



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	STM8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	52
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.95V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8s207rbt3tr

Contents

1	Introduction	9
2	Description	10
3	Block diagram	12
4	Product overview	13
4.1	Central processing unit STM8	13
4.2	Single wire interface module (SWIM) and debug module (DM)	14
4.3	Interrupt controller	14
4.4	Flash program and data EEPROM memory	14
4.5	Clock controller	16
4.6	Power management	17
4.7	Watchdog timers	17
4.8	Auto wakeup counter	18
4.9	Beeper	18
4.10	TIM1 - 16-bit advanced control timer	18
4.11	TIM2, TIM3 - 16-bit general purpose timers	18
4.12	TIM4 - 8-bit basic timer	19
4.13	Analog-to-digital converter (ADC2)	19
4.14	Communication interfaces	19
4.14.1	UART1	20
4.14.2	UART3	20
4.14.3	SPI	21
4.14.4	I ² C	22
4.14.5	beCAN	22
5	Pinouts and pin description	23
5.1	Package pinouts	23
5.2	Alternate function remapping	32
6	Memory and register map	34
6.1	Memory map	34

Figure 49.	LQFP64 marking example (package top view)	98
Figure 50.	LQFP48 - 48-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline	99
Figure 51.	LQFP48 - 48-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat recommended footprint	100
Figure 52.	LQFP48 marking example (package top view)	101
Figure 53.	LQFP44 - 44-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package outline	102
Figure 54.	LQFP44 - 44-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat recommended footprint	104
Figure 55.	LQFP44 marking example (package top view)	104
Figure 56.	LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline	105
Figure 57.	LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat recommended footprint	106
Figure 58.	LQFP32 marking example (package top view)	107
Figure 59.	STM8S207xx/208xx performance line ordering information scheme ⁽¹⁾	112

1 Introduction

This datasheet contains the description of the STM8S20xxx features, pinout, electrical characteristics, mechanical data and ordering information.

- For complete information on the STM8S microcontroller memory, registers and peripherals, please refer to the STM8S microcontroller family reference manual (RM0016).
- For information on programming, erasing and protection of the internal Flash memory please refer to the STM8S Flash programming manual (PM0051).
- For information on the debug and SWIM (single wire interface module) refer to the STM8 SWIM communication protocol and debug module user manual (UM0470).
- For information on the STM8 core, please refer to the STM8 CPU programming manual (PM0044).

Table 6. Pin description (continued)

Pin number					Pin name	Type	Input		Output			Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]		
LQFP80	LQFP64	LQFP48	LQFP44	LQFP32			floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink	Speed	OD	PP			
12	12	12	11	-	PA6/UART1_CK	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port A6	UART1 synchronous clock	
13	-	-	-	-	PH0	I/O	X	X		HS	O3	X	X	Port H0		
14	-	-	-	-	PH1	I/O	X	X		HS	O3	X	X	Port H1		
15	-	-	-	-	PH2	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port H2		
16	-	-	-	-	PH3	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port H3		
17	13	-	-	-	PF7/AIN15	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port F7	Analog input 15	
18	14	-	-	-	PF6/AIN14	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port F6	Analog input 14	
19	15	-	-	-	PF5/AIN13	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port F5	Analog input 13	
20	16	-	-	8	PF4/AIN12	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port F4	Analog input 12	
21	17	-	-	-	PF3/AIN11	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port F3	Analog input 11	
22	18	-	-	-	V _{REF+}	S								ADC positive reference voltage		
23	19	13	12	9	V _{DDA}	S								Analog power supply		
24	20	14	13	10	V _{SSA}	S								Analog ground		
25	21	-	-	-	V _{REF-}	S								ADC negative reference voltage		
26	22	-	-	-	PF0/AIN10	I/O	X	X		O1		X	X	Port F0	Analog input 10	
27	23	15	14	-	PB7/AIN7	I/O	X	X	X	O1		X	X	Port B7	Analog input 7	
28	24	16	15	-	PB6/AIN6	I/O	X	X	X	O1		X	X	Port B6	Analog input 6	
29	25	17	16	11	PB5/AIN5	I/O	X	X	X	O1		X	X	Port B5	Analog input 5	I ² C_SDA [AFR6]
30	26	18	17	12	PB4/AIN4	I/O	X	X	X	O1		X	X	Port B4	Analog input 4	I ² C_SCL [AFR6]

Table 8. I/O port hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 500F	Port D	PD_ODR	Port D data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5010		PD_IDR	Port D input pin value register	0x00
0x00 5011		PD_DDR	Port D data direction register	0x00
0x00 5012		PD_CR1	Port D control register 1	0x02
0x00 5013		PD_CR2	Port D control register 2	0x00
0x00 5014	Port E	PE_ODR	Port E data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5015		PE_IDR	Port E input pin value register	0x00
0x00 5016		PE_DDR	Port E data direction register	0x00
0x00 5017		PE_CR1	Port E control register 1	0x00
0x00 5018		PE_CR2	Port E control register 2	0x00
0x00 5019	Port F	PF_ODR	Port F data output latch register	0x00
0x00 501A		PF_IDR	Port F input pin value register	0x00
0x00 501B		PF_DDR	Port F data direction register	0x00
0x00 501C		PF_CR1	Port F control register 1	0x00
0x00 501D		PF_CR2	Port F control register 2	0x00
0x00 501E	Port G	PG_ODR	Port G data output latch register	0x00
0x00 501F		PG_IDR	Port G input pin value register	0x00
0x00 5020		PG_DDR	Port G data direction register	0x00
0x00 5021		PG_CR1	Port G control register 1	0x00
0x00 5022		PG_CR2	Port G control register 2	0x00
0x00 5023	Port H	PH_ODR	Port H data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5024		PH_IDR	Port H input pin value register	0x00
0x00 5025		PH_DDR	Port H data direction register	0x00
0x00 5026		PH_CR1	Port H control register 1	0x00
0x00 5027		PH_CR2	Port H control register 2	0x00
0x00 5028	Port I	PI_ODR	Port I data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5029		PI_IDR	Port I input pin value register	0x00
0x00 502A		PI_DDR	Port I data direction register	0x00
0x00 502B		PI_CR1	Port I control register 1	0x00
0x00 502C		PI_CR2	Port I control register 2	0x00

Table 9. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 50CC	CLK	CLK_HSITRIMR	HSI clock calibration trimming register	0x00
0x00 50CD		CLK_SWIMCCR	SWIM clock control register	0bXXXX XXX0
0x00 50CE to 0x00 50D0	Reserved area (3 bytes)			
0x00 50D1	WWDG	WWDG_CR	WWDG control register	0x7F
0x00 50D2		WWDG_WR	WWDR window register	0x7F
0x00 50D3 to 0x00 50DF	Reserved area (13 bytes)			
0x00 50E0	IWDG	IWDG_KR	IWDG key register	0xXX ⁽²⁾
0x00 50E1		IWDG_PR	IWDG prescaler register	0x00
0x00 50E2		IWDG_RLR	IWDG reload register	0xFF
0x00 50E3 to 0x00 50EF	Reserved area (13 bytes)			
0x00 50F0	AWU	AWU_CSR1	AWU control/status register 1	0x00
0x00 50F1		AWU_APR	AWU asynchronous prescaler buffer register	0x3F
0x00 50F2		AWU_TBR	AWU timebase selection register	0x00
0x00 50F3	BEEP	BEEP_CSR	BEEP control/status register	0x1F
0x00 50F4 to 0x00 50FF	Reserved area (12 bytes)			
0x00 5200	SPI	SPI_CR1	SPI control register 1	0x00
0x00 5201		SPI_CR2	SPI control register 2	0x00
0x00 5202		SPI_ICR	SPI interrupt control register	0x00
0x00 5203		SPI_SR	SPI status register	0x02
0x00 5204		SPI_DR	SPI data register	0x00
0x00 5205		SPI_CRCPR	SPI CRC polynomial register	0x07
0x00 5206		SPI_RXCRCR	SPI Rx CRC register	0xFF
0x00 5207		SPI_TXCRCR	SPI Tx CRC register	0xFF
0x00 5208 to 0x00 520F	Reserved area (8 bytes)			
0x00 5210	I ² C	I ² C_CR1	I ² C control register 1	0x00
0x00 5211		I ² C_CR2	I ² C control register 2	0x00
0x00 5212		I ² C_FREQR	I ² C frequency register	0x00
0x00 5213		I ² C_OARL	I ² C own address register low	0x00
0x00 5214		I ² C_OARH	I ² C own address register high	0x00
0x00 5215		Reserved		

Table 10. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers (continued)

Address	Block	Register Label	Register Name	Reset Status
0x00 7F98	DM	DM_CSR1	DM debug module control/status register 1	0x10
0x00 7F99		DM_CSR2	DM debug module control/status register 2	0x00
0x00 7F9A		DM_ENFCTR	DM enable function register	0xFF
0x00 7F9B to 0x00 7F9F	Reserved area (5 bytes)			

1. Accessible by debug module only
2. Product dependent value, see [Figure 8: Memory map](#).

Total current consumption in active halt mode

Table 24. Total current consumption in active halt mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ to }85^\circ\text{C}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
		Main voltage regulator (MVR) ⁽²⁾	Flash mode ⁽³⁾	Clock source			
$I_{DD(AH)}$	Supply current in active halt mode	On	Operating mode	HSE crystal oscillator (16 MHz)	1000		μA
				LSI RC oscillator (128 kHz)	200	260	
			Power-down mode	HSE crystal oscillator (16 MHz)	940		
				LSI RC oscillator (128 kHz)	140		
		Off	Operating mode	LSI RC oscillator (128 kHz)	68		
			Power-down mode		11	45	

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

2. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK_ICKR register.

3. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH_CR1 register.

Table 25. Total current consumption in active halt mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Typ ⁽¹⁾	Unit
		Main voltage regulator (MVR) ⁽²⁾	Flash mode ⁽³⁾	Clock source		
$I_{DD(AH)}$	Supply current in active halt mode	On	Operating mode	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	600	μA
				LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	200	
			Power-down mode	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	540	
				LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	140	
		Off	Operating mode	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	66	
			Power-down mode		9	

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

2. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK_ICKR register.

3. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH_CR1 register.

Table 32. HSE oscillator characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HSE}	External high speed oscillator frequency		1		24	MHz
R_F	Feedback resistor			220		kΩ
$C^{(1)}$	Recommended load capacitance ⁽²⁾				20	pF
$I_{DD(HSE)}$	HSE oscillator power consumption	$C = 20 \text{ pF}$, $f_{OSC} = 24 \text{ MHz}$			6 (startup) 2 (stabilized) ⁽³⁾	mA
		$C = 10 \text{ pF}$, $f_{OSC} = 24 \text{ MHz}$			6 (startup) 1.5 (stabilized) ⁽³⁾	
g_m	Oscillator transconductance		5			mA/V
$t_{SU(HSE)}^{(4)}$	Startup time	V_{DD} is stabilized		1		ms

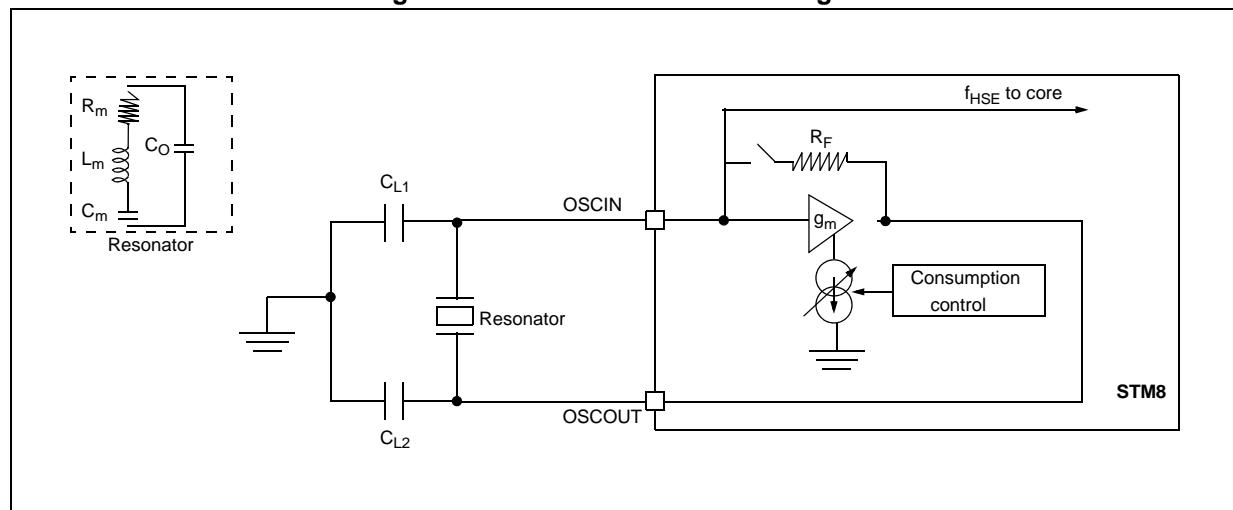
1. C is approximately equivalent to 2 x crystal Cload.

2. The oscillator selection can be optimized in terms of supply current using a high quality resonator with small R_m value. Refer to crystal manufacturer for more details

3. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

4. $t_{SU(HSE)}$ is the start-up time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to a stabilized 24 MHz oscillation is reached. This value is measured for a standard crystal resonator and it can vary significantly with the crystal manufacturer.

Figure 17. HSE oscillator circuit diagram



HSE oscillator critical g_m formula

$$g_{mcrit} = (2 \times \Pi \times f_{HSE})^2 \times R_m (2C_0 + C)^2$$

R_m : Notional resistance (see crystal specification)

L_m : Notional inductance (see crystal specification)

C_m : Notional capacitance (see crystal specification)

C_0 : Shunt capacitance (see crystal specification)

$C_{L1}=C_{L2}=C$: Grounded external capacitance

$g_m >> g_{mcrit}$

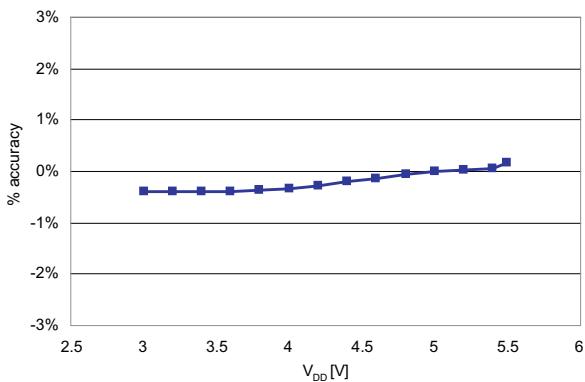
Low speed internal RC oscillator (LSI)

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A .

Table 34. LSI oscillator characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LSI}	Frequency		110	128	146	kHz
$t_{su(LSI)}$	LSI oscillator wakeup time				7 ⁽¹⁾	μs
$I_{DD(LSI)}$	LSI oscillator power consumption			5		μA

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Figure 19. Typical LSI frequency variation vs V_{DD} @ 25 °C

ai15070

10.3.6 I/O port pin characteristics

General characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A unless otherwise specified. All unused pins must be kept at a fixed voltage: using the output mode of the I/O for example or an external pull-up or pull-down resistor.

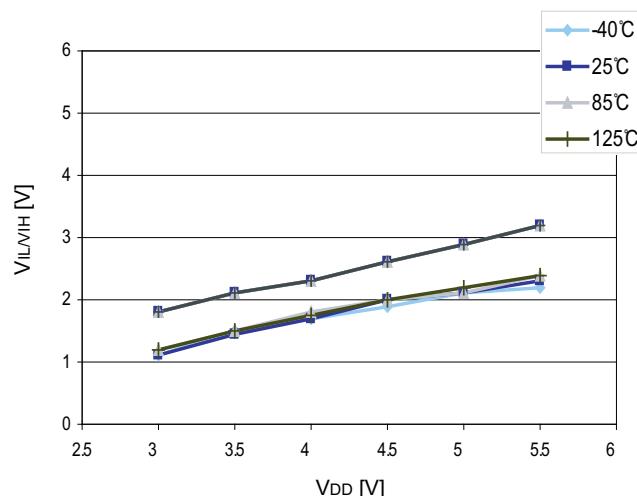
Table 37. I/O static characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IL}	Input low level voltage	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$	-0.3		$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
V_{IH}	Input high level voltage		$0.7 \times V_{DD}$		$V_{DD} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	
V_{hys}	Hysteresis ⁽¹⁾			700		mV
R_{pu}	Pull-up resistor	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = V_{SS}$	30	55	80	k Ω
t_R, t_F	Rise and fall time (10% - 90%)	Fast I/Os Load = 50 pF			20 ⁽²⁾	ns
		Standard and high sink I/Os Load = 50 pF			125 ⁽²⁾	
		Fast I/Os Load = 20 pF			35 ⁽³⁾	
		Standard and high sink I/Os Load = 20 pF			125 ⁽³⁾	
I_{lkg}	Input leakage current, analog and digital	$V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$			± 1	μA
$I_{lkg\ ana}$	Analog input leakage current	$V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$			± 250 ⁽²⁾	nA
$I_{lkg(inj)}$	Leakage current in adjacent I/O ⁽²⁾	Injection current $\pm 4 \text{ mA}$			± 1 ⁽²⁾	μA

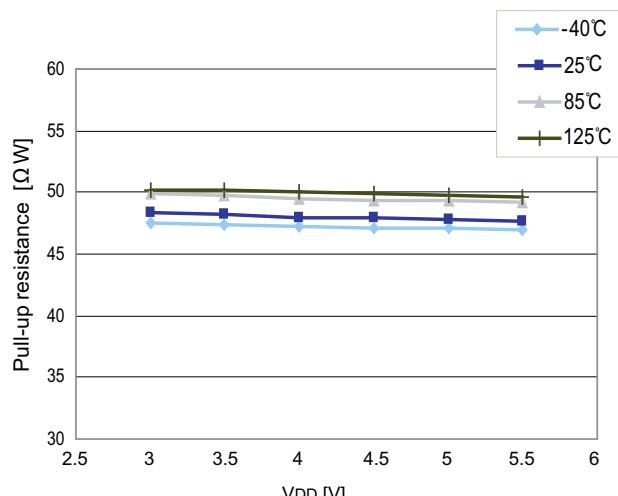
1. Hysteresis voltage between Schmitt trigger switching levels. Based on characterization results, not tested in production.

2. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

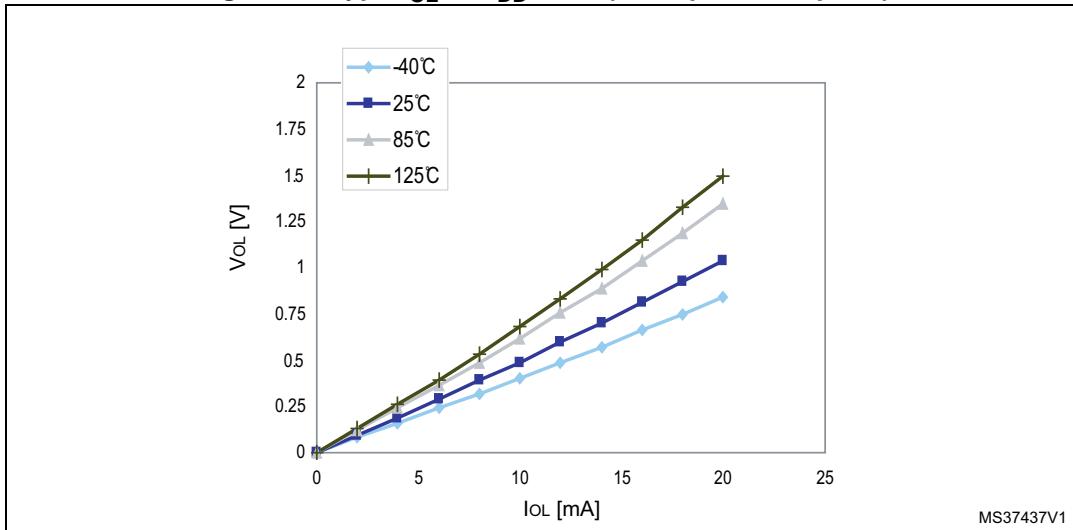
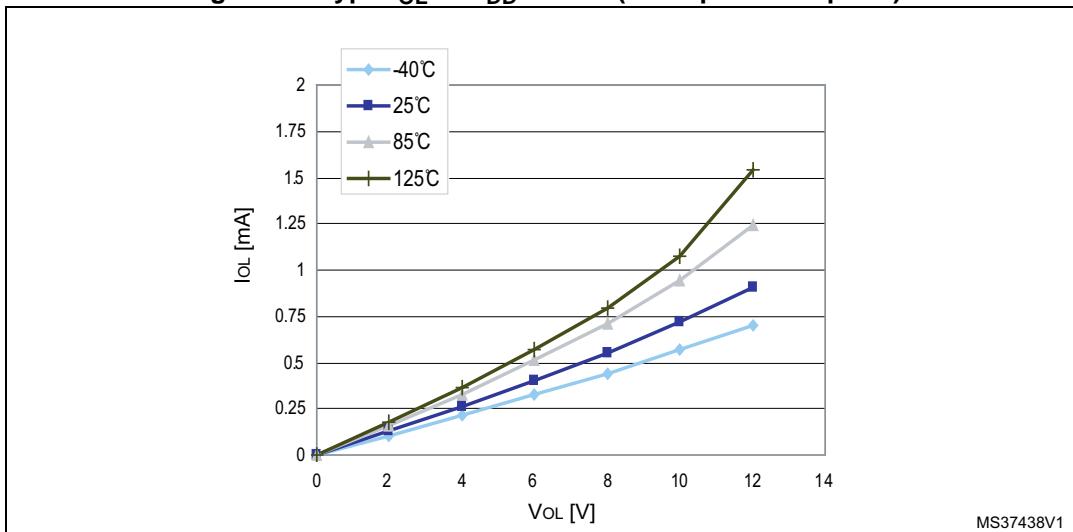
3. Guaranteed by design.

Figure 20. Typical V_{IL} and V_{IH} vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperatures

MS37433V1

Figure 21. Typical pull-up resistance vs V_{DD} @ 4 temperatures

MS37434V1

Figure 25. Typ. V_{OL} @ $V_{DD} = 5$ V (true open drain ports)**Figure 26. Typ. V_{OL} @ $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V (true open drain ports)**

10.3.8 SPI serial peripheral interface

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 42](#) are derived from tests performed under ambient temperature, f_{MASTER} frequency and V_{DD} supply voltage conditions. $t_{\text{MASTER}} = 1/f_{\text{MASTER}}$.

Refer to I/O port characteristics for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics (NSS, SCK, MOSI, MISO).

Table 42. SPI characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{SCK} $1/t_{\text{c(SCK)}}$	SPI clock frequency	Master mode	0	10	MHz
		Slave mode	0	6	
$t_{\text{r(SCK)}}$ $t_{\text{f(SCK)}}$	SPI clock rise and fall time	Capacitive load: C = 30 pF		25	
$t_{\text{su(NSS)}}^{(1)}$				$4 \times t_{\text{MASTER}}$	
$t_{\text{h(NSS)}}^{(1)}$	NSS hold time	Slave mode	70		
$t_{\text{w(SCKH)}}^{(1)}$ $t_{\text{w(SCKL)}}^{(1)}$	SCK high and low time	Master mode	$t_{\text{SCK}}/2 - 15$	$t_{\text{SCK}}/2 + 15$	
$t_{\text{su(MI)}}^{(1)}$ $t_{\text{su(SI)}}^{(1)}$	Data input setup time	Master mode	5		ns
		Slave mode	5		
$t_{\text{h(MI)}}^{(1)}$ $t_{\text{h(SI)}}^{(1)}$	Data input hold time	Master mode	7		
		Slave mode	10		
$t_{\text{a(SO)}}^{(1)(2)}$	Data output access time	Slave mode		$3 \times t_{\text{MASTER}}$	
$t_{\text{dis(SO)}}^{(1)(3)}$	Data output disable time	Slave mode	25		
$t_{\text{v(SO)}}^{(1)}$	Data output valid time	Slave mode (after enable edge)		75	
$t_{\text{v(MO)}}^{(1)}$	Data output valid time	Master mode (after enable edge)		30	
$t_{\text{h(SO)}}^{(1)}$	Data output hold time	Slave mode (after enable edge)	31		
$t_{\text{h(MO)}}^{(1)}$		Master mode (after enable edge)	12		

- Values based on design simulation and/or characterization results, and not tested in production.
- Min time is for the minimum time to drive the output and the max time is for the maximum time to validate the data.
- Min time is for the minimum time to invalidate the output and the max time is for the maximum time to put the data in Hi-Z.

Electromagnetic interference (EMI)

Emission tests conform to the SAE IEC 61967-2 standard for test software, board layout and pin loading.

Table 48. EMI data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Unit	
		General conditions	Monitored frequency band	Max $f_{HSE}/f_{CPU}^{(1)}$				
				8 MHz/ 8 MHz	8 MHz/ 16 MHz	8 MHz/ 24 MHz		
S_{EMI}	Peak level	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LQFP80 package conforming to SAE IEC 61967-2	0.1MHz to 30 MHz	15	20	24	dB μ V	
			30 MHz to 130 MHz	18	21	16		
			130 MHz to 1 GHz	-1	1	4		
	SAE EMI level		SAE EMI level	2	2.5	2.5		

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity)

Based on two different tests (ESD and LU) using specific measurement methods, the product is stressed in order to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Electrostatic discharges (3 positive then 3 negative pulses separated by 1 second) are applied to the pins of each sample according to each pin combination. The sample size depends on the number of supply pins in the device (3 parts*(n+1) supply pin). This test conforms to the JESD22-A114A/A115A standard. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

Table 49. ESD absolute maximum ratings

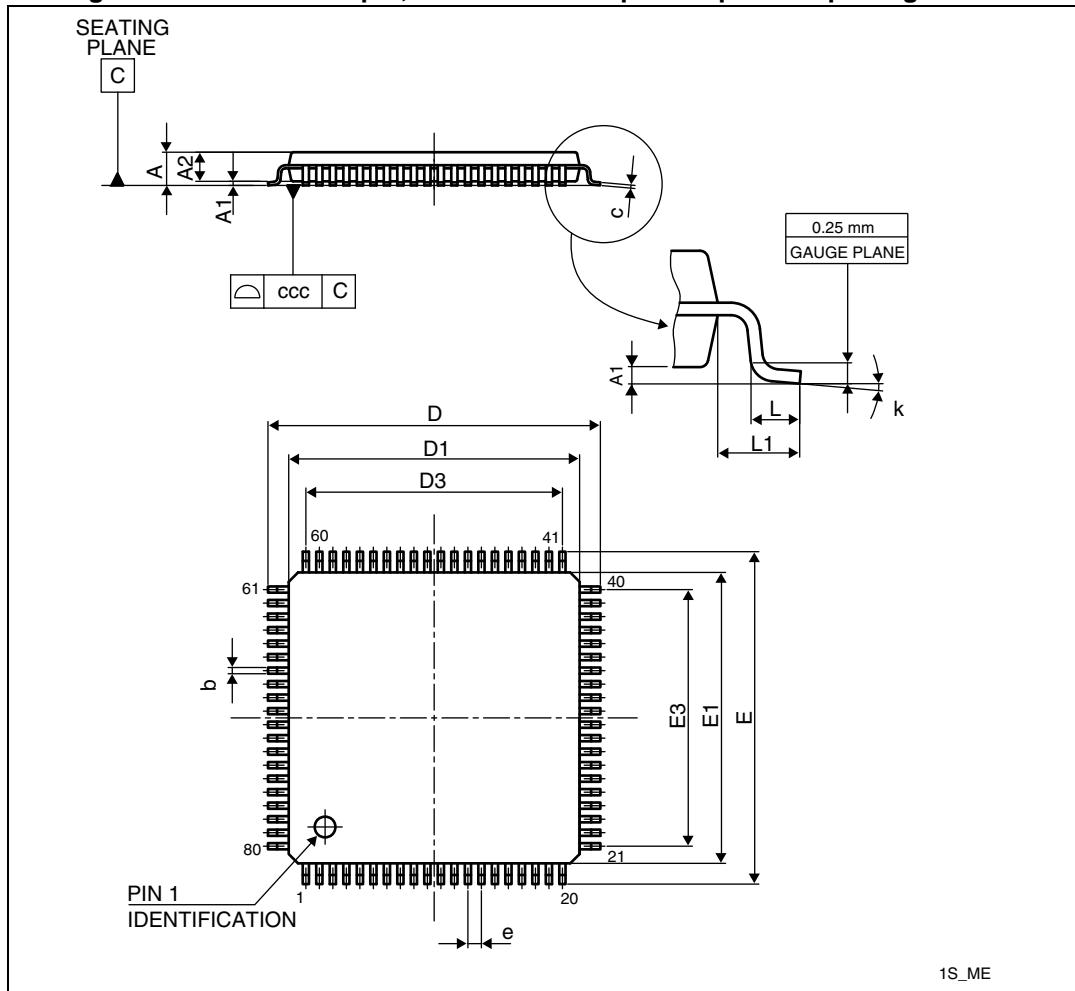
Symbol	Ratings	Conditions	Class	Maximum value ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$V_{ESD(HBM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human body model)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, conforming to JESD22-A114	A	2000	V
$V_{ESD(CDM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (Charge device model)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, conforming to JESD22-C101	IV	1000	V

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

11.1 Package information

11.1.1 LQFP80 package information

Figure 43. LQFP80 - 80-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 51. LQFP80 - 80-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data⁽¹⁾

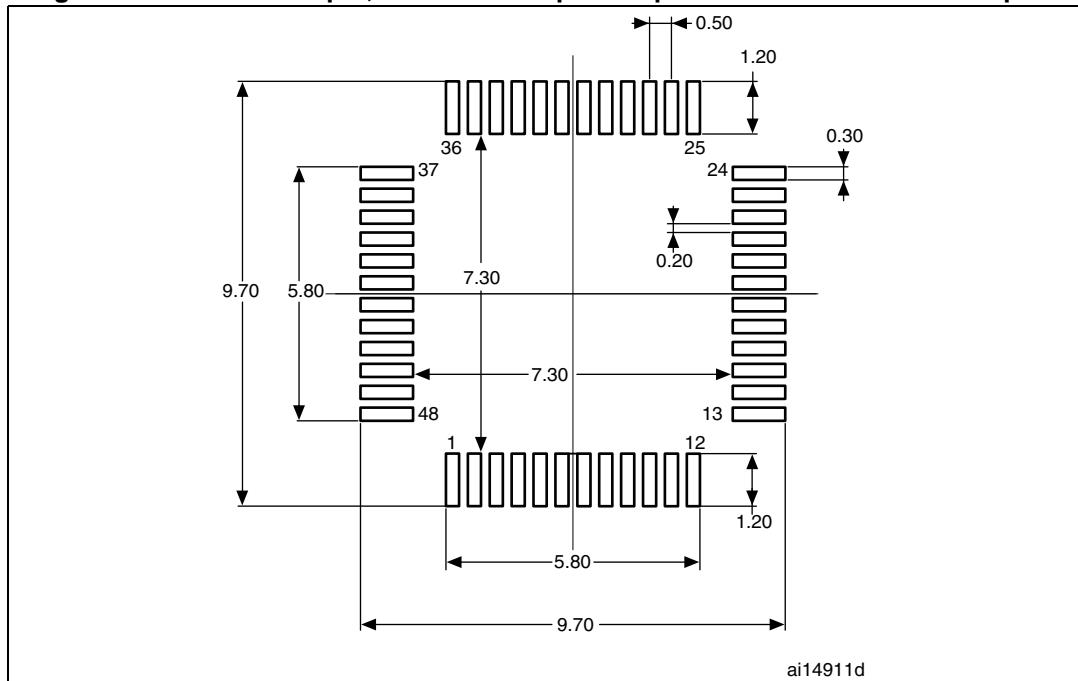
Symbol	millimeters			inches		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.220	0.320	0.380	0.0087	0.0126	0.0150
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079

**Table 54. LQFP48 - 48-pin, 7x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical
(continued)**

Symbol	mm			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
E1	6.800	7.000	7.200	0.2677	0.2756	0.2835
E3	-	5.500	-	-	0.2165	-
e	-	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-
k	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°
ccc	-	-	0.080	-	-	0.0031

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to four decimal places.

Figure 51. LQFP48 - 48-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat recommended footprint

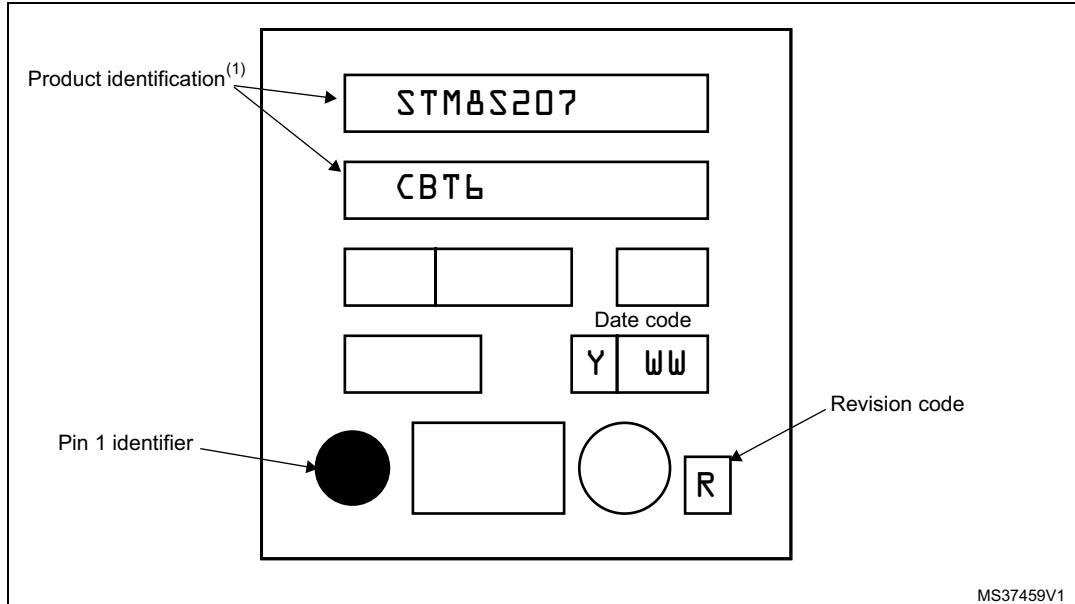


1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

Device marking

The following figure shows the marking for the LQFP48 package.

Figure 52. LQFP48 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

11.2 Thermal characteristics

The maximum chip junction temperature (T_{Jmax}) must never exceed the values given in [Table 18: General operating conditions on page 56](#).

The maximum chip-junction temperature, T_{Jmax} , in degrees Celsius, may be calculated using the following equation:

$$T_{Jmax} = T_{Amax} + (P_{Dmax} \times \Theta_{JA})$$

Where:

- T_{Amax} is the maximum ambient temperature in °C
- Θ_{JA} is the package junction-to-ambient thermal resistance in °C/W
- P_{Dmax} is the sum of P_{INTmax} and $P_{I/Omax}$ ($P_{Dmax} = P_{INTmax} + P_{I/Omax}$)
- P_{INTmax} is the product of I_{DD} and V_{DD} , expressed in Watts. This is the maximum chip internal power.
- $P_{I/Omax}$ represents the maximum power dissipation on output pins, where:
 $P_{I/Omax} = \sum (V_{OL} * I_{OL}) + \sum ((V_{DD} - V_{OH}) * I_{OH})$, and taking account of the actual V_{OL}/I_{OL} and V_{OH}/I_{OH} of the I/Os at low and high level in the application.

Table 57. Thermal characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP 80 - 14 x 14 mm	38	°C/W
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP 64 - 14 x 14 mm	45	°C/W
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP 64 - 10 x 10 mm	46	°C/W
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP 48 - 7 x 7 mm	57	°C/W
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP 44 - 10 x 10 mm	54	°C/W
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP 32 - 7 x 7 mm	60	°C/W

1. Thermal resistances are based on JEDEC JESD51-2 with 4-layer PCB in a natural convection environment.

11.2.1 Reference document

JESD51-2 integrated circuits thermal test method environment conditions - natural convection (still air). Available from www.jedec.org.

Table 58. Document revision history (continued)

Date	Revision	Changes
14-Sep-2010	10	<p>Added part number STM8S208M8 to Table 1: Device summary. Updated “reset state” of Table 5: Legend/abbreviations for pinout table.</p> <p>Added footnote 4 to Table 6: Pin description.</p> <p>Table 9: General hardware register map: standardized all reset state values; updated the reset state values of RST_SR, CLK_SWCR, CLK_HSITRIMR, CLK_SWIMCCR, IWDG_KR, and ADC_DRx registers; added the reset values of the CAN paged registers.</p> <p>Figure 36: Recommended reset pin protection: replaced 0.01 µF with 0.1 µF.</p> <p>Figure 40: Typical application with I2C bus and timing diagram: $t_w(SCKH)$, $t_w(SCKL)$, $t_r(SCK)$, and $t_f(SCK)$ replaced by $t_w(SCLH)$, $t_w(SCLL)$, $t_r(SCL)$, and $t_f(SCL)$ respectively.</p>
22-Mar-2011	11	<p>Table 1: Device summary: added STM8S207K8.</p> <p>Table 2: STM8S20xxx performance line features: added STM8S207K8 device and changed the RAM value of all other devices to 6 Kbytes.</p> <p>Figure 5, Figure 4, Figure 5, and Figure 7: removed TIM1_CH4 from pins 80, 64, 48, and 32 respectively.</p> <p>Table 6: Pin description: updated note 3 and added note 5.</p> <p>Table 9: General hardware register map: removed I2C_PECR register.</p> <p>Section 10.3.7: Reset pin characteristics: added text regarding the rest network.</p>
10-Feb-2012	12	<p>Figure 1: STM8S20xxx block diagram: updated POR/PDR and BOR; updated LINUART input; added legend.</p> <p>Table 18: General operating conditions: updated V_{CAP}.</p> <p>Table 26: Total current consumption in halt mode at $VDD = 5\text{ V}$: updated title, modified existing max column, and added new max column (at 125 °C) with data.</p> <p>Table 37: I/O static characteristics: added new condition and new max values for rise and fall time; added footnote 3; updated Typ and max pull-up resistor values.</p> <p>Section 10.3.7: Reset pin characteristics: updated cross reference in text below Figure 35</p> <p>Table 41: NRST pin characteristics: updated Typ and max values of the NRST pull-up resistor.</p>