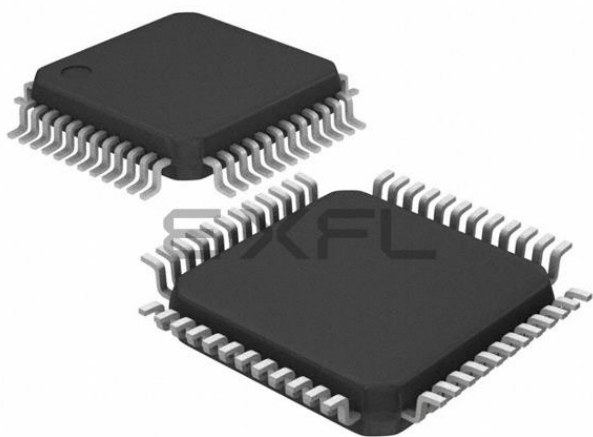




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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, Microwire, SmartCard, SPI, SSP, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, CapSense, LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	36
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 1x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-TQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4025azi-s413t

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Functional Definition

CPU and Memory Subsystem

CPU

The Cortex-M0+ CPU in the PSoC 4000S is part of the 32-bit MCU subsystem, which is optimized for low-power operation with extensive clock gating. Most instructions are 16 bits in length and the CPU executes a subset of the Thumb-2 instruction set. It includes a nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC) block with eight interrupt inputs and also includes a Wakeup Interrupt Controller (WIC). The WIC can wake the processor from Deep Sleep mode, allowing power to be switched off to the main processor when the chip is in Deep Sleep mode.

The CPU also includes a debug interface, the serial wire debug (SWD) interface, which is a two-wire form of JTAG. The debug configuration used for PSoC 4000S has four breakpoint (address) comparators and two watchpoint (data) comparators.

Flash

The PSoC 4000S device has a flash module with a flash accelerator, tightly coupled to the CPU to improve average access times from the flash block. The low-power flash block is designed to deliver two wait-state (WS) access time at 48 MHz. The flash accelerator delivers 85% of single-cycle SRAM access performance on average.

SRAM

Four KB of SRAM are provided with zero wait-state access at 48 MHz.

SRAM

A supervisory ROM that contains boot and configuration routines is provided.

System Resources

Power System

The power system is described in detail in the section [Power on page 10](#). It provides assurance that voltage levels are as required for each respective mode and either delays mode entry (for example, on power-on reset (POR)) until voltage levels are as required for proper functionality, or generates resets (for example, on brown-out detection). The PSoC 4000S operates with a single external supply over the range of either 1.8 V $\pm$ 5% (externally regulated) or 1.8 to 5.5 V (internally regulated) and has three different power modes, transitions between which are managed by the power system. The PSoC 4000S provides Active, Sleep, and Deep Sleep low-power modes.

All subsystems are operational in Active mode. The CPU subsystem (CPU, flash, and SRAM) is clock-gated off in Sleep mode, while all peripherals and interrupts are active with instantaneous wake-up on a wake-up event. In Deep Sleep mode, the high-speed clock and associated circuitry is switched off; wake-up from this mode takes 35 μ s. The opamps can remain operational in Deep Sleep mode.

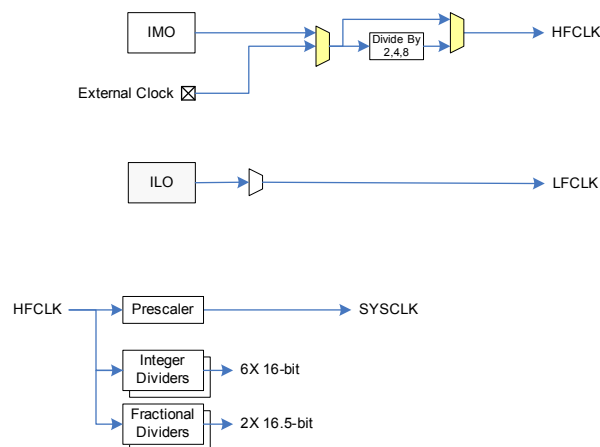
Clock System

The PSoC 4000S clock system is responsible for providing clocks to all subsystems that require clocks and for switching between different clock sources without glitching. In addition, the clock system ensures that there are no metastable conditions.

The clock system for the PSoC 4000S consists of the internal main oscillator (IMO), internal low-frequency oscillator (ILO), a 32 kHz Watch Crystal Oscillator (WCO) and provision for an external clock. Clock dividers are provided to generate clocks for peripherals on a fine-grained basis. Fractional dividers are also provided to enable clocking of higher data rates for UARTs.

The HFCLK signal can be divided down to generate synchronous clocks for the analog and digital peripherals. There are eight clock dividers for the PSoC 4000S, two of those are fractional dividers. The 16-bit capability allows flexible generation of fine-grained frequency values, and is fully supported in PSoC Creator.

Figure 2. PSoC 4000S MCU Clocking Architecture



IMO Clock Source

The IMO is the primary source of internal clocking in the PSoC 4000S. It is trimmed during testing to achieve the specified accuracy. The IMO default frequency is 24 MHz and it can be adjusted from 24 to 48 MHz in steps of 4 MHz. The IMO tolerance with Cypress-provided calibration settings is $\pm$ 2%.

ILO Clock Source

The ILO is a very low power, nominally 40-kHz oscillator, which is primarily used to generate clocks for the watchdog timer (WDT) and peripheral operation in Deep Sleep mode. ILO-driven counters can be calibrated to the IMO to improve accuracy. Cypress provides a software component, which does the calibration.

Watch Crystal Oscillator (WCO)

The PSoC 4000S clock subsystem also implements a low-frequency (32-kHz watch crystal) oscillator that can be used for precision timing applications.

GPIO

The PSoC 4000S has up to 36 GPIOs. The GPIO block implements the following:

- Eight drive modes:
 - Analog input mode (input and output buffers disabled)
 - Input only
 - Weak pull-up with strong pull-down
 - Strong pull-up with weak pull-down
 - Open drain with strong pull-down
 - Open drain with strong pull-up
 - Strong pull-up with strong pull-down
 - Weak pull-up with weak pull-down
- Input threshold select (CMOS or LVTTL).
- Individual control of input and output buffer enabling/disabling in addition to the drive strength modes
- Selectable slew rates for dV/dt related noise control to improve EMI

The pins are organized in logical entities called ports, which are 8-bit in width (less for Ports 2 and 3). During power-on and reset, the blocks are forced to the disable state so as not to crowbar any inputs and/or cause excess turn-on current. A multiplexing network known as a high-speed I/O matrix is used to multiplex between various signals that may connect to an I/O pin.

Data output and pin state registers store, respectively, the values to be driven on the pins and the states of the pins themselves.

Every I/O pin can generate an interrupt if so enabled and each I/O port has an interrupt request (IRQ) and interrupt service routine (ISR) vector associated with it (5 for PSoC 4000S).

Special Function Peripherals

CapSense

CapSense is supported in the PSoC 4000S through a CapSense Sigma-Delta (CSD) block that can be connected to any pins through an analog multiplex bus via analog switches. CapSense function can thus be provided on any available pin or group of pins in a system under software control. A PSoC Creator component is provided for the CapSense block to make it easy for the user.

Shield voltage can be driven on another analog multiplex bus to provide water-tolerance capability. Water tolerance is provided by driving the shield electrode in phase with the sense electrode to keep the shield capacitance from attenuating the sensed input. Proximity sensing can also be implemented.

The CapSense block has two IDACs, which can be used for general purposes if CapSense is not being used (both IDACs are available in that case) or if CapSense is used without water tolerance (one IDAC is available).

The CapSense block also provides a 10-bit Slope ADC function, which can be used in conjunction with the CapSense function.

The CapSense block is an advanced, low-noise, programmable block with programmable voltage references and current source ranges for improved sensitivity and flexibility. It can also use an external reference voltage. It has a full-wave CSD mode that alternates sensing to VDDA and Ground to null out power-supply related noise.

LCD Segment Drive

The PSoC 4000S has an LCD controller, which can drive up to 8 commons and up to 28 segments. It uses full digital methods to drive the LCD segments requiring no generation of internal LCD voltages. The two methods used are referred to as Digital Correlation and PWM. Digital Correlation pertains to modulating the frequency and drive levels of the common and segment signals to generate the highest RMS voltage across a segment to light it up or to keep the RMS signal to zero. This method is good for STN displays but may result in reduced contrast with TN (cheaper) displays. PWM pertains to driving the panel with PWM signals to effectively use the capacitance of the panel to provide the integration of the modulated pulse-width to generate the desired LCD voltage. This method results in higher power consumption but can result in better results when driving TN displays. LCD operation is supported during Deep Sleep refreshing a small display buffer (4 bits; 1 32-bit register per port).

Port/ Pin	Analog	Smart I/O	Alternate Function 1	Alternate Function 2	Alternate Function 3	Deep Sleep 1	Deep Sleep 2
P1.6							scb[0].spi_select3:1
P1.7							
P2.0		prgio[0].io[0]	tcpwm.line[4]:0	csd.comp	tcpwm.tr_in[4]	scb[1].i2c_scl:1	scb[1].spi_mosi:2
P2.1		prgio[0].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[4]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[5]	scb[1].i2c_sda:1	scb[1].spi_miso:2
P2.2		prgio[0].io[2]					scb[1].spi_clk:2
P2.3		prgio[0].io[3]					scb[1].spi_select0:2
P2.4		prgio[0].io[4]	tcpwm.line[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select1:1
P2.5		prgio[0].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select2:1
P2.6		prgio[0].io[6]	tcpwm.line[1]:1				scb[1].spi_select3:1
P2.7		prgio[0].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:1			lpcomp.comp[0]:1	
P3.0		prgio[1].io[0]	tcpwm.line[0]:0	scb[1].uart_rx:1		scb[1].i2c_scl:2	scb[1].spi_mosi:0
P3.1		prgio[1].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:0	scb[1].uart_tx:1		scb[1].i2c_sda:2	scb[1].spi_miso:0
P3.2		prgio[1].io[2]	tcpwm.line[1]:0	scb[1].uart_cts:1		cpuss.swd_data	scb[1].spi_clk:0
P3.3		prgio[1].io[3]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:0	scb[1].uart_rts:1		cpuss.swd_clk	scb[1].spi_select0:0
P3.4		prgio[1].io[4]	tcpwm.line[2]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[6]		scb[1].spi_select1:0
P3.5		prgio[1].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[2]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[7]		scb[1].spi_select2:0
P3.6		prgio[1].io[6]	tcpwm.line[3]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[8]		scb[1].spi_select3:0
P3.7		prgio[1].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[3]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[9]	lpcomp.comp[1]:1	
P4.0	csd.vref_ext			scb[0].uart_rx:0	tcpwm.tr_in[10]	scb[0].i2c_scl:1	scb[0].spi_mosi:0
P4.1	csd.cshieldpads			scb[0].uart_tx:0	tcpwm.tr_in[11]	scb[0].i2c_sda:1	scb[0].spi_miso:0
P4.2	csd.cmodpad			scb[0].uart_cts:0		lpcomp.comp[0]:0	scb[0].spi_clk:0
P4.3	csd.csh_tank			scb[0].uart_rts:0		lpcomp.comp[1]:0	scb[0].spi_select0:0

Development Support

The PSoC 4000S family has a rich set of documentation, development tools, and online resources to assist you during your development process. Visit www.cypress.com/go/psoc4 to find out more.

Documentation

A suite of documentation supports the PSoC 4000S family to ensure that you can find answers to your questions quickly. This section contains a list of some of the key documents.

Software User Guide: A step-by-step guide for using PSoC Creator. The software user guide shows you how the PSoC Creator build process works in detail, how to use source control with PSoC Creator, and much more.

Component Datasheets: The flexibility of PSoC allows the creation of new peripherals (components) long after the device has gone into production. Component data sheets provide all of the information needed to select and use a particular component, including a functional description, API documentation, example code, and AC/DC specifications.

Application Notes: PSoC application notes discuss a particular application of PSoC in depth; examples include brushless DC motor control and on-chip filtering. Application notes often include example projects in addition to the application note document.

Technical Reference Manual: The Technical Reference Manual (TRM) contains all the technical detail you need to use a PSoC device, including a complete description of all PSoC registers. The TRM is available in the Documentation section at www.cypress.com/psoc4.

Online

In addition to print documentation, the Cypress PSoC forums connect you with fellow PSoC users and experts in PSoC from around the world, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Tools

With industry standard cores, programming, and debugging interfaces, the PSoC 4000S family is part of a development tool ecosystem. Visit us at www.cypress.com/go/psoccreator for the latest information on the revolutionary, easy to use PSoC Creator IDE, supported third party compilers, programmers, debuggers, and development kits.

Table 3. DC Specifications (continued)

 Typical values measured at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ and $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
Sleep Mode, $V_{DDD} = 1.71\text{ V to }1.89\text{ V}$ (Regulator bypassed)							
SID28	I_{DD23}	I ² C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on	–	0.7	0.9	mA	6 MHz
SID28A	I_{DD23A}	I ² C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on	–	0.9	1.1	mA	12 MHz
Deep Sleep Mode, $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ (Regulator on)							
SID31	I_{DD26}	I ² C wakeup and WDT on	–	2.5	60	μA	–
Deep Sleep Mode, $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ (Regulator on)							
SID34	I_{DD29}	I ² C wakeup and WDT on	–	2.5	60	μA	–
Deep Sleep Mode, $V_{DD} = V_{CCD} = 1.71\text{ V to }1.89\text{ V}$ (Regulator bypassed)							
SID37	I_{DD32}	I ² C wakeup and WDT on	–	2.5	60	μA	–
XRES Current							
SID307	I_{DD_XR}	Supply current while XRES asserted	–	2	5	mA	–

Table 4. AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID48	F_{CPU}	CPU frequency	DC	–	48	MHz	$1.71 \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5$
SID49 ^[3]	T_{SLEEP}	Wakeup from Sleep mode	–	0	–	μs	
SID50 ^[3]	$T_{DEEPSLEEP}$	Wakeup from Deep Sleep mode	–	35	–		

Note

2. Guaranteed by characterization.

GPIO

Table 5. GPIO DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID57	$V_{IH}^{[3]}$	Input voltage high threshold	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	V	CMOS Input
SID58	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	—	—	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$		CMOS Input
SID241	$V_{IH}^{[3]}$	LVTTL input, $V_{DD} < 2.7$ V	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	—		—
SID242	V_{IL}	LVTTL input, $V_{DD} < 2.7$ V	—	—	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$		—
SID243	$V_{IH}^{[3]}$	LVTTL input, $V_{DD} \geq 2.7$ V	2.0	—	—		—
SID244	V_{IL}	LVTTL input, $V_{DD} \geq 2.7$ V	—	—	0.8		—
SID59	V_{OH}	Output voltage high level	$V_{DD} - 0.6$	—	—		$I_{OH} = 4$ mA at 3 V V_{DD}
SID60	V_{OH}	Output voltage high level	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—		$I_{OH} = 1$ mA at 3 V V_{DD}
SID61	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	—	—	0.6		$I_{OL} = 4$ mA at 1.8 V V_{DD}
SID62	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	—	—	0.6		$I_{OL} = 10$ mA at 3 V V_{DD}
SID62A	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	—	—	0.4		$I_{OL} = 3$ mA at 3 V V_{DD}
SID63	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	k Ω	—
SID64	$R_{PULLDOWN}$	Pull-down resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5		—
SID65	I_{IL}	Input leakage current (absolute value)	—	—	2	nA	25 °C, $V_{DD} = 3.0$ V
SID66	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	—	—	7	pF	—
SID67 ^[4]	V_{HYSTTL}	Input hysteresis LVTTL	25	40	—	mV	$V_{DD} \geq 2.7$ V
SID68 ^[4]	$V_{HYSCMOS}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	$0.05 \times V_{DD}$	—	—		$V_{DD} < 4.5$ V
SID68A ^[4]	$V_{HYSCMOS5V5}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	200	—	—		$V_{DD} > 4.5$ V
SID69 ^[4]	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	—	—	100	μ A	—
SID69A ^[4]	I_{TOT_GPIO}	Maximum total source or sink chip current	—	—	200	mA	—

Table 6. GPIO AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID70	T_{RISEF}	Rise time in fast strong mode	2	—	12	ns	3.3 V V_{DD} , Load = 25 pF
SID71	T_{FALLF}	Fall time in fast strong mode	2	—	12		3.3 V V_{DD} , Load = 25 pF
SID72	T_{RISES}	Rise time in slow strong mode	10	—	60	—	3.3 V V_{DD} , Load = 25 pF
SID73	T_{FALLS}	Fall time in slow strong mode	10	—	60	—	3.3 V V_{DD} , Load = 25 pF

Notes

3. V_{IH} must not exceed $V_{DD} + 0.2$ V.
4. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 6. GPIO AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization) (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID74	F _{GPIOUT1}	GPIO F _{OUT} ; 3.3 V ≤ V _{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V Fast strong mode	–	–	33	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID75	F _{GPIOUT2}	GPIO F _{OUT} ; 1.71 V ≤ V _{DDD} ≤ 3.3 V Fast strong mode	–	–	16.7		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID76	F _{GPIOUT3}	GPIO F _{OUT} ; 3.3 V ≤ V _{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V Slow strong mode	–	–	7		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID245	F _{GPIOUT4}	GPIO F _{OUT} ; 1.71 V ≤ V _{DDD} ≤ 3.3 V Slow strong mode.	–	–	3.5		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID246	F _{GPIOIN}	GPIO input operating frequency; 1.71 V ≤ V _{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	48		90/10% V _{IO}

XRES
Table 7. XRES DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID77	V _{IH}	Input voltage high threshold	0.7 × V _{DDD}	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID78	V _{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	0.3 × V _{DDD}		
SID79	R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	–	60	–	kΩ	–
SID80	C _{IN}	Input capacitance	–	–	7	pF	–
SID81 ^[5]	V _{HYSXRES}	Input voltage hysteresis	–	100	–	mV	Typical hysteresis is 200 mV for V _{DD} > 4.5 V
SID82	I _{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V _{DD} /V _{SS}	–	–	100	μA	

Table 8. XRES AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID83 ^[5]	T _{RESETWIDTH}	Reset pulse width	1	–	–	μs	–
BID194 ^[5]	T _{RESETWAKE}	Wake-up time from reset release	–	–	2.7	ms	–

Note

5. Guaranteed by characterization.

Analog Peripherals
Table 9. Comparator DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID84	V _{OFFSET1}	Input offset voltage, Factory trim	–	–	±10	mV	–
SID85	V _{OFFSET2}	Input offset voltage, Custom trim	–	–	±4		–
SID86	V _{HYST}	Hysteresis when enabled	–	10	35		–
SID87	V _{ICM1}	Input common mode voltage in normal mode	0	–	V _{DDD} -0.1	V	Modes 1 and 2
SID247	V _{ICM2}	Input common mode voltage in low power mode	0	–	V _{DDD}		–
SID247A	V _{ICM3}	Input common mode voltage in ultra low power mode	0	–	V _{DDD} -1.15		V _{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V at –40 °C
SID88	C _{MRR}	Common mode rejection ratio	50	–	–	dB	V _{DDD} ≥ 2.7V
SID88A	C _{MRR}	Common mode rejection ratio	42	–	–		V _{DDD} ≤ 2.7V
SID89	I _{CMP1}	Block current, normal mode	–	–	400	μA	–
SID248	I _{CMP2}	Block current, low power mode	–	–	100		–
SID259	I _{CMP3}	Block current in ultra low-power mode	–	6	28		V _{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V at –40 °C
SID90	Z _{CMP}	DC Input impedance of comparator	35	–	–	MΩ	–

Table 10. Comparator AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID91	TRESP1	Response time, normal mode, 50 mV overdrive	–	38	110	ns	–
SID258	TRESP2	Response time, low power mode, 50 mV overdrive	–	70	200		–
SID92	TRESP3	Response time, ultra-low power mode, 200 mV overdrive	–	2.3	15	μs	V _{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V at –40 °C

CSD
Table 11. CSD and IDAC Specifications

SPEC ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SYS.PER#3	VDD_RIPPLE	Max allowed ripple on power supply, DC to 10 MHz	–	–	±50	mV	$V_{DD} > 2\text{ V}$ (with ripple), 25°C T_A , Sensitivity = 0.1 pF
SYS.PER#16	VDD_RIPPLE_1.8	Max allowed ripple on power supply, DC to 10 MHz	–	–	±25	mV	$V_{DD} > 1.75\text{V}$ (with ripple), 25°C T_A , Parasitic Capacitance (C_P) < 20 pF, Sensitivity ≥ 0.4 pF
SID.CSD.BLK	ICSD	Maximum block current	–	–	4000	μA	Maximum block current for both IDACs in dynamic (switching) mode including comparators, buffer, and reference generator.
SID.CSD#15	V _{REF}	Voltage reference for CSD and Comparator	0.6	1.2	$V_{DDA} - 0.6$	V	$V_{DDA} - 0.06$ or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID.CSD#15A	VREF_EXT	External Voltage reference for CSD and Comparator	0.6		$V_{DDA} - 0.6$	V	$V_{DDA} - 0.06$ or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID.CSD#16	IDAC1IDD	IDAC1 (7-bits) block current	–	–	1750	μA	
SID.CSD#17	IDAC2IDD	IDAC2 (7-bits) block current	–	–	1750	μA	
SID308	VCSD	Voltage range of operation	1.71	–	5.5	V	1.8 V ±5% or 1.8 V to 5.5 V
SID308A	VCOMPIDAC	Voltage compliance range of IDAC	0.6	–	$V_{DDA} - 0.6$	V	$V_{DDA} - 0.06$ or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID309	IDAC1DNL	DNL	–1	–	1	LSB	
SID310	IDAC1INL	INL	–2	–	2	LSB	INL is ±5.5 LSB for $V_{DDA} < 2\text{ V}$
SID311	IDAC2DNL	DNL	–1	–	1	LSB	
SID312	IDAC2INL	INL	–2	–	2	LSB	INL is ±5.5 LSB for $V_{DDA} < 2\text{ V}$
SID313	SNR	Ratio of counts of finger to noise. Guaranteed by characterization	5	–	–	Ratio	Capacitance range of 5 to 35 pF, 0.1-pF sensitivity. All use cases. $V_{DDA} > 2\text{ V}$.
SID314	IDAC1CRT1	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in low range	4.2	–	5.4	μA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID314A	IDAC1CRT2	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in medium range	34	–	41	μA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID314B	IDAC1CRT3	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in high range	275	–	330	μA	LSB = 2.4-μA typ.
SID314C	IDAC1CRT12	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in low range, 2X mode	8	–	10.5	μA	LSB = 75-nA typ.
SID314D	IDAC1CRT22	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in medium range, 2X mode	69	–	82	μA	LSB = 600-nA typ.
SID314E	IDAC1CRT32	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in high range, 2X mode	540	–	660	μA	LSB = 4.8-μA typ.
SID315	IDAC2CRT1	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in low range	4.2	–	5.4	μA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID315A	IDAC2CRT2	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in medium range	34	–	41	μA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID315B	IDAC2CRT3	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in high range	275	–	330	μA	LSB = 2.4-μA typ.
SID315C	IDAC2CRT12	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in low range, 2X mode	8	–	10.5	μA	LSB = 75-nA typ.
SID315D	IDAC2CRT22	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in medium range, 2X mode	69	–	82	μA	LSB = 600-nA typ.
SID315E	IDAC2CRT32	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in high range, 2X mode	540	–	660	μA	LSB = 4.8-μA typ.
SID315F	IDAC3CRT13	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in low range	8	–	10.5	μA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.

Table 12. 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SIDA109	A_SND	Signal-to-noise and Distortion ratio (SINAD)	–	61	–	dB	With 10-Hz input sine wave, external 2.4-V reference, V _{REF} (2.4 V) mode
SIDA110	A_BW	Input bandwidth without aliasing	–	–	22.4	kHz	8-bit resolution
SIDA111	A_INL	Integral Non Linearity. 1 ksps	–	–	2	LSB	V _{REF} = 2.4 V or greater
SIDA112	A_DNL	Differential Non Linearity. 1 ksps	–	–	1	LSB	

Digital Peripherals

Timer Counter Pulse-Width Modulator (TCPWM)

Table 13. TCPWM Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID.TCPWM.1	ITCPWM1	Block current consumption at 3 MHz	–	–	45	μA	All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.2	ITCPWM2	Block current consumption at 12 MHz	–	–	155		All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.2A	ITCPWM3	Block current consumption at 48 MHz	–	–	650		All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.3	TCPWM _{FREQ}	Operating frequency	–	–	F _c	MHz	F _c max = CLK_SYS Maximum = 48 MHz
SID.TCPWM.4	TPWM _{ENEXT}	Input trigger pulse width	2/F _c	–	–	ns	For all trigger events ^[6]
SID.TCPWM.5	TPWM _{EXT}	Output trigger pulse widths	2/F _c	–	–		Minimum possible width of Overflow, Underflow, and CC (Counter equals Compare value) outputs
SID.TCPWM.5A	TC _{RES}	Resolution of counter	1/F _c	–	–		Minimum time between successive counts
SID.TCPWM.5B	PWM _{RES}	PWM resolution	1/F _c	–	–		Minimum pulse width of PWM Output
SID.TCPWM.5C	Q _{RES}	Quadrature inputs resolution	1/F _c	–	–		Minimum pulse width between Quadrature phase inputs

Note

6. Trigger events can be Stop, Start, Reload, Count, Capture, or Kill depending on which mode of operation is selected.

I^2C
Table 14. Fixed I^2C DC Specifications^[7]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID149	I_{I2C1}	Block current consumption at 100 kHz	–	–	50	μA	–
SID150	I_{I2C2}	Block current consumption at 400 kHz	–	–	135		–
SID151	I_{I2C3}	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	–	–	310		–
SID152	I_{I2C4}	I^2C enabled in Deep Sleep mode	–	–	1.4		

Table 15. Fixed I^2C AC Specifications^[7]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID153	F_{I2C1}	Bit rate	–	–	1	Msps	–

Table 16. SPI DC Specifications^[7]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID163	ISPI1	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	–	–	360	μA	–
SID164	ISPI2	Block current consumption at 4 Mbps	–	–	560		–
SID165	ISPI3	Block current consumption at 8 Mbps	–	–	600		–

Table 17. SPI AC Specifications^[7]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID166	FSPI	SPI operating frequency (Master; 6X Oversampling)	–	–	8	MHz	
Fixed SPI Master Mode AC Specifications							
SID167	TDMO	MOSI Valid after SClock driving edge	–	–	15	ns	–
SID168	TDSI	MISO Valid before SClock capturing edge	20	–	–		Full clock, late MISO sampling
SID169	THMO	Previous MOSI data hold time	0	–	–		Referred to Slave capturing edge
Fixed SPI Slave Mode AC Specifications							
SID170	TDMI	MOSI Valid before Scklock Capturing edge	40	–	–	ns	–
SID171	TDSO	MISO Valid after Scklock driving edge	–	–	42 + 3*Tcpu		T _{CPU} = 1/F _{CPU}
SID171A	TDSO_EXT	MISO Valid after Scklock driving edge in Ext. Clk mode	–	–	48		–
SID172	THSO	Previous MISO data hold time	0	–	–		–
SID172A	TSSELSSCK	SSEL Valid to first SCK Valid edge	–	–	100	ns	–

Note

7. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 18. UART DC Specifications^[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID160	I_{UART1}	Block current consumption at 100 Kbps	–	–	55	μA	–
SID161	I_{UART2}	Block current consumption at 1000 Kbps	–	–	312	μA	–

Table 19. UART AC Specifications^[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID162	F_{UART}	Bit rate	–	–	1	Mbps	–

Table 20. LCD Direct Drive DC Specifications^[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID154	I_{LCDLOW}	Operating current in low power mode	–	5	–	μA	16 × 4 small segment disp. at 50 Hz
SID155	C_{LCDCAP}	LCD capacitance per segment/common driver	–	500	5000	pF	–
SID156	LCD_{OFFSET}	Long-term segment offset	–	20	–	mV	–
SID157	I_{LCDOP1}	LCD system operating current $V_{bias} = 5\text{ V}$	–	2	–	mA	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz. 25 °C
SID158	I_{LCDOP2}	LCD system operating current $V_{bias} = 3.3\text{ V}$	–	2	–		32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz. 25 °C

Table 21. LCD Direct Drive AC Specifications^[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID159	F_{LCD}	LCD frame rate	10	50	150	Hz	–

Note

8. Guaranteed by characterization.

SWD Interface

Table 26. SWD Interface Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID213	F_SWDCCLK1	$3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	–	–	14	MHz	SWDCLK $\leq$ 1/3 CPU clock frequency
SID214	F_SWDCCLK2	$1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.3\text{ V}$	–	–	7		SWDCLK $\leq$ 1/3 CPU clock frequency
SID215 ^[11]	T_SWDI_SETUP	$T = 1/f_{\text{SWDCLK}}$	$0.25 \cdot T$	–	–	ns	–
SID216 ^[11]	T_SWDI_HOLD	$T = 1/f_{\text{SWDCLK}}$	$0.25 \cdot T$	–	–		–
SID217 ^[11]	T_SWDO_VALID	$T = 1/f_{\text{SWDCLK}}$	–	–	$0.5 \cdot T$		–
SID217A ^[11]	T_SWDO_HOLD	$T = 1/f_{\text{SWDCLK}}$	1	–	–		–

Internal Main Oscillator

Table 27. IMO DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Design)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID218	I_IMO1	IMO operating current at 48 MHz	–	–	250	μA	–
SID219	I_IMO2	IMO operating current at 24 MHz	–	–	180	μA	–

Table 28. IMO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID223	F_IMOTOL1	Frequency variation at 24, 32, and 48 MHz (trimmed)	–	–	± 2	%	
SID226	T_STARTIMO	IMO startup time	–	–	7	μs	–
SID228	T_JITRMSIMO2	RMS jitter at 24 MHz	–	145	–	ps	–

Internal Low-Speed Oscillator

Table 29. ILO DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Design)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID231 ^[11]	I_ILO1	ILO operating current	–	0.3	1.05	μA	–

Table 30. ILO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID234 ^[11]	T_STARTILO1	ILO startup time	–	–	2	ms	–
SID236 ^[11]	T_ILODUTY	ILO duty cycle	40	50	60	%	–
SID237	F_ILOTRIM1	ILO frequency range	20	40	80	kHz	–

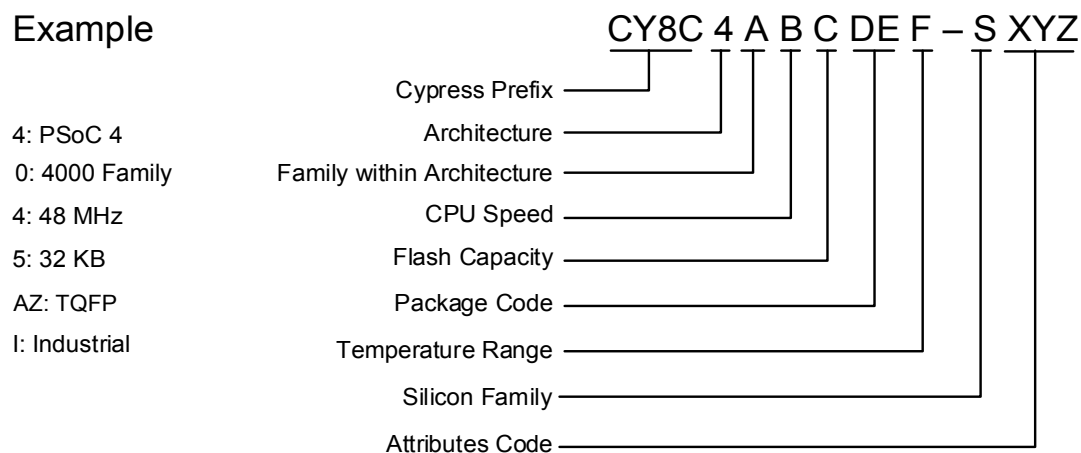
Note

11. Guaranteed by characterization.

Field	Description	Values	Meaning
C	Flash Capacity	4	16 KB
		5	32 KB
		6	64 KB
		7	128 KB
DE	Package Code	AX	TQFP (0.8-mm pitch)
		AZ	TQFP (0.5-mm pitch)
		LQ	QFN
		PV	SSOP
		FN	CSP
F	Temperature Range	I	Industrial
S	Silicon Family	S	PSoC 4A-S1, PSoC 4A-S2
		M	PSoC 4A-M
		L	PSoC 4A-L
		BL	PSoC 4A-BLE
XYZ	Attributes Code	000-999	Code of feature set in the specific family

The following is an example of a part number:

Example



Packaging

The PSoC 4000S will be offered in 48-pin TQFP, 40-pin QFN, 32-pin QFN, 24-pin QFN, and 25-ball WLCSP packages.

Package dimensions and Cypress drawing numbers are in the following table.

Table 36. Package List

Spec ID#	Package	Description	Package Dwg
BID20	48-pin TQFP	7 × 7 × 1.4 mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	51-85135
BID27	40-pin QFN	6 × 6 × 0.6 mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	001-80659
BID34A	32-pin QFN	5 × 5 × 0.6 mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	001-42168
BID34	24-pin QFN	4 × 4 × 0.6 mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	001-13937
BID34F	25-ball WLCSP	2.02 × 1.93 × 0.48 mm height with 0.35-mm pitch	002-09957

Table 37. Package Thermal Characteristics

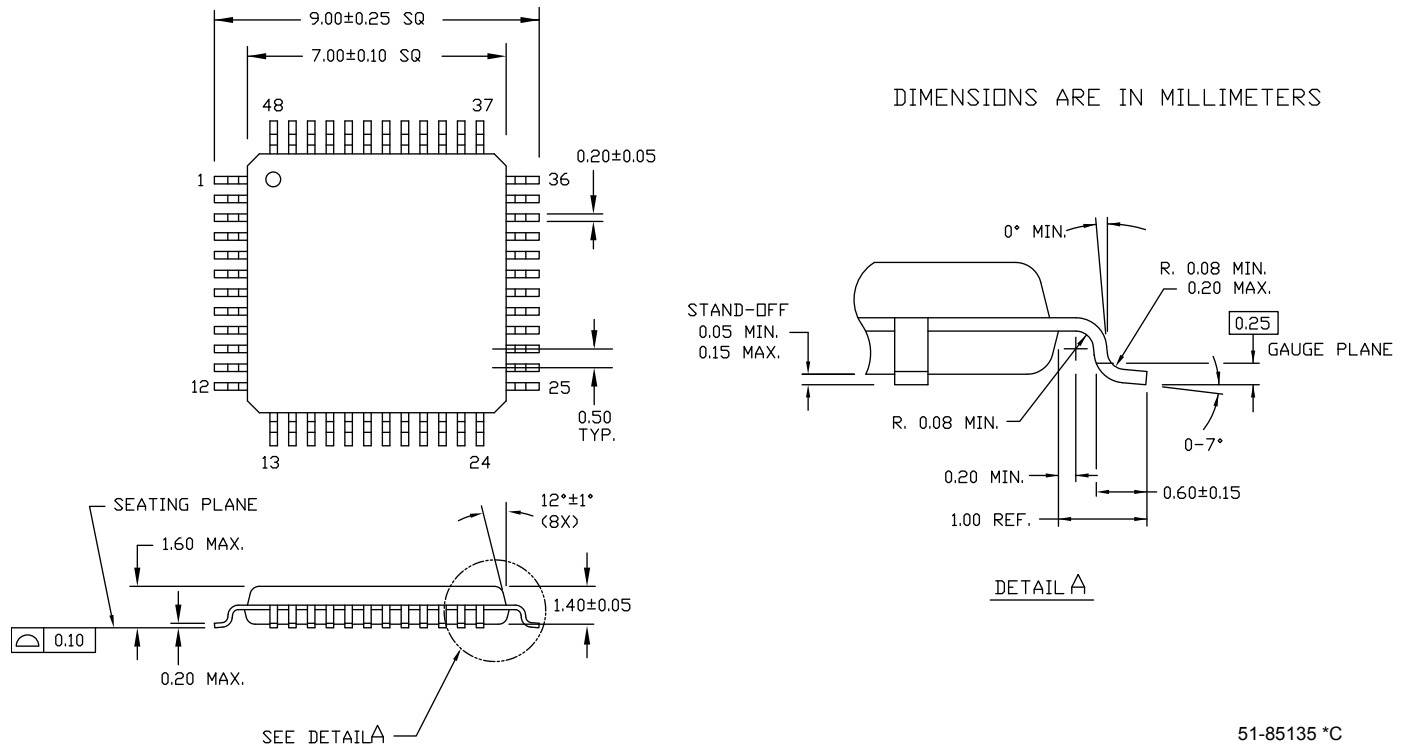
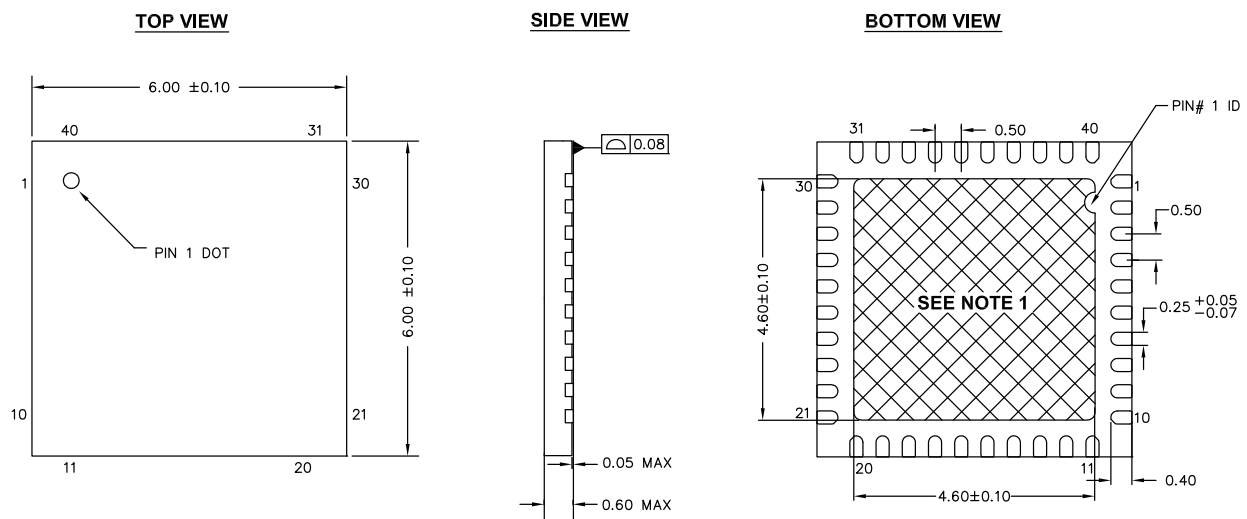
Parameter	Description	Package	Min	Typ	Max	Units
T _A	Operating ambient temperature		−40	25	85	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature		−40	—	100	°C
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA}	48-pin TQFP	—	73.5	—	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC}	48-pin TQFP	—	33.5	—	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA}	40-pin QFN	—	17.8	—	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC}	40-pin QFN	—	2.8	—	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA}	32-pin QFN	—	20.8	—	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC}	32-pin QFN	—	5.9	—	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA}	24-pin QFN	—	21.7	—	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC}	24-pin QFN	—	5.6	—	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA}	25-ball WLCSP	—	54.6	—	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC}	25-ball WLCSP	—	0.5	—	°C/Watt

Table 38. Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

Package	Maximum Peak Temperature	Maximum Time at Peak Temperature
All	260 °C	30 seconds

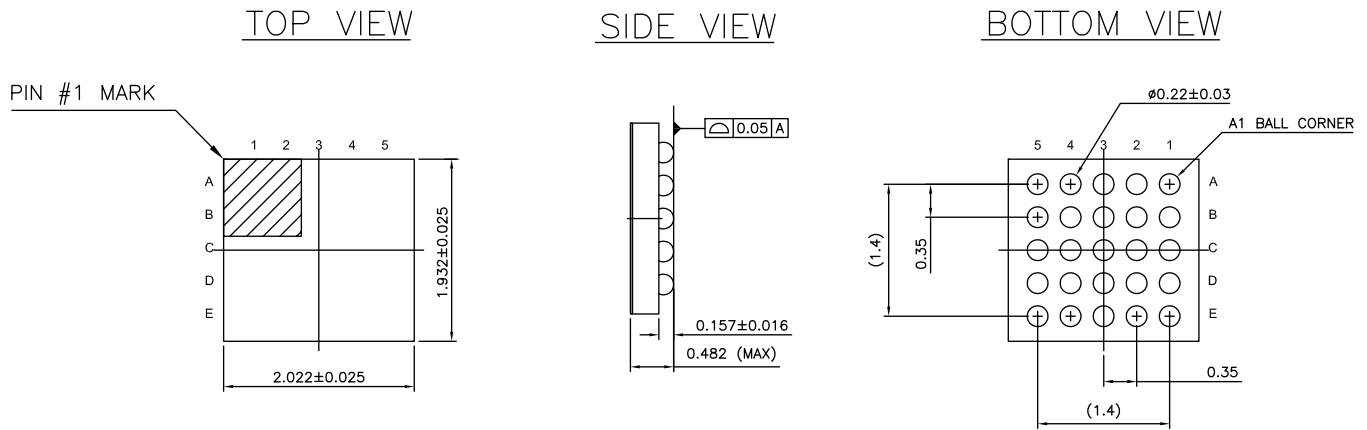
Table 39. Package Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020

Package	MSL
All except WLCSP	MSL 3
25-ball WLCSP	MSL 1

Package Diagrams
Figure 5. 48-pin TQFP Package Outline

Figure 6. 40-pin QFN Package Outline

NOTES:

1.  HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED PAD
2. REFERENCE JEDEC # MO-248
3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 68 ±2 mg
4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

001-80659 *A

Figure 9. 25-Ball WLCSP


ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM
 JEDEC Publication 95; Design Guide 4.18

002-09957 **

Table 40. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
PC	program counter
PCB	printed circuit board
PGA	programmable gain amplifier
PHUB	peripheral hub
PHY	physical layer
PICU	port interrupt control unit
PLA	programmable logic array
PLD	programmable logic device, see also PAL
PLL	phase-locked loop
PMDD	package material declaration data sheet
POR	power-on reset
PRES	precise power-on reset
PRS	pseudo random sequence
PS	port read data register
PSoC®	Programmable System-on-Chip™
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio
PWM	pulse-width modulator
RAM	random-access memory
RISC	reduced-instruction-set computing
RMS	root-mean-square
RTC	real-time clock
RTL	register transfer language
RTR	remote transmission request
RX	receive
SAR	successive approximation register
SC/CT	switched capacitor/continuous time
SCL	I ² C serial clock
SDA	I ² C serial data
S/H	sample and hold
SINAD	signal to noise and distortion ratio
SIO	special input/output, GPIO with advanced features. See GPIO.
SOC	start of conversion
SOF	start of frame
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface, a communications protocol
SR	slew rate
SRAM	static random access memory
SRES	software reset
SWD	serial wire debug, a test protocol

Table 40. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
SWV	single-wire viewer
TD	transaction descriptor, see also DMA
THD	total harmonic distortion
TIA	transimpedance amplifier
TRM	technical reference manual
TTL	transistor-transistor logic
TX	transmit
UART	Universal Asynchronous Transmitter Receiver, a communications protocol
UDB	universal digital block
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USBIO	USB input/output, PSoC pins used to connect to a USB port
VDAC	voltage DAC, see also DAC, IDAC
WDT	watchdog timer
WOL	write once latch, see also NVL
WRES	watchdog timer reset
XRES	external reset I/O pin
XTAL	crystal

Revision History

Description Title: PSoC [®] 4: PSoC 4000S Family Datasheet Programmable System-on-Chip (PSoC) Document Number: 002-00123				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	4883809	WKA	08/28/2015	New datasheet
*A	4992376	WKA	10/30/2015	Updated Pinouts . Added $V_{DDD} \geq 2.2V$ at $-40^{\circ}C$ under Conditions for specs SID247A, SID90, SID92. Updated Table 12 . Updated Ordering Information .
*B	5037826	SLAN	12/08/2015	Changed datasheet status to Preliminary
*C	5104369	WKA	01/27/2016	Added Errata. Added 25 WLCSP package details. Updated theta J_A and J_C values for all packages.
*D	5139206	WKA	02/16/2016	Updated copyright information at the end of the document.
*E	5173961	WKA	03/15/2016	Updated Pinouts . Updated values for SID79, BID194, SID175, and SID176. Updated CSD and IDAC Specifications . Updated 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications .
*F	5268662	WKA	05/12/2016	Updated Alternate Pin Functions . Updated the following specs: SID310, SID312, SID313, SID314, SID314C, SID314D, SID314E, SID315, SID315C, SID315D, SID315E, SID322A, SID322B, SIDA109. Removed Errata section. Updated the Cypress logo and copyright information based on the template.
*G	5330930	WKA	07/27/2016	Updated LCD Segment Drive . Updated SID60 conditions. Updated IDD specs. Corrected package dimensions for WLCSP package and added WLCSP MSL condition. Moved datasheet status to Final.
*H	5415365	WKA	09/14/2016	Added 40-pin QFN pin and package details. Updated IDD spec values in DC Specifications .
*I	5561833	WKA	01/09/2017	Changed PRGIO references to Smart I/O.
*J	5704046	GNKK	04/26/2017	Updated the Cypress logo and copyright information.