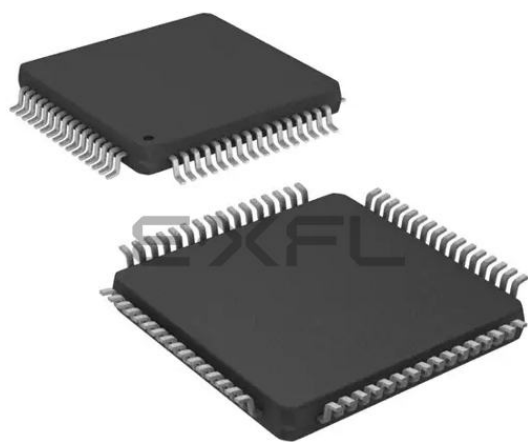




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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, MMC/SD/SDIO, QSPI, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	47
Program Memory Size	1MB (1M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg11b840f1024iq64-a

3. System Overview

3.1 Introduction

The Giant Gecko Series 1 product family is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to the MCU system. The detailed functional description can be found in the Giant Gecko Series 1 Reference Manual.

A block diagram of the Giant Gecko Series 1 family is shown in [Figure 3.1 Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram on page 11](#). The diagram shows a superset of features available on the family, which vary by OPN. For more information about specific device features, consult [Ordering Information](#).

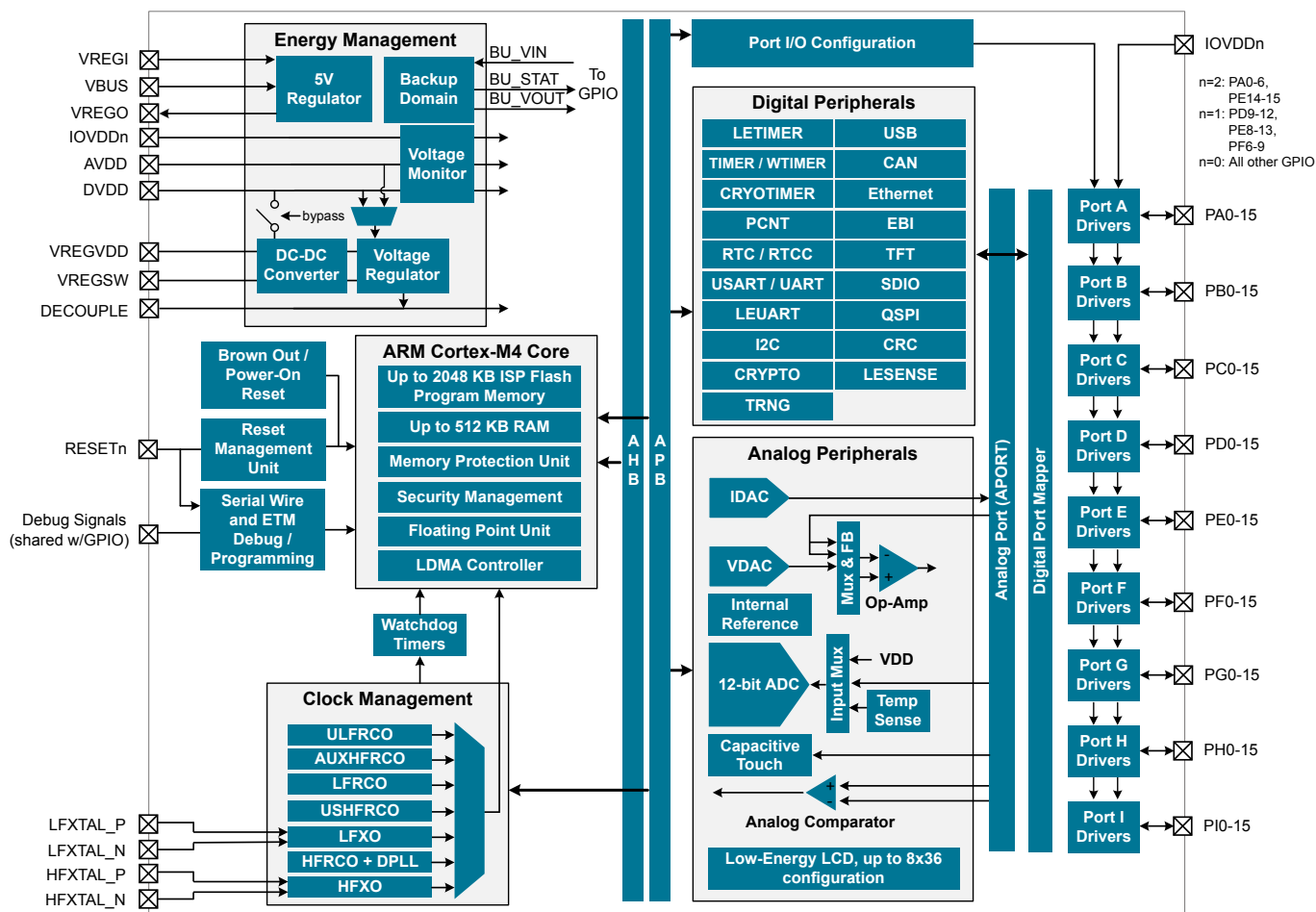


Figure 3.1. Detailed EFM32GG11 Block Diagram

4.1.4 DC-DC Converter

Test conditions: L_DCDC=4.7 μ H (Murata LQH3NPN4R7MM0L), C_DCDC=4.7 μ F (Samsung CL10B475KQ8NQNC), V_DCDC_I=3.3 V, V_DCDC_O=1.8 V, I_DCDC_LOAD=50 mA, Heavy Drive configuration, F_DCDC_LN=7 MHz, unless otherwise indicated.

Table 4.4. DC-DC Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage range	V _{DCDC_I}	Bypass mode, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 50 mA	1.8	—	V _{VREGVDD_MAX}	V
		Low noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 100 mA, or Low power (LP) mode, 1.8 V output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 10 mA	2.4	—	V _{VREGVDD_MAX}	V
		Low noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} = 200 mA	2.6	—	V _{VREGVDD_MAX}	V
Output voltage programmable range ¹	V _{DCDC_O}		1.8	—	V _{VREGVDD}	V
Regulation DC accuracy	ACC _{DC}	Low Noise (LN) mode, 1.8 V target output	TBD	—	TBD	V
Regulation window ⁴	WIN _{REG}	Low Power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx ³ = 0, 1.8 V target output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} $\leq$ 75 μ A	TBD	—	TBD	V
		Low Power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIASEMxx ³ = 3, 1.8 V target output, I _{DCDC_LOAD} $\leq$ 10 mA	TBD	—	TBD	V
Steady-state output ripple	V _R		—	3	—	mVpp
Output voltage under/overshoot	V _{OV}	CCM Mode (LNFORCECCM ³ = 1), Load changes between 0 mA and 100 mA	—	25	TBD	mV
		DCM Mode (LNFORCECCM ³ = 0), Load changes between 0 mA and 10 mA	—	45	TBD	mV
		Overshoot during LP to LN CCM/DCM mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	200	—	mV
		Undershoot during BYP/LP to LN CCM (LNFORCECCM ³ = 1) mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	40	—	mV
		Undershoot during BYP/LP to LN DCM (LNFORCECCM ³ = 0) mode transitions compared to DC level in LN mode	—	100	—	mV
DC line regulation	V _{REG}	Input changes between V _{VREGVDD_MAX} and 2.4 V	—	0.1	—	%
DC load regulation	I _{REG}	Load changes between 0 mA and 100 mA in CCM mode	—	0.1	—	%

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM4H mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I _{EM4H_VS}	128 byte RAM retention, RTCC running from LFXO	—	0.94	—	μA
		128 byte RAM retention, CRYO-TIMER running from ULFRCO	—	0.62	—	μA
		128 byte RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.62	—	μA
Current consumption in EM4S mode	I _{EM4S}	No RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.13	—	μA
Current consumption of peripheral power domain 1, with voltage scaling enabled, DCDC in LP mode ³	I _{PD1_VS}	Additional current consumption in EM2/3 when any peripherals on power domain 1 are enabled ⁴	—	0.68	—	μA
Current consumption of peripheral power domain 2, with voltage scaling enabled, DCDC in LP mode ³	I _{PD2_VS}	Additional current consumption in EM2/3 when any peripherals on power domain 2 are enabled ⁴	—	0.28	—	μA

Note:

1. DCDC Low Noise CCM Mode = Light Drive (PFETCNT=NFETCNT=3), F=6.4 MHz (RCOBAND=4), ANASW=DVDD.
2. DCDC Low Noise DCM Mode = Light Drive (PFETCNT=NFETCNT=3), F=3.0 MHz (RCOBAND=0), ANASW=DVDD.
3. DCDC Low Power Mode = Medium Drive (PFETCNT=NFETCNT=7), LPOSCDIV=1, LPCMPBIASEM234H=0, LPCLIMILIMSEL=1, ANASW=DVDD.
4. Extra current consumed by power domain. Does not include current associated with the enabled peripherals. See [3.2.4 EM2 and EM3 Power Domains](#) for a list of the peripherals in each power domain.
5. CMU_LFRCCOCTRL_ENVREF = 1, CMU_LFRCCOCTRL_VREFUPDATE = 1

4.1.10.2 High-Frequency Crystal Oscillator (HFXO)

Table 4.13. High-Frequency Crystal Oscillator (HFXO)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Crystal frequency	f_{HFXO}	No clock doubling	4	—	50	MHz
		Clock doubler enabled	TBD	—	TBD	MHz
Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)	ESR_{HFXO}	50 MHz crystal	—	—	50	Ω
		24 MHz crystal	—	—	150	Ω
		4 MHz crystal	—	—	180	Ω
Nominal on-chip tuning cap range ¹	$C_{\text{HFXO_T}}$	On each of HFXTAL_N and HFXTAL_P pins	8.7	—	51.7	pF
On-chip tuning capacitance step	SS_{HFXO}		—	0.084	—	pF
Startup time	t_{HFXO}	50 MHz crystal, ESR = 50 Ohm, $C_L = 8$ pF	—	350	—	μs
		24 MHz crystal, ESR = 150 Ohm, $C_L = 6$ pF	—	700	—	μs
		4 MHz crystal, ESR = 180 Ohm, $C_L = 18$ pF	—	3	—	ms
Current consumption after startup	I_{HFXO}	50 MHz crystal	—	880	—	μA
		24 MHz crystal	—	420	—	μA
		4 MHz crystal	—	80	—	μA

Note:

1. The effective load capacitance seen by the crystal will be $C_{\text{HFXO_T}}/2$. This is because each XTAL pin has a tuning cap and the two caps will be seen in series by the crystal.

4.1.15 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

Table 4.23. Analog Comparator (ACMP)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage range	V_{ACMPIN}	ACMPVDD = ACMPn_CTRL_PWRSEL ¹	—	—	$V_{ACMPVDD}$	V
Supply voltage	$V_{ACMPVDD}$	BIASPROG ⁴ ≤ 0x10 or FULL- BIAS ⁴ = 0	1.8	—	$V_{VREGVDD_MAX}$	V
		0x10 < BIASPROG ⁴ ≤ 0x20 and FULLBIAS ⁴ = 1	2.1	—	$V_{VREGVDD_MAX}$	V
Active current not including voltage reference ²	I_{ACMP}	BIASPROG ⁴ = 1, FULLBIAS ⁴ = 0	—	50	—	nA
		BIASPROG ⁴ = 0x10, FULLBIAS ⁴ = 0	—	306	—	nA
		BIASPROG ⁴ = 0x02, FULLBIAS ⁴ = 1	—	6.5	—	μA
		BIASPROG ⁴ = 0x20, FULLBIAS ⁴ = 1	—	74	TBD	μA
Current consumption of inter- nal voltage reference ²	$I_{ACMPREF}$	VLP selected as input using 2.5 V Reference / 4 (0.625 V)	—	50	—	nA
		VLP selected as input using VDD	—	20	—	nA
		VBDIV selected as input using 1.25 V reference / 1	—	4.1	—	μA
		VADIV selected as input using VDD/1	—	2.4	—	μA

4.1.16 Digital to Analog Converter (VDAC)

DRIVESTRENGTH = 2 unless otherwise specified. Primary VDAC output.

Table 4.24. Digital to Analog Converter (VDAC)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output voltage	V_{DACOUT}	Single-Ended	0	—	V_{VREF}	V
		Differential ²	$-V_{VREF}$	—	V_{VREF}	V
Current consumption including references (2 channels) ¹	I_{DAC}	500 ksps, 12-bit, DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, REFSEL = 4	—	402	—	μA
		44.1 ksps, 12-bit, DRIVESTRENGTH = 1, REFSEL = 4	—	88	—	μA
		200 Hz refresh rate, 12-bit Sample-Off mode in EM2, DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, BGRREQTIME = 1, EM2REFENTIME = 9, REFSEL = 4, SETTLETIME = 0x0A, WARMUPTIME = 0x02	—	2	—	μA
Current from HFPERCLK ⁴	I_{DAC_CLK}		—	5.25	—	$\mu A/MHz$
Sample rate	SR_{DAC}		—	—	500	ksps
DAC clock frequency	f_{DAC}		—	—	1	MHz
Conversion time	$t_{DACCONV}$	$f_{DAC} = 1MHz$	2	—	—	μs
Settling time	$t_{DACSETTLE}$	50% fs step settling to 5 LSB	—	2.5	—	μs
Startup time	$t_{DACSTARTUP}$	Enable to 90% fs output, settling to 10 LSB	—	—	12	μs
Output impedance	R_{OUT}	DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, $0.4 V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{OPA} - 0.4 V$, $-8 mA < I_{OUT} < 8 mA$, Full supply range	—	2	—	Ω
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0 or 1, $0.4 V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{OPA} - 0.4 V$, $-400 \mu A < I_{OUT} < 400 \mu A$, Full supply range	—	2	—	Ω
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 2, $0.1 V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{OPA} - 0.1 V$, $-2 mA < I_{OUT} < 2 mA$, Full supply range	—	2	—	Ω
		DRIVESTRENGTH = 0 or 1, $0.1 V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{OPA} - 0.1 V$, $-100 \mu A < I_{OUT} < 100 \mu A$, Full supply range	—	2	—	Ω
Power supply rejection ratio ⁶	PSRR	$V_{out} = 50\% fs$, DC	—	65.5	—	dB

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Note: 1. Supply current specifications are for VDAC circuitry operating with static output only and do not include current required to drive the load. 2. In differential mode, the output is defined as the difference between two single-ended outputs. Absolute voltage on each output is limited to the single-ended range. 3. Entire range is monotonic and has no missing codes. 4. Current from HUPERCLK is dependent on HUPERCLK frequency. This current contributes to the total supply current used when the clock to the DAC module is enabled in the CMU. 5. Gain is calculated by measuring the slope from 10% to 90% of full scale. Offset is calculated by comparing actual VDAC output at 10% of full scale to ideal VDAC output at 10% of full scale with the measured gain. 6. PSRR calculated as $20 * \log_{10}(\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{OUT})$, VDAC output at 90% of full scale						

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Start up time	t_{IDAC_SU}	Output within 1% of steady state value	—	5	—	μs
Settling time, (output settled within 1% of steady state value),	t_{IDAC_SETTLE}	Range setting is changed	—	5	—	μs
		Step value is changed	—	1	—	μs
Current consumption ²	I_{IDAC}	EM0 or EM1 Source mode, excluding output current, Across operating temperature range	—	11	TBD	μA
		EM0 or EM1 Sink mode, excluding output current, Across operating temperature range	—	13	TBD	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Source mode, excluding output current, T = 25 °C	—	0.05	—	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Sink mode, excluding output current, T = 25 °C	—	0.07	—	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Source mode, excluding output current, T ≥ 85 °C	—	11	—	μA
		EM2 or EM3 Sink mode, excluding output current, T ≥ 85 °C	—	13	—	μA
Output voltage compliance in source mode, source current change relative to current sourced at 0 V	I_{COMP_SRC}	RANGESEL1=0, output voltage = $\min(V_{IOVDD}, V_{AVDD}^2 - 100 \text{ mV})$	—	0.11	—	%
		RANGESEL1=1, output voltage = $\min(V_{IOVDD}, V_{AVDD}^2 - 100 \text{ mV})$	—	0.06	—	%
		RANGESEL1=2, output voltage = $\min(V_{IOVDD}, V_{AVDD}^2 - 150 \text{ mV})$	—	0.04	—	%
		RANGESEL1=3, output voltage = $\min(V_{IOVDD}, V_{AVDD}^2 - 250 \text{ mV})$	—	0.03	—	%
Output voltage compliance in sink mode, sink current change relative to current sunk at IOVDD	I_{COMP_SINK}	RANGESEL1=0, output voltage = 100 mV	—	0.29	—	%
		RANGESEL1=1, output voltage = 100 mV	—	0.27	—	%
		RANGESEL1=2, output voltage = 150 mV	—	0.12	—	%
		RANGESEL1=3, output voltage = 250 mV	—	0.03	—	%

Note:

1. In IDAC_CURPROG register.
2. The IDAC is supplied by either AVDD, DVDD, or IOVDD based on the setting of ANASW in the EMU_PWRCTRL register and PWRSEL in the IDAC_CTRL register. Setting PWRSEL to 1 selects IOVDD. With PWRSEL cleared to 0, ANASW selects between AVDD (0) and DVDD (1).

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
MISO hold time ^{1 3}	t_{H_MI}	USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-11.6	—	—	ns
		USART2, location 4, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-11.6	—	—	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-9.1	—	—	ns
		USART2, location 5, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-9.1	—	—	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 1.8 V	-8	—	—	ns
		All other USARTs and locations, IOVDD = 3.0 V	-8	—	—	ns

Note:

1. Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0).
2. t_{H_PERCLK} is one period of the selected HPERCLK.
3. Measurement done with 8 pF output loading at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD}).

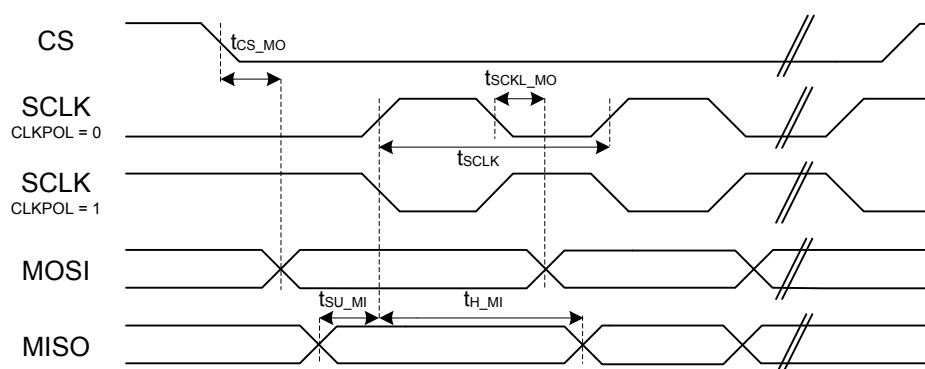


Figure 4.1. SPI Master Timing Diagram

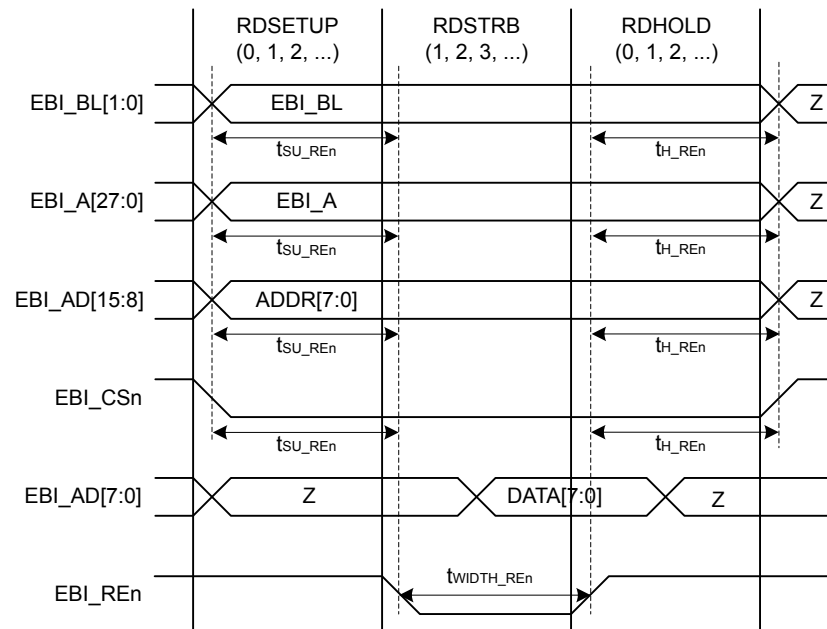


Figure 4.5. EBI Read Enable Output Timing Diagram

SDIO MMC DDR Mode Timing at 1.8 V

Timing is specified for route location 0 at 1.8 V IOVDD with voltage scaling disabled. Slew rate for SD_CLK set to 7, all other GPIO set to 6, DRIVESTRENGTH = STRONG for all pins. SDIO_CTRL_TXDLYMUXSEL = 1. Loading between 5 and 10 pF on all pins or between 10 and 25 pF on all pins.

Table 4.52. SDIO MMC DDR Mode Timing (Location 0, 1.8V I/O)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Clock frequency during data transfer	F _{SD_CLK}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	—	—	18	MHz
		Using HFXO	—	—	TBD	MHz
Clock low time	t _{WL}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	25.1	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock high time	t _{WH}	Using HFRCO, AUXHFRCO, or USHFRCO	25.1	—	—	ns
		Using HFXO	TBD	—	—	ns
Clock rise time	t _R		1.13	5.21	—	ns
Clock fall time	t _F		1.01	4.10	—	ns
Input setup time, CMD valid to SD_CLK	t _{ISU}		5.3	—	—	ns
Input hold time, SD_CLK to CMD change	t _{IH}		2.5	—	—	ns
Output delay time, SD_CLK to CMD valid	t _{ODLY}		0	—	16	ns
Output hold time, SD_CLK to CMD change	t _{OH}		3	—	—	ns
Input setup time, DAT[0:7] valid to SD_CLK	t _{ISU2X}		5.3	—	—	ns
Input hold time, SD_CLK to DAT[0:7] change	t _{IH2X}		2.5	—	—	ns
Output delay time, SD_CLK to DAT[0:7] valid	t _{ODLY2X}		0	—	16	ns
Output hold time, SD_CLK to DAT[0:7] change	t _{OH2X}		3	—	—	ns

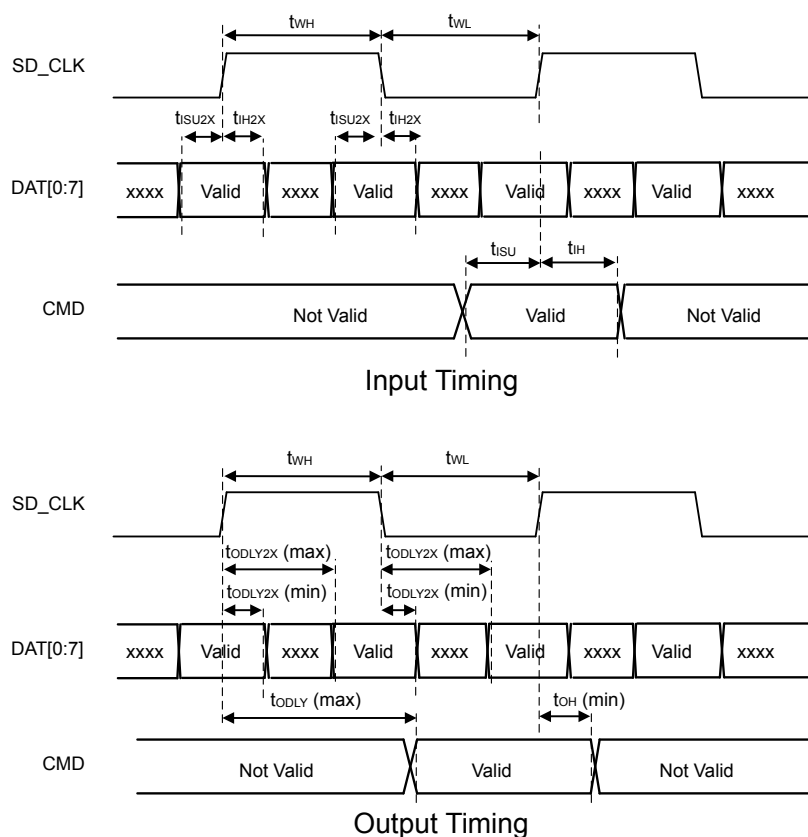


Figure 4.20. SDIO MMC DDR Mode Timing

4.1.28 Quad SPI (QSPI)

4.1.28.1 QSPI SDR Mode

QSPI SDR Mode Timing (Location 0)

Timing is specified with voltage scaling disabled, PHY-mode, route location 0 only, TX DLL = 23, RX DLL = 48, 20-25 pF loading per GPIO, and slew rate for all GPIO set to 6, DRIVESTRENGTH = STRONG.

Table 4.54. QSPI SDR Mode Timing (Location 0)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Full SCLK period	T		$(1/F_{SCLK}) * 0.95$	—	—	ns
Output valid	t_{OV}		—	—	$T/2 - 2.4$	ns
Output hold	t_{OH}		$T/2 - 32.9$	—	—	ns
Input setup	t_{SU}		$36.2 - T/2$	—	—	ns
Input hold	t_{H}		$T/2 - 3.3$	—	—	ns

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
VBUS	A13	USB VBUS signal and auxiliary input to 5 V regulator.	PF11	A14	GPIO (5V)
PF10	A15	GPIO (5V)	PF0	A16	GPIO (5V)
PA0	B1	GPIO	PD11	B2	GPIO
PD10	B3	GPIO	PD9	B4	GPIO
PF9	B5	GPIO	PF8	B6	GPIO
PF7	B7	GPIO	PF6	B8	GPIO
PI11	B9	GPIO (5V)	PI8	B10	GPIO (5V)
PF5	B11	GPIO	PF13	B12	GPIO (5V)
PF3	B13	GPIO	PF2	B14	GPIO
PF1	B15	GPIO (5V)	VREGO	B16	Decoupling for 5 V regulator and regulator output. Power for USB PHY in USB-enabled OPNs
PA1	C1	GPIO	PD12	C2	GPIO
PD14	C3	GPIO (5V)	PD13	C4	GPIO (5V)
PI15	C5	GPIO (5V)	PI14	C6	GPIO (5V)
PI13	C7	GPIO (5V)	PI12	C8	GPIO (5V)
PI10	C9	GPIO (5V)	PI7	C10	GPIO (5V)
PF15	C11	GPIO (5V)	PF12	C12	GPIO
PF4	C13	GPIO	PC15	C14	GPIO (5V)
PC14	C15	GPIO (5V)	VREGI	C16	Input to 5 V regulator.
PA2	D1	GPIO	PG0	D2	GPIO (5V)
PD15	D3	GPIO (5V)	PC13	D14	GPIO (5V)
PC12	D15	GPIO (5V)	PC11	D16	GPIO (5V)
PA3	E1	GPIO	PG2	E2	GPIO (5V)
PG1	E3	GPIO (5V)	PC10	E14	GPIO (5V)
PC9	E15	GPIO (5V)	PC8	E16	GPIO (5V)
PA4	F1	GPIO	PG4	F2	GPIO (5V)
PG3	F3	GPIO (5V)	IOVDD2	F6 G6	Digital IO power supply 2.

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PE8	B4	GPIO	PD11	B5	GPIO
PF8	B6	GPIO	PF6	B7	GPIO
PF3	B8	GPIO	PE5	B9	GPIO
PC12	B10	GPIO (5V)	PC13	B11	GPIO (5V)
PA1	C1	GPIO	PA0	C2	GPIO
PE10	C3	GPIO	PD13	C4	GPIO (5V)
PD12	C5	GPIO	PF9	C6	GPIO
VSS	C7 D4 F9 G3 G9 H6 K4 K7 K10 L7	Ground	PF2	C8	GPIO
PE6	C9	GPIO	PC10	C10	GPIO (5V)
PC11	C11	GPIO (5V)	PA3	D1	GPIO
PA2	D2	GPIO	PB15	D3	GPIO (5V)
IOVDD1	D5	Digital IO power supply 1.	PD9	D6	GPIO
IOVDD0	D7 G8 H7 L4	Digital IO power supply 0.	PF1	D8	GPIO (5V)
PE7	D9	GPIO	PC8	D10	GPIO (5V)
PC9	D11	GPIO (5V)	PA6	E1	GPIO
PA5	E2	GPIO	PA4	E3	GPIO
PB0	E4	GPIO	PF0	E8	GPIO (5V)
PE0	E9	GPIO (5V)	PE1	E10	GPIO (5V)
PE3	E11	GPIO	PB1	F1	GPIO
PB2	F2	GPIO	PB3	F3	GPIO
PB4	F4	GPIO	DVDD	F8	Digital power supply.
PE2	F10	GPIO	DECOUPLE	F11	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.
PB5	G1	GPIO	PB6	G2	GPIO
IOVDD2	G4	Digital IO power supply 2.	PC6	G10	GPIO
PC7	G11	GPIO	PC0	H1	GPIO (5V)
PC2	H2	GPIO (5V)	PD14	H3	GPIO (5V)
PA7	H4	GPIO	PA8	H5	GPIO
PD8	H8	GPIO	PD5	H9	GPIO
PD6	H10	GPIO	PD7	H11	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PC1	J1	GPIO (5V)	PC3	J2	GPIO (5V)
PD15	J3	GPIO (5V)	PA12	J4	GPIO (5V)
PA9	J5	GPIO	PA10	J6	GPIO
PB9	J7	GPIO (5V)	PB10	J8	GPIO (5V)
PD2	J9	GPIO (5V)	PD3	J10	GPIO
PD4	J11	GPIO	PB7	K1	GPIO
PC4	K2	GPIO	PA13	K3	GPIO (5V)
PA11	K5	GPIO	RESETn	K6	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
AVDD	K8 K9 L10	Analog power supply.	PD1	K11	GPIO
PB8	L1	GPIO	PC5	L2	GPIO
PA14	L3	GPIO	PB11	L5	GPIO
PB12	L6	GPIO	PB13	L8	GPIO
PB14	L9	GPIO	PD0	L11	GPIO (5V)

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PD13, PD14, and PD15 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PG3	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD03 #2	TIM6_CDTI0 #0 WTIM0_CC1 #2 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #7	ETH_MIITXD1 #1 US3_CS #4 QSPI0_DQ2 #2	
PI5		EBI_A07 #2	WTIM3_CC2 #4	US4_RTS #2 I2C2_SCL #7	ACMP3_O #5
PI4		EBI_A06 #2	WTIM3_CC1 #4	US4_CTS #2 I2C2_SDA #7	ACMP3_O #4
PI3		EBI_A05 #2	WTIM3_CC0 #4	US4_CS #2 I2C1_SCL #7	
PA5	BUSAY BUSBX LCD_SEG18	EBI_AD14 #0	TIM0_CDTI2 #0 TIM3_CC2 #5 PCNT1_S0IN #0	ETH_RMIIRXER #0 ETH_MIITXEN #0 SDIO_DAT5 #1 US3_RTS #0 U0_CTS #2 QSPI0_DQ3 #1 LEU1_TX #1	LES_ALTEX4 PRS_CH17 #0 ACMP1_O #7 ETM_TD3 #3
PG6	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD06 #2	TIM2_CC1 #7 TIM6_CC0 #1	ETH_MIITXER #1 US3_TX #3 QSPI0_DQ5 #2	
PG5	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD05 #2	TIM6_CDTI2 #0 TIM2_CC0 #7	ETH_MIITXEN #1 US3_RTS #4 QSPI0_DQ4 #2	
PI2		EBI_A04 #2	TIM5_CC2 #3 WTIM1_CC3 #5 PCNT2_S0IN #5	US4_CLK #2 I2C1_SDA #7	ACMP2_O #5
PI1		EBI_A03 #2	TIM5_CC1 #3 WTIM1_CC2 #5 PCNT2_S1IN #5	US4_RX #2	ACMP2_O #4
PI0		EBI_A02 #2	TIM5_CC0 #3 WTIM1_CC1 #5 PCNT2_S0IN #6	US4_TX #2	ACMP2_O #3
PA6	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG19	EBI_AD15 #0	TIM3_CC0 #6 WTIM0_CC0 #1 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #0 PCNT1_S1IN #0	ETH_MIITXER #0 ETH_MDC #3 SDIO_CD #2 US5_TX #1 U0_RTS #2 LEU1_RX #1	PRS_CH6 #0 ACMP0_O #4 ETM_TCLK #3 GPIO_EM4WU1
PG8		EBI_AD08 #2	TIM2_CC0 #6 TIM6_CC2 #1 WTIM0_CC0 #3	ETH_MIIRXD3 #1 CAN0_RX #4 US3_CLK #3 QSPI0_DQ7 #2	
PG7	BUSACMP2Y BU-SACMP2X	EBI_AD07 #2	TIM2_CC2 #7 TIM6_CC1 #1	ETH_MIIRXCLK #1 US3_RX #3 QSPI0_DQ6 #2	
PE5	BUSCY BUSDX LCD_COM1	EBI_A12 #0 EBI_A17 #1 EBI_A23 #3	TIM3_CC0 #3 TIM3_CC2 #2 TIM5_CC1 #0 TIM6_CDTI1 #2 WTIM0_CC1 #0 WTIM1_CC2 #4	US0_CLK #1 US1_CLK #6 US3_CTS #1 U1_RTS #3 I2C0_SCL #7	PRS_CH17 #2

GPIO Name	Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
PD4	BUSADC0Y BU-SADC0X OPA2_P	EBI_A08 #1 EBI_A17 #3	TIM6_CC0 #7 WTIM0_CDTI0 #4 WTIM1_CC2 #1 WTIM2_CC1 #5	CAN1_TX #2 US1_CTS #1 US3_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #0 I2C1_SDA #3	CMU_CLKI0 #0 PRS_CH10 #2 ETM_TD2 #0 ETM_TD2 #2
PC0	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #0 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD07 #1 EBI_CS0 #2 EBI_REn #3 EBI_A23 #0	TIM0_CC1 #3 TIM2_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #2	ETH_MDIO #2 CAN0_RX #0 US0_TX #5 US1_TX #0 US1_CS #4 US2_RTS #0 US3_CS #3 I2C0_SDA #4	LES_CH0 PRS_CH2 #0
PC1	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #1 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD08 #1 EBI_CS1 #2 EBI_BL0 #3 EBI_A24 #0	TIM0_CC2 #3 TIM2_CC2 #4 WTIM0_CC0 #7 PCNT0_S1IN #2	ETH_MDC #2 CAN0_TX #0 US0_RX #5 US1_TX #4 US1_RX #0 US2_CTS #0 US3_RTS #1 I2C0_SCL #4	LES_CH1 PRS_CH3 #0
PC2	VDAC0_OUT0ALT / OPA0_OUTALT #2 BUSACMP0Y BU-SACMP0X	EBI_AD09 #1 EBI_CS2 #2 EBI_NANDWEn #3 EBI_A25 #0	TIM0_CDTI0 #3 TIM2_CC0 #5 WTIM0_CC1 #7 LE-TIM1_OUT0 #3	ETH_TSUEXTCLK #2 CAN1_RX #0 US1_RX #4 US2_TX #0	LES_CH2 PRS_CH10 #1
PA8	BUSBY BUSAX LCD_SEG36	EBI_AD14 #1 EBI_A02 #3 EBI_DCLK #0	TIM2_CC0 #0 TIM0_CC0 #6 LE-TIM0_OUT0 #6 PCNT1_S1IN #4	US2_RX #2 US4_RTS #0	PRS_CH8 #0
PA11	BUSAY BUSBX LCD_SEG39	EBI_CS1 #1 EBI_A05 #3 EBI_HSNC #0	WTIM2_CC2 #0 LE-TIM1_OUT0 #1	US2_CTS #2	PRS_CH11 #0
PA13	BUSAY BUSBX	EBI_WEn #1 EBI_NANDWEn #2 EBI_A01 #0 EBI_A07 #3	TIM0_CC2 #7 TIM2_CC1 #1 WTIM0_CDTI1 #2 WTIM2_CC1 #1 LE-TIM1_OUT1 #1 PCNT1_S1IN #5	CAN1_TX #5 US0_CS #5 US2_TX #3	PRS_CH13 #0
PB9	BUSAY BUSBX	EBI_ALE #1 EBI_NANDREn #2 EBI_A00 #1 EBI_A03 #0 EBI_A09 #3	WTIM2_CC0 #2 LE-TIM0_OUT0 #7	SDIO_WP #3 CAN0_RX #3 US1_CTS #0 U1_TX #2	PRS_CH13 #1 ACMP1_O #5
PB12	BUSBY BUSAX VDAC0_OUT1 / OPA1_OUT	EBI_A03 #1 EBI_A12 #3 EBI_CSTFT #2	TIM1_CC3 #3 WTIM2_CC0 #3 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #1 PCNT0_S0IN #7 PCNT1_S1IN #6	US2_CTS #1 US5_RTS #0 U1_RTS #2 I2C1_SCL #1	PRS_CH16 #1
PH2	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_VSNC #2	TIM6_CC0 #3	US1_CTS #6	
PH5	BUSADC1Y BU-SADC1X	EBI_A17 #2	TIM6_CDTI0 #3 WTIM2_CC1 #6	US4_RX #4	
PH8	BUSACMP3Y BU-SACMP3X	EBI_A20 #2	TIM6_CC0 #4 WTIM1_CC0 #6 WTIM2_CC1 #7	US4_CTS #4	

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
EBI_AD08	0: PA15 1: PC1 2: PG8		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 08.
EBI_AD09	0: PA0 1: PC2 2: PG9		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 09.
EBI_AD10	0: PA1 1: PC3 2: PG10		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 10.
EBI_AD11	0: PA2 1: PC4 2: PG11		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 11.
EBI_AD12	0: PA3 1: PC5 2: PG12		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 12.
EBI_AD13	0: PA4 1: PA7 2: PG13		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 13.
EBI_AD14	0: PA5 1: PA8 2: PG14		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 14.
EBI_AD15	0: PA6 1: PA9 2: PG15		External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 15.
EBI_ALE	0: PF3 1: PB9 2: PC4 3: PB5	4: PC11 5: PC11	External Bus Interface (EBI) Address Latch Enable output.
EBI_ARDY	0: PF2 1: PD13 2: PB15 3: PB4	4: PC13 5: PF10	External Bus Interface (EBI) Hardware Ready Control input.
EBI_BL0	0: PF6 1: PF8 2: PB10 3: PC1	4: PF6 5: PF6	External Bus Interface (EBI) Byte Lane/Enable pin 0.
EBI_BL1	0: PF7 1: PF9 2: PB11 3: PC3	4: PF7 5: PF7	External Bus Interface (EBI) Byte Lane/Enable pin 1.
EBI_CS0	0: PD9 1: PA10 2: PC0 3: PB0	4: PE8	External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 0.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
ETH_MDIO	0: PB3 1: PD13 2: PC0 3: PA15		Ethernet Management Data I/O.
ETH_MIICOL	0: PB2 1: PG15 2: PB4		Ethernet MII Collision Detect.
ETH_MIICRS	0: PB1 1: PG14 2: PB3		Ethernet MII Carrier Sense.
ETH_MIIRXCLK	0: PA15 1: PG7 2: PD12		Ethernet MII Receive Clock.
ETH_MIIRXD0	0: PE12 1: PG11 2: PF9		Ethernet MII Receive Data Bit 0.
ETH_MIIRXD1	0: PE13 1: PG10 2: PD9		Ethernet MII Receive Data Bit 1.
ETH_MIIRXD2	0: PE14 1: PG9 2: PD10		Ethernet MII Receive Data Bit 2.
ETH_MIIRXD3	0: PE15 1: PG8 2: PD11		Ethernet MII Receive Data Bit 3.
ETH_MIIRXDV	0: PE11 1: PG12 2: PF8		Ethernet MII Receive Data Valid.
ETH_MIIRXER	0: PE10 1: PG13 2: PF7		Ethernet MII Receive Error.
ETH_MIITXCLK	0: PA0 1: PG0		Ethernet MII Transmit Clock.
ETH_MIITXD0	0: PA4 1: PG4		Ethernet MII Transmit Data Bit 0.
ETH_MIITXD1	0: PA3 1: PG3		Ethernet MII Transmit Data Bit 1.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
WTIM3_CC2	0: PD11 1: PC10 2: PC13 3: PF11	4: PI5 5: PF6 6: PF12 7: PF15	Wide timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.

Certain alternate function locations may have non-interference priority. These locations will take precedence over any other functions selected on that pin (i.e. another alternate function enabled to the same pin inadvertently).

Some alternate functions may also have high speed priority on certain locations. These locations ensure the fastest possible paths to the pins for timing-critical signals.

The following table lists the alternate functions and locations with special priority.

Table 5.22. Alternate Functionality Priority

Alternate Functionality	Location	Priority
CMU_CLK2	1: PA3 5: PD10	High Speed High Speed
CMU_CLKI0	1: PA3 5: PD10	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII CRS DV	0: PA4 1: PD11	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII REF CLK	0: PA3 1: PD10	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII RX D0	0: PA2 1: PD9	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII RX D1	0: PA1 1: PF9	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII RX ER	0: PA5 1: PD12	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII TX D0	0: PE15 1: PF7	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII TX D1	0: PE14 1: PF6	High Speed High Speed
ETH_RMII TX EN	0: PA0 1: PF8	High Speed High Speed
QSPI0_CS0	0: PF7	High Speed
QSPI0_CS1	0: PF8	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ0	0: PD9	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ1	0: PD10	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ2	0: PD11	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ3	0: PD12	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ4	0: PE8	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ5	0: PE9	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ6	0: PE10	High Speed
QSPI0_DQ7	0: PE11	High Speed