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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b520f2048gm64-a

1. Feature List

The EFM32GG11 highlighted features are listed below.

- **ARM Cortex-M4 CPU platform**
 - High performance 32-bit processor @ up to 72 MHz
 - DSP instruction support and Floating Point Unit
 - Memory Protection Unit
 - Wake-up Interrupt Controller
- **Flexible Energy Management System**
 - 80 μ A/MHz in Active Mode (EM0)
 - 2.1 μ A EM2 Deep Sleep current (16 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO)
- **Integrated DC-DC buck converter**
- **Up to 2048 kB flash program memory**
 - Dual-bank with read-while-write support
- **Up to 512 kB RAM data memory**
 - 256 kB with ECC (SEC-DED)
- **Octal/Quad-SPI Flash Memory Interface**
 - Supports 3 V and 1.8 V memories
 - 1/2/4/8-bit data bus
 - Quad-SPI Execute In Place (XIP)
- **Communication Interfaces**
 - Low-energy Universal Serial Bus (USB) with Device and Host support
 - Fully USB 2.0 compliant
 - On-chip PHY and embedded 5V to 3.3V regulator
 - Crystal-free Device mode operation
 - Patent-pending Low-Energy Mode (LEM)
 - SD/MMC/SDIO Host Controller
 - SD v3.01, SDIO v3.0 and MMC v4.51
 - 1/4/8-bit bus width
 - 10/100 Ethernet MAC with MII/RMII interface
 - IEEE1588-2008 precision time stamping
 - Energy Efficient Ethernet (802.3az)
 - Up to 2 $\times$ CAN Bus Controller
 - Version 2.0A and 2.0B up to 1 Mbps
 - 6 $\times$ Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/ Transmitter
 - UART/SPI/SmartCard (ISO 7816)/IrDA/I2S/LIN
 - Triple buffered full/half-duplex operation with flow control
 - Ultra high speed (36 MHz) operation on one instance
 - 2 $\times$ Universal Asynchronous Receiver/ Transmitter
 - 2 $\times$ Low Energy UART
 - Autonomous operation with DMA in Deep Sleep Mode
 - 3 $\times$ I²C Interface with SMBus support
 - Address recognition in EM3 Stop Mode
- **Up to 144 General Purpose I/O Pins**
 - Configurable push-pull, open-drain, pull-up/down, input filter, drive strength
 - Configurable peripheral I/O locations
 - 5 V tolerance on select pins
 - Asynchronous external interrupts
 - Output state retention and wake-up from Shutoff Mode
- **Up to 24 Channel DMA Controller**
- **Up to 24 Channel Peripheral Reflex System (PRS) for autonomous inter-peripheral signaling**
- **External Bus Interface for up to 4x256 MB of external memory mapped space**
 - TFT Controller with Direct Drive
 - Per-pixel alpha-blending engine
- **Hardware Cryptography**
 - AES 128/256-bit keys
 - ECC B/K163, B/K233, P192, P224, P256
 - SHA-1 and SHA-2 (SHA-224 and SHA-256)
 - True Random Number Generator (TRNG)
- **Hardware CRC engine**
 - Single-cycle computation with 8/16/32-bit data and 16-bit (programmable)/32-bit (fixed) polynomial
- **Security Management Unit (SMU)**
 - Fine-grained access control for on-chip peripherals
- **Integrated Low-energy LCD Controller with up to 8 $\times$ 36 segments**
 - Voltage boost, contrast and autonomous animation
 - Patented low-energy LCD driver
- **Backup Power Domain**
 - RTCC and retention registers in a separate power domain, available down to energy mode EM4H
 - Operation from backup battery when main power absent/ insufficient
- **Ultra Low-Power Precision Analog Peripherals**
 - 2 $\times$ 12-bit 1 Msamples/s Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)
 - On-chip temperature sensor
 - 2 $\times$ 12-bit 500 ksamples/s Digital to Analog Converter (VDAC)
 - Digital to Analog Current Converter (IDAC)
 - Up to 4 $\times$ Analog Comparator (ACMP)
 - Up to 4 $\times$ Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)
 - Robust current-based capacitive sensing with up to 64 inputs and wake-on-touch (CSEN)
 - Up to 108 GPIO pins are analog-capable. Flexible analog peripheral-to-pin routing via Analog Port (APORT)
 - Supply Voltage Monitor

2. Ordering Information

Table 2.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	DC-DC Converter	USB	Ethernet	QSPI	SDIO	LCD	GPIO	Package	Temp Range
EFM32GG11B820F2048GL192-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	144	BGA192	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024GL192-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	144	BGA192	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048GL152-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	121	BGA152	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048IL152-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	121	BGA152	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024GL152-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	121	BGA152	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024IL152-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	121	BGA152	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048GL120-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048IL120-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024GL120-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024IL120-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048GQ100-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	80	QFP100	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048IQ100-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	80	QFP100	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024GQ100-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	80	QFP100	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024IQ100-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	80	QFP100	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048GQ64-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	47	QFP64	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048GM64-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	50	QFN64	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048IQ64-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	47	QFP64	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B820F2048IM64-A	2048	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	50	QFN64	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024GQ64-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	47	QFP64	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024GM64-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	50	QFN64	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024IQ64-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	47	QFP64	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B840F1024IM64-A	1024	512	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	50	QFN64	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B520F2048GL120-A	2048	512	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B510F2048GL120-A	2048	384	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B520F2048IL120-A	2048	512	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B510F2048IL120-A	2048	384	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	95	BGA120	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B520F2048GQ100-A	2048	512	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	83	QFP100	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B510F2048GQ100-A	2048	384	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	83	QFP100	-40 to +85°C
EFM32GG11B520F2048IQ100-A	2048	512	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	83	QFP100	-40 to +125°C
EFM32GG11B510F2048IQ100-A	2048	384	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	83	QFP100	-40 to +125°C

3. System Overview

3.1 Introduction

The Giant Gecko Series 1 product family is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to the MCU system. The detailed functional description can be found in the Giant Gecko Series 1 Reference Manual.

A block diagram of the Giant Gecko Series 1 family is shown in [Figure 3.1 Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram on page 11](#). The diagram shows a superset of features available on the family, which vary by OPN. For more information about specific device features, consult [Ordering Information](#).

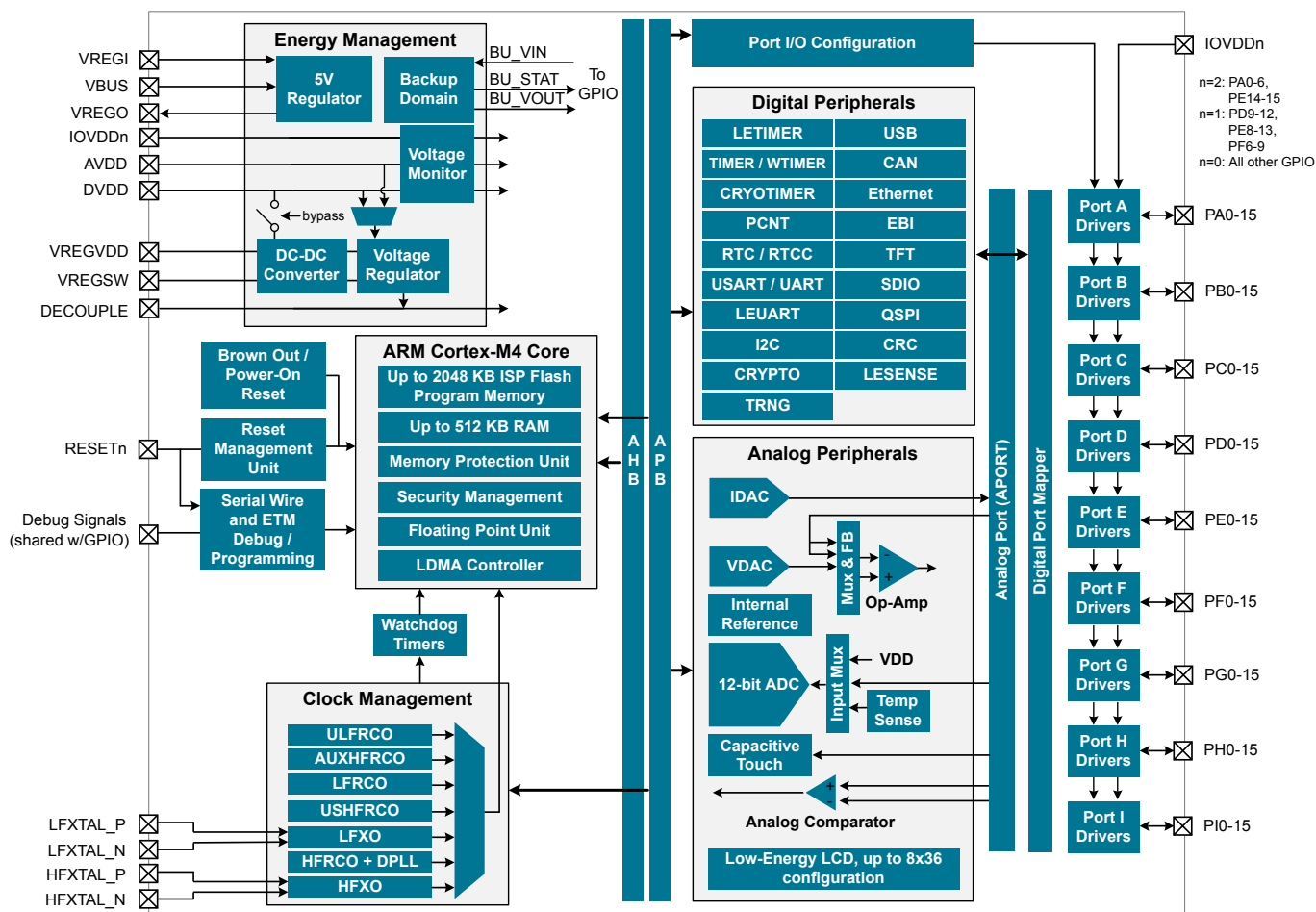


Figure 3.1. Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram

4.1.4 DC-DC Converter

Test conditions: L_DCDC=4.7 μ H (Murata LQH3NPN4R7MM0L), C_DCDC=4.7 μ F (Samsung CL10B475KQ8NQNC), V_DCDC_I=3.3 V, V_DCDC_O=1.8 V, I_DCDC_LOAD=50 mA, Heavy Drive configuration, F_DCDC_LN=7 MHz, unless otherwise indicated.

Table 4.4. DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage range	V _{DCDC_I}	Bypass mode, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 50 mA	1.8	—	V _{VREGVDD_MAX}	V
		Low noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 100 mA, or Low power (LP) mode, 1.8 V output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 10 mA	2.4	—	V _{VREGVDD_MAX}	V
		Low noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 200 mA	2.6	—	V _{VREGVDD_MAX}	V
Output voltage programmable range ¹	V _{DCDC_O}		1.8	—	V _{VREGVDD}	V
Regulation DC accuracy	ACC _{DC}	Low Noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V target output	TBD	—	TBD	V
Regulation window ⁴	WIN _{REG}	Low Power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx ³ = 0, 1.8 V target output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} ≤ 75 μ A	TBD	—	TBD	V
		Low Power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx ³ = 3, 1.8 V target output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} ≤ 10 mA	TBD	—	TBD	V
Steady-state output ripple	V _R		—	3	—	mVpp
Output voltage under/overshoot	V _{OV}	CCM Mode (LNFORCECCM ³ = 1), Load changes between 0 mA and 100 mA	—	25	TBD	mV
		DCM Mode (LNFORCECCM ³ = 0), Load changes between 0 mA and 10 mA	—	45	TBD	mV
		Overshoot during LP to LN CCM/DCM mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	200	—	mV
		Undershoot during BYP/LP to LN CCM (LNFORCECCM ³ = 1) mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	40	—	mV
		Undershoot during BYP/LP to LN DCM (LNFORCECCM ³ = 0) mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	100	—	mV
DC line regulation	V _{REG}	Input changes between V _{VREGVDD_MAX} and 2.4 V	—	0.1	—	%
DC load regulation	I _{REG}	Load changes between 0 mA and 100 mA in CCM mode	—	0.1	—	%

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Max load current	I_{LOAD_MAX}	Low noise (LN) mode, Heavy Drive ² , $T \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	—	200	mA
		Low noise (LN) mode, Heavy Drive ² , $T > 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	—	100	mA
		Low noise (LN) mode, Medium Drive ²	—	—	100	mA
		Low noise (LN) mode, Light Drive ²	—	—	50	mA
		Low power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx ³ = 0	—	—	75	μA
		Low power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx ³ = 3	—	—	10	mA
DCDC nominal output capacitor ⁵	C_{DCDC}	25% tolerance	1	4.7	4.7	μF
DCDC nominal output inductor	L_{DCDC}	20% tolerance	4.7	4.7	4.7	μH
Resistance in Bypass mode	R_{BYP}		—	1.2	2.5	Ω

Note:

1. Due to internal dropout, the DC-DC output will never be able to reach its input voltage, $V_{VREGVDD}$.
2. Drive levels are defined by configuration of the PFETCNT and NFETCNT registers. Light Drive: PFETCNT=NFETCNT=3; Medium Drive: PFETCNT=NFETCNT=7; Heavy Drive: PFETCNT=NFETCNT=15.
3. LPCMPBIASEMxx refers to either LPCMPBIASEM234H in the EMU_DCDCMISCCTRL register or LPCMPBIASEM01 in the EMU_DCDCLOEM01CFG register, depending on the energy mode.
4. LP mode controller is a hysteretic controller that maintains the output voltage within the specified limits.
5. Output voltage under/over-shoot and regulation are specified with C_{DCDC} 4.7 μF . Different settings for DCDCLNCOMPCTRL must be used if C_{DCDC} is lower than 4.7 μF . See Application Note AN0948 for details.

4.1.11 Flash Memory Characteristics⁵

Table 4.19. Flash Memory Characteristics⁵

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Flash erase cycles before failure	EC _{FLASH}		10000	—	—	cycles
Flash data retention	RET _{FLASH}	T ≤ 85 °C	10	—	—	years
		T ≤ 125 °C	10	—	—	years
Word (32-bit) programming time	t _{W_PROG}	Burst write, 128 words, average time per word	20	26.2	32	μs
		Single word	59	68.7	83	μs
Page erase time ⁴	t _{PERASE}		20	26.8	35	ms
Mass erase time ¹	t _{MERASE}		20	26.9	35	ms
Device erase time ^{2 3}	t _{DERASE}	T ≤ 85 °C	—	80.7	95	ms
		T ≤ 125 °C	—	80.7	100	ms
Erase current ⁶	I _{ERASE}	Page Erase	—	—	1.7	mA
		Mass or Device Erase	—	—	2.1	mA
Write current ⁶	I _{WRITE}		—	—	3.9	mA
Supply voltage during flash erase and write	V _{FLASH}		1.62	—	3.6	V

Note:

1. Mass erase is issued by the CPU and erases all flash.
2. Device erase is issued over the AAP interface and erases all flash, SRAM, the Lock Bit (LB) page, and the User data page Lock Word (ULW).
3. From setting the DEVICEERASE bit in AAP_CMD to 1 until the ERASEBUSY bit in AAP_STATUS is cleared to 0. Internal setup and hold times for flash control signals are included.
4. From setting the ERASEPAGE bit in MSC_WRITECMD to 1 until the BUSY bit in MSC_STATUS is cleared to 0. Internal setup and hold times for flash control signals are included.
5. Flash data retention information is published in the Quarterly Quality and Reliability Report.
6. Measured at 25 °C.

4.1.23.3 I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)¹

Table 4.33. I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)¹

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCL clock frequency ²	f _{SCL}		0	—	1000	kHz
SCL clock low time	t _{LOW}		0.5	—	—	μs
SCL clock high time	t _{HIGH}		0.26	—	—	μs
SDA set-up time	t _{SU_DAT}		50	—	—	ns
SDA hold time	t _{HD_DAT}		100	—	—	ns
Repeated START condition set-up time	t _{SU_STA}		0.26	—	—	μs
(Repeated) START condition hold time	t _{HD_STA}		0.26	—	—	μs
STOP condition set-up time	t _{SU_STO}		0.26	—	—	μs
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t _{BUF}		0.5	—	—	μs

Note:

1. For CLHR set to 0 or 1 in the I2Cn_CTRL register.
2. For the minimum HPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode Plus, refer to the I2C chapter in the reference manual.

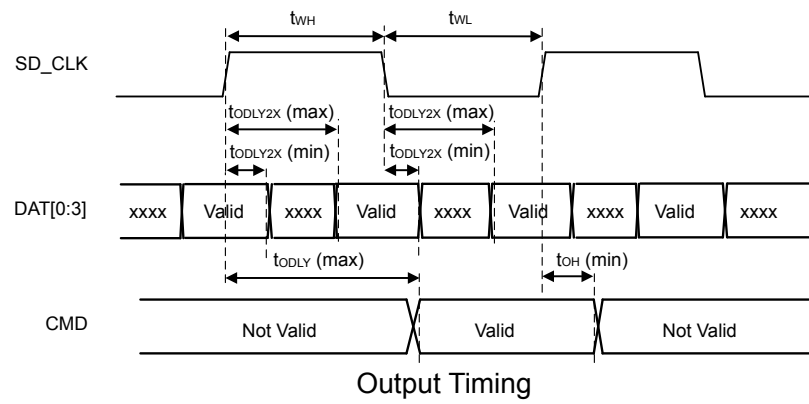
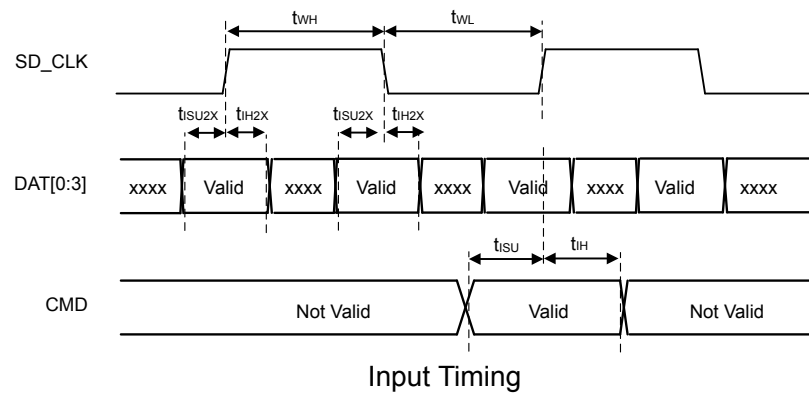
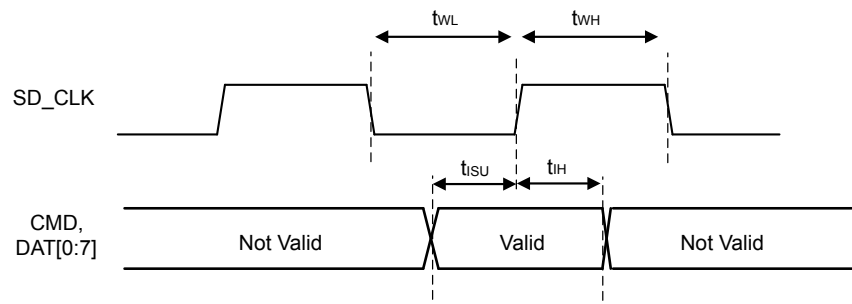
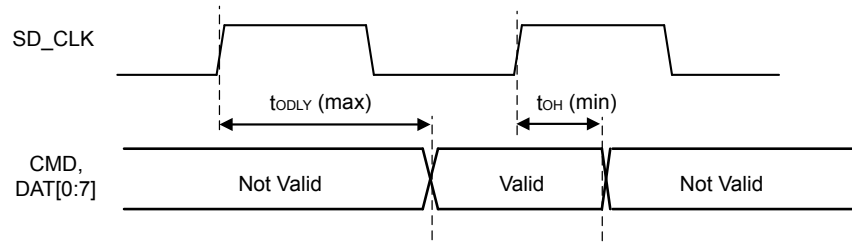


Figure 4.16. SDIO DDR Mode Timing



Input Timing



Output Timing

Figure 4.17. SDIO MMC SDR Mode Timing

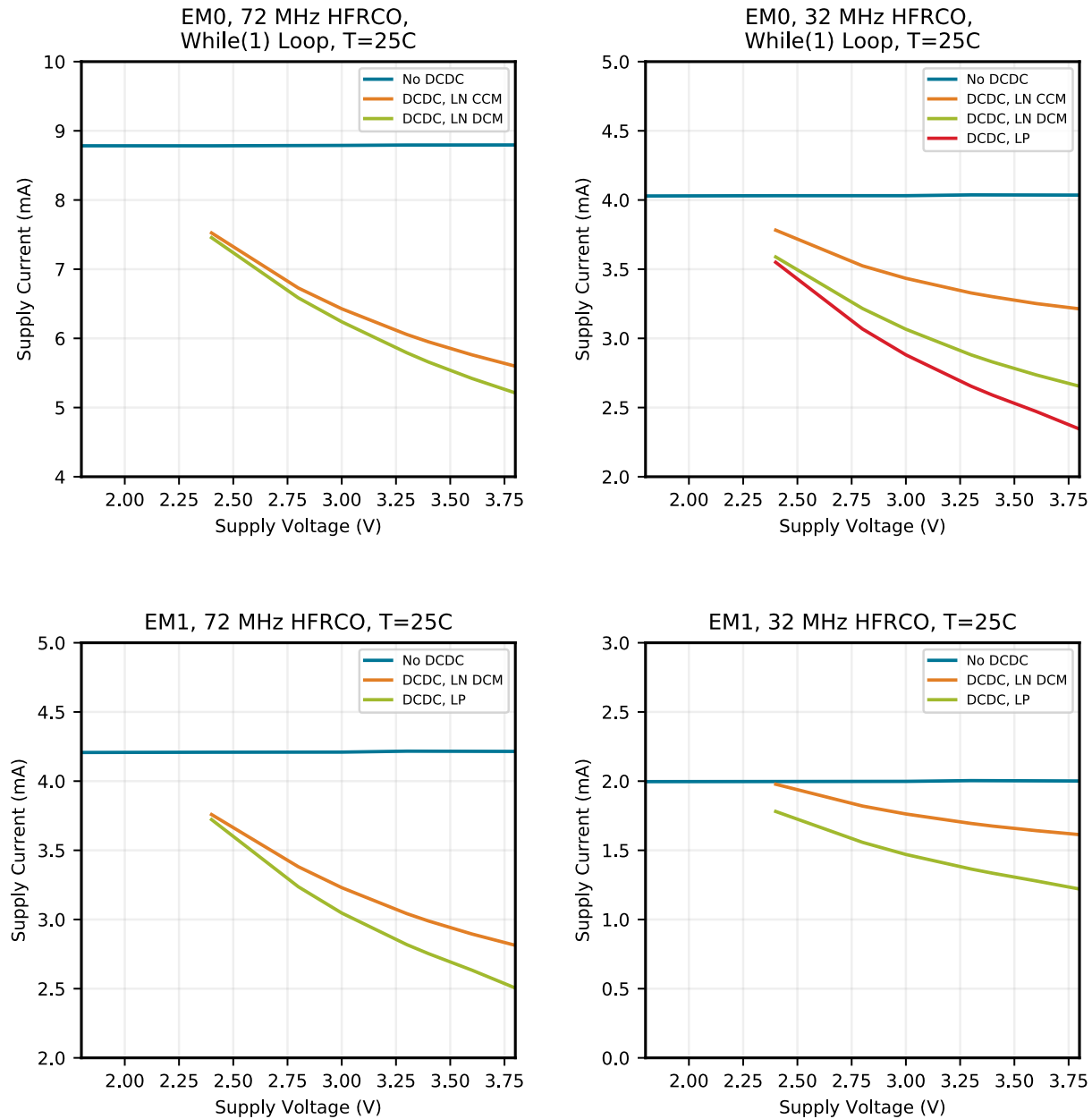


Figure 4.27. EM0 and EM1 Mode Typical Supply Current vs. Supply

Typical supply current for EM2, EM3 and EM4H using standard software libraries from Silicon Laboratories.

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PG6	H1	GPIO (5V)	PG7	H2	GPIO (5V)
PG5	H3	GPIO (5V)	PE6	H12	GPIO
PE5	H13	GPIO	DVDD	H14	Digital power supply.
PG9	J1	GPIO (5V)	PG10	J2	GPIO (5V)
PG8	J3	GPIO (5V)	PE3	J12	GPIO
PE4	J13	GPIO	VREGVDD	J14	Voltage regulator VDD input
PG12	K1	GPIO	PG13	K2	GPIO
PG11	K3	GPIO (5V)	PE2	K12	GPIO
PE1	K13	GPIO (5V)	VREGSW	K14	DCDC regulator switching node
PG15	L1	GPIO (5V)	PB15	L2	GPIO (5V)
PG14	L3	GPIO	PC7	L12	GPIO
PE0	L13	GPIO (5V)	VREGVSS	L14	Voltage regulator VSS
PB0	M1	GPIO	PB1	M2	GPIO
PB4	M3	GPIO	PC0	M4	GPIO (5V)
PC3	M5	GPIO (5V)	PA9	M6	GPIO
BODEN	M7	Brown-Out Detector Enable. This pin may be left disconnected or tied to AVDD.	PA12	M8	GPIO (5V)
RESETn	M9	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.	PB10	M10	GPIO (5V)
PD1	M11	GPIO	PC6	M12	GPIO
PD5	M13	GPIO	PD8	M14	GPIO
PB7	N1	GPIO	PB2	N2	GPIO
PB5	N3	GPIO	PC2	N4	GPIO (5V)
PC5	N5	GPIO	PA8	N6	GPIO
PA11	N7	GPIO	PA14	N8	GPIO
PB11	N9	GPIO	PB12	N10	GPIO
PD0	N11	GPIO (5V)	PD2	N12	GPIO (5V)
PD4	N13	GPIO	PD7	N14	GPIO
PB8	P1	GPIO	PB3	P2	GPIO
PB6	P3	GPIO	PC1	P4	GPIO (5V)
PC4	P5	GPIO	PA7	P6	GPIO
PA10	P7	GPIO	PA13	P8	GPIO (5V)
PB9	P9	GPIO (5V)	PB13	P10	GPIO
PB14	P11	GPIO	AVDD	P12	Analog power supply.
PD3	P13	GPIO	PD6	P14	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PF1	77	GPIO (5V)	PF2	78	GPIO
VBUS	79	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF12	80	GPIO
PF5	81	GPIO	PF6	84	GPIO
PF7	85	GPIO	PF8	86	GPIO
PF9	87	GPIO	PD9	88	GPIO
PD10	89	GPIO	PD11	90	GPIO
PD12	91	GPIO	PE8	92	GPIO
PE9	93	GPIO	PE10	94	GPIO
PE11	95	GPIO	PE12	96	GPIO
PE13	97	GPIO	PE14	98	GPIO
PE15	99	GPIO	PA15	100	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

5.13 EFM32GG11B5xx in QFP64 Device Pinout

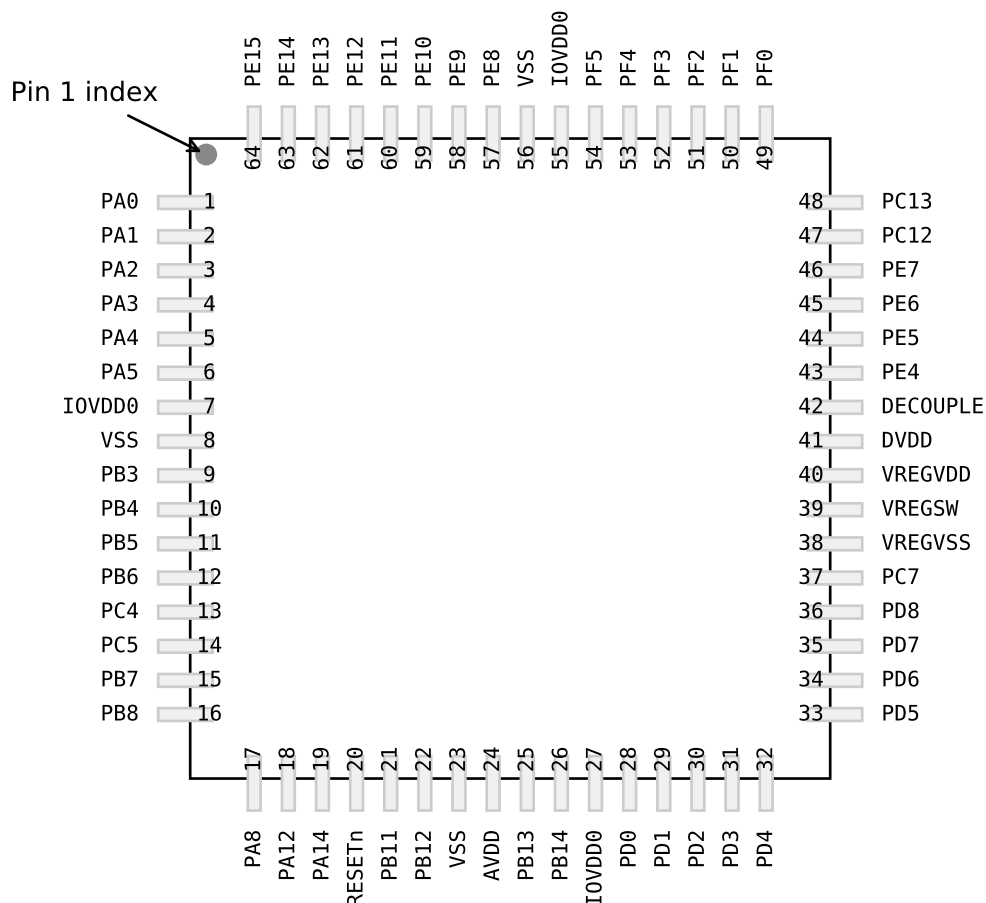


Figure 5.13. EFM32GG11B5xx in QFP64 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.13. EFM32GG11B5xx in QFP64 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA0	1	GPIO	PA1	2	GPIO
PA2	3	GPIO	PA3	4	GPIO
PA4	5	GPIO	PA5	6	GPIO
IOVDD0	7 27 55	Digital IO power supply 0.	VSS	8 23 56	Ground
PB3	9	GPIO	PB4	10	GPIO
PB5	11	GPIO	PB6	12	GPIO

5.15 EFM32GG11B1xx in QFP64 Device Pinout

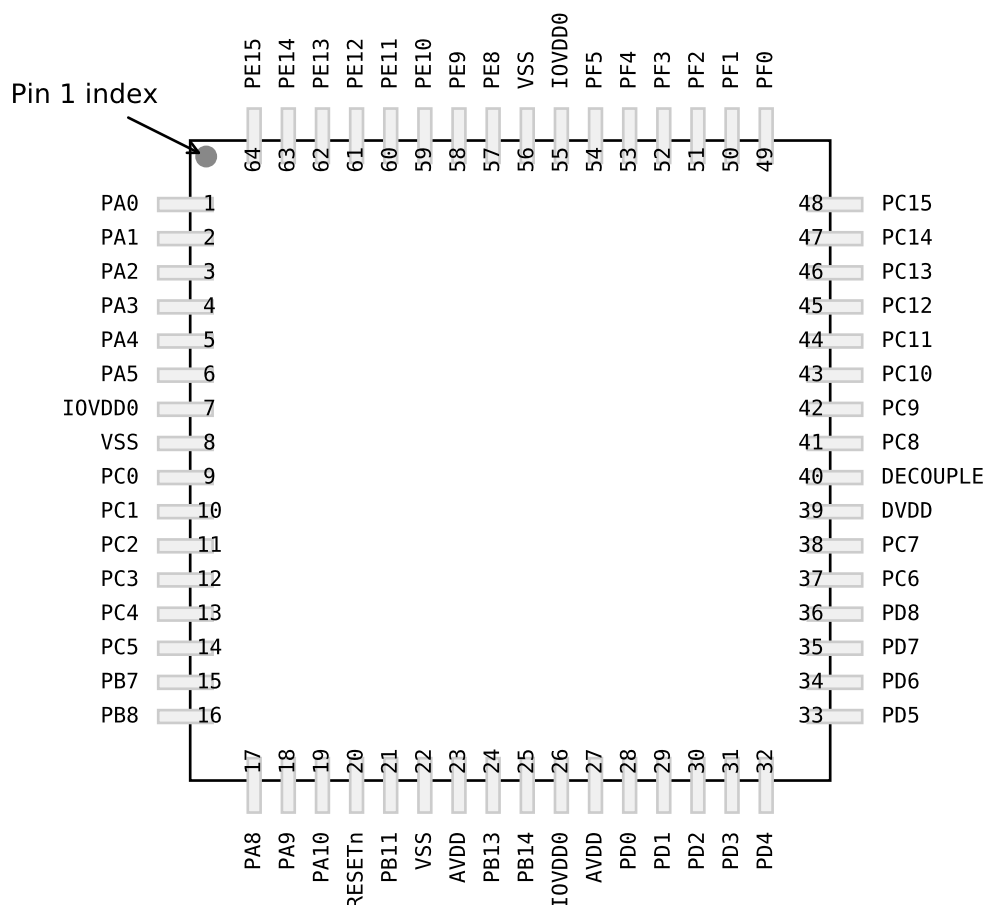


Figure 5.15. EFM32GG11B1xx in QFP64 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.15. EFM32GG11B1xx in QFP64 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA0	1	GPIO	PA1	2	GPIO
PA2	3	GPIO	PA3	4	GPIO
PA4	5	GPIO	PA5	6	GPIO
IOVDD0	7 26 55	Digital IO power supply 0.	VSS	8 22 56	Ground
PC0	9	GPIO (5V)	PC1	10	GPIO (5V)
PC2	11	GPIO (5V)	PC3	12	GPIO (5V)

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
LCD_SEG7	0: PE11		LCD segment line 7.
LCD_SEG8	0: PE12		LCD segment line 8.
LCD_SEG9	0: PE13		LCD segment line 9.
LCD_SEG10	0: PE14		LCD segment line 10.
LCD_SEG11	0: PE15		LCD segment line 11.
LCD_SEG12	0: PA15		LCD segment line 12.
LCD_SEG13	0: PA0		LCD segment line 13.
LCD_SEG14	0: PA1		LCD segment line 14.
LCD_SEG15	0: PA2		LCD segment line 15.
LCD_SEG16	0: PA3		LCD segment line 16.
LCD_SEG17	0: PA4		LCD segment line 17.
LCD_SEG18	0: PA5		LCD segment line 18.
LCD_SEG19	0: PA6		LCD segment line 19.

7.2 BGA152 PCB Land Pattern

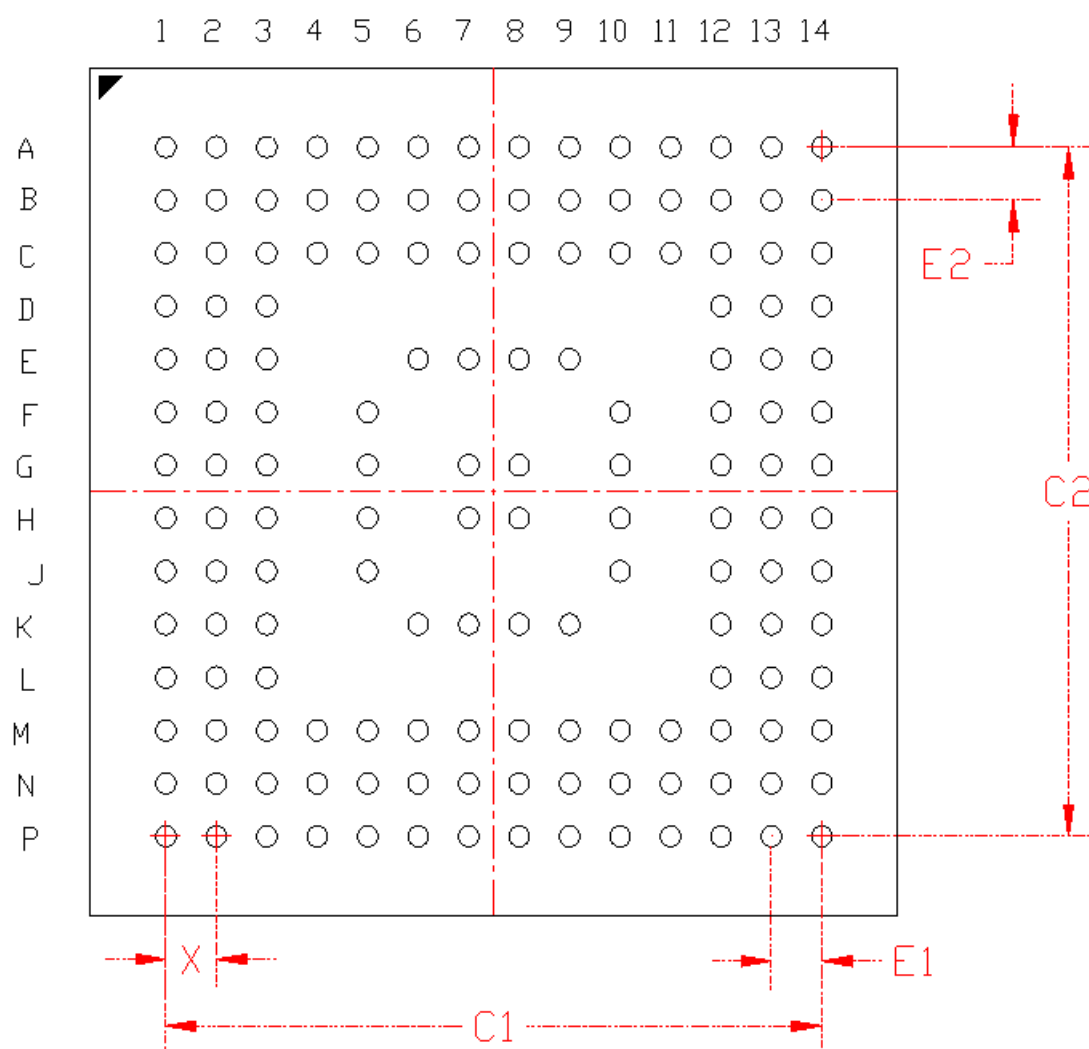


Figure 7.2. BGA152 PCB Land Pattern Drawing

9. BGA112 Package Specifications

9.1 BGA112 Package Dimensions

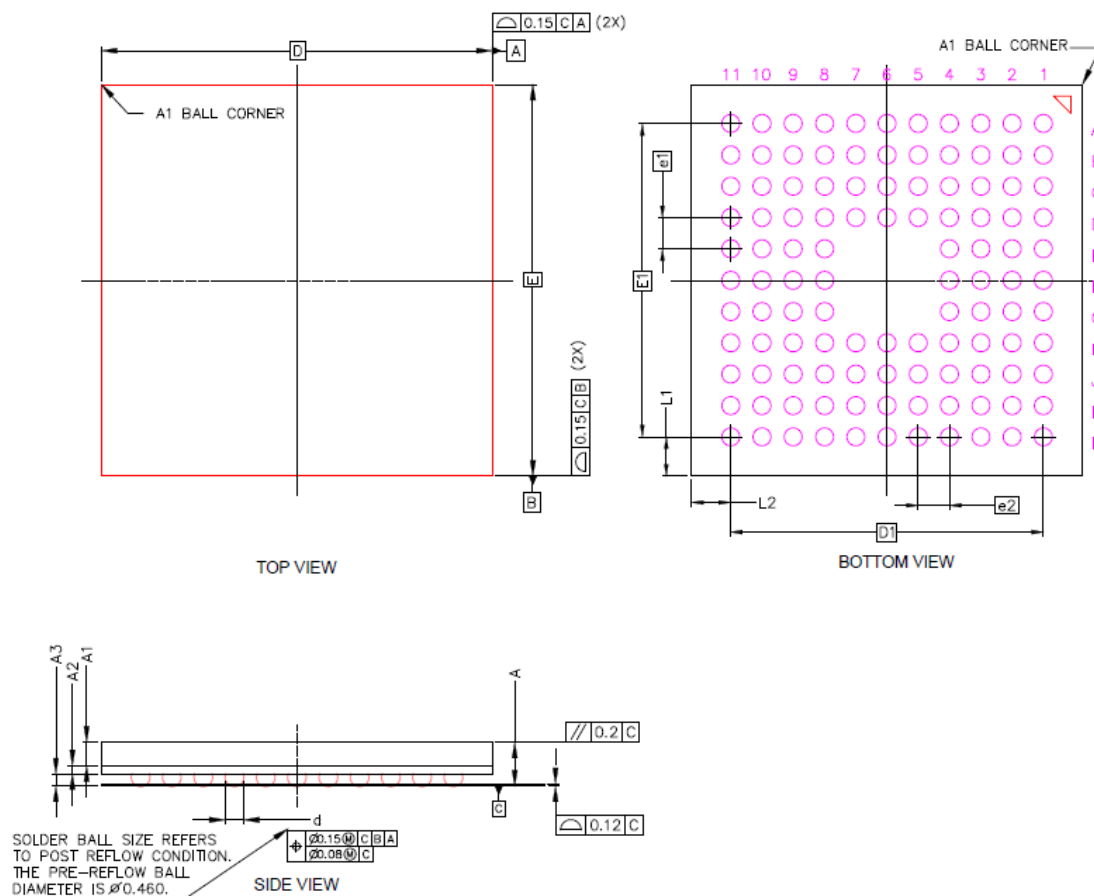


Figure 9.1. BGA112 Package Drawing

9.2 BGA112 PCB Land Pattern

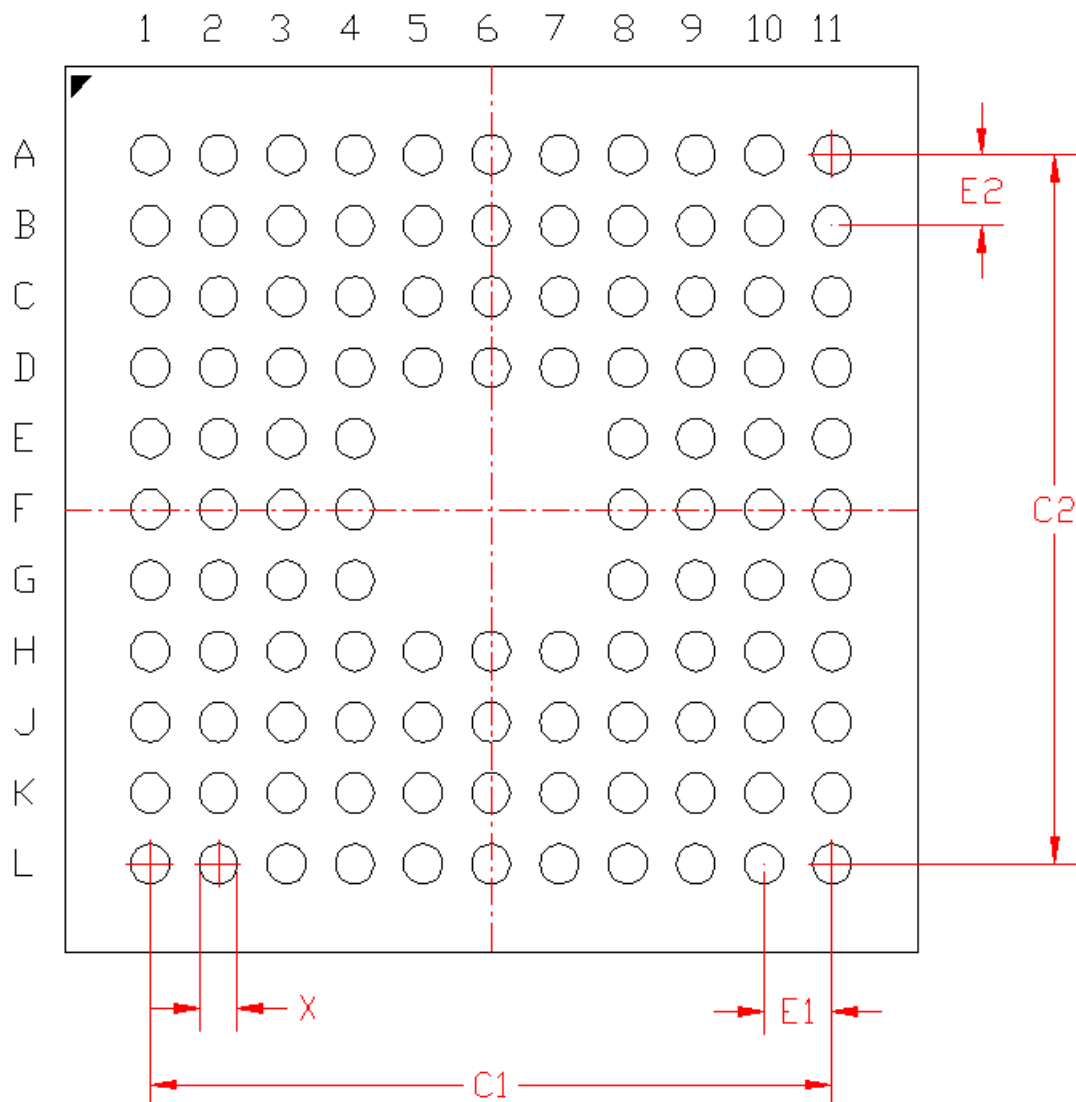


Figure 9.2. BGA112 PCB Land Pattern Drawing

Table 12.1. QFN64 Package Dimensions

Dimension	Min	Typ	Max
A	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.00	—	0.05
b	0.20	0.25	0.30
A3	0.203 REF		
D	9.00 BSC		
e	0.50 BSC		
E	9.00 BSC		
D2	7.10	7.20	7.30
E2	7.10	7.20	7.30
L	0.40	0.45	0.50
L1	0.00	—	0.10
aaa	0.10		
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		

Note:

1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
3. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

12.3 QFN64 Package Marking



Figure 12.3. QFN64 Package Marking

The package marking consists of:

- P P P P P P P P P P – The part number designation.
- T T T T T T – A trace or manufacturing code. The first letter is the device revision.
- Y Y – The last 2 digits of the assembly year.
- W W – The 2-digit workweek when the device was assembled.