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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, MMC/SD/SDIO, QSPI, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	50
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b420f2048iq64-br">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b420f2048iq64-br</a>

## 3. System Overview

### 3.1 Introduction

The Giant Gecko Series 1 product family is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to the MCU system. The detailed functional description can be found in the Giant Gecko Series 1 Reference Manual.

A block diagram of the Giant Gecko Series 1 family is shown in [Figure 3.1 Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram on page 11](#). The diagram shows a superset of features available on the family, which vary by OPN. For more information about specific device features, consult [Ordering Information](#).

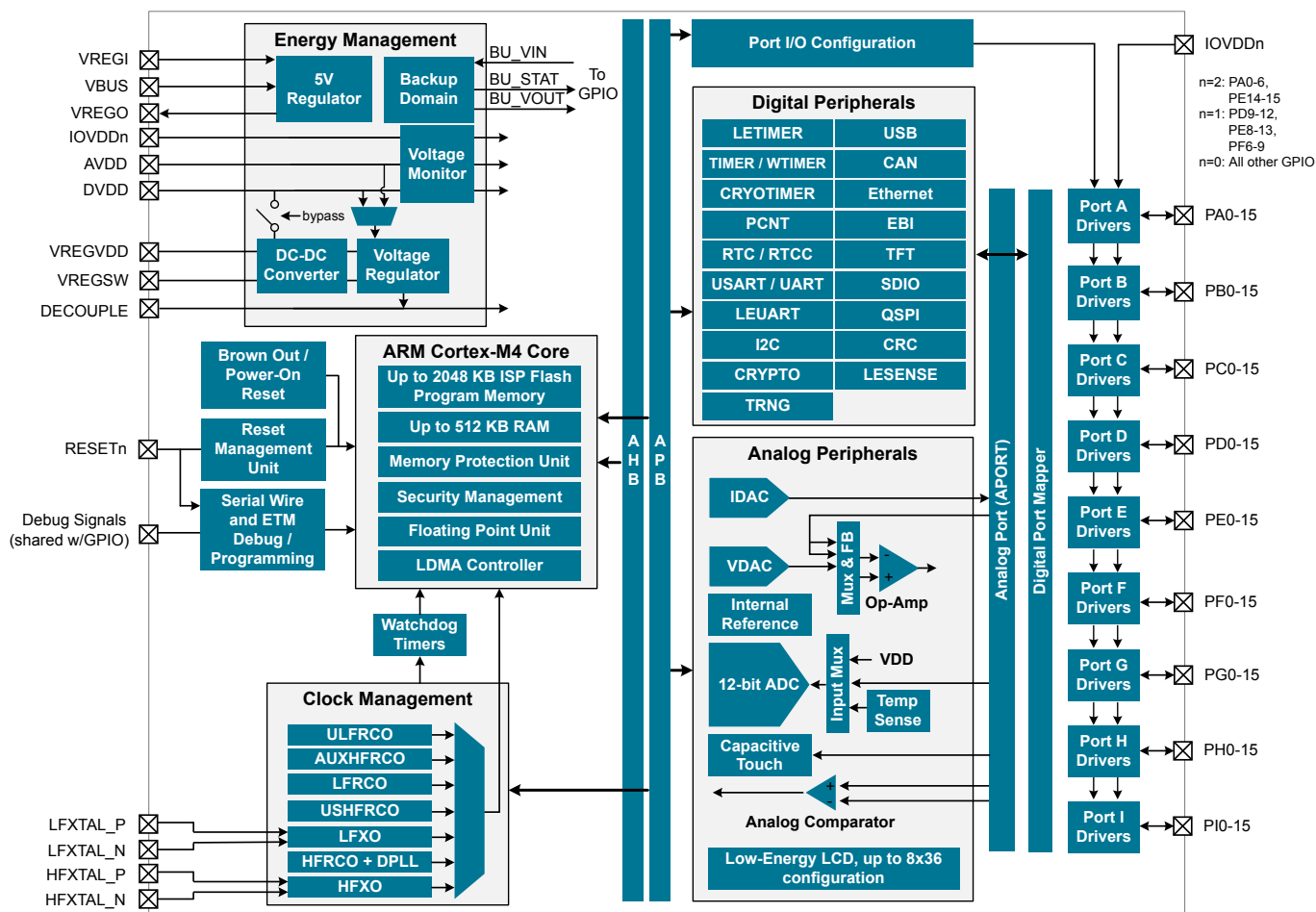


Figure 3.1. Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram

### 3.4.2 Internal and External Oscillators

The EFM32GG11 supports two crystal oscillators and fully integrates five RC oscillators, listed below.

- A high frequency crystal oscillator (HFXO) with integrated load capacitors, tunable in small steps, provides a precise timing reference for the MCU. Crystal frequencies in the range from 4 to 50 MHz are supported. An external clock source such as a TCXO can also be applied to the HFXO input for improved accuracy over temperature.
- A 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO) provides an accurate timing reference for low energy modes.
- An integrated high frequency RC oscillator (HFRCO) is available for the MCU system. The HFRCO employs fast startup at minimal energy consumption combined with a wide frequency range. When crystal accuracy is not required, it can be operated in free-running mode at a number of factory-calibrated frequencies. A digital phase-locked loop (DPLL) feature allows the HFRCO to achieve higher accuracy and stability by referencing other available clock sources such as LFXO and HFXO.
- An integrated auxiliary high frequency RC oscillator (AUXHFRCO) is available for timing the general-purpose ADC and the Serial Wire Viewer port with a wide frequency range.
- An integrated auxiliary high frequency RC oscillator (USHFRCO) is available for timing the USB, SDIO and QSPI peripherals. The USHFRCO can be synchronized to the host's USB clock to allow the USB to operate in device mode without the additional cost of an external crystal.
- An integrated low frequency 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRCO) can be used as a timing reference in low energy modes, when crystal accuracy is not required.
- An integrated ultra-low frequency 1 kHz RC oscillator (ULFRCO) is available to provide a timing reference at the lowest energy consumption in low energy modes.

### 3.5 Counters/Timers and PWM

#### 3.5.1 Timer/Counter (TIMER)

TIMER peripherals keep track of timing, count events, generate PWM outputs and trigger timed actions in other peripherals through the PRS system. The core of each TIMER is a 16-bit counter with up to 4 compare/capture channels. Each channel is configurable in one of three modes. In capture mode, the counter state is stored in a buffer at a selected input event. In compare mode, the channel output reflects the comparison of the counter to a programmed threshold value. In PWM mode, the TIMER supports generation of pulse-width modulation (PWM) outputs of arbitrary waveforms defined by the sequence of values written to the compare registers, with optional dead-time insertion available in timer unit TIMER\_0 only.

#### 3.5.2 Wide Timer/Counter (WTIMER)

WTIMER peripherals function just as TIMER peripherals, but are 32 bits wide. They keep track of timing, count events, generate PWM outputs and trigger timed actions in other peripherals through the PRS system. The core of each WTIMER is a 32-bit counter with up to 4 compare/capture channels. Each channel is configurable in one of three modes. In capture mode, the counter state is stored in a buffer at a selected input event. In compare mode, the channel output reflects the comparison of the counter to a programmed threshold value. In PWM mode, the WTIMER supports generation of pulse-width modulation (PWM) outputs of arbitrary waveforms defined by the sequence of values written to the compare registers, with optional dead-time insertion available in timer unit WTIMER\_0 only.

#### 3.5.3 Real Time Counter and Calendar (RTCC)

The Real Time Counter and Calendar (RTCC) is a 32-bit counter providing timekeeping in all energy modes. The RTCC includes a Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) calendar mode for easy time and date keeping. The RTCC can be clocked by any of the on-board oscillators with the exception of the AUXHFRCO, and it is capable of providing system wake-up at user defined instances. The RTCC includes 128 bytes of general purpose data retention, allowing easy and convenient data storage in all energy modes down to EM4H.

#### 3.5.4 Low Energy Timer (LETIMER)

The unique LETIMER is a 16-bit timer that is available in energy mode EM2 Deep Sleep in addition to EM1 Sleep and EM0 Active. This allows it to be used for timing and output generation when most of the device is powered down, allowing simple tasks to be performed while the power consumption of the system is kept at an absolute minimum. The LETIMER can be used to output a variety of waveforms with minimal software intervention. The LETIMER is connected to the Real Time Counter and Calendar (RTCC), and can be configured to start counting on compare matches from the RTCC.

#### 3.5.5 Ultra Low Power Wake-up Timer (CRYOTIMER)

The CRYOTIMER is a 32-bit counter that is capable of running in all energy modes. It can be clocked by either the 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO), the 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRCO), or the 1 kHz RC oscillator (ULFRCO). It can provide periodic Wakeup events and PRS signals which can be used to wake up peripherals from any energy mode. The CRYOTIMER provides a wide range of interrupt periods, facilitating flexible ultra-low energy operation.

### 4.1.7.3 Current Consumption 1.8 V without DC-DC Converter

Unless otherwise indicated, typical conditions are: VREGVDD = AVDD = DVDD = 1.8 V. T = 25 °C. DCDC is off. Minimum and maximum values in this table represent the worst conditions across supply voltage and process variation at T = 25 °C.

**Table 4.9. Current Consumption 1.8 V without DC-DC Converter**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled	I <sub>ACTIVE</sub>	72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	120	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	120	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark loop from flash	—	140	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	—	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	124	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	126	—	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	131	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	315	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I <sub>ACTIVE_VS</sub>	19 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	107	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	259	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled	I <sub>EM1</sub>	72 MHz HFRCO	—	57	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal	—	59	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO	—	59	—	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO	—	61	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO	—	63	—	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO	—	68	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	252	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I <sub>EM1_VS</sub>	19 MHz HFRCO	—	55	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	207	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM2 mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I <sub>EM2_VS</sub>	Full 512 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFXO	—	3.7	—	μA
		Full 512 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO	—	4.0	—	μA
		16 kB (1 bank) RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO <sup>2</sup>	—	2.5	—	μA

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output fall time, From 70% to 30% of $V_{IO}$	$t_{IOF}$	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ , DRIVESTRENGTH <sup>1</sup> = STRONG, SLEWRATE <sup>1</sup> = 0x6	—	1.8	—	ns
		$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ , DRIVESTRENGTH <sup>1</sup> = WEAK, SLEWRATE <sup>1</sup> = 0x6	—	4.5	—	ns
Output rise time, From 30% to 70% of $V_{IO}$	$t_{IOR}$	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ , DRIVESTRENGTH <sup>1</sup> = STRONG, SLEWRATE = 0x6 <sup>1</sup>	—	2.2	—	ns
		$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ , DRIVESTRENGTH <sup>1</sup> = WEAK, SLEWRATE <sup>1</sup> = 0x6	—	7.4	—	ns

**Note:**  
1. In GPIO\_Pn\_CTRL register.

#### 4.1.25 External Bus Interface (EBI)

##### EBI Write Enable Output Timing

Timing applies to both EBI\_WEn and EBI\_NANDWEn for all addressing modes and both polarities. All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

**Table 4.36. EBI Write Enable Timing**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output hold time, from trailing EBI_WEn / EBI_NANDWEn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS <sub>n</sub> , EBI_BL <sub>n</sub> invalid	t <sub>OH_WEn</sub>	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-22 + (WRHOLD * t <sub>HFCOR-ECLK</sub> )	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-13 + (WRHOLD * t <sub>HFCOR-ECLK</sub> )	—	—	ns
Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS <sub>n</sub> , EBI_BL <sub>n</sub> valid to leading EBI_WEn / EBI_NANDWEn edge <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>OSU_WEn</sub>	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-12 + (WRSET-UP * t <sub>HFCOR-ECLK</sub> )	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-10 + (WRSET-UP * t <sub>HFCOR-ECLK</sub> )	—	—	ns
EBI_WEn / EBI_NANDWEn pulse width <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>WIDTH_WEn</sub>	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-6 + (MAX(1, WRSTRB) * t <sub>HFCOR-ECLK</sub> )	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-5 + (MAX(1, WRSTRB) * t <sub>HFCOR-ECLK</sub> )	—	—	ns

**Note:**

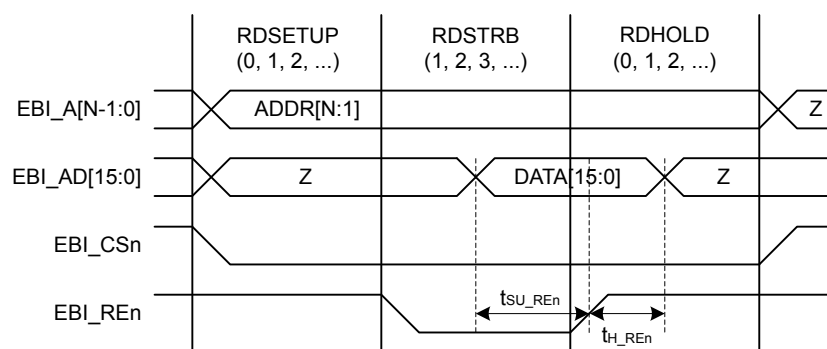
1. The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFWE=0. The leading edge of EBI\_WEn can be moved to the right by setting HALFWE=1. This decreases the length of t<sub>WIDTH\_WEn</sub> and increases the length of t<sub>OSU\_WEn</sub> by 1/2 \* t<sub>HFCLKNODIV</sub>.

## EBI Read Enable Timing Requirements

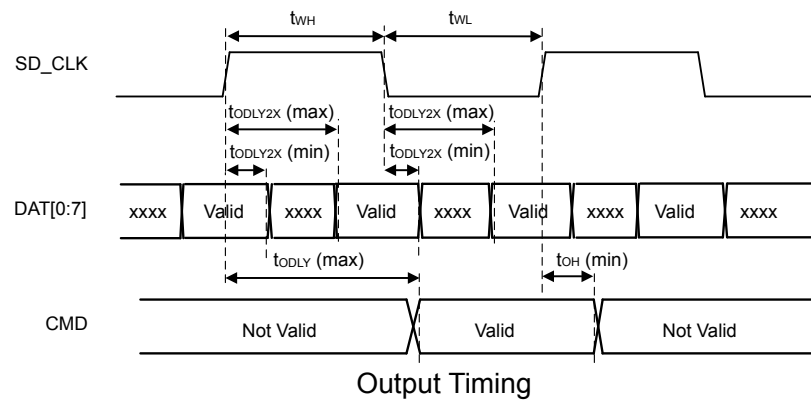
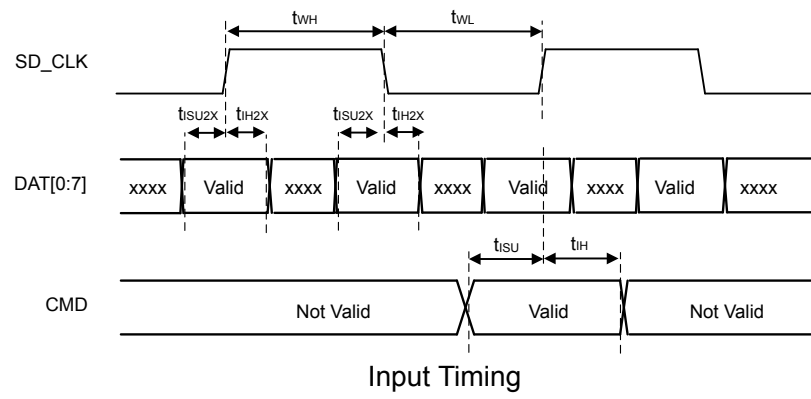
Timing applies to both EBI\_REn and EBI\_NANDREn for all addressing modes and both polarities. All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

**Table 4.40. EBI Read Enable Timing Requirements**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Setup time, from EBI_AD valid to trailing EBI_REn edge	$t_{SU\_REn}$	IOVDD $\geq$ 1.62 V	55	—	—	ns
		IOVDD $\geq$ 3.0 V	36	—	—	ns
Hold time, from trailing EBI_REn edge to EBI_AD invalid	$t_{H\_REn}$	IOVDD $\geq$ 1.62 V	-9	—	—	ns



**Figure 4.7. EBI Read Enable Timing Requirements**



**Figure 4.19. SDIO MMC DDR Mode Timing**



Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PF11	A13	GPIO (5V)	PA15	B1	GPIO
PE13	B2	GPIO	PE11	B3	GPIO
PE8	B4	GPIO	PD12	B5	GPIO
PD10	B6	GPIO	PF8	B7	GPIO
PF6	B8	GPIO	PF3	B9	GPIO
PF1	B10	GPIO (5V)	PF12	B11	GPIO
VBUS	B12	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF10	B13	GPIO (5V)
PA1	C1	GPIO	PA0	C2	GPIO
PE10	C3	GPIO	PD13	C4	GPIO (5V)
VSS	C5 C8 H3 J3 K11 K12 L12 L13 M8 M11 N8	Ground	IOVDD1	C6	Digital IO power supply 1.
PF9	C7	GPIO	IOVDD0	C9 J11 K3 L11 L14	Digital IO power supply 0.
PF0	C10	GPIO (5V)	PE4	C11	GPIO
PC14	C12	GPIO (5V)	PC15	C13	GPIO (5V)
PA3	D1	GPIO	PA2	D2	GPIO
PB15	D3	GPIO (5V)	PE5	D11	GPIO
PC12	D12	GPIO (5V)	PC13	D13	GPIO (5V)
PA6	E1	GPIO	PA5	E2	GPIO
PA4	E3	GPIO	PE6	E11	GPIO
PC10	E12	GPIO (5V)	PC11	E13	GPIO (5V)
PB0	F1	GPIO	PB1	F2	GPIO
PB2	F3	GPIO	PE7	F11	GPIO
PC8	F12	GPIO (5V)	PC9	F13	GPIO (5V)
PB3	G1	GPIO	PB4	G2	GPIO
IOVDD2	G3	Digital IO power supply 2.	PE0	G11	GPIO (5V)
PE1	G12	GPIO (5V)	PE3	G13	GPIO
PB5	H1	GPIO	PB6	H2	GPIO
DVDD	H11	Digital power supply.	PE2	H12	GPIO
PC7	H13	GPIO	PD14	J1	GPIO (5V)

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PD8	H8	GPIO	PD5	H9	GPIO
PD6	H10	GPIO	PD7	H11	GPIO
PC1	J1	GPIO (5V)	PC3	J2	GPIO (5V)
PD15	J3	GPIO (5V)	PA12	J4	GPIO (5V)
PA9	J5	GPIO	PA10	J6	GPIO
PB9	J7	GPIO (5V)	PB10	J8	GPIO (5V)
PD2	J9	GPIO (5V)	PD3	J10	GPIO
PD4	J11	GPIO	PB7	K1	GPIO
PC4	K2	GPIO	PA13	K3	GPIO (5V)
PA11	K5	GPIO	RESETn	K6	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
AVDD	K8 K9 L10	Analog power supply.	PD1	K11	GPIO
PB8	L1	GPIO	PC5	L2	GPIO
PA14	L3	GPIO	PB11	L5	GPIO
PB12	L6	GPIO	PB13	L8	GPIO
PB14	L9	GPIO	PD0	L11	GPIO (5V)

**Note:**

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PD13, PD14, and PD15 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

## 5.7 EFM32GG11B3xx in BGA112 Device Pinout

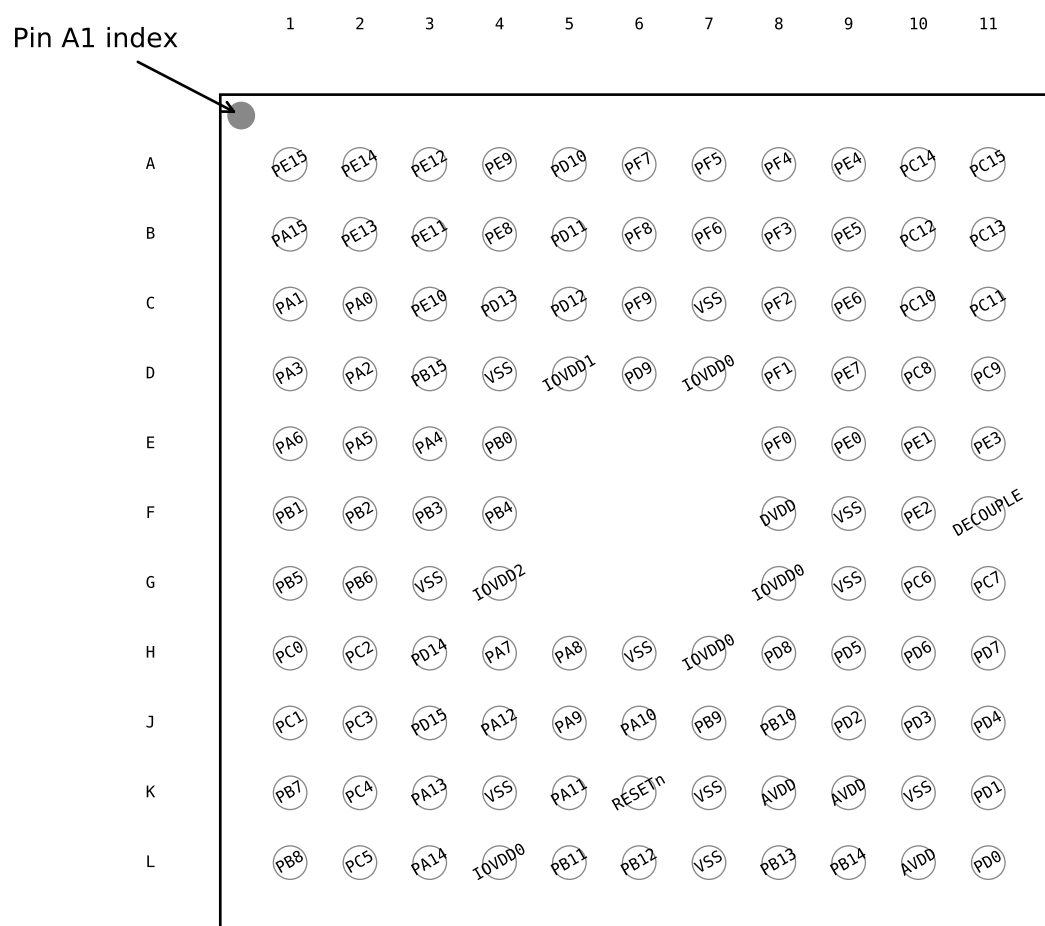
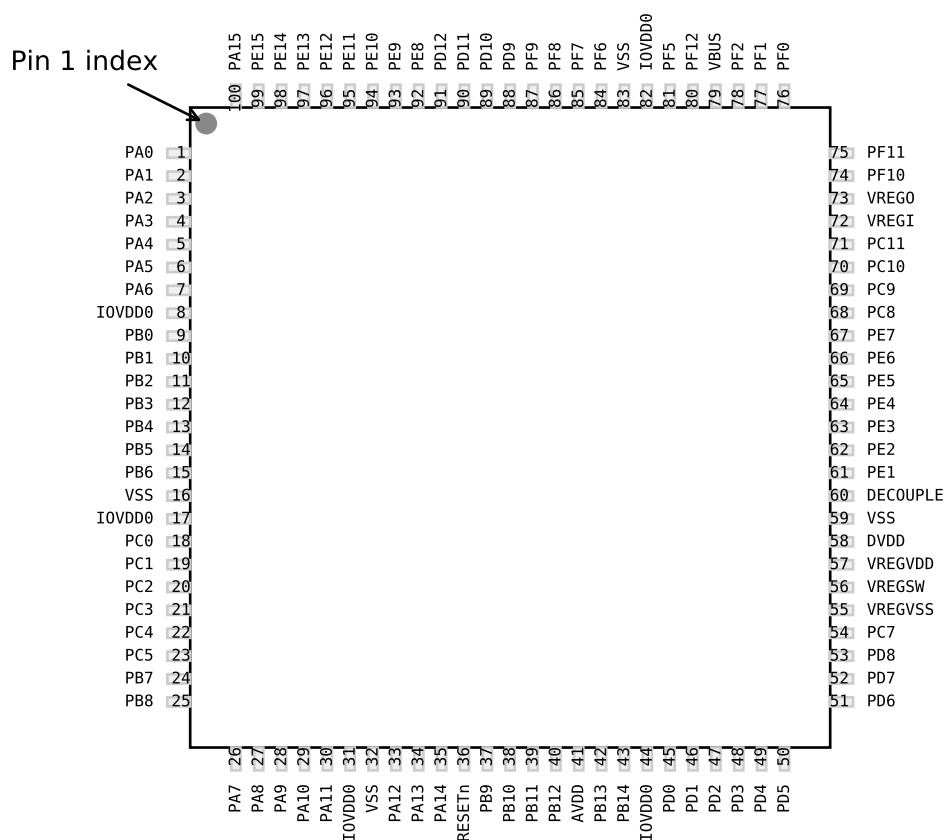


Figure 5.7. EFM32GG11B3xx in BGA112 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.7. EFM32GG11B3xx in BGA112 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PE15	A1	GPIO	PE14	A2	GPIO
PE12	A3	GPIO	PE9	A4	GPIO
PD10	A5	GPIO	PF7	A6	GPIO
PF5	A7	GPIO	PF4	A8	GPIO
PE4	A9	GPIO	PC14	A10	GPIO (5V)
PC15	A11	GPIO (5V)	PA15	B1	GPIO
PE13	B2	GPIO	PE11	B3	GPIO

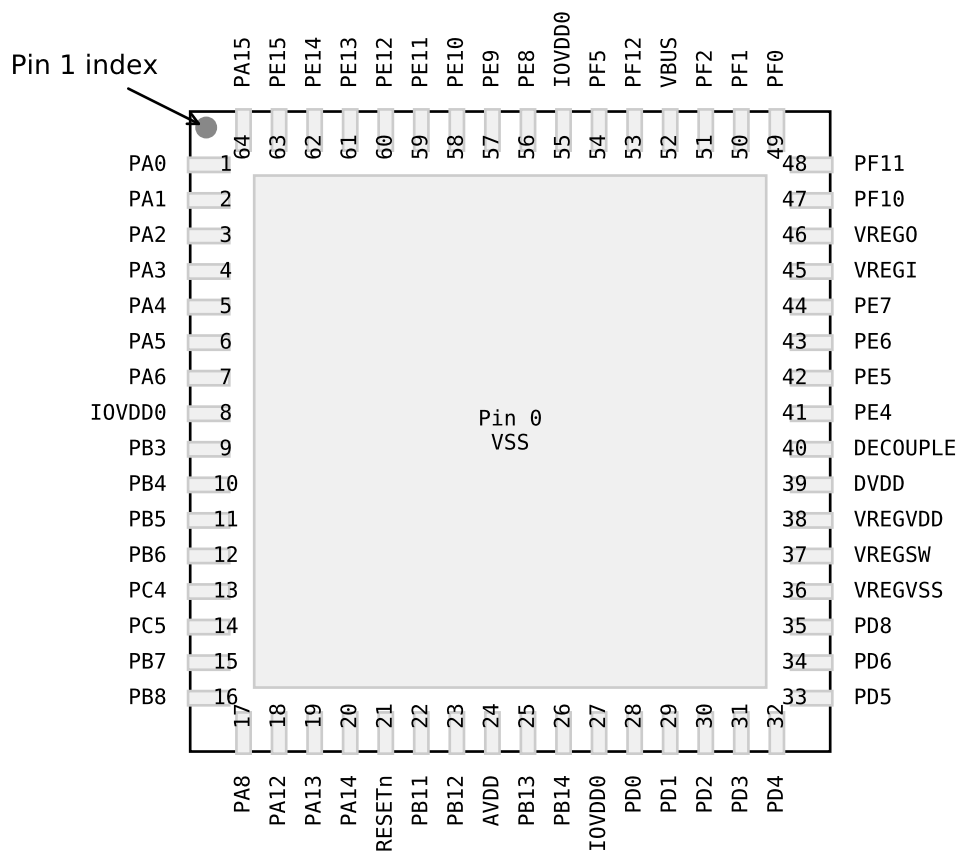


The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

### Table 5.8. EFM32GG11B8xx in QFP100 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA0	1	GPIO	PA1	2	GPIO
PA2	3	GPIO	PA3	4	GPIO
PA4	5	GPIO	PA5	6	GPIO
PA6	7	GPIO	IOVDD0	8 17 31 44 82	Digital IO power supply 0.
PB0	9	GPIO	PB1	10	GPIO

## 5.16 EFM32GG11B8xx in QFN64 Device Pinout



**Figure 5.16. EFM32GG11B8xx in QFN64 Device Pinout**

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

**Table 5.16. EFM32GG11B8xx in QFN64 Device Pinout**

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
VSS	0	Ground	PA0	1	GPIO
PA1	2	GPIO	PA2	3	GPIO
PA3	4	GPIO	PA4	5	GPIO
PA5	6	GPIO	PA6	7	GPIO
IOVDD0	8 27 55	Digital IO power supply 0.	PB3	9	GPIO
PB4	10	GPIO	PB5	11	GPIO

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PF14	BUSDY BUSCX		TIM1_CC1 #6 TIM4_CC1 #1 TIM5_CC2 #7 WTIM3_CC1 #7	I2C2_SCL #4	
PF11	BUSCY BUSDX	EBI_NANDWE <sub>n</sub> #5	TIM5_CC2 #6 WTIM3_CC2 #3 PCNT2_S1IN #3	US5_CTS #2 U1_RX #1 I2C2_SCL #2 USB_DP	
PF10	BUSDY BUSCX	EBI_ARDY #5	TIM5_CC1 #6 WTIM3_CC1 #3 PCNT2_S0IN #3	US5_RTS #2 U1_TX #1 I2C2_SDA #2 USB_DM	
PF0	BUSDY BUSCX	EBI_A24 #1	TIM0_CC0 #4 WTIM0_CC1 #4 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #2	US2_TX #5 CAN0_RX #1 US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	PRS_CH15 #2 ACMP3_O #0 DBG_SWCLKTCK BOOT_TX
PA0	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG13	EBI_AD09 #0 EBI_CSTFT #3	TIM0_CC0 #0 TIM0_CC1 #7 TIM3_CC0 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #4	ETH_RMIITXEN #0 ETH_MII_TXCLK #0 SDIO_DAT0 #1 US1_RX #5 US3_TX #0 QSPI0_CS0 #1 LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	CMU_CLK2 #0 PRS_CH0 #0 PRS_CH3 #3 GPIO_EM4WU0
PD11	LCD_SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0 EBI_HSNC #1	TIM4_CC0 #6 WTIM3_CC2 #0	ETH_RMIICRS <sub>SDV</sub> #1 SDIO_DAT5 #0 QSPI0_DQ2 #0 ETH_MII_RXD3 #2 US4_CLK #1	
PD10	LCD_SEG29	EBI_CS1 #0 EBI_VSNC #1	TIM4_CC2 #5 WTIM3_CC1 #0	ETH_RMIIREFCLK #1 SDIO_DAT6 #0 QSPI0_DQ1 #0 ETH_MII_RXD2 #2 US4_RX #1	CMU_CLK2 #5 CMU_CLKI0 #5
PD9	LCD_SEG28	EBI_CS0 #0 EBI_DTEN #1	TIM4_CC1 #5 WTIM3_CC0 #0	ETH_RMIIRXD0 #1 SDIO_DAT7 #0 QSPI0_DQ0 #0 ETH_MII_RXD1 #2 US4_TX #1	
PF9	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_SEG27	EBI_RE <sub>n</sub> #4 EBI_BL1 #1	TIM4_CC0 #5	ETH_RMIIRXD1 #1 US2_CS #4 QSPI0_DQS #0 ETH_MII_RXD0 #2 ETH_TSUTMRTOG #3 SDIO_WP #0 U0_RTS #0 U1_CTS #1	ETM_TD0 #1
PF8	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG26	EBI_WE <sub>n</sub> #4 EBI_BL0 #1	TIM0_CC2 #1 TIM4_CC2 #4	ETH_RMIITXEN #1 US2_CLK #4 QSPI0_CS1 #0 ETH_MII_RXDV #2 ETH_TSUEXTCLK #3 SDIO_CD #0 U0_CTS #0 U1_RTS #1	ETM_TCLK #1 GPIO_EM4WU8

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PH11	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A23 #2	TIM5_CC1 #1 WTIM1_CC3 #6	US5_RX #3 U1_TX #5 I2C1_SDA #5	
PH13	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A25 #2	TIM5_CC0 #2 WTIM1_CC1 #7 PCNT2_S1IN #7	US5_CS #3 U1_CTS #5 I2C1_SDA #6	
PD0	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #4 OPA2_OUTALT BU-SADC0Y BUSADC0X	EBI_A04 #1 EBI_A13 #3	TIM4_CDTI0 TIM6_CC2 #5 WTIM1_CC2 #0 PCNT2_S0IN #0	CAN0_RX #2 US1_TX #1	
PD3	BUSADC0Y BU-SADC0X OPA2_N	EBI_A07 #1 EBI_A16 #3	TIM4_CDTI2 TIM0_CC2 #2 TIM6_CC2 #6 WTIM1_CC1 #1 WTIM2_CC0 #5	CAN1_RX #2 US1_CS #1 LEU1_RX #2	ETM_TD1 #0 ETM_TD1 #2
PD8	BU_VIN	EBI_A12 #1	WTIM1_CC2 #2	US2_RTS #5	CMU_CLK1 #1 PRS_CH12 #2 ACMP2_O #0
PB7	LFXTAL_P		TIM0_CDTI0 #4 TIM1_CC0 #3	US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0 US3_RX #2 US4_TX #0 U0_CTS #4	PRS_CH22 #0
PC3	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #3 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD10 #1 EBI_CS3 #2 EBI_BL1 #3 EBI_NANDREN #0	TIM0_CDTI1 #3 TIM2_CC1 #5 WTIM0_CC2 #7 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #3	ETH_TSUTMRTOG #2 CAN1_TX #0 US1_CLK #4 US2_RX #0	LES_CH3 PRS_CH11 #1
PC5	BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X OPA0_N	EBI_AD12 #1 EBI_WEN #2 EBI_NANDWEN #0 EBI_A00 #3	TIM0_CC1 #5 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #3 PCNT1_S1IN #3	SDIO_WP #1 US2_CS #0 US4_CS #0 U0_RX #4 U1_RTS #4 I2C1_SCL #0	LES_CH5 PRS_CH19 #2
PA9	BUSAY BUSBX LCD_SEG37	EBI_AD15 #1 EBI_A03 #3 EBI_DTEN #0	TIM2_CC1 #0 TIM0_CC1 #6 WTIM2_CC0 #0 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #6	US2_CLK #2	PRS_CH9 #0
PB10	BUSBY BUSAX	EBI_BL0 #2 EBI_A01 #1 EBI_A04 #0 EBI_A10 #3	WTIM2_CC1 #2 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #7	SDIO_CD #3 CAN0_TX #3 US1_RTS #0 US2_CTS #3 U1_RX #2	PRS_CH9 #2 ACMP1_O #6
PH0	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_DCLK #2	WTIM2_CC2 #4	US0_CTS #6 LEU1_TX #5	
PH3	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_HSNC #2	TIM6_CC1 #3	US1_RTS #6	
PH6	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_A18 #2	TIM6_CDTI1 #3 WTIM2_CC2 #6	US4_CLK #4	
PH9	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A21 #2	TIM6_CC1 #4 WTIM1_CC1 #6 WTIM2_CC2 #7	US4_RTS #4	
PH12	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A24 #2	TIM5_CC2 #1 WTIM1_CC0 #7	US5_CLK #3 U1_RX #5 I2C1_SCL #5	

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PH14	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A26 #2	TIM5_CC1 #2 WTIM1_CC2 #7 PCNT2_S0IN #7	US5_CTS #3 U1_RTS #5 I2C1_SCL #6	
PH15	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A27 #2	TIM5_CC2 #2 WTIM1_CC3 #7 PCNT2_S1IN #6	US5_RTS #3	
PD2	BUSADC0Y BU-SADC0X	EBI_A06 #1 EBI_A15 #3 EBI_A27 #0	TIM0_CC1 #2 TIM6_CC1 #6 WTIM1_CC0 #1	US1_CLK #1 LEU1_TX #2	DBG_SWO #3
PD7	BUSADC0Y BU-SADC0X ADC0_EXTN ADC1_EXTN OPA1_N	EBI_A11 #1 EBI_A20 #3	TIM1_CC1 #4 WTIM1_CC1 #2 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #3	US1_TX #2 US3_CLK #1 U0_TX #6 I2C0_SCL #1	CMU_CLK0 #2 LES_ALTEX1 ACMP1_O #2 ETM_TCLK #0
PB8	LFXTAL_N		TIM0_CDTI1 #4 TIM1_CC1 #3	US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0 US4_RX #0 U0_RTS #4	CMU_CLKI0 #2 PRS_CH23 #0
PC4	BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X OPA0_P	EBI_AD11 #1 EBI_ALE #2 EBI_NANDREn #3 EBI_A26 #0	TIM0_CC0 #5 TIM0_CDTI2 #3 TIM2_CC2 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #3 PCNT1_S0IN #3	SDIO_CD #1 US2_CLK #0 US4_CLK #0 U0_TX #4 U1_CTS #4 I2C1_SDA #0	LES_CH4 PRS_CH18 #2 GPIO_EM4WU6
PA7	BUSAY BUSBX LCD_SEG35	EBI_AD13 #1 EBI_A01 #3 EBI_CSTFT #0	TIM0_CC2 #5 LE- TIM1_OUT0 #0 PCNT1_S0IN #4	US2_TX #2 US4_CTS #0 US5_RX #1	PRS_CH7 #1
PA10	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG38	EBI_CS0 #1 EBI_A04 #3 EBI_VSNC #0	TIM2_CC2 #0 TIM0_CC2 #6 WTIM2_CC1 #0	US2_CS #2	PRS_CH10 #0
PA12	BUSBY BUSAX	EBI_CS2 #1 EBI_REn #2 EBI_A00 #0 EBI_A06 #3	TIM2_CC0 #1 WTIM0_CDTI0 #2 WTIM2_CC0 #1 LE- TIM1_OUT0 #2 PCNT1_S0IN #5	CAN1_RX #5 US0_CLK #5 US2_RTS #2	CMU_CLK0 #5 PRS_CH12 #0 ACMP1_O #3
PA14	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_BEXT	EBI_REn #1 EBI_A02 #0 EBI_A08 #3	TIM2_CC2 #1 WTIM0_CDTI2 #2 WTIM2_CC2 #1 LE- TIM1_OUT1 #2	US1_TX #6 US2_RX #3 US3_RTS #2	PRS_CH14 #0 ACMP1_O #4
PB11	BUSAY BUSBX VDAC0_OUT0 / OPA0_OUT IDAC0_OUT	EBI_BL1 #2 EBI_A02 #1 EBI_A11 #3	TIM0_CDTI2 #4 TIM1_CC2 #3 WTIM2_CC2 #2 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #1 PCNT0_S1IN #7 PCNT1_S0IN #6	US0_CTS #5 US1_CLK #5 US2_CS #3 US5_CLK #0 U1_CTS #2 I2C1_SDA #1	CMU_CLK1 #5 CMU_CLKI0 #7 PRS_CH21 #2 ACMP0_O #3 GPIO_EM4WU7
PH1	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_DTEN #2		US0_RTS #6 LEU1_RX #5	
PH4	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_A16 #2	TIM6_CC2 #3 WTIM2_CC0 #6	US4_TX #4	
PH7	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_A19 #2	TIM6_CDTI2 #3 WTIM2_CC0 #7	US4_CS #4	
PH10	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A22 #2	TIM6_CC2 #4 WTIM1_CC2 #6	US5_TX #3	



Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
BU_STAT	0: PE3		Backup Power Domain status, whether or not the system is in backup mode.
BU_VIN	0: PD8		Battery input for Backup Power Domain.
BU_VOUT	0: PE2		Power output for Backup Power Domain.
CAN0_RX	0: PC0 1: PF0 2: PD0 3: PB9	4: PG8 5: PD14 6: PE0 7: PI12	CAN0 RX.
CAN0_TX	0: PC1 1: PF2 2: PD1 3: PB10	4: PG9 5: PD15 6: PE1 7: PI13	CAN0 TX.
CAN1_RX	0: PC2 1: PF1 2: PD3 3: PC9	4: PC12 5: PA12 6: PG10 7: PI14	CAN1 RX.
CAN1_TX	0: PC3 1: PF3 2: PD4 3: PC10	4: PC11 5: PA13 6: PG11 7: PI15	CAN1 TX.
CMU_CLK0	0: PA2 1: PC12 2: PD7 3: PG2	4: PF2 5: PA12	Clock Management Unit, clock output number 0.
CMU_CLK1	0: PA1 1: PD8 2: PE12 3: PG1	4: PF3 5: PB11	Clock Management Unit, clock output number 1.
CMU_CLK2	0: PA0 1: PA3 2: PD6 3: PG0	4: PA3 5: PD10	Clock Management Unit, clock output number 2.
CMU_CLKI0	0: PD4 1: PA3 2: PB8 3: PB13	4: PE1 5: PD10 6: PE12 7: PB11	Clock Management Unit, clock input number 0.
DBG_SWCLKTCK	0: PF0		Debug-interface Serial Wire clock input and JTAG Test Clock. Note that this function is enabled to the pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull down.
DBG_SWDIOTMS	0: PF1		Debug-interface Serial Wire data input / output and JTAG Test Mode Select. Note that this function is enabled to the pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull up.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
EBI_A23	0: PC0 1: PC11 2: PH11 3: PE5		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 23.
EBI_A24	0: PC1 1: PF0 2: PH12 3: PE6		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 24.
EBI_A25	0: PC2 1: PF1 2: PH13 3: PE7		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 25.
EBI_A26	0: PC4 1: PF2 2: PH14 3: PC8		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 26.
EBI_A27	0: PD2 1: PF5 2: PH15 3: PC9		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 27.
EBI_AD00	0: PE8 1: PB0 2: PG0		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 00.
EBI_AD01	0: PE9 1: PB1 2: PG1		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 01.
EBI_AD02	0: PE10 1: PB2 2: PG2		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 02.
EBI_AD03	0: PE11 1: PB3 2: PG3		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 03.
EBI_AD04	0: PE12 1: PB4 2: PG4		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 04.
EBI_AD05	0: PE13 1: PB5 2: PG5		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 05.
EBI_AD06	0: PE14 1: PB6 2: PG6		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 06.
EBI_AD07	0: PE15 1: PC0 2: PG7		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 07.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
PCNT0_S0IN	0: PC13 1: PE0 2: PC0 3: PD6	4: PA0 5: PB0 6: PB5 7: PB12	Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	0: PC14 1: PE1 2: PC1 3: PD7	4: PA1 5: PB1 6: PB6 7: PB11	Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	0: PA5 1: PB3 2: PD15 3: PC4	4: PA7 5: PA12 6: PB11 7: PG14	Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.
PCNT1_S1IN	0: PA6 1: PB4 2: PB0 3: PC5	4: PA8 5: PA13 6: PB12 7: PG15	Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 1.
PCNT2_S0IN	0: PD0 1: PE8 2: PB13 3: PF10	4: PC12 5: PI2 6: PI0 7: PH14	Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 0.
PCNT2_S1IN	0: PD1 1: PE9 2: PB14 3: PF11	4: PC13 5: PI1 6: PH15 7: PH13	Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	0: PA0 1: PF3 2: PC14 3: PF2		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.
PRS_CH1	0: PA1 1: PF4 2: PC15 3: PE12		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	0: PC0 1: PF5 2: PE10 3: PE13		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	0: PC1 1: PE8 2: PE11 3: PA0		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
PRS_CH4	0: PC8 1: PB0 2: PF1		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 4.
PRS_CH5	0: PC9 1: PB1 2: PD6		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 5.
PRS_CH6	0: PA6 1: PB14 2: PE6		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 6.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
PRS_CH20	0: PB4 1: PC12 2: PE2		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 20.
PRS_CH21	0: PB5 1: PC13 2: PB11		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 21.
PRS_CH22	0: PB7 1: PE0 2: PF6		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 22.
PRS_CH23	0: PB8 1: PE1 2: PF7		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 23.
QSPI0_CS0	0: PF7 1: PA0 2: PG9		Quad SPI 0 Chip Select 0.
QSPI0_CS1	0: PF8 1: PA1 2: PG10		Quad SPI 0 Chip Select 1.
QSPI0_DQ0	0: PD9 1: PA2 2: PG1		Quad SPI 0 Data 0.
QSPI0_DQ1	0: PD10 1: PA3 2: PG2		Quad SPI 0 Data 1.
QSPI0_DQ2	0: PD11 1: PA4 2: PG3		Quad SPI 0 Data 2.
QSPI0_DQ3	0: PD12 1: PA5 2: PG4		Quad SPI 0 Data 3.
QSPI0_DQ4	0: PE8 1: PB3 2: PG5		Quad SPI 0 Data 4.
QSPI0_DQ5	0: PE9 1: PB4 2: PG6		Quad SPI 0 Data 5.
QSPI0_DQ6	0: PE10 1: PB5 2: PG7		Quad SPI 0 Data 6.

## 11.2 TQFP64 PCB Land Pattern

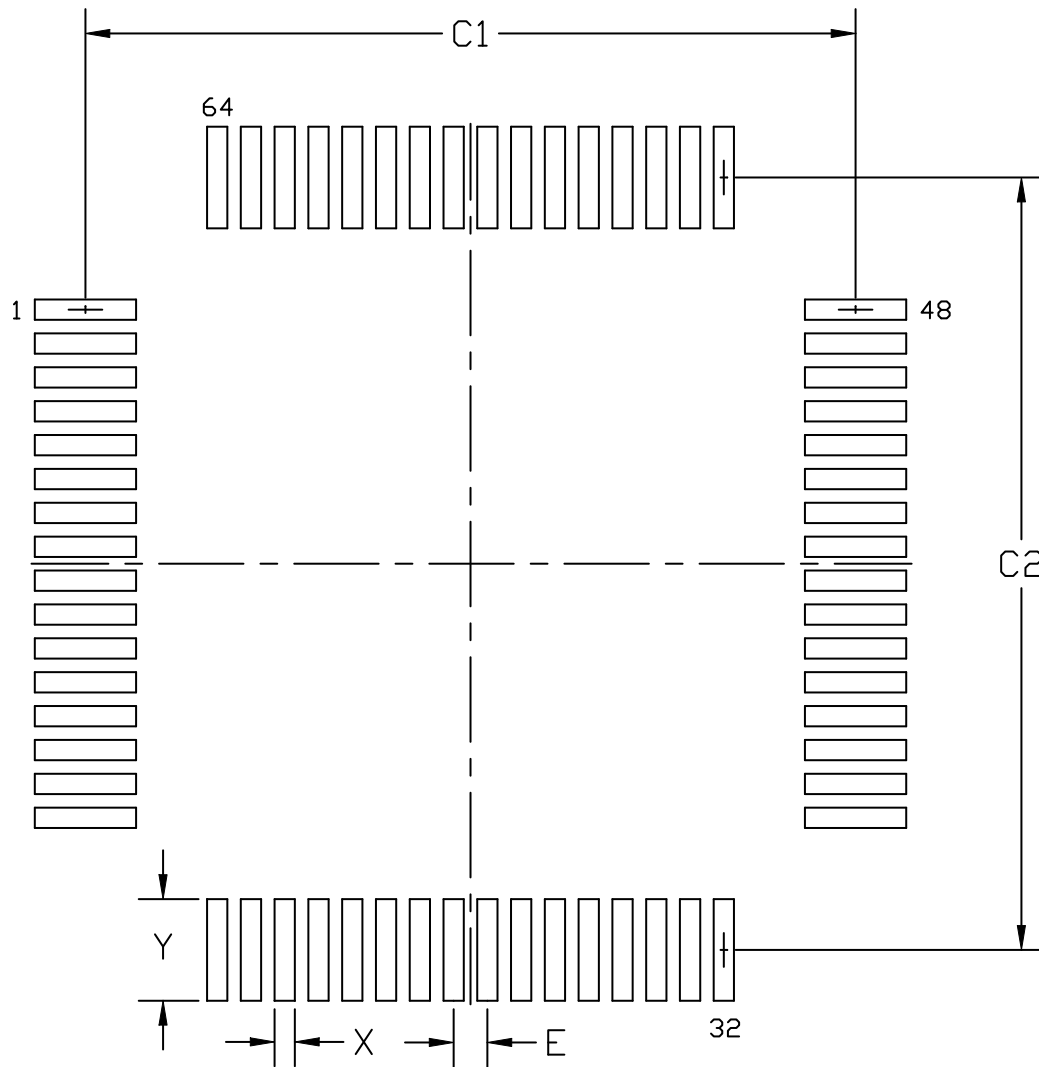


Figure 11.2. TQFP64 PCB Land Pattern Drawing