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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, MMC/SD/SDIO, QSPI, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	80
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b820f2048iq100-ar

3.4.2 Internal and External Oscillators

The EFM32GG11 supports two crystal oscillators and fully integrates five RC oscillators, listed below.

- A high frequency crystal oscillator (HFXO) with integrated load capacitors, tunable in small steps, provides a precise timing reference for the MCU. Crystal frequencies in the range from 4 to 50 MHz are supported. An external clock source such as a TCXO can also be applied to the HFXO input for improved accuracy over temperature.
- A 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO) provides an accurate timing reference for low energy modes.
- An integrated high frequency RC oscillator (HFRCO) is available for the MCU system. The HFRCO employs fast startup at minimal energy consumption combined with a wide frequency range. When crystal accuracy is not required, it can be operated in free-running mode at a number of factory-calibrated frequencies. A digital phase-locked loop (DPLL) feature allows the HFRCO to achieve higher accuracy and stability by referencing other available clock sources such as LFXO and HFXO.
- An integrated auxiliary high frequency RC oscillator (AUXHFRCO) is available for timing the general-purpose ADC and the Serial Wire Viewer port with a wide frequency range.
- An integrated auxiliary high frequency RC oscillator (USHFRCO) is available for timing the USB, SDIO and QSPI peripherals. The USHFRCO can be synchronized to the host's USB clock to allow the USB to operate in device mode without the additional cost of an external crystal.
- An integrated low frequency 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRCO) can be used as a timing reference in low energy modes, when crystal accuracy is not required.
- An integrated ultra-low frequency 1 kHz RC oscillator (ULFRCO) is available to provide a timing reference at the lowest energy consumption in low energy modes.

3.5 Counters/Timers and PWM

3.5.1 Timer/Counter (TIMER)

TIMER peripherals keep track of timing, count events, generate PWM outputs and trigger timed actions in other peripherals through the PRS system. The core of each TIMER is a 16-bit counter with up to 4 compare/capture channels. Each channel is configurable in one of three modes. In capture mode, the counter state is stored in a buffer at a selected input event. In compare mode, the channel output reflects the comparison of the counter to a programmed threshold value. In PWM mode, the TIMER supports generation of pulse-width modulation (PWM) outputs of arbitrary waveforms defined by the sequence of values written to the compare registers, with optional dead-time insertion available in timer unit TIMER_0 only.

3.5.2 Wide Timer/Counter (WTIMER)

WTIMER peripherals function just as TIMER peripherals, but are 32 bits wide. They keep track of timing, count events, generate PWM outputs and trigger timed actions in other peripherals through the PRS system. The core of each WTIMER is a 32-bit counter with up to 4 compare/capture channels. Each channel is configurable in one of three modes. In capture mode, the counter state is stored in a buffer at a selected input event. In compare mode, the channel output reflects the comparison of the counter to a programmed threshold value. In PWM mode, the WTIMER supports generation of pulse-width modulation (PWM) outputs of arbitrary waveforms defined by the sequence of values written to the compare registers, with optional dead-time insertion available in timer unit WTIMER_0 only.

3.5.3 Real Time Counter and Calendar (RTCC)

The Real Time Counter and Calendar (RTCC) is a 32-bit counter providing timekeeping in all energy modes. The RTCC includes a Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) calendar mode for easy time and date keeping. The RTCC can be clocked by any of the on-board oscillators with the exception of the AUXHFRCO, and it is capable of providing system wake-up at user defined instances. The RTCC includes 128 bytes of general purpose data retention, allowing easy and convenient data storage in all energy modes down to EM4H.

3.5.4 Low Energy Timer (LETIMER)

The unique LETIMER is a 16-bit timer that is available in energy mode EM2 Deep Sleep in addition to EM1 Sleep and EM0 Active. This allows it to be used for timing and output generation when most of the device is powered down, allowing simple tasks to be performed while the power consumption of the system is kept at an absolute minimum. The LETIMER can be used to output a variety of waveforms with minimal software intervention. The LETIMER is connected to the Real Time Counter and Calendar (RTCC), and can be configured to start counting on compare matches from the RTCC.

3.5.5 Ultra Low Power Wake-up Timer (CRYOTIMER)

The CRYOTIMER is a 32-bit counter that is capable of running in all energy modes. It can be clocked by either the 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator (LFXO), the 32.768 kHz RC oscillator (LFRCO), or the 1 kHz RC oscillator (ULFRCO). It can provide periodic Wakeup events and PRS signals which can be used to wake up peripherals from any energy mode. The CRYOTIMER provides a wide range of interrupt periods, facilitating flexible ultra-low energy operation.

3.12 Configuration Summary

The features of the EFM32GG11 are a subset of the feature set described in the device reference manual. The table below describes device specific implementation of the features. Remaining modules support full configuration.

Table 3.2. Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
USART0	IrDA, SmartCard	US0_TX, US0_RX, US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	I ² S, SmartCard	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	IrDA, SmartCard, High-Speed	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
USART3	I ² S, SmartCard	US3_TX, US3_RX, US3_CLK, US3_CS
USART4	I ² S, SmartCard	US4_TX, US4_RX, US4_CLK, US4_CS
USART5	SmartCard	US5_TX, US5_RX, US5_CLK, US5_CS
TIMER0	with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	-	TIM1_CC[3:0]
TIMER2	with DTI	TIM2_CC[2:0], TIM2_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER3	-	TIM3_CC[2:0]
TIMER4	with DTI	TIM4_CC[2:0], TIM4_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER5	-	TIM5_CC[2:0]
TIMER6	with DTI	TIM6_CC[2:0], TIM6_CDTI[2:0]
WTIMER0	with DTI	WTIM0_CC[2:0], WTIM0_CDTI[2:0]
WTIMER1	-	WTIM1_CC[3:0]
WTIMER2	-	WTIM2_CC[2:0]
WTIMER3	-	WTIM3_CC[2:0]

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Start up time	t _{IDAC_SU}	Output within 1% of steady state value	—	5	—	μs
Settling time, (output settled within 1% of steady state value),	t _{IDAC_SETTLE}	Range setting is changed	—	5	—	μs
		Step value is changed	—	1	—	μs
Current consumption ²	I _{IDAC}	EM0 or EM1 Source mode, excluding output current, Across operating temperature range	—	11	TBD	μA
		EM0 or EM1 Sink mode, excluding output current, Across operating temperature range	—	13	TBD	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Source mode, excluding output current, T = 25 °C	—	0.05	—	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Sink mode, excluding output current, T = 25 °C	—	0.07	—	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Source mode, excluding output current, T ≥ 85 °C	—	11	—	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Sink mode, excluding output current, T ≥ 85 °C	—	13	—	μA
Output voltage compliance in source mode, source current change relative to current sourced at 0 V	I _{COMP_SRC}	RANGESEL1=0, output voltage = min(V _{IOVDD} , V _{AVDD} ² -100 mV)	—	0.11	—	%
		RANGESEL1=1, output voltage = min(V _{IOVDD} , V _{AVDD} ² -100 mV)	—	0.06	—	%
		RANGESEL1=2, output voltage = min(V _{IOVDD} , V _{AVDD} ² -150 mV)	—	0.04	—	%
		RANGESEL1=3, output voltage = min(V _{IOVDD} , V _{AVDD} ² -250 mV)	—	0.03	—	%
Output voltage compliance in sink mode, sink current change relative to current sunk at IOVDD	I _{COMP_SINK}	RANGESEL1=0, output voltage = 100 mV	—	0.29	—	%
		RANGESEL1=1, output voltage = 100 mV	—	0.27	—	%
		RANGESEL1=2, output voltage = 150 mV	—	0.12	—	%
		RANGESEL1=3, output voltage = 250 mV	—	0.03	—	%

Note:

1. In IDAC_CURPROG register.
2. The IDAC is supplied by either AVDD, DVDD, or IOVDD based on the setting of ANASW in the EMU_PWRCTRL register and PWRSEL in the IDAC_CTRL register. Setting PWRSEL to 1 selects IOVDD. With PWRSEL cleared to 0, ANASW selects between AVDD (0) and DVDD (1).

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply current, continuous conversions, WARMUP-MODE=KEEPSENWARM	I_CSEN_ACTIVE	SAR or Delta Modulation conversions of 33 pF capacitor, CS0CG=0 (Gain = 10x), always on	—	90.5	—	µA
HFPERCLK supply current	I_CSEN_HFPERCLK	Current contribution from HFPERCLK when clock to CSEN block is enabled.	—	2.25	—	µA/MHz
Note:						
1. Current is specified with a total external capacitance of 33 pF per channel. Average current is dependent on how long the module is actively sampling channels within the scan period, and scales with the number of samples acquired. Supply current for a specific application can be estimated by multiplying the current per sample by the total number of samples per period (total_current = single_sample_current * (number_of_channels * accumulation)).						

SDIO SDR Mode Timing

Timing is specified for route location 0 at 1.8 V IOVDD with voltage scaling disabled. Slew rate for SD_CLK set to 7, all other GPIO set to 6, DRIVESTRENGTH = STRONG for all pins. SDIO_CTRL_TXDLYMUXSEL = 0. Loading between 5 and 10 pF on all pins or between 10 and 40 pF on all pins.

Table 4.48. SDIO SDR Mode Timing (Location 0)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Clock frequency during data transfer	FSD_CLK	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	—	—	20	MHz
		Using HFXO	—	—	TBD	MHz
Clock low time	tWL	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	22.6	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock high time	tWH	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	22.6	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock rise time	tR		0.99	4.68	—	ns
Clock fall time	tF		0.90	3.64	—	ns
Input setup time, CMD, DAT[0:3] valid to SD_CLK	tISU		8	—	—	ns
Input hold time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:3] change	tIH		1.5	—	—	ns
Output delay time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:3] valid	tODLY		0	—	35	ns
Output hold time, SD_CLK to CMD, DAT[0:3] change	tOH		0.8	—	—	ns

4.2.2 DC-DC Converter

Default test conditions: CCM mode, LDCDC = 4.7 μ H, CDCDC = 4.7 μ F, VDCDC_I = 3.3 V, VDCDC_O = 1.8 V, FDCDC_LN = 7 MHz

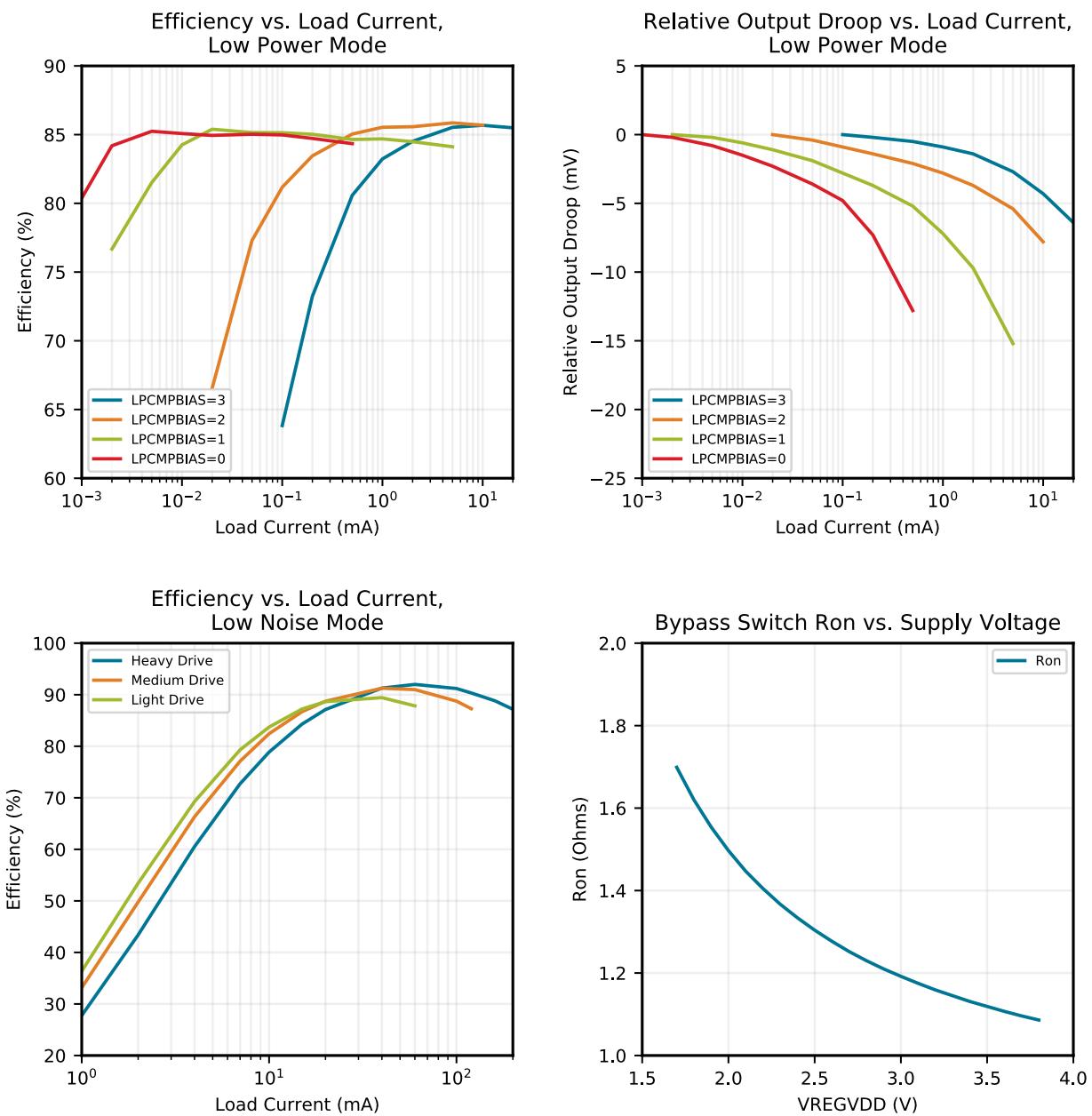


Figure 4.29. DC-DC Converter Typical Performance Characteristics

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA15	B1	GPIO	PE14	B2	GPIO
PE12	B3	GPIO	PE8	B4	GPIO
PD11	B5	GPIO	PD9	B6	GPIO
PF8	B7	GPIO	PF6	B8	GPIO
PF14	B9	GPIO (5V)	PF12	B10	GPIO
PF2	B11	GPIO	PF0	B12	GPIO (5V)
PC14	B13	GPIO (5V)	VREGO	B14	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs
PA1	C1	GPIO	PA0	C2	GPIO
PD13	C3	GPIO (5V)	PE10	C4	GPIO
PI8	C5	GPIO (5V)	PI7	C6	GPIO (5V)
PI6	C7	GPIO (5V)	PF5	C8	GPIO
PF15	C9	GPIO (5V)	PF4	C10	GPIO
PF3	C11	GPIO	PC13	C12	GPIO (5V)
PC12	C13	GPIO (5V)	VREGI	C14	Input to 5 V regulator.
PA3	D1	GPIO	PA2	D2	GPIO
PD14	D3	GPIO (5V)	PC11	D12	GPIO (5V)
PC10	D13	GPIO (5V)	PC9	D14	GPIO (5V)
PA5	E1	GPIO	PA4	E2	GPIO
PD15	E3	GPIO (5V)	IOVDD1	E6	Digital IO power supply 1.
VSS	E7 E8 G5 G7 G8 G10 H5 H7 H8 H10 K7 K8	Ground	IOVDD0	E9 F10 J5 J10 K6 K9	Digital IO power supply 0.
PC8	E12	GPIO (5V)	PI5	E13	GPIO (5V)
PI4	E14	GPIO (5V)	PG0	F1	GPIO (5V)
PA6	F2	GPIO	PG1	F3	GPIO (5V)
IOVDD2	F5	Digital IO power supply 2.	PI3	F12	GPIO (5V)
PI2	F13	GPIO (5V)	PI1	F14	GPIO (5V)
PG3	G1	GPIO (5V)	PG4	G2	GPIO (5V)
PG2	G3	GPIO (5V)	PE7	G12	GPIO
PI0	G13	GPIO (5V)	DECUPLE	G14	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.

5.4 EFM32GG11B5xx in BGA120 Device Pinout

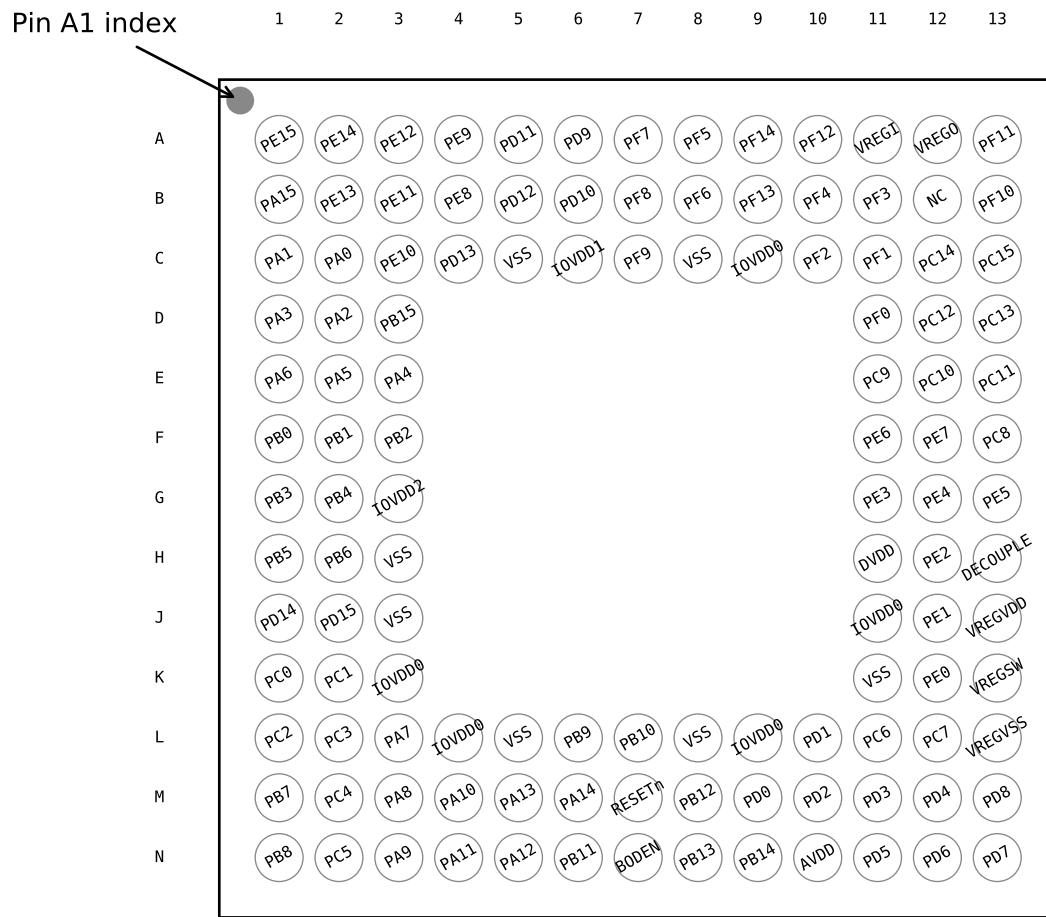


Figure 5.4. EFM32GG11B5xx in BGA120 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.20 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.21 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.4. EFM32GG11B5xx in BGA120 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PE15	A1	GPIO	PE14	A2	GPIO
PE12	A3	GPIO	PE9	A4	GPIO
PD11	A5	GPIO	PD9	A6	GPIO
PF7	A7	GPIO	PF5	A8	GPIO
PF14	A9	GPIO (5V)	PF12	A10	GPIO
VREGI	A11	Input to 5 V regulator.	VREGO	A12	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PB2	11	GPIO	PB3	12	GPIO
PB4	13	GPIO	PB5	14	GPIO
PB6	15	GPIO	VSS	16 32 59 83	Ground
PC0	18	GPIO (5V)	PC1	19	GPIO (5V)
PC2	20	GPIO (5V)	PC3	21	GPIO (5V)
PC4	22	GPIO	PC5	23	GPIO
PB7	24	GPIO	PB8	25	GPIO
PA7	26	GPIO	PA8	27	GPIO
PA9	28	GPIO	PA10	29	GPIO
PA11	30	GPIO	PA12	33	GPIO (5V)
PA13	34	GPIO (5V)	PA14	35	GPIO
RESETn	36	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.	PB9	37	GPIO (5V)
PB10	38	GPIO (5V)	PB11	39	GPIO
PB12	40	GPIO	AVDD	41	Analog power supply.
PB13	42	GPIO	PB14	43	GPIO
PD0	45	GPIO (5V)	PD1	46	GPIO
PD2	47	GPIO (5V)	PD3	48	GPIO
PD4	49	GPIO	PD5	50	GPIO
PD6	51	GPIO	PD7	52	GPIO
PD8	53	GPIO	PC7	54	GPIO
VREGVSS	55	Voltage regulator VSS	VREGSW	56	DCDC regulator switching node
VREGVDD	57	Voltage regulator VDD input	DVDD	58	Digital power supply.
DECOUPLE	60	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PE1	61	GPIO (5V)
PE2	62	GPIO	PE3	63	GPIO
PE4	64	GPIO	PE5	65	GPIO
PE6	66	GPIO	PE7	67	GPIO
PC8	68	GPIO (5V)	PC9	69	GPIO (5V)
PC10	70	GPIO (5V)	PC11	71	GPIO (5V)
VREGI	72	Input to 5 V regulator.	VREGO	73	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs
PF10	74	GPIO (5V)	PF11	75	GPIO (5V)
PF0	76	GPIO (5V)	PF1	77	GPIO (5V)

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PD13		EBI_ARDY #1	TIM2_CDTI0 #1 TIM3_CC1 #6 WTIM0_CC1 #1	ETH_MDIO #1 US4_CTS #1 US5_CLK #1	ETM_TD1 #1
PI15				CAN1_TX #7 US3_CS #5	
PI14				CAN1_RX #7 US3_CLK #5	
PI13				CAN0_TX #7 US3_RX #5	
PI12				CAN0_RX #7 US3_TX #5	
PI10		EBI_A15 #2	TIM4_CC2 #3	US4_CTS #3	
PI7		EBI_A12 #2	TIM1_CC1 #7 TIM4_CC2 #2 WTIM3_CC1 #5	US4_RX #3	
PF15	BUSCY BUSDX		TIM1_CC2 #6 TIM4_CC2 #1 WTIM3_CC2 #7	US5_TX #2 I2C2_SDA #5	
PF12	BUSDY BUSCX	EBI_NANDREn #5	TIM4_CC2 #0 TIM1_CC3 #5 TIM5_CC0 #7 WTIM3_CC2 #6	US5_CS #2 I2C2_SCL #3 USB_ID	
PF4	BUSDY BUSCX LCD_SEG2	EBI_WEn #0 EBI_WEn #5	TIM4_CC1 #0 TIM0_CDTI1 #2 TIM1_CC2 #5 WTIM3_CC1 #6	US1_RTS #2 I2C2_SDA #3	PRS_CH1 #1
PC15	VDAC0_OUT1ALT / OPA1_OUTALT #3 BUSACMP1Y BU- SACMP1X	EBI_NANDREn #4	TIM0_CDTI2 #1 TIM1_CC2 #0 WTIM0_CC0 #4 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #5	US0_CLK #3 US1_CLK #3 US3_RTS #3 U0_RX #3 U1_RTS #0 LEU0_RX #5 I2C2_SCL #1	LES_CH15 PRS_CH1 #2 ACMP3_O #1 DBG_SWO #1
PC14	VDAC0_OUT1ALT / OPA1_OUTALT #2 BUSACMP1Y BU- SACMP1X	EBI_NANDWE #4	TIM0_CDTI1 #1 TIM1_CC1 #0 TIM1_CC3 #4 TIM5_CC0 #6 WTIM3_CC0 #3 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #5 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3 US1_CS #3 US2_RTS #3 US3_CS #2 U0_TX #3 U1_CTS #0 LEU0_TX #5 I2C2_SDA #1	LES_CH14 PRS_CH0 #2 ACMP3_O #2
PA2	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG15	EBI_AD11 #0 EBI_DTEN #3	TIM0_CC2 #0 TIM3_CC2 #4	ETH_RMIIRXD0 #0 ETH_MIIITXD2 #0 SDIO_DAT2 #1 US1_RX #6 US3_CLK #0 QSPI0_DQ0 #1	CMU_CLK0 #0 PRS_CH8 #1 ETM_TD0 #3
PG0	BUSACMP2Y BU- SACMP2X	EBI_AD00 #2	TIM6_CC0 #0 TIM2_CDTI0 #3 WTIM0_CDTI1 #1 LETIM1_OUT0 #6	ETH_MIIITXCLK #1 US3_TX #4 QSPI0_SCLK #2	CMU_CLK2 #3

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PD4	BUSADC0Y BU-SADC0X OPA2_P	EBI_A08 #1 EBI_A17 #3	TIM6_CC0 #7 WTIM0_CDTI0 #4 WTIM1_CC2 #1 WTIM2_CC1 #5	CAN1_TX #2 US1_CTS #1 US3_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #0 I2C1_SDA #3	CMU_CLKI0 #0 PRS_CH10 #2 ETM_TD2 #0 ETM_TD2 #2
PC0	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #0 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD07 #1 EBI_CS0 #2 EBI_REn #3 EBI_A23 #0	TIM0_CC1 #3 TIM2_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #2	ETH_MDIO #2 CAN0_RX #0 US0_TX #5 US1_TX #0 US1_CS #4 US2 RTS #0 US3_CS #3 I2C0_SDA #4	LES_CH0 PRS_CH2 #0
PC1	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #1 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD08 #1 EBI_CS1 #2 EBI_BL0 #3 EBI_A24 #0	TIM0_CC2 #3 TIM2_CC2 #4 WTIM0_CC0 #7 PCNT0_S1IN #2	ETH_MDC #2 CAN0_TX #0 US0_RX #5 US1_TX #4 US1_RX #0 US2_CTS #0 US3_RTS #1 I2C0_SCL #4	LES_CH1 PRS_CH3 #0
PC2	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #2 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD09 #1 EBI_CS2 #2 EBI_NANDWE #3 EBI_A25 #0	TIM0_CDTI0 #3 TIM2_CC0 #5 WTIM0_CC1 #7 LE-TIM1_OUT0 #3	ETH_TSUEXTCLK #2 CAN1_RX #0 US1_RX #4 US2_TX #0	LES_CH2 PRS_CH10 #1
PA8	BUSBY BUSAX LCD SEG36	EBI_AD14 #1 EBI_A02 #3 EBI_DCLK #0	TIM2_CC0 #0 TIM0_CC0 #6 LE-TIM0_OUT0 #6 PCNT1_S1IN #4	US2_RX #2 US4_RTS #0	PRS_CH8 #0
PA11	BUSAY BUSBX LCD SEG39	EBI_CS1 #1 EBI_A05 #3 EBI_HSNC #0	WTIM2_CC2 #0 LE-TIM1_OUT0 #1	US2_CTS #2	PRS_CH11 #0
PA13	BUSAY BUSBX	EBI_WEn #1 EBI_NANDWE #2 EBI_A01 #0 EBI_A07 #3	TIM0_CC2 #7 TIM2_CC1 #1 WTIM0_CDTI1 #2 WTIM2_CC1 #1 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #1 PCNT1_S1IN #5	CAN1_TX #5 US0_CS #5 US2_TX #3	PRS_CH13 #0
PB9	BUSAY BUSBX	EBI_ALE #1 EBI_NANDRE #2 EBI_A00 #1 EBI_A03 #0 EBI_A09 #3	WTIM2_CC0 #2 LE-TIM0_OUT0 #7	SDIO_WP #3 CAN0_RX #3 US1_CTS #0 U1_TX #2	PRS_CH13 #1 ACMP1_O #5
PB12	BUSBY BUSAX VDAC0_OUT1 / OPA1_OUT	EBI_A03 #1 EBI_A12 #3 EBI_CSTFT #2	TIM1_CC3 #3 WTIM2_CC0 #3 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #1 PCNT0_S0IN #7 PCNT1_S1IN #6	US2_CTS #1 US5_RTS #0 U1_RTS #2 I2C1_SCL #1	PRS_CH16 #1
PH2	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_VSNC #2	TIM6_CC0 #3	US1_CTS #6	
PH5	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_A17 #2	TIM6_CDTI0 #3 WTIM2_CC1 #6	US4_RX #4	
PH8	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A20 #2	TIM6_CC0 #4 WTIM1_CC0 #6 WTIM2_CC1 #7	US4_CTS #4	

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
EBI_CS1	0: PD10 1: PA11 2: PC1 3: PB1	4: PE9	External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 1.
EBI_CS2	0: PD11 1: PA12 2: PC2 3: PB2	4: PE10	External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 2.
EBI_CS3	0: PD12 1: PB15 2: PC3 3: PB3	4: PE11	External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 3.
EBI_CSTFT	0: PA7 1: PF6 2: PB12 3: PA0		External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output TFT.
EBI_DCLK	0: PA8 1: PF7 2: PH0 3: PA1		External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Dot Clock pin.
EBI_DTEN	0: PA9 1: PD9 2: PH1 3: PA2		External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Data Enable pin.
EBI_HSNC	0: PA11 1: PD11 2: PH3 3: PA4		External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Horizontal Synchronization pin.
EBI_NANDREn	0: PC3 1: PD15 2: PB9 3: PC4	4: PC15 5: PF12	External Bus Interface (EBI) NAND Read Enable output.
EBI_NANDWEn	0: PC5 1: PD14 2: PA13 3: PC2	4: PC14 5: PF11	External Bus Interface (EBI) NAND Write Enable output.
EBI_REn	0: PF5 1: PA14 2: PA12 3: PC0	4: PF9 5: PF5	External Bus Interface (EBI) Read Enable output.
EBI_VSNC	0: PA10 1: PD10 2: PH2 3: PA3		External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Vertical Synchronization pin.
EBI_WEn	0: PF4 1: PA13 2: PC5 3: PB6	4: PF8 5: PF4	External Bus Interface (EBI) Write Enable output.
ETH_MDC	0: PB4 1: PD14 2: PC1 3: PA6		Ethernet Management Data Clock.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
LCD_SEG7	0: PE11		LCD segment line 7.
LCD_SEG8	0: PE12		LCD segment line 8.
LCD_SEG9	0: PE13		LCD segment line 9.
LCD_SEG10	0: PE14		LCD segment line 10.
LCD_SEG11	0: PE15		LCD segment line 11.
LCD_SEG12	0: PA15		LCD segment line 12.
LCD_SEG13	0: PA0		LCD segment line 13.
LCD_SEG14	0: PA1		LCD segment line 14.
LCD_SEG15	0: PA2		LCD segment line 15.
LCD_SEG16	0: PA3		LCD segment line 16.
LCD_SEG17	0: PA4		LCD segment line 17.
LCD_SEG18	0: PA5		LCD segment line 18.
LCD_SEG19	0: PA6		LCD segment line 19.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
LCD_SEG33	0: PB1		LCD segment line 33.
LCD_SEG34	0: PB2		LCD segment line 34.
LCD_SEG35	0: PA7		LCD segment line 35.
LCD_SEG36	0: PA8		LCD segment line 36.
LCD_SEG37	0: PA9		LCD segment line 37.
LCD_SEG38	0: PA10		LCD segment line 38.
LCD_SEG39	0: PA11		LCD segment line 39.
LES_ALTEX0	0: PD6		LESENSE alternate excite output 0.
LES_ALTEX1	0: PD7		LESENSE alternate excite output 1.
LES_ALTEX2	0: PA3		LESENSE alternate excite output 2.
LES_ALTEX3	0: PA4		LESENSE alternate excite output 3.
LES_ALTEX4	0: PA5		LESENSE alternate excite output 4.
LES_ALTEX5	0: PE11		LESENSE alternate excite output 5.

Alternate Functionality	Location	Priority
QSPI0_DQS	0: PF9	High Speed
QSPI0_SCLK	0: PF6	High Speed
SDIO_CLK	0: PE13	High Speed
SDIO_CMD	0: PE12	High Speed
SDIO_DAT0	0: PE11	High Speed
SDIO_DAT1	0: PE10	High Speed
SDIO_DAT2	0: PE9	High Speed
SDIO_DAT3	0: PE8	High Speed
SDIO_DAT4	0: PD12	High Speed
SDIO_DAT5	0: PD11	High Speed
SDIO_DAT6	0: PD10	High Speed
SDIO_DAT7	0: PD9	High Speed
TIM0_CC0	3: PB6	Non-interference
TIM0_CC1	3: PC0	Non-interference
TIM0_CC2	3: PC1	Non-interference
TIM0_CDT10	1: PC13	Non-interference
TIM0_CDT11	1: PC14	Non-interference
TIM0_CDT12	1: PC15	Non-interference
TIM2_CC0	0: PA8	Non-interference
TIM2_CC1	0: PA9	Non-interference
TIM2_CC2	0: PA10	Non-interference
TIM2_CDT10	0: PB0	Non-interference
TIM2_CDT11	0: PB1	Non-interference
TIM2_CDT12	0: PB2	Non-interference
TIM4_CC0	0: PF3	Non-interference
TIM4_CC1	0: PF4	Non-interference
TIM4_CC2	0: PF12	Non-interference
TIM4_CDT10	0: PD0	Non-interference
TIM4_CDT11	0: PD1	Non-interference
TIM4_CDT12	0: PD3	Non-interference
TIM6_CC0	0: PG0	Non-interference
TIM6_CC1	0: PG1	Non-interference
TIM6_CC2	0: PG2	Non-interference
TIM6_CDT10	0: PG3	Non-interference
TIM6_CDT11	0: PG4	Non-interference
TIM6_CDT12	0: PG5	Non-interference

Table 5.23. ACMP0 Bus and Pin Mapping

	APORT4Y	APORT4X	APORT3Y	APORT3X	APORT2Y	APORT2X	APORT1Y	APORT1X	APORT0Y	APORT0X	Port
BUSDY	BUSDX	BUSCY	BUSCX	BUSBY	BUSBX	BUSAY	BUSAX	BUSAY	BUSACMP0Y	BUSACMP0X	Bus
PF15	PF15				PB15						CH31
PF14		PF14		PF14			PB14				CH30
PF13	PF13				PB13	PB13					CH29
PF12		PF12		PF12			PB12				CH28
PF11	PF11				PB11	PB11					CH27
PF10		PF10		PF10			PB10	PB10			CH26
PF9	PF9				PB9	PB9					CH25
PF8		PF8									CH24
PF7	PF7										CH23
PF6		PF6		PF6	PB6		PB6				CH22
PF5	PF5				PB5	PB5	PB5				CH21
PF4		PF4		PF4	PB4		PB4				CH20
PF3	PF3				PB3	PB3	PB3				CH19
PF2		PF2		PF2	PB2		PB2				CH18
PF1	PF1				PB1	PB1	PB1				CH17
PF0		PF0		PF0	PB0		PB0				CH16
PE15	PE15				PA15	PA15	PA15				CH15
PE14		PE14		PE14	PA14		PA14				CH14
PE13	PE13				PA13	PA13	PA13				CH13
PE12		PE12		PE12	PA12		PA12				CH12
PE11	PE11				PA11	PA11	PA11				CH11
PE10		PE10		PE10	PA10		PA10				CH10
PE9	PE9				PA9	PA9	PA9				CH9
PE8		PE8		PE8	PA8		PA8				CH8
PE7	PE7				PA7	PA7	PA7		PC7	PC7	CH7
PE6		PE6		PE6	PA6		PA6	PC6	PC6	PC6	CH6
PE5	PE5				PA5	PA5	PA5	PC5	PC5	PC5	CH5
PE4		PE4		PE4	PA4		PA4	PC4	PC4	PC4	CH4
					PA3	PA3	PA3	PC3	PC3	PC3	CH3
					PA2		PA2	PC2	PC2	PC2	CH2
PE1	PE1				PA1	PA1	PA1	PC1	PC1	PC1	CH1
PE0		PE0		PE0	PA0		PA0	PC0	PC0	PC0	CH0

Table 5.29. CSEN Bus and Pin Mapping

	Port	Port	Port
APORT1Y	APORT1X	APORT4Y	APORT4X
BUSCY	BUSCX	BUSDX	BUSBY
PF15	Bus	PF15	PF15
PF14	CH31	PF14	PF14
PF13	CH30	PF13	PF13
PF12	CH29	PF12	PF12
PF11	CH28	PF11	PF11
PF10	CH27	PF10	PF10
PF9	CH26	PF9	PF9
PF8	CH25	PF8	PF8
PF7	CH24	PF7	PF7
PF6	CH23	PF6	PF6
PF5	CH22	PF5	PF5
PF4	CH21	PF4	PF4
PF3	CH20	PF3	PF3
PF2	CH19	PF2	PF2
PF1	CH18	PF1	PF1
PF0	CH17	PF0	PF0
PE15	CH16	PE15	PE15
PE14	CH15	PE14	PE14
PE13	CH14	PE13	PE13
PE12	CH13	PE12	PE12
PE11	CH12	PE11	PE11
PE10	CH11	PE10	PE10
PE9	CH10	PE9	PE9
PE8	CH9	PE8	PE8
PE7	CH8	PE7	PE7
PE6	CH7	PE6	PE6
PE5	CH6	PE5	PE5
PE4	CH5	PE4	PE4
PE3	CH4	PE3	PE4
PE2	CH3	PE2	PA3
PE1	CH2	PE1	PA2
PE0	CH1	PE0	PA1
PE0	CH0	PE0	PA0

Table 5.30. IDAC0 Bus and Pin Mapping

Port	Port	Port	Port
PA15	PA14	PA13	PA13
PA12	PA12	PA11	PA11
PA10	PA10	PA9	PA9
PA8	PA8	PA8	PA8
PA7	PA7	PA7	PA7
PA6	PA6	PA6	PA6
PA5	PA5	PA5	PA5
PA4	PA4	PA4	PA4
PA3	PA3	PA3	PA3
PA2	PA2	PA2	PA2
PA1	PA1	PA1	PA1
PA0	PA0	PA0	PA0

8. BGA120 Package Specifications

8.1 BGA120 Package Dimensions

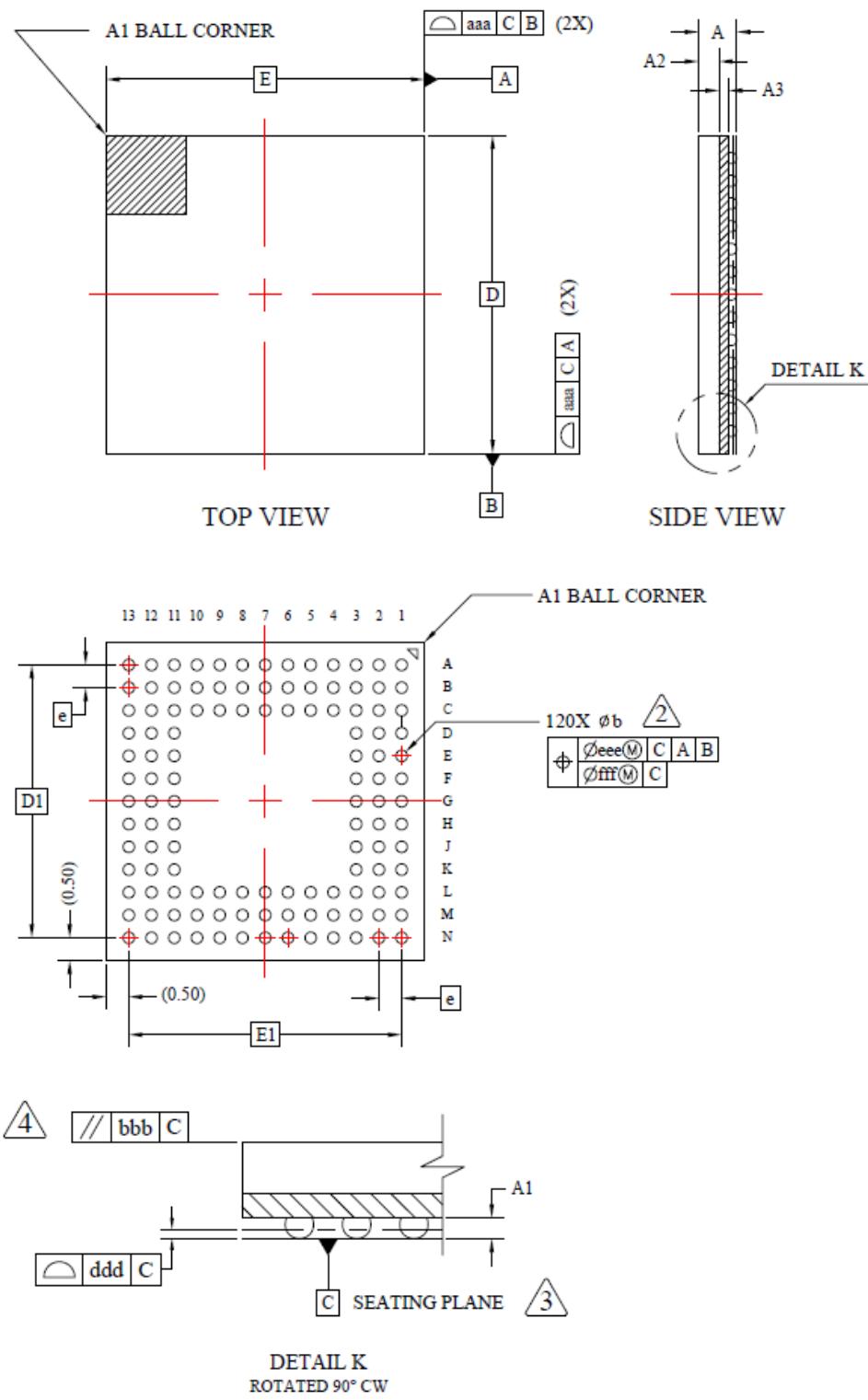


Figure 8.1. BGA120 Package Drawing

Table 11.1. TQFP64 Package Dimensions

Dimension	Min	Typ	Max
A	—	1.15	1.20
A1	0.05	—	0.15
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
b	0.17	0.22	0.27
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23
c	0.09	—	0.20
c1	0.09	—	0.16
D	12.00 BSC		
D1	10.00 BSC		
e	0.50 BSC		
E	12.00 BSC		
E1	10.00 BSC		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 REF		
R1	0.08	—	—
R2	0.08	—	0.20
S	0.20	—	—
θ	0	3.5	7
Θ1	0	—	0.10
Θ2	11	12	13
Θ3	11	12	13
Note:			
1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.			
2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.			
3. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.			

13. Revision History

Revision 0.6

March, 2018

- Removed "Confidential" watermark.
- Updated [4.1 Electrical Characteristics](#) and [4.2 Typical Performance Curves](#) with latest characterization data.

Revision 0.2

October, 2017

- Updated memory maps to latest formatting and to include all peripherals.
- Updated all electrical specifications tables with latest characterization results.
- **Absolute Maximum Ratings Table:**
 - Removed redundant I_{VSSMAX} line.
 - Added footnote to clarify V_{DIGPIN} specification for 5V tolerant GPIO.
- **General Operating Conditions Table:**
 - Removed dV_{DD} specification and redundant footnote about shorting VREGVDD and AVDD together.
 - Added footnote about IOVDD voltage restriction when CSEN peripheral is used with chopping enabled.
- **Flash Memory Characteristics Table:** Added timing measurement clarification for Device Erase and Mass Erase.
- **Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) Table:**
 - Added header text for general specification conditions.
 - Added footnote for clarification of input voltage limits.
- Minor typographical corrections, including capitalization, mis-spellings and punctuation marks, throughout document.
- Minor formatting and styling updates, including table formats, TOC location, and boilerplate information throughout document.

Revision 0.1

April 27th, 2017

Initial release.