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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® microAptiv™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	200MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, SPI, SQI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	120
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 48x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mz2048ech144t-i-pl

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

3.2 Architecture Overview

The MIPS32 microAptiv Microprocessor core in PIC32MZ EC family devices contains several logic blocks working together in parallel, providing an efficient high-performance computing engine. The following blocks are included with the core:

- Execution unit
- General Purpose Register (GPR)
- Multiply/Divide Unit (MDU)
- System control coprocessor (CP0)
- Memory Management Unit (MMU)
- Instruction/Data cache controllers
- Power Management
- Instructions and data caches
- microMIPS support
- Enhanced JTAG (EJTAG) controller

3.2.1 EXECUTION UNIT

The processor core execution unit implements a load/store architecture with single-cycle ALU operations (logical, shift, add, subtract) and an autonomous multiply/divide unit. The core contains thirty-two 32-bit General Purpose Registers (GPRs) used for integer operations and address calculation. Seven additional register file shadow sets (containing thirty-two registers) are added to minimize context switching overhead during interrupt/exception processing. The register file consists of two read ports and one write port and is fully bypassed to minimize operation latency in the pipeline.

The execution unit includes:

- 32-bit adder used for calculating the data address
- Address unit for calculating the next instruction address
- Logic for branch determination and branch target address calculation
- Load aligner
- Bypass multiplexers used to avoid stalls when executing instruction streams where data producing instructions are followed closely by consumers of their results

- Leading Zero/One detect unit for implementing the CLZ and CLO instructions
- Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) for performing arithmetic and bitwise logical operations
- Shifter and store aligner
- DSP ALU and logic block for performing DSP instructions, such as arithmetic/shift/compare operations

3.2.2 MULTIPLY/DIVIDE UNIT (MDU)

The processor core includes a Multiply/Divide Unit (MDU) that contains a separate pipeline for multiply and divide operations, and DSP ASE multiply instructions. This pipeline operates in parallel with the Integer Unit (IU) pipeline and does not stall when the IU pipeline stalls. This allows MDU operations to be partially masked by system stalls and/or other integer unit instructions.

The high-performance MDU consists of a 32x32 booth recoded multiplier, four pairs of result/accumulation registers (HI and LO), a divide state machine, and the necessary multiplexers and control logic. The first number shown ('32' of 32x32) represents the *rs* operand. The second number ('32' of 32x32) represents the *rt* operand.

The MDU supports execution of one multiply or multiply-accumulate operation every clock cycle.

Divide operations are implemented with a simple 1-bit-per-clock iterative algorithm. An early-in detection checks the sign extension of the dividend (*rs*) operand. If *rs* is 8 bits wide, 23 iterations are skipped. For a 16-bit wide *rs*, 15 iterations are skipped and for a 24-bit wide *rs*, 7 iterations are skipped. Any attempt to issue a subsequent MDU instruction while a divide is still active causes an IU pipeline stall until the divide operation has completed.

Table 3-1 lists the repeat rate (peak issue rate of cycles until the operation can be reissued) and latency (number of cycles until a result is available) for the processor core multiply and divide instructions. The approximate latency and repeat rates are listed in terms of pipeline clocks.

TABLE 3-1: MIPS32 microAptiv MICROPROCESSOR CORE HIGH-PERFORMANCE INTEGER MULTIPLY/DIVIDE UNIT LATENCIES AND REPEAT RATES

Opcode	Operand Size (mul <i>rt</i>) (div <i>rs</i>)	Latency	Repeat Rate
MULT/MULTU, MADD/MADDU, MSUB/MSUBU (HI/LO destination)	16 bits	5	1
	32 bits	5	1
MUL (GPR destination)	16 bits	5	1
	32 bits	5	1
DIV/DIVU	8 bits	12/14	12/14
	16 bits	20/22	20/22
	24 bits	28/30	28/30
	32 bits	36/38	36/38

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 6-4: PWRCON: POWER CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	VREGS

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Stand-by Enable bit

1 = Voltage regulator will remain active during Sleep

0 = Voltage regulator will go to Stand-by mode during Sleep

TABLE 7-1: MIPS32® microActiv™ MICROPROCESSOR CORE EXCEPTION TYPES (CONTINUED)

Exception Type (In Order of Priority)	Description	Branches to	Status Bits Set	Debug Bits Set	EXCCODE	XC32 Function Name
Instruction Validity Exceptions	An instruction could not be completed because it was not allowed to access the required resources (Coprocessor Unusable) or was illegal (Reserved Instruction). If both exceptions occur on the same instruction, the Coprocessor Unusable Exception takes priority over the Reserved Instruction Exception.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x0A or 0x0B	_general_exception_handler
Execute Exception	An instruction-based exception occurred: Integer overflow, trap, system call, breakpoint, floating point, or DSP ASE state disabled exception.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x08-0x0C	_general_exception_handler
Tr	Execution of a trap (when trap condition is true).	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x0D	_general_exception_handler
DDBL/DDBS	EJTAG Data Address Break (address only) or EJTAG data value break on store (address + value).	0xBFC0_0480	—	DDBL or DDBS	—	—
WATCH	A reference to an address that is in one of the Watch registers (data).	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x17	_general_exception_handler
AdEL	Load address alignment error. User mode load reference to kernel address.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x04	_general_exception_handler
AdES	Store address alignment error. User mode store to kernel address.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x05	_general_exception_handler
TLBL	Load TLB miss or load TLB hit to page with V = 0.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x02	_general_exception_handler
TLBS	Store TLB miss or store TLB hit to page with V = 0.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x03	_general_exception_handler
DBE	Load or store bus error.	EBASE+0x180	EXL	—	0x07	_general_exception_handler
DDBL	EJTAG data hardware breakpoint matched in load data compare.	0xBFC0_0480	—	DDBL	—	—
CBrk	EJTAG complex breakpoint.	0xBFC0_0480	—	DIBIMPR, DDBLIMPR, and/or DDBSIMPR	—	—
Lowest Priority						

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 8-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>**: New Oscillator Selection bits

- 111 = Internal Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator divided by FRCDIV<2:0> bits (FRCDIV)
- 110 = Reserved
- 101 = Internal Low-Power RC (LPRC) Oscillator
- 100 = Secondary Oscillator (Sosc)
- 011 = Reserved
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (Posc) (HS or EC)
- 001 = System PLL (SPLL)
- 000 = Internal Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator divided by FRCDIV<2:0> bits (FRCDIV)

On Reset, these bits are set to the value of the FNOSC<2:0> Configuration bits (DEVCFG1<2:0>).

bit 7 **CLKLOCK**: Clock Selection Lock Enable bit

- 1 = Clock and PLL selections are locked
- 0 = Clock and PLL selections are not locked and may be modified

bit 6 **ULOCK**: USB PLL Lock Status bit

- 1 = Indicates that the USB PLL module is in lock or USB PLL module start-up timer is satisfied
- 0 = Indicates that the USB PLL module is out of lock or USB PLL module start-up timer is in progress or USB PLL is disabled

bit 5 **SLOCK**: System PLL Lock Status bit

- 1 = System PLL module is in lock or module start-up timer is satisfied
- 0 = System PLL module is out of lock, start-up timer is running or system PLL is disabled

bit 4 **SLPEN**: Sleep Mode Enable bit

- 1 = Device will enter Sleep mode when a WAIT instruction is executed
- 0 = Device will enter Idle mode when a WAIT instruction is executed

bit 3 **CF**: Clock Fail Detect bit

- 1 = FSCM has detected a clock failure
- 0 = No clock failure has been detected

bit 2 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 1 **SOSCEN**: Secondary Oscillator (SOSC) Enable bit

- 1 = Enable Secondary Oscillator
- 0 = Disable Secondary Oscillator

bit 0 **OSWEN**: Oscillator Switch Enable bit⁽¹⁾

- 1 = Initiate an oscillator switch to selection specified by NOSC<2:0> bits
- 0 = Oscillator switch is complete

Note 1: The reset value for this bit depends on the setting of the IESO (DEVCFG1<7>) bit. When IESO = 1, the reset value is '1'. When IESO = 0, the reset value is '0'.

Note: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 42. "Oscillators with Enhanced PLL"** (DS60001250) in the *"PIC32 Family Reference Manual"* for details.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 11-7: USBIE0CSR3: USB INDEXED ENDPOINT CONTROL STATUS REGISTER 3 (ENDPOINT 0)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R-x MPRXEN	R-x MPTXEN	R-0 BIGEND	R-x HBRXEN	R-x HBTXEN	R-x DYNFIFOS	R-1 SOFTCONE	R-0 UTMIDWID
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
7:0	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **MPRXEN:** Automatic Amalgamation Option bit
1 = Automatic amalgamation of bulk packets is done
0 = No automatic amalgamation
- bit 30 **MPTXEN:** Automatic Splitting Option bit
1 = Automatic splitting of bulk packets is done
0 = No automatic splitting
- bit 29 **BIGEND:** Byte Ordering Option bit
1 = Big Endian ordering
0 = Little Endian ordering
- bit 28 **HBRXEN:** High-bandwidth RX ISO Option bit
1 = High-bandwidth RX ISO endpoint support is selected
0 = No High-bandwidth RX ISO support
- bit 27 **HBTXEN:** High-bandwidth TX ISO Option bit
1 = High-bandwidth TX ISO endpoint support is selected
0 = No High-bandwidth TX ISO support
- bit 26 **DYNFIFOS:** Dynamic FIFO Sizing Option bit
1 = Dynamic FIFO sizing is supported
0 = No Dynamic FIFO sizing
- bit 25 **SOFTCONE:** Soft Connect/Disconnect Option bit
1 = Soft Connect/Disconnect is supported
0 = Soft Connect/Disconnect is not supported
- bit 24 **UTMIDWID:** UTMI+ Data Width Option bit
Always '0', indicating 8-bit UTMI+ data width
- bit 23-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

TABLE 12-21: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
1444	IC4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4R<3:0>				0000
1448	IC5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC5R<3:0>				0000
144C	IC6R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC6R<3:0>				0000
1450	IC7R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC7R<3:0>				0000
1454	IC8R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC8R<3:0>				0000
1458	IC9R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC9R<3:0>				0000
1460	OCFAR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFAR<3:0>				0000
1468	U1RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1RXR<3:0>				0000
146C	U1CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1CTSR<3:0>				0000
1470	U2RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2RXR<3:0>				0000
1474	U2CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2CTSR<3:0>				0000
1478	U3RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U3RXR<3:0>				0000
147C	U3CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U3CTSR<3:0>				0000
1480	U4RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U4RXR<3:0>				0000
1484	U4CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U4CTSR<3:0>				0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note** 1: This register is not available on 64-pin devices.
 2: This register is not available on devices without a CAN module.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 12-3: CNCONx: CHANGE NOTICE CONTROL FOR PORTx REGISTER (x = A – G)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Change Notice (CN) Control ON bit

1 = CN is enabled

0 = CN is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Control bit

1 = CPU Idle mode halts CN operation

0 = CPU Idle mode does not affect CN operation

bit 12-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

16.0 WATCHDOG TIMER (WDT)

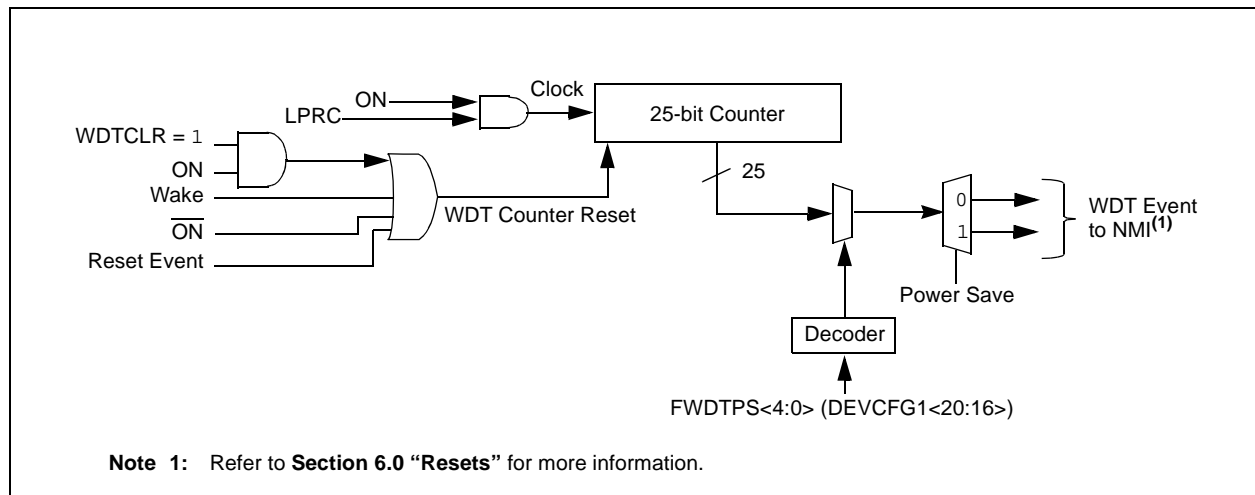
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 9. “Watchdog, Deadman, and Power-up Timers”** (DS60001114), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

When enabled, the Watchdog Timer (WDT) operates from the internal Low-Power Oscillator (LPRC) clock source and can be used to detect system software malfunctions by resetting the device if the WDT is not cleared periodically in software. Various WDT time-out periods can be selected using the WDT postscaler. The WDT can also be used to wake the device from Sleep or Idle mode.

Some of the key features of the WDT module are:

- Configuration or software controlled
- User-configurable time-out period
- Can wake the device from Sleep or Idle

FIGURE 16-1: WATCHDOG TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 19-1: SPIxCON: SPI CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0 FRMEN	R/W-0 FRMSYNC	R/W-0 FRMPOL	R/W-0 MSEN	R/W-0 FRMSYPW	FRMCNT<2:0>		
23:16	R/W-0 MCLKSEL ⁽¹⁾	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0 SPIFE	R/W-0 ENHBUF ⁽¹⁾
15:8	R/W-0 ON	U-0 —	R/W-0 SIDL	R/W-0 DISSDO ⁽⁴⁾	R/W-0 MODE32	R/W-0 MODE16	R/W-0 SMP	R/W-0 CKE ⁽²⁾
7:0	R/W-0 SSEN	R/W-0 CKP ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 MSTEN	R/W-0 DISSDI ⁽⁴⁾	R/W-0 STXISEL<1:0>	R/W-0 —	R/W-0 SRXISEL<1:0>	R/W-0 —

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **FRMEN:** Framed SPI Support bit
1 = Framed SPI support is enabled (\overline{SSx} pin used as FSYNC input/output)
0 = Framed SPI support is disabled
- bit 30 **FRMSYNC:** Frame Sync Pulse Direction Control on \overline{SSx} pin bit (Framed SPI mode only)
1 = Frame sync pulse input (Slave mode)
0 = Frame sync pulse output (Master mode)
- bit 29 **FRMPOL:** Frame Sync Polarity bit (Framed SPI mode only)
1 = Frame pulse is active-high
0 = Frame pulse is active-low
- bit 28 **MSEN:** Master Mode Slave Select Enable bit
1 = Slave select SPI support enabled. The \overline{SS} pin is automatically driven during transmission in Master mode. Polarity is determined by the FRMPOL bit.
0 = Slave select SPI support is disabled.
- bit 27 **FRMSYPW:** Frame Sync Pulse Width bit
1 = Frame sync pulse is one character wide
0 = Frame sync pulse is one clock wide
- bit 26-24 **FRMCNT<2:0>:** Frame Sync Pulse Counter bits. Controls the number of data characters transmitted per pulse. This bit is only valid in Framed mode.
111 = Reserved
110 = Reserved
101 = Generate a frame sync pulse on every 32 data characters
100 = Generate a frame sync pulse on every 16 data characters
011 = Generate a frame sync pulse on every 8 data characters
010 = Generate a frame sync pulse on every 4 data characters
001 = Generate a frame sync pulse on every 2 data characters
000 = Generate a frame sync pulse on every data character
- bit 23 **MCLKSEL:** Master Clock Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = REFCLKO1 is used by the Baud Rate Generator
0 = PBCLK2 is used by the Baud Rate Generator
- bit 22-18 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** This bit can only be written when the ON bit = 0. Refer to **Section 37.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for maximum clock frequency requirements.
- 2:** This bit is not used in the Framed SPI mode. The user should program this bit to '0' for the Framed SPI mode (FRMEN = 1).
- 3:** When AUDEN = 1, the SPI/I²S module functions as if the CKP bit is equal to '1', regardless of the actual value of the CKP bit.
- 4:** This bit present for legacy compatibility and is superseded by PPS functionality on these devices (see **Section 12.3 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for more information).

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 25-2: RTCALRM: REAL-TIME CLOCK ALARM CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-0 **ARPT<7:0>**: Alarm Repeat Counter Value bits⁽²⁾

11111111 = Alarm will trigger 256 times

•
•
•

00000000 = Alarm will trigger one time

The counter decrements on any alarm event. The counter only rolls over from 0x00 to 0xFF if CHIME = 1.

- Note 1:** Hardware clears the ALRMEN bit anytime the alarm event occurs, when ARPT<7:0> = 00 and CHIME = 0.
- 2:** This field should not be written when the RTCC ON bit = '1' (RTCCON<15>) and ALRMSYNC = 1.

Note: This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 28-3: AD1CON3: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 3

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0, HC CAL ⁽²⁾	R/W-0, HC GSWTRG	R/W-0, HC RQCNVRT	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
				VREFSEL<2:0> ⁽¹⁾			—	—
7:0	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				ADINSEL<5:0>				

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

HC = Hardware Cleared

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **CAL:** Calibration bit⁽²⁾

1 = Initiate an ADC calibration cycle

0 = Calibration cycle is not in progress

bit 30 **GSWTRG:** Global Software Trigger bit

1 = Trigger analog-to-digital conversion for ADC inputs that have selected the GSWTRG bit as the trigger signal, either through the associated TRGSRC<4:0> bits in the AD1TRGn registers or through the STRGSRC<4:0> bits in the AD1CON1 register

0 = This bit is automatically cleared

bit 29 **RQCNVRT:** Individual ADC Input Conversion Request bit

This bit and its associated ADINSEL<5:0> bits enable the user to individually request an analog-to-digital conversion of an analog input without having to reprogram the TRGSRC<4:0> bits or the STRGSRC<4:0> bits. This is very useful during debugging or error handling situations where the user software needs to obtain an immediate ADC result of a specific input.

1 = Trigger the conversion of the selected ADC input as specified by the ADINSEL<5:0> bits

0 = This bit is automatically cleared

bit 28-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-10 **VREFSEL<2:0>:** VREF Input Selection bits⁽¹⁾

VREFSEL<2:0>	VREFH	VREFL
111	Reserved	Reserved
110	Reserved	Reserved
101	Reserved	Reserved
100	Reserved	Reserved
011	VREF+	VREF-
010	AVDD	VREF-
001	VREF+	AVss
000	AVDD	AVss

bit 9-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: These bits should be configured prior to enabling the ADC module by setting the ADCEN bit (AD1CON1<15> = 1).

2: See 28.1 “ADC Configuration Requirements” for detailed ADC calibration information.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 29-1: CiCON: CAN MODULE CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	S/HC-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	ABAT	REQOP<2:0>		
23:16	R-1	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	OPMOD<2:0>			CANCAP	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	SIDLE	—	CANBUSY	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	DNCNT<4:0>				

Legend: HC = Hardware Clear S = Settable bit
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit P = Programmable bit r = Reserved bit
U = Unimplemented bit -n = Bit Value at POR: ('0', '1', x = Unknown)

bit 31-28 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 27 **ABAT:** Abort All Pending Transmissions bit

1 = Signal all transmit buffers to abort transmission
0 = Module will clear this bit when all transmissions aborted

bit 26-24 **REQOP<2:0>:** Request Operation Mode bits

111 = Set Listen All Messages mode
110 = Reserved - Do not use
101 = Reserved - Do not use
100 = Set Configuration mode
011 = Set Listen Only mode
010 = Set Loopback mode
001 = Set Disable mode
000 = Set Normal Operation mode

bit 23-21 **OPMOD<2:0>:** Operation Mode Status bits

111 = Module is in Listen All Messages mode
110 = Reserved
101 = Reserved
100 = Module is in Configuration mode
011 = Module is in Listen Only mode
010 = Module is in Loopback mode
001 = Module is in Disable mode
000 = Module is in Normal Operation mode

bit 20 **CANCAP:** CAN Message Receive Time Stamp Timer Capture Enable bit

1 = CANTMR value is stored on valid message reception and is stored with the message
0 = Disable CAN message receive time stamp timer capture and stop CANTMR to conserve power

bit 19-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** CAN On bit⁽¹⁾

1 = CAN module is enabled
0 = CAN module is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: If the user application clears this bit, it may take a number of cycles before the CAN module completes the current transaction and responds to this request. The user application should poll the CANBUSY bit to verify that the request has been honored.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 29-14: CiFLTCON4: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 4

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN19	MSEL19<1:0>		FSEL19<4:0>				
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN18	MSEL18<1:0>		FSEL18<4:0>				
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN17	MSEL17<1:0>		FSEL17<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN16	MSEL16<1:0>		FSEL16<4:0>				

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **FLTEN19:** Filter 19 Enable bit

- 1 = Filter is enabled
- 0 = Filter is disabled

bit 30-29 **MSEL19<1:0>:** Filter 19 Mask Select bits

- 11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
- 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
- 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
- 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 28-24 **FSEL19<4:0>:** FIFO Selection bits

- 11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
- 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•
•
•

- 00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
- 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

bit 23 **FLTEN18:** Filter 18 Enable bit

- 1 = Filter is enabled
- 0 = Filter is disabled

bit 22-21 **MSEL18<1:0>:** Filter 18 Mask Select bits

- 11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
- 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
- 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
- 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 20-16 **FSEL18<4:0>:** FIFO Selection bits

- 11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
- 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•
•
•

- 00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
- 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 30-1: ETHCON1: ETHERNET CONTROLLER CONTROL REGISTER 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PTV<15:8>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PTV<7:0>							
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	TXRTS	RXEN ⁽¹⁾
7:0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	AUTOFC	—	—	MANFC	—	—	—	BUFCDEC

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **PTV<15:0>**: PAUSE Timer Value bits

PAUSE Timer Value used for Flow Control.

This register should only be written when RXEN (ETHCON1<8>) is not set.

These bits are only used for Flow Control operations.

bit 15 **ON**: Ethernet ON bit

1 = Ethernet module is enabled

0 = Ethernet module is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL**: Ethernet Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Ethernet module transfers are paused during Idle mode

0 = Ethernet module transfers continue during Idle mode

bit 12-10 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 9 **TXRTS**: Transmit Request to Send bit

1 = Activate the TX logic and send the packet(s) defined in the TX EDT

0 = Stop transmit (when cleared by software) or transmit done (when cleared by hardware)

After the bit is written with a '1', it will clear to a '0' whenever the transmit logic has finished transmitting the requested packets in the Ethernet Descriptor Table (EDT). If a '0' is written by the CPU, the transmit logic finishes the current packet's transmission and then stops any further.

This bit only affects TX operations.

bit 8 **RXEN**: Receive Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Enable RX logic, packets are received and stored in the RX buffer as controlled by the filter configuration

0 = Disable RX logic, no packets are received in the RX buffer

This bit only affects RX operations.

Note 1: It is not recommended to clear the RXEN bit and then make changes to any RX related field/register. The Ethernet Controller must be reinitialized (ON cleared to '0'), and then the RX changes applied.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 30-7: ETHPMM0: ETHERNET CONTROLLER PATTERN MATCH MASK 0 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit
-n = Value at POR

W = Writable bit
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
'0' = Bit is cleared
x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **PMM<31:24>**: Pattern Match Mask 3 bits
bit 23-16 **PMM<23:16>**: Pattern Match Mask 2 bits
bit 15-8 **PMM<15:8>**: Pattern Match Mask 1 bits
bit 7-0 **PMM<7:0>**: Pattern Match Mask 0 bits

Note 1: This register is only used for RX operations.

2: The bits in this register may only be changed while the RXEN bit (ETHCON1<8>) = 0 or the PMMODE bit (ETHRXFC<11:8>) = 0.

REGISTER 30-8: ETHPMM1: ETHERNET CONTROLLER PATTERN MATCH MASK 1 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<63:56>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<55:48>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<47:40>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PMM<39:32>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit
-n = Value at POR

W = Writable bit
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
'0' = Bit is cleared
x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **PMM<63:56>**: Pattern Match Mask 7 bits
bit 23-16 **PMM<55:48>**: Pattern Match Mask 6 bits
bit 15-8 **PMM<47:40>**: Pattern Match Mask 5 bits
bit 7-0 **PMM<39:32>**: Pattern Match Mask 4 bits

Note 1: This register is only used for RX operations.

2: The bits in this register may only be changed while the RXEN bit (ETHCON1<8>) = 0 or the PMMODE bit (ETHRXFC<11:8>) = 0.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 30-33: EMAC1MADR: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC MII MANAGEMENT ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1
	—	—	—	PHYADDR<4:0>				
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	REGADDR<4:0>				

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **PHYADDR<4:0>:** MII Management PHY Address bits

This field represents the 5-bit PHY Address field of Management cycles. Up to 31 PHYs can be addressed (0 is reserved).

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **REGADDR<4:0>:** MII Management Register Address bits

This field represents the 5-bit Register Address field of Management cycles. Up to 32 registers can be accessed.

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 34-3: DEVCFG0/ADEVCFG0: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 0

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-0 —	R/P EJTAGBEN	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —
23:16	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —
15:8	r-1 —	R/P —	R/P —	R/P —	r-1 —	R/P FSLEEP	R/P FECCCON<1:0>	R/P —
7:0	r-1 —	R/P BOOTISA	R/P TRCEN	R/P —	R/P —	R/P JTAGEN ⁽¹⁾	R/P —	R/P DEBUG<1:0>

Legend:	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **Reserved:** Write as '0'

bit 30 **EJTAGBEN:** EJTAG Boot Enable bit

1 = Normal EJTAG functionality

0 = Reduced EJTAG functionality

bit 29-15 **Reserved:** Write as '1'

bit 14-12 **DBGPER<2:0>:** Debug Mode CPU Access Permission bits

1xx = Allow CPU access to Permission Group 2 permission regions

x1x = Allow CPU access to Permission Group 1 permission regions

xx1 = Allow CPU access to Permission Group 0 permission regions

0xx = Deny CPU access to Permission Group 2 permission regions

x0x = Deny CPU access to Permission Group 1 permission regions

xx0 = Deny CPU access to Permission Group 0 permission regions

When the CPU is in Debug mode and the CPU1PG<1:0> bits (CFGPG<1:0>) are set to a denied permission group as defined by DBGPER<2:0>, the transaction request is assigned Group 3 permissions.

bit 11 **Reserved:** Write as '1'

bit 10 **FSLEEP:** Flash Sleep Mode bit

1 = Flash is powered down when the device is in Sleep mode

0 = Flash power down is controlled by the VREGS bit (PWRCON<1>)

bit 9-8 **FECCCON<1:0>:** Dynamic Flash ECC Configuration bits

Upon a device Reset, the value of these bits is copied to the ECCCON<1:0> bits (CFGCON<5:4>).

11 = ECC and dynamic ECC are disabled (ECCCON<1:0> bits are writable)

10 = ECC and dynamic ECC are disabled (ECCCON<1:0> bits are locked)

01 = Dynamic Flash ECC is enabled (ECCCON<1:0> bits are locked)

00 = Flash ECC is enabled (ECCCON<1:0> bits are locked; disables word Flash writes)

bit 7 **Reserved:** Write as '1'

bit 6 **BOOTISA:** Boot ISA Selection bit

1 = Boot code and Exception code is MIPS32[®]

(ISAONEXC bit is set to '0' and the ISA<1:0> bits are set to '10' in the CP0 Config3 register)

0 = Boot code and Exception code is microMIPS[™]

(ISAONEXC bit is set to '1' and the ISA<1:0> bits are set to '11' in the CP0 Config3 register)

bit 5 **TRCEN:** Trace Enable bit

1 = Trace features in the CPU are enabled

0 = Trace features in the CPU are disabled

Note 1: This bit sets the value of the JTAGEN bit in the CFGCON register.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

REGISTER 34-4: DEVCFG1/ADEVCFG1: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0 **FNOSC<2:0>**: Oscillator Selection bits

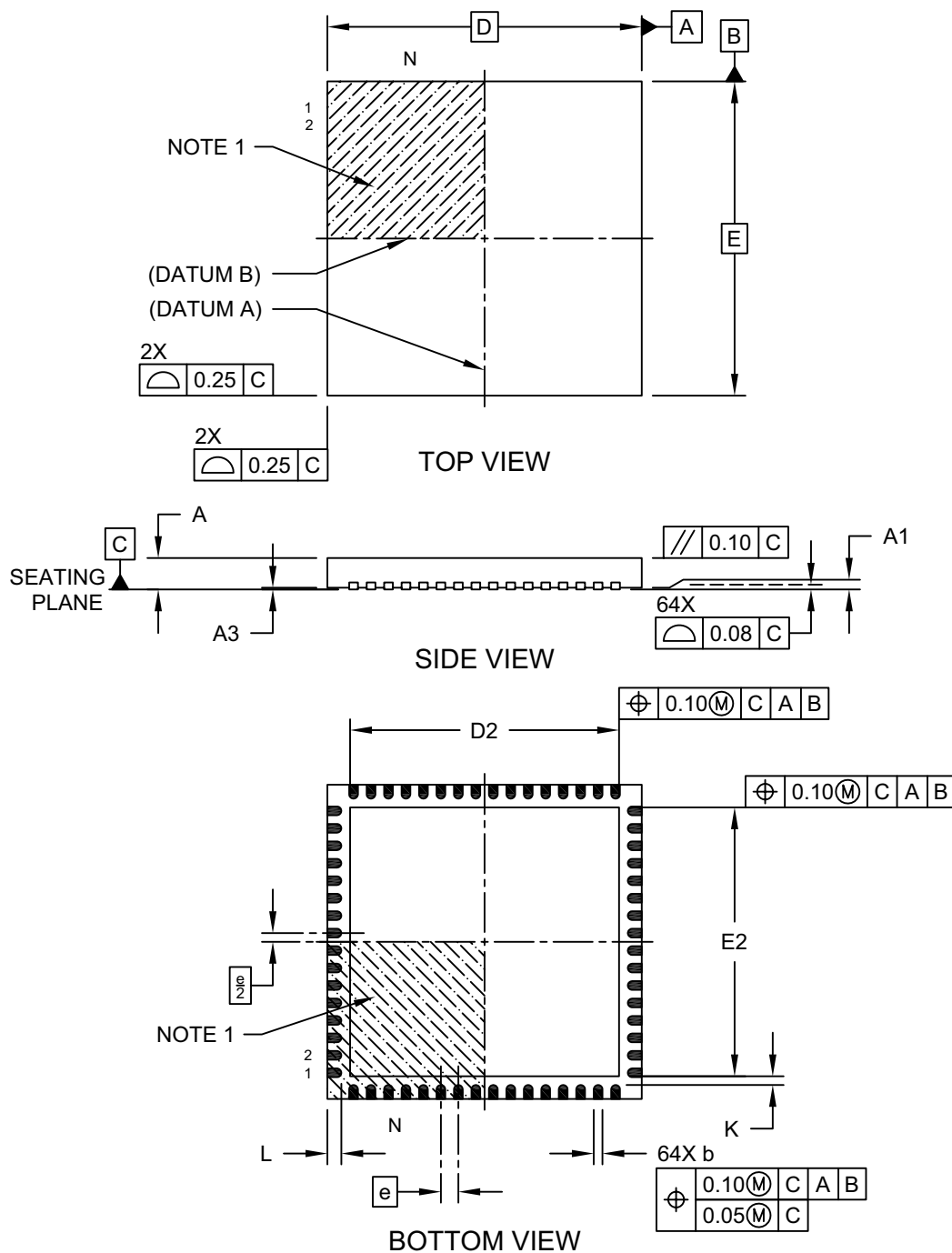
- 111 = FRC divided by FRCDIV<2:0> bits (FRCDIV)
- 110 = Reserved
- 101 = LPRC
- 100 = Sosc
- 011 = Reserved
- 010 = Posc (HS, EC)
- 001 = SPLL
- 000 = FRC divided by FRCDIV<2:0> bits (FRCDIV)

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

39.2 Package Details

64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [QFN] With 7.70 x 7.70 Exposed Pad [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-213B Sheet 1 of 2

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Family

TABLE A-1: OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION DIFFERENCES (CONTINUED)

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX Feature	PIC32MZ Feature
PLL Configuration	
<p>The FNOSC<2:0> and NOSC<2:0> bits select between POSC and FRC.</p> <p>FNOSC<2:0> (DEVCFG1<2:0>) NOSC<2:0> (OSCCON<10:8>)</p>	<p>Selection of which input clock (POSC or FRC) is now done through the FPLLICK/PLLICK bits.</p> <p>FPLLICK (DEVCFG2<7>) PLLICK (SPLLCON<7>)</p>
<p>On PIC32MX devices, the input frequency to the PLL had to be between 4 MHz and 5 MHz. FPLLIDIV selected how to divide the input frequency to give it the appropriate range.</p> <p>FPLLIDIV<2:0> (DEVCFG2<2:0>) 111 = 12x divider 110 = 10x divider 101 = 6x divider 100 = 5x divider 011 = 4x divider 010 = 3x divider 001 = 2x divider 000 = 1x divider</p>	<p>On PIC32MZ devices, the input range for the PLL is wider (5 MHz to 64 MHz). The input divider values have changed, and new FPLL RNG/PLL RNG bits have been added to indicate under what range the input frequency falls.</p> <p>FPLLIDIV<2:0> (DEVCFG2<2:0>) PLLIDIV<2:0> (SPLLCON<2:0>) 111 = Divide by 8 110 = Divide by 7 101 = Divide by 6 100 = Divide by 5 011 = Divide by 4 010 = Divide by 3 001 = Divide by 2 000 = Divide by 1</p> <p>FPLL RNG<2:0> (DEVCFG2<6:4>) PLL RNG<2:0> (SPLLCON<2:0>) 111 = Reserved 110 = Reserved 101 = 34-64 MHz 100 = 21-42 MHz 011 = 13-26 MHz 010 = 8-16 MHz 001 = 5-10 MHz 000 = Bypass</p>
<p>On PIC32MX devices, the output frequency of PLL is between 60 MHz and 120 MHz. The PLL multiplier and divider bits configure the PLL for this range.</p> <p>FPLLMUL<2:0> (DEVCFG2<6:4>) PLLMULT<2:0> (OSCCON<18:16>) 111 = 24x multiplier 110 = 21x multiplier 101 = 20x multiplier 100 = 19x multiplier 011 = 18x multiplier 010 = 17x multiplier 001 = 16x multiplier 000 = 15x multiplier</p> <p>FPLLODIV<2:0> (DEVCFG2<18:16>) PLLODIV<2:0> (OSCCON<29:27>) 111 = 24x multiplier 110 = 21x multiplier 101 = 20x multiplier 100 = 19x multiplier 011 = 18x multiplier 010 = 17x multiplier 001 = 16x multiplier 000 = 15x multiplier</p>	<p>The PLL multiplier and divider on PIC32MZ devices have a wider range to accommodate the wider PLL specification range of 10 MHz to 200 MHz.</p> <p>FPLLMULT<6:0> (DEVCFG2<14:8>) PLLMULT<6:0> (SPLLCON<22:16>) 1111111 = Multiply by 128 1111110 = Multiply by 127 1111101 = Multiply by 126 1111100 = Multiply by 125 • • • 0000000 = Multiply by 1</p> <p>FPLLODIV<2:0> (DEVCFG2<18:16>) PLLODIV<2:0> (SPLLCON<26:24>) 111 = PLL Divide by 32 110 = PLL Divide by 32 101 = PLL Divide by 32 100 = PLL Divide by 16 011 = PLL Divide by 8 010 = PLL Divide by 4 001 = PLL Divide by 2 000 = PLL Divide by 2</p>