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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	STM8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	1K x 8
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.95V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 7x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8s207k6t6ctr

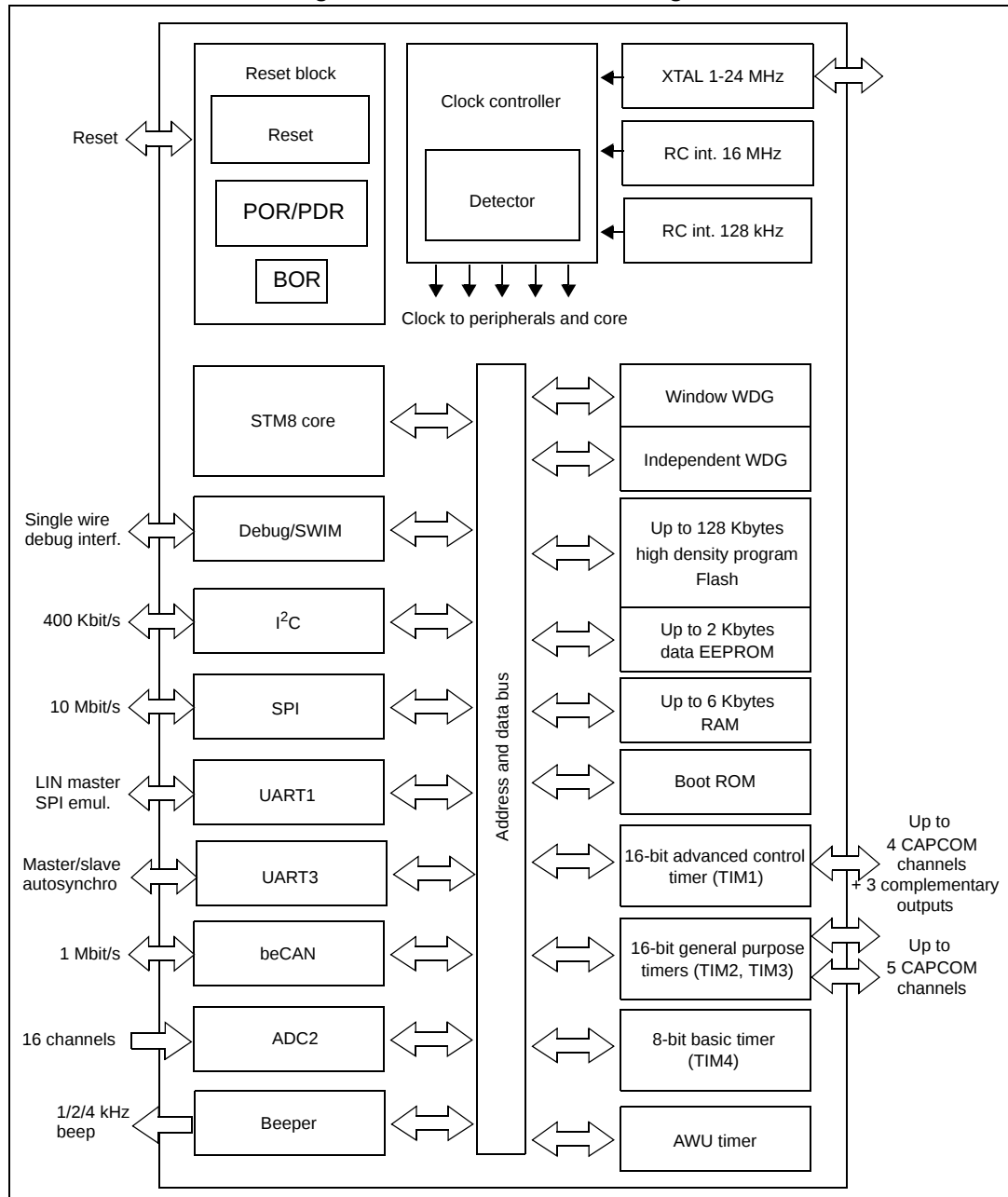
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3 Block diagram

Figure 1. STM8S20xxx block diagram



1. Legend:
- ADC: Analog-to-digital converter
 - beCAN: Controller area network
 - BOR: Brownout reset
 - I²C: Inter-integrated circuit multimaster interface
 - Independent WDG: Independent watchdog
 - POR/PDR: Power on reset / power down reset
 - SPI: Serial peripheral interface
 - SWIM: Single wire interface module
 - UART: Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter
 - Window WDG: Window watchdog

4.5 Clock controller

The clock controller distributes the system clock (f_{MASTER}) coming from different oscillators to the core and the peripherals. It also manages clock gating for low power modes and ensures clock robustness.

Features

- **Clock prescaler:** To get the best compromise between speed and current consumption the clock frequency to the CPU and peripherals can be adjusted by a programmable prescaler.
- **Safe clock switching:** Clock sources can be changed safely on the fly in run mode through a configuration register. The clock signal is not switched until the new clock source is ready. The design guarantees glitch-free switching.
- **Clock management:** To reduce power consumption, the clock controller can stop the clock to the core, individual peripherals or memory.
- **Master clock sources:** Four different clock sources can be used to drive the master clock:
 - 1-24 MHz high-speed external crystal (HSE)
 - Up to 24 MHz high-speed user-external clock (HSE user-ext)
 - 16 MHz high-speed internal RC oscillator (HSI)
 - 128 kHz low-speed internal RC (LSI)
- **Startup clock:** After reset, the microcontroller restarts by default with an internal 2 MHz clock (HSI/8). The prescaler ratio and clock source can be changed by the application program as soon as the code execution starts.
- **Clock security system (CSS):** This feature can be enabled by software. If an HSE clock failure occurs, the internal RC (16 MHz/8) is automatically selected by the CSS and an interrupt can optionally be generated.
- **Configurable main clock output (CCO):** This outputs an external clock for use by the application.

Table 3. Peripheral clock gating bit assignments in CLK_PCKENR1/2 registers

Bit	Peripheral clock	Bit	Peripheral clock	Bit	Peripheral clock	Bit	Peripheral clock
PCKEN17	TIM1	PCKEN13	UART3	PCKEN27	beCAN	PCKEN23	ADC
PCKEN16	TIM3	PCKEN12	UART1	PCKEN26	Reserved	PCKEN22	AWU
PCKEN15	TIM2	PCKEN11	SPI	PCKEN25	Reserved	PCKEN21	Reserved
PCKEN14	TIM4	PCKEN10	I ² C	PCKEN24	Reserved	PCKEN20	Reserved

4.12 TIM4 - 8-bit basic timer

- 8-bit autoreload, adjustable prescaler ratio to any power of 2 from 1 to 128
- Clock source: CPU clock
- Interrupt source: 1 x overflow/update

Table 4. TIM timer features

Timer	Counter size (bits)	Prescaler	Counting mode	CAPCOM channels	Complem. outputs	Ext. trigger	Timer synchron-ization/chaining
TIM1	16	Any integer from 1 to 65536	Up/down	4	3	Yes	No
TIM2	16	Any power of 2 from 1 to 32768	Up	3	0	No	
TIM3	16	Any power of 2 from 1 to 32768	Up	2	0	No	
TIM4	8	Any power of 2 from 1 to 128	Up	0	0	No	

4.13 Analog-to-digital converter (ADC2)

STM8S20xxx performance line products contain a 10-bit successive approximation A/D converter (ADC2) with up to 16 multiplexed input channels and the following main features:

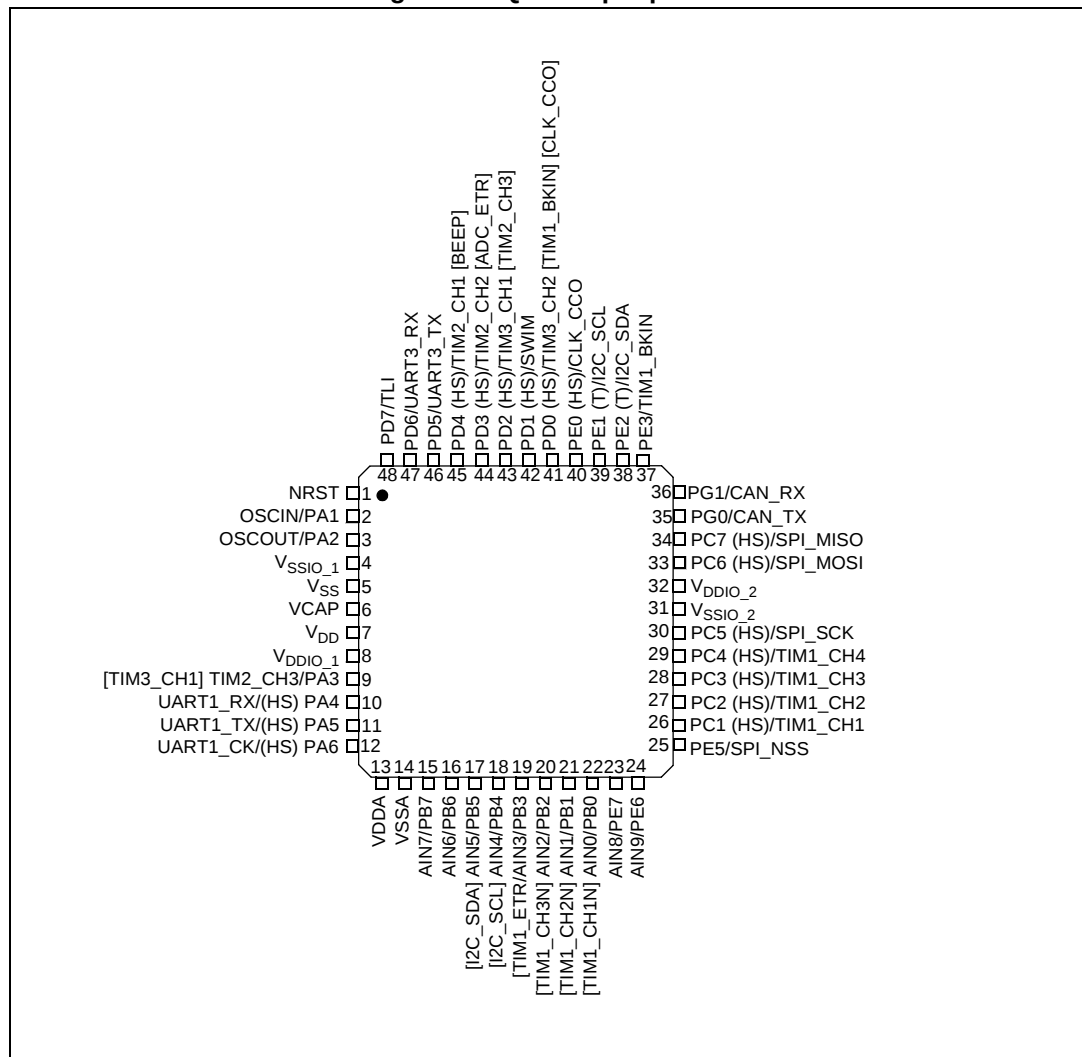
- Input voltage range: 0 to V_{DDA}
- Dedicated voltage reference (VREF) pins available on 80 and 64-pin devices
- Conversion time: 14 clock cycles
- Single and continuous modes
- External trigger input
- Trigger from TIM1 TRGO
- End of conversion (EOC) interrupt

4.14 Communication interfaces

The following communication interfaces are implemented:

- UART1: Full feature UART, SPI emulation, LIN2.1 master capability, Smartcard mode, IrDA mode, single wire mode.
- UART3: Full feature UART, LIN2.1 master/slave capability
- SPI: Full and half-duplex, 10 Mbit/s
- I²C: Up to 400 Kbit/s
- beCAN (rev. 2.0A,B) - 3 Tx mailboxes - up to 1 Mbit/s

Figure 5. LQFP 48-pin pinout



1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to V_{DD} not implemented).
3. [] alternate function remapping option (If the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).
4. CAN_RX and CAN_TX is available on STM8S208xx devices only.

remap) option bits. Refer to [Section 8: Option bytes on page 47](#). When the remapping option is active, the default alternate function is no longer available.

To use an alternate function, the corresponding peripheral must be enabled in the peripheral registers.

Alternate function remapping does not effect GPIO capabilities of the I/O ports (see the GPIO section of the family reference manual, RM0016).

Table 7 lists the boundary addresses for each memory size. The top of the stack is at the RAM end address in each case.

Table 7. Flash, Data EEPROM and RAM boundary addresses

Memory area	Size (bytes)	Start address	End address
Flash program memory	128 K	0x00 8000	0x02 7FFF
	64 K	0x00 8000	0x01 7FFF
	32 K	0x00 8000	0x00 FFFF
RAM	6 K	0x00 0000	0x00 17FF
	4 K	0x00 0000	0x00 1000
	2 K	0x00 0000	0x00 07FF
Data EEPROM	2048	0x00 4000	0x00 47FF
	1536	0x00 4000	0x00 45FF
	1024	0x00 4000	0x00 43FF

6.2 Register map

Table 8. I/O port hardware register map

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5000	Port A	PA_ODR	Port A data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5001		PA_IDR	Port A input pin value register	0x00
0x00 5002		PA_DDR	Port A data direction register	0x00
0x00 5003		PA_CR1	Port A control register 1	0x00
0x00 5004		PA_CR2	Port A control register 2	0x00
0x00 5005	Port B	PB_ODR	Port B data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5006		PB_IDR	Port B input pin value register	0x00
0x00 5007		PB_DDR	Port B data direction register	0x00
0x00 5008		PB_CR1	Port B control register 1	0x00
0x00 5009		PB_CR2	Port B control register 2	0x00
0x00 500A	Port C	PC_ODR	Port C data output latch register	0x00
0x00 500B		PC_IDR	Port C input pin value register	0x00
0x00 500C		PC_DDR	Port C data direction register	0x00
0x00 500D		PC_CR1	Port C control register 1	0x00
0x00 500E		PC_CR2	Port C control register 2	0x00

Table 9. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5216	I ² C	I2C_DR	I ² C data register	0x00
0x00 5217		I2C_SR1	I ² C status register 1	0x00
0x00 5218		I2C_SR2	I ² C status register 2	0x00
0x00 5219		I2C_SR3	I ² C status register 3	0x00
0x00 521A		I2C_ITR	I ² C interrupt control register	0x00
0x00 521B		I2C_CCRL	I ² C clock control register low	0x00
0x00 521C		I2C_CCRH	I ² C clock control register high	0x00
0x00 521D		I2C_TRISER	I ² C TRISE register	0x02
0x00 521E to 0x00 522F	Reserved area (18 bytes)			
0x00 5230	UART1	UART1_SR	UART1 status register	0xC0
0x00 5231		UART1_DR	UART1 data register	0xFF
0x00 5232		UART1_BRR1	UART1 baud rate register 1	0x00
0x00 5233		UART1_BRR2	UART1 baud rate register 2	0x00
0x00 5234		UART1_CR1	UART1 control register 1	0x00
0x00 5235		UART1_CR2	UART1 control register 2	0x00
0x00 5236		UART1_CR3	UART1 control register 3	0x00
0x00 5237		UART1_CR4	UART1 control register 4	0x00
0x00 5238		UART1_CR5	UART1 control register 5	0x00
0x00 5239		UART1_GTR	UART1 guard time register	0x00
0x00 523A		UART1_PSCR	UART1 prescaler register	0x00
0x00 523B to 0x00 523F	Reserved area (5 bytes)			
0x00 5240	UART3	UART3_SR	UART3 status register	C0h
0x00 5241		UART3_DR	UART3 data register	0xFF
0x00 5242		UART3_BRR1	UART3 baud rate register 1	0x00
0x00 5243		UART3_BRR2	UART3 baud rate register 2	0x00
0x00 5244		UART3_CR1	UART3 control register 1	0x00
0x00 5245		UART3_CR2	UART3 control register 2	0x00
0x00 5246		UART3_CR3	UART3 control register 3	0x00
0x00 5247		UART3_CR4	UART3 control register 4	0x00
0x00 5248		Reserved		
0x00 5249		UART3_CR6	UART3 control register 6	0x00
0x00 524A to 0x00 524F	Reserved area (6 bytes)			

Table 9. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5250	TIM1	TIM1_CR1	TIM1 control register 1	0x00
0x00 5251		TIM1_CR2	TIM1 control register 2	0x00
0x00 5252		TIM1_SMCR	TIM1 slave mode control register	0x00
0x00 5253		TIM1_ETR	TIM1 external trigger register	0x00
0x00 5254		TIM1_IER	TIM1 Interrupt enable register	0x00
0x00 5255		TIM1_SR1	TIM1 status register 1	0x00
0x00 5256		TIM1_SR2	TIM1 status register 2	0x00
0x00 5257		TIM1_EGR	TIM1 event generation register	0x00
0x00 5258		TIM1_CCMR1	TIM1 capture/compare mode register 1	0x00
0x00 5259		TIM1_CCMR2	TIM1 capture/compare mode register 2	0x00
0x00 525A		TIM1_CCMR3	TIM1 capture/compare mode register 3	0x00
0x00 525B		TIM1_CCMR4	TIM1 capture/compare mode register 4	0x00
0x00 525C		TIM1_CCER1	TIM1 capture/compare enable register 1	0x00
0x00 525D		TIM1_CCER2	TIM1 capture/compare enable register 2	0x00
0x00 525E		TIM1_CNTRH	TIM1 counter high	0x00
0x00 525F		TIM1_CNTRL	TIM1 counter low	0x00
0x00 5260		TIM1_PSCRH	TIM1 prescaler register high	0x00
0x00 5261		TIM1_PSCRL	TIM1 prescaler register low	0x00
0x00 5262		TIM1_ARRH	TIM1 auto-reload register high	0xFF
0x00 5263		TIM1_ARRL	TIM1 auto-reload register low	0xFF
0x00 5264		TIM1_RCR	TIM1 repetition counter register	0x00
0x00 5265		TIM1_CCR1H	TIM1 capture/compare register 1 high	0x00
0x00 5266		TIM1_CCR1L	TIM1 capture/compare register 1 low	0x00
0x00 5267		TIM1_CCR2H	TIM1 capture/compare register 2 high	0x00
0x00 5268		TIM1_CCR2L	TIM1 capture/compare register 2 low	0x00
0x00 5269		TIM1_CCR3H	TIM1 capture/compare register 3 high	0x00
0x00 526A		TIM1_CCR3L	TIM1 capture/compare register 3 low	0x00
0x00 526B		TIM1_CCR4H	TIM1 capture/compare register 4 high	0x00
0x00 526C		TIM1_CCR4L	TIM1 capture/compare register 4 low	0x00
0x00 526D		TIM1_BKR	TIM1 break register	0x00
0x00 526E		TIM1_DTR	TIM1 dead-time register	0x00
0x00 526F		TIM1_OISR	TIM1 output idle state register	0x00
0x00 5270 to 0x00 52FF	Reserved area (147 bytes)			

Table 10. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers

Address	Block	Register Label	Register Name	Reset Status
0x00 7F00	CPU ⁽¹⁾	A	Accumulator	0x00
0x00 7F01		PCE	Program counter extended	0x00
0x00 7F02		PCH	Program counter high	0x00
0x00 7F03		PCL	Program counter low	0x00
0x00 7F04		XH	X index register high	0x00
0x00 7F05		XL	X index register low	0x00
0x00 7F06		YH	Y index register high	0x00
0x00 7F07		YL	Y index register low	0x00
0x00 7F08		SPH	Stack pointer high	0x17 ⁽²⁾
0x00 7F09		SPL	Stack pointer low	0xFF
0x00 7F0A		CCR	Condition code register	0x28
0x00 7F0B to 0x00 7F5F	Reserved area (85 bytes)			
0x00 7F60	CPU	CFG_GCR	Global configuration register	0x00
0x00 7F70	ITC	ITC_SPR1	Interrupt software priority register 1	0xFF
0x00 7F71		ITC_SPR2	Interrupt software priority register 2	0xFF
0x00 7F72		ITC_SPR3	Interrupt software priority register 3	0xFF
0x00 7F73		ITC_SPR4	Interrupt software priority register 4	0xFF
0x00 7F74		ITC_SPR5	Interrupt software priority register 5	0xFF
0x00 7F75		ITC_SPR6	Interrupt software priority register 6	0xFF
0x00 7F76		ITC_SPR7	Interrupt software priority register 7	0xFF
0x00 7F77		ITC_SPR8	Interrupt software priority register 8	0xFF
0x00 7F78 to 0x00 7F79	Reserved area (2 bytes)			
0x00 7F80	SWIM	SWIM_CSR	SWIM control status register	0x00
0x00 7F81 to 0x00 7F8F	Reserved area (15 bytes)			
0x00 7F90	DM	DM_BK1RE	DM breakpoint 1 register extended byte	0xFF
0x00 7F91		DM_BK1RH	DM breakpoint 1 register high byte	0xFF
0x00 7F92		DM_BK1RL	DM breakpoint 1 register low byte	0xFF
0x00 7F93		DM_BK2RE	DM breakpoint 2 register extended byte	0xFF
0x00 7F94		DM_BK2RH	DM breakpoint 2 register high byte	0xFF
0x00 7F95		DM_BK2RL	DM breakpoint 2 register low byte	0xFF
0x00 7F96		DM_CR1	DM debug module control register 1	0x00
0x00 7F97		DM_CR2	DM debug module control register 2	0x00

Table 21. Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$I_{DD(RUN)}$	Supply current in run mode, code executed from RAM	$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 24\text{ MHz}$, $T_A \leq 105\text{ °C}$	HSE crystal osc. (24 MHz)	4.0		mA
			HSE user ext. clock (24 MHz)	3.7	7.3	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	2.9		
			HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	2.7	5.8	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	2.5	3.4	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER}/128 = 125\text{ kHz}$	HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	1.2	4.1	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	1.0	1.3	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER}/128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16MHz/8)	0.55		
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	0.45		
	Supply current in run mode, code executed from Flash	$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 24\text{ MHz}$, $T_A \leq 105\text{ °C}$	HSE crystal osc. (24 MHz)	11.0		
			HSE user ext. clock (24 MHz)	10.8	18.0	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	8.4		
			HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)	8.2	15.2	
			HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	8.1	13.2	
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 2\text{ MHz}$.	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) ⁽²⁾	1.5		
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER}/128 = 125\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)	1.1		
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER}/128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$	HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)	0.6		
		$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	0.55		

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

2. Default clock configuration.

Total current consumption in halt mode**Table 26. Total current consumption in halt mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max at 85 °C	Max at 125 °C	Unit
$I_{DD(H)}$	Supply current in halt mode	Flash in operating mode, HSI clock after wakeup	63.5			μA
		Flash in power-down mode, HSI clock after wakeup	6.5	35	100	

Table 27. Total current consumption in halt mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Unit
$I_{DD(H)}$	Supply current in halt mode	Flash in operating mode, HSI clock after wakeup	61.5	μA
		Flash in power-down mode, HSI clock after wakeup	4.5	

Low power mode wakeup times**Table 28. Wakeup times**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$t_{WU(WFI)}$	Wakeup time from wait mode to run mode ⁽³⁾	$f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$.		0.56	See note ⁽²⁾	μs
$t_{WU(AH)}$	Wakeup time active halt mode to run mode. ⁽³⁾	MVR voltage regulator on ⁽⁴⁾	Flash in operating mode ⁽⁵⁾	1 ⁽⁶⁾	2 ⁽⁶⁾	
			Flash in power-down mode ⁽⁵⁾	3 ⁽⁶⁾		
		MVR voltage regulator off ⁽⁴⁾	Flash in operating mode ⁽⁵⁾	48 ⁽⁶⁾		
			Flash in power-down mode ⁽⁵⁾	50 ⁽⁶⁾		
$t_{WU(H)}$	Wakeup time from halt mode to run mode ⁽³⁾	Flash in operating mode ⁽⁵⁾		52		
		Flash in power-down mode ⁽⁵⁾		54		

1. Data guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
2. $t_{WU(WFI)} = 2 \times 1/f_{master} + 7 \times 1/f_{CPU}$
3. Measured from interrupt event to interrupt vector fetch.
4. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK_ICR register.
5. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH_CR1 register.
6. Plus 1 LSI clock depending on synchronization.

Total current consumption and timing in forced reset state**Table 29. Total current consumption and timing in forced reset state**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$I_{DD(R)}$	Supply current in reset state	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$	1.6		mA
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	0.8		
$t_{RESETBL}$	Reset release to bootloader vector fetch			150	μs

1. Data guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Current consumption of on-chip peripherals

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A .

HSI internal RC/ $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$.

Table 30. Peripheral current consumption

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Unit
$I_{DD(TIM1)}$	TIM1 supply current ⁽¹⁾	220	μA
$I_{DD(TIM2)}$	TIM2 supply current ⁽¹⁾	120	
$I_{DD(TIM3)}$	TIM3 timer supply current ⁽¹⁾	100	
$I_{DD(TIM4)}$	TIM4 timer supply current ⁽¹⁾	25	
$I_{DD(UART1)}$	UART1 supply current ⁽²⁾	90	
$I_{DD(UART3)}$	UART3 supply current ⁽²⁾	110	
$I_{DD(SPI)}$	SPI supply current ⁽²⁾	40	
$I_{DD(I^2C)}$	I ² C supply current ⁽²⁾	50	
$I_{DD(CAN)}$	beCAN supply current ⁽²⁾	210	
$I_{DD(ADC2)}$	ADC2 supply current when converting ⁽³⁾	1000	

1. Data based on a differential I_{DD} measurement between reset configuration and timer counter running at 16 MHz. No IC/OC programmed (no I/O pads toggling). Not tested in production.
2. Data based on a differential I_{DD} measurement between the on-chip peripheral when kept under reset and not clocked and the on-chip peripheral when clocked and not kept under reset. No I/O pads toggling. Not tested in production.
3. Data based on a differential I_{DD} measurement between reset configuration and continuous A/D conversions. Not tested in production.

Figure 29. Typ. $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$ @ $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (standard ports)

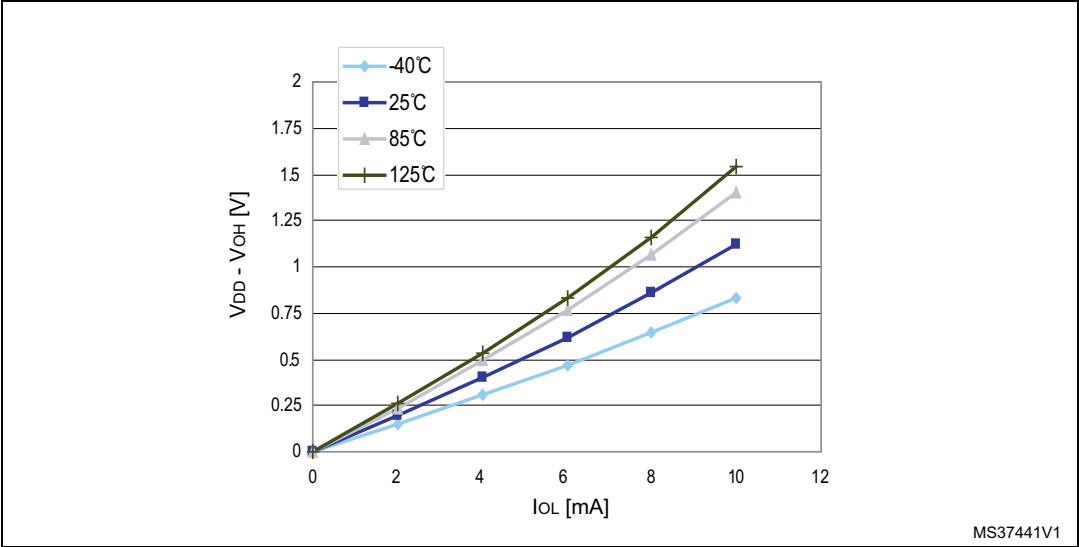


Figure 30. Typ. $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$ @ $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ (standard ports)

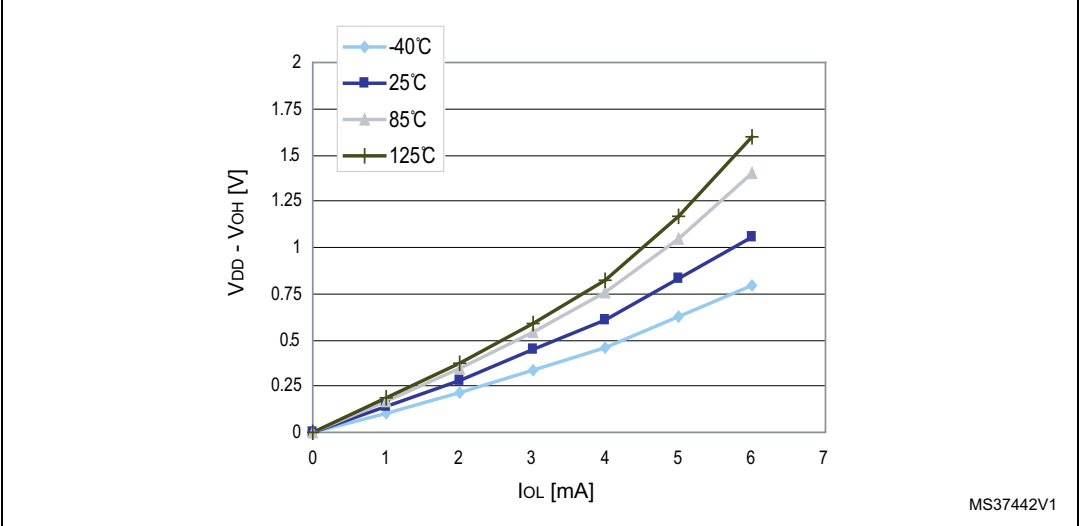
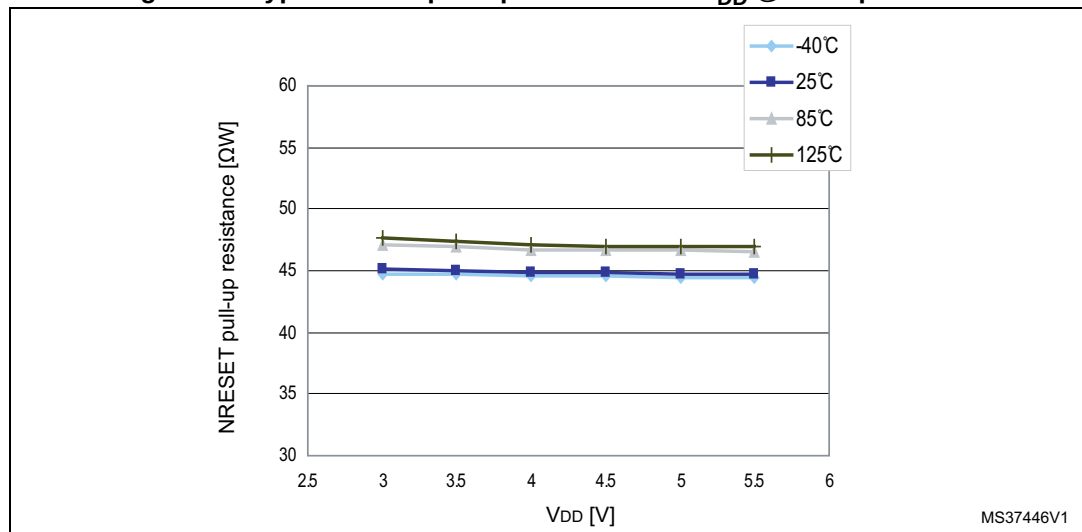
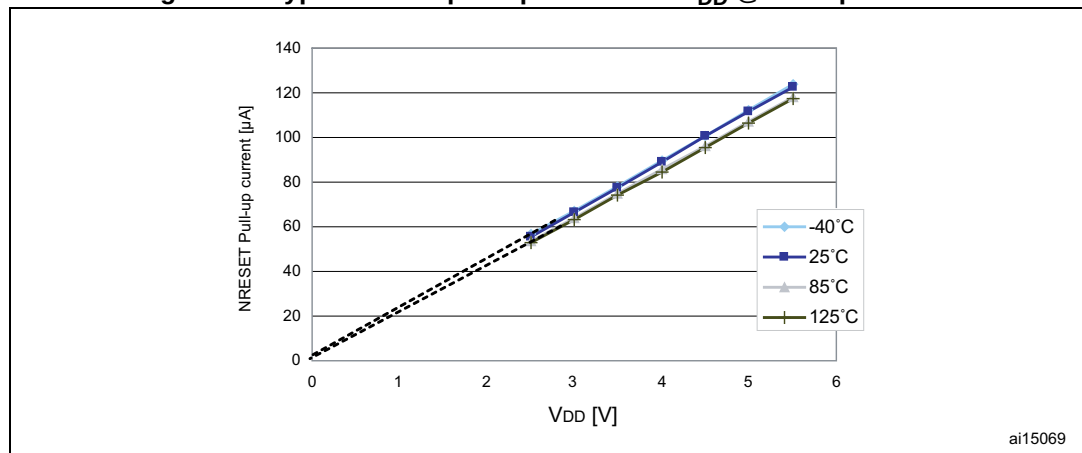


Figure 34. Typical NRST pull-up resistance vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperaturesFigure 35. Typical NRST pull-up current vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperatures

The reset network shown in [Figure 36](#) protects the device against parasitic resets. The user must ensure that the level on the NRST pin can go below the V_{IL} max. level specified in [Table 41](#). Otherwise the reset is not taken into account internally. For power consumption sensitive applications, the capacity of the external reset capacitor can be reduced to limit charge/discharge current. If the NRST signal is used to reset the external circuitry, care must be taken of the charge/discharge time of the external capacitor to fulfill the external device's reset timing conditions. The minimum recommended capacity is 10 nF.

Figure 36. Recommended reset pin protection

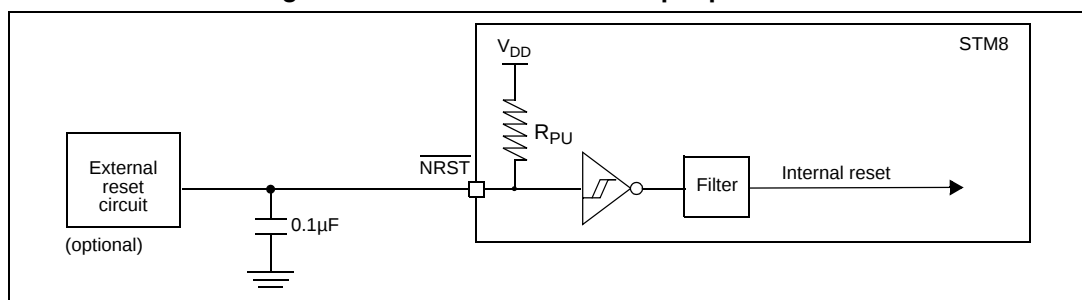
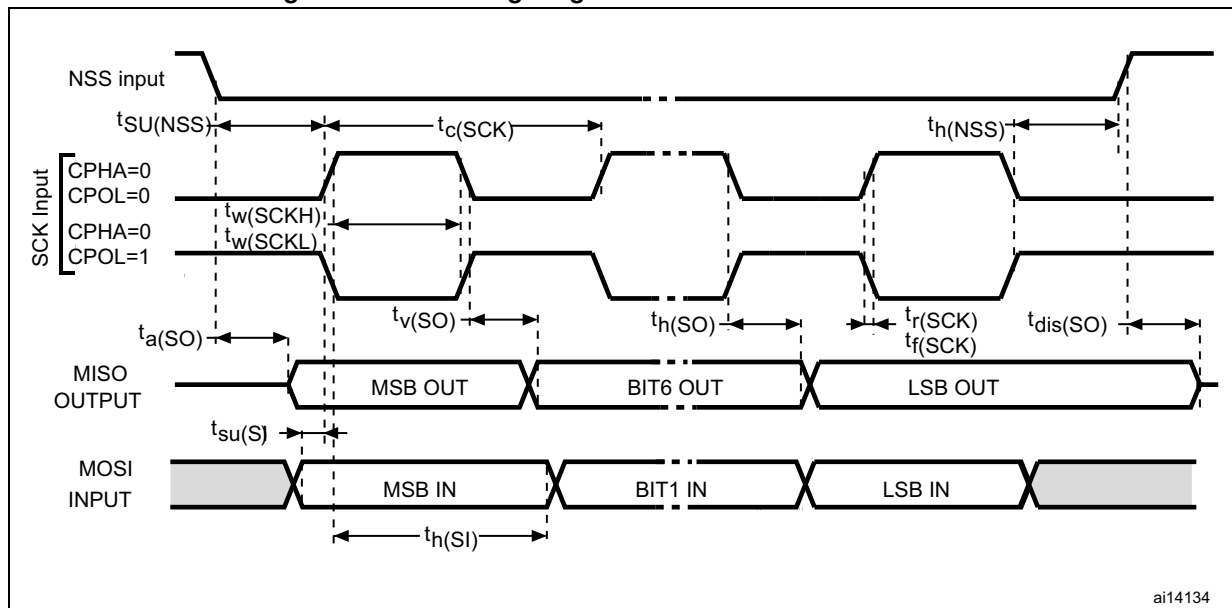
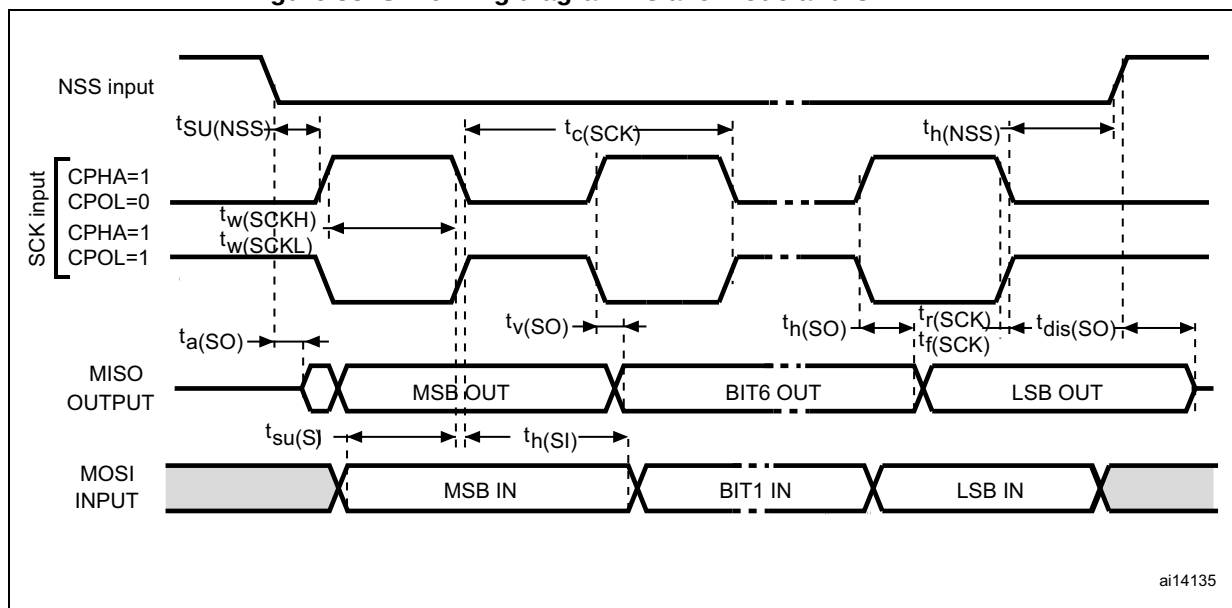


Figure 37. SPI timing diagram - slave mode and CPHA = 0

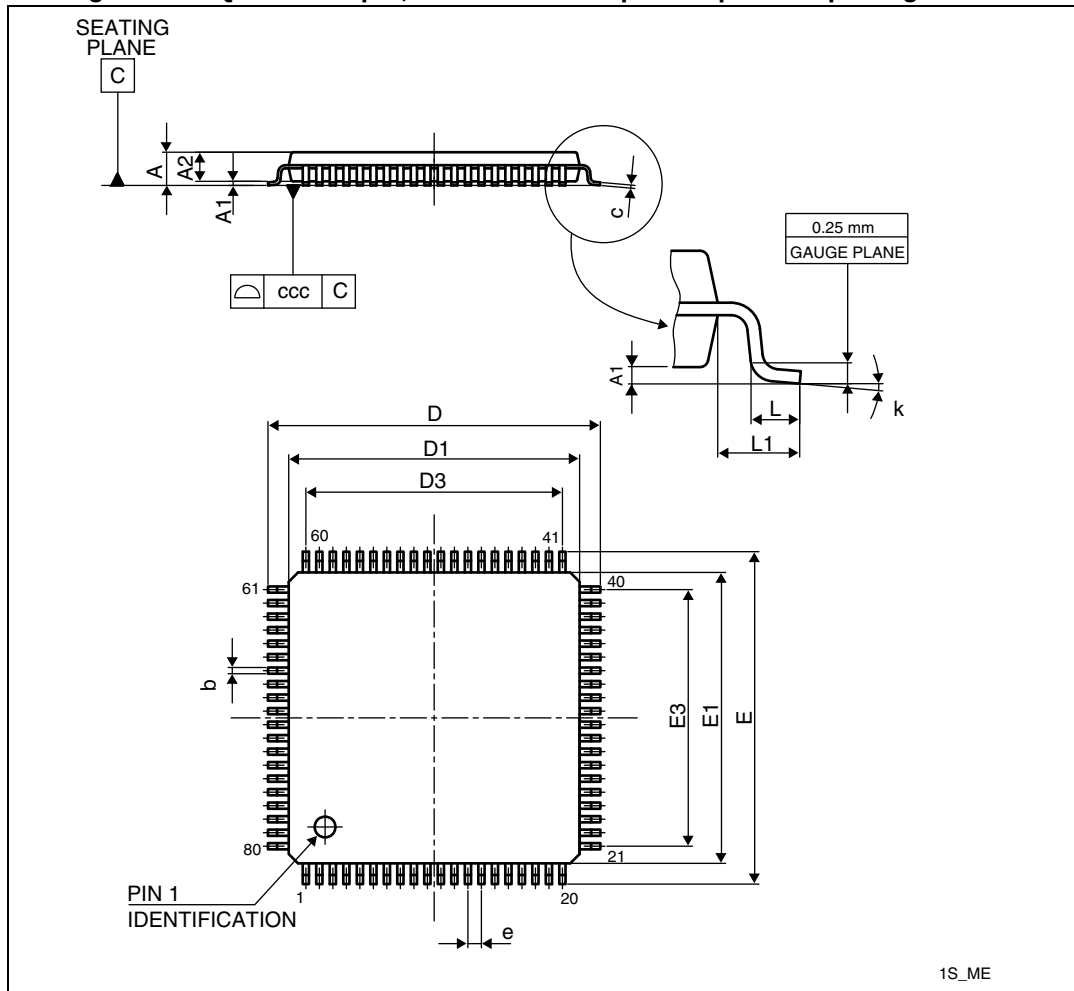
Figure 38. SPI timing diagram - slave mode and CPHA = 1⁽¹⁾

1. Measurement points are done at CMOS levels: 0.3 V_{DD} and 0.7 V_{DD} .

11.1 Package information

11.1.1 LQFP80 package information

Figure 43. LQFP80 - 80-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 51. LQFP80 - 80-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data⁽¹⁾

Symbol	millimeters			inches		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.220	0.320	0.380	0.0087	0.0126	0.0150
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079

11.1.2 LQFP64 package information

Figure 46. LQFP64 - 64-pin 14 mm x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package outline

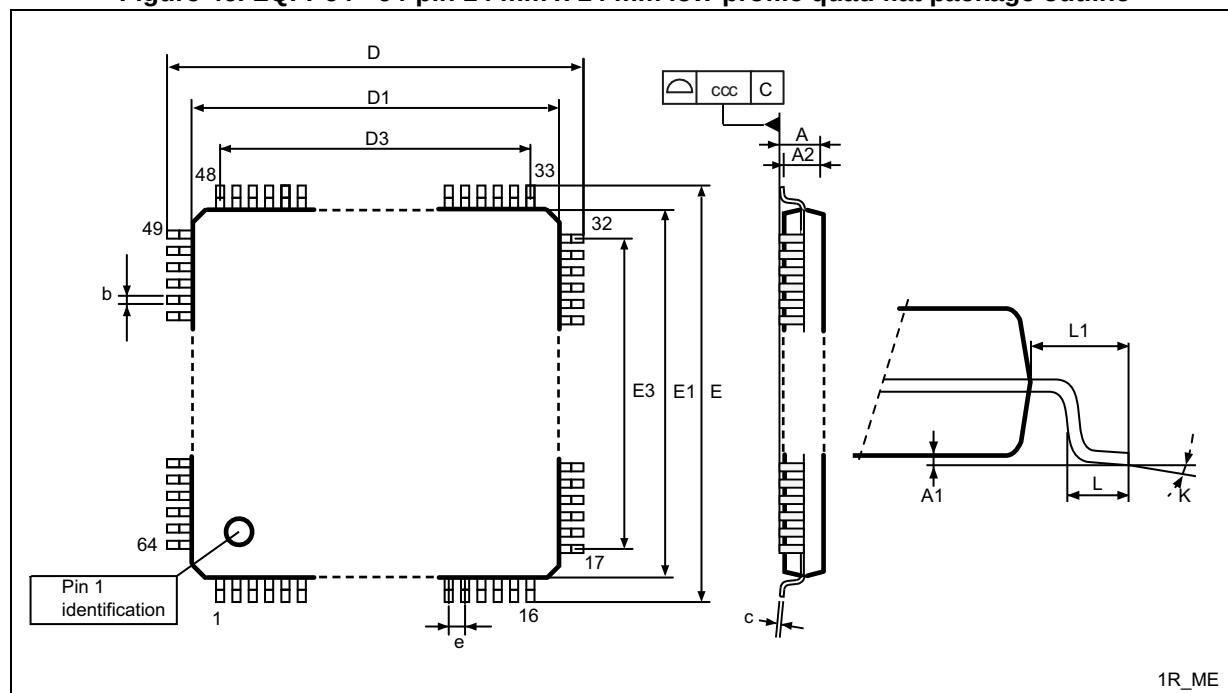


Table 52. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data

Symbol	mm			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A			1.600			0.0630
A1	0.050		0.150	0.0020		0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.300	0.370	0.450	0.0118	0.0146	0.0177
C	0.090		0.200	0.0035		0.0079
D	15.800	16.000	16.200	0.6220	0.6299	0.6378
D1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
D3		12.000			0.4724	
E	15.800	16.000	16.200	0.6220	0.6299	0.6378
E1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
E3		12.000			0.4724	
e		0.800			0.0315	
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1		1.000			0.0394	