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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	50
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b520f2048iq64-a

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4.1.2.1 General Operating Conditions

Table 4.2. General Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating ambient temperature range ⁶	T _A	-G temperature grade	-40	25	85	°C
		-I temperature grade	-40	25	125	°C
AVDD supply voltage ²	V _{AVDD}		1.8	3.3	3.8	V
VREGVDD operating supply voltage ^{2 1}	V _{VREGVDD}	DCDC in regulation	2.4	3.3	3.8	V
		DCDC in bypass, 50mA load	1.8	3.3	3.8	V
		DCDC not in use. DVDD externally shorted to VREGVDD	1.8	3.3	3.8	V
VREGVDD current	I _{VREGVDD}	DCDC in bypass, T ≤ 85 °C	—	—	200	mA
		DCDC in bypass, T > 85 °C	—	—	100	mA
DVDD operating supply voltage	V _{DVDD}		1.62	—	V _{VREGVDD}	V
IOVDD operating supply voltage	V _{IOVDD}	All IOVDD pins ⁵	1.62	—	V _{VREGVDD}	V
DECOUPLE output capacitor ^{3 4}	C _{DECOUPLE}		0.75	1.0	2.75	µF
HFCORECLK frequency	f _{CORE}	VSCALE2, MODE = WS3	—	—	72	MHz
		VSCALE2, MODE = WS2	—	—	54	MHz
		VSCALE2, MODE = WS1	—	—	36	MHz
		VSCALE2, MODE = WS0	—	—	18	MHz
		VSCALE0, MODE = WS2	—	—	20	MHz
		VSCALE0, MODE = WS1	—	—	14	MHz
		VSCALE0, MODE = WS0	—	—	7	MHz
HFCLK frequency	f _{HFCLK}	VSCALE2	—	—	72	MHz
		VSCALE0	—	—	20	MHz
HFSRCCLK frequency	f _{HFSRCCLK}	VSCALE2	—	—	72	MHz
		VSCALE0	—	—	20	MHz
HFBUSCLK frequency	f _{HFBUSCLK}	VSCALE2	—	—	50	MHz
		VSCALE0	—	—	20	MHz
HFPERCLK frequency	f _{HFPERCLK}	VSCALE2	—	—	50	MHz
		VSCALE0	—	—	20	MHz
HFPERBCLK frequency	f _{HFPERBCLK}	VSCALE2	—	—	72	MHz
		VSCALE0	—	—	20	MHz
HFPERCCLK frequency	f _{HFPERCCLK}	VSCALE2	—	—	50	MHz
		VSCALE0	—	—	20	MHz

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Note:						
1.	The minimum voltage required in bypass mode is calculated using R_{BYP} from the DCDC specification table. Requirements for other loads can be calculated as $V_{DVDD_min} + I_{LOAD} * R_{BYP_max}$.					
2.	VREGVDD must be tied to AVDD. Both VREGVDD and AVDD minimum voltages must be satisfied for the part to operate.					
3.	The system designer should consult the characteristic specs of the capacitor used on DECOUPLE to ensure its capacitance value stays within the specified bounds across temperature and DC bias.					
4.	VSCALE0 to VSCALE2 voltage change transitions occur at a rate of 10 mV / usec for approximately 20 usec. During this transition, peak currents will be dependent on the value of the DECOUPLE output capacitor, from 35 mA (with a 1 μ F capacitor) to 70 mA (with a 2.7 μ F capacitor).					
5.	When the CSEN peripheral is used with chopping enabled (CSEN_CTRL_CHOPEN = ENABLE), IOVDD must be equal to AVDD.					
6.	The maximum limit on T_A may be lower due to device self-heating, which depends on the power dissipation of the specific application. T_A (max) = T_J (max) - (θ_{TAJA} x PowerDissipation). Refer to the Absolute Maximum Ratings table and the Thermal Characteristics table for T_J and θ_{TAJA} .					

4.1.3 Thermal Characteristics

Table 4.3. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance, QFN64 Package	THE _A _J _A _QFN64	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	17.8	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	15.4	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	13.8	—	°C/W
Thermal resistance, TQFP64 Package	THE _A _J _A _TQFP64	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	33.9	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	32.1	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	30.1	—	°C/W
Thermal resistance, TQFP100 Package	THE _A _J _A _TQFP100	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	44.1	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	37.7	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	35.5	—	°C/W
Thermal resistance, BGA112 Package	THE _A _J _A _BGA112	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	42.0	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	37.0	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	35.3	—	°C/W
Thermal resistance, BGA120 Package	THE _A _J _A _BGA120	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	47.9	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	41.8	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	39.6	—	°C/W
Thermal resistance, BGA152 Package	THE _A _J _A _BGA152	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	35.7	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	31.0	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	29.5	—	°C/W
Thermal resistance, BGA192 Package	THE _A _J _A _BGA192	4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 0 m/s	—	47.9	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 1 m/s	—	41.8	—	°C/W
		4-Layer PCB, Air velocity = 2 m/s	—	39.6	—	°C/W

4.1.7.3 Current Consumption 1.8 V without DC-DC Converter

Unless otherwise indicated, typical conditions are: VREGVDD = AVDD = DVDD = 1.8 V. T = 25 °C. DCDC is off. Minimum and maximum values in this table represent the worst conditions across supply voltage and process variation at T = 25 °C.

Table 4.9. Current Consumption 1.8 V without DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{ACTIVE}	72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	120	—	µA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	120	—	µA/MHz
		72 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark loop from flash	—	140	—	µA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	—	µA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	122	—	µA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	124	—	µA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	126	—	µA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	131	—	µA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	315	—	µA/MHz
Current consumption in EM0 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I _{ACTIVE_VS}	19 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	107	—	µA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	259	—	µA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{EM1}	72 MHz HFRCO	—	57	—	µA/MHz
		50 MHz crystal	—	59	—	µA/MHz
		48 MHz HFRCO	—	59	—	µA/MHz
		32 MHz HFRCO	—	61	—	µA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO	—	63	—	µA/MHz
		16 MHz HFRCO	—	68	—	µA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	252	—	µA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 mode with all peripherals disabled and voltage scaling enabled	I _{EM1_VS}	19 MHz HFRCO	—	55	—	µA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	207	—	µA/MHz
Current consumption in EM2 mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I _{EM2_VS}	Full 512 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFXO	—	3.7	—	µA
		Full 512 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO	—	4.0	—	µA
		16 kB (1 bank) RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO ²	—	2.5	—	µA

4.1.11 Flash Memory Characteristics⁵Table 4.19. Flash Memory Characteristics⁵

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Flash erase cycles before failure	EC _{FLASH}		10000	—	—	cycles
Flash data retention	RET _{FLASH}	T ≤ 85 °C	10	—	—	years
		T ≤ 125 °C	10	—	—	years
Word (32-bit) programming time	t _{W_PROG}	Burst write, 128 words, average time per word	20	26.2	32	μs
		Single word	59	68.7	83	μs
Page erase time ⁴	t _{PERASE}		20	26.8	35	ms
Mass erase time ¹	t _{MERASE}		20	26.9	35	ms
Device erase time ^{2 3}	t _{DERASE}	T ≤ 85 °C	—	80.7	95	ms
		T ≤ 125 °C	—	80.7	100	ms
Erase current ⁶	I _{ERASE}	Page Erase	—	—	1.7	mA
		Mass or Device Erase	—	—	2.1	mA
Write current ⁶	I _{WRITE}		—	—	3.9	mA
Supply voltage during flash erase and write	V _{FLASH}		1.62	—	3.6	V

Note:

1. Mass erase is issued by the CPU and erases all flash.
2. Device erase is issued over the AAP interface and erases all flash, SRAM, the Lock Bit (LB) page, and the User data page Lock Word (ULW).
3. From setting the DEVICEERASE bit in AAP_CMD to 1 until the ERASEBUSY bit in AAP_STATUS is cleared to 0. Internal setup and hold times for flash control signals are included.
4. From setting the ERASEPAGE bit in MSC_WRITECMD to 1 until the BUSY bit in MSC_STATUS is cleared to 0. Internal setup and hold times for flash control signals are included.
5. Flash data retention information is published in the Quarterly Quality and Reliability Report.
6. Measured at 25 °C.

EBI Address Latch Enable Output Timing

Timing applies to multiplexed addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE for both polarities. All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

Table 4.37. EBI Address Latch Enable Output Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output hold time, from trailing EBI_ALE edge to EBI_AD invalid ^{1 2}	t _{OH_ALEN}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-22 + (ADDR-HOLD * t _{HFCORECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-11 + (ADDR-HOLD * t _{HFCORECLK})	—	—	ns
Output setup time, from EBI_AD valid to leading EBI_ALE edge	t _{OSU_ALEN}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-12	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-9	—	—	ns
EBI_ALEN pulse width ¹	t _{WIDTH_ALEN}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-4 + ((ADDR-SETUP + 1) * t _{HFCORECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-3 + ((ADDR-SETUP + 1) * t _{HFCORECLK})	—	—	ns

Note:

1. The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFALE=0. The trailing edge of EBI_ALEN can be moved to the left by setting HALFALE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_ALEN} and increases the length of t_{OSU_ALEN} by t_{HFCORECLK} - 1/2 * t_{HFCLKNODIV}.
2. The figure shows a write operation. For a multiplexed read operation the address hold time is controlled via the RDSETUP state instead of via the ADDRHOLD state.

EBI Read Enable Output Timing

Timing applies to both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn for all addressing modes and both polarities. Output timing for EBI_AD applies only to multiplexed addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE. All numbers are based on route locations 0,1,2 only (with all EBI alternate functions using the same location at the same time). Timing is specified at 10% and 90% of IOVDD, 25 pF external loading, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6.

Table 4.38. EBI Read Enable Output Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output hold time, from trailing EBI_REn / EBI_NANDREn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS _n , EBI_BL _n invalid	t _{OH_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-23 + (RDHOLD * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-13 + (RDHOLD * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS _n , EBI_BL _n valid to leading EBI_REn / EBI_NANDREn edge ¹	t _{OSU_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-12 + (RDSETUP * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-11 + (RDSETUP * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
EBI_REn pulse width ^{1,2}	t _{WIDTH_REn}	IOVDD ≥ 1.62 V	-6 + (MAX(1, RDSTRB) * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns
		IOVDD ≥ 3.0 V	-4 + (MAX(1, RDSTRB) * t _{HFCOR-ECLK})	—	—	ns

Note:

1. The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFRE=0. The leading edge of EBI_REn can be moved to the right by setting HALFRE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_REn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_REn} by 1/2 * t_{HFCLKNODIV}.
2. When page mode is used, RDSTRB is replaced by RDPA for page hits.

5. Pin Definitions

5.1 EFM32GG11B8xx in BGA192 Device Pinout

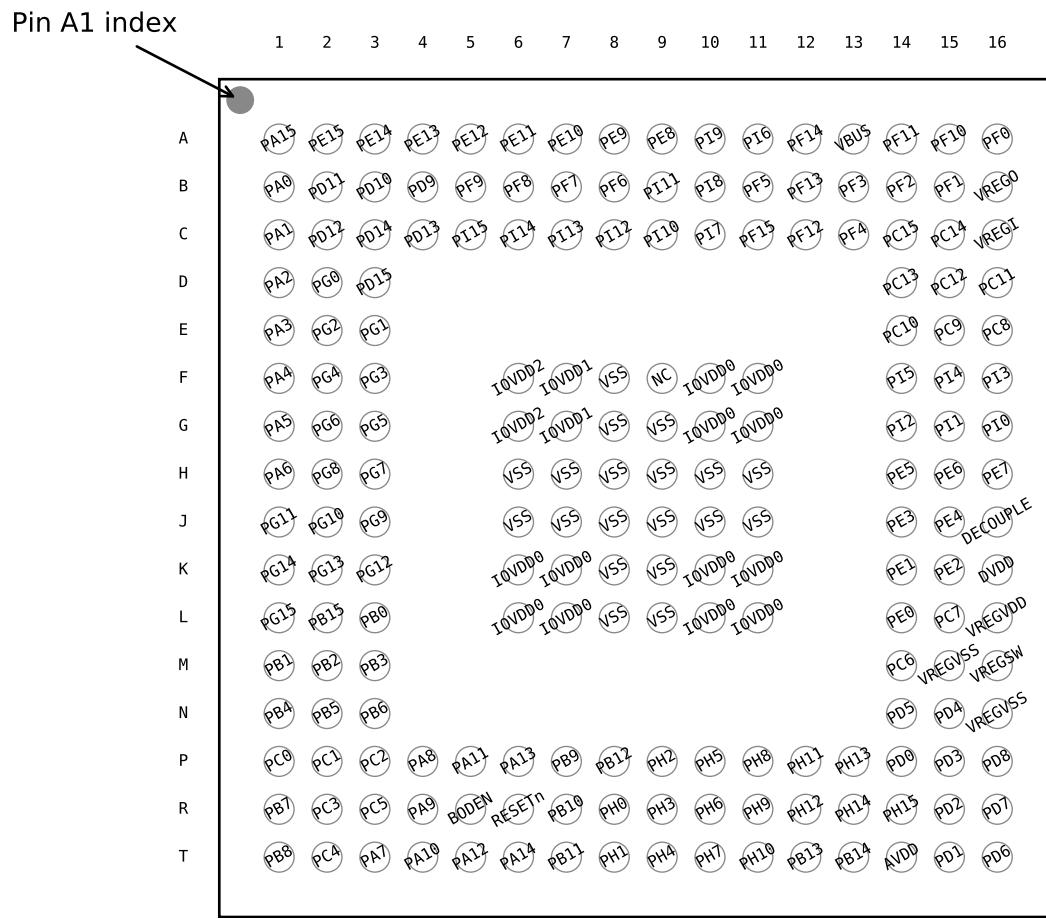


Figure 5.1. EFM32GG11B8xx in BGA192 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.1. EFM32GG11B8xx in BGA192 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA15	A1	GPIO	PE15	A2	GPIO
PE14	A3	GPIO	PE13	A4	GPIO
PE12	A5	GPIO	PE11	A6	GPIO
PE10	A7	GPIO	PE9	A8	GPIO
PE8	A9	GPIO	PI9	A10	GPIO (5V)
PI6	A11	GPIO (5V)	PF14	A12	GPIO (5V)

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
VBUS	A13	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF11	A14	GPIO (5V)
PF10	A15	GPIO (5V)	PF0	A16	GPIO (5V)
PA0	B1	GPIO	PD11	B2	GPIO
PD10	B3	GPIO	PD9	B4	GPIO
PF9	B5	GPIO	PF8	B6	GPIO
PF7	B7	GPIO	PF6	B8	GPIO
PI11	B9	GPIO (5V)	PI8	B10	GPIO (5V)
PF5	B11	GPIO	PF13	B12	GPIO (5V)
PF3	B13	GPIO	PF2	B14	GPIO
PF1	B15	GPIO (5V)	VREGO	B16	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs
PA1	C1	GPIO	PD12	C2	GPIO
PD14	C3	GPIO (5V)	PD13	C4	GPIO (5V)
PI15	C5	GPIO (5V)	PI14	C6	GPIO (5V)
PI13	C7	GPIO (5V)	PI12	C8	GPIO (5V)
PI10	C9	GPIO (5V)	PI7	C10	GPIO (5V)
PF15	C11	GPIO (5V)	PF12	C12	GPIO
PF4	C13	GPIO	PC15	C14	GPIO (5V)
PC14	C15	GPIO (5V)	VREGI	C16	Input to 5 V regulator.
PA2	D1	GPIO	PG0	D2	GPIO (5V)
PD15	D3	GPIO (5V)	PC13	D14	GPIO (5V)
PC12	D15	GPIO (5V)	PC11	D16	GPIO (5V)
PA3	E1	GPIO	PG2	E2	GPIO (5V)
PG1	E3	GPIO (5V)	PC10	E14	GPIO (5V)
PC9	E15	GPIO (5V)	PC8	E16	GPIO (5V)
PA4	F1	GPIO	PG4	F2	GPIO (5V)
PG3	F3	GPIO (5V)	IOVDD2	F6 G6	Digital IO power supply 2.

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PB2	M2	GPIO	PB3	M3	GPIO
PC6	M14	GPIO	VREGVSS	M15 N16	Voltage regulator VSS
VREGSW	M16	DCDC regulator switching node	PB4	N1	GPIO
PB5	N2	GPIO	PB6	N3	GPIO
PD5	N14	GPIO	PD4	N15	GPIO
PC0	P1	GPIO (5V)	PC1	P2	GPIO (5V)
PC2	P3	GPIO (5V)	PA8	P4	GPIO
PA11	P5	GPIO	PA13	P6	GPIO (5V)
PB9	P7	GPIO (5V)	PB12	P8	GPIO
PH2	P9	GPIO (5V)	PH5	P10	GPIO
PH8	P11	GPIO (5V)	PH11	P12	GPIO (5V)
PH13	P13	GPIO (5V)	PD0	P14	GPIO (5V)
PD3	P15	GPIO	PD8	P16	GPIO
PB7	R1	GPIO	PC3	R2	GPIO (5V)
PC5	R3	GPIO	PA9	R4	GPIO
BODEN	R5	Brown-Out Detector Enable. This pin may be left disconnected or tied to AVDD.	RESETn	R6	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB10	R7	GPIO (5V)	PH0	R8	GPIO (5V)
PH3	R9	GPIO (5V)	PH6	R10	GPIO
PH9	R11	GPIO (5V)	PH12	R12	GPIO (5V)
PH14	R13	GPIO (5V)	PH15	R14	GPIO (5V)
PD2	R15	GPIO (5V)	PD7	R16	GPIO
PB8	T1	GPIO	PC4	T2	GPIO
PA7	T3	GPIO	PA10	T4	GPIO
PA12	T5	GPIO (5V)	PA14	T6	GPIO
PB11	T7	GPIO	PH1	T8	GPIO (5V)
PH4	T9	GPIO	PH7	T10	GPIO (5V)
PH10	T11	GPIO (5V)	PB13	T12	GPIO
PB14	T13	GPIO	AVDD	T14	Analog power supply.
PD1	T15	GPIO	PD6	T16	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PD13, PD14, and PD15 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

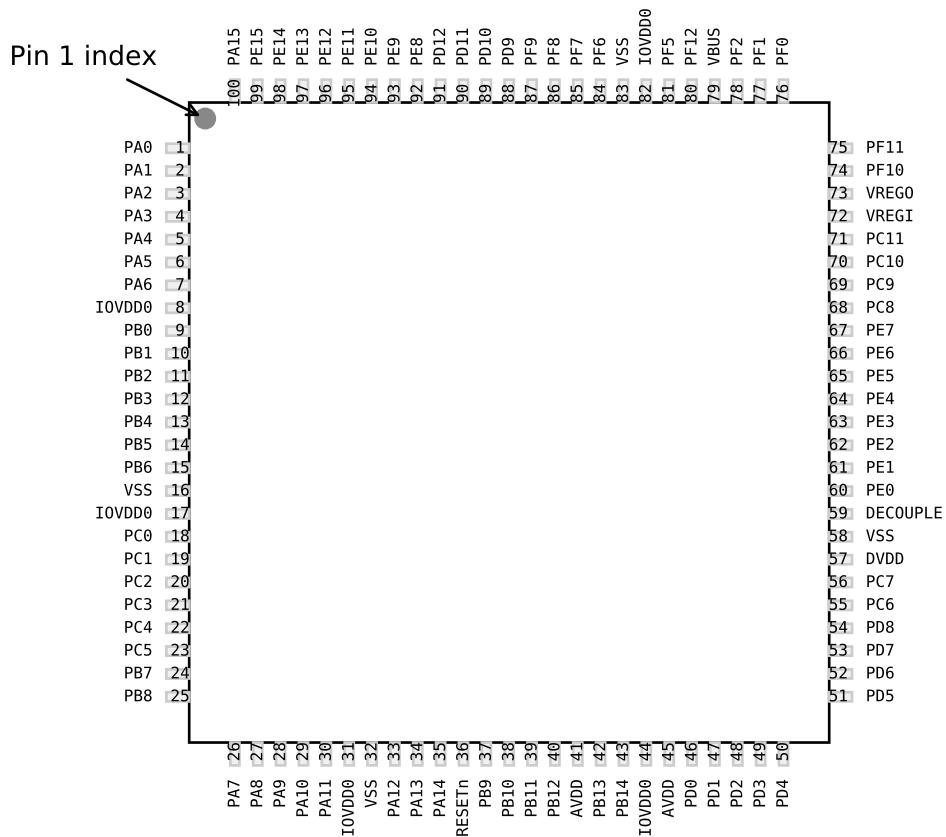
Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
Note:					
1.	GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).				

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PF11	A13	GPIO (5V)	PA15	B1	GPIO
PE13	B2	GPIO	PE11	B3	GPIO
PE8	B4	GPIO	PD12	B5	GPIO
PD10	B6	GPIO	PF8	B7	GPIO
PF6	B8	GPIO	PF13	B9	GPIO (5V)
PF4	B10	GPIO	PF3	B11	GPIO
VBUS	B12	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF10	B13	GPIO (5V)
PA1	C1	GPIO	PA0	C2	GPIO
PE10	C3	GPIO	PD13	C4	GPIO (5V)
VSS	C5 C8 H3 J3 K11 L12 L15	Ground	IOVDD1	C6	Digital IO power supply 1.
PF9	C7	GPIO	IOVDD0	C9 J11 K3 L11 L16	Digital IO power supply 0.
PF2	C10	GPIO	PF1	C11	GPIO (5V)
PC14	C12	GPIO (5V)	PC15	C13	GPIO (5V)
PA3	D1	GPIO	PA2	D2	GPIO
PB15	D3	GPIO (5V)	PF0	D11	GPIO (5V)
PC12	D12	GPIO (5V)	PC13	D13	GPIO (5V)
PA6	E1	GPIO	PA5	E2	GPIO
PA4	E3	GPIO	PC9	E11	GPIO (5V)
PC10	E12	GPIO (5V)	PC11	E13	GPIO (5V)
PB0	F1	GPIO	PB1	F2	GPIO
PB2	F3	GPIO	PE6	F11	GPIO
PE7	F12	GPIO	PC8	F13	GPIO (5V)
PB3	G1	GPIO	PB4	G2	GPIO
IOVDD2	G3	Digital IO power supply 2.	PE3	G11	GPIO
PE4	G12	GPIO	PE5	G13	GPIO
PB5	H1	GPIO	PB6	H2	GPIO
DVDD	H11	Digital power supply.	PE2	H12	GPIO
DECOPUPLE	H13	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PD14	J1	GPIO (5V)
PD15	J2	GPIO (5V)	PE1	J12	GPIO (5V)

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PC1	J1	GPIO (5V)	PC3	J2	GPIO (5V)
PD15	J3	GPIO (5V)	PA12	J4	GPIO (5V)
PA9	J5	GPIO	PA10	J6	GPIO
PB9	J7	GPIO (5V)	PB10	J8	GPIO (5V)
PD2	J9	GPIO (5V)	PD3	J10	GPIO
PD4	J11	GPIO	PB7	K1	GPIO
PC4	K2	GPIO	PA13	K3	GPIO (5V)
PA11	K5	GPIO	RESETn	K6	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
AVDD	K8 K9 L10	Analog power supply.	PD1	K11	GPIO
PB8	L1	GPIO	PC5	L2	GPIO
PA14	L3	GPIO	PB11	L5	GPIO
PB12	L6	GPIO	PB13	L8	GPIO
PB14	L9	GPIO	PD0	L11	GPIO (5V)

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PD13, PD14, and PD15 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

5.10 EFM32GG11B4xx in QFP100 Device Pinout**Figure 5.10. EFM32GG11B4xx in QFP100 Device Pinout**

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.10. EFM32GG11B4xx in QFP100 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA0	1	GPIO	PA1	2	GPIO
PA2	3	GPIO	PA3	4	GPIO
PA4	5	GPIO	PA5	6	GPIO
PA6	7	GPIO	IOVDD0	8 17 31 44 82	Digital IO power supply 0.
PB0	9	GPIO	PB1	10	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PC4	13	GPIO	PC5	14	GPIO
PB7	15	GPIO	PB8	16	GPIO
PA12	17	GPIO (5V)	PA13	18	GPIO (5V)
PA14	19	GPIO	RESETn	20	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB11	21	GPIO	AVDD	23 27	Analog power supply.
PB13	24	GPIO	PB14	25	GPIO
PD0	28	GPIO (5V)	PD1	29	GPIO
PD2	30	GPIO (5V)	PD3	31	GPIO
PD4	32	GPIO	PD5	33	GPIO
PD6	34	GPIO	PD7	35	GPIO
PD8	36	GPIO	PC6	37	GPIO
PC7	38	GPIO	DVDD	39	Digital power supply.
DECUPLE	40	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PE4	41	GPIO
PE5	42	GPIO	PE6	43	GPIO
PE7	44	GPIO	VREGI	45	Input to 5 V regulator.
VREGO	46	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs	PF10	47	GPIO (5V)
PF11	48	GPIO (5V)	PF0	49	GPIO (5V)
PF1	50	GPIO (5V)	PF2	51	GPIO
VBUS	52	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF12	53	GPIO
PF5	54	GPIO	PE8	57	GPIO
PE9	58	GPIO	PE10	59	GPIO
PE11	60	GPIO	PE12	61	GPIO
PE13	62	GPIO	PE14	63	GPIO
PE15	64	GPIO			

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PB13	BUSAY BUSBX HFXTAL_P		TIM6_CC0 #5 WTIM1_CC0 #0 PCNT2_S0IN #2	US0_CLK #4 US1_CTS #5 US5_CS #0 LEU0_TX #1	CMU_CLKI0 #3 PRS_CH7 #0
PB14	BUSBY BUSAX HFXTAL_N		TIM6_CC1 #5 WTIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT2_S1IN #2	US0_CS #4 US1_RTS #5 US5_CTS #0 LEU0_RX #1	PRS_CH6 #1
PD1	VDAC0_OUT1ALT / OPA1_OUTALT #4 BUSADC0Y BU- SADC0X OPA3_OUT	EBI_A05 #1 EBI_A14 #3	TIM4_CDTI1 TIM0_CC0 #2 TIM6_CC0 #6 WTIM1_CC3 #0 PCNT2_S1IN #0	CAN0_TX #2 US1_RX #1	DBG_SWO #2
PD6	BUSADC0Y BU- SADC0X ADC0_EXTP VDAC0_EXT ADC1_EXTP OPA1_P	EBI_A10 #1 EBI_A19 #3	TIM1_CC0 #4 TIM6_CC2 #7 WTIM0_CDTI2 #4 WTIM1_CC0 #2 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #0 PCNT0_S0IN #3	US0_RTS #5 US1_RX #2 US2_CTS #5 US3_CTS #2 U0_RTS #5 I2C0_SDA #1	CMU_CLK2 #2 LES_ALTEX0 PRS_CH5 #2 ACMP0_O #2 ETM_TD0 #0

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
EBI_A10	0: PE3 1: PD6 2: PC10 3: PB10		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 10.
EBI_A11	0: PE4 1: PD7 2: PI6 3: PB11		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 11.
EBI_A12	0: PE5 1: PD8 2: PI7 3: PB12		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 12.
EBI_A13	0: PE6 1: PC7 2: PI8 3: PD0		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 13.
EBI_A14	0: PE7 1: PE2 2: PI9 3: PD1		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 14.
EBI_A15	0: PC8 1: PE3 2: PI10 3: PD2		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 15.
EBI_A16	0: PB0 1: PE4 2: PH4 3: PD3		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 16.
EBI_A17	0: PB1 1: PE5 2: PH5 3: PD4		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 17.
EBI_A18	0: PB2 1: PE6 2: PH6 3: PD5		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 18.
EBI_A19	0: PB3 1: PE7 2: PH7 3: PD6		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 19.
EBI_A20	0: PB4 1: PC8 2: PH8 3: PD7		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 20.
EBI_A21	0: PB5 1: PC9 2: PH9 3: PC7		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 21.
EBI_A22	0: PB6 1: PC10 2: PH10 3: PE4		External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 22.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
LCD_BEXT	0: PA14		<p>LCD external supply bypass in step down or charge pump mode. If using the LCD in step-down or charge pump mode, a 1 uF (minimum) capacitor between this pin and VSS is required.</p> <p>To reduce supply ripple, a larger capacitor of approximately 1000 times the total LCD segment capacitance may be used.</p> <p>If using the LCD with the internal supply source, this pin may be left unconnected or used as a GPIO.</p>
LCD_COM0	0: PE4		LCD driver common line number 0.
LCD_COM1	0: PE5		LCD driver common line number 1.
LCD_COM2	0: PE6		LCD driver common line number 2.
LCD_COM3	0: PE7		LCD driver common line number 3.
LCD_SEG0	0: PF2		LCD segment line 0.
LCD_SEG1	0: PF3		LCD segment line 1.
LCD_SEG2	0: PF4		LCD segment line 2.
LCD_SEG3	0: PF5		LCD segment line 3.
LCD_SEG4	0: PE8		LCD segment line 4.
LCD_SEG5	0: PE9		LCD segment line 5.
LCD_SEG6	0: PE10		LCD segment line 6.

6.3 BGA192 Package Marking



Figure 6.3. BGA192 Package Marking

The package marking consists of:

- PPPPPPPPPP – The part number designation.
- TTTTTT – A trace or manufacturing code. The first letter is the device revision.
- YY – The last 2 digits of the assembly year.
- WW – The 2-digit workweek when the device was assembled.

7. BGA152 Package Specifications

7.1 BGA152 Package Dimensions

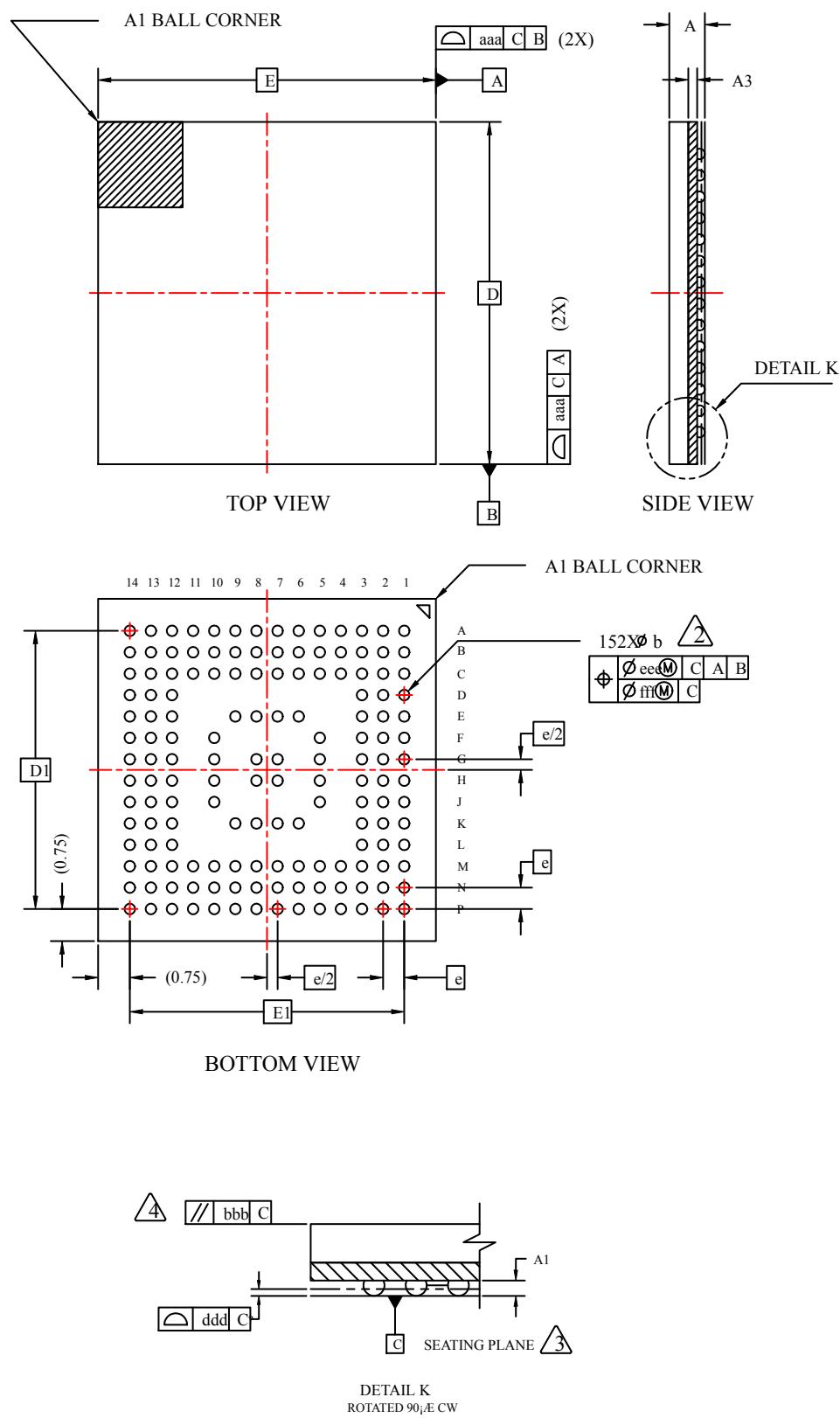


Figure 7.1. BGA152 Package Drawing