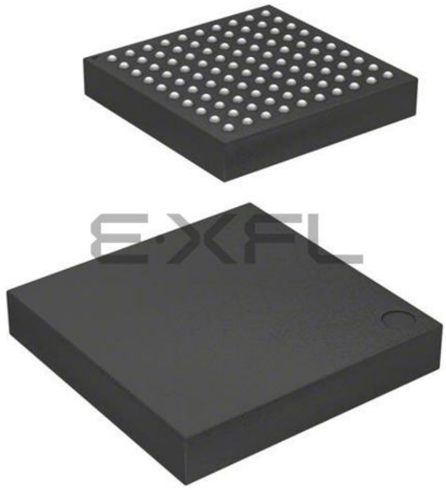

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	R32C/100
Core Size	16/32-Bit
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I²C, IEBus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	82
Program Memory Size	384KB (384K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	63K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 26x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TFLGA
Supplier Device Package	100-TFLGA (5.5x5.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f64111nlg-u0

1.1.2 Performance Overview

Tables 1.1 to 1.4 show the performance overview of the R32C/111 Group.

Table 1.1 Performance Overview for the 100-pin Package (1/2)

Unit	Function	Explanation
CPU	Central processing unit	R32C/100 Series CPU Core • Basic instructions: 108 • Minimum instruction execution time: 20 ns (f(CPU) = 50 MHz) • Multiplier: 32-bit × 32-bit → 64-bit • Multiply-accumulate unit: 32-bit × 32-bit + 64-bit → 64-bit • IEEE-754 compatible FPU: Single precision • 32-bit barrel shifter • Operating mode: Single-chip mode, memory expansion mode, microprocessor mode (optional [1])
Memory		Flash memory: 256 to 512 Kbytes RAM: 32 to 63 Kbytes Data flash: 4 Kbytes × 2 blocks Refer to Table 1.5 for memory size of each product group
Voltage Detector	Low voltage detector	Optional [1] Low voltage detection interrupt
Clock	Clock generator	• 4 circuits (main clock, sub clock, PLL, on-chip oscillator) • Oscillation stop detector: Main clock oscillator stop/restart detection • Frequency divide circuit: Divide-by-2 to divide-by-24 selectable • Low power modes: Wait mode, stop mode
External Bus Expansion	Bus and memory expansion	• Address space: 4 Gbytes (of which up to 64 Mbytes is user accessible) • External bus Interface: Support for wait-state insertion, 4 chip select outputs, 3V/5V interface • Bus format: Separate bus/Multiplexed bus selectable, data bus width selectable (8/16 bits)
Interrupts		Interrupt vectors: 261 External interrupt inputs: $\overline{\mathrm{NMI}}$, $\overline{\mathrm{INT}}$ × 6, key input × 4 Interrupt priority levels: 7
Watchdog Timer		15 bits × 1 (selectable input frequency from prescaler output)
DMA	DMAC	4 channels • Cycle-steal transfer mode • Request sources: 51 • 2 transfer modes: Single transfer, repeat transfer
	DMAC II	• Triggered by an interrupt request of any peripheral • 3 characteristic transfer functions: Immediate data transfer, calculation result transfer, chain transfer
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• 2 input-only ports • 82 CMOS I/O ports • 2 N-channel open drain ports • A pull-up resistor is selectable for every 4 input ports

Note:
1. Contact a Renesas Electronics sales office to use the optional features.