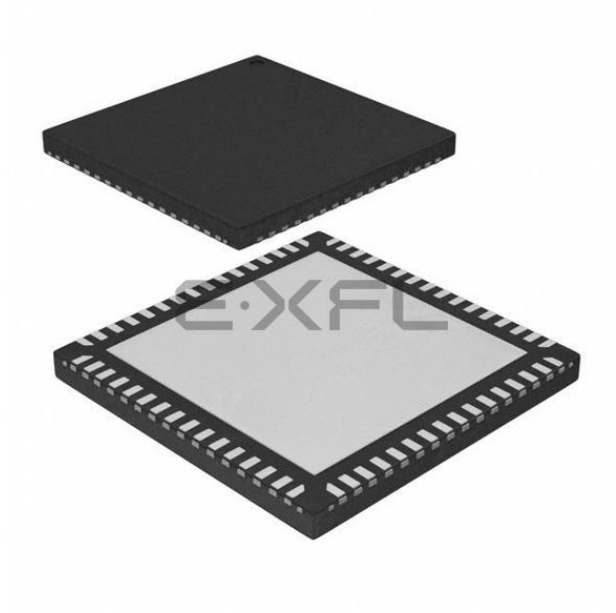

Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, MMC/SD/SDIO, QSPI, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b420f2048im64-br

3.12 Configuration Summary

The features of the EFM32GG11 are a subset of the feature set described in the device reference manual. The table below describes device specific implementation of the features. Remaining modules support full configuration.

Table 3.2. Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
USART0	IrDA, SmartCard	US0_TX, US0_RX, US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	I^2S, SmartCard	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	IrDA, SmartCard, High-Speed	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
USART3	I^2S, SmartCard	US3_TX, US3_RX, US3_CLK, US3_CS
USART4	I^2S, SmartCard	US4_TX, US4_RX, US4_CLK, US4_CS
USART5	SmartCard	US5_TX, US5_RX, US5_CLK, US5_CS
TIMER0	with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	-	TIM1_CC[3:0]
TIMER2	with DTI	TIM2_CC[2:0], TIM2_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER3	-	TIM3_CC[2:0]
TIMER4	with DTI	TIM4_CC[2:0], TIM4_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER5	-	TIM5_CC[2:0]
TIMER6	with DTI	TIM6_CC[2:0], TIM6_CDTI[2:0]
WTIMER0	with DTI	WTIM0_CC[2:0], WTIM0_CDTI[2:0]
WTIMER1	-	WTIM1_CC[3:0]
WTIMER2	-	WTIM2_CC[2:0]
WTIMER3	-	WTIM3_CC[2:0]

4.1.4 DC-DC Converter

Test conditions: L_DCDC=4.7 µH (Murata LQH3NPN4R7MM0L), C_DCDC=4.7 µF (Samsung CL10B475KQ8NQNC), V_DCDC_I=3.3 V, V_DCDC_O=1.8 V, I_DCDC_LOAD=50 mA, Heavy Drive configuration, F_DCDC_LN=7 MHz, unless otherwise indicated.

Table 4.4. DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage range	V_{DCDC_I}	Bypass mode, I_{DCDC_LOAD} = 50 mA	1.8	—	$V_{VREGVDD\_MAX}$	V
		Low noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V output, I_{DCDC_LOAD} = 100 mA, or Low power (LP) mode, 1.8 V output, I_{DCDC_LOAD} = 10 mA	2.4	—	$V_{VREGVDD\_MAX}$	V
		Low noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V output, I_{DCDC_LOAD} = 200 mA	2.6	—	$V_{VREGVDD\_MAX}$	V
Output voltage programmable range[1]	V_{DCDC_O}		1.8	—	$V_{VREGVDD}$	V
Regulation DC accuracy	ACC_{DC}	Low Noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V target output	TBD	—	TBD	V
Regulation window[4]	WIN_{REG}	Low Power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx[3] = 0, 1.8 V target output, I_{DCDC_LOAD} ≤ 75 µA	TBD	—	TBD	V
		Low Power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx[3] = 3, 1.8 V target output, I_{DCDC_LOAD} ≤ 10 mA	TBD	—	TBD	V
Steady-state output ripple	V_R		—	3	—	mVpp
Output voltage under/overshoot	V_{OV}	CCM Mode (LNFORCECCM[3] = 1), Load changes between 0 mA and 100 mA	—	25	TBD	mV
		DCM Mode (LNFORCECCM[3] = 0), Load changes between 0 mA and 10 mA	—	45	TBD	mV
		Overshoot during LP to LN CCM/DCM mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	200	—	mV
		Undershoot during BYP/LP to LN CCM (LNFORCECCM[3] = 1) mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	40	—	mV
		Undershoot during BYP/LP to LN DCM (LNFORCECCM[3] = 0) mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	100	—	mV
DC line regulation	V_{REG}	Input changes between $V_{VREGVDD\_MAX}$ and 2.4 V	—	0.1	—	%
DC load regulation	I_{REG}	Load changes between 0 mA and 100 mA in CCM mode	—	0.1	—	%

4.1.10 Oscillators

4.1.10.1 Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator (LFXO)

Table 4.12. Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator (LFXO)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Crystal frequency	f_{LFXO}		—	32.768	—	kHz
Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)	ESR_{LFXO}		—	—	70	kΩ
Supported range of crystal load capacitance [1]	C_{LFXO_CL}		6	—	18	pF
On-chip tuning cap range [2]	C_{LFXO_T}	On each of LFXTAL_N and LFXTAL_P pins	8	—	40	pF
On-chip tuning cap step size	SS_{LFXO}		—	0.25	—	pF
Current consumption after startup [3]	I_{LFXO}	ESR = 70 kOhm, C_L = 7 pF, GAIN[4] = 2, AGC[4] = 1	—	273	—	nA
Start- up time	t_{LFXO}	ESR = 70 kOhm, C_L = 7 pF, GAIN[4] = 2	—	308	—	ms

Note:

1. Total load capacitance as seen by the crystal.
2. The effective load capacitance seen by the crystal will be C_{LFXO_T} /2. This is because each XTAL pin has a tuning cap and the two caps will be seen in series by the crystal.
3. Block is supplied by AVDD if ANASW = 0, or DVDD if ANASW=1 in EMU_PWRCTRL register.
4. In CMU_LFXOCTRL register.

4.1.14 Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

Specified at 1 Msps, ADCCLK = 16 MHz, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0, unless otherwise indicated.

Table 4.22. Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Resolution	$V_{RESOLUTION}$		6	—	12	Bits
Input voltage range[5]	V_{ADCIN}	Single ended	—	—	V_{FS}	V
		Differential	$-V_{FS}/2$	—	$V_{FS}/2$	V
Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential	$V_{ADCREFIN\_P}$		1	—	V_{AVDD}	V
Power supply rejection[2]	$PSRR_{ADC}$	At DC	—	80	—	dB
Analog input common mode rejection ratio	$CMRR_{ADC}$	At DC	—	80	—	dB
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Continous operation. WARMUPMODE[4] = KEEPADCWARM	$I_{ADC\_CONTINOUS\_LP}$	1 Msps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	270	TBD	µA
		250 ksps / 4 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 6, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	125	—	µA
		62.5 ksps / 1 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 15, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	80	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Duty-cycled operation. WARMUPMODE[4] = NORMAL	$I_{ADC\_NORMAL\_LP}$	35 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	45	—	µA
		5 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	8	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Duty-cycled operation. AWARMUPMODE[4] = KEEPINSTANDBY or KEEPINSLOWACC	$I_{ADC\_STANDBY\_LP}$	125 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	105	—	µA
		35 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 [3]	—	70	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Continous operation. WARMUPMODE[4] = KEEPADCWARM	$I_{ADC\_CONTINOUS\_HP}$	1 Msps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	325	—	µA
		250 ksps / 4 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 6, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	175	—	µA
		62.5 ksps / 1 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 15, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	125	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Duty-cycled operation. WARMUPMODE[4] = NORMAL	$I_{ADC\_NORMAL\_HP}$	35 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	85	—	µA
		5 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	16	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Duty-cycled operation. AWARMUPMODE[4] = KEEPINSTANDBY or KEEPINSLOWACC	$I_{ADC\_STANDBY\_HP}$	125 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	160	—	µA
		35 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0 [3]	—	125	—	µA
Current from HFPERCLK	I_{ADC_CLK}	HFPERCLK = 16 MHz	—	180	—	µA

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Slew rate[5]	SR	DRIVESTRENGTH = 3, INCBW=1[3]	—	4.7	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 3, INCBW=0	—	1.5	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, INCBW=1[3]	—	1.27	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, INCBW=0	—	0.42	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 1, INCBW=1[3]	—	0.17	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 1, INCBW=0	—	0.058	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0, INCBW=1[3]	—	0.044	—	V/µs
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0, INCBW=0	—	0.015	—	V/µs
Startup time[6]	T_{START}	DRIVESTRENGTH = 2	—	—	12	µs
Input offset voltage	V_{OSI}	DRIVESTRENGTH = 2 or 3, T = 25 °C	TBD	—	TBD	mV
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 1 or 0, T = 25 °C	TBD	—	TBD	mV
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 2 or 3, across operating temperature range	TBD	—	TBD	mV
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 1 or 0, across operating temperature range	TBD	—	TBD	mV
DC power supply rejection ratio[9]	$PSRR_{DC}$	Input referred	—	70	—	dB
DC common-mode rejection ratio[9]	$CMRR_{DC}$	Input referred	—	70	—	dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD_{OPA}	DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, 3x Gain connection, 1 kHz, V_{OUT} = 0.1 V to V_{OPA} - 0.1 V	—	90	—	dB
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0, 3x Gain connection, 0.1 kHz, V_{OUT} = 0.1 V to V_{OPA} - 0.1 V	—	90	—	dB

4.1.23.2 I2C Fast-mode (Fm)[1]

Table 4.32. I2C Fast-mode (Fm)[1]

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCL clock frequency[2]	f_{SCL}		0	—	400	kHz
SCL clock low time	t_{LOW}		1.3	—	—	µs
SCL clock high time	t_{HIGH}		0.6	—	—	µs
SDA set-up time	t_{SU_DAT}		100	—	—	ns
SDA hold time[3]	t_{HD_DAT}		100	—	900	ns
Repeated START condition set-up time	t_{SU_STA}		0.6	—	—	µs
(Repeated) START condition hold time	t_{HD_STA}		0.6	—	—	µs
STOP condition set-up time	t_{SU_STO}		0.6	—	—	µs
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t_{BUF}		1.3	—	—	µs

Note:

1. For CLHR set to 1 in the I2Cn_CTRL register.
2. For the minimum HFPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode, refer to the I2C chapter in the reference manual.
3. The maximum SDA hold time ($t_{HD,DAT}$) needs to be met only when the device does not stretch the low time of SCL (t_{LOW}).

4.1.24 USART SPI

SPI Master Timing

Table 4.34. SPI Master Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCLK period [1] [3] [2]	t_{SCLK}	All USARTs except USART2	2 * $t_{HFPERCLK}$	—	—	ns
		USART2	2 * $t_{HFPERBCLK}$	—	—	ns
CS to MOSI [1] [3]	t_{CS_MO}	USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-3.2	—	6.8	ns
		USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-2.3	—	6.0	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-8.1	—	6.3	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-7.3	—	4.4	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-15	—	13	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-13	—	11	ns
SCLK to MOSI [1] [3]	t_{SCLK_MO}	USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-0.3	—	9.2	ns
		USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-0.3	—	8.6	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-3.6	—	5.0	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-3.4	—	3.2	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-10	—	11	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-9	—	11	ns
MISO setup time [1] [3]	t_{SU_MI}	USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 1.8 V	39.7	—	—	ns
		USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 3.0 V	22.4	—	—	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 1.8 V	49.2	—	—	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 3.0 V	30.0	—	—	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 1.8 V	55	—	—	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 3.0 V	36	—	—	ns

EBI TFT Output Timing

All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

Table 4.39. EBI TFT Output Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output hold time, EBI_DCLK to EBI_AD invalid	t_{OH_DCLK}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-23 + (TFTHOLD * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-12 + (TFTHOLD * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)	—	—	ns
Output setup time, EBI_AD valid to EBI_DCLK	t_{OSU_DCLK}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-11 + (TFTSETUP * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-9 + (TFTSETUP * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)	—	—	ns

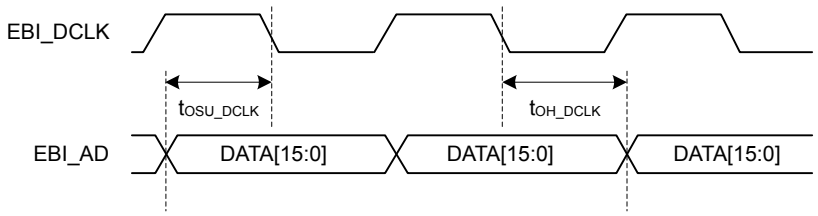

Figure 4.6. EBI TFT Output Timing

EBI Read Enable Timing Requirements

Timing applies to both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn for all addressing modes and both polarities. All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

Table 4.40. EBI Read Enable Timing Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Setup time, from EBI_AD valid to trailing EBI_REn edge	t_{SU_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	55	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	36	—	—	ns
Hold time, from trailing EBI_REn edge to EBI_AD invalid	t_{H_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-9	—	—	ns

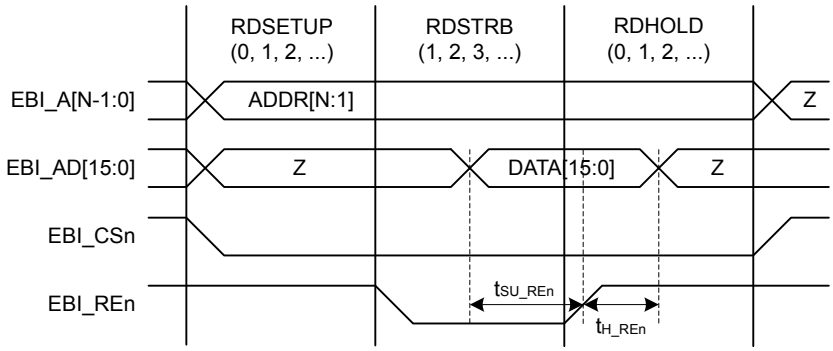

Figure 4.7. EBI Read Enable Timing Requirements

SDIO SDR Mode Timing

Timing is specified for route location 0 at 1.8 V IOVDD with voltage scaling disabled. Slew rate for SD_CLK set to 7, all other GPIO set to 6, DRIVESTRENGTH = STRONG for all pins. SDIO_CTRL_TXDLYMUXSEL = 0. Loading between 5 and 10 pF on all pins or between 10 and 40 pF on all pins.

Table 4.48. SDIO SDR Mode Timing (Location 0)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Clock frequency during data transfer	F_{SD_CLK}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	—	—	20	MHz
		Using HFXO	—	—	TBD	MHz
Clock low time	t_{WL}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	22.6	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock high time	t_{WH}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	22.6	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock rise time	t_R		0.99	4.68	—	ns
Clock fall time	t_F		0.90	3.64	—	ns
Input setup time, CMD, DAT[0:3] valid to SD_CLK	t_{ISU}		8	—	—	ns
Input hold time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:3] change	t_{IH}		1.5	—	—	ns
Output delay time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:3] valid	t_{ODLY}		0	—	35	ns
Output hold time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:3] change	t_{OH}		0.8	—	—	ns

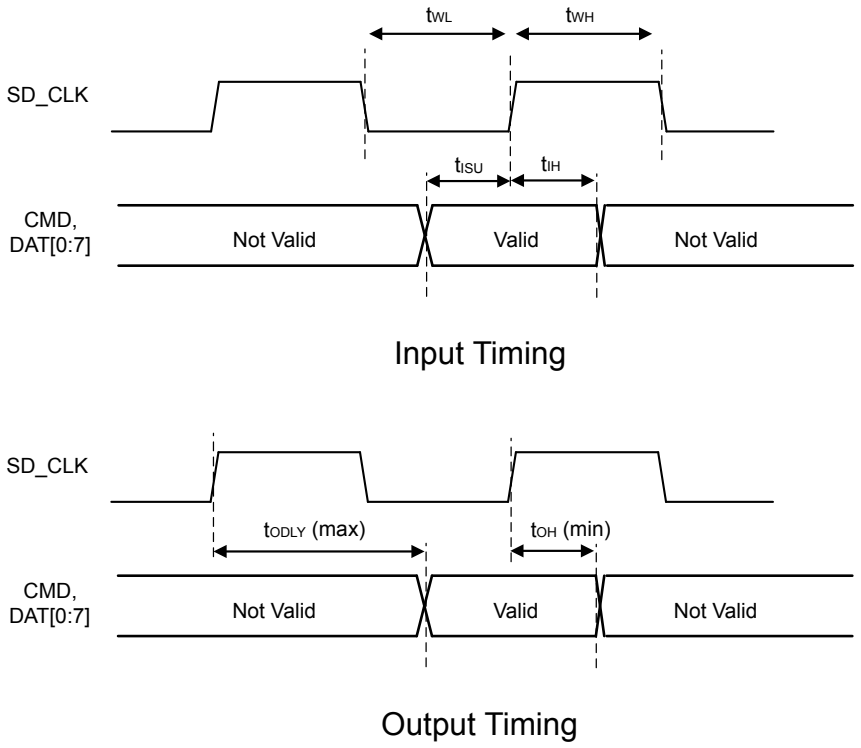

Figure 4.17. SDIO MMC SDR Mode Timing

4.2.2 DC-DC Converter

Default test conditions: CCM mode, LDCDC = 4.7 µH, CDCDC = 4.7 µF, VDCDC_I = 3.3 V, VDCDC_O = 1.8 V, FDCDC_LN = 7 MHz

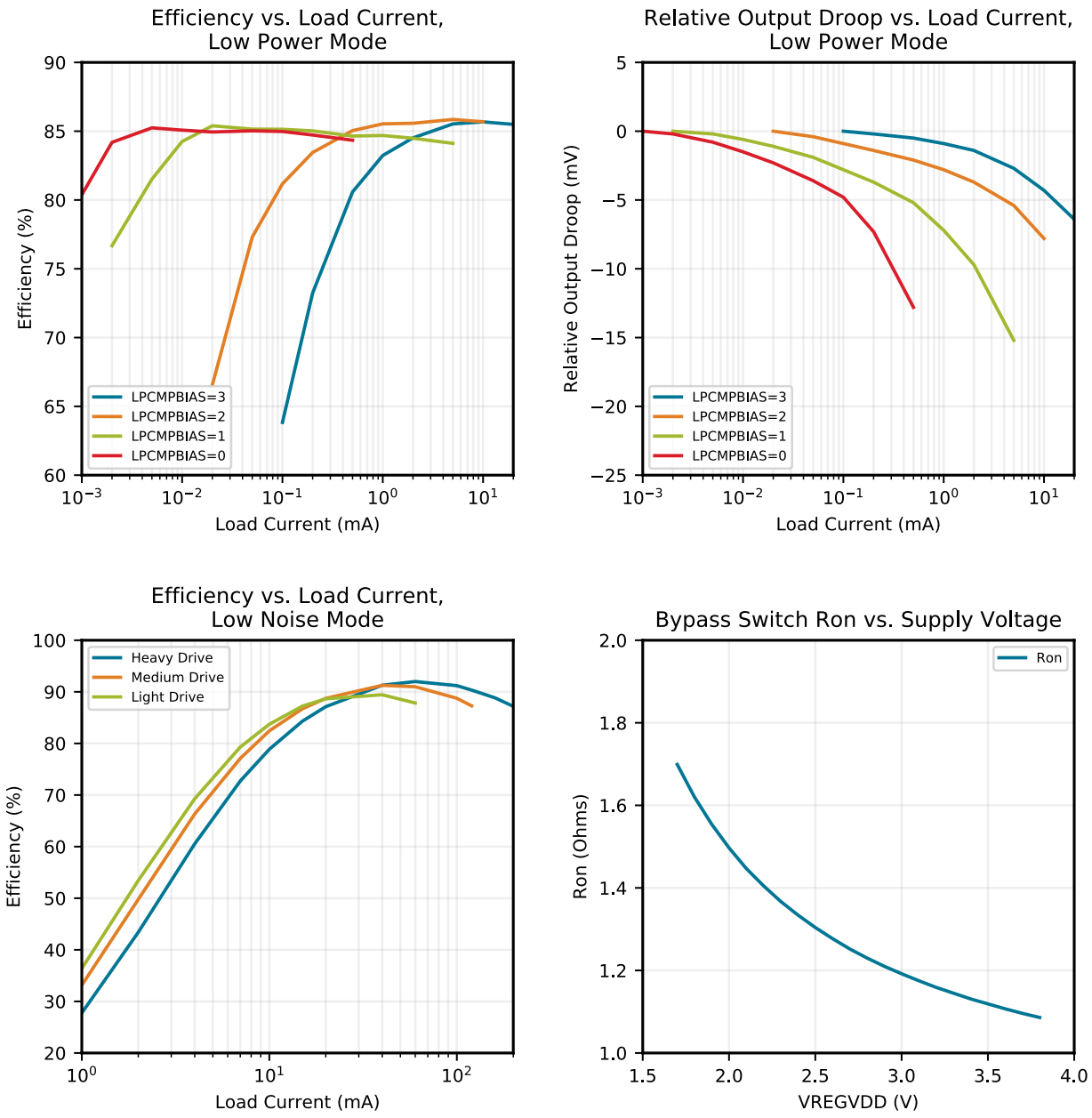

Figure 4.29. DC-DC Converter Typical Performance Characteristics

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PF11	A13	GPIO (5V)	PA15	B1	GPIO
PE13	B2	GPIO	PE11	B3	GPIO
PE8	B4	GPIO	PD12	B5	GPIO
PD10	B6	GPIO	PF8	B7	GPIO
PF6	B8	GPIO	PF13	B9	GPIO (5V)
PF4	B10	GPIO	PF3	B11	GPIO
NC	B12	No Connect.	PF10	B13	GPIO (5V)
PA1	C1	GPIO	PA0	C2	GPIO
PE10	C3	GPIO	PD13	C4	GPIO (5V)
VSS	C5 C8 H3 J3 K11 L12 L15	Ground	IOVDD1	C6	Digital IO power supply 1.
PF9	C7	GPIO	IOVDD0	C9 J11 K3 L11 L16	Digital IO power supply 0.
PF2	C10	GPIO	PF1	C11	GPIO (5V)
PC14	C12	GPIO (5V)	PC15	C13	GPIO (5V)
PA3	D1	GPIO	PA2	D2	GPIO
PB15	D3	GPIO (5V)	PF0	D11	GPIO (5V)
PC12	D12	GPIO (5V)	PC13	D13	GPIO (5V)
PA6	E1	GPIO	PA5	E2	GPIO
PA4	E3	GPIO	PC9	E11	GPIO (5V)
PC10	E12	GPIO (5V)	PC11	E13	GPIO (5V)
PB0	F1	GPIO	PB1	F2	GPIO
PB2	F3	GPIO	PE6	F11	GPIO
PE7	F12	GPIO	PC8	F13	GPIO (5V)
PB3	G1	GPIO	PB4	G2	GPIO
IOVDD2	G3	Digital IO power supply 2.	PE3	G11	GPIO
PE4	G12	GPIO	PE5	G13	GPIO
PB5	H1	GPIO	PB6	H2	GPIO
DVDD	H11	Digital power supply.	PE2	H12	GPIO
DECOUPLE	H13	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PD14	J1	GPIO (5V)
PD15	J2	GPIO (5V)	PE1	J12	GPIO (5V)
VREGVDD	J13	Voltage regulator VDD input	PC0	K1	GPIO (5V)

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PF14	BUSDY BUSCX		TIM1_CC1 #6 TIM4_CC1 #1 TIM5_CC2 #7 WTIM3_CC1 #7	I2C2_SCL #4	
PF11	BUSCY BUSDX	EBI_NANDWEn #5	TIM5_CC2 #6 WTIM3_CC2 #3 PCNT2_S1IN #3	US5_CTS #2 U1_RX #1 I2C2_SCL #2 USB_DP	
PF10	BUSDY BUSCX	EBI_ARDY #5	TIM5_CC1 #6 WTIM3_CC1 #3 PCNT2_S0IN #3	US5_RTS #2 U1_TX #1 I2C2_SDA #2 USB_DM	
PF0	BUSDY BUSCX	EBI_A24 #1	TIM0_CC0 #4 WTIM0_CC1 #4 LE-TIM0_OUT0 #2	US2_TX #5 CAN0_RX #1 US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	PRS_CH15 #2 ACMP3_O #0 DBG_SWCLKTCK BOOT_TX
PA0	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG13	EBI_AD09 #0 EBI_CSTFT #3	TIM0_CC0 #0 TIM0_CC1 #7 TIM3_CC0 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #4	ETH_RMIITXEN #0 ETH_MIITXCLK #0 SDIO_DAT0 #1 US1_RX #5 US3_TX #0 QSPI0_CS0 #1 LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	CMU_CLK2 #0 PRS_CH0 #0 PRS_CH3 #3 GPIO_EM4WU0
PD11	LCD_SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0 EBI_HSNC #1	TIM4_CC0 #6 WTIM3_CC2 #0	ETH_RMIICRSDV #1 SDIO_DAT5 #0 QSPI0_DQ2 #0 ETH_MIIRXD3 #2 US4_CLK #1	
PD10	LCD_SEG29	EBI_CS1 #0 EBI_VSNC #1	TIM4_CC2 #5 WTIM3_CC1 #0	ETH_RMIIREFCLK #1 SDIO_DAT6 #0 QSPI0_DQ1 #0 ETH_MIIRXD2 #2 US4_RX #1	CMU_CLK2 #5 CMU_CLKI0 #5
PD9	LCD_SEG28	EBI_CS0 #0 EBI_DTEN #1	TIM4_CC1 #5 WTIM3_CC0 #0	ETH_RMIIRXD0 #1 SDIO_DAT7 #0 QSPI0_DQ0 #0 ETH_MIIRXD1 #2 US4_TX #1	
PF9	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_SEG27	EBI_REn #4 EBI_BL1 #1	TIM4_CC0 #5	ETH_RMIIRXD1 #1 US2_CS #4 QSPI0_DQS #0 ETH_MIIRXD0 #2 ETH_TSUTMRTOG #3 SDIO_WP #0 U0_RTS #0 U1_CTS #1	ETM_TD0 #1
PF8	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG26	EBI_WEn #4 EBI_BL0 #1	TIM0_CC2 #1 TIM4_CC2 #4	ETH_RMIITXEN #1 US2_CLK #4 QSPI0_CS1 #0 ETH_MIIRXDV #2 ETH_TSUEXTCLK #3 SDIO_CD #0 U0_CTS #0 U1_RTS #1	ETM_TCLK #1 GPIO_EM4WU8

5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. The following table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings and the associated GPIO pin. Refer to 5.20 GPIO Functionality Table for a list of functions available on each GPIO pin.

Note: Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 5.21. Alternate Functionality Overview

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
ACMP0_O	0: PE13 1: PE2 2: PD6 3: PB11	4: PA6 5: PB0 6: PB2 7: PB3	Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_O	0: PF2 1: PE3 2: PD7 3: PA12	4: PA14 5: PB9 6: PB10 7: PA5	Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ACMP2_O	0: PD8 1: PE0 2: PE1 3: PI0	4: PI1 5: PI2	Analog comparator ACMP2, digital output.
ACMP3_O	0: PF0 1: PC15 2: PC14 3: PC13	4: PI4 5: PI5	Analog comparator ACMP3, digital output.
ADC0_EXTN	0: PD7		Analog to digital converter ADC0 external reference input negative pin.
ADC0_EXTP	0: PD6		Analog to digital converter ADC0 external reference input positive pin.
ADC1_EXTN	0: PD7		Analog to digital converter ADC1 external reference input negative pin.
ADC1_EXTP	0: PD6		Analog to digital converter ADC1 external reference input positive pin.
BOOT_RX	0: PF1		Bootloader RX.
BOOT_TX	0: PF0		Bootloader TX.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
EBI_A10	0: PE3 1: PD6 2: PC10 3: PB10		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 10.
EBI_A11	0: PE4 1: PD7 2: PI6 3: PB11		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 11.
EBI_A12	0: PE5 1: PD8 2: PI7 3: PB12		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 12.
EBI_A13	0: PE6 1: PC7 2: PI8 3: PD0		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 13.
EBI_A14	0: PE7 1: PE2 2: PI9 3: PD1		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 14.
EBI_A15	0: PC8 1: PE3 2: PI10 3: PD2		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 15.
EBI_A16	0: PB0 1: PE4 2: PH4 3: PD3		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 16.
EBI_A17	0: PB1 1: PE5 2: PH5 3: PD4		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 17.
EBI_A18	0: PB2 1: PE6 2: PH6 3: PD5		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 18.
EBI_A19	0: PB3 1: PE7 2: PH7 3: PD6		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 19.
EBI_A20	0: PB4 1: PC8 2: PH8 3: PD7		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 20.
EBI_A21	0: PB5 1: PC9 2: PH9 3: PC7		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 21.
EBI_A22	0: PB6 1: PC10 2: PH10 3: PE4		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 22.

Alternate Functionality	Location	Priority
QSPI0_DQS	0: PF9	High Speed
QSPI0_SCLK	0: PF6	High Speed
SDIO_CLK	0: PE13	High Speed
SDIO_CMD	0: PE12	High Speed
SDIO_DAT0	0: PE11	High Speed
SDIO_DAT1	0: PE10	High Speed
SDIO_DAT2	0: PE9	High Speed
SDIO_DAT3	0: PE8	High Speed
SDIO_DAT4	0: PD12	High Speed
SDIO_DAT5	0: PD11	High Speed
SDIO_DAT6	0: PD10	High Speed
SDIO_DAT7	0: PD9	High Speed
TIM0_CC0	3: PB6	Non-interference
TIM0_CC1	3: PC0	Non-interference
TIM0_CC2	3: PC1	Non-interference
TIM0_CDTI0	1: PC13	Non-interference
TIM0_CDTI1	1: PC14	Non-interference
TIM0_CDTI2	1: PC15	Non-interference
TIM2_CC0	0: PA8	Non-interference
TIM2_CC1	0: PA9	Non-interference
TIM2_CC2	0: PA10	Non-interference
TIM2_CDTI0	0: PB0	Non-interference
TIM2_CDTI1	0: PB1	Non-interference
TIM2_CDTI2	0: PB2	Non-interference
TIM4_CC0	0: PF3	Non-interference
TIM4_CC1	0: PF4	Non-interference
TIM4_CC2	0: PF12	Non-interference
TIM4_CDTI0	0: PD0	Non-interference
TIM4_CDTI1	0: PD1	Non-interference
TIM4_CDTI2	0: PD3	Non-interference
TIM6_CC0	0: PG0	Non-interference
TIM6_CC1	0: PG1	Non-interference
TIM6_CC2	0: PG2	Non-interference
TIM6_CDTI0	0: PG3	Non-interference
TIM6_CDTI1	0: PG4	Non-interference
TIM6_CDTI2	0: PG5	Non-interference

Table 5.25. ACMP2 Bus and Pin Mapping

Port	Bus	CH31	CH30	CH29	CH28	CH27	CH26	CH25	CH24	CH23	CH22	CH21	CH20	CH19	CH18	CH17	CH16	CH15	CH14	CH13	CH12	CH11	CH10	CH9	CH8	CH7	CH6	CH5	CH4	CH3	CH2	CH1	CH0
APORT0X	BUSACMP2X																									PG7	PG6	PG5	PG4	PG3	PG2	PG1	PG0
APORT0Y	BUSACMP2Y																									PG7	PG6	PG5	PG4	PG3	PG2	PG1	PG0
APORT1X	BUSAX		PB14		PB12		PB10				PB6		PB4		PB2		PB0		PA14		PA12		PA10		PA8		PA6		PA4		PA2		PA0
APORT1Y	BUSAY	PB15		PB13		PB11		PB9				PB5		PB3		PB1		PA15		PA13		PA11		PA9		PA7		PA5		PA3		PA1	
APORT2X	BUSBX	PB15		PB13		PB11		PB9				PB5		PB3		PB1		PA15		PA13		PA11		PA9		PA7		PA5		PA3		PA1	
APORT2Y	BUSBY		PB14		PB12		PB10				PB6		PB4		PB2		PB0		PA14		PA12		PA10		PA8		PA6		PA4		PA2		PA0
APORT3X	BUSCX		PF14		PF12		PF10		PF8		PF6		PF4		PF2		PF0		PE14		PE12		PE10		PE8		PE6		PE4				PE0
APORT3Y	BUSCY	PF15		PF13		PF11		PF9		PF7		PF5		PF3		PF1		PE15		PE13		PE11		PE9		PE7		PE5				PE1	
APORT4X	BUSDX	PF15		PF13		PF11		PF9		PF7		PF5		PF3		PF1		PE15		PE13		PE11		PE9		PE7		PE5				PE1	
APORT4Y	BUSDY		PF14		PF12		PF10		PF8		PF6		PF4		PF2		PF0		PE14		PE12		PE10		PE8		PE6		PE4				PE0

8. BGA120 Package Specifications

8.1 BGA120 Package Dimensions

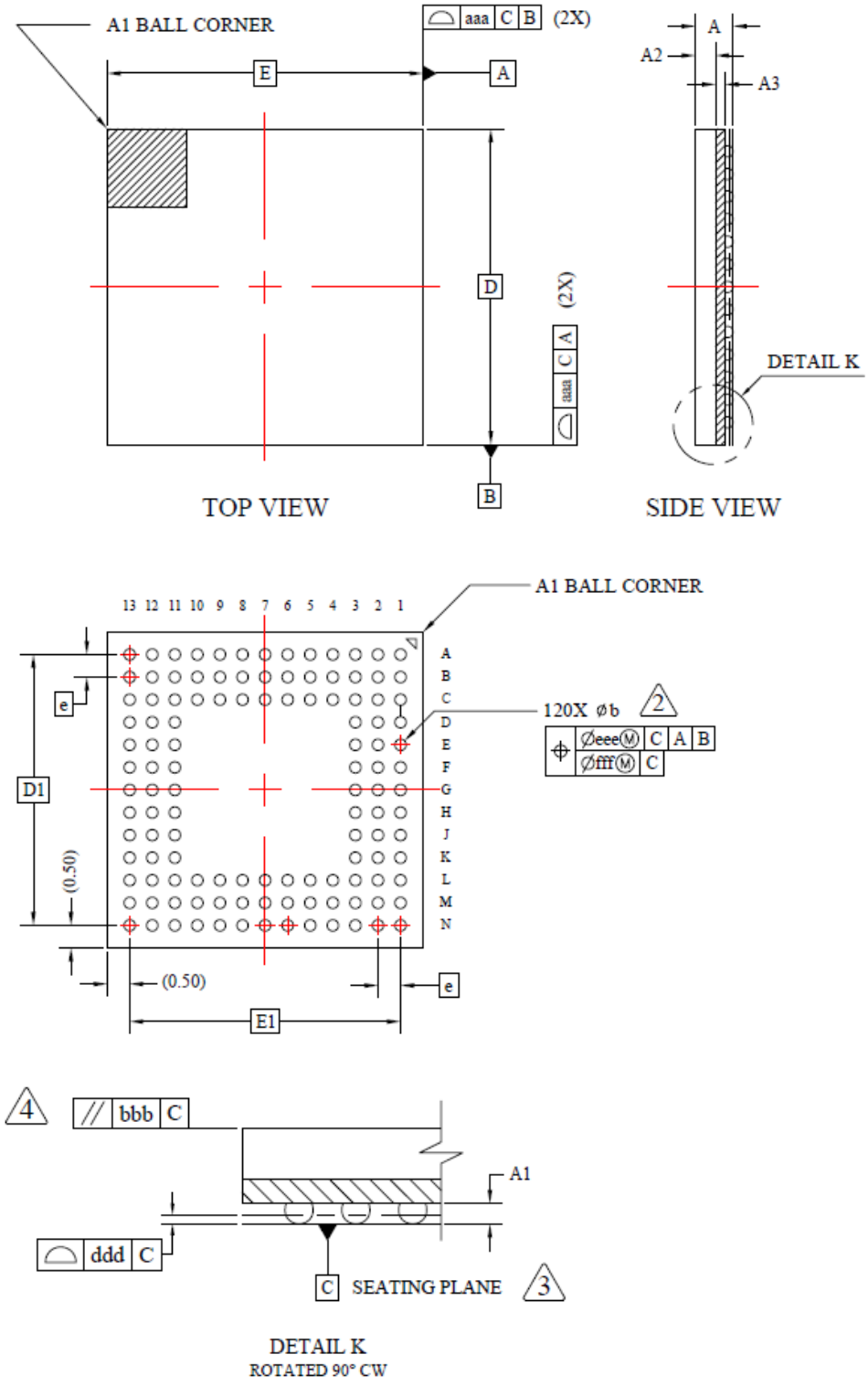

Figure 8.1. BGA120 Package Drawing

12. QFN64 Package Specifications

12.1 QFN64 Package Dimensions

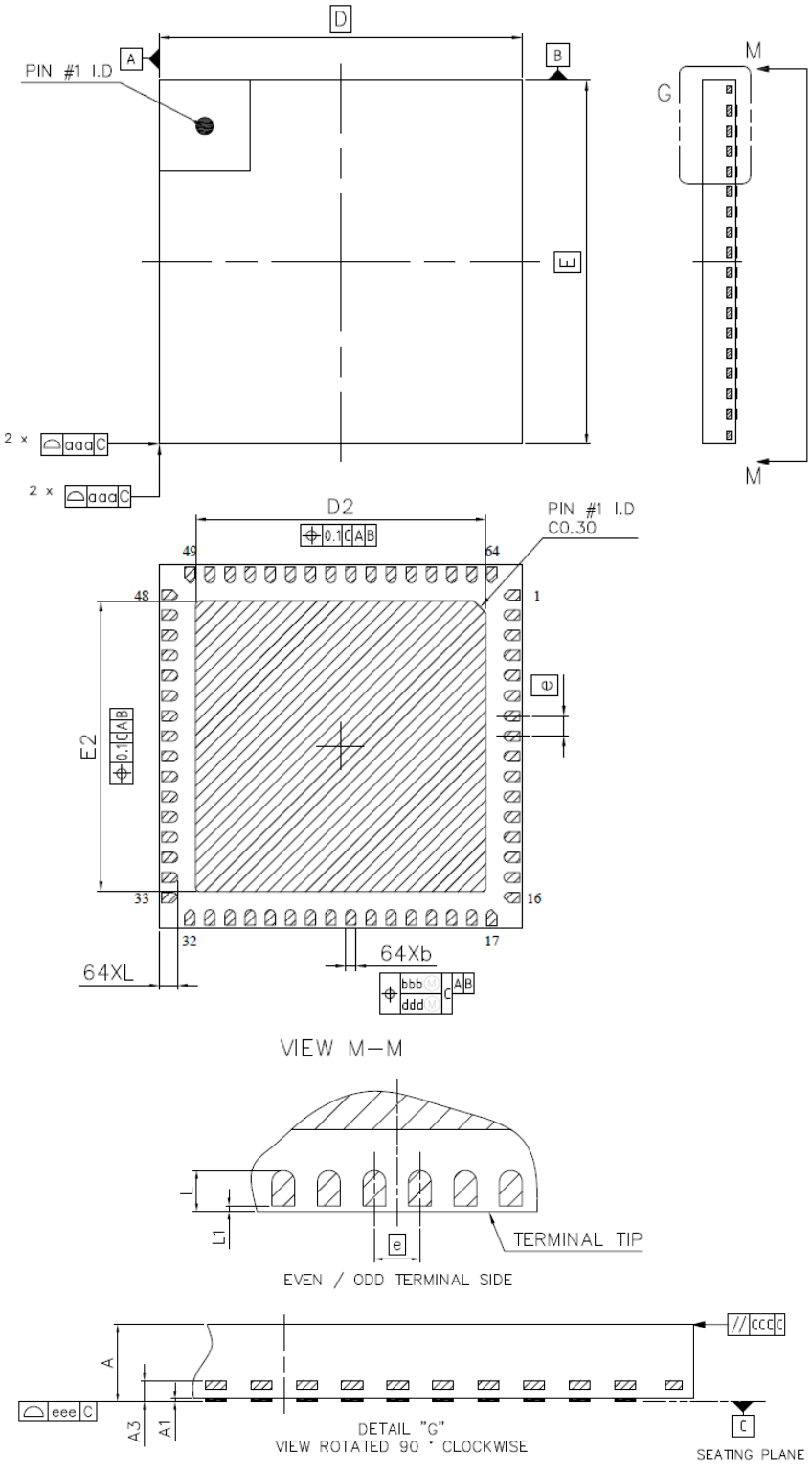

Figure 12.1. QFN64 Package Drawing