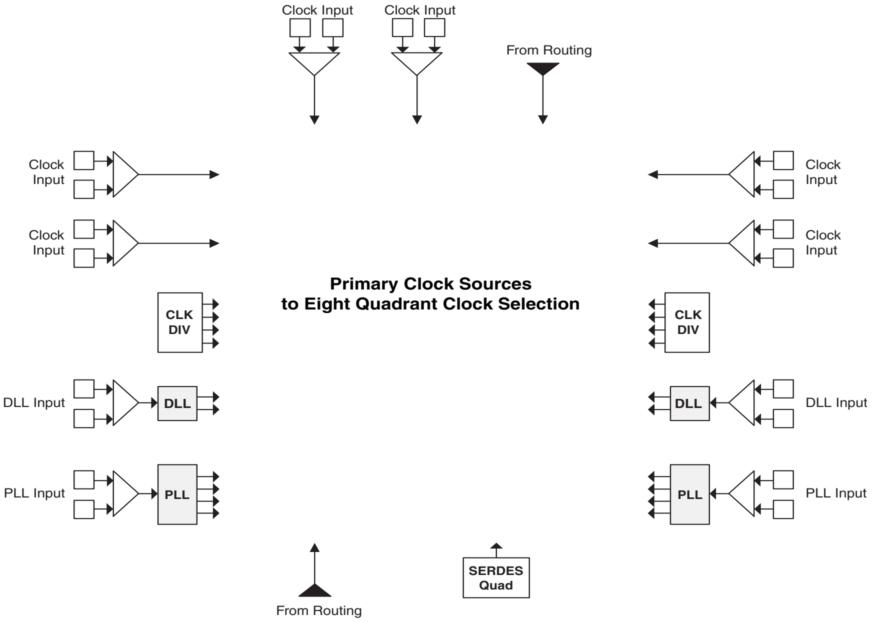
Clock Distribution Network

LatticeECP3 devices have eight quadrant-based primary clocks and eight secondary clock/control sources. Two high performance edge clocks are available on the top, left, and right edges of the device to support high speed interfaces. These clock sources are selected from external I/Os, the sysCLOCK PLLs, DLLs or routing. These clock sources are fed throughout the chip via a clock distribution system.

Primary Clock Sources

LatticeECP3 devices derive clocks from six primary source types: PLL outputs, DLL outputs, CLKDIV outputs, dedicated clock inputs, routing and SERDES Quads. LatticeECP3 devices have two to ten sysCLOCK PLLs and two DLLs, located on the left and right sides of the device. There are six dedicated clock inputs: two on the top side, two on the left side and two on the right side of the device. Figures 2-9, 2-10 and 2-11 show the primary clock sources for LatticeECP3 devices.

Figure 2-9. Primary Clock Sources for LatticeECP3-17

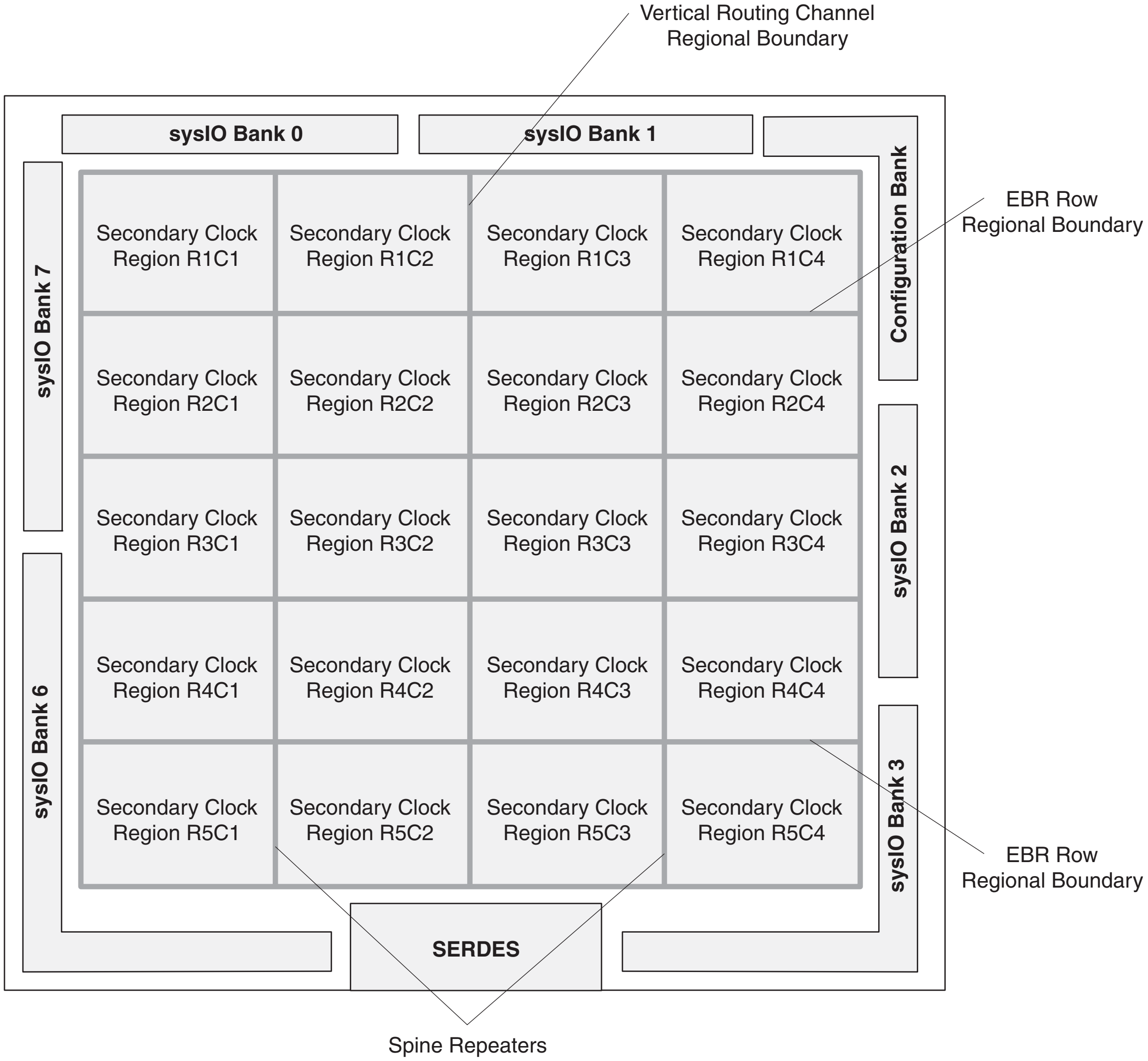


Note: Clock inputs can be configured in differential or single-ended mode.

Table 2-6. Secondary Clock Regions

Device	Number of Secondary Clock Regions
ECP3-17	16
ECP3-35	16
ECP3-70	20
ECP3-95	20
ECP3-150	36

Figure 2-15. LatticeECP3-70 and LatticeECP3-95 Secondary Clock Regions



MMAC DSP Element

The LatticeECP3 supports a MAC with two multipliers. This is called Multiply Multiply Accumulate or MMAC. In this case, the two operands, AA and AB, are multiplied and the result is added with the previous accumulated value and with the result of the multiplier operation of operands BA and BB. This accumulated value is available at the output. The user can enable the input and pipeline registers, but the output register is always enabled. The output register is used to store the accumulated value. The ALU is configured as the accumulator in the sysDSP slice. A registered overflow signal is also available. The overflow conditions are provided later in this document. Figure 2-28 shows the MMAC sysDSP element.

Figure 2-28. MMAC sysDSP Element

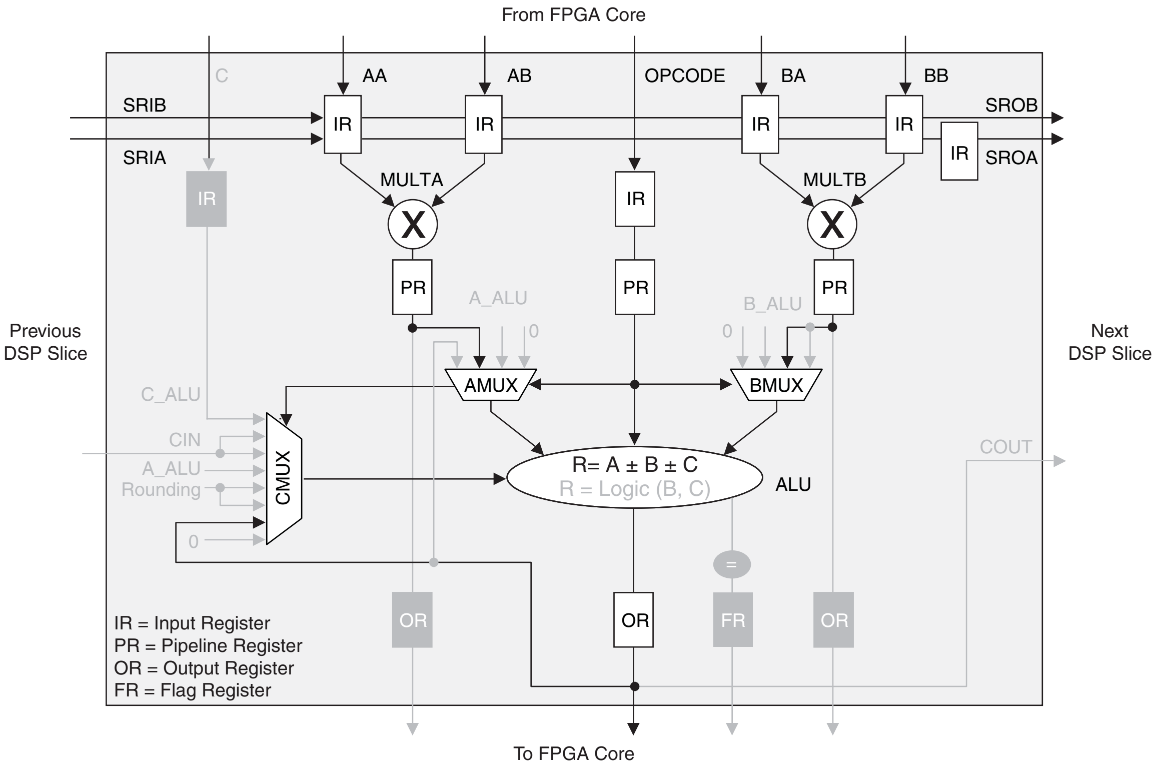
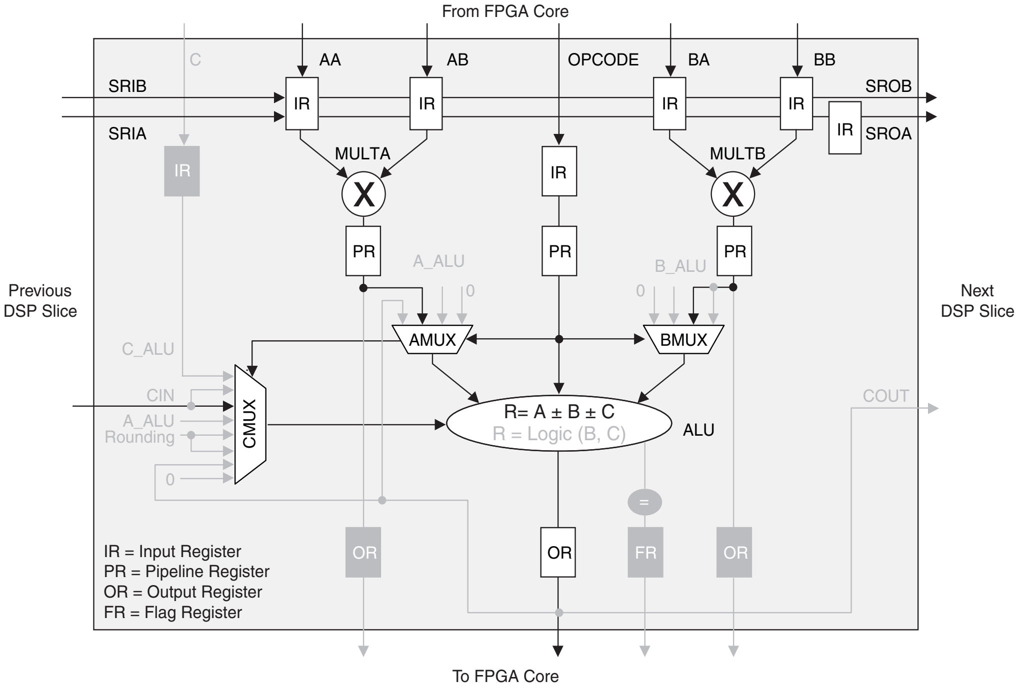


Figure 2-31. MULTADDSUBSUM Slice 1



Advanced sysDSP Slice Features

Cascading

The LatticeECP3 sysDSP slice has been enhanced to allow cascading. Adder trees are implemented fully in sysDSP slices, improving the performance. Cascading of slices uses the signals CIN, COUT and C Mux of the slice.

Addition

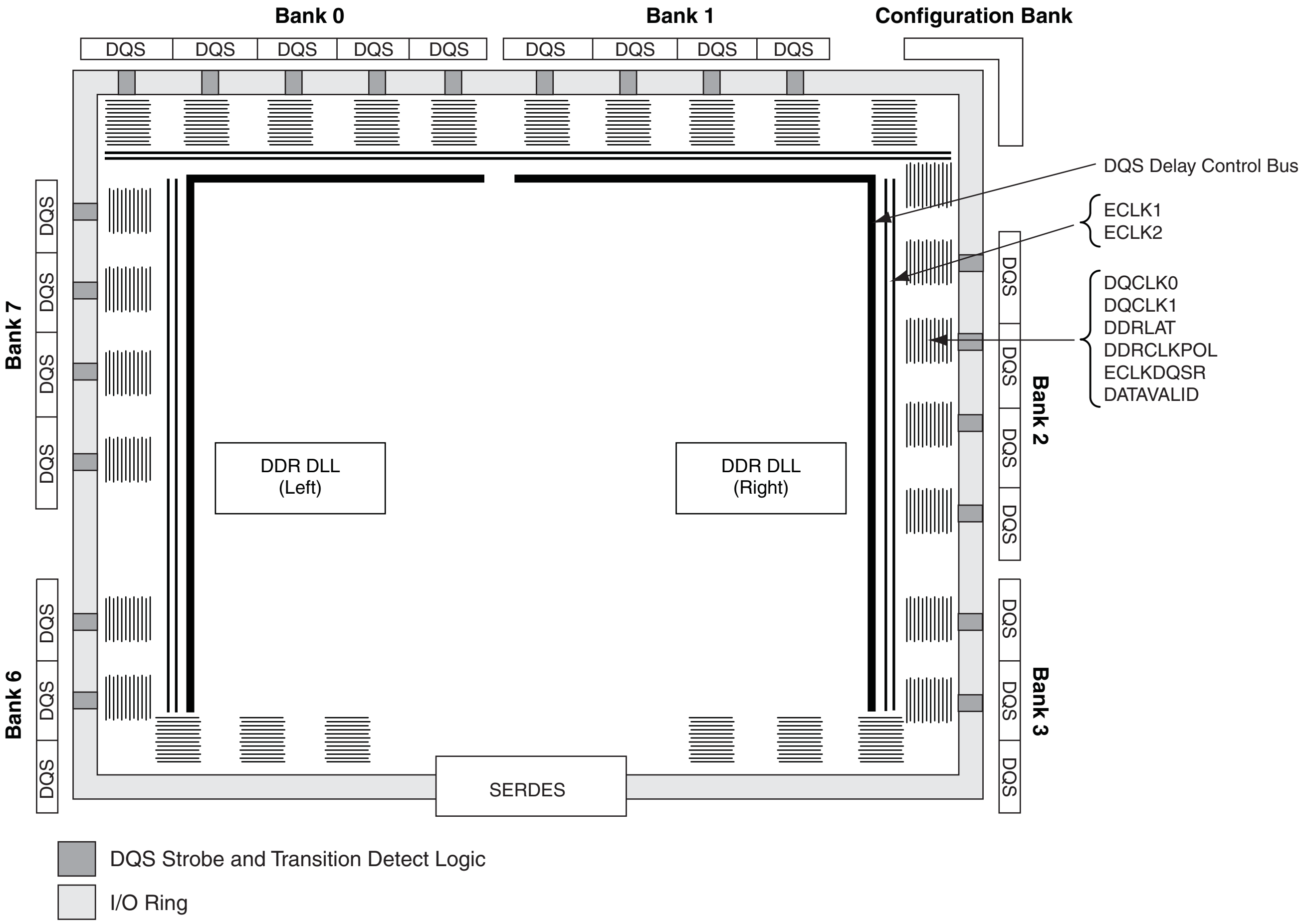
The LatticeECP3 sysDSP slice allows for the bypassing of multipliers and cascading of adder logic. High performance adder functions are implemented without the use of LUTs. The maximum width adders that can be implemented are 54-bit.

Rounding

The rounding operation is implemented in the ALU and is done by adding a constant followed by a truncation operation. The rounding methods supported are:

- Rounding to zero (RTZ)
- Rounding to infinity (RTI)
- Dynamic rounding
- Random rounding
- Convergent rounding

Figure 2-36. Edge Clock, DLL Calibration and DQS Local Bus Distribution



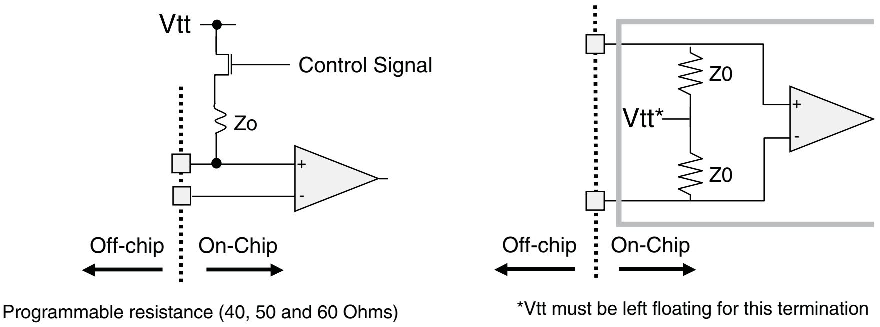
*Includes shared configuration I/Os and dedicated configuration I/Os.

On-Chip Programmable Termination

The LatticeECP3 supports a variety of programmable on-chip terminations options, including:

- Dynamically switchable Single-Ended Termination with programmable resistor values of 40, 50, or 60 Ohms. External termination to Vtt should be used for DDR2 and DDR3 memory controller implementation.
- Common mode termination of 80, 100, 120 Ohms for differential inputs

Figure 2-39. On-Chip Termination



Programmable resistance (40, 50 and 60 Ohms)

*Vtt must be left floating for this termination

Parallel Single-Ended Input

Differential Input

See Table 2-12 for termination options for input modes.

Table 2-12. On-Chip Termination Options for Input Modes

IO_TYPE	TERMINATE to VTT[1, 2]	DIFFERENTIAL TERMINATION RESISTOR[1]
LVDS25	þ	80, 100, 120
BLVDS25	þ	80, 100, 120
MLVDS	þ	80, 100, 120
HSTL18_I	40, 50, 60	þ
HSTL18_II	40, 50, 60	þ
HSTL18D_I	40, 50, 60	þ
HSTL18D_II	40, 50, 60	þ
HSTL15_I	40, 50, 60	þ
HSTL15D_I	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL25_I	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL25_II	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL25D_I	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL25D_II	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL18_I	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL18_II	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL18D_I	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL18D_II	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL15	40, 50, 60	þ
SSTL15D	40, 50, 60	þ

1. TERMINATE to VTT and DIFFRENTIAL TERMINATION RESISTOR when turned on can only have one setting per bank. Only left and right banks have this feature.
   Use of TERMINATE to VTT and DIFFRENTIAL TERMINATION RESISTOR are mutually exclusive in an I/O bank.
   On-chip termination tolerance +/– 20%
2. External termination to VTT should be used when implementing DDR2 and DDR3 memory controller.

SERDES Power Supply Requirements[1, 2, 3]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Typ.	Max.	Units
Standby (Power Down)				
$I_{CCA\text{-}SB}$	V_{CCA} current (per channel)	3	5	mA
$I_{CCIB\text{-}SB}$	Input buffer current (per channel)	—	—	mA
$I_{CCOB\text{-}SB}$	Output buffer current (per channel)	—	—	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 3.2 Gbps)				
$I_{CCA\text{-}OP}$	V_{CCA} current (per channel)	68	77	mA
$I_{CCIB\text{-}OP}$	Input buffer current (per channel)	5	7	mA
$I_{CCOB\text{-}OP}$	Output buffer current (per channel)	19	25	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 2.5 Gbps)				
$I_{CCA\text{-}OP}$	V_{CCA} current (per channel)	66	76	mA
$I_{CCIB\text{-}OP}$	Input buffer current (per channel)	4	5	mA
$I_{CCOB\text{-}OP}$	Output buffer current (per channel)	15	18	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 1.25 Gbps)				
$I_{CCA\text{-}OP}$	V_{CCA} current (per channel)	62	72	mA
$I_{CCIB\text{-}OP}$	Input buffer current (per channel)	4	5	mA
$I_{CCOB\text{-}OP}$	Output buffer current (per channel)	15	18	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 250 Mbps)				
$I_{CCA\text{-}OP}$	V_{CCA} current (per channel)	55	65	mA
$I_{CCIB\text{-}OP}$	Input buffer current (per channel)	4	5	mA
$I_{CCOB\text{-}OP}$	Output buffer current (per channel)	14	17	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 150 Mbps)				
$I_{CCA\text{-}OP}$	V_{CCA} current (per channel)	55	65	mA
$I_{CCIB\text{-}OP}$	Input buffer current (per channel)	4	5	mA
$I_{CCOB\text{-}OP}$	Output buffer current (per channel)	14	17	mA

1. Equalization enabled, pre-emphasis disabled.
2. One quarter of the total quad power (includes contribution from common circuits, all channels in the quad operating, pre-emphasis disabled, equalization enabled).
3. Pre-emphasis adds 20 mA to ICCA-OP data.

LVDS25E

The top and bottom sides of LatticeECP3 devices support LVDS outputs via emulated complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs. The scheme shown in Figure 3-1 is one possible solution for point-to-point signals.

Figure 3-1. LVDS25E Output Termination Example

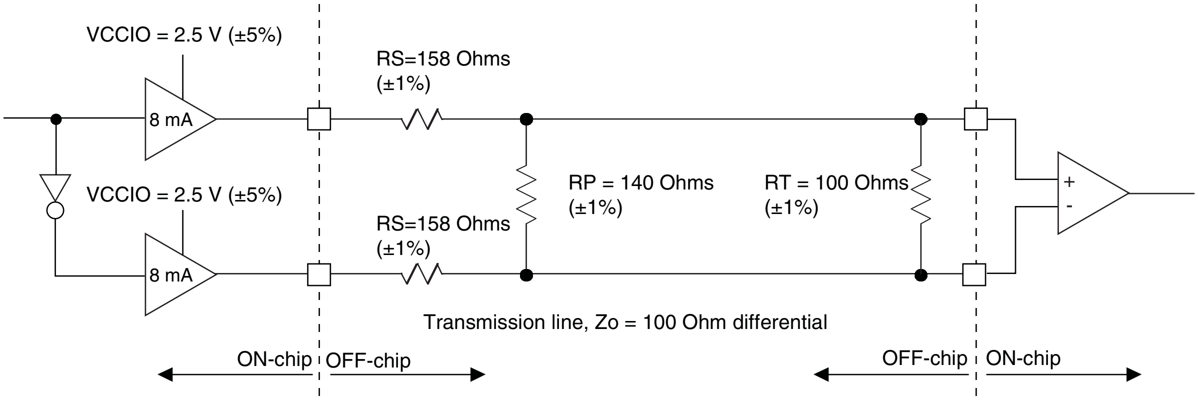


Table 3-1. LVDS25E DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
V_{CCIO}	Output Driver Supply (+/–5%)	2.50	V
Z_{OUT}	Driver Impedance	20	Ω
R_S	Driver Series Resistor (+/–1%)	158	Ω
R_P	Driver Parallel Resistor (+/–1%)	140	Ω
R_T	Receiver Termination (+/–1%)	100	Ω
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	1.43	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	1.07	V
V_{OD}	Output Differential Voltage	0.35	V
V_{CM}	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.25	V
Z_{BACK}	Back Impedance	100.5	Ω
I_{DC}	DC Output Current	6.03	mA

LVCMOS33D

All I/O banks support emulated differential I/O using the LVCMOS33D I/O type. This option, along with the external resistor network, provides the system designer the flexibility to place differential outputs on an I/O bank with 3.3 V V_{CCIO}. The default drive current for LVCMOS33D output is 12 mA with the option to change the device strength to 4 mA, 8 mA, 16 mA or 20 mA. Follow the LVCMOS33 specifications for the DC characteristics of the LVCMOS33D.

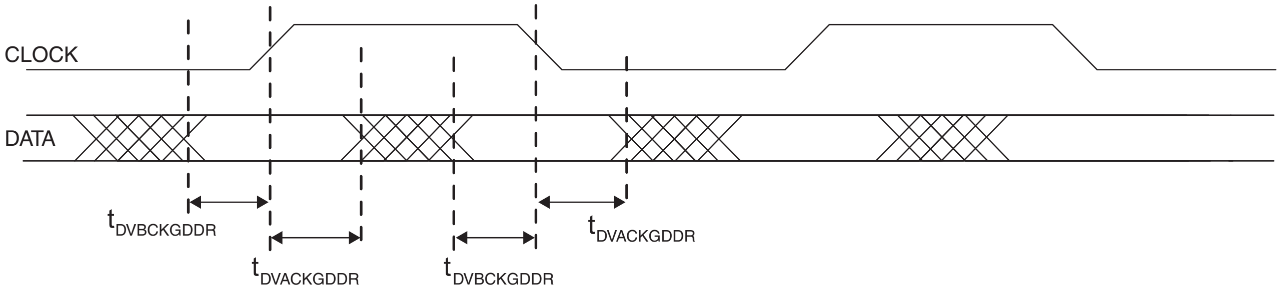
LatticeECP3 External Switching Characteristics (Continued)[1, 2, 3, 13]

Over Recommended Commercial Operating Conditions

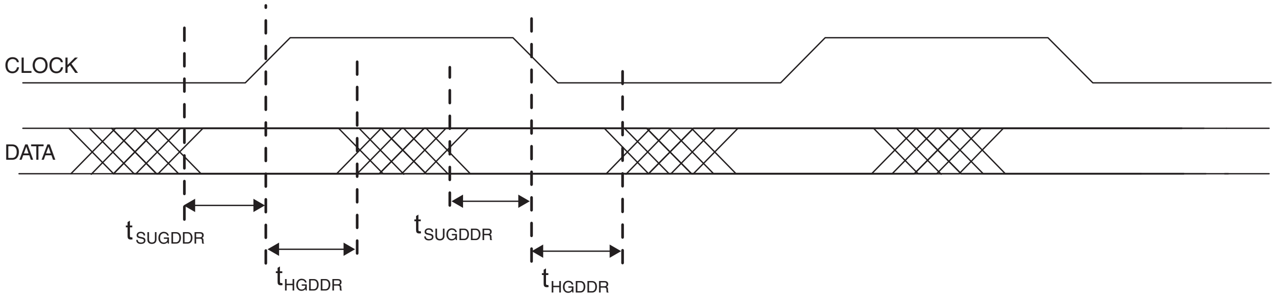
Parameter	Description	Device	–8		–7		–6		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	ECP3-35EA	683	—	688	—	690	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	ECP3-35EA	683	—	688	—	690	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-35EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	ECP3-17EA	683	—	688	—	690	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	ECP3-17EA	683	—	688	—	690	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-17EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Output with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Aligned)[10]									
$t_{DIBGDDR}$	Data Invalid Before Clock	ECP3-150EA	—	335	—	338	—	341	ps
$t_{DIAGDDR}$	Data Invalid After Clock	ECP3-150EA	—	335	—	338	—	341	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-150EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DIBGDDR}$	Data Invalid Before Clock	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	339	—	343	—	347	ps
$t_{DIAGDDR}$	Data Invalid After Clock	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	339	—	343	—	347	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DIBGDDR}$	Data Invalid Before Clock	ECP3-35EA	—	322	—	320	—	321	ps
$t_{DIAGDDR}$	Data Invalid After Clock	ECP3-35EA	—	322	—	320	—	321	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-35EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DIBGDDR}$	Data Invalid Before Clock	ECP3-17EA	—	322	—	320	—	321	ps
$t_{DIAGDDR}$	Data Invalid After Clock	ECP3-17EA	—	322	—	320	—	321	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-17EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Output with Clock and Data (<10 Bits Wide) Centered at Pin (GDDRX1_TX.DQS.Centered)[10]									
Left and Right Sides									
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	ECP3-150EA	670	—	670	—	670	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	ECP3-150EA	670	—	670	—	670	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-150EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	ECP3-70EA/95EA	657	—	652	—	650	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	ECP3-70EA/95EA	657	—	652	—	650	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	ECP3-35EA	670	—	675	—	676	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	ECP3-35EA	670	—	675	—	676	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-35EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	ECP3-17EA	670	—	670	—	670	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	ECP3-17EA	670	—	670	—	670	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX1 Clock Frequency	ECP3-17EA	—	250	—	250	—	250	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Output with Clock and Data (>10 Bits Wide) Aligned at Pin (GDDRX2_TX.Aligned)									
Left and Right Sides									
$t_{DIBGDDR}$	Data Invalid Before Clock	All ECP3EA Devices	—	200	—	210	—	220	ps
$t_{DIAGDDR}$	Data Invalid After Clock	All ECP3EA Devices	—	200	—	210	—	220	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX2 Clock Frequency	All ECP3EA Devices	—	500	—	420	—	375	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Output with Clock and Data (>10 Bits Wide) Centered at Pin Using DQSDLL (GDDRX2_TX.DQSDLL.Centered)[11]									
Left and Right Sides									
$t_{DVBGDDR}$	Data Valid Before CLK	All ECP3EA Devices	400	—	400	—	431	—	ps
$t_{DVAGDDR}$	Data Valid After CLK	All ECP3EA Devices	400	—	400	—	432	—	ps
f_{MAX_GDDR}	DDRX2 Clock Frequency	All ECP3EA Devices	—	400	—	400	—	375	MHz

Figure 3-8. Generic DDRX1/DDRX2 (With Clock Center on Data Window)

Transmit Parameters



Receive Parameters



LatticeECP3 Family Timing Adders[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7] (Continued)

Over Recommended Commercial Operating Conditions

Buffer Type	Description	–8	–7	–6	Units
RSDS25	RSDS, VCCIO = 2.5 V	–0.07	–0.04	–0.01	ns
PPLVDS	Point-to-Point LVDS, True LVDS, VCCIO = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	–0.22	–0.19	–0.16	ns
LVPECL33	LVPECL, Emulated, VCCIO = 3.3 V	0.67	0.76	0.86	ns
HSTL18_I	HSTL_18 class I 8mA drive, VCCIO = 1.8 V	1.20	1.34	1.47	ns
HSTL18_II	HSTL_18 class II, VCCIO = 1.8 V	0.89	1.00	1.11	ns
HSTL18D_I	Differential HSTL 18 class I 8 mA drive	1.20	1.34	1.47	ns
HSTL18D_II	Differential HSTL 18 class II	0.89	1.00	1.11	ns
HSTL15_I	HSTL_15 class I 4 mA drive, VCCIO = 1.5 V	1.67	1.83	1.99	ns
HSTL15D_I	Differential HSTL 15 class I 4 mA drive	1.67	1.83	1.99	ns
SSTL33_I	SSTL_3 class I, VCCIO = 3.3 V	1.12	1.17	1.21	ns
SSTL33_II	SSTL_3 class II, VCCIO = 3.3 V	1.08	1.12	1.15	ns
SSTL33D_I	Differential SSTL_3 class I	1.12	1.17	1.21	ns
SSTL33D_II	Differential SSTL_3 class II	1.08	1.12	1.15	ns
SSTL25_I	SSTL_2 class I 8 mA drive, VCCIO = 2.5 V	1.06	1.19	1.31	ns
SSTL25_II	SSTL_2 class II 16 mA drive, VCCIO = 2.5 V	1.04	1.17	1.31	ns
SSTL25D_I	Differential SSTL_2 class I 8 mA drive	1.06	1.19	1.31	ns
SSTL25D_II	Differential SSTL_2 class II 16 mA drive	1.04	1.17	1.31	ns
SSTL18_I	SSTL_1.8 class I, VCCIO = 1.8 V	0.70	0.84	0.97	ns
SSTL18_II	SSTL_1.8 class II 8 mA drive, VCCIO = 1.8 V	0.70	0.84	0.97	ns
SSTL18D_I	Differential SSTL_1.8 class I	0.70	0.84	0.97	ns
SSTL18D_II	Differential SSTL_1.8 class II 8 mA drive	0.70	0.84	0.97	ns
SSTL15	SSTL_1.5, VCCIO = 1.5 V	1.22	1.35	1.48	ns
SSTL15D	Differential SSTL_15	1.22	1.35	1.48	ns
LVTTL33_4mA	LVTTL 4 mA drive, VCCIO = 3.3V	0.25	0.24	0.23	ns
LVTTL33_8mA	LVTTL 8 mA drive, VCCIO = 3.3V	–0.06	–0.06	–0.07	ns
LVTTL33_12mA	LVTTL 12 mA drive, VCCIO = 3.3V	–0.01	–0.02	–0.02	ns
LVTTL33_16mA	LVTTL 16 mA drive, VCCIO = 3.3V	–0.07	–0.07	–0.08	ns
LVTTL33_20mA	LVTTL 20 mA drive, VCCIO = 3.3V	–0.12	–0.13	–0.14	ns
LVCMOS33_4mA	LVCMOS 3.3 4 mA drive, fast slew rate	0.25	0.24	0.23	ns
LVCMOS33_8mA	LVCMOS 3.3 8 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.06	–0.06	–0.07	ns
LVCMOS33_12mA	LVCMOS 3.3 12 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.01	–0.02	–0.02	ns
LVCMOS33_16mA	LVCMOS 3.3 16 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.07	–0.07	–0.08	ns
LVCMOS33_20mA	LVCMOS 3.3 20 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.12	–0.13	–0.14	ns
LVCMOS25_4mA	LVCMOS 2.5 4 mA drive, fast slew rate	0.12	0.10	0.09	ns
LVCMOS25_8mA	LVCMOS 2.5 8 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.05	–0.06	–0.07	ns
LVCMOS25_12mA	LVCMOS 2.5 12 mA drive, fast slew rate	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
LVCMOS25_16mA	LVCMOS 2.5 16 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.12	–0.13	–0.14	ns
LVCMOS25_20mA	LVCMOS 2.5 20 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.12	–0.13	–0.14	ns
LVCMOS18_4mA	LVCMOS 1.8 4 mA drive, fast slew rate	0.11	0.12	0.14	ns
LVCMOS18_8mA	LVCMOS 1.8 8 mA drive, fast slew rate	0.11	0.12	0.14	ns
LVCMOS18_12mA	LVCMOS 1.8 12 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.04	–0.03	–0.03	ns
LVCMOS18_16mA	LVCMOS 1.8 16 mA drive, fast slew rate	–0.04	–0.03	–0.03	ns

DLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f_{REF}	Input reference clock frequency (on-chip or off-chip)		133	—	500	MHz
f_{FB}	Feedback clock frequency (on-chip or off-chip)		133	—	500	MHz
f_{CLKOP}[1]	Output clock frequency, CLKOP		133	—	500	MHz
f_{CLKOS}[2]	Output clock frequency, CLKOS		33.3	—	500	MHz
t_{PJIT}	Output clock period jitter (clean input)			—	200	ps p-p
t_{DUTY}	Output clock duty cycle (at 50% levels, 50% duty cycle input clock, 50% duty cycle circuit turned off, time reference delay mode)	Edge Clock	40		60	%
		Primary Clock	30		70	%
$t_{DUTYTRD}$	Output clock duty cycle (at 50% levels, arbitrary duty cycle input clock, 50% duty cycle circuit enabled, time reference delay mode)	Primary Clock < 250 MHz	45		55	%
		Primary Clock ≥ 250 MHz	30		70	%
		Edge Clock	45		55	%
$t_{DUTYCIR}$	Output clock duty cycle (at 50% levels, arbitrary duty cycle input clock, 50% duty cycle circuit enabled, clock injection removal mode) with DLL cascading	Primary Clock < 250 MHz	40		60	%
		Primary Clock ≥ 250 MHz	30		70	%
		Edge Clock	45		55	%
t_{SKEW}[3]	Output clock to clock skew between two outputs with the same phase setting		—	—	100	ps
t_{PHASE}	Phase error measured at device pads between off-chip reference clock and feedback clocks		—	—	+/-400	ps
t_{PWH}	Input clock minimum pulse width high (at 80% level)		550	—	—	ps
t_{PWL}	Input clock minimum pulse width low (at 20% level)		550	—	—	ps
t_{INSTB}	Input clock period jitter		—	—	500	ps
t_{LOCK}	DLL lock time		8	—	8200	cycles
t_{RSWD}	Digital reset minimum pulse width (at 80% level)		3	—	—	ns
t_{DEL}	Delay step size		27	45	70	ps
t_{RANGE1}	Max. delay setting for single delay block (64 taps)		1.9	3.1	4.4	ns
t_{RANGE4}	Max. delay setting for four chained delay blocks		7.6	12.4	17.6	ns

1. CLKOP runs at the same frequency as the input clock.
2. CLKOS minimum frequency is obtained with divide by 4.
3. This is intended to be a “path-matching” design guideline and is not a measurable specification.

SERDES External Reference Clock

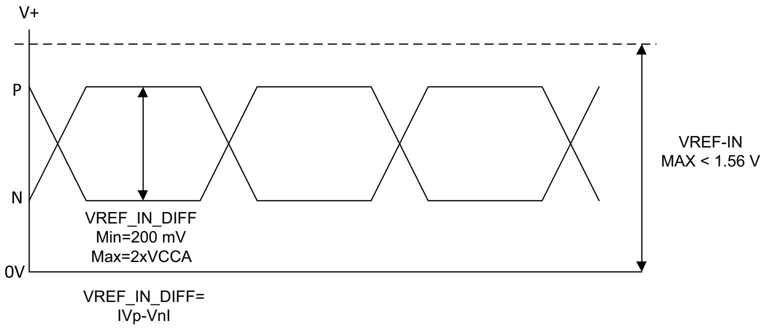
The external reference clock selection and its interface are a critical part of system applications for this product. Table 3-12 specifies reference clock requirements, over the full range of operating conditions.

Table 3-12. External Reference Clock Specification (refclkp/refclkn)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
F_{REF}	Frequency range	15	—	320	MHz
$F_{REF-PPM}$	Frequency tolerance[1]	–1000	—	1000	ppm
$V_{REF-IN-SE}$	Input swing, single-ended clock[2]	200	—	V_{CCA}	mV, p-p
$V_{REF-IN-DIFF}$	Input swing, differential clock	200	—	2^*V_{CCA}	mV, p-p differential
V_{REF-IN}	Input levels	0	—	$V_{CCA} + 0.3$	V
D_{REF}	Duty cycle[3]	40	—	60	%
T_{REF-R}	Rise time (20% to 80%)	200	500	1000	ps
T_{REF-F}	Fall time (80% to 20%)	200	500	1000	ps
$Z_{REF-IN-TERM-DIFF}$	Differential input termination	–20%	100/2K	+20%	Ohms
$C_{REF-IN-CAP}$	Input capacitance	—	—	7	pF

1. Depending on the application, the PLL_LOL_SET and CDR_LOL_SET control registers may be adjusted for other tolerance values as described in TN1176, LatticeECP3 SERDES/PCS Usage Guide.
2. The signal swing for a single-ended input clock must be as large as the p-p differential swing of a differential input clock to get the same gain at the input receiver. Lower swings for the clock may be possible, but will tend to increase jitter.
3. Measured at 50% amplitude.

Figure 3-13. SERDES External Reference Clock Waveforms



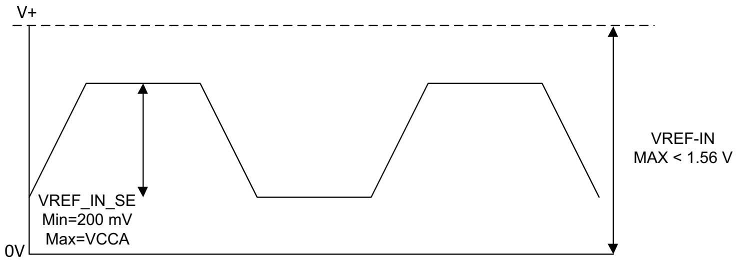
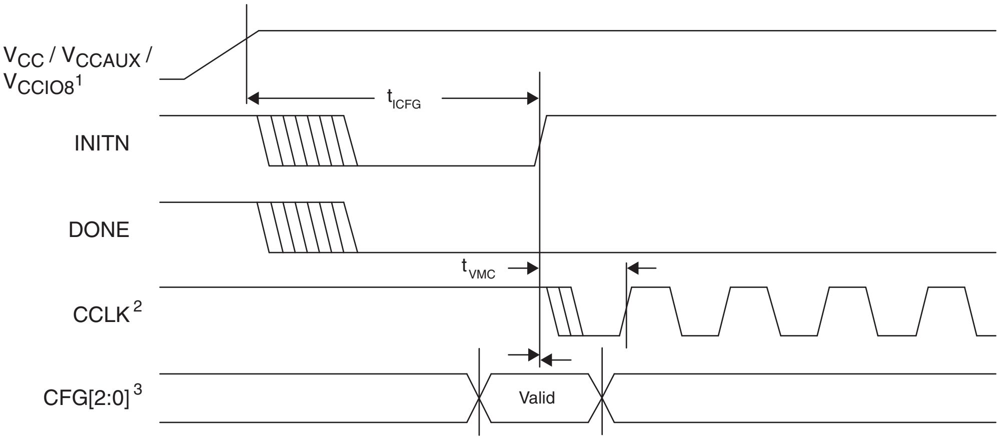
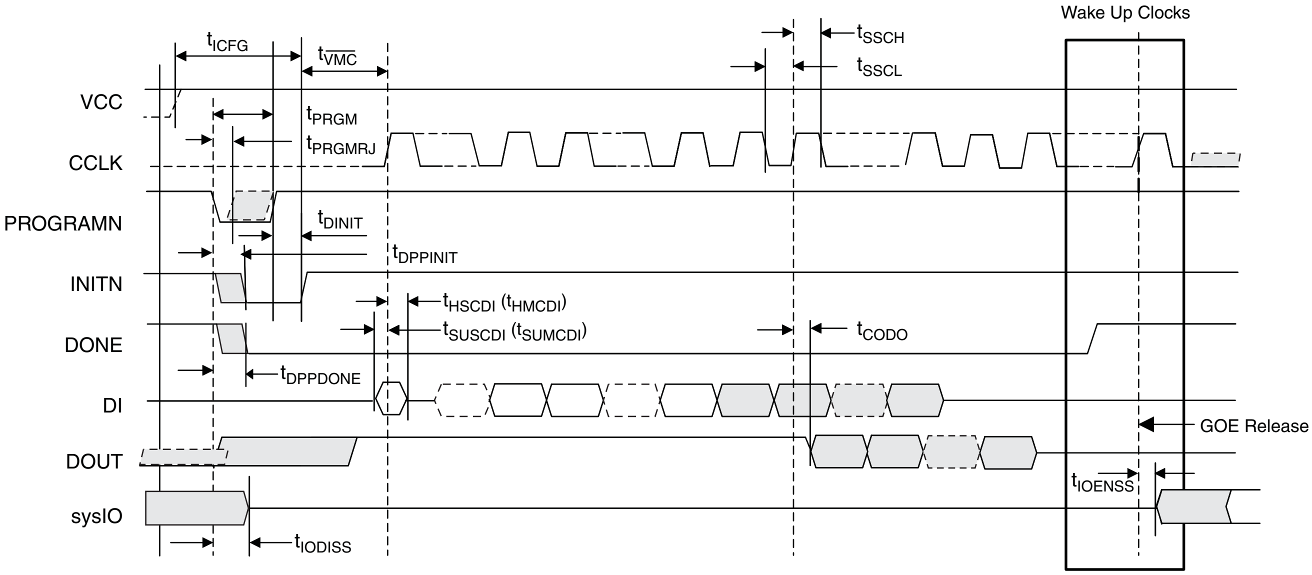


Figure 3-24. Power-On-Reset (POR) Timing



1. Time taken from V_{CC}, V_{CCAUX} or V_{CCIO8}, whichever is the last to cross the POR trip point.
2. Device is in a Master Mode (SPI, SPIm).
3. The CFG pins are normally static (hard wired).

Figure 3-25. sysCONFIG Port Timing



Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Description
[LOC]DQS[num]	I/O	DQ input/output pads: T (top), R (right), B (bottom), L (left), DQS, num = ball function number.
[LOC]DQ[num]	I/O	DQ input/output pads: T (top), R (right), B (bottom), L (left), DQ, associated DQS number.
Test and Programming (Dedicated Pins)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input, used to control the 1149.1 state machine. Pull-up is enabled during configuration.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine. No pull-up enabled.
TDI	I	Test Data in pin. Used to load data into device using 1149.1 state machine. After power-up, this TAP port can be activated for configuration by sending appropriate command. (Note: once a configuration port is selected it is locked. Another configuration port cannot be selected until the power-up sequence). Pull-up is enabled during configuration.
TDO	O	Output pin. Test Data Out pin used to shift data out of a device using 1149.1.
VCCJ	—	Power supply pin for JTAG Test Access Port.
Configuration Pads (Used During sysCONFIG)		
CFG[2:0]	I	Mode pins used to specify configuration mode values latched on rising edge of INITN. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. These are dedicated pins.
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. It is a dedicated pin.
PROGRAMN	I	Initiates configuration sequence when asserted low. This pin always has an active pull-up. It is a dedicated pin.
DONE	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the startup sequence is in progress. It is a dedicated pin.
CCLK	I	Input Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in Slave SPI, Serial, and CPU modes. It is a dedicated pin.
MCLK	I/O	Output Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in SPI, SPIm, and Master configuration modes.
BUSY/SISPI	O	Parallel configuration mode busy indicator. SPI/SPIm mode data output.
CSN/SN/OEN	I/O	Parallel configuration mode active-low chip select. Slave SPI chip select. Parallel burst Flash output enable.
CS1N/HOLDN/RDY	I	Parallel configuration mode active-low chip select. Slave SPI hold input.
WRITEN	I	Write enable for parallel configuration modes.
DOUT/CSON/CSSPI1N	O	Serial data output. Chip select output. SPI/SPIm mode chip select.
D[0]/SPIFASTN	I/O	sysCONFIG Port Data I/O for Parallel mode. Open drain during configuration.
		sysCONFIG Port Data I/O for SPI or SPIm. When using the SPI or SPIm mode, this pin should either be tied high or low, must not be left floating. Open drain during configuration.
D1	I/O	Parallel configuration I/O. Open drain during configuration.
D2	I/O	Parallel configuration I/O. Open drain during configuration.
D3/SI	I/O	Parallel configuration I/O. Slave SPI data input. Open drain during configuration.
D4/SO	I/O	Parallel configuration I/O. Slave SPI data output. Open drain during configuration.
D5	I/O	Parallel configuration I/O. Open drain during configuration.
D6/SPID1	I/O	Parallel configuration I/O. SPI/SPIm data input. Open drain during configuration.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade[1]	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-70EA-6FN484C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN484C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN484C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN484C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN484C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN484C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-6FN672C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN672C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN672C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN672C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN672C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN672C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-6FN1156C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN1156C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN1156C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN1156C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN1156C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN1156C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	67

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade[1]	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-95EA-6FN484C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN484C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN484C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN484C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN484C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN484C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-6FN672C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN672C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN672C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN672C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN672C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN672C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-6FN1156C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN1156C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN1156C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN1156C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN1156C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN1156C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	92

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Part Number	Voltage	Grade[1]	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-70EA-6FN484I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN484I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN484I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN484I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN484I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN484I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6FN672I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN672I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN672I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN672I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN672I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN672I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6FN1156I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN1156I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN1156I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN1156I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN1156I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN1156I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade[1]	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-95EA-6FN484I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN484I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN484I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN484I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN484I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN484I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6FN672I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN672I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN672I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN672I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN672I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN672I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6FN1156I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN1156I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN1156I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN1156I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN1156I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN1156I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

LatticeECP3 Family Data Sheet Revision History

March 2015 **Data Sheet DS1021**

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2015	2.8EA	Pinout Information	Updated Package Pinout Information section. Changed reference to http://www.latticesemi.com/Products/FPGAandCPLD/LatticeECP3.
		All	Minor style/formatting changes.
April 2014	02.7EA	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated LatticeECP3 Supply Current (Standby) table power numbers.
			Removed speed grade -9 timing numbers in the following sections: — Typical Building Block Function Performance — LatticeECP3 External Switching Characteristics — LatticeECP3 Internal Switching Characteristics — LatticeECP3 Family Timing Adders
		Ordering Information	Removed ordering information for -9 speed grade devices.
March 2014	02.6EA	DC and Switching Characteristics	Added information to the sysI/O Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section footnote.
February 2014	02.5EA	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Hot Socketing Specifications table. Changed I_{PW} to I_{PD} in footnote 3.
			Updated the following figures: — Figure 3-25, sysCONFIG Port Timing — Figure 3-27, Wake-Up Timing
		Supplemental Information	Added technical note references.
September 2013	02.4EA	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Wake-Up Timing Diagram
			Added the following figures: — Master SPI POR Waveforms — SPI Configuration Waveforms — Slave SPI HOLDN Waveforms
			Added tIODISS and tIOENSS parameters in LatticeECP3 sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table.
June 2013	02.3EA	Architecture	sysI/O Buffer Banks text section – Updated description of “Top (Bank 0 and Bank 1) and Bottom sysIO Buffer Pairs (Single-Ended Outputs Only)” for hot socketing information.
			sysI/O Buffer Banks text section – Updated description of “Configuration Bank sysI/O Buffer Pairs (Single-Ended Outputs, Only on Shared Pins When Not Used by Configuration)” for PCI clamp information.
			On-Chip Oscillator section – clarified the speed of the internal CMOS oscillator (130 MHz +/- 15%).
			Architecture Overview section – Added information on the state of the register on power up and after configuration.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	sysI/O Recommended Operating Conditions table – Removed reference to footnote 1 from RSDS standard.
			sysI/O Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table – Modified footnote 1.
			Added Oscillator Output Frequency table.
			LatticeECP3 sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table – Updated min. column for t_{CODO} parameter.
			LatticeECP3 Family Timing Adders table – Description column, references to VCCIO = 3.0V changed to 3.3V. For PPLVDS, description changed from emulated to True LVDS and VCCIO = 2.5V changed to VCCIO = 2.5V or 3.3V.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2010	01.6	Architecture	Added Read-Before-Write information.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added footnote #6 to Maximum I/O Buffer Speed table.
			Corrected minimum operating conditions for input and output differential voltages in the Point-to-Point LVDS table.
		Pinout Information	Added pin information for the LatticeECP3-70EA and LatticeECP3-95EA devices.
		Ordering Information	Added ordering part numbers for the LatticeECP3-70EA and LatticeECP3-95EA devices.
			Removed dual mark information.
November 2009	01.5	Introduction	Updated Embedded SERDES features.
			Added SONET/SDH to Embedded SERDES protocols.
		Architecture	Updated Figure 2-4, General Purpose PLL Diagram.
			Updated SONET/SDH to SERDES and PCS protocols.
			Updated Table 2-13, SERDES Standard Support to include SONET/SDH and updated footnote 2.
		DC and Switching Characterisitcs	Added footnote to ESD Performance table.
			Updated SERDES Power Supply Requirements table and footnotes.
			Updated Maximum I/O Buffer Speed table.
			Updated Pin-to-Pin Peformance table.
			Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
			Updated DLL timing table.
			Updated High-Speed Data Transmitter tables.
			Updated High-Speed Data Receiver table.
			Updated footnote for Receiver Total Jitter Tolerance Specification table.
			Updated Periodic Receiver Jitter Tolerance Specification table.
			Updated SERDES External Reference Clock Specification table.
			Updated PCI Express Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics.
			Deleted Reference Clock table for PCI Express Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics.
			Updated SMPTE AC/DC Characteristics Transmit table.
			Updated Mini LVDS table.
			Updated RSDS table.
			Added Supply Current (Standby) table for EA devices.
			Updated Internal Switching Characteristics table.
			Updated Register-to-Register Performance table.
			Added HDMI Electrical and Timing Characteristics data.
			Updated Family Timing Adders table.
			Updated sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table.
			Updated Recommended Operating Conditions table.
			Updated Hot Socket Specifications table.
			Updated Single-Ended DC table.
			Updated TRLVDS table and figure.
			Updated Serial Data Input Specifications table.
			Updated HDMI Transmit and Receive table.
		Ordering Information	Added LFE3-150EA “TW” devices and footnotes to the Commercial and Industrial tables.