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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

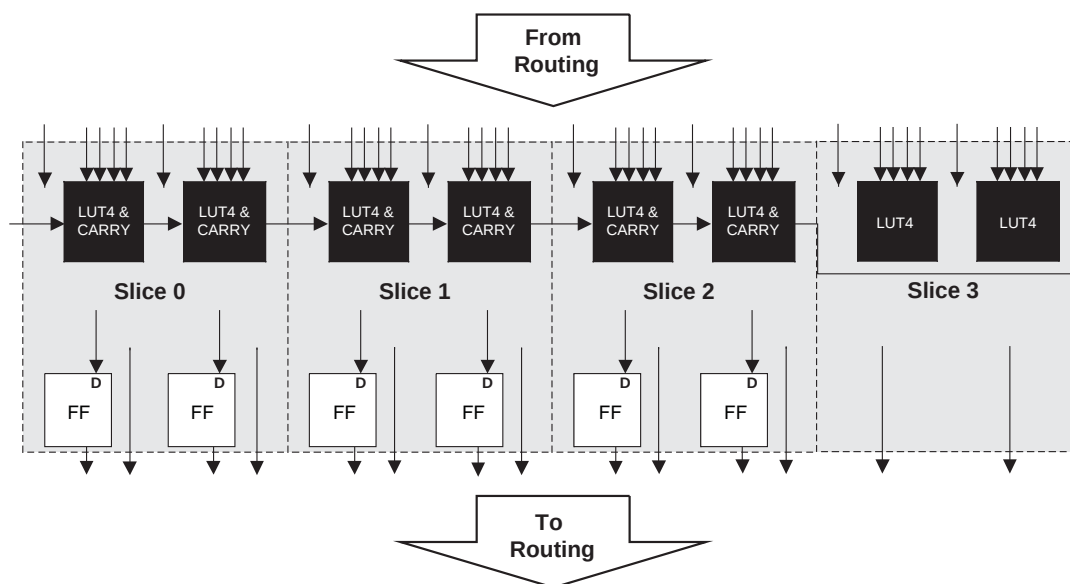
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	8375
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	67000
Total RAM Bits	4526080
Number of I/O	295
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfe3-70ea-7fn484c

Figure 2-2. PFU Diagram



Slice

Slice 0 through Slice 2 contain two LUT4s feeding two registers, whereas Slice 3 contains two LUT4s only. For PFUs, Slice 0 through Slice 2 can be configured as distributed memory, a capability not available in the PFF. Table 2-1 shows the capability of the slices in both PFF and PFU blocks along with the operation modes they enable. In addition, each PFU contains logic that allows the LUTs to be combined to perform functions such as LUT5, LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8. There is control logic to perform set/reset functions (programmable as synchronous/asynchronous), clock select, chip-select and wider RAM/ROM functions.

Table 2-1. Resources and Modes Available per Slice

Slice	PFU BLock		PFF Block	
	Resources	Modes	Resources	Modes
Slice 0	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM
Slice 1	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM
Slice 2	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM
Slice 3	2 LUT4s	Logic, ROM	2 LUT4s	Logic, ROM

Figure 2-3 shows an overview of the internal logic of the slice. The registers in the slice can be configured for positive/negative and edge triggered or level sensitive clocks.

Slices 0, 1 and 2 have 14 input signals: 13 signals from routing and one from the carry-chain (from the adjacent slice or PFU). There are seven outputs: six to routing and one to carry-chain (to the adjacent PFU). Slice 3 has 10 input signals from routing and four signals to routing. Table 2-2 lists the signals associated with Slice 0 to Slice 2.

Figure 2-20. Sources of Edge Clock (Left and Right Edges)

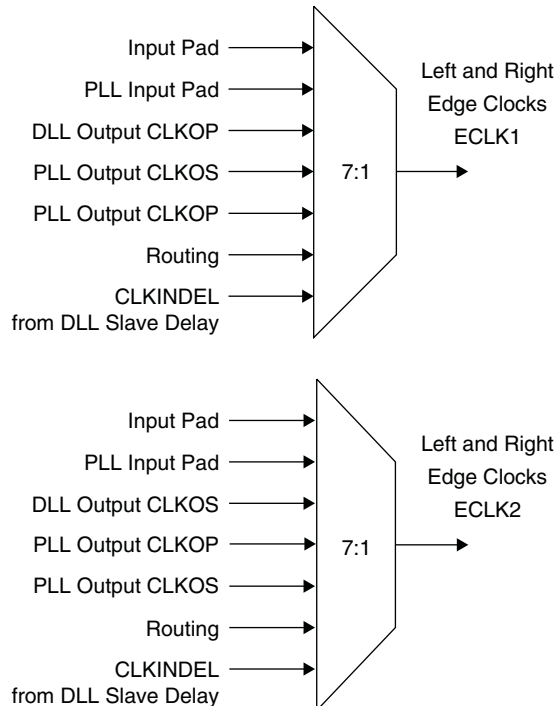
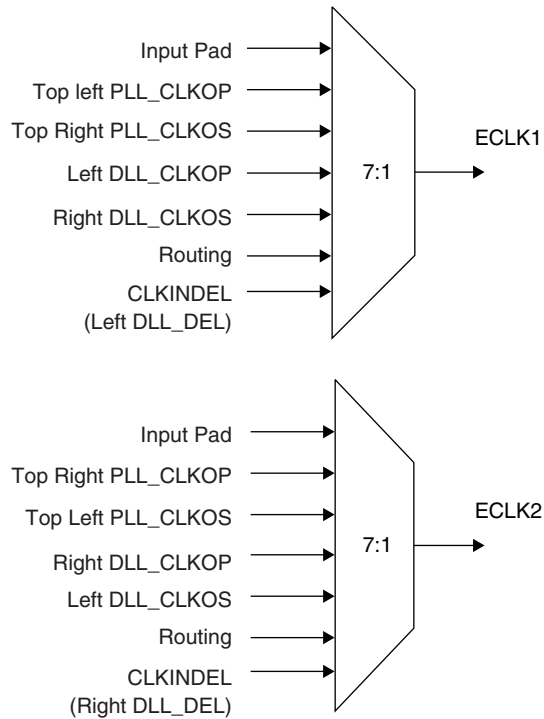


Figure 2-21. Sources of Edge Clock (Top Edge)

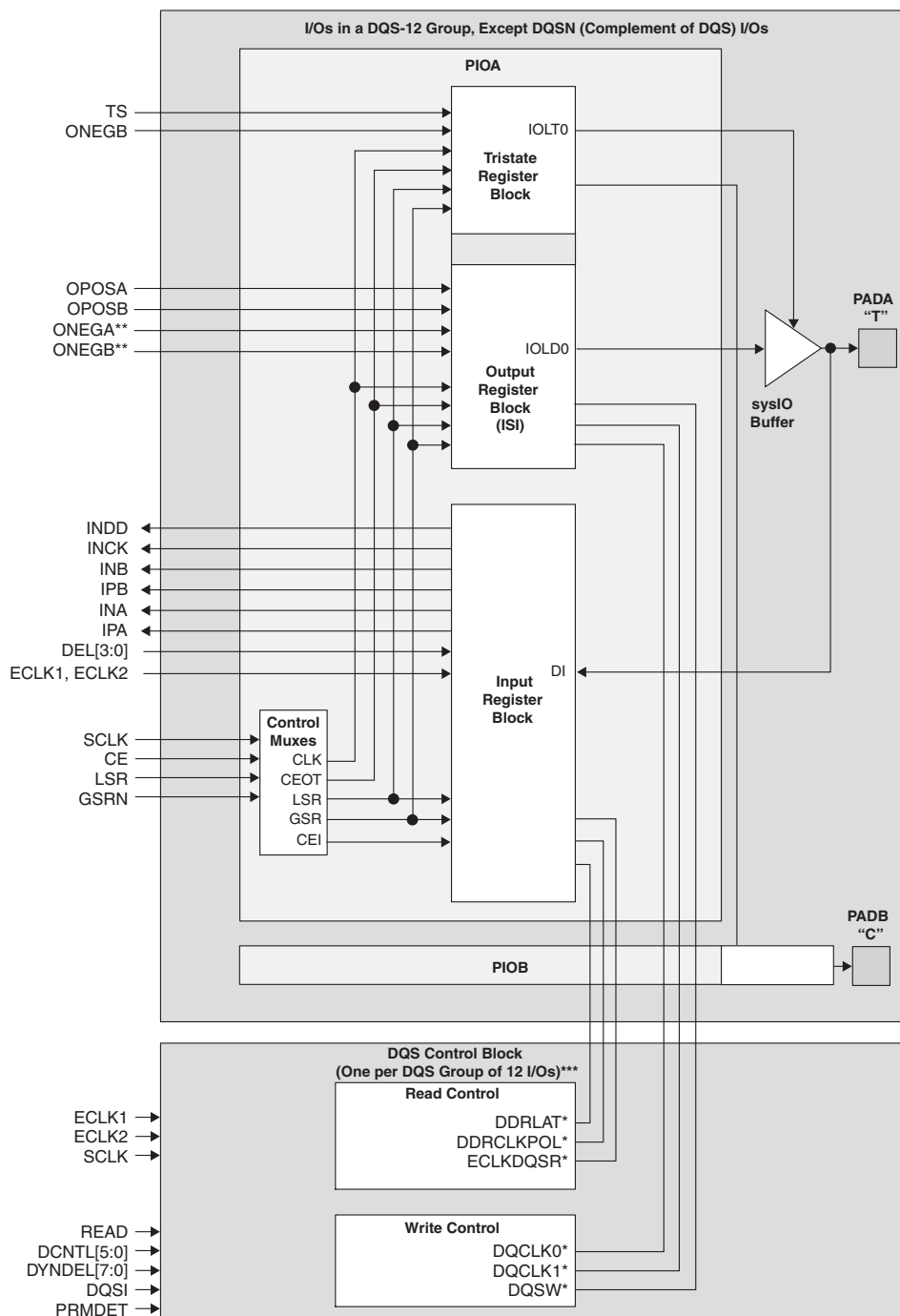


The edge clocks have low injection delay and low skew. They are used to clock the I/O registers and thus are ideal for creating I/O interfaces with a single clock signal and a wide data bus. They are also used for DDR Memory or Generic DDR interfaces.

Programmable I/O Cells (PIC)

Each PIC contains two PIOs connected to their respective sysI/O buffers as shown in Figure 2-32. The PIO Block supplies the output data (DO) and the tri-state control signal (TO) to the sysI/O buffer and receives input from the buffer. Table 2-11 provides the PIO signal list.

Figure 2-32. PIC Diagram



* Signals are available on left/right/top edges only.

** Signals are available on the left and right sides only

*** Selected PIO.

DLL Calibrated DQS Delay Block

Source synchronous interfaces generally require the input clock to be adjusted in order to correctly capture data at the input register. For most interfaces, a PLL is used for this adjustment. However, in DDR memories the clock (referred to as DQS) is not free-running so this approach cannot be used. The DQS Delay block provides the required clock alignment for DDR memory interfaces.

The delay required for the DQS signal is generated by two dedicated DLLs (DDR DLL) on opposite side of the device. Each DLL creates DQS delays in its half of the device as shown in Figure 2-36. The DDR DLL on the left side will generate delays for all the DQS Strobe pins on Banks 0, 7 and 6 and DDR DLL on the right will generate delays for all the DQS pins on Banks 1, 2 and 3. The DDR DLL loop compensates for temperature, voltage and process variations by using the system clock and DLL feedback loop. DDR DLL communicates the required delay to the DQS delay block using a 7-bit calibration bus (DCNTL[6:0])

The DQS signal (selected PIOs only, as shown in Figure 2-35) feeds from the PAD through a DQS control logic block to a dedicated DQS routing resource. The DQS control logic block consists of DQS Read Control logic block that generates control signals for the read side and DQS Write Control logic that generates the control signals required for the write side. A more detailed DQS control diagram is shown in Figure 2-37, which shows how the DQS control blocks interact with the data paths.

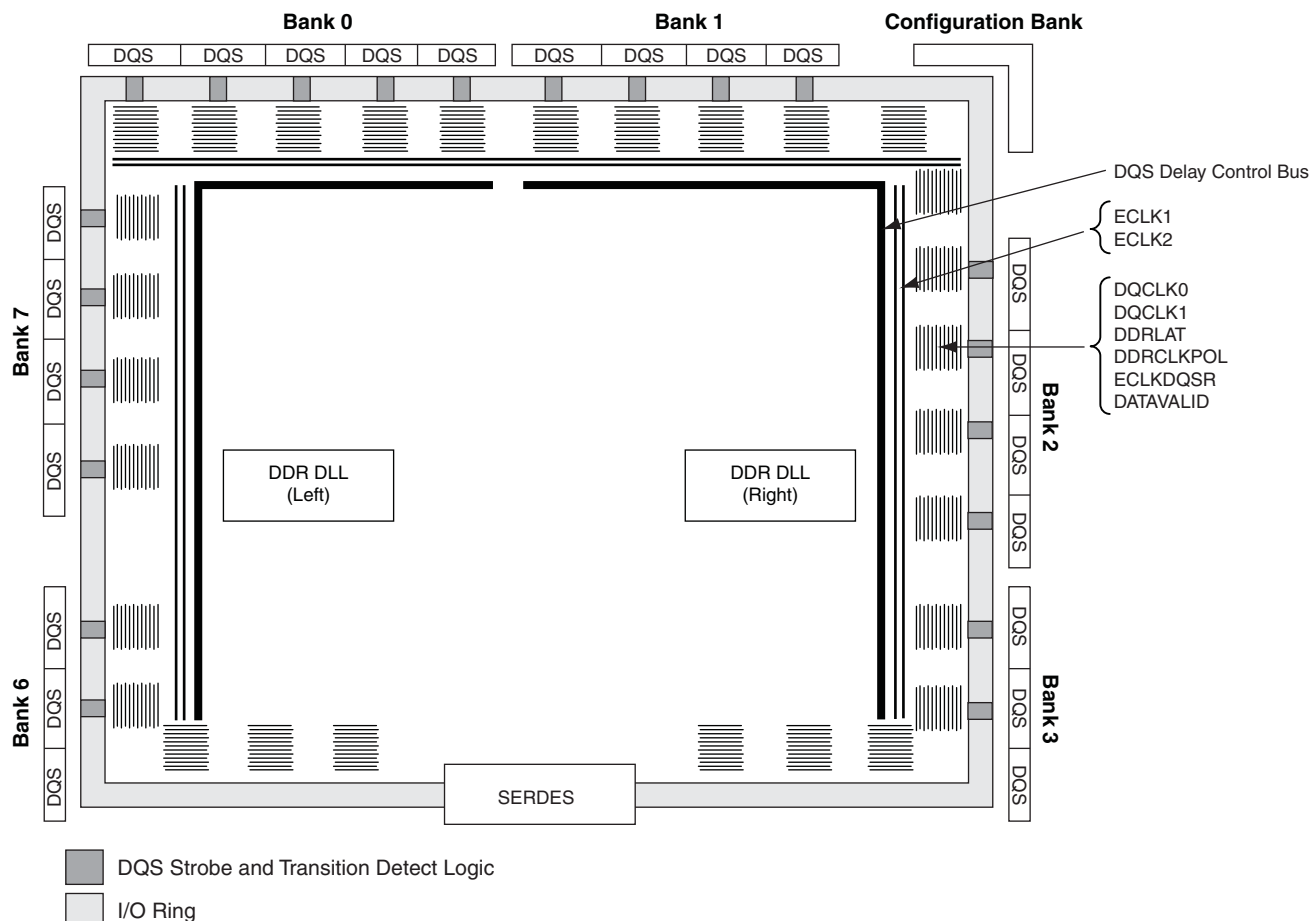
The DQS Read control logic receives the delay generated by the DDR DLL on its side and delays the incoming DQS signal by 90 degrees. This delayed ECLKDQSR is routed to 10 or 11 DQ pads covered by that DQS signal. This block also contains a polarity control logic that generates a DDRCLKPOL signal, which controls the polarity of the clock to the sync registers in the input register blocks. The DQS Read control logic also generates a DDRLAT signal that is in the input register block to transfer data from the first set of DDR register to the second set of DDR registers when using the DDRX2 gearbox mode for DDR3 memory interface.

The DQS Write control logic block generates the DQCLK0 and DQCLK1 clocks used to control the output gearing in the Output register block which generates the DDR data output and the DQS output. They are also used to control the generation of the DQS output through the DQS output register block. In addition to the DCNTL [6:0] input from the DDR DLL, the DQS Write control block also uses a Dynamic Delay DYN DEL [7:0] attribute which is used to further delay the DQS to accomplish the write leveling found in DDR3 memory. Write leveling is controlled by the DDR memory controller implementation. The DYN DELAY can set 128 possible delay step settings. In addition, the most significant bit will invert the clock for a 180-degree shift of the incoming clock. This will generate the DQSW signal used to generate the DQS output in the DQS output register block.

Figure 2-36 and Figure 2-37 show how the DQS transition signals that are routed to the PIOs.

Please see TN1180, [LatticeECP3 High-Speed I/O Interface](#) for more information on this topic.

Figure 2-36. Edge Clock, DLL Calibration and DQS Local Bus Distribution



*Includes shared configuration I/Os and dedicated configuration I/Os.

Hot Socketing Specifications^{1, 2, 3}

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
IDK_HS ⁴	Input or I/O Leakage Current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH} \text{ (Max.)}$	—	—	+/-1	mA
IDK ⁵	Input or I/O Leakage Current	$0 \leq V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	—	+/-1	mA
		$V_{CCIO} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CCIO} + 0.5V$	—	18	—	mA

1. V_{CC} , V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCIO} should rise/fall monotonically.
2. I_{DK} is additive to I_{PU} , I_{PD} or I_{BH} .
3. LVCMOS and LVTTTL only.
4. Applicable to general purpose I/O pins located on the top and bottom sides of the device.
5. Applicable to general purpose I/O pins located on the left and right sides of the device.

Hot Socketing Requirements^{1, 2}

Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Input current per SERDES I/O pin when device is powered down and inputs driven.	—	—	8	mA

1. Assumes the device is powered down, all supplies grounded, both P and N inputs driven by CML driver with maximum allowed V_{CCOB} (1.575 V), 8b10b data, internal AC coupling.
2. Each P and N input must have less than the specified maximum input current. For a 16-channel device, the total input current would be 8 mA*16 channels *2 input pins per channel = 256 mA

ESD Performance

Please refer to the [LatticeECP3 Product Family Qualification Summary](#) for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.

LatticeECP3 External Switching Characteristics (Continued)^{1, 2, 3, 13}
Over Recommended Commercial Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-8		-7		-6		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	ECP3-150EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	ECP3-150EA	—	500	—	420	—	375	MHz
t _{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	3.8	—	4.2	—	4.6	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	ECP3-70EA/95EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	ECP3-70EA/95EA	1.4	—	1.6	—	1.8	—	ns
t _{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	ECP3-70EA/95EA	1.3	—	1.5	—	1.7	—	ns
t _{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	ECP3-70EA/95EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	500	—	420	—	375	MHz
t _{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	ECP3-35EA	—	3.7	—	4.1	—	4.5	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	ECP3-35EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	ECP3-35EA	1.2	—	1.4	—	1.6	—	ns
t _{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	ECP3-35EA	1.3	—	1.4	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	ECP3-35EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	ECP3-35EA	—	500	—	420	—	375	MHz
t _{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	ECP3-17EA	—	3.5	—	3.9	—	4.3	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	ECP3-17EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	ECP3-17EA	1.3	—	1.5	—	1.6	—	ns
t _{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	ECP3-17EA	1.3	—	1.4	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	ECP3-17EA	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	ECP3-17EA	—	500	—	420	—	375	MHz
General I/O Pin Parameters Using Dedicated Clock Input Primary Clock with PLL with Clock Injection Removal Setting²									
t _{COPLL}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	ECP3-150EA	—	3.3	—	3.6	—	3.9	ns
t _{SUPLL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	ECP3-150EA	0.7	—	0.8	—	0.9	—	ns
t _{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	ECP3-150EA	0.8	—	0.9	—	1.0	—	ns
t _{SU_DELP}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	ECP3-150EA	1.6	—	1.8	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{H_DELP}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	ECP3-150EA	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	ns
t _{COPLL}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	ECP3-70EA/95EA	—	3.3	—	3.5	—	3.8	ns
t _{SUPLL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	ECP3-70EA/95EA	0.7	—	0.8	—	0.9	—	ns

LatticeECP3 Maximum I/O Buffer Speed (Continued)^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}**Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Buffer	Description	Max.	Units
PCI33	PCI, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	66	MHz

1. These maximum speeds are characterized but not tested on every device.
2. Maximum I/O speed for differential output standards emulated with resistors depends on the layout.
3. LVCMOS timing is measured with the load specified in the Switching Test Conditions table of this document.
4. All speeds are measured at fast slew.
5. Actual system operation may vary depending on user logic implementation.
6. Maximum data rate equals 2 times the clock rate when utilizing DDR.

sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Clock	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
f _{IN}	Input clock frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)		Edge clock	2	—	500	MHz
			Primary clock ⁴	2	—	420	MHz
f _{OUT}	Output clock frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS)		Edge clock	4	—	500	MHz
			Primary clock ⁴	4	—	420	MHz
f _{OUT1}	K-Divider output frequency	CLKOK		0.03125	—	250	MHz
f _{OUT2}	K2-Divider output frequency	CLKOK2		0.667	—	166	MHz
f _{VCO}	PLL VCO frequency			500	—	1000	MHz
f _{PFD} ³	Phase detector input frequency		Edge clock	2	—	500	MHz
			Primary clock ⁴	2	—	420	MHz
AC Characteristics							
t _{PA}	Programmable delay unit			65	130	260	ps
t _{DT}	Output clock duty cycle (CLKOS, at 50% setting)		Edge clock	45	50	55	%
		f _{OUT} ≤ 250 MHz	Primary clock	45	50	55	%
		f _{OUT} > 250 MHz	Primary clock	30	50	70	%
t _{CPA}	Coarse phase shift error (CLKOS, at all settings)			-5	0	+5	% of period
t _{OPW}	Output clock pulse width high or low (CLKOS)			1.8	—	—	ns
t _{OPJIT} ¹	Output clock period jitter	f _{OUT} ≥ 420 MHz		—	—	200	ps
		420 MHz > f _{OUT} ≥ 100 MHz		—	—	250	ps
		f _{OUT} < 100 MHz		—	—	0.025	UIPP
t _{SK}	Input clock to output clock skew when N/M = integer			—	—	500	ps
t _{LOCK} ²	Lock time	2 to 25 MHz		—	—	200	us
		25 to 500 MHz		—	—	50	us
t _{UNLOCK}	Reset to PLL unlock time to ensure fast reset			—	—	50	ns
t _{HI}	Input clock high time	90% to 90%		0.5	—	—	ns
t _{LO}	Input clock low time	10% to 10%		0.5	—	—	ns
t _{IPJIT}	Input clock period jitter			—	—	400	ps
t _{RST}	Reset signal pulse width high, RSTK			10	—	—	ns
	Reset signal pulse width high, RST			500	—	—	ns

1. Jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with clean reference clock with no additional I/O toggling.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. Period jitter and cycle-to-cycle jitter numbers are guaranteed for $f_{PFD} > 4$ MHz. For $f_{PFD} < 4$ MHz, the jitter numbers may not be met in certain conditions. Please contact the factory for $f_{PFD} < 4$ MHz.
4. When using internal feedback, maximum can be up to 500 MHz.

Table 3-11. Periodic Receiver Jitter Tolerance Specification

Description	Frequency	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Periodic	2.97 Gbps	600 mV differential eye	—	—	0.24	UI, p-p
Periodic	2.5 Gbps	600 mV differential eye	—	—	0.22	UI, p-p
Periodic	1.485 Gbps	600 mV differential eye	—	—	0.24	UI, p-p
Periodic	622 Mbps	600 mV differential eye	—	—	0.15	UI, p-p
Periodic	150 Mbps	600 mV differential eye	—	—	0.5	UI, p-p

Note: Values are measured with PRBS 2⁷-1, all channels operating, FPGA Logic active, I/Os around SERDES pins quiet, voltages are nominal, room temperature.

SERDES External Reference Clock

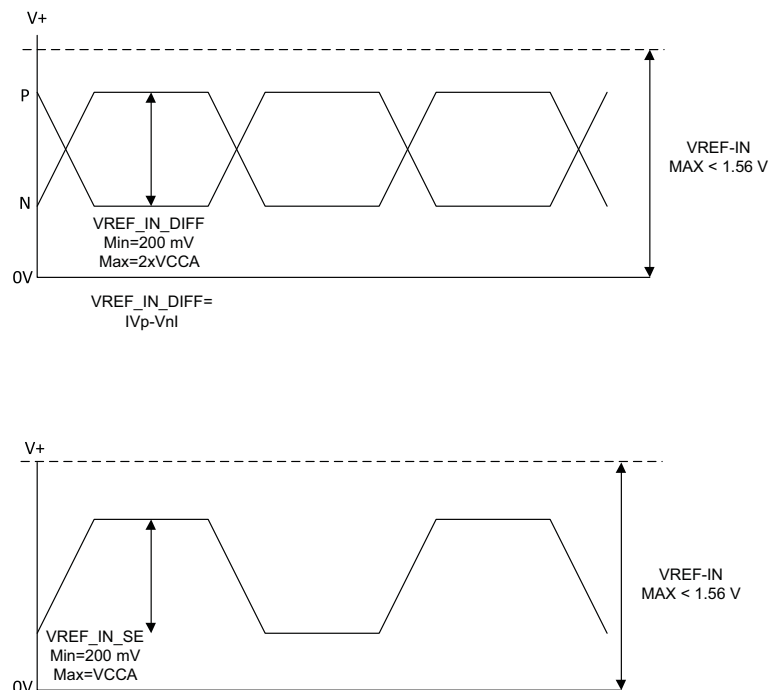
The external reference clock selection and its interface are a critical part of system applications for this product. Table 3-12 specifies reference clock requirements, over the full range of operating conditions.

Table 3-12. External Reference Clock Specification (refclkp/refclkn)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
F_{REF}	Frequency range	15	—	320	MHz
$F_{REF-PPM}$	Frequency tolerance ¹	–1000	—	1000	ppm
$V_{REF-IN-SE}$	Input swing, single-ended clock ²	200	—	V_{CCA}	mV, p-p
$V_{REF-IN-DIFF}$	Input swing, differential clock	200	—	$2 \cdot V_{CCA}$	mV, p-p differential
V_{REF-IN}	Input levels	0	—	$V_{CCA} + 0.3$	V
D_{REF}	Duty cycle ³	40	—	60	%
T_{REF-R}	Rise time (20% to 80%)	200	500	1000	ps
T_{REF-F}	Fall time (80% to 20%)	200	500	1000	ps
$Z_{REF-IN-TERM-DIFF}$	Differential input termination	–20%	100/2K	+20%	Ohms
$C_{REF-IN-CAP}$	Input capacitance	—	—	7	pF

1. Depending on the application, the PLL_LOL_SET and CDR_LOL_SET control registers may be adjusted for other tolerance values as described in TN1176, [LatticeECP3 SERDES/PCS Usage Guide](#).
2. The signal swing for a single-ended input clock must be as large as the p-p differential swing of a differential input clock to get the same gain at the input receiver. Lower swings for the clock may be possible, but will tend to increase jitter.
3. Measured at 50% amplitude.

Figure 3-13. SERDES External Reference Clock Waveforms



LatticeECP3 sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description		Min.	Max.	Units
POR, Configuration Initialization, and Wakeup					
t _{ICFG}	Time from the Application of V _{CC} , V _{CCAUX} or V _{CCIO8} * (Whichever is the Last to Cross the POR Trip Point) to the Rising Edge of INITN	Master mode	—	23	ms
		Slave mode	—	6	ms
t _{VMC}	Time from t _{ICFG} to the Valid Master MCLK		—	5	μs
t _{PRGM}	PROGRAMN Low Time to Start Configuration		25	—	ns
t _{PRGMRJ}	PROGRAMN Pin Pulse Rejection		—	10	ns
t _{DPPINIT}	Delay Time from PROGRAMN Low to INITN Low		—	37	ns
t _{DPPDONE}	Delay Time from PROGRAMN Low to DONE Low		—	37	ns
t _{DINIT} ¹	PROGRAMN High to INITN High Delay		—	1	ms
t _{MWC}	Additional Wake Master Clock Signals After DONE Pin is High		100	500	cycles
t _{CZ}	MCLK From Active To Low To High-Z		—	300	ns
t _{IODISS}	User I/O Disable from PROGRAMN Low		—	100	ns
t _{IOENSS}	User I/O Enabled Time from CCLK Edge During Wake-up Sequence		—	100	ns
All Configuration Modes					
t _{SUCDI}	Data Setup Time to CCLK/MCLK		5	—	ns
t _{HCDI}	Data Hold Time to CCLK/MCLK		1	—	ns
t _{CODO}	CCLK/MCLK to DOUT in Flowthrough Mode		-0.2	12	ns
Slave Serial					
t _{SSCH}	CCLK Minimum High Pulse		5	—	ns
t _{SSCL}	CCLK Minimum Low Pulse		5	—	ns
f _{CCLK}	CCLK Frequency	Without encryption	—	33	MHz
		With encryption	—	20	MHz
Master and Slave Parallel					
t _{SUCS}	CSN[1:0] Setup Time to CCLK/MCLK		7	—	ns
t _{HCS}	CSN[1:0] Hold Time to CCLK/MCLK		1	—	ns
t _{SUWD}	WRITEN Setup Time to CCLK/MCLK		7	—	ns
t _{HWD}	WRITEN Hold Time to CCLK/MCLK		1	—	ns
t _{DCB}	CCLK/MCLK to BUSY Delay Time		—	12	ns
t _{CORD}	CCLK to Out for Read Data		—	12	ns
t _{BSCH}	CCLK Minimum High Pulse		6	—	ns
t _{BSCL}	CCLK Minimum Low Pulse		6	—	ns
t _{BSCYC}	Byte Slave Cycle Time		30	—	ns
f _{CCLK}	CCLK/MCLK Frequency	Without encryption	—	33	MHz
		With encryption	—	20	MHz
Master and Slave SPI					
t _{CFGX}	INITN High to MCLK Low		—	80	ns
t _{CSSPI}	INITN High to CSSPIN Low		0.2	2	μs
t _{SOCDO}	MCLK Low to Output Valid		—	15	ns
t _{CSPID}	CSSPIN[0:1] Low to First MCLK Edge Setup Time		0.3		μs
f _{CCLK}	CCLK Frequency	Without encryption	—	33	MHz
		With encryption	—	20	MHz
t _{SSCH}	CCLK Minimum High Pulse		5	—	ns

Point-to-Point LVDS (PPLVDS)
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output driver supply (+/- 5%)	3.14	3.3	3.47	V
	2.25	2.5	2.75	V
Input differential voltage	100	—	400	mV
Input common mode voltage	0.2	—	2.3	V
Output differential voltage	130	—	400	mV
Output common mode voltage	0.5	0.8	1.4	V

RSDS
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V _{OD}	Output voltage, differential, R _T = 100 Ohms	100	200	600	mV
V _{OS}	Output voltage, common mode	0.5	1.2	1.5	V
I _{RSDS}	Differential driver output current	1	2	6	mA
V _{THD}	Input voltage differential	100	—	—	mV
V _{CM}	Input common mode voltage	0.3	—	1.5	V
T _R , T _F	Output rise and fall times, 20% to 80%	—	500	—	ps
T _{ODUTY}	Output clock duty cycle	35	50	65	%

Note: Data is for 2 mA drive. Other differential driver current options are available.

Pin Information Summary (Cont.)

Pin Information Summary		ECP3-95EA			ECP3-150EA	
Pin Type		484 fpBGA	672 fpBGA	1156 fpBGA	672 fpBGA	1156 fpBGA
General Purpose Inputs/Outputs per bank	Bank 0	42	60	86	60	94
	Bank 1	36	48	78	48	86
	Bank 2	24	34	36	34	58
	Bank 3	54	59	86	59	104
	Bank 6	63	67	86	67	104
	Bank 7	36	48	54	48	76
	Bank 8	24	24	24	24	24
General Purpose Inputs per Bank	Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 2	4	8	8	8	8
	Bank 3	4	12	12	12	12
	Bank 6	4	12	12	12	12
	Bank 7	4	8	8	8	8
	Bank 8	0	0	0	0	0
General Purpose Outputs per Bank	Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 6	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 7	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 8	0	0	0	0	0
Total Single-Ended User I/O		295	380	490	380	586
VCC		16	32	32	32	32
VCCAUX		8	12	16	12	16
VTT		4	4	8	4	8
VCCA		4	8	16	8	16
VCCPLL		4	4	4	4	4
VCCIO	Bank 0	2	4	4	4	4
	Bank 1	2	4	4	4	4
	Bank 2	2	4	4	4	4
	Bank 3	2	4	4	4	4
	Bank 6	2	4	4	4	4
	Bank 7	2	4	4	4	4
	Bank 8	2	2	2	2	2
VCCJ		1	1	1	1	1
TAP		4	4	4	4	4
GND, GNDIO		98	139	233	139	233
NC		0	0	238	0	116
Reserved ¹		2	2	2	2	2
SERDES		26	52	78	52	104
Miscellaneous Pins		8	8	8	8	8
Total Bonded Pins		484	672	1156	672	1156

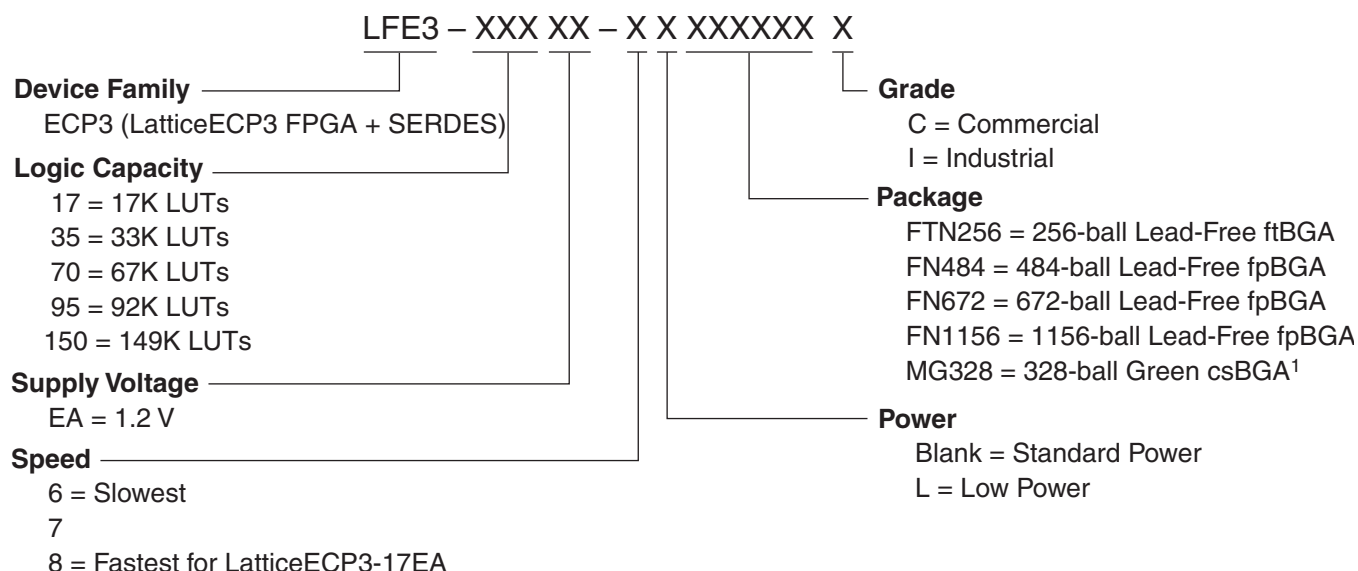


LatticeECP3 Family Data Sheet Ordering Information

April 2014

Data Sheet DS1021

LatticeECP3 Part Number Description



1. Green = Halogen free and lead free.

Ordering Information

LatticeECP3 devices have top-side markings, for commercial and industrial grades, as shown below:

Commercial	Industrial
LATTICE LFE3-95EA 7FN672C Datecode	LATTICE LFE3-95EA 7FN672I Datecode

Note: See [PCN 05A-12](#) for information regarding a change to the top-side mark logo.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade ¹	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-150EA-6FN672C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-7FN672C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-8FN672C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-6LFN672C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-7LFN672C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-8LFN672C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-6FN1156C	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-7FN1156C	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-8FN1156C	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-6LFN1156C	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-7LFN1156C	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-8LFN1156C	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-150EA-6FN672CTW ¹	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-7FN672CTW ¹	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-8FN672CTW ¹	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-6FN1156CTW ¹	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-7FN1156CTW ¹	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149
LFE3-150EA-8FN1156CTW ¹	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	COM	149

1. Note: Specifications for the LFE3-150EA-*sp*FN*pkg*CTW and LFE3-150EA-*sp*FN*pkg*ITW devices, (where *sp* is the speed and *pkg* is the package), are the same as the LFE3-150EA-*sp*FN*pkg*C and LFE3-150EA-*sp*FN*pkg*I devices respectively, except as specified below.

- The CTC (Clock Tolerance Circuit) inside the SERDES hard PCS in the TW device is not functional but it can be bypassed and implemented in soft IP.
- The SERDES XRES pin on the TW device passes CDM testing at 250 V.

Industrial

The following devices may have associated errata. Specific devices with associated errata will be notated with a footnote.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade	Power	Package ¹	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-17EA-6FTN256I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-7FTN256I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-8FTN256I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-6LFTN256I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-7LFTN256I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-8LFTN256I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-6MG328I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free csBGA	328	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-7MG328I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free csBGA	328	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-8MG328I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free csBGA	328	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-6LMG328I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Green csBGA	328	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-7LMG328I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Green csBGA	328	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-8LMG328I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Green csBGA	328	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-6FN484I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-7FN484I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-8FN484I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-6LFN484I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-7LFN484I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	17
LFE3-17EA-8LFN484I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	17

1. Green = Halogen free and lead free.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade ¹	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-35EA-6FTN256I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-7FTN256I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-8FTN256I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-6LFTN256I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-7LFTN256I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-8LFTN256I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-6FN484I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-7FN484I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-8FN484I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-6LFN484I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-7LFN484I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-8LFN484I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-6FN672I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-7FN672I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-8FN672I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-6LFN672I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-7LFN672I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	33
LFE3-35EA-8LFN672I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	33

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade ¹	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-70EA-6FN484I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN484I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN484I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN484I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN484I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN484I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6FN672I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN672I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN672I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN672I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN672I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN672I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6FN1156I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7FN1156I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8FN1156I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-6LFN1156I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-7LFN1156I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67
LFE3-70EA-8LFN1156I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	67

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

Part Number	Voltage	Grade ¹	Power	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)
LFE3-95EA-6FN484I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN484I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN484I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN484I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN484I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN484I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	484	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6FN672I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN672I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN672I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN672I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN672I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN672I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	672	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6FN1156I	1.2 V	–6	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7FN1156I	1.2 V	–7	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8FN1156I	1.2 V	–8	STD	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-6LFN1156I	1.2 V	–6	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-7LFN1156I	1.2 V	–7	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92
LFE3-95EA-8LFN1156I	1.2 V	–8	LOW	Lead-Free fpBGA	1156	IND	92

1. For ordering information on -9 speed grade devices, please contact your Lattice Sales Representative.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2010	01.6	Architecture	Added Read-Before-Write information.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added footnote #6 to Maximum I/O Buffer Speed table. Corrected minimum operating conditions for input and output differential voltages in the Point-to-Point LVDS table.
		Pinout Information	Added pin information for the LatticeECP3-70EA and LatticeECP3-95EA devices.
		Ordering Information	Added ordering part numbers for the LatticeECP3-70EA and LatticeECP3-95EA devices.
			Removed dual mark information.
November 2009	01.5	Introduction	Updated Embedded SERDES features. Added SONET/SDH to Embedded SERDES protocols.
		Architecture	Updated Figure 2-4, General Purpose PLL Diagram. Updated SONET/SDH to SERDES and PCS protocols.
			Updated Table 2-13, SERDES Standard Support to include SONET/SDH and updated footnote 2.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added footnote to ESD Performance table.
			Updated SERDES Power Supply Requirements table and footnotes.
			Updated Maximum I/O Buffer Speed table.
			Updated Pin-to-Pin Performance table.
			Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
			Updated DLL timing table.
			Updated High-Speed Data Transmitter tables.
			Updated High-Speed Data Receiver table.
			Updated footnote for Receiver Total Jitter Tolerance Specification table.
			Updated Periodic Receiver Jitter Tolerance Specification table.
			Updated SERDES External Reference Clock Specification table.
			Updated PCI Express Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics.
			Deleted Reference Clock table for PCI Express Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics.
			Updated SMPTE AC/DC Characteristics Transmit table.
			Updated Mini LVDS table.
			Updated RSDS table.
			Added Supply Current (Standby) table for EA devices.
			Updated Internal Switching Characteristics table.
			Updated Register-to-Register Performance table.
			Added HDMI Electrical and Timing Characteristics data.
			Updated Family Timing Adders table.
			Updated sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table.
			Updated Recommended Operating Conditions table.
			Updated Hot Socket Specifications table.
			Updated Single-Ended DC table.
			Updated TRLVDS table and figure.
			Updated Serial Data Input Specifications table.
			Updated HDMI Transmit and Receive table.
		Ordering Information	Added LFE3-150EA "TW" devices and footnotes to the Commercial and Industrial tables.