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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	F ² MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	49
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 15x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-QFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90f352pfm-g-sne1

MB90350 Series

■ PRODUCT LINEUP 1

<div>Part Number</div> <div>Parameter</div>	MB90F351, MB90F352	MB90F351S, MB90F352S	MB90F351A, MB90F352A	MB90F351TA, MB90F352TA	MB90F351AS, MB90F352AS	MB90F351TAS, MB90F352TAS
CPU	F ² MC-16LX CPU					
System clock	On-chip PLL clock multiplier (×1, ×2, ×3, ×4, ×6, 1/2 when PLL stops) Minimum instruction execution time : 42 ns (oscillation clock 4 MHz, PLL × 6)					
ROM	Flash memory 64Kbytes : MB90F351(S) 128Kbytes : MB90F352(S)		Dual operation flash memory 64Kbytes : MB90F351A(S), MB90F351TA(S) 128Kbytes : MB90F352A(S), MB90F352TA(S)			
RAM	4 Kbytes					
Emulator-specific power supply*1	—					
Sub clock pin (X0A, X1A) (Max 100 kHz)	Yes	No	Yes		No	
Clock monitor function	No					
Low voltage/CPU operation detection reset	No		No	Yes	No	Yes
Operating voltage range	3.5 V to 5.5 V : at normal operating (not using A/D converter) 4.0 V to 5.5 V : at using A/D converter/Flash programming 4.5 V to 5.5 V : at using external bus					
Operating temperature range	−40 °C to +105 °C (+125 °C up to 16 MHz machine clock)		−40 °C to +125 °C			
Package	LQFP-64					
UART	2 channels					
	Wide range of baud rate settings using a dedicated reload timer Special synchronous options for adapting to different synchronous serial protocols LIN functionality working either as master or slave LIN device					
I ² C (400 Kbps)	1 channel					
A/D Converter	15 channels					
	10-bit or 8-bit resolution Conversion time : Min 3 μs includes sample time (per one channel)					
16-bit Reload Timer (4 channels)	Operation clock frequency : fsys/2 ¹ , fsys/2 ³ , fsys/2 ⁵ (fsys = Machine clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function.					
16-bit I/O Timer (2 channels)	I/O Timer 0 (clock input FRCK0) corresponds to ICU 0/1. I/O Timer 1 (clock input FRCK1) corresponds to ICU 4/5/6/7, OCU 4/5/6/7.					
	Signals an interrupt when overflowing. Supports Timer Clear when a match with Output Compare (Channel 0, 4) . Operation clock frequency : fsys, fsys/2 ¹ , fsys/2 ² , fsys/2 ³ , fsys/2 ⁴ , fsys/2 ⁵ , fsys/2 ⁶ , fsys/2 ⁷ (fsys = Machine clock frequency)					
16-bit Output Compare	4 channels					
	Signals an interrupt when 16-bit I/O Timer matches with output compare registers. A pair of compare registers can be used to generate an output signal.					

(Continued)

MB90350 Series

■ PRODUCT LINEUP 3

<div>Part Number</div> <div>Parameter</div>	MB90F356A, MB90F357A	MB90F356TA, MB90F357TA	MB90F356AS, MB90F357AS	MB90F356TAS, MB90F357TAS
CPU	F ² MC-16LX CPU			
System clock	On-chip PLL clock multiplier (×1, ×2, ×3, ×4, ×6, 1/2 when PLL stops) Minimum instruction execution time : 42 ns (oscillation clock 4 MHz, PLL × 6)			
ROM	Dual operation flash memory 64Kbytes : MB90F356A(S), MB90F356TA(S) 128Kbytes : MB90F357A(S), MB90F357TA(S)			
RAM	4 Kbytes			
Emulator-specific power supply*1	—			
Sub clock pin (X0A, X1A)	Yes		No (internal CR oscillation can be used as sub clock)	
Clock monitor function	Yes			
Low voltage/CPU operation detection reset	No	Yes	No	Yes
Operating voltage range	3.5 V to 5.5 V : at normal operating (not using A/D converter) 3.5 V to 5.5 V : at using A/D converter/Flash programming 3.5 V to 5.5 V : at using external bus			
Operating temperature range	−40 °C to +125 °C			
Package	LQFP-64			
UART	2 channels			
	Wide range of baud rate settings using a dedicated reload timer Special synchronous options for adapting to different synchronous serial protocols LIN functionality working either as master or slave LIN device			
I ² C (400 Kbps)	1 channel			
A/D Converter	15 channels			
	10-bit or 8-bit resolution Conversion time : Min 3 μs includes sample time (per one channel)			
16-bit Reload Timer (4 channels)	Operation clock frequency : fsys/2 ¹ , fsys/2 ³ , fsys/2 ⁵ (fsys = Machine clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function.			
16-bit I/O Timer (2 channels)	I/O Timer 0 (clock input FRCK0) corresponds to ICU 0/1. I/O Timer 1 (clock input FRCK1) corresponds to ICU 4/5/6/7, OCU 4/5/6/7.			
	Signals an interrupt when overflowing. Supports Timer Clear when a match with Output Compare (Channel 0, 4) . Operation clock frequency : fsys, fsys/2 ¹ , fsys/2 ² , fsys/2 ³ , fsys/2 ⁴ , fsys/2 ⁵ , fsys/2 ⁶ , fsys/2 ⁷ (fsys = Machine clock frequency)			
16-bit Output Compare	4 channels			
	Signals an interrupt when 16-bit I/O Timer matches with output compare registers. A pair of compare registers can be used to generate an output signal.			

(Continued)

MB90350 Series

(Continued)

Part Number Parameter	MB90F356A, MB90F357A	MB90F356TA, MB90F357TA	MB90F356AS, MB90F357AS	MB90F356TAS, MB90F357TAS
16-bit Input Capture	6 channels			
	Retains freerun timer value by (rising edge, falling edge or rising & falling edge), signals an interrupt.			
8/16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator	6 channels (16-bit)/10 channels (8-bit) 8-bit reload counters × 12 8-bit reload registers for L pulse width × 12 8-bit reload registers for H pulse width × 12			
	Supports 8-bit and 16-bit operation modes. A pair of 8-bit reload counters can be configured as one 16-bit reload counter or as 8-bit prescaler + 8-bit reload counter. Operation clock frequency : f_{sys} , $f_{sys}/2^1$, $f_{sys}/2^2$, $f_{sys}/2^3$, $f_{sys}/2^4$ or $128 \mu s @ f_{osc} = 4 \text{ MHz}$ (f_{sys} = Machine clock frequency, f_{osc} = Oscillation clock frequency)			
CAN Interface	1 channel			
	Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B. Automatic re-transmission in case of error Automatic transmission responding to Remote Frame Prioritized 16 message buffers for data and ID Supports multiple messages. Flexible configuration of acceptance filtering : Full bit compare/Full bit mask/Two partial bit masks Supports up to 1 Mbps.			
External Interrupt	8 channels			
	Can be used rising edge, falling edge, starting up by H/L level input, external interrupt, extended intelligent I/O services (EI ² OS) and DMA.			
D/A converter	—			
I/O Ports	Virtually all external pins can be used as general purpose I/O port. All push-pull outputs Bit-wise settable as input/output or peripheral module signal Settable as CMOS schmitt trigger/ automotive inputs TTL input level settable for external bus (only for external bus pin)			
Flash Memory	Supports automatic programming, Embedded Algorithm ^{TM*2} Write/Erase/Erased-Suspend/Resume commands A flag indicating completion of the algorithm Number of erase cycles : 10,000 times Data retention time : 10 years Boot block configuration Erase can be performed on each block. Block protection with external programming voltage Flash Security Feature for protecting the content of the Flash (MB90F357x only)			
Corresponding EVA name	MB90V340A-104		MB90V340A-103	

*1 : It is setting of Jumper switch (TOOL VCC) when Emulator (MB2147-01) is used.
Please refer to the Emulator hardware manual about details.

*2 : Embedded Algorithm is a trademark of Advanced Micro Devices Inc.

MB90350 Series

Pin No. LQFP64*	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
24 to 31	P00 to P07	G	General purpose I/O ports. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD00 to AD07		Input/output pins of external address data bus lower 8 bits. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
	INT8 to INT15		External interrupt request input pins for INT8 to INT15
32	P10	G	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD08		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 8. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.
	TIN1		Event input pin for reload timer1
33	P11	G	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD09		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 9. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.
	TOT1		Output pin for reload timer1
34	P12	N	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD10		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 10. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.
	SIN3		Serial data input pin for UART3
	INT11R		External interrupt request input pin for INT11
35	P13	G	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD11		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 11. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.
	SOT3		Serial data output pin for UART3
36	P14	G	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD12		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 12. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.
	SCK3		Clock input/output pin for UART3
37	P15	N	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD13		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 13. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.
38	P16	G	General purpose I/O port. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
	AD14		Input/output pin for external bus address data bus bit 14. This function is enabled when external bus is enabled.

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9. Turning-on Sequence of Power Supply to A/D Converter and Analog Inputs

Make sure to turn on the A/D converter power supply (AV_{CC} , AV_{RH}) and analog inputs ($AN0$ to $AN14$) after turning-on the digital power supply (V_{CC}).

Turn-off the digital power after turning off the A/D converter power supply and analog inputs. In this case, make sure that the voltage does not exceed AV_{RH} or AV_{CC} (turning on/off the analog and digital power supplies simultaneously is acceptable).

10. Connection of Unused Pins of A/D Converter if A/D Converter is used

Connect unused pins of A/D converter to $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$, $AV_{SS} = AV_{RH} = V_{SS}$.

11. Notes on Energization

To prevent the internal regulator circuit from malfunctioning, set the voltage rise time during energization at $50\ \mu\text{s}$ or more ($0.2\ \text{V}$ to $2.7\ \text{V}$).

12. Stabilization of power supply voltage

A sudden change in the power supply voltage may cause the device to malfunction even within the specified V_{CC} power supply voltage operating range. Therefore, the V_{CC} power supply voltage should be stabilized.

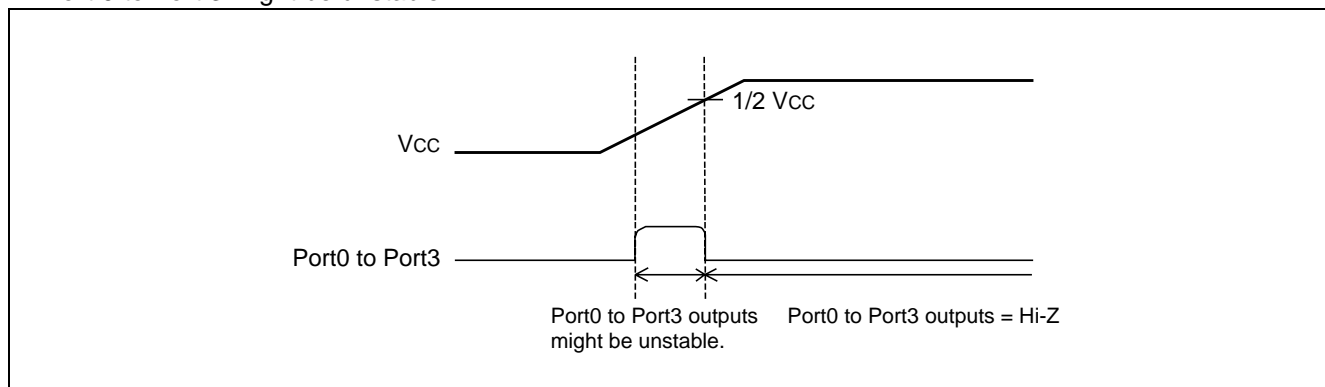
For reference, the power supply voltage should be controlled so that V_{CC} ripple variations (peak-to-peak value) at commercial frequencies ($50\ \text{Hz}$ to $60\ \text{Hz}$) fall below 10% of the standard V_{CC} power supply voltage and the coefficient of fluctuation does not exceed $0.1\ \text{V/ms}$ at instantaneous power switching.

13. Initialization

In the device, there are internal registers which are initialized only by a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, turn on the power again.

14. Port 0 to port 3 output during Power-on (External-bus mode)

As shown below, when power is turned on in external-bus mode, there is a possibility that output signal of Port 0 to Port 3 might be unstable.



15. Notes on using CAN Function

To use CAN function, please set "1" to DIRECT bit of CAN direct mode register (CDMR).

If DIRECT bit is set to "0" (initial value), wait states will be performed when accessing CAN registers.

Note : Please refer to section "22.15 CAN Direct Mode Register" in Hardware Manual of MB90350 series for detail of CAN direct mode register.

16. Flash security Function

The security byte is located in the area of the flash memory.

If protection code 01_H is written in the security byte, the flash memory is in the protected state by security.

Therefore please do not write 01_H in this address if you do not use the security function.

Please refer to following table for the address of the security byte.

	Flash memory size	Address for security bit
MB90F352(S) MB90F352A(S) MB90F352TA(S) MB90F357A(S) MB90F357TA(S)	Embedded 1 Mbit Flash Memory	FE0001 _H

17. Correspondence with T_A = +105 °C or more

If used exceeding T_A = +105 °C, please contact Fujitsu sales representatives for reliability limitations.

18. Low voltage/CPU operation reset circuit

The low voltage detection reset circuit is a function that monitors power supply voltage in order to detect when a voltage drops below a given voltage level. When a low voltage condition is detected, an internal reset signal is generated.

The CPU operation detection reset circuit is a 20-bit counter that uses oscillation as a count clock and generates an internal reset signal if not cleared within a given time after startup.

(1) Low voltage detection reset circuit

Detection voltage
4.0 V ± 0.3 V

When a low voltage condition is detected, the low voltage detection flag (LVRC : LVRF) is set to "1" and an internal reset signal is output.

Because the low voltage detection reset circuit continues to operate even in stop mode, detection of a low voltage condition generates an internal reset and releases stop mode.

During an internal RAM write cycle, low voltage reset is generated after the completion of writing. During the output of this internal reset, the reset output from the low voltage detection reset circuit is suppressed.

(2) CPU operation detection reset circuit

The CPU operation detection reset circuit is a counter that prevents program runaway. The counter starts automatically after a power-on reset, and must be continually cleared within a given time. If the given time interval elapses and the counter has not been cleared, a cause such as infinite program looping is assumed and an internal reset signal is generated. The internal reset generated from the CPU operation detection circuit has a width of 5 machine cycles.

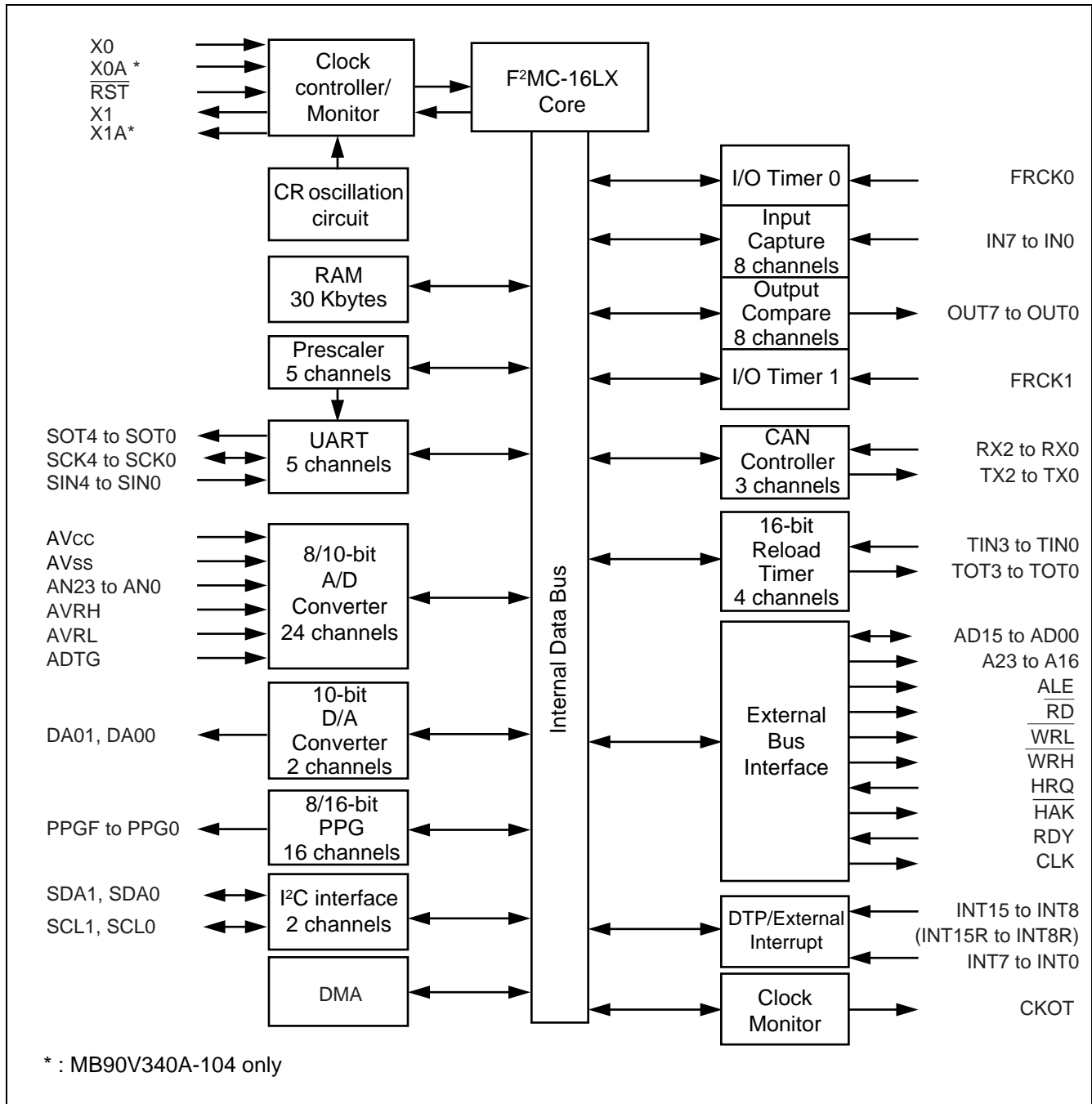
Interval time
2 ²⁰ /F _C (approx. 262 ms*)

* : This value assumes the interval time at an oscillation clock frequency of 4 MHz.

During recovery from standby mode, the detection period is the maximum interval plus 20 μs.

MB90350 Series

- MB90V340A-103/104



MB90350 Series

Address	Register	Abbrevia- tion	Access	Resource name	Initial value
792C _H	Input Capture Register 6	IPCP6	R	Input Capture 6/7	XXXXXXXX _B
792D _H	Input Capture Register 6	IPCP6	R		XXXXXXXX _B
792E _H	Input Capture Register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX _B
792F _H	Input Capture Register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX _B
7930 _H to 7937 _H	Reserved				
7938 _H	Output Compare Register 4	OCCP4	R/W	Output Compare 4/5	XXXXXXXX _B
7939 _H	Output Compare Register 4	OCCP4	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
793A _H	Output Compare Register 5	OCCP5	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
793B _H	Output Compare Register 5	OCCP5	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
793C _H	Output Compare Register 6	OCCP6	R/W	Output Compare 6/7	XXXXXXXX _B
793D _H	Output Compare Register 6	OCCP6	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
793E _H	Output Compare Register 7	OCCP7	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
793F _H	Output Compare Register 7	OCCP7	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
7940 _H	Timer Data Register 0	TCDT0	R/W	I/O Timer 0	00000000 _B
7941 _H	Timer Data Register 0	TCDT0	R/W		00000000 _B
7942 _H	Timer Control Status Register 0	TCCSL0	R/W		00000000 _B
7943 _H	Timer Control Status Register 0	TCCSH0	R/W		0XXXXXXXX _B
7944 _H	Timer Data Register 1	TCDT1	R/W	I/O Timer 1	00000000 _B
7945 _H	Timer Data Register 1	TCDT1	R/W		00000000 _B
7946 _H	Timer Control Status Register 1	TCCSL1	R/W		00000000 _B
7947 _H	Timer Control Status Register 1	TCCSH1	R/W		0XXXXXXXX _B
7948 _H	Timer Register 0/Reload Register 0	TMR0/ TMRLR0	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 0	XXXXXXXX _B
7949 _H			R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
794A _H	Timer Register 1/Reload Register 1	TMR1/ TMRLR1	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 1	XXXXXXXX _B
794B _H			R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
794C _H	Timer Register 2/Reload Register 2	TMR2/ TMRLR2	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 2	XXXXXXXX _B
794D _H			R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
794E _H	Timer Register 3/Reload Register 3	TMR3/ TMRLR3	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 3	XXXXXXXX _B
794F _H			R/W		XXXXXXXX _B

(Continued)

■ CAN CONTROLLERS

The CAN controller has the following features :

- Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B
 - Supports transmission/reception in standard frame and extended frame formats
- Supports transmitting of data frames by receiving remote frames
- 16 transmitting/receiving message buffers
 - 29-bit ID and 8-byte data
 - Multi-level message buffer configuration
- Provides full-bit comparison, full-bit mask, acceptance register 0/acceptance register 1 for each message buffer as ID acceptance mask
 - Two acceptance mask registers in either standard frame format or extended frame formats
- Bit rate programmable from 10 Kbps to 2 Mbps (when input clock is at 16 MHz)

List of Control Registers

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN1				
000080 _H	Message buffer enable register	BVALR	R/W	00000000 _B
000081 _H				00000000 _B
000082 _H	Transmit request register	TREQR	R/W	00000000 _B
000083 _H				00000000 _B
000084 _H	Transmit cancel register	TCANR	W	00000000 _B
000085 _H				00000000 _B
000086 _H	Transmission complete register	TCR	R/W	00000000 _B
000087 _H				00000000 _B
000088 _H	Receive complete register	RCR	R/W	00000000 _B
000089 _H				00000000 _B
00008A _H	Remote request receiving register	RRTRR	R/W	00000000 _B
00008B _H				00000000 _B
00008C _H	Receive overrun register	ROVRR	R/W	00000000 _B
00008D _H				00000000 _B
00008E _H	Reception interrupt enable register	RIER	R/W	00000000 _B
00008F _H				00000000 _B

(Continued)

MB90350 Series

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN1				
007D00 _H	Control status register	CSR	R/W, W R/W, R	0XXXX0X1 _B
007D01 _H				00XXX000 _B
007D02 _H	Last event indicator register	LEIR	R/W	000X0000 _B
007D03 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D04 _H	Receive/transmit error counter	RTEC	R	00000000 _B
007D05 _H				00000000 _B
007D06 _H	Bit timing register	BTR	R/W	11111111 _B
007D07 _H				X1111111 _B
007D08 _H	IDE register	IDER	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B
007D09 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D0A _H	Transmit RTR register	TRTRR	R/W	00000000 _B
007D0B _H				00000000 _B
007D0C _H	Remote frame receive waiting register	RFWTR	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B
007D0D _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D0E _H	Transmit interrupt enable register	TIER	R/W	00000000 _B
007D0F _H				00000000 _B
007D10 _H	Acceptance mask select register	AMSR	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B
007D11 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D12 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D13 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D14 _H	Acceptance mask register 0	AMR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B
007D15 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D16 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D17 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D18 _H	Acceptance mask register 1	AMR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B
007D19 _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D1A _H				XXXXXXXX _B
007D1B _H				XXXXXXXX _B

MB90350 Series

(Continued)

(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 16\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(Device other than above: $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Sym- bol	Pin	Condition		Value			Unit	Remarks
					Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply current	I _{CC} T	V _{CC}	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, Internal frequency: 8 kHz, During operating clock monitor function, At watch mode T _A = +25°C	—	25	150	μA	MB90F356A MB90F357A MB90356A MB90357A	
			V _{CC} = 5.0 V, Internal CR oscillation/ 4 division, At watch mode T _A = +25°C	—	25	150	μA	MB90F356AS MB90F357AS MB90356AS MB90357AS	
			V _{CC} = 5.0 V, Internal frequency: 8 kHz, During stopping clock monitor function, At watch mode T _A = +25°C	—	60	140	μA	MB90F351TA MB90F352TA MB90F356TA MB90F357TA MB90351TA MB90352TA MB90356TA MB90357TA	
			V _{CC} = 5.0 V, Internal frequency: 8 kHz, During operating clock monitor function, At watch mode T _A = +25°C	—	80	250	μA	MB90F356TA MB90F357TA MB90356TA MB90357TA	
			V _{CC} = 5.0 V, Internal CR oscillation/ 4 division, At watch mode T _A = +25°C	—	80	250	μA	MB90F356TAS MB90F357TAS MB90356TAS MB90357TAS	
	I _{CC} H	V _{CC}	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, At Stop mode, T _A = +25°C	—	7	25	μA	Devices without “T”-suffix	
				—	60	130	μA	Devices with “T”-suffix	
Input capacity	C _{IN}	Other than C, AV _{CC} , AV _{SS} , AVRH, V _{CC} , V _{SS} ,		—	—	5	15	pF	

(2) Reset Standby Input

(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 16\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

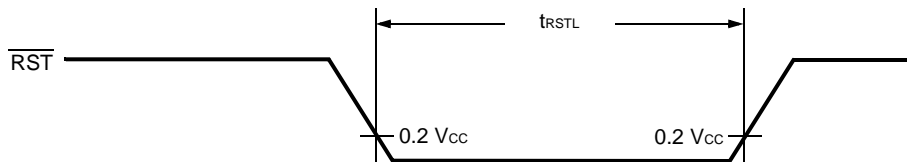
(Device other than above: $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
Reset input time	t_{RSTL}	\overline{RST}	500	—	ns	Under normal operation
			Oscillation time of oscillator* + 100 μs	—	μs	In Stop mode, Sub Clock mode, Sub Sleep mode and Watch mode
			100	—	μs	In Main timer mode and PLL timer mode

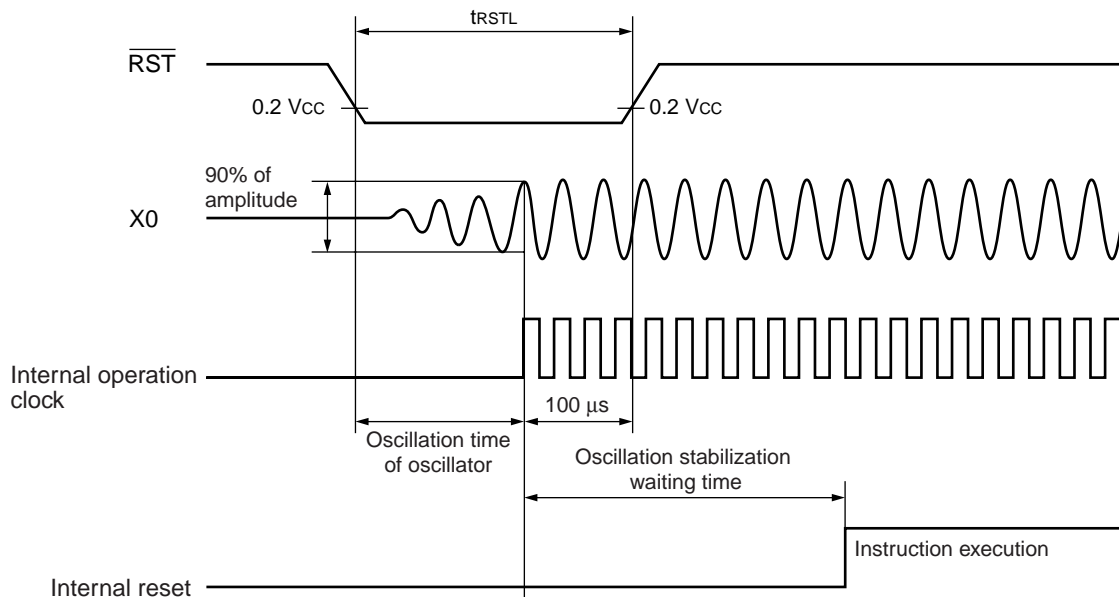
* : Oscillation time of oscillator is the time that the amplitude reaches 90%.

In the crystal oscillator, the oscillation time is between several ms to tens of ms. In FAR / ceramic oscillators, the oscillation time is between hundreds of μs to several ms. With an external clock, the oscillation time is 0 ms.

Under normal operation:



In Stop mode, Sub Clock mode, Sub Sleep mode, Watch mode:

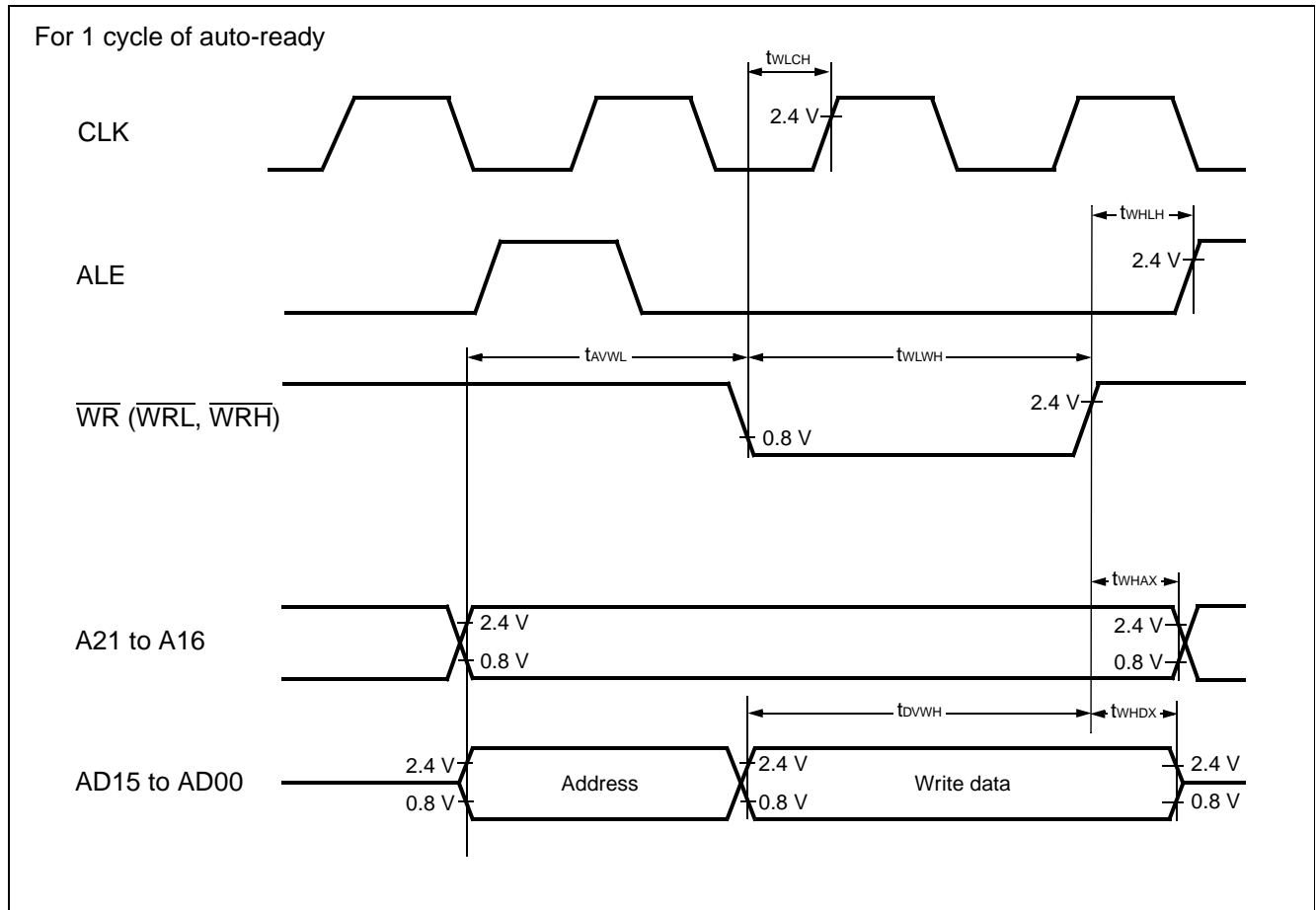


(6) Bus Timing (Write)

($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Valid address $\Rightarrow \overline{WR} \downarrow$ time	t_{AVWL}	A21 to A16, AD15 to AD00, \overline{WR}	—	$t_{CP} - 15$	—	ns	
\overline{WR} pulse width	t_{WLWH}	\overline{WR}		$(n^* + 3/2)t_{CP} - 20$	—	ns	
Valid data output $\Rightarrow \overline{WR} \uparrow$ time	t_{DVWH}	AD15 to AD00, \overline{WR}		$(n^* + 3/2)t_{CP} - 20$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \uparrow \Rightarrow$ Data hold time	t_{WHDX}	AD15 to AD00, \overline{WR}		15	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \uparrow \Rightarrow$ Address valid time	t_{WHAX}	A21 to A16, \overline{WR}		$t_{CP}/2 - 10$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \uparrow \Rightarrow$ ALE \uparrow time	t_{WHLH}	\overline{WR} , ALE		$t_{CP}/2 - 15$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \downarrow \Rightarrow$ CLK \uparrow time	t_{WLCH}	\overline{WR} , CLK		$t_{CP}/2 - 15$	—	ns	

* : n: Number of ready cycles

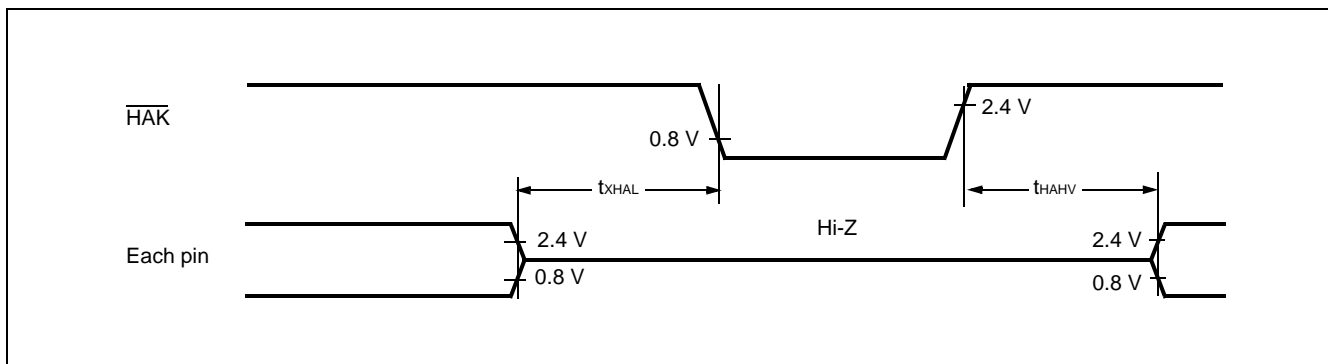


(8) Hold Timing

($T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Units	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Pin floating $\Rightarrow \overline{\text{HAK}} \downarrow$ time	t_{XHAL}	$\overline{\text{HAK}}$	—	30	t_{CP}	ns	
$\overline{\text{HAK}} \uparrow$ time \Rightarrow Pin valid time	t_{HAHV}	$\overline{\text{HAK}}$		t_{CP}	$2 t_{CP}$	ns	

Note : There is more than 1 machine cycle from when HRQ pin reads in until the $\overline{\text{HAK}}$ is changed.



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(11) Timer Related Resource Input Timing

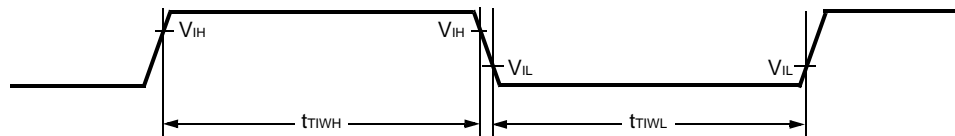
(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 16\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(Device other than above: $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t_{TIWH}	TIN1, TIN3, IN0, IN1, IN4 to IN7	—	$4 t_{CP}$	—	ns	
	t_{TIWL}						

TIN1, TIN3,
IN0, IN1,
IN4 to IN7



(12) Timer Related Resource Output Timing

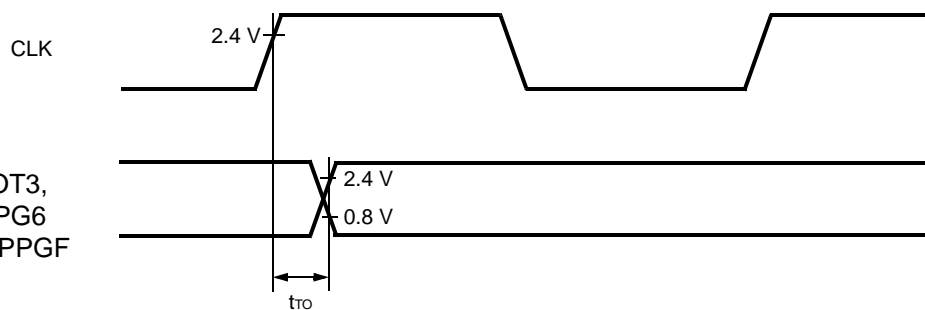
(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(MB90F352(S)/MB90F351(S): $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 16\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

(Device other than above: $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $f_{CP} \leq 24\text{ MHz}$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
CLK $\uparrow \Rightarrow T_{OUT}$ change time	t_{TO}	TOT1, TOT3, PPG4, PPG6, PPG8 to PPGF	—	30	—	ns	

TOT1, TOT3,
PPG4, PPG6
PPG8 to PPGF

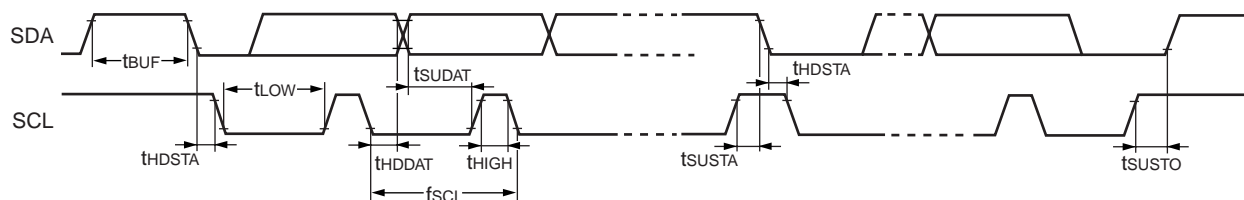


MB90350 Series

Note : The rating of the input data set-up time in the device connected to the bus cannot be satisfied depending on the load capacitance or pull-up resistor.

Be sure to adjust the pull-up resistor of SDA and SCL if the rating of the input data set-up time cannot be satisfied.

- Timing definition



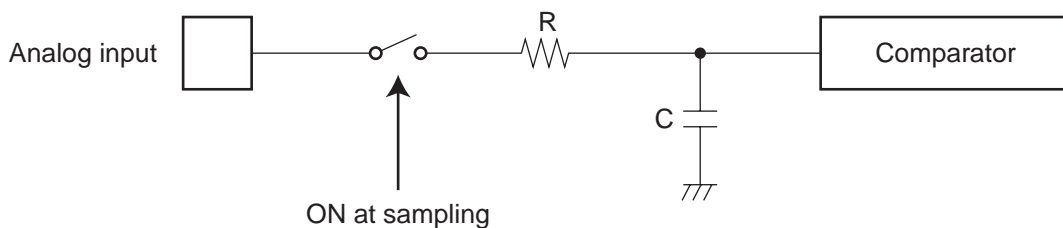
MB90350 Series

Notes on A/D Converter Section

• About the external impedance of the analog input and its sampling time

A/D converter with sample and hold circuit. If the external impedance is too high to keep sufficient sampling time, the analog voltage charged to the internal sample and hold capacitor is insufficient, adversely affecting A/D conversion precision. Therefore to satisfy the A/D conversion precision standard, consider the relationship between the external impedance and minimum sampling time and either adjust the register value and operating frequency or decrease the external impedance so that the sampling time is longer than the minimum value. Also if the sampling time cannot be sufficient, connect a capacitor of about 0.1 μF to the analog input pin.

• Analog input equivalence circuit



MB90F352(S), MB90F351A(S), MB90F352A(S), MB90F351TA(S), MB90F352TA(S),
MB90F356A(S), MB90F357A(S), MB90F356TA(S), MB90F357TA(S),

	R	C
$4.5\text{ V} \leq AV_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.0 k Ω (Max)	16.0 pF (Max)
$4.0\text{ V} \leq AV_{CC} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$	8.2 k Ω (Max)	16.0 pF (Max)

MB90V340A-101/102/103/104, MB90351A(S), MB90352A(S), MB90351TA(S), MB90352TA(S),
MB90356A(S), MB90357A(S), MB90356TA(S), MB90357TA(S),

	R	C
$4.5\text{ V} \leq AV_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.0 k Ω (Max)	14.4 pF (Max)
$4.0\text{ V} \leq AV_{CC} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$	8.2 k Ω (Max)	14.4 pF (Max)

Note : The value is reference value.

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7. Flash Memory Program/Erase Characteristics

Flash Memory

Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Sector erase time	$T_A = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$	—	1	15	s	Excludes programming prior to erasure
Chip erase time		—	9	—	s	Excludes programming prior to erasure
Word (16-bit width) programming time		—	16	3,600	μs	Except for the overhead time of the system level
Program/Erase cycle	—	10,000	—	—	cycle	
Flash Memory Data Retention Time	Average $T_A = +85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	20	—	—	year	*

* : This value comes from the technology qualification.

(Using Arrhenius equation to translate high temperature measurements into normalized value at +85 °C)

Dual Operation Flash Memory

Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Sector erase time (4 Kbytes sector)	$T_A = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$	—	0.2	0.5	s	Excludes programming prior to erasure
Sector erase time (16 Kbytes sector)		—	0.5	7.5	s	Excludes programming prior to erasure
Chip erase time		—	4.6	—	s	Excludes programming prior to erasure
Word (16-bit width) programming time		—	64	3,600	μs	Except for the overhead time of the system level
Program/Erase cycle	—	10,000	—	—	cycle	
Flash Memory Data Retention Time	Average $T_A = +85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	20	—	—	year	*

* : This value comes from the technology qualification.

(Using Arrhenius equation to translate high temperature measurements into normalized value at +85 °C)

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90F351PFM	64-pin plastic LQFP FPT-64P-M09 12mm □, 0.65mm pitch	Flash memory products (64 Kbytes)
MB90F351SPFM		Flash memory products (128 Kbytes)
MB90F352PFM		
MB90F352SPFM		
MB90F351APMC	64-pin plastic LQFP FPT-64P-M23 12mm □, 0.65mm pitch	Dual operation Flash memory products (64 Kbytes)
MB90F351ASPMC		
MB90F351TAPMC		
MB90F351TASPMC		
MB90F356APMC		
MB90F356ASPMC		
MB90F356TAPMC		
MB90F356TASPMC		
MB90F352APMC	64-pin plastic LQFP FPT-64P-M23 12mm □, 0.65mm pitch	Dual operation Flash memory products (128 Kbytes)
MB90F352ASPMC		
MB90F352TAPMC		
MB90F352TASPMC		
MB90F357APMC		
MB90F357ASPMC		
MB90F357TAPMC		
MB90F357TASPMC		
MB90351APMC	64-pin plastic LQFP FPT-64P-M23 12mm □, 0.65mm pitch	MASK ROM products (64 Kbytes)
MB90351ASPMC		
MB90351TAPMC		
MB90351TASPMC		
MB90356APMC		
MB90356ASPMC		
MB90356TAPMC		
MB90356TASPMC		
MB90352APMC	64-pin plastic LQFP FPT-64P-M23 12mm □, 0.65mm pitch	MASK ROM products (128 Kbytes)
MB90352ASPMC		
MB90352TAPMC		
MB90352TASPMC		
MB90357APMC		
MB90357ASPMC		
MB90357TAPMC		
MB90357TASPMC		

(Continued)

MB90350 Series

The information for microcontroller supports is shown in the following homepage.
<http://www.fujitsu.com/global/services/microelectronics/product/micom/support/index.html>

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