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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	384K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b510f2048gm64-ar

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3. System Overview

3.1 Introduction

The Giant Gecko Series 1 product family is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to the MCU system. The detailed functional description can be found in the Giant Gecko Series 1 Reference Manual.

A block diagram of the Giant Gecko Series 1 family is shown in [Figure 3.1 Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram on page 11](#). The diagram shows a superset of features available on the family, which vary by OPN. For more information about specific device features, consult [Ordering Information](#).

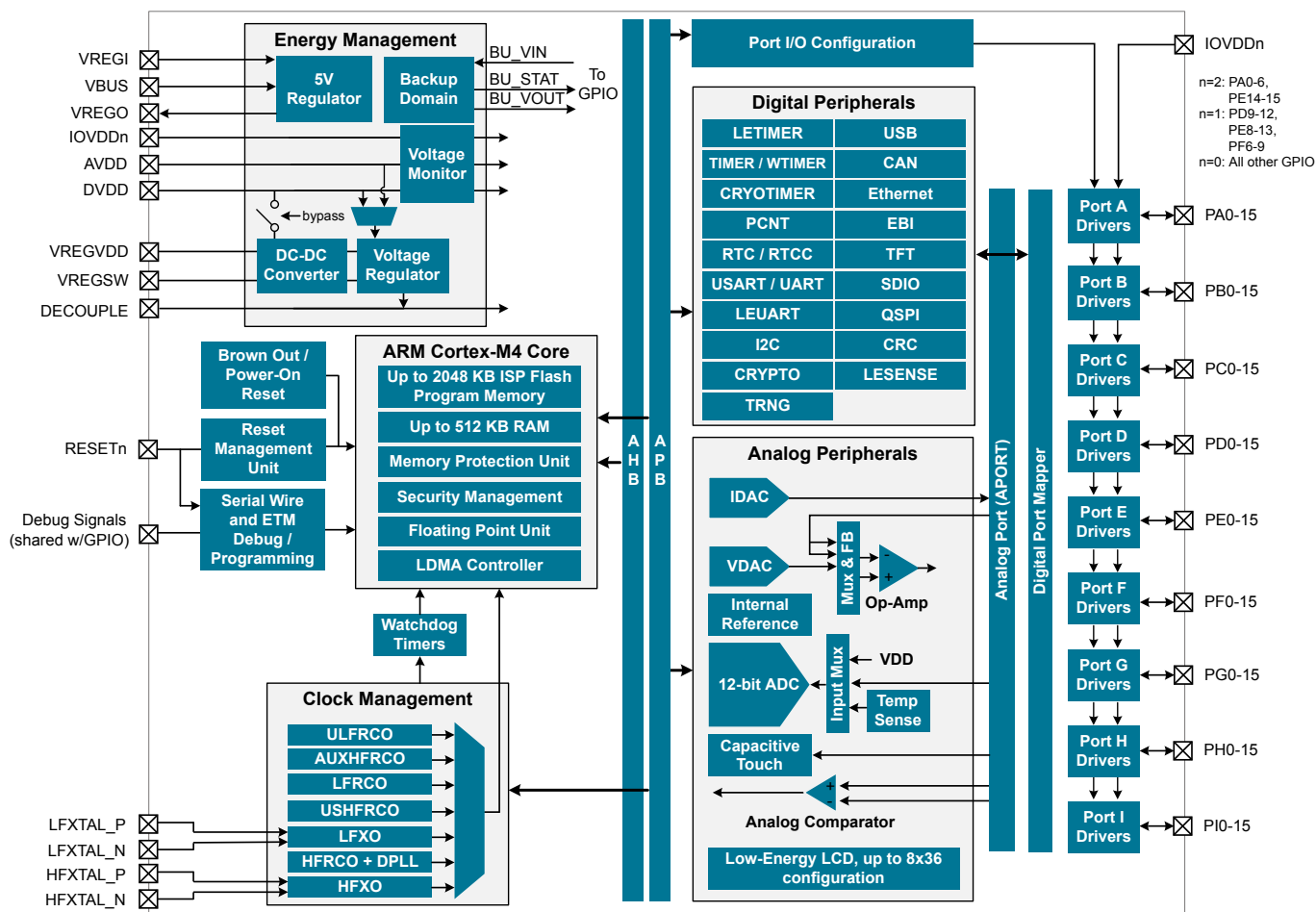


Figure 3.1. Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram

4. Electrical Specifications

4.1 Electrical Characteristics

All electrical parameters in all tables are specified under the following conditions, unless stated otherwise:

- Typical values are based on $T_{AMB}=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{DD}=3.3\text{ V}$, by production test and/or technology characterization.
- Minimum and maximum values represent the worst conditions across supply voltage, process variation, and operating temperature, unless stated otherwise.

Refer to [4.1.2.1 General Operating Conditions](#) for more details about operational supply and temperature limits.

4.1.7 Current Consumption

4.1.7.1 Current Consumption 3.3 V without DC-DC Converter

Unless otherwise indicated, typical conditions are: VREGVDD = AVDD = DVDD = 3.3 V. T = 25 °C. DCDC is off. Minimum and maximum values in this table represent the worst conditions across supply voltage and process variation at T = 25 °C.

Table 4.7. Current Consumption 3.3 V without DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{ACTIVE}	72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	120	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	120	TBD	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark loop from flash	—	140	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash	—	123	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	TBD	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	124	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	126	TBD	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	131	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	319	TBD	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I _{ACTIVE_VS}	19 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	107	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	262	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{EM1}	72 MHz HFRCO	—	57	TBD	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal	—	60	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO	—	59	TBD	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO	—	61	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO	—	63	TBD	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO	—	68	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	255	TBD	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I _{EM1_VS}	19 MHz HFRCO	—	55	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	210	—	μA/MHz

4.1.10.4 High-Frequency RC Oscillator (HFRCO)

Table 4.15. High-Frequency RC Oscillator (HFRCO)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Frequency accuracy	$f_{\text{HFRCO_ACC}}$	At production calibrated frequencies, across supply voltage and temperature	TBD	—	TBD	%
Start-up time	t_{HFRCO}	$f_{\text{HFRCO}} \geq 19 \text{ MHz}$	—	300	—	ns
		$4 < f_{\text{HFRCO}} < 19 \text{ MHz}$	—	1	—	μs
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} \leq 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	2.5	—	μs
Maximum DPLL lock time ¹	$t_{\text{DPLL_LOCK}}$	$f_{\text{REF}} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 39.98 \text{ MHz}$, $N = 1219$, $M = 0$	—	183	—	μs
Current consumption on all supplies	I_{HFRCO}	$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 72 \text{ MHz}$	—	608	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 64 \text{ MHz}$	—	545	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 56 \text{ MHz}$	—	478	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	—	413	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 38 \text{ MHz}$	—	341	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 32 \text{ MHz}$	—	286	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 26 \text{ MHz}$	—	240	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 19 \text{ MHz}$	—	191	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 16 \text{ MHz}$	—	164	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 13 \text{ MHz}$	—	143	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 7 \text{ MHz}$	—	103	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	42	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	33	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	28	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 72 \text{ MHz}$, DPLL enabled	—	927	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 40 \text{ MHz}$, DPLL enabled	—	526	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 32 \text{ MHz}$, DPLL enabled	—	419	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 16 \text{ MHz}$, DPLL enabled	—	233	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 4 \text{ MHz}$, DPLL enabled	—	59	TBD	μA
		$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 1 \text{ MHz}$, DPLL enabled	—	36	TBD	μA
Coarse trim step size (% of period)	$SS_{\text{HFRCO_COARSE}}$		—	0.8	—	%
Fine trim step size (% of period)	$SS_{\text{HFRCO_FINE}}$		—	0.1	—	%
Period jitter	PJ_{HFRCO}		—	0.2	—	% RMS

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Signal to noise and distortion ratio (1 kHz sine wave), Noise band limited to 250 kHz	SNDR _{DAC}	500 ksps, single-ended, internal 1.25V reference	—	60.4	—	dB
		500 ksps, single-ended, internal 2.5V reference	—	61.6	—	dB
		500 ksps, single-ended, 3.3V VDD reference	—	64.0	—	dB
		500 ksps, differential, internal 1.25V reference	—	63.3	—	dB
		500 ksps, differential, internal 2.5V reference	—	64.4	—	dB
		500 ksps, differential, 3.3V VDD reference	—	65.8	—	dB
Signal to noise and distortion ratio (1 kHz sine wave), Noise band limited to 22 kHz	SNDR _{DAC_BAND}	500 ksps, single-ended, internal 1.25V reference	—	65.3	—	dB
		500 ksps, single-ended, internal 2.5V reference	—	66.7	—	dB
		500 ksps, differential, 3.3V VDD reference	—	68.5	—	dB
		500 ksps, differential, internal 1.25V reference	—	67.8	—	dB
		500 ksps, differential, internal 2.5V reference	—	69.0	—	dB
		500 ksps, single-ended, 3.3V VDD reference	—	70.0	—	dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD		—	70.2	—	dB
Differential non-linearity ³	DNL _{DAC}		TBD	—	TBD	LSB
Integral non-linearity	INL _{DAC}		TBD	—	TBD	LSB
Offset error ⁵	V _{OFFSET}	T = 25 °C	TBD	—	TBD	mV
		Across operating temperature range	TBD	—	TBD	mV
Gain error ⁵	V _{GAIN}	T = 25 °C, Low-noise internal reference (REFSEL = 1V25LN or 2V5LN)	TBD	—	TBD	%
		Across operating temperature range, Low-noise internal reference (REFSEL = 1V25LN or 2V5LN)	TBD	—	TBD	%
External load capacitance, OUTSCALE=0	C _{LOAD}		—	—	75	pF

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply current, continuous conversions, WARMUP-MODE=KEEPCSENWARM	I _{CSEN_ACTIVE}	SAR or Delta Modulation conversions of 33 pF capacitor, CS0CG=0 (Gain = 10x), always on	—	90.5	—	μA
HFPERCLK supply current	I _{CSEN_HFPERCLK}	Current contribution from HFPERCLK when clock to CSEN block is enabled.	—	2.25	—	μA/MHz

Note:

1. Current is specified with a total external capacitance of 33 pF per channel. Average current is dependent on how long the module is actively sampling channels within the scan period, and scales with the number of samples acquired. Supply current for a specific application can be estimated by multiplying the current per sample by the total number of samples per period ($\text{total_current} = \text{single_sample_current} * (\text{number_of_channels} * \text{accumulation})$).

4.1.23.3 I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)¹

Table 4.33. I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)¹

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCL clock frequency ²	f _{SCL}		0	—	1000	kHz
SCL clock low time	t _{LOW}		0.5	—	—	μs
SCL clock high time	t _{HIGH}		0.26	—	—	μs
SDA set-up time	t _{SU_DAT}		50	—	—	ns
SDA hold time	t _{HD_DAT}		100	—	—	ns
Repeated START condition set-up time	t _{SU_STA}		0.26	—	—	μs
(Repeated) START condition hold time	t _{HD_STA}		0.26	—	—	μs
STOP condition set-up time	t _{SU_STO}		0.26	—	—	μs
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t _{BUF}		0.5	—	—	μs

Note:

1. For CLHR set to 0 or 1 in the I2Cn_CTRL register.
2. For the minimum HPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode Plus, refer to the I2C chapter in the reference manual.

SPI Slave Timing

Table 4.35. SPI Slave Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCLK period ^{1 3 2}	t_{SCLK}		6 * $t_{HFERCLK}$	—	—	ns
SCLK high time ^{1 3 2}	t_{SCLK_HI}		2.5 * $t_{HFERCLK}$	—	—	ns
SCLK low time ^{1 3 2}	t_{SCLK_LO}		2.5 * $t_{HFERCLK}$	—	—	ns
CS active to MISO ^{1 3}	$t_{CS_ACT_MI}$		24	—	69	ns
CS disable to MISO ^{1 3}	$t_{CS_DIS_MI}$		19	—	175	ns
MOSI setup time ^{1 3}	t_{SU_MO}		7	—	—	ns
MOSI hold time ^{1 3 2}	t_{H_MO}		6	—	—	ns
SCLK to MISO ^{1 3 2}	t_{SCLK_MI}		16 + 1.5 * $t_{HFERCLK}$	—	43 + 2.5 * $t_{HFERCLK}$	ns

Note:

1. Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0).
2. $t_{HFERCLK}$ is one period of the selected HFERCLK.
3. Measurement done with 8 pF output loading at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD}).

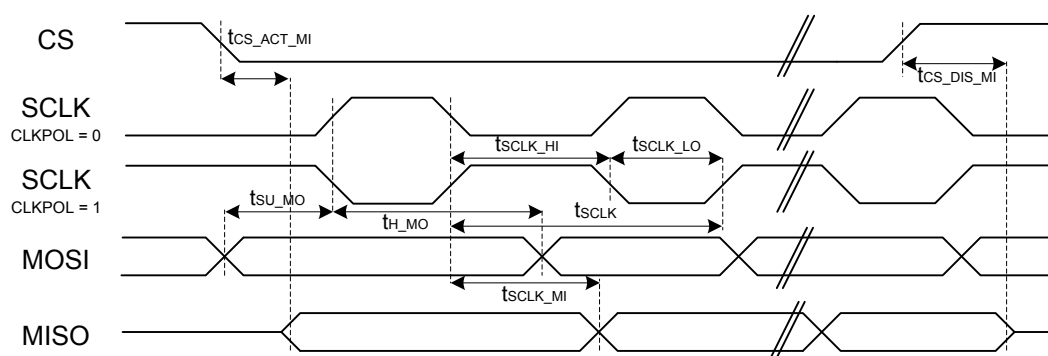


Figure 4.2. SPI Slave Timing Diagram

4.2.1 Supply Current

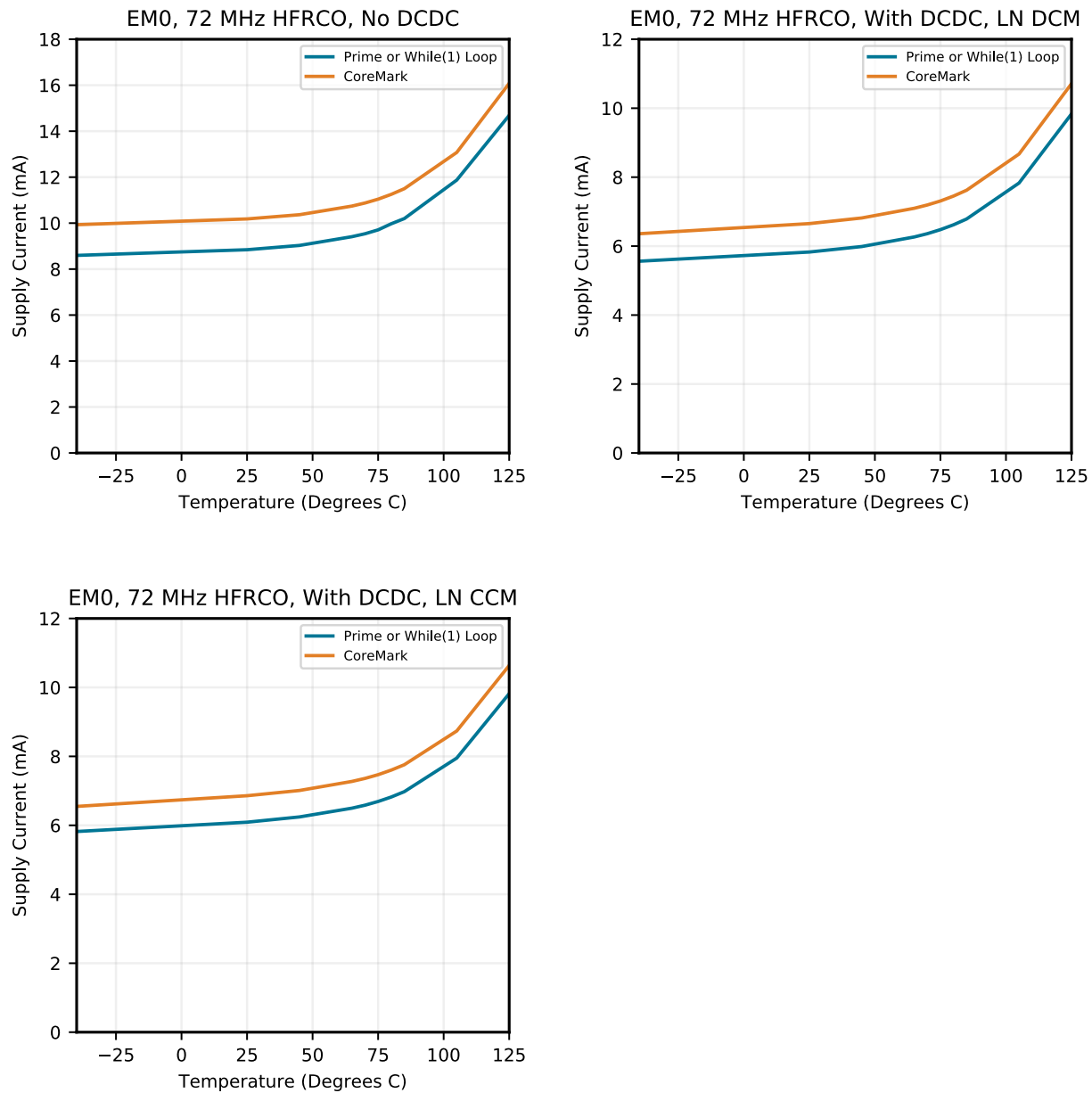


Figure 4.23. EM0 Full Speed Active Mode Typical Supply Current vs. Temperature

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
VREGVDD	J13	Voltage regulator VDD input	PC0	K1	GPIO (5V)
PC1	K2	GPIO (5V)	PE0	K12	GPIO (5V)
VREGSW	K13	DCDC regulator switching node	PC2	L1	GPIO (5V)
PC3	L2	GPIO (5V)	PA7	L3	GPIO
PB9	L13	GPIO (5V)	PB10	L14	GPIO (5V)
PD1	L17	GPIO	PC6	L18	GPIO
PC7	L19	GPIO	VREGVSS	L20	Voltage regulator VSS
PB7	M1	GPIO	PC4	M2	GPIO
PA8	M3	GPIO	PA10	M4	GPIO
PA13	M5	GPIO (5V)	PA14	M6	GPIO
RESETn	M7	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.	PB12	M8	GPIO
PD0	M9	GPIO (5V)	PD2	M10	GPIO (5V)
PD3	M11	GPIO	PD4	M12	GPIO
PD8	M13	GPIO	PB8	N1	GPIO
PC5	N2	GPIO	PA9	N3	GPIO
PA11	N4	GPIO	PA12	N5	GPIO (5V)
PB11	N6	GPIO	BODEN	N7	Brown-Out Detector Enable. This pin may be left disconnected or tied to AVDD.
PB13	N8	GPIO	PB14	N9	GPIO
AVDD	N10	Analog power supply.	PD5	N11	GPIO
PD6	N12	GPIO	PD7	N13	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PD13, PD14, and PD15 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PC4	13	GPIO	PC5	14	GPIO
PB7	15	GPIO	PB8	16	GPIO
PA8	17	GPIO	PA12	18	GPIO (5V)
PA14	19	GPIO	RESETn	20	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB11	21	GPIO	PB12	22	GPIO
AVDD	24	Analog power supply.	PB13	25	GPIO
PB14	26	GPIO	PD0	28	GPIO (5V)
PD1	29	GPIO	PD2	30	GPIO (5V)
PD3	31	GPIO	PD4	32	GPIO
PD5	33	GPIO	PD6	34	GPIO
PD7	35	GPIO	PD8	36	GPIO
PC7	37	GPIO	VREGVSS	38	Voltage regulator VSS
VREGSW	39	DCDC regulator switching node	VREGVDD	40	Voltage regulator VDD input
DVDD	41	Digital power supply.	DECOUPLE	42	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.
PE4	43	GPIO	PE5	44	GPIO
PE6	45	GPIO	PE7	46	GPIO
PC12	47	GPIO (5V)	PC13	48	GPIO (5V)
PF0	49	GPIO (5V)	PF1	50	GPIO (5V)
PF2	51	GPIO	PF3	52	GPIO
PF4	53	GPIO	PF5	54	GPIO
PE8	57	GPIO	PE9	58	GPIO
PE10	59	GPIO	PE11	60	GPIO
PE12	61	GPIO	PE13	62	GPIO
PE14	63	GPIO	PE15	64	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

5.18 EFM32GG11B4xx in QFN64 Device Pinout

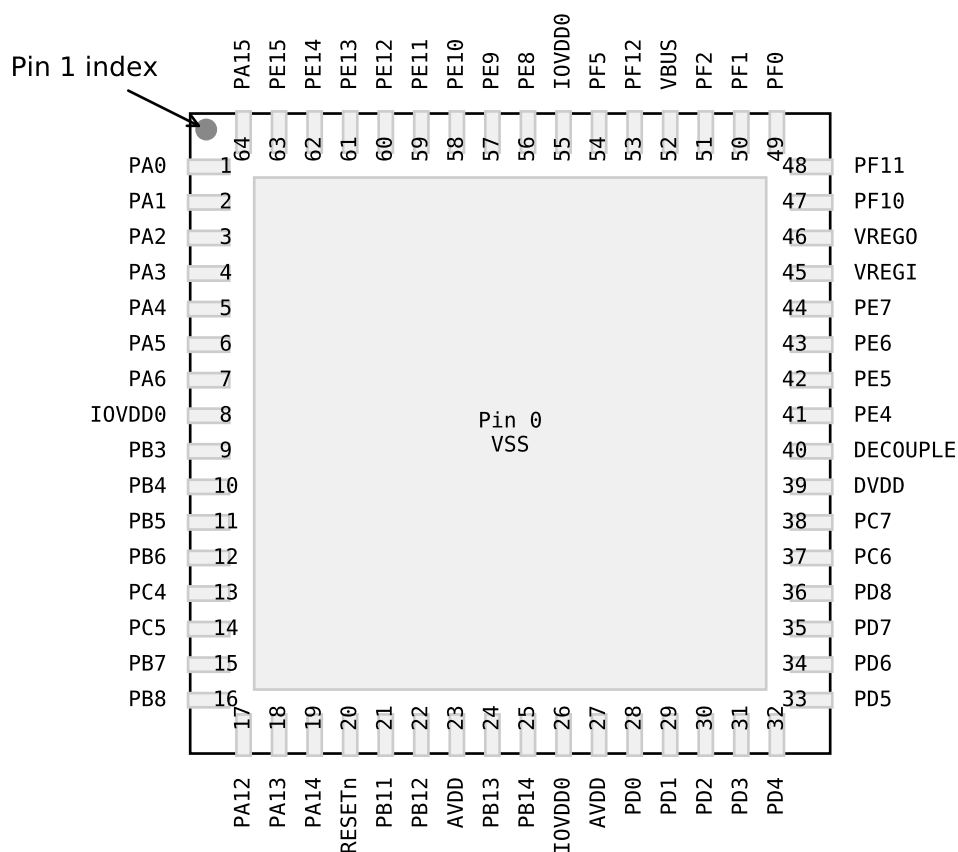


Figure 5.18. EFM32GG11B4xx in QFN64 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.18. EFM32GG11B4xx in QFN64 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
VSS	0	Ground	PA0	1	GPIO
PA1	2	GPIO	PA2	3	GPIO
PA3	4	GPIO	PA4	5	GPIO
PA5	6	GPIO	PA6	7	GPIO
IOVDD0	8 26 55	Digital IO power supply 0.	PB3	9	GPIO
PB4	10	GPIO	PB5	11	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PB6	12	GPIO	PC4	13	GPIO
PC5	14	GPIO	PB7	15	GPIO
PB8	16	GPIO	PA12	17	GPIO (5V)
PA13	18	GPIO (5V)	PA14	19	GPIO
RESETn	20	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.	PB11	21	GPIO
PB12	22	GPIO	AVDD	23 27	Analog power supply.
PB13	24	GPIO	PB14	25	GPIO
PD0	28	GPIO (5V)	PD1	29	GPIO
PD2	30	GPIO (5V)	PD3	31	GPIO
PD4	32	GPIO	PD5	33	GPIO
PD6	34	GPIO	PD7	35	GPIO
PD8	36	GPIO	PC6	37	GPIO
PC7	38	GPIO	DVDD	39	Digital power supply.
DECOUPLE	40	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PE4	41	GPIO
PE5	42	GPIO	PE6	43	GPIO
PE7	44	GPIO	VREGI	45	Input to 5 V regulator.
VREGO	46	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs	PF10	47	GPIO (5V)
PF11	48	GPIO (5V)	PF0	49	GPIO (5V)
PF1	50	GPIO (5V)	PF2	51	GPIO
VBUS	52	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF12	53	GPIO
PF5	54	GPIO	PE8	56	GPIO
PE9	57	GPIO	PE10	58	GPIO
PE11	59	GPIO	PE12	60	GPIO
PE13	61	GPIO	PE14	62	GPIO
PE15	63	GPIO	PA15	64	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
LCD_SEG20 / LCD_COM4	0: PB3		LCD segment line 20. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 4
LCD_SEG21 / LCD_COM5	0: PB4		LCD segment line 21. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 5
LCD_SEG22 / LCD_COM6	0: PB5		LCD segment line 22. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 6
LCD_SEG23 / LCD_COM7	0: PB6		LCD segment line 23. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 7
LCD_SEG24	0: PF6		LCD segment line 24.
LCD_SEG25	0: PF7		LCD segment line 25.
LCD_SEG26	0: PF8		LCD segment line 26.
LCD_SEG27	0: PF9		LCD segment line 27.
LCD_SEG28	0: PD9		LCD segment line 28.
LCD_SEG29	0: PD10		LCD segment line 29.
LCD_SEG30	0: PD11		LCD segment line 30.
LCD_SEG31	0: PD12		LCD segment line 31.
LCD_SEG32	0: PB0		LCD segment line 32.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
SDIO_DAT7	0: PD9 1: PB4		SDIO Data 7.
SDIO_WP	0: PF9 1: PC5 2: PB15 3: PB9		SDIO Write Protect.
TIM0_CC0	0: PA0 1: PF6 2: PD1 3: PB6	4: PF0 5: PC4 6: PA8 7: PA1	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	0: PA1 1: PF7 2: PD2 3: PC0	4: PF1 5: PC5 6: PA9 7: PA0	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM0_CC2	0: PA2 1: PF8 2: PD3 3: PC1	4: PF2 5: PA7 6: PA10 7: PA13	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM0_CDTI0	0: PA3 1: PC13 2: PF3 3: PC2	4: PB7	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM0_CDTI1	0: PA4 1: PC14 2: PF4 3: PC3	4: PB8	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2	0: PA5 1: PC15 2: PF5 3: PC4	4: PB11	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0	0: PC13 1: PE10 2: PB0 3: PB7	4: PD6 5: PF2 6: PF13 7: PI6	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	0: PC14 1: PE11 2: PB1 3: PB8	4: PD7 5: PF3 6: PF14 7: PI7	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	0: PC15 1: PE12 2: PB2 3: PB11	4: PC13 5: PF4 6: PF15 7: PI8	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM1_CC3	0: PC12 1: PE13 2: PB3 3: PB12	4: PC14 5: PF12 6: PF5 7: PI9	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 3.
TIM2_CC0	0: PA8 1: PA12 2: PC8 3: PF2	4: PB6 5: PC2 6: PG8 7: PG5	Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
TIM2_CC1	0: PA9 1: PA13 2: PC9 3: PE12	4: PC0 5: PC3 6: PG9 7: PG6	Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM2_CC2	0: PA10 1: PA14 2: PC10 3: PE13	4: PC1 5: PC4 6: PG10 7: PG7	Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM2_CDT10	0: PB0 1: PD13 2: PE8 3: PG0		Timer 2 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM2_CDT11	0: PB1 1: PD14 2: PE14 3: PG1		Timer 2 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM2_CDT12	0: PB2 1: PD15 2: PE15 3: PG2		Timer 2 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM3_CC0	0: PE14 1: PE0 2: PE3 3: PE5	4: PA0 5: PA3 6: PA6 7: PD15	Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM3_CC1	0: PE15 1: PE1 2: PE4 3: PE6	4: PA1 5: PA4 6: PD13 7: PB15	Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM3_CC2	0: PA15 1: PE2 2: PE5 3: PE7	4: PA2 5: PA5 6: PD14 7: PB0	Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM4_CC0	0: PF3 1: PF13 2: PF5 3: PI8	4: PF6 5: PF9 6: PD11 7: PE9	Timer 4 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM4_CC1	0: PF4 1: PF14 2: PI6 3: PI9	4: PF7 5: PD9 6: PD12 7: PE10	Timer 4 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM4_CC2	0: PF12 1: PF15 2: PI7 3: PI10	4: PF8 5: PD10 6: PE8 7: PE11	Timer 4 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM4_CDT10	0: PD0		Timer 4 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM4_CDT11	0: PD1		Timer 4 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 1.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
US1_CTS	0: PB9 1: PD4 2: PF3 3: PC6	4: PC12 5: PB13 6: PH2	USART1 Clear To Send hardware flow control input.
US1_RTS	0: PB10 1: PD5 2: PF4 3: PC7	4: PC13 5: PB14 6: PH3	USART1 Request To Send hardware flow control output.
US1_RX	0: PC1 1: PD1 2: PD6 3: PF7	4: PC2 5: PA0 6: PA2	USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US1_TX	0: PC0 1: PD0 2: PD7 3: PF6	4: PC1 5: PF2 6: PA14	USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US2_CLK	0: PC4 1: PB5 2: PA9 3: PA15	4: PF8 5: PF2	USART2 clock input / output.
US2_CS	0: PC5 1: PB6 2: PA10 3: PB11	4: PF9 5: PF5	USART2 chip select input / output.
US2_CTS	0: PC1 1: PB12 2: PA11 3: PB10	4: PC12 5: PD6	USART2 Clear To Send hardware flow control input.
US2_RTS	0: PC0 1: PB15 2: PA12 3: PC14	4: PC13 5: PD8	USART2 Request To Send hardware flow control output.
US2_RX	0: PC3 1: PB4 2: PA8 3: PA14	4: PF7 5: PF1	USART2 Asynchronous Receive. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US2_TX	0: PC2 1: PB3 2: PA7 3: PA13	4: PF6 5: PF0	USART2 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US3_CLK	0: PA2 1: PD7 2: PD4 3: PG8	4: PG2 5: PI14	USART3 clock input / output.
US3_CS	0: PA3 1: PE4 2: PC14 3: PC0	4: PG3 5: PI15	USART3 chip select input / output.
US3_CTS	0: PA4 1: PE5 2: PD6 3: PG10	4: PG4 5: PG9	USART3 Clear To Send hardware flow control input.

8.3 BGA120 Package Marking



Figure 8.3. BGA120 Package Marking

The package marking consists of:

- P P P P P P P P P P – The part number designation.
- T T T T T T – A trace or manufacturing code. The first letter is the device revision.
- Y Y – The last 2 digits of the assembly year.
- W W – The 2-digit workweek when the device was assembled.