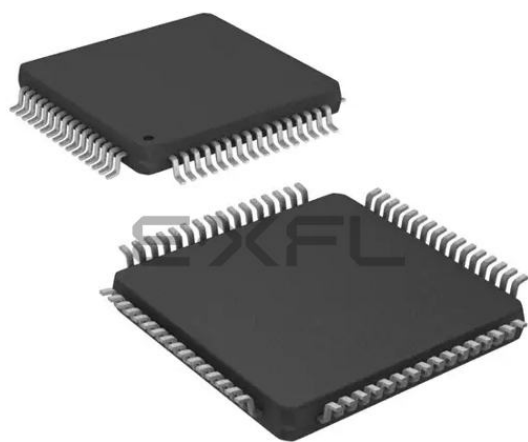




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	50
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	384K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b510f2048iq64-b

4.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above those listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the devices at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. For more information on the available quality and reliability data, see the Quality and Reliability Monitor Report at <http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>.

Table 4.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}		-50	—	150	°C
Voltage on supply pins other than VREGI and VBUS	V _{DDMAX}		-0.3	—	3.8	V
Voltage ramp rate on any supply pin	V _{DDRAMP} MAX		—	—	1	V / μ s
DC voltage on any GPIO pin	V _{DIGPIN}	5V tolerant GPIO pins ^{1 2 3}	-0.3	—	Min of 5.25 and IOVDD +2	V
		LCD pins ³	-0.3	—	Min of 3.8 and IOVDD +2	V
		Standard GPIO pins	-0.3	—	IOVDD+0.3	V
Total current into VDD power lines	I _{VDDMAX}	Source	—	—	200	mA
Total current into VSS ground lines	I _{VSSMAX}	Sink	—	—	200	mA
Current per I/O pin	I _{IO} MAX	Sink	—	—	50	mA
		Source	—	—	50	mA
Current for all I/O pins	I _{IOALL} MAX	Sink	—	—	200	mA
		Source	—	—	200	mA
Junction temperature	T _J	-G grade devices	-40	—	105	°C
		-I grade devices	-40	—	125	°C
Voltage on regulator supply pins VREGI and VBUS	V _{VREGI}		-0.3	—	5.5	V

Note:

1. When a GPIO pin is routed to the analog module through the APORT, the maximum voltage = IOVDD.
2. Valid for IOVDD in valid operating range or when IOVDD is undriven (high-Z). If IOVDD is connected to a low-impedance source below the valid operating range (e.g. IOVDD shorted to VSS), the pin voltage maximum is IOVDD + 0.3 V, to avoid exceeding the maximum IO current specifications.
3. To operate above the IOVDD supply rail, over-voltage tolerance must be enabled according to the GPIO_Px_OVTDIS register. Pins with over-voltage tolerance disabled have the same limits as Standard GPIO.

4.1.7.2 Current Consumption 3.3 V using DC-DC Converter

Unless otherwise indicated, typical conditions are: VREGVDD = AVDD = IOVDD = 3.3 V, DVDD = 1.8 V DC-DC output. T = 25 °C. Minimum and maximum values in this table represent the worst conditions across supply voltage and process variation at T = 25 °C.

Table 4.8. Current Consumption 3.3 V using DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled, DCDC in Low Noise DCM mode ²	I _{ACTIVE_DCM}	72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	80	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	80	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark loop from flash	—	92	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash	—	84	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	84	—	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	90	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	94	—	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	109	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	698	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled, DCDC in Low Noise CCM mode ¹	I _{ACTIVE_CCM}	72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	84	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	84	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark loop from flash	—	95	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash	—	91	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	92	—	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	104	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	113	—	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	142	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	1264	—	μA/MHz

4.1.7.3 Current Consumption 1.8 V without DC-DC Converter

Unless otherwise indicated, typical conditions are: VREGVDD = AVDD = DVDD = 1.8 V. T = 25 °C. DCDC is off. Minimum and maximum values in this table represent the worst conditions across supply voltage and process variation at T = 25 °C.

Table 4.9. Current Consumption 1.8 V without DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{ACTIVE}	72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	120	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	120	—	μA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark loop from flash	—	140	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	—	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	124	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	126	—	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	131	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	315	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I _{ACTIVE_VS}	19 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	107	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	259	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{EM1}	72 MHz HFRCO	—	57	—	μA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal	—	59	—	μA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO	—	59	—	μA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO	—	61	—	μA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO	—	63	—	μA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO	—	68	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	252	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I _{EM1_VS}	19 MHz HFRCO	—	55	—	μA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	207	—	μA/MHz
Current consumption in EM2 mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I _{EM2_VS}	Full 512 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFXO	—	3.7	—	μA
		Full 512 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO	—	4.0	—	μA
		16 kB (1 bank) RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO ²	—	2.5	—	μA

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM3 mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{EM3_VS}	Full 512 kB RAM retention and CRYOTIMER running from ULFR-CO	—	3.4	—	μA
Current consumption in EM4H mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{EM4H_VS}	128 byte RAM retention, RTCC running from LFXO	—	0.94	—	μA
		128 byte RAM retention, CRYO-TIMER running from ULFR-CO	—	0.56	—	μA
		128 byte RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.56	—	μA
Current consumption in EM4S mode	I_{EM4S}	No RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.1	—	μA
Current consumption of peripheral power domain 1, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{PD1_VS}	Additional current consumption in EM2/3 when any peripherals on power domain 1 are enabled ¹	—	0.68	—	μA
Current consumption of peripheral power domain 2, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{PD2_VS}	Additional current consumption in EM2/3 when any peripherals on power domain 2 are enabled ¹	—	0.28	—	μA

Note:

1. Extra current consumed by power domain. Does not include current associated with the enabled peripherals. See [3.2.4 EM2 and EM3 Power Domains](#) for a list of the peripherals in each power domain.
2. CMU_LFRCTRL_ENVREF = 1, CMU_LFRCTRL_VREFUPDATE = 1

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Hysteresis ($V_{CM} = 1.25\text{ V}$, $BIASPROG^4 = 0x10$, $FULLBIAS^4 = 1$)	$V_{ACMPHYST}$	$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST0$	TBD	0	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST1$	TBD	18	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST2$	TBD	33	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST3$	TBD	46	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST4$	TBD	57	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST5$	TBD	68	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST6$	TBD	79	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST7$	TBD	90	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST8$	TBD	0	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST9$	TBD	-18	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST10$	TBD	-33	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST11$	TBD	-45	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST12$	TBD	-57	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST13$	TBD	-67	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST14$	TBD	-78	TBD	mV
		$HYSTSEL^5 = HYST15$	TBD	-88	TBD	mV
Comparator delay ³	$t_{ACMPDELAY}$	$BIASPROG^4 = 1$, $FULLBIAS^4 = 0$	—	30	—	μs
		$BIASPROG^4 = 0x10$, $FULLBIAS^4 = 0$	—	3.7	—	μs
		$BIASPROG^4 = 0x02$, $FULLBIAS^4 = 1$	—	360	—	ns
		$BIASPROG^4 = 0x20$, $FULLBIAS^4 = 1$	—	35	—	ns
Offset voltage	$V_{ACMPOFFSET}$	$BIASPROG^4 = 0x10$, $FULLBIAS^4 = 1$	TBD	—	TBD	mV
Reference voltage	$V_{ACMPREF}$	Internal 1.25 V reference	TBD	1.25	TBD	V
		Internal 2.5 V reference	TBD	2.5	TBD	V
Capacitive sense internal resistance	R_{CSRES}	$CSRESSEL^6 = 0$	—	infinite	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 1$	—	15	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 2$	—	27	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 3$	—	39	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 4$	—	51	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 5$	—	100	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 6$	—	162	—	k Ω
		$CSRESSEL^6 = 7$	—	235	—	k Ω

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Note: 1. ACMPVDD is a supply chosen by the setting in ACMPn_CTRL_PWRSEL and may be IOVDD, AVDD or DVDD. 2. The total ACMP current is the sum of the contributions from the ACMP and its internal voltage reference. $I_{ACMPTOTAL} = I_{ACMP} + I_{ACMPREF}$. 3. ± 100 mV differential drive. 4. In ACMPn_CTRL register. 5. In ACMPn_HYSTERESIS registers. 6. In ACMPn_INPUTSEL register.						

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply current, continuous conversions, WARMUP-MODE=KEEPCSENWARM	I _{CSEN_ACTIVE}	SAR or Delta Modulation conversions of 33 pF capacitor, CS0CG=0 (Gain = 10x), always on	—	90.5	—	μA
HFPERCLK supply current	I _{CSEN_HFPERCLK}	Current contribution from HFPERCLK when clock to CSEN block is enabled.	—	2.25	—	μA/MHz

Note:

- Current is specified with a total external capacitance of 33 pF per channel. Average current is dependent on how long the module is actively sampling channels within the scan period, and scales with the number of samples acquired. Supply current for a specific application can be estimated by multiplying the current per sample by the total number of samples per period (total_current = single_sample_current * (number_of_channels * accumulation)).

4.1.19 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

Unless otherwise indicated, specified conditions are: Non-inverting input configuration, VDD = 3.3 V, DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, MAIN-OUTEN = 1, C_{LOAD} = 75 pF with OUTSCALE = 0, or C_{LOAD} = 37.5 pF with OUTSCALE = 1. Unit gain buffer and 3X-gain connection as specified in table footnotes⁸ 1.

Table 4.27. Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage (from AVDD)	V _{OPA}	HCMDIS = 0, Rail-to-rail input range	2	—	3.8	V
		HCMDIS = 1	1.62	—	3.8	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	HCMDIS = 0, Rail-to-rail input range	V _{VSS}	—	V _{OPA}	V
		HCMDIS = 1	V _{VSS}	—	V _{OPA} -1.2	V
Input impedance	R _{IN}		100	—	—	MΩ
Output voltage	V _{OUT}		V _{VSS}	—	V _{OPA}	V
Load capacitance ²	C _{LOAD}	OUTSCALE = 0	—	—	75	pF
		OUTSCALE = 1	—	—	37.5	pF
Output impedance	R _{OUT}	DRIVESTRENGTH = 2 or 3, 0.4 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{OPA} - 0.4 V, -8 mA < I _{OUT} < 8 mA, Buffer connection, Full supply range	—	0.25	—	Ω
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0 or 1, 0.4 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{OPA} - 0.4 V, -400 μA < I _{OUT} < 400 μA, Buffer connection, Full supply range	—	0.6	—	Ω
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 2 or 3, 0.1 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{OPA} - 0.1 V, -2 mA < I _{OUT} < 2 mA, Buffer connection, Full supply range	—	0.4	—	Ω
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0 or 1, 0.1 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{OPA} - 0.1 V, -100 μA < I _{OUT} < 100 μA, Buffer connection, Full supply range	—	1	—	Ω
Internal closed-loop gain	G _{CL}	Buffer connection	TBD	1	TBD	-
		3x Gain connection	TBD	2.99	TBD	-
		16x Gain connection	TBD	15.7	TBD	-
Active current ⁴	I _{OPA}	DRIVESTRENGTH = 3, OUTSCALE = 0	—	580	—	μA
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, OUTSCALE = 0	—	176	—	μA
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 1, OUTSCALE = 0	—	13	—	μA
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0, OUTSCALE = 0	—	4.7	—	μA

EBI Read Enable Output Timing

Timing applies to both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn for all addressing modes and both polarities. Output timing for EBI_AD applies only to multiplexed addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE. All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

Table 4.38. EBI Read Enable Output Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output hold time, from trailing EBI_REn / EBI_NANDREn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS _n , EBI_BLn invalid	t _{OH_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-23 + (RDHOLD * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-13 + (RDHOLD * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS _n , EBI_BLn valid to leading EBI_REn / EBI_NANDREn edge ¹	t _{OSU_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-12 + (RDSETUP * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-11 + (RDSETUP * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
EBI_REn pulse width ^{1 2}	t _{WIDTH_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-6 + (MAX(1, RDSTRB) * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-4 + (MAX(1, RDSTRB) * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns

Note:

1. The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFRE=0. The leading edge of EBI_REn can be moved to the right by setting HALFRE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_REn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_REn} by 1/2 * t_{HFCLKNODIV}.
2. When page mode is used, RDSTRB is replaced by RDPA for page hits.

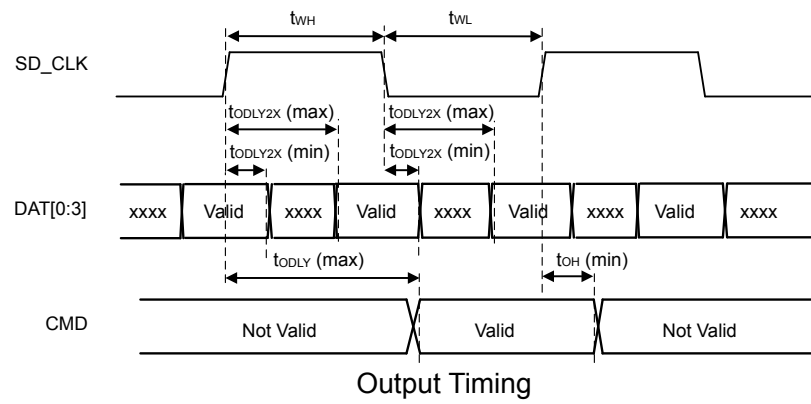
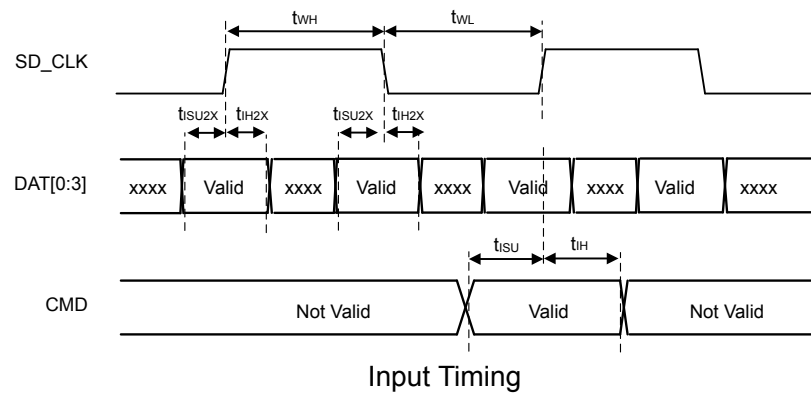


Figure 4.16. SDIO DDR Mode Timing

SDIO MMC SDR Mode Timing at 3.0 V

Timing is specified for route location 0 at 3.0 V IOVDD with voltage scaling disabled. Slew rate for SD_CLK set to 7, all other GPIO set to 6, DRIVESTRENGTH = STRONG for all pins. SDIO_CTRL_TXDLYMUXSEL = 1. Loading between 5 and 10 pF on all pins or between 10 and 20 pF on all pins.

Table 4.51. SDIO MMC SDR Mode Timing (Location 0, 3V I/O)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Clock frequency during data transfer	F_{SD_CLK}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	—	—	48	MHz
		Using HFXO	—	—	TBD	MHz
Clock low time	t_{WL}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	9.4	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock high time	t_{WH}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	9.4	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock rise time	t_R		1.96	3.87	—	ns
Clock fall time	t_F		1.67	3.31	—	ns
Input setup time, CMD, DAT[0:7] valid to SD_CLK	t_{ISU}		5.3	—	—	ns
Input hold time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:7] change	t_{IH}		2.5	—	—	ns
Output delay time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:7] valid	t_{ODLY}		0	—	16	ns
Output hold time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:7] change	t_{OH}		3	—	—	ns

QSPI DDR Mode Timing (Locations 1, 2)

Timing is specified with voltage scaling disabled, PHY-mode, route locations other than 0, TX DLL = 53, RX DLL = 88, 20-25 pF loading per GPIO, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6, DRIVESTRENGTH = STRONG.

Table 4.57. QSPI DDR Mode Timing (Locations 1, 2)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Half SCLK period	T/2	HFXO	$(1/F_{SCLK}) * 0.4 - 0.4$	—	—	ns
		HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, USHFRCO	$(1/F_{SCLK}) * 0.44$	—	—	ns
Output valid	t_{OV}		—	—	T/2 - 6.6	ns
Output hold	t_{OH}		T/2 - 52.2	—	—	ns
Input setup	t_{SU}		44.8	—	—	ns
Input hold	t_H		-2.4	—	—	ns

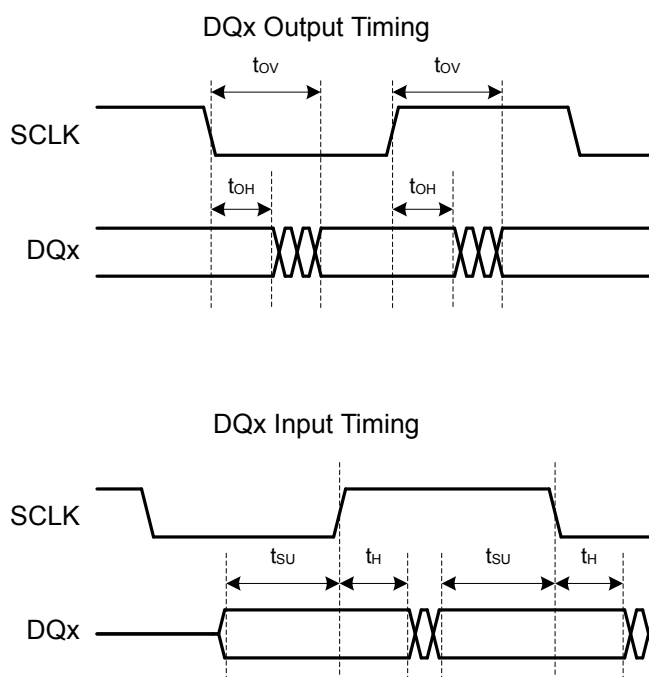


Figure 4.22. QSPI DDR Timing Diagrams

QSPI DDR Flash Timing Example

This example uses timing values for location 0 (DDR mode) to demonstrate the calculation of allowable flash timing using the QSPI in DDR mode.

- Using a configured SCLK frequency (F_{SCLK}) of 8 MHz from the HFXO clock source:
- The resulting minimum half-period, $T/2(\min) = (1/F_{SCLK}) * 0.4 - 0.4 = 49.6$ ns.
- Flash will see a minimum setup time of $T/2 - t_{OV} = T/2 - (T/2 - 5.0) = 5.0$ ns.
- Flash will see a minimum hold time of $t_{OH} = T/2 - 39.4 = 49.6 - 39.4 = 10.2$ ns.
- Flash can have a maximum output valid time of $T/2 - t_{SU} = T/2 - 33.1 = 49.6 - 33.1 = 16.5$ ns.
- Flash can have a minimum output hold time of $t_H = -0.9$ ns.

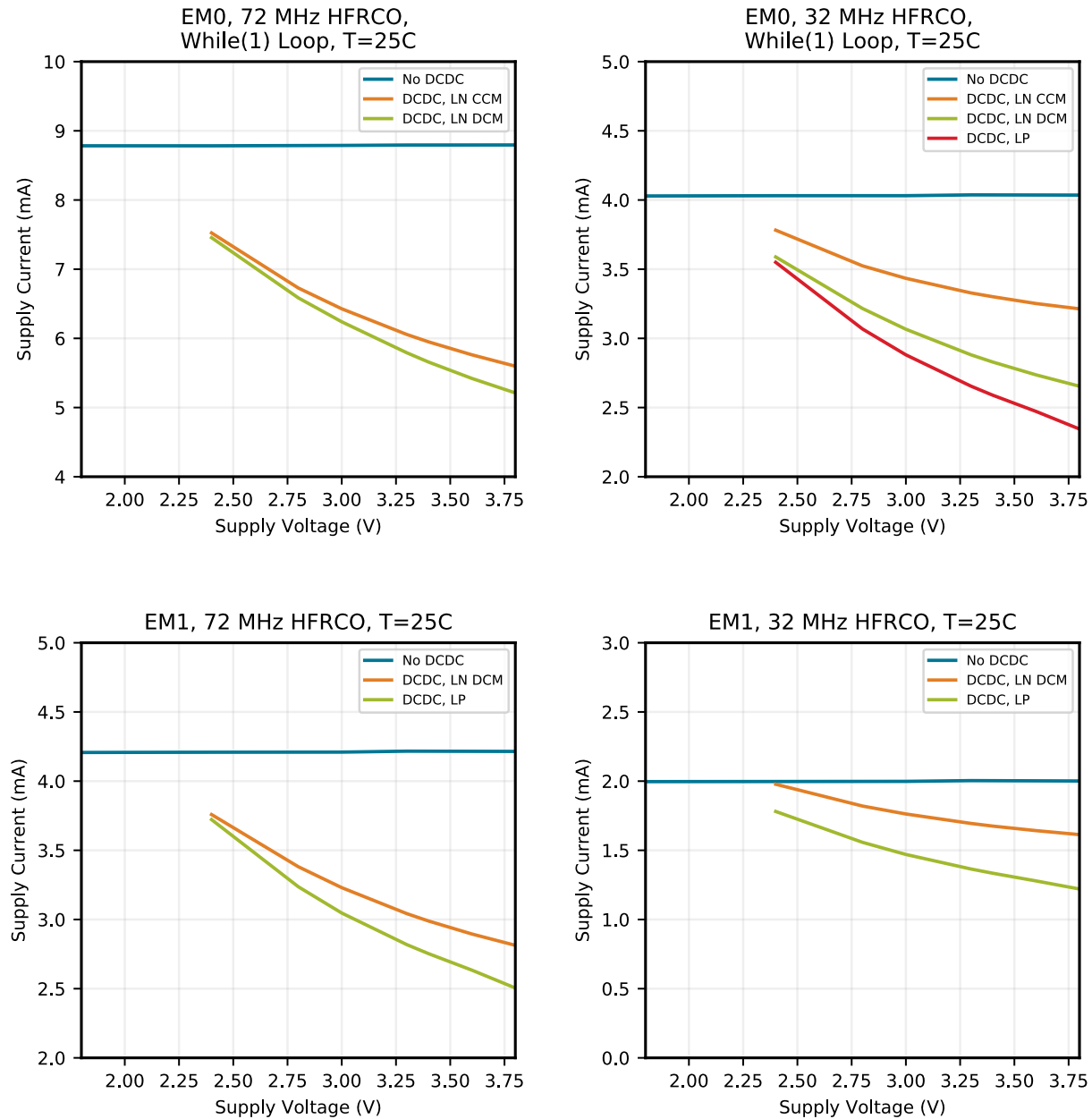


Figure 4.27. EM0 and EM1 Mode Typical Supply Current vs. Supply

Typical supply current for EM2, EM3 and EM4H using standard software libraries from Silicon Laboratories.

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PC4	13	GPIO	PC5	14	GPIO
PB7	15	GPIO	PB8	16	GPIO
PA8	17	GPIO	PA12	18	GPIO (5V)
PA14	19	GPIO	RESETn	20	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB11	21	GPIO	PB12	22	GPIO
AVDD	24	Analog power supply.	PB13	25	GPIO
PB14	26	GPIO	PD0	28	GPIO (5V)
PD1	29	GPIO	PD2	30	GPIO (5V)
PD3	31	GPIO	PD4	32	GPIO
PD5	33	GPIO	PD6	34	GPIO
PD7	35	GPIO	PD8	36	GPIO
PC7	37	GPIO	VREGVSS	38	Voltage regulator VSS
VREGSW	39	DCDC regulator switching node	VREGVDD	40	Voltage regulator VDD input
DVDD	41	Digital power supply.	DECOUPLE	42	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.
PE4	43	GPIO	PE5	44	GPIO
PE6	45	GPIO	PE7	46	GPIO
PC12	47	GPIO (5V)	PC13	48	GPIO (5V)
PF0	49	GPIO (5V)	PF1	50	GPIO (5V)
PF2	51	GPIO	PF3	52	GPIO
PF4	53	GPIO	PF5	54	GPIO
PE8	57	GPIO	PE9	58	GPIO
PE10	59	GPIO	PE11	60	GPIO
PE12	61	GPIO	PE13	62	GPIO
PE14	63	GPIO	PE15	64	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PC4	13	GPIO	PC5	14	GPIO
PB7	15	GPIO	PB8	16	GPIO
PA8	17	GPIO	PA9	18	GPIO
PA10	19	GPIO	RESETn	20	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB11	21	GPIO	AVDD	23 27	Analog power supply.
PB13	24	GPIO	PB14	25	GPIO
PD0	28	GPIO (5V)	PD1	29	GPIO
PD2	30	GPIO (5V)	PD3	31	GPIO
PD4	32	GPIO	PD5	33	GPIO
PD6	34	GPIO	PD7	35	GPIO
PD8	36	GPIO	PC6	37	GPIO
PC7	38	GPIO	DVDD	39	Digital power supply.
DECOUPLE	40	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PC8	41	GPIO (5V)
PC9	42	GPIO (5V)	PC10	43	GPIO (5V)
PC11	44	GPIO (5V)	PC12	45	GPIO (5V)
PC13	46	GPIO (5V)	PC14	47	GPIO (5V)
PC15	48	GPIO (5V)	PF0	49	GPIO (5V)
PF1	50	GPIO (5V)	PF2	51	GPIO
PF3	52	GPIO	PF4	53	GPIO
PF5	54	GPIO	PE8	57	GPIO
PE9	58	GPIO	PE10	59	GPIO
PE11	60	GPIO	PE12	61	GPIO
PE13	62	GPIO	PE14	63	GPIO
PE15	64	GPIO			

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

5.20 GPIO Functionality Table

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. The following table shows the name of each GPIO pin, followed by the functionality available on that pin. Refer to [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#) for a list of GPIO locations available for each function.

Table 5.20. GPIO Functionality Table

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PA15	BUSAY BUSBX LCD_SEG12	EBI_AD08 #0	TIM3_CC2 #0	ETH_MIIRXCLK #0 ETH_MDIO #3 US2_CLK #3	PRS_CH15 #0
PE15	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_SEG11	EBI_AD07 #0	TIM2_CDTI2 #2 TIM3_CC1 #0	ETH_RMIITXD0 #0 ETH_MIIRXD3 #0 SDIO_CMD #1 US0_RTS #0 QSPI0_DQS #1 LEU0_RX #2	PRS_CH14 #2 ETM_TD3 #4
PE14	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG10	EBI_AD06 #0	TIM2_CDTI1 #2 TIM3_CC0 #0	ETH_RMIITXD1 #0 ETH_MIIRXD2 #0 SDIO_CLK #1 US0_CTS #0 QSPI0_SCLK #1 LEU0_TX #2	PRS_CH13 #2 ETM_TD2 #4
PE13	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_SEG9	EBI_AD05 #0	TIM1_CC3 #1 TIM2_CC2 #3 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #4	SDIO_CLK #0 ETH_MIIRXD1 #0 US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 U1_RX #4 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 PRS_CH2 #3 ACMP0_O #0 ETM_TD1 #4 GPIO_EM4WU5
PE12	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG8	EBI_AD04 #0	TIM1_CC2 #1 TIM2_CC1 #3 WTIM0_CDTI2 #0 LETIM0_OUT0 #4	SDIO_CMD #0 ETH_MIIRXD0 #0 US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 U1_TX #4 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 CMU_CLKI0 #6 LES_ALTEX6 PRS_CH1 #3 ETM_TD0 #4
PE11	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_SEG7	EBI_AD03 #0 EBI_CS3 #4	TIM1_CC1 #1 TIM4_CC2 #7 WTIM0_CDTI1 #0	SDIO_DAT0 #0 QSPI0_DQ7 #0 ETH_MIIRXDV #0 US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 PRS_CH3 #2 ETM_TCLK #4
PE10	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG6	EBI_AD02 #0 EBI_CS2 #4	TIM1_CC0 #1 TIM4_CC1 #7 WTIM0_CDTI0 #0	SDIO_DAT1 #0 QSPI0_DQ6 #0 ETH_MIIRXER #0 US0_TX #0	PRS_CH2 #2 GPIO_EM4WU9
PE9	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_SEG5	EBI_AD01 #0 EBI_CS1 #4	TIM4_CC0 #7 PCNT2_S1IN #1	SDIO_DAT2 #0 QSPI0_DQ5 #0 US5_RX #0	PRS_CH8 #2
PE8	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG4	EBI_AD00 #0 EBI_CS0 #4	TIM2_CDTI0 #2 TIM4_CC2 #6 PCNT2_S0IN #1	SDIO_DAT3 #0 QSPI0_DQ4 #0 US5_TX #0 I2C2_SDA #0	PRS_CH3 #1
PI9		EBI_A14 #2	TIM1_CC3 #7 TIM4_CC1 #3	US4_CS #3	
PI6		EBI_A11 #2	TIM1_CC0 #7 TIM4_CC1 #2 WTIM3_CC0 #5	US4_TX #3	

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PG3	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD03 #2	TIM6_CDTI0 #0 WTIM0_CC1 #2 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #7	ETH_MIITXD1 #1 US3_CS #4 QSPI0_DQ2 #2	
PI5		EBI_A07 #2	WTIM3_CC2 #4	US4_RTS #2 I2C2_SCL #7	ACMP3_O #5
PI4		EBI_A06 #2	WTIM3_CC1 #4	US4_CTS #2 I2C2_SDA #7	ACMP3_O #4
PI3		EBI_A05 #2	WTIM3_CC0 #4	US4_CS #2 I2C1_SCL #7	
PA5	BUSAY BUSBX LCD_SEG18	EBI_AD14 #0	TIM0_CDTI2 #0 TIM3_CC2 #5 PCNT1_S0IN #0	ETH_RMIIRXER #0 ETH_MIITXEN #0 SDIO_DAT5 #1 US3_RTS #0 U0_CTS #2 QSPI0_DQ3 #1 LEU1_TX #1	LES_ALTEX4 PRS_CH17 #0 ACMP1_O #7 ETM_TD3 #3
PG6	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD06 #2	TIM2_CC1 #7 TIM6_CC0 #1	ETH_MIITXER #1 US3_TX #3 QSPI0_DQ5 #2	
PG5	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD05 #2	TIM6_CDTI2 #0 TIM2_CC0 #7	ETH_MIITXEN #1 US3_RTS #4 QSPI0_DQ4 #2	
PI2		EBI_A04 #2	TIM5_CC2 #3 WTIM1_CC3 #5 PCNT2_S0IN #5	US4_CLK #2 I2C1_SDA #7	ACMP2_O #5
PI1		EBI_A03 #2	TIM5_CC1 #3 WTIM1_CC2 #5 PCNT2_S1IN #5	US4_RX #2	ACMP2_O #4
PI0		EBI_A02 #2	TIM5_CC0 #3 WTIM1_CC1 #5 PCNT2_S0IN #6	US4_TX #2	ACMP2_O #3
PA6	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG19	EBI_AD15 #0	TIM3_CC0 #6 WTIM0_CC0 #1 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #0 PCNT1_S1IN #0	ETH_MIITXER #0 ETH_MDC #3 SDIO_CD #2 US5_TX #1 U0_RTS #2 LEU1_RX #1	PRS_CH6 #0 ACMP0_O #4 ETM_TCLK #3 GPIO_EM4WU1
PG8		EBI_AD08 #2	TIM2_CC0 #6 TIM6_CC2 #1 WTIM0_CC0 #3	ETH_MIIRXD3 #1 CAN0_RX #4 US3_CLK #3 QSPI0_DQ7 #2	
PG7	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD07 #2	TIM2_CC2 #7 TIM6_CC1 #1	ETH_MIIRXCLK #1 US3_RX #3 QSPI0_DQ6 #2	
PE5	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_COM1	EBI_A12 #0 EBI_A17 #1 EBI_A23 #3	TIM3_CC0 #3 TIM3_CC2 #2 TIM5_CC1 #0 TIM6_CDTI1 #2 WTIM0_CC1 #0 WTIM1_CC2 #4	US0_CLK #1 US1_CLK #6 US3_CTS #1 U1_RTS #3 I2C0_SCL #7	PRS_CH17 #2

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
SDIO_DAT7	0: PD9 1: PB4		SDIO Data 7.
SDIO_WP	0: PF9 1: PC5 2: PB15 3: PB9		SDIO Write Protect.
TIM0_CC0	0: PA0 1: PF6 2: PD1 3: PB6	4: PF0 5: PC4 6: PA8 7: PA1	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	0: PA1 1: PF7 2: PD2 3: PC0	4: PF1 5: PC5 6: PA9 7: PA0	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM0_CC2	0: PA2 1: PF8 2: PD3 3: PC1	4: PF2 5: PA7 6: PA10 7: PA13	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM0_CDTI0	0: PA3 1: PC13 2: PF3 3: PC2	4: PB7	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM0_CDTI1	0: PA4 1: PC14 2: PF4 3: PC3	4: PB8	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2	0: PA5 1: PC15 2: PF5 3: PC4	4: PB11	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0	0: PC13 1: PE10 2: PB0 3: PB7	4: PD6 5: PF2 6: PF13 7: PI6	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	0: PC14 1: PE11 2: PB1 3: PB8	4: PD7 5: PF3 6: PF14 7: PI7	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	0: PC15 1: PE12 2: PB2 3: PB11	4: PC13 5: PF4 6: PF15 7: PI8	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM1_CC3	0: PC12 1: PE13 2: PB3 3: PB12	4: PC14 5: PF12 6: PF5 7: PI9	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 3.
TIM2_CC0	0: PA8 1: PA12 2: PC8 3: PF2	4: PB6 5: PC2 6: PG8 7: PG5	Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.

Table 5.23. ACMP0 Bus and Pin Mapping

APORT4Y	APORT4X	APORT3Y	APORT3X	APORT2Y	APORT2X	APORT1Y	APORT1X	APORT0Y	APORT0X	Port
BUSDY	BUSDX	BUSCY	BUSCX	BUSBY	BUSBX	BUSAY	BUSAX	BUSACMP0Y	BUSACMP0X	Bus
PF14	PF15	PF15	PF14	PB14	PB15	PB15	PB14			CH31
	PF13	PF13			PB13	PB13				CH30
PF12			PF12	PB12			PB12			CH29
	PF11	PF11			PB11	PB11				CH28
PF10			PF10	PB10			PB10			CH27
	PF9	PF9			PB9	PB9				CH26
PF8			PF8							CH25
	PF7	PF7								CH24
PF6			PF6	PB6			PB6			CH23
	PF5	PF5			PB5	PB5				CH22
PF4			PF4	PB4			PB4			CH21
	PF3	PF3			PB3	PB3				CH20
PF2			PF2	PB2			PB2			CH19
	PF1	PF1			PB1	PB1				CH18
PF0			PF0	PB0			PB0			CH17
	PE15	PE15			PA15	PA15				CH16
PE14			PE14	PA14			PA14			CH15
	PE13	PE13			PA13	PA13				CH14
PE12			PE12	PA12			PA12			CH13
	PE11	PE11			PA11	PA11				CH12
PE10			PE10	PA10			PA10			CH11
	PE9	PE9			PA9	PA9				CH10
PE8			PE8	PA8			PA8			CH9
	PE7	PE7			PA7	PA7		PC7	PC7	CH8
PE6			PE6	PA6			PA6	PC6	PC6	CH7
	PE5	PE5			PA5	PA5		PC5	PC5	CH6
PE4			PE4	PA4			PA4	PC4	PC4	CH5
					PA3	PA3		PC3	PC3	CH4
				PA2			PA2	PC2	PC2	CH3
	PE1	PE1			PA1	PA1		PC1	PC1	CH2
PE0			PE0	PA0			PA0	PC0	PC0	CH1
										CH0

Table 5.27. ADC0 Bus and Pin Mapping

APORT4Y	APORT4X	APORT3Y	APORT3X	APORT2Y	APORT2X	APORT1Y	APORT1X	APORT0Y	APORT0X	Port
BUSDY	BUSDX	BUSCY	BUSCX	BUSBY	BUSBX	BUSAY	BUSAX	BUSADC0Y	BUSADC0X	Bus
	PF15	PF15			PB15	PB15				CH31
PF14			PF14	PB14			PB14			CH30
	PF13	PF13			PB13	PB13				CH29
PF12			PF12	PB12			PB12			CH28
	PF11	PF11			PB11	PB11				CH27
PF10			PF10	PB10			PB10			CH26
	PF9	PF9			PB9	PB9				CH25
PF8			PF8							CH24
	PF7	PF7								CH23
PF6			PF6	PB6			PB6			CH22
	PF5	PF5			PB5	PB5				CH21
PF4			PF4	PB4			PB4			CH20
	PF3	PF3			PB3	PB3				CH19
PF2			PF2	PB2			PB2			CH18
	PF1	PF1			PB1	PB1				CH17
PF0			PF0	PB0			PB0			CH16
	PE15	PE15			PA15	PA15				CH15
PE14			PE14	PA14			PA14			CH14
	PE13	PE13			PA13	PA13				CH13
PE12			PE12	PA12			PA12			CH12
	PE11	PE11			PA11	PA11				CH11
PE10			PE10	PA10			PA10			CH10
	PE9	PE9			PA9	PA9				CH9
PE8			PE8	PA8			PA8			CH8
	PE7	PE7			PA7	PA7		PD7	PD7	CH7
PE6			PE6	PA6			PA6	PD6	PD6	CH6
	PE5	PE5			PA5	PA5		PD5	PD5	CH5
PE4			PE4	PA4			PA4	PD4	PD4	CH4
					PA3	PA3		PD3	PD3	CH3
				PA2			PA2	PD2	PD2	CH2
	PE1	PE1			PA1	PA1		PD1	PD1	CH1
PE0			PE0	PA0			PA0	PD0	PD0	CH0