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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	70
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 37x16b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk10dx256vll7">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk10dx256vll7</a>

# 1 Ordering parts

## 1.1 Determining valid orderable parts

Valid orderable part numbers are provided on the web. To determine the orderable part numbers for this device, go to [www.freescale.com](http://www.freescale.com) and perform a part number search for the following device numbers: PK10 and MK10 .

## 2 Part identification

### 2.1 Description

Part numbers for the chip have fields that identify the specific part. You can use the values of these fields to determine the specific part you have received.

### 2.2 Format

Part numbers for this device have the following format:

Q K## A M FFF R T PP CC N

### 2.3 Fields

This table lists the possible values for each field in the part number (not all combinations are valid):

Field	Description	Values
Q	Qualification status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>M = Fully qualified, general market flow</li> <li>P = Prequalification</li> </ul>
K##	Kinetis family	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>K10</li> </ul>
A	Key attribute	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>D = Cortex-M4 w/ DSP</li> <li>F = Cortex-M4 w/ DSP and FPU</li> </ul>
M	Flash memory type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N = Program flash only</li> <li>X = Program flash and FlexMemory</li> </ul>

*Table continues on the next page...*

### 3.1.1 Example

This is an example of an operating requirement, which you must meet for the accompanying operating behaviors to be guaranteed:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	1.0 V core supply voltage	0.9	1.1	V

## 3.2 Definition: Operating behavior

An *operating behavior* is a specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that are guaranteed during operation if you meet the operating requirements and any other specified conditions.

### 3.2.1 Example

This is an example of an operating behavior, which is guaranteed if you meet the accompanying operating requirements:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>WP</sub>	Digital I/O weak pullup/pulldown current	10	130	μA

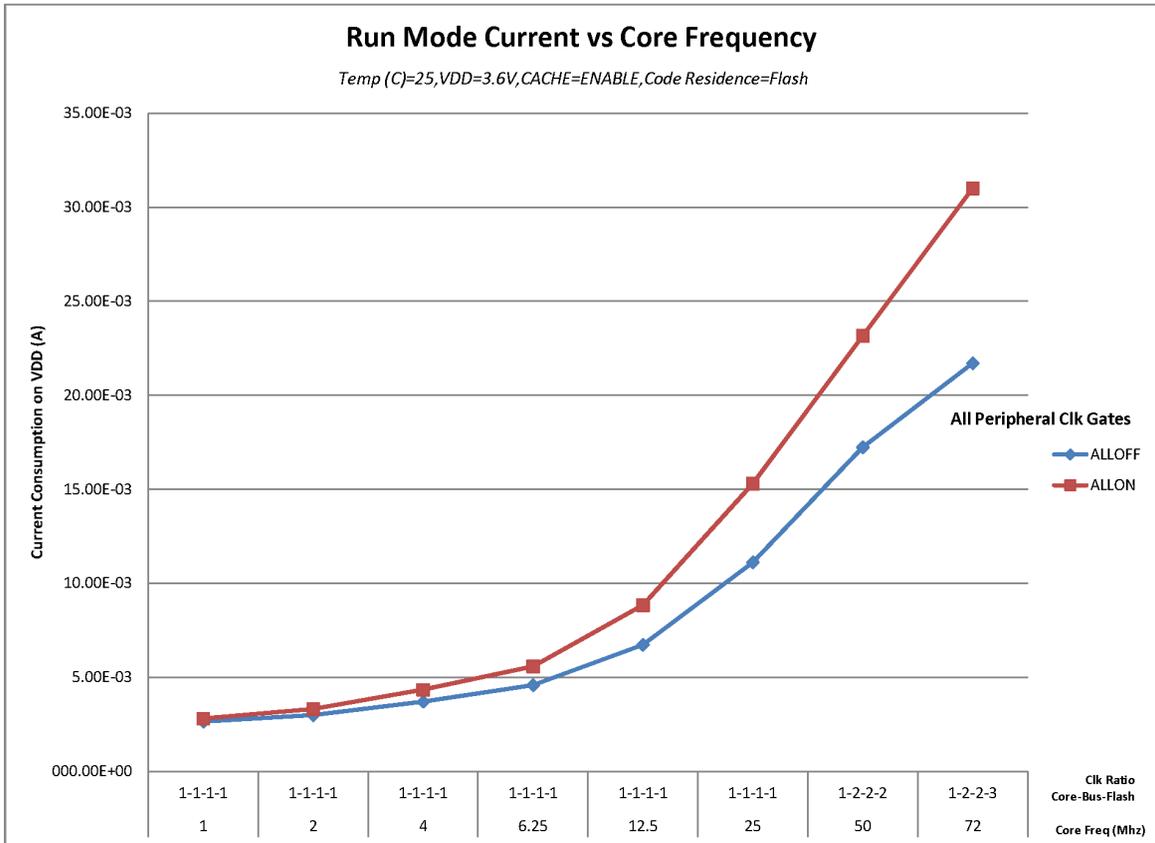
## 3.3 Definition: Attribute

An *attribute* is a specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that are guaranteed, regardless of whether you meet the operating requirements.

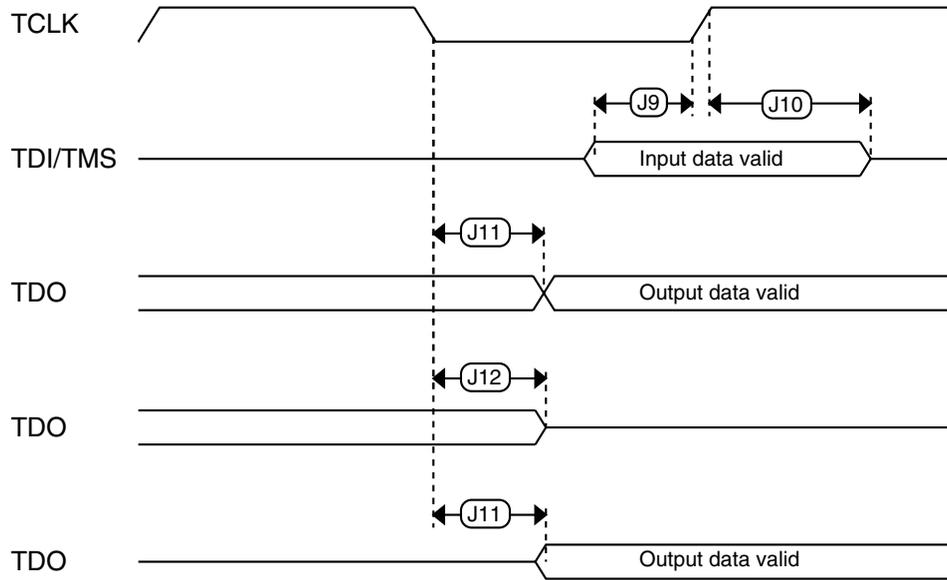
### 3.3.1 Example

This is an example of an attribute:

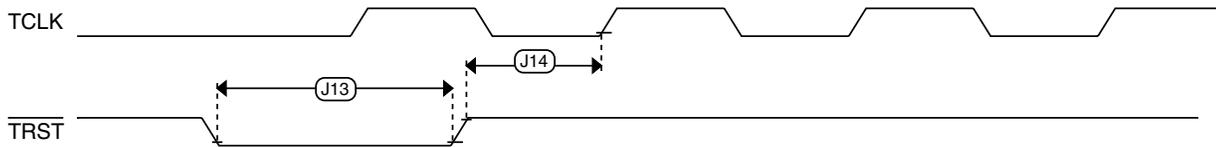
Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
CIN_D	Input capacitance: digital pins	—	7	pF



**Figure 2. Run mode supply current vs. core frequency**



**Figure 8. Test Access Port timing**



**Figure 9.  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  timing**

## 6.2 System modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's system modules.

## 6.3 Clock modules

### 6.3.2.1 Oscillator DC electrical specifications

**Table 15. Oscillator DC electrical specifications**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
$V_{DD}$	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	
$I_{DDOSC}$	Supply current — low-power mode (HGO=0) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 32 kHz</li> <li>• 4 MHz</li> <li>• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)</li> <li>• 16 MHz</li> <li>• 24 MHz</li> <li>• 32 MHz</li> </ul>	—	500	—	nA	1
		—	200	—	$\mu$ A	
		—	300	—	$\mu$ A	
		—	950	—	$\mu$ A	
		—	1.2	—	mA	
		—	1.5	—	mA	
$I_{DDOSC}$	Supply current — high gain mode (HGO=1) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 32 kHz</li> <li>• 4 MHz</li> <li>• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)</li> <li>• 16 MHz</li> <li>• 24 MHz</li> <li>• 32 MHz</li> </ul>	—	25	—	$\mu$ A	1
		—	400	—	$\mu$ A	
		—	500	—	$\mu$ A	
		—	2.5	—	mA	
		—	3	—	mA	
		—	4	—	mA	
$C_x$	EXTAL load capacitance	—	—	—		2, 3
$C_y$	XTAL load capacitance	—	—	—		2, 3
$R_F$	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	M $\Omega$	2, 4
	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	10	—	M $\Omega$	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	M $\Omega$	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	1	—	M $\Omega$	
$R_S$	Series resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	k $\Omega$	
	Series resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	200	—	k $\Omega$	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	k $\Omega$	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	0	—	k $\Omega$	

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 20. Flash command timing specifications (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
$t_{\text{vfykey}}$	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—	—	30	$\mu\text{s}$	1
$t_{\text{swapx01}}$	Swap Control execution time	—	200	—	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{swapx02}}$	• control code 0x02	—	70	150	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{swapx04}}$	• control code 0x04	—	70	150	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{swapx08}}$	• control code 0x08	—	—	30	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{pgmpart32k}}$	Program Partition for EEPROM execution time	—	70	—	ms	
$t_{\text{setramff}}$	Set FlexRAM Function execution time:	—	50	—	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{setram8k}}$	• Control Code 0xFF	—	0.3	0.5	ms	
$t_{\text{setram32k}}$	• 8 KB EEPROM backup	—	0.7	1.0	ms	
	• 32 KB EEPROM backup	—				
Byte-write to FlexRAM for EEPROM operation						
$t_{\text{eewr8bers}}$	Byte-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	175	260	$\mu\text{s}$	3
$t_{\text{eewr8b8k}}$	Byte-write to FlexRAM execution time:	—	340	1700	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr8b16k}}$	• 8 KB EEPROM backup	—	385	1800	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr8b32k}}$	• 16 KB EEPROM backup	—	475	2000	$\mu\text{s}$	
	• 32 KB EEPROM backup	—				
Word-write to FlexRAM for EEPROM operation						
$t_{\text{eewr16bers}}$	Word-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	175	260	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr16b8k}}$	Word-write to FlexRAM execution time:	—	340	1700	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr16b16k}}$	• 8 KB EEPROM backup	—	385	1800	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr16b32k}}$	• 16 KB EEPROM backup	—	475	2000	$\mu\text{s}$	
	• 32 KB EEPROM backup	—				
Longword-write to FlexRAM for EEPROM operation						
$t_{\text{eewr32bers}}$	Longword-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	360	540	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr32b8k}}$	Longword-write to FlexRAM execution time:	—	545	1950	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr32b16k}}$	• 8 KB EEPROM backup	—	630	2050	$\mu\text{s}$	
$t_{\text{eewr32b32k}}$	• 16 KB EEPROM backup	—	810	2250	$\mu\text{s}$	
	• 32 KB EEPROM backup	—				

1. Assumes 25 MHz flash clock frequency.
2. Maximum times for erase parameters based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.
3. For byte-writes to an erased FlexRAM location, the aligned word containing the byte must be erased.

The bytes not assigned to data flash via the FlexNVM partition code are used by the flash memory module to obtain an effective endurance increase for the EEPROM data. The built-in EEPROM record management system raises the number of program/erase cycles that can be attained prior to device wear-out by cycling the EEPROM data through a larger EEPROM NVM storage space.

While different partitions of the FlexNVM are available, the intention is that a single choice for the FlexNVM partition code and EEPROM data set size is used throughout the entire lifetime of a given application. The EEPROM endurance equation and graph shown below assume that only one configuration is ever used.

$$\text{Writes\_subsystem} = \frac{\text{EEPROM} - 2 \times \text{EEESPLIT} \times \text{EEESIZE}}{\text{EEESPLIT} \times \text{EEESIZE}} \times \text{Write\_efficiency} \times n_{\text{nvmcyed}}$$

where

- Writes\_subsystem — minimum number of writes to each FlexRAM location for subsystem (each subsystem can have different endurance)
- EEPROM — allocated FlexNVM for each EEPROM subsystem based on DEPART; entered with the Program Partition command
- EEESPLIT — FlexRAM split factor for subsystem; entered with the Program Partition command
- EEESIZE — allocated FlexRAM based on DEPART; entered with the Program Partition command
- Write\_efficiency —
  - 0.25 for 8-bit writes to FlexRAM
  - 0.50 for 16-bit or 32-bit writes to FlexRAM
- $n_{\text{nvmcyed}}$  — data flash cycling endurance (the following graph assumes 10,000 cycles)

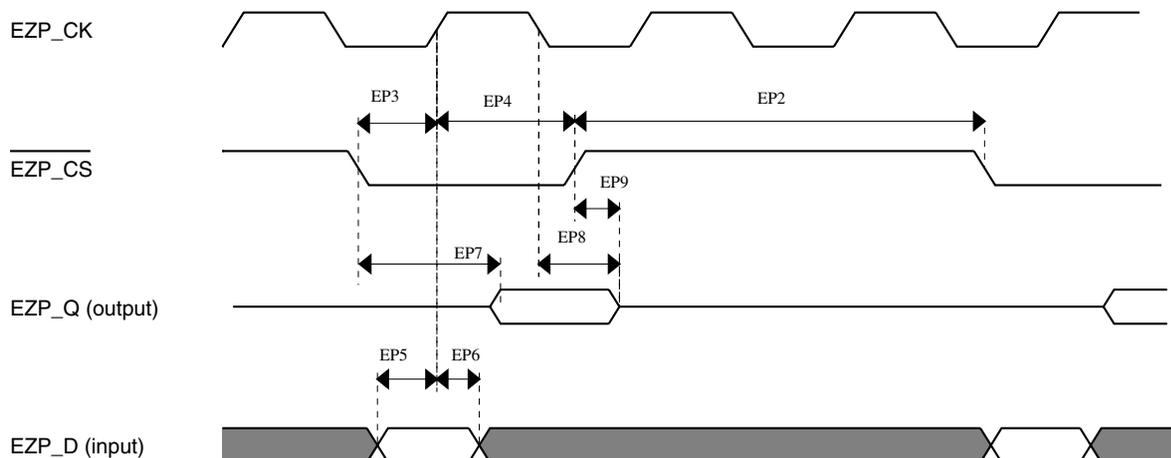


Figure 11. EzPort Timing Diagram

### 6.4.3 Flexbus Switching Specifications

All processor bus timings are synchronous; input setup/hold and output delay are given in respect to the rising edge of a reference clock, FB\_CLK. The FB\_CLK frequency may be the same as the internal system bus frequency or an integer divider of that frequency.

The following timing numbers indicate when data is latched or driven onto the external bus, relative to the Flexbus output clock (FB\_CLK). All other timing relationships can be derived from these values.

Table 24. Flexbus limited voltage range switching specifications

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	FB_CLK	MHz	
FB1	Clock period	20	—	ns	
FB2	Address, data, and control output valid	—	11.5	ns	1
FB3	Address, data, and control output hold	0.5	—	ns	1
FB4	Data and $\overline{\text{FB\_TA}}$ input setup	8.5	—	ns	2
FB5	Data and $\overline{\text{FB\_TA}}$ input hold	0.5	—	ns	2

1. Specification is valid for all FB\_AD[31:0],  $\overline{\text{FB\_BE/BWE}n}$ ,  $\overline{\text{FB\_CS}n}$ ,  $\overline{\text{FB\_OE}}$ , FB\_R/W,  $\overline{\text{FB\_TBST}}$ , FB\_TSIZ[1:0], FB\_ALE, and  $\overline{\text{FB\_TS}}$ .

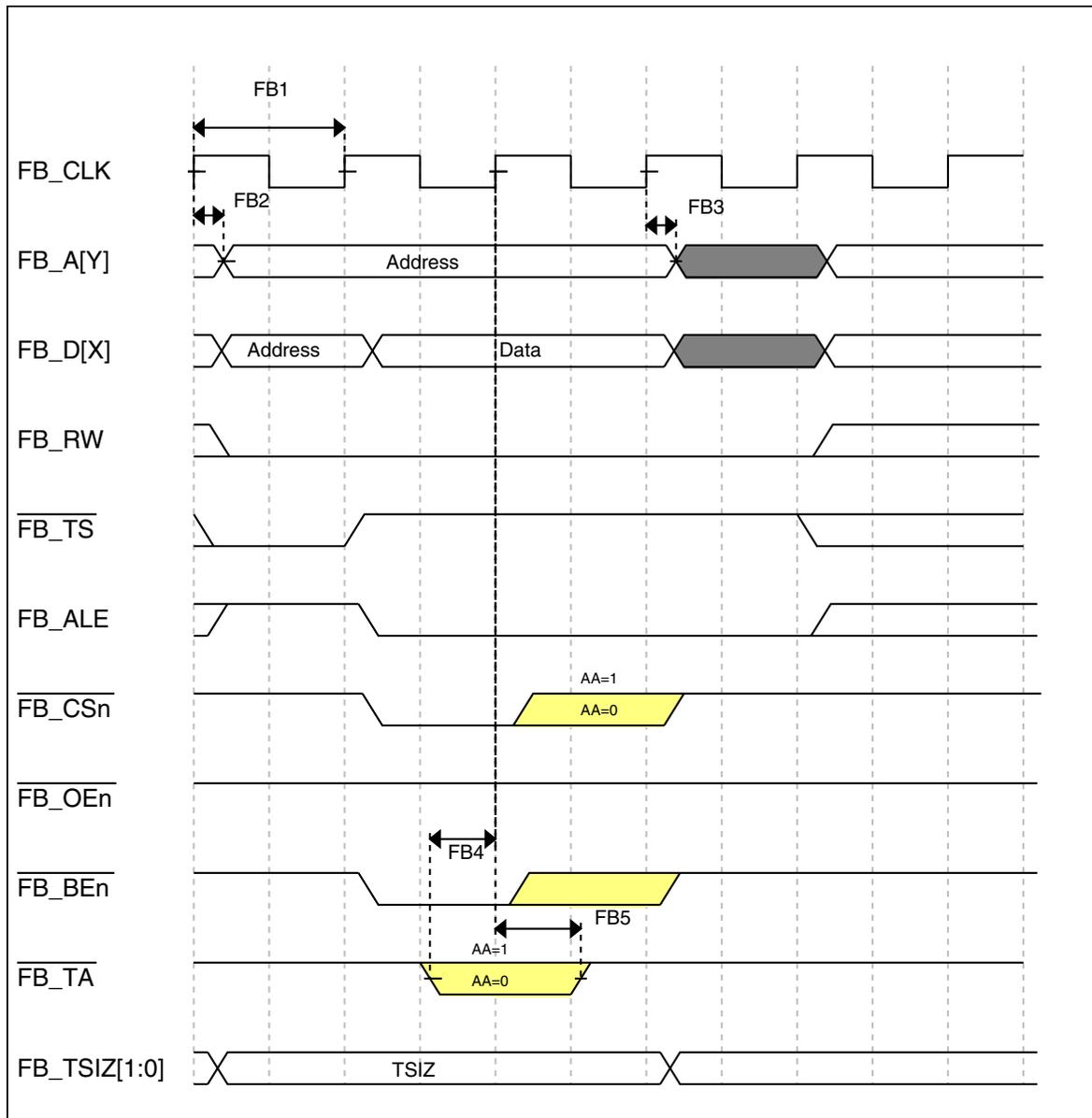


Figure 13. FlexBus write timing diagram

## 6.5 Security and integrity modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's security and integrity modules.

## 6.6 Analog

## 6.6.1 ADC electrical specifications

The 16-bit accuracy specifications listed in [Table 26](#) and [Table 27](#) are achievable on the differential pins ADC<sub>x</sub>\_DP0, ADC<sub>x</sub>\_DM0.

The ADC<sub>x</sub>\_DP2 and ADC<sub>x</sub>\_DM2 ADC inputs are connected to the PGA outputs and are not direct device pins. Accuracy specifications for these pins are defined in [Table 28](#) and [Table 29](#).

All other ADC channels meet the 13-bit differential/12-bit single-ended accuracy specifications.

### 6.6.1.1 16-bit ADC operating conditions

**Table 26. 16-bit ADC operating conditions**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. <sup>1</sup>	Max.	Unit	Notes
V <sub>DDA</sub>	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	
ΔV <sub>DDA</sub>	Supply voltage	Delta to V <sub>DD</sub> (V <sub>DD</sub> - V <sub>DDA</sub> )	-100	0	+100	mV	2
ΔV <sub>SSA</sub>	Ground voltage	Delta to V <sub>SS</sub> (V <sub>SS</sub> - V <sub>SSA</sub> )	-100	0	+100	mV	2
V <sub>REFH</sub>	ADC reference voltage high		1.13	V <sub>DDA</sub>	V <sub>DDA</sub>	V	
V <sub>REFL</sub>	ADC reference voltage low		V <sub>SSA</sub>	V <sub>SSA</sub>	V <sub>SSA</sub>	V	
V <sub>ADIN</sub>	Input voltage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>16-bit differential mode</li> <li>All other modes</li> </ul>	V <sub>REFL</sub> V <sub>REFL</sub>	— —	31/32 * V <sub>REFH</sub> V <sub>REFH</sub>	V	
C <sub>ADIN</sub>	Input capacitance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>16-bit mode</li> <li>8-/10-/12-bit modes</li> </ul>	— —	8 4	10 5	pF	
R <sub>ADIN</sub>	Input resistance		—	2	5	kΩ	
R <sub>AS</sub>	Analog source resistance	13-/12-bit modes f <sub>ADCK</sub> < 4 MHz	—	—	5	kΩ	3
f <sub>ADCK</sub>	ADC conversion clock frequency	≤ 13-bit mode	1.0	—	18.0	MHz	4
f <sub>ADCK</sub>	ADC conversion clock frequency	16-bit mode	2.0	—	12.0	MHz	4
C <sub>rate</sub>	ADC conversion rate	≤ 13 bit modes No ADC hardware averaging Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time	20.000	—	818.330	Ksps	5

Table continues on the next page...

Typical ADC 16-bit Single-Ended ENOB vs ADC Clock  
100Hz, 90% FS Sine Input

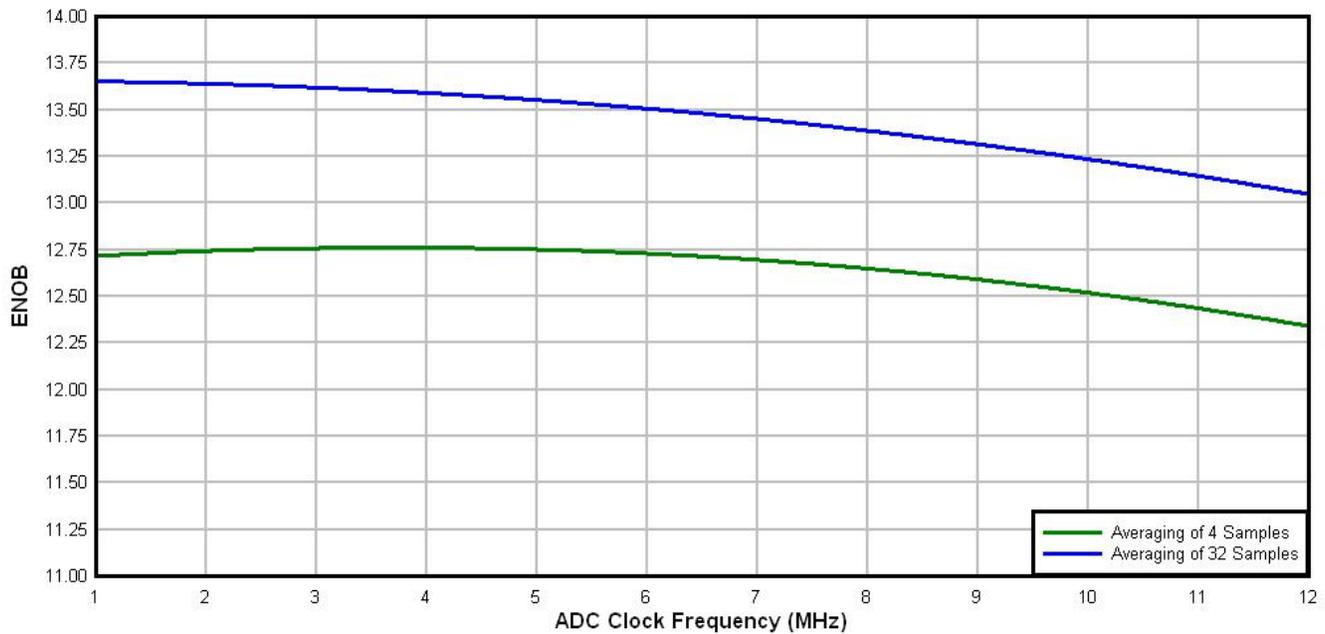


Figure 16. Typical ENOB vs. ADC\_CLK for 16-bit single-ended mode

### 6.6.1.3 16-bit ADC with PGA operating conditions

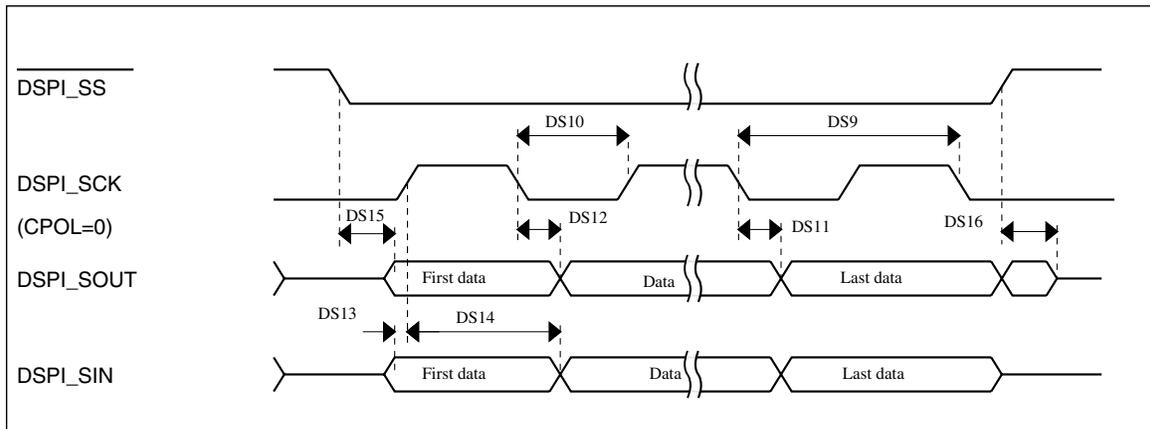
Table 28. 16-bit ADC with PGA operating conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. <sup>1</sup>	Max.	Unit	Notes
V <sub>DDA</sub>	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	
V <sub>REFPGA</sub>	PGA ref voltage		V <sub>REF_OU</sub> T	V <sub>REF_OU</sub> T	V <sub>REF_OU</sub> T	V	2, 3
V <sub>ADIN</sub>	Input voltage		V <sub>SSA</sub>	—	V <sub>DDA</sub>	V	
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input Common Mode range		V <sub>SSA</sub>	—	V <sub>DDA</sub>	V	
R <sub>PGAD</sub>	Differential input impedance	Gain = 1, 2, 4, 8 Gain = 16, 32 Gain = 64	—	128 64 32	—	kΩ	IN+ to IN- <sup>4</sup>
R <sub>AS</sub>	Analog source resistance		—	100	—	Ω	5
T <sub>S</sub>	ADC sampling time		1.25	—	—	μs	6

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 38. Slave mode DSPI timing (limited voltage range)**

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation		12.5	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	$4 \times t_{BUS}$	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	$(t_{SCK}/2) - 2$	$(t_{SCK}/2) + 2$	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	10	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	—	ns
DS15	DSPI_SS active to DSPI_SOUT driven	—	14	ns </td
DS16	DSPI_SS inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	—	14	ns

**Figure 22. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave mode**

### 6.8.3 DSPI switching specifications (full voltage range)

The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provides DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

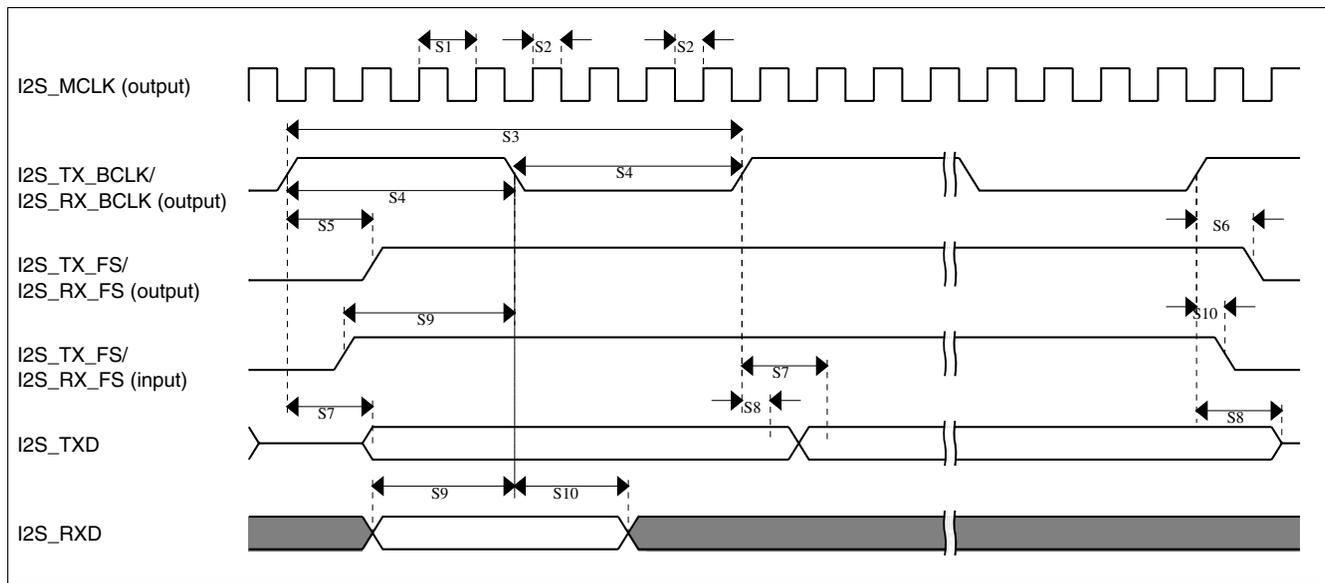
**Table 39. Master mode DSPI timing (full voltage range)**

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	—	12.5	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$4 \times t_{BUS}$	—	ns	

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 41. I2S/SAI master mode timing in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes (full voltage range)**

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	40	—	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (output)	80	—	ns
S4	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output valid	—	15	ns
S6	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output invalid	-1.0	—	ns
S7	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD valid	—	15	ns
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	—	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	20.5	—	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0	—	ns



**Figure 25. I2S/SAI timing — master modes**

**Table 42. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes (full voltage range)**

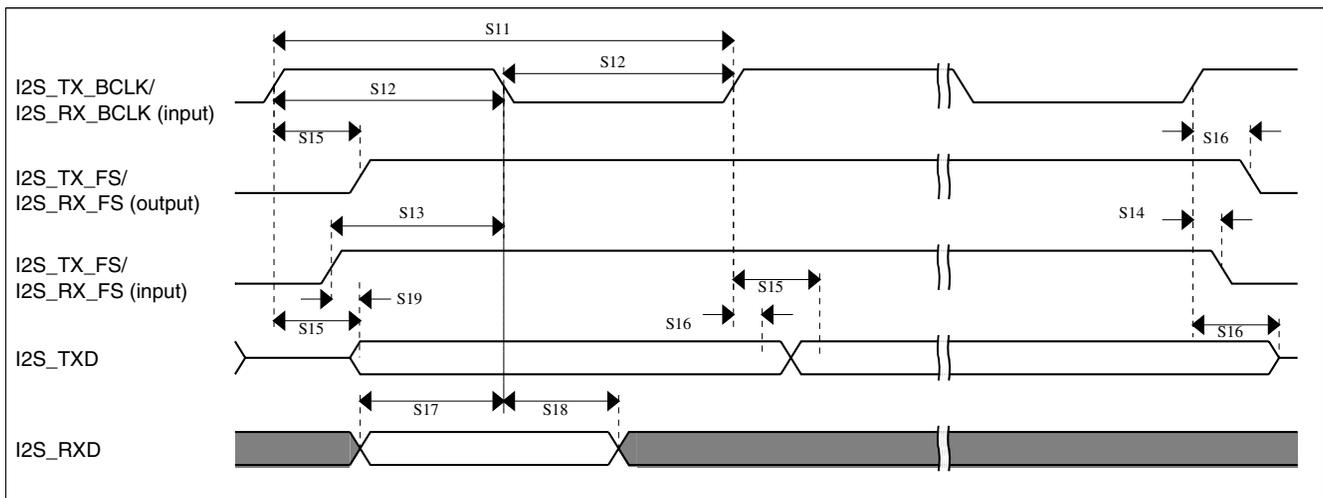
Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	—	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 42. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes (full voltage range) (continued)**

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	5.8	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	5.8	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid <sup>1</sup>	—	25	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear

**Figure 26. I2S/SAI timing — slave modes**

### 6.8.6.2 VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS mode performance over the full operating voltage range

This section provides the operating performance over the full operating voltage for the device in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes.

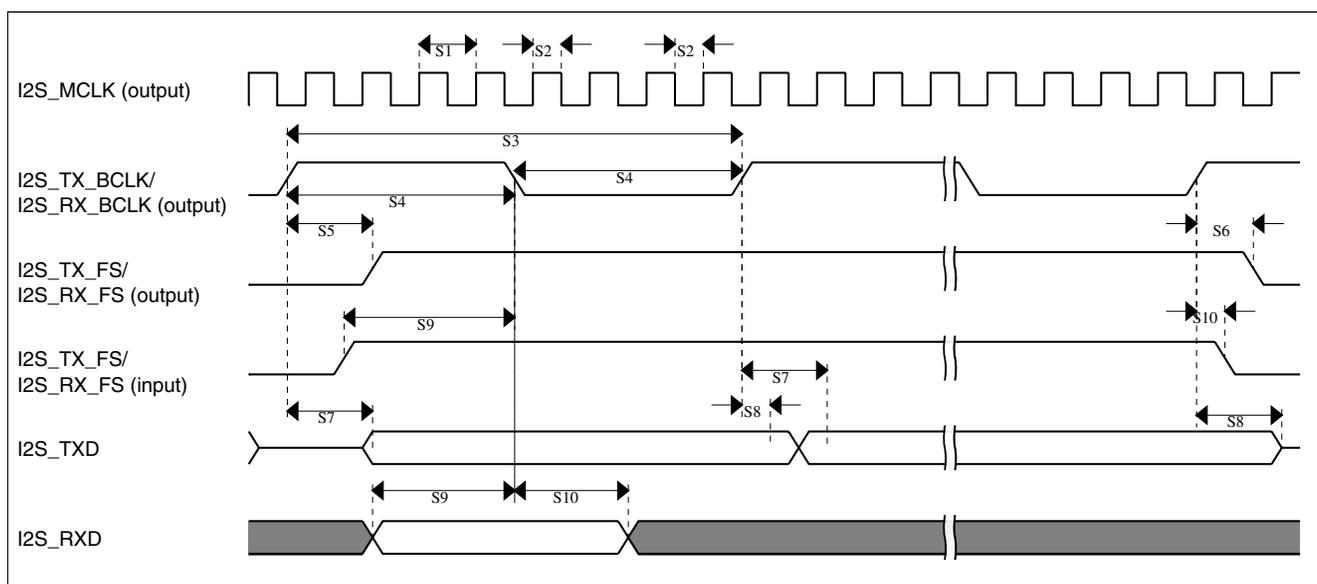
**Table 43. I2S/SAI master mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range)**

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	62.5	—	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (output)	250	—	ns
S4	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 43. I2S/SAI master mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range) (continued)**

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
S5	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output valid	—	45	ns
S6	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S7	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD valid	—	45	ns
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	—	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	53	—	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0	—	ns



**Figure 27. I2S/SAI timing — master modes**

**Table 44. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range)**

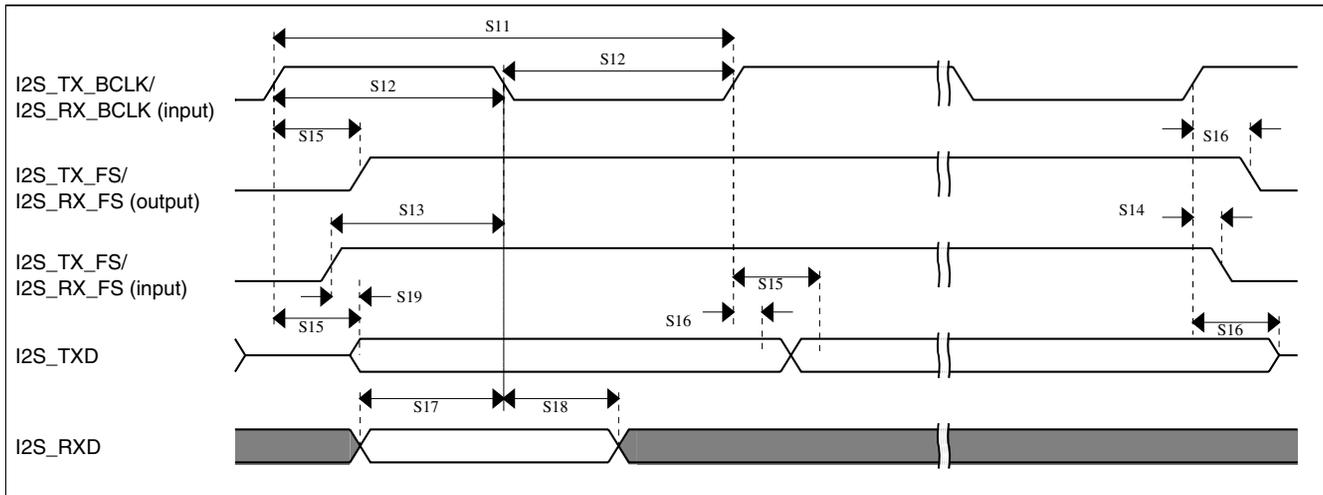
Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	250	—	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	30	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	7.6	—	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid	—	67	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 44. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range) (continued)**

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	30	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	6.5	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid <sup>1</sup>	—	72	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear

**Figure 28. I2S/SAI timing — slave modes**

## 6.9 Human-machine interfaces (HMI)

### 6.9.1 TSI electrical specifications

**Table 45. TSI electrical specifications**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
$V_{DDTSI}$	Operating voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	
$C_{ELE}$	Target electrode capacitance range	1	20	500	pF	1
$f_{REFmax}$	Reference oscillator frequency	—	8	15	MHz	2, 3
$f_{ELEmax}$	Electrode oscillator frequency	—	1	1.8	MHz	2, 4
$C_{REF}$	Internal reference capacitor	—	1	—	pF	
$V_{DELTA}$	Oscillator delta voltage	—	500	—	mV	2, 5
$I_{REF}$	Reference oscillator current source base current <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 <math>\mu</math>A setting (REFCHRG = 0)</li> <li>32 <math>\mu</math>A setting (REFCHRG = 15)</li> </ul>	—	2	3	$\mu$ A	2, 6

Table continues on the next page...

## Pinout

121 MAP BGA	100 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
J2	17	ADC1_DM1	ADC1_DM1	ADC1_DM1								
K1	18	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3								
K2	19	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3								
L1	20	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3								
L2	21	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3								
F5	22	VDDA	VDDA	VDDA								
G5	23	VREFH	VREFH	VREFH								
G6	24	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL								
F6	25	VSSA	VSSA	VSSA								
L3	26	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18								
K5	27	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23								
L7	—	RTC_ WAKEUP_B	RTC_ WAKEUP_B	RTC_ WAKEUP_B								
L4	28	XTAL32	XTAL32	XTAL32								
L5	29	EXTAL32	EXTAL32	EXTAL32								
K6	30	VBAT	VBAT	VBAT								
H5	31	PTE24	ADC0_SE17	ADC0_SE17	PTE24		UART4_TX			EWM_OUT_b		
J5	32	PTE25	ADC0_SE18	ADC0_SE18	PTE25		UART4_RX			EWM_IN		
H6	33	PTE26	DISABLED		PTE26		UART4_CTS_ b			RTC_CLKOUT		
J6	34	PTA0	JTAG_TCLK/ SWD_CLK/ EZP_CLK	TSIO_CH1	PTA0		UART0_CTS_ b/ UART0_COL_ b	FTM0_CH5			JTAG_TCLK/ SWD_CLK	EZP_CLK
H8	35	PTA1	JTAG_TDI/ EZP_DI	TSIO_CH2	PTA1		UART0_RX	FTM0_CH6			JTAG_TDI	EZP_DI
J7	36	PTA2	JTAG_TDO/ TRACE_SWO/ EZP_DO	TSIO_CH3	PTA2		UART0_TX	FTM0_CH7			JTAG_TDO/ TRACE_SWO	EZP_DO
H9	37	PTA3	JTAG_TMS/ SWD_DIO	TSIO_CH4	PTA3		UART0_RTS_ b	FTM0_CH0			JTAG_TMS/ SWD_DIO	
J8	38	PTA4/ LLWU_P3	NMI_b/ EZP_CS_b	TSIO_CH5	PTA4/ LLWU_P3			FTM0_CH1			NMI_b	EZP_CS_b

121 MAP BGA	100 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
K7	39	PTA5	DISABLED		PTA5		FTM0_CH2		CMP2_OUT	I2S0_TX_ BCLK	JTAG_TRST_ b	
E5	40	VDD	VDD	VDD								
G3	41	VSS	VSS	VSS								
K8	42	PTA12	CMP2_IN0	CMP2_IN0	PTA12	CAN0_TX	FTM1_CH0			I2S0_TXD0	FTM1_QD_ PHA	
L8	43	PTA13/ LLWU_P4	CMP2_IN1	CMP2_IN1	PTA13/ LLWU_P4	CAN0_RX	FTM1_CH1			I2S0_TX_FS	FTM1_QD_ PHB	
K9	44	PTA14	DISABLED		PTA14	SPI0_PCS0	UART0_TX			I2S0_RX_ BCLK	I2S0_TXD1	
L9	45	PTA15	DISABLED		PTA15	SPI0_SCK	UART0_RX			I2S0_RXD0		
J10	46	PTA16	DISABLED		PTA16	SPI0_SOUT	UART0_CTS_ b/ UART0_COL_ b			I2S0_RX_FS	I2S0_RXD1	
H10	47	PTA17	ADC1_SE17	ADC1_SE17	PTA17	SPI0_SIN	UART0_RTS_ b			I2S0_MCLK		
L10	48	VDD	VDD	VDD								
K10	49	VSS	VSS	VSS								
L11	50	PTA18	EXTAL0	EXTAL0	PTA18		FTM0_FLT2	FTM_CLKIN0				
K11	51	PTA19	XTAL0	XTAL0	PTA19		FTM1_FLT0	FTM_CLKIN1		LPTMR0_ ALT1		
J11	52	RESET_b	RESET_b	RESET_b								
G11	53	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	ADC0_SE8/ ADC1_SE8/ TSIO_CH0	ADC0_SE8/ ADC1_SE8/ TSIO_CH0	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	I2C0_SCL	FTM1_CH0			FTM1_QD_ PHA		
G10	54	PTB1	ADC0_SE9/ ADC1_SE9/ TSIO_CH6	ADC0_SE9/ ADC1_SE9/ TSIO_CH6	PTB1	I2C0_SDA	FTM1_CH1			FTM1_QD_ PHB		
G9	55	PTB2	ADC0_SE12/ TSIO_CH7	ADC0_SE12/ TSIO_CH7	PTB2	I2C0_SCL	UART0_RTS_ b			FTM0_FLT3		
G8	56	PTB3	ADC0_SE13/ TSIO_CH8	ADC0_SE13/ TSIO_CH8	PTB3	I2C0_SDA	UART0_CTS_ b/ UART0_COL_ b			FTM0_FLT0		
F11	—	PTB6	ADC1_SE12	ADC1_SE12	PTB6				FB_AD23			
E11	—	PTB7	ADC1_SE13	ADC1_SE13	PTB7				FB_AD22			
D11	—	PTB8	DISABLED		PTB8		UART3_RTS_ b		FB_AD21			
E10	57	PTB9	DISABLED		PTB9	SPI1_PCS1	UART3_CTS_ b		FB_AD20			
D10	58	PTB10	ADC1_SE14	ADC1_SE14	PTB10	SPI1_PCS0	UART3_RX		FB_AD19	FTM0_FLT1		
C10	59	PTB11	ADC1_SE15	ADC1_SE15	PTB11	SPI1_SCK	UART3_TX		FB_AD18	FTM0_FLT2		
—	60	VSS	VSS	VSS								
—	61	VDD	VDD	VDD								
B10	62	PTB16	TSIO_CH9	TSIO_CH9	PTB16	SPI1_SOUT	UART0_RX		FB_AD17	EWM_IN		

## Pinout

121 MAP BGA	100 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
E9	63	PTB17	TSIO_CH10	TSIO_CH10	PTB17	SPI1_SIN	UART0_TX		FB_AD16	EWM_OUT_b		
D9	64	PTB18	TSIO_CH11	TSIO_CH11	PTB18	CAN0_TX	FTM2_CH0	I2S0_TX_BCLK	FB_AD15	FTM2_QD_PHA		
C9	65	PTB19	TSIO_CH12	TSIO_CH12	PTB19	CAN0_RX	FTM2_CH1	I2S0_TX_FS	FB_OE_b	FTM2_QD_PHB		
F10	66	PTB20	DISABLED		PTB20				FB_AD31	CMP0_OUT		
F9	67	PTB21	DISABLED		PTB21				FB_AD30	CMP1_OUT		
F8	68	PTB22	DISABLED		PTB22				FB_AD29	CMP2_OUT		
E8	69	PTB23	DISABLED		PTB23		SPI0_PCS5		FB_AD28			
B9	70	PTC0	ADC0_SE14/ TSIO_CH13	ADC0_SE14/ TSIO_CH13	PTC0	SPI0_PCS4	PDB0_EXTRG		FB_AD14	I2S0_TXD1		
D8	71	PTC1/ LLWU_P6	ADC0_SE15/ TSIO_CH14	ADC0_SE15/ TSIO_CH14	PTC1/ LLWU_P6	SPI0_PCS3	UART1_RTS_b	FTM0_CH0	FB_AD13	I2S0_TXD0		
C8	72	PTC2	ADC0_SE4b/ CMP1_IN0/ TSIO_CH15	ADC0_SE4b/ CMP1_IN0/ TSIO_CH15	PTC2	SPI0_PCS2	UART1_CTS_b	FTM0_CH1	FB_AD12	I2S0_TX_FS		
B8	73	PTC3/ LLWU_P7	CMP1_IN1	CMP1_IN1	PTC3/ LLWU_P7	SPI0_PCS1	UART1_RX	FTM0_CH2	CLKOUT	I2S0_TX_BCLK		
—	74	VSS	VSS	VSS								
—	75	VDD	VDD	VDD								
A8	76	PTC4/ LLWU_P8	DISABLED		PTC4/ LLWU_P8	SPI0_PCS0	UART1_TX	FTM0_CH3	FB_AD11	CMP1_OUT		
D7	77	PTC5/ LLWU_P9	DISABLED		PTC5/ LLWU_P9	SPI0_SCK	LPTMR0_ALT2	I2S0_RXD0	FB_AD10	CMP0_OUT		
C7	78	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	CMP0_IN0	CMP0_IN0	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	SPI0_SOUT	PDB0_EXTRG	I2S0_RX_BCLK	FB_AD9	I2S0_MCLK		
B7	79	PTC7	CMP0_IN1	CMP0_IN1	PTC7	SPI0_SIN		I2S0_RX_FS	FB_AD8			
A7	80	PTC8	ADC1_SE4b/ CMP0_IN2	ADC1_SE4b/ CMP0_IN2	PTC8			I2S0_MCLK	FB_AD7			
D6	81	PTC9	ADC1_SE5b/ CMP0_IN3	ADC1_SE5b/ CMP0_IN3	PTC9			I2S0_RX_BCLK	FB_AD6	FTM2_FLT0		
C6	82	PTC10	ADC1_SE6b	ADC1_SE6b	PTC10	I2C1_SCL		I2S0_RX_FS	FB_AD5			
C5	83	PTC11/ LLWU_P11	ADC1_SE7b	ADC1_SE7b	PTC11/ LLWU_P11	I2C1_SDA		I2S0_RXD1	FB_RW_b			
B6	84	PTC12	DISABLED		PTC12		UART4_RTS_b		FB_AD27			
A6	85	PTC13	DISABLED		PTC13		UART4_CTS_b		FB_AD26			
A5	86	PTC14	DISABLED		PTC14		UART4_RX		FB_AD25			
B5	87	PTC15	DISABLED		PTC15		UART4_TX		FB_AD24			
—	88	VSS	VSS	VSS								
—	89	VDD	VDD	VDD								
D5	90	PTC16	DISABLED		PTC16		UART3_RX		FB_CS5_b/ FB_TSI21/ FB_BE23_16_b			

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
A	PTD7	PTD5	PTD4/ LLWU_P14	PTC19	PTC14	PTC13	PTC8	PTC4/ LLWU_P8	NC	NC	NC	A
B	NC	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	PTD3	PTC18	PTC15	PTC12	PTC7	PTC3/ LLWU_P7	PTC0	PTB16	NC	B
C	NC	NC	PTD2/ LLWU_P13	PTC17	PTC11/ LLWU_P11	PTC10	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	PTC2	PTB19	PTB11	NC	C
D	NC	NC	PTD1	PTD0/ LLWU_P12	PTC16	PTC9	PTC5/ LLWU_P9	PTC1/ LLWU_P6	PTB18	PTB10	PTB8	D
E	NC	PTE2/ LLWU_P1	PTE1/ LLWU_P0	PTE0	VDD	VDD	VDD	PTB23	PTB17	PTB9	PTB7	E
F	PTE16	PTE17	PTE6	PTE3	VDDA	VSSA	VSS	PTB22	PTB21	PTB20	PTB6	F
G	PTE18	PTE19	VSS	PTE5	VREFH	VREFL	VSS	PTB3	PTB2	PTB1	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	G
H	ADC0_DP1	ADC0_DM1	NC	NC	PTE24	PTE26	PTE4/ LLWU_P2	PTA1	PTA3	PTA17	NC	H
J	ADC1_DP	ADC1_DM	NC	NC	PTE25	PTA0	PTA2	PTA4/ LLWU_P3	NC	PTA16	RESET_b	J
K	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	NC	NC	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	VBAT	PTA5	PTA12	PTA14	VSS	PTA19	K
L	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	XTAL32	EXTAL32	VSS	RTC_ WAKEUP_B	PTA13/ LLWU_P4	PTA15	VDD	PTA18	L
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	

Figure 30. K10 121 MAPBGA Pinout Diagram

## 9 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 46. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
1	3/2012	Initial public release

Table continues on the next page...