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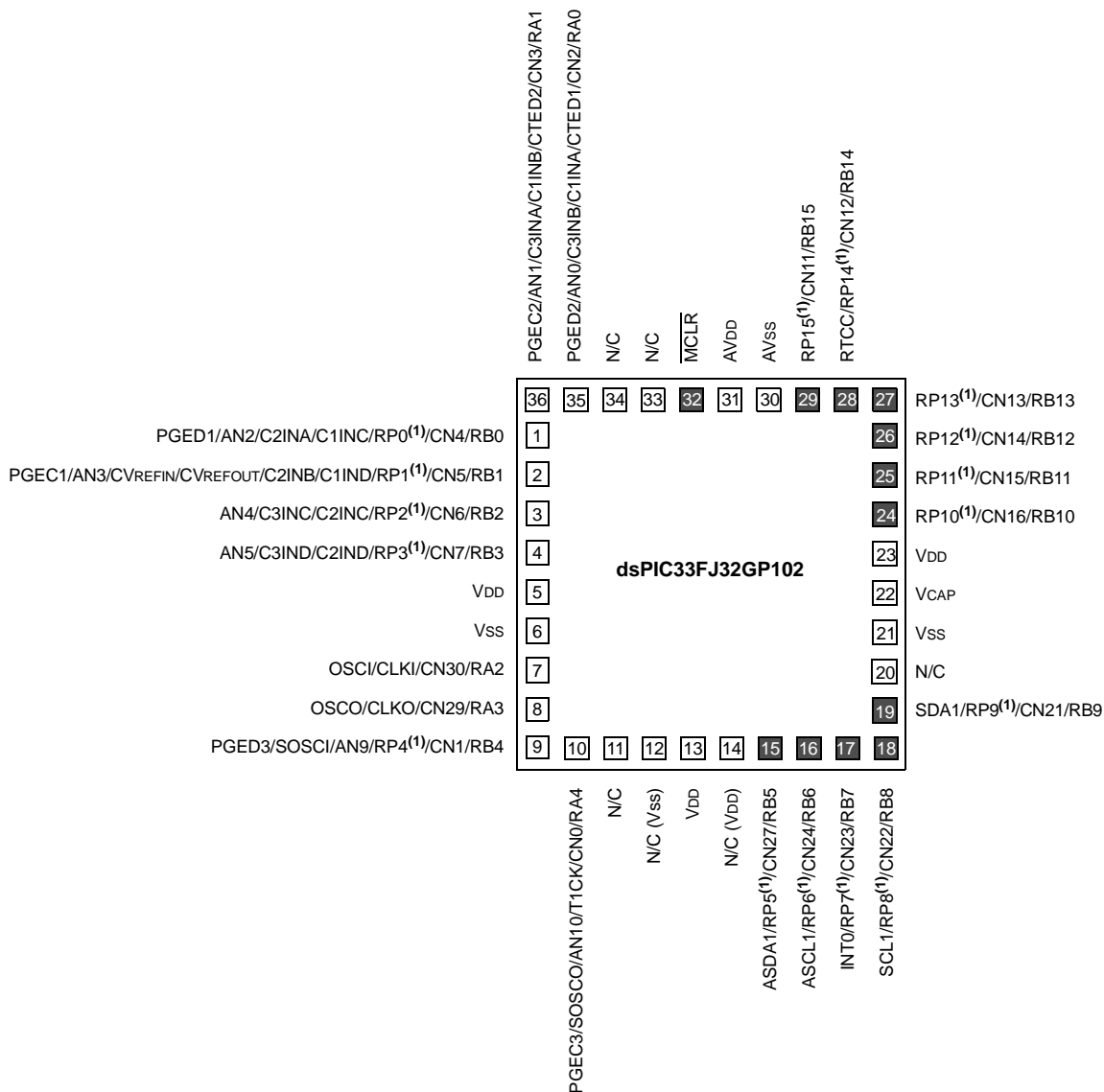
Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	16 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	32KB (11K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 14x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj32gp104t-i-ml

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

36-Pin VTLA⁽²⁾

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note 1:** The RPN pins can be used by any remappable peripheral. See Table 1 for the list of available peripherals.
- Note 2:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.

2.7 Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up

If the PLL of the target device is enabled and configured for the device start-up oscillator, the maximum oscillator source frequency must be limited to $4\text{ MHz} < F_{\text{IN}} < 8\text{ MHz}$ (for MSPLL mode) or $3\text{ MHz} < F_{\text{IN}} < 8\text{ MHz}$ (for ECPLL mode) to comply with device

TABLE 4-16: ADC1 REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJXX(GP/MC)102 DEVICES

File Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
ADC1BUF0	0300	ADC1 Data Buffer 0																xxxx
ADC1BUF1	0302	ADC1 Data Buffer 1																xxxx
ADC1BUF2	0304	ADC1 Data Buffer 2																xxxx
ADC1BUF3	0306	ADC1 Data Buffer 3																xxxx
ADC1BUF4	0308	ADC1 Data Buffer 4																xxxx
ADC1BUF5	030A	ADC1 Data Buffer 5																xxxx
ADC1BUF6	030C	ADC1 Data Buffer 6																xxxx
ADC1BUF7	030E	ADC1 Data Buffer 7																xxxx
ADC1BUF8	0310	ADC1 Data Buffer 8																xxxx
ADC1BUF9	0312	ADC1 Data Buffer 9																xxxx
ADC1BUFA	0314	ADC1 Data Buffer 10																xxxx
ADC1BUFB	0316	ADC1 Data Buffer 11																xxxx
ADC1BUFC	0318	ADC1 Data Buffer 12																xxxx
ADC1BUFD	031A	ADC1 Data Buffer 13																xxxx
ADC1BUFE	031C	ADC1 Data Buffer 14																xxxx
ADC1BUFF	031E	ADC1 Data Buffer 15																xxxx
AD1CON1	0320	ADON	—	ADSIDL	—	—	—	FORM1	FORM0	SSRC2	SSRC1	SSRC0	—	SIMSAM	ASAM	SAMP	DONE	0000
AD1CON2	0322	VCFG2	VCFG1	VCFG0	—	—	CSCNA	CHPS1	CHPS0	BUFS	—	SMPI3	SMPI2	SMPI1	SMPI0	BUFM	ALTS	0000
AD1CON3	0324	ADRC	—	—	SAMC4	SAMC3	SAMC2	SAMC1	SAMC0	ADCS7	ADCS6	ADCS5	ADCS4	ADCS3	ADCS2	ADCS1	ADCS0	0000
AD1CHS123	0326	—	—	—	—	—	CH123NB1	CH123NB0	CH123SB	—	—	—	—	—	CH123NA1	CH123NA0	CH123SA	0000
AD1CHS0	0328	CH0NB	—	—	CH0SB4	CH0SB3	CH0SB2	CH0SB1	CH0SB0	CH0NA	—	—	CH0SA4	CH0SA3	CH0SA2	CH0SA1	CH0SA0	0000
AD1PCFGL	032C	—	—	—	—	—	PCFG<10:9> ⁽¹⁾		—	—	—	PCFG<5:0>						0000
AD1CSSL	0330	—	—	—	—	—	CSS<10:9> ⁽¹⁾		—	—	—	CSS<5:0>						0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: The PCFG<10:9> and CSS<10:9> bits are available in dsPIC33FJ32(GP/MC)101/102 devices only.

8.2 Oscillator Control Registers

REGISTER 8-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y
—	COSC2	COSC1	COSC0	—	NOSC2 ⁽²⁾	NOSC1 ⁽²⁾	NOSC0 ⁽²⁾
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	U-0	R/C-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CLKLOCK	IOLOCK	LOCK	—	CF	—	LPOSCEN	OSWEN
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit	y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **COSC<2:0>:** Current Oscillator Selection bits (read-only)

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n
- 110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Secondary Oscillator (SOSC)
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (MS, EC) with PLL
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (MS, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n and PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>:** New Oscillator Selection bits⁽²⁾

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n
- 110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Secondary Oscillator (SOSC)
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (MS, EC) with PLL
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (MS, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n and PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 7 **CLKLOCK:** Clock Lock Enable bit

If Clock Switching is Enabled and FSCM is Disabled (FCKSM<1:0> (FOSC<7:6>) = 0b01):

- 1 = Clock switching is disabled, system clock source is locked
- 0 = Clock switching is enabled, system clock source can be modified by clock switching

bit 6 **IOLOCK:** Peripheral Pin Select Lock bit

- 1 = Peripheral Pin Select is locked, a write to Peripheral Pin Select registers is not allowed
- 0 = Peripheral Pin Select is not locked, a write to Peripheral Pin Select registers is allowed

bit 5 **LOCK:** PLL Lock Status bit (read-only)

- 1 = Indicates that PLL is in lock or PLL start-up timer is satisfied
- 0 = Indicates that PLL is out of lock, start-up timer is in progress or PLL is disabled

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to “**Oscillator (Part VI)**” (DS70644) in the dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual for details.

2: Direct clock switches between any primary oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.

12.3 Timer2/3 and Timer4/5 Control Registers

REGISTER 12-1: T2CON: TIMER2 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	T32	—	TCS	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit
-n = Value at POR

W = Writable bit
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
'0' = Bit is cleared
x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **TON:** Timer2 On bit
When T32 = 1:
1 = Starts 32-bit Timer2/3
0 = Stops 32-bit Timer2/3
When T32 = 0:
1 = Starts 16-bit Timer2
0 = Stops 16-bit Timer2
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **TSIDL:** Timer2 Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **TGATE:** Timer2 Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit
When TCS = 1:
This bit is ignored.
When TCS = 0:
1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled
0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled
- bit 5-4 **TCKPS<1:0>:** Timer2 Input Clock Prescale Select bits
11 = 1:256
10 = 1:64
01 = 1:8
00 = 1:1
- bit 3 **T32:** 32-Bit Timer Mode Select bit
1 = Timer2 and Timer3 form a single 32-bit timer
0 = Timer2 and Timer3 act as two 16-bit timers
- bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **TCS:** Timer2 Clock Source Select bit
1 = External clock from pin, T2CK (on the rising edge)
0 = Internal clock (FCY)
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

13.1 Input Capture Control Register

REGISTER 13-1: ICxCON: INPUT CAPTURE x CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	ICSIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0, HC	R-0, HC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ICTMR	ICI1	ICI0	ICOV	ICBNE	ICM2	ICM1	ICM0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit						
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit			U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set			'0' = Bit is cleared		x = Bit is unknown	

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **ICSIDL:** Input Capture x Stop in Idle Control bit
 1 = Input Capture x module will halt in CPU Idle mode
 0 = Input Capture x module will continue to operate in CPU Idle mode
- bit 12-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7 **ICTMR:** Input Capture x Timer Select bits
 1 = TMR2 contents are captured on a capture event
 0 = TMR3 contents are captured on a capture event
- bit 6-5 **ICI<1:0>:** Select Number of Captures per Interrupt bits
 11 = Interrupt on every fourth capture event
 10 = Interrupt on every third capture event
 01 = Interrupt on every second capture event
 00 = Interrupt on every capture event
- bit 4 **ICOV:** Input Capture x Overflow Status Flag bit (read-only)
 1 = Input Capture x overflow occurred
 0 = No Input Capture x overflow occurred
- bit 3 **ICBNE:** Input Capture x Buffer Empty Status bit (read-only)
 1 = Input Capture x buffer is not empty, at least one more capture value can be read
 0 = Input Capture x buffer is empty
- bit 2-0 **ICM<2:0>:** Input Capture x Mode Select bits
 111 = Input Capture x functions as an interrupt pin only when device is in Sleep or Idle mode (rising edge detect only, all other control bits are not applicable)
 110 = Unused (module is disabled)
 101 = Capture mode, every 16th rising edge
 100 = Capture mode, every 4th rising edge
 011 = Capture mode, every rising edge
 010 = Capture mode, every falling edge
 001 = Capture mode, every edge, rising and falling (ICI<1:0> bits do not control interrupt generation for this mode)
 000 = Input Capture x module is turned off

REGISTER 15-10: PxFLTBCON: PWMx FAULT B CONTROL REGISTER^(1,2,3,4)

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	FBOV3H	FBOV3L	FBOV2H	FBOV2L	FBOV1H	FBOV1L
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
FLTBM	—	—	—	—	FBEN3	FBEN2	FBEN1
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **FBOV<3:1>H:FBOV<3:1>L:** Fault Input B PWMx Override Value bits
 1 = The PWMx output pin is driven active on an external Fault input event
 0 = The PWMx output pin is driven inactive on an external Fault input event

bit 7 **FLTBM:** Fault B Mode bit
 1 = The Fault B input pin functions in the Cycle-by-Cycle mode
 0 = The Fault B input pin latches all control pins to the programmed states in PxFLTBCON<13:8>

bit 6-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **FBEN3:** Fault Input B Enable bit
 1 = PWMxH3/PWMxL3 pin pair is controlled by Fault Input B
 0 = PWMxH3/PWMxL3 pin pair is not controlled by Fault Input B

bit 1 **FBEN2:** Fault Input B Enable bit
 1 = PWMxH2/PWMxL2 pin pair is controlled by Fault Input B
 0 = PWMxH2/PWMxL2 pin pair is not controlled by Fault Input B

bit 0 **FBEN1:** Fault Input B Enable bit
 1 = PWMxH1/PWMxL1 pin pair is controlled by Fault Input B
 0 = PWMxH1/PWMxL1 pin pair is not controlled by Fault Input B

- Note 1:** Comparator outputs are not internally connected to the PWM Fault control logic. If using the comparator modules for Fault generation, the user must externally connect the desired comparator output pin to the dedicated FLTA1 or FLTB1 input pin.
- 2:** Refer to Table 15-1 for FLTB1 implementation details.
- 3:** The PxFLTA1CON register is a write-protected register. Refer to **Section 15.3 “Write-Protected Registers”** for more information on the unlock sequence.
- 4:** During any Reset event, FLTB1 is enabled by default and must be cleared as described in **Section 15.2 “PWM Faults”**.

16.1 SPI Helpful Tips

1. In Frame mode, if there is a possibility that the master may not be initialized before the slave:
 - a) If FRMPOL (SPIxCON2<13>) = 1, use a pull-down resistor on \overline{SSx} .
 - b) If FRMPOL = 0, use a pull-up resistor on \overline{SSx} .

Note: This insures that the first frame transmission after initialization is not shifted or corrupted.

2. In Non-Framed 3-Wire mode (i.e., not using \overline{SSx} from a master):
 - a) If CKP (SPIxCON1<6>) = 1, always place a pull-up resistor on \overline{SSx} .
 - b) If CKP = 0, always place a pull-down resistor on \overline{SSx} .

Note: This will insure that during power-up and initialization, the master/slave will not lose sync due to an errant SCK transition that would cause the slave to accumulate data shift errors for both transmit and receive, appearing as corrupted data.

3. FRMEN (SPIxCON2<15>) = 1 and SSEN (SPIxCON1<7>) = 1 are exclusive and invalid. In Frame mode, SCKx is continuous and the Frame Sync pulse is active on the \overline{SSx} pin, which indicates the start of a data frame.

Note: Not all third-party devices support Frame mode timing. Refer to the SPI electrical characteristics for details.

4. In Master mode only, set the SMP bit (SPIxCON1<9>) to a '1' for the fastest SPI data rate possible. The SMP bit can only be set at the same time or after the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1<5>) is set.
5. To avoid invalid slave read data to the master, the user's master software must ensure enough time for slave software to fill its write buffer before the user application initiates a master write/read cycle. It is always advisable to pre-load the SPIxBUF Transmit register in advance of the next master transaction cycle. SPIxBUF is transferred to the SPIx Shift register and is empty once the data transmission begins.
6. The SPI related pins (SDI1, SDO1, SCK1) are located at fixed positions in the dsPIC33FJ16(GP/MC)10X devices. The same pins are remappable in the dsPIC33FJ32(GP/MC)10X devices.

16.2 SPI Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en554109>

16.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)” (DS70206) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” sections
- Development Tools

REGISTER 18-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5 **ADDEN:** Address Character Detect bit (Bit 8 of received data = 1)
1 = Address Detect mode is enabled; if 9-bit mode is not selected, this does not take effect
0 = Address Detect mode is disabled
- bit 4 **RIDLE:** Receiver Idle bit (read-only)
1 = Receiver is Idle
0 = Receiver is active
- bit 3 **PERR:** Parity Error Status bit (read-only)
1 = Parity error has been detected for the current character (character at the top of the receive FIFO)
0 = Parity error has not been detected
- bit 2 **FERR:** Framing Error Status bit (read-only)
1 = Framing error has been detected for the current character (character at the top of the receive FIFO)
0 = Framing error has not been detected
- bit 1 **OERR:** Receive Buffer Overrun Error Status bit (read-only/clear only)
1 = Receive buffer has overflowed
0 = Receive buffer has not overflowed; clearing a previously set OERR bit (1 → 0 transition) will reset the receiver buffer and the UxRSR to the empty state
- bit 0 **URXDA:** UARTx Receive Buffer Data Available bit (read-only)
1 = Receive buffer has data, at least one more character can be read
0 = Receive buffer is empty

Note 1: Refer to “**UART**” (DS70188) in the dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual for information on enabling the UART module for transmit operation.

dsPIC33FJ16(GP/MC)101/102 AND dsPIC33FJ32(GP/MC)101/102/104

REGISTER 21-9: ALRMVAL (WHEN ALRMPTR<1:0> = 01): ALARM WEEKDAY AND HOURS VALUE REGISTER⁽¹⁾

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	—	—	WDAY2	WDAY1	WDAY0
bit 15					bit 8		

U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	HRTEN1	HRTEN0	HRONE3	HRONE2	HRONE1	HRONE0
bit 7					bit 0		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **WDAY<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Weekday Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 6.

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-4 **HRTEN<1:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Hour's Tens Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 2.

bit 3-0 **HRONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Hour's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

Note 1: A write to this register is only allowed when RTCWREN = 1.

TABLE 23-4: dsPIC33F CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Bit Field	Description
WDTPRE	Watchdog Timer Prescaler bit 1 = 1:128 0 = 1:32
WDTPOST<3:0>	Watchdog Timer Postscaler bits 1111 = 1:32,768 1110 = 1:16,384 • • • 0001 = 1:2 0000 = 1:1
PLLKEN	PLL Lock Enable bit 1 = Clock switch to PLL will wait until the PLL lock signal is valid 0 = Clock switch will not wait for the PLL lock signal
ALT2C	Alternate I ² C™ Pins bit 1 = I ² C is mapped to SDA1/SCL1 pins 0 = I ² C is mapped to ASDA1/ASCL1 pins
ICS<1:0>	ICD Communication Channel Select bits 11 = Communicate on PGEC1 and PGED1 10 = Communicate on PGEC2 and PGED2 01 = Communicate on PGEC3 and PGED3 00 = Reserved, do not use
PWMPIN	Motor Control PWM Module Pin Mode bit 1 = PWM module pins controlled by PORT register at device Reset (tri-stated) 0 = PWM module pins controlled by PWM module at device Reset (configured as output pins)
HPOL	Motor Control PWM High Side Polarity bit 1 = PWM module high side output pins have active-high output polarity 0 = PWM module high side output pins have active-low output polarity
LPOL	Motor Control PWM Low Side Polarity bit 1 = PWM module low side output pins have active-high output polarity 0 = PWM module low side output pins have active-low output polarity

dsPIC33FJ16(GP/MC)101/102 AND dsPIC33FJ32(GP/MC)101/102/104

REGISTER 23-1: DEVID: DEVICE ID REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<23:16> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 23				bit 16			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<15:8> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 15				bit 8			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend: R = Read-Only bit

U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVID<23:0>**: Device Identifier bits⁽¹⁾

Note 1: Refer to the dsPIC33F Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits (DS70659) for the list of device ID values.

REGISTER 23-2: DEVREV: DEVICE REVISION REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<23:16> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 23				bit 16			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<15:8> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 15				bit 8			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend: R = Read-only bit

U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVREV<23:0>**: Device Revision bits⁽¹⁾

Note 1: Refer to the dsPIC33F Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits (DS70659) for the list of device revision values.

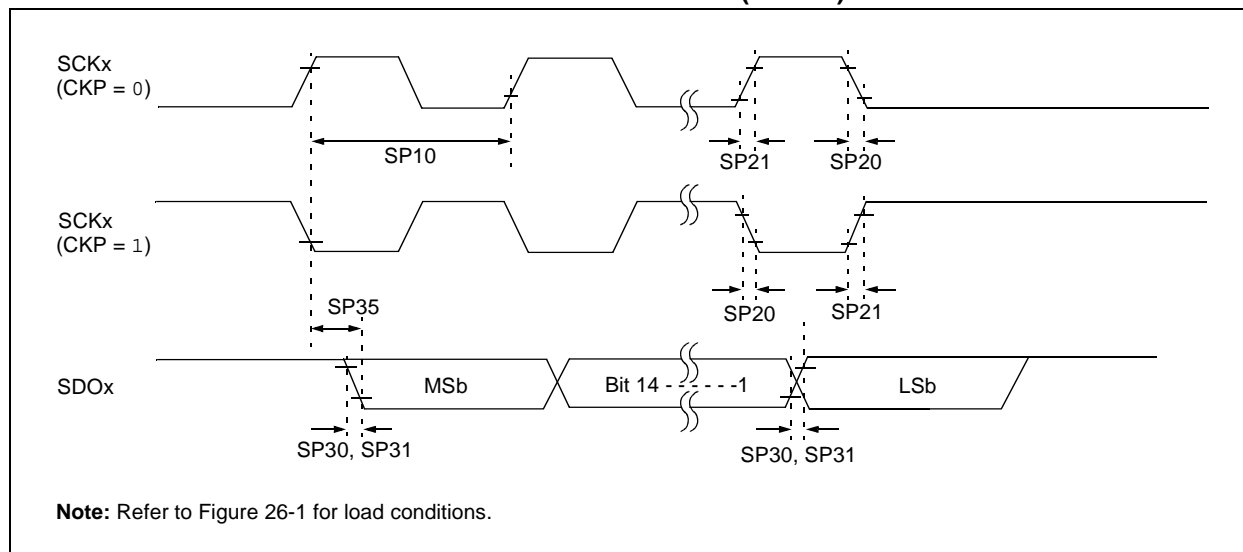
TABLE 24-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
48	MPY	MPY $Wm * Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd$	Multiply Wm by Wn to Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		MPY $Wm * Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd$	Square Wm to Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
49	MPY.N	MPY.N $Wm * Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd$	(Multiply Wm by Wn) to Accumulator	1	1	None
50	MSC	MSC $Wm * Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB$	Multiply and Subtract from Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
51	MUL	MUL.SS Wb, Ws, Wnd	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{signed}(Wb) * \text{signed}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.SU Wb, Ws, Wnd	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{signed}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.US Wb, Ws, Wnd	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{unsigned}(Wb) * \text{signed}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.UU Wb, Ws, Wnd	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{unsigned}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.SU $Wb, \#lit5, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{signed}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(lit5)$	1	1	None
		MUL.UU $Wb, \#lit5, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{unsigned}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(lit5)$	1	1	None
		MUL f	$W3:W2 = f * WREG$	1	1	None
52	NEG	NEG Acc	Negate Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		NEG f	$f = \bar{f} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG $f, WREG$	$WREG = \bar{f} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG Ws, Wd	$Wd = \bar{Ws} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
53	NOP	NOP	No Operation	1	1	None
		NOPR	No Operation	1	1	None
54	POP	POP f	Pop f from Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		POP Wdo	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to Wdo	1	1	None
		POP.D Wnd	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to $W(nd):W(nd + 1)$	1	2	None
		POP.S	Pop Shadow Registers	1	1	All
55	PUSH	PUSH f	Push f to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH Wso	Push Wso to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH.D Wns	Push $W(ns):W(ns + 1)$ to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	2	None
		PUSH.S	Push Shadow Registers	1	1	None
56	PWRSV	PWRSV $\#lit1$	Go into Sleep or Idle mode	1	1	WDTO,Sleep
57	RCALL	RCALL $Expr$	Relative Call	1	2	None
		RCALL Wn	Computed Call	1	2	None
58	REPEAT	REPEAT $\#lit14$	Repeat Next Instruction $lit14 + 1$ times	1	1	None
		REPEAT Wn	Repeat Next Instruction (Wn) + 1 times	1	1	None
59	RESET	RESET	Software device Reset	1	1	None
60	RETFIE	RETFIE	Return from interrupt	1	3 (2)	None
61	RETLW	RETLW $\#lit10, Wn$	Return with literal in Wn	1	3 (2)	None
62	RETURN	RETURN	Return from Subroutine	1	3 (2)	None
63	RLC	RLC f	$f = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC $f, WREG$	$WREG = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC Ws, Wd	$Wd = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } Ws$	1	1	C,N,Z
64	RLNC	RLNC f	$f = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } f$	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC $f, WREG$	$WREG = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } f$	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC Ws, Wd	$Wd = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } Ws$	1	1	N,Z
65	RRC	RRC f	$f = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC $f, WREG$	$WREG = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC Ws, Wd	$Wd = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } Ws$	1	1	C,N,Z

TABLE 26-29: SPIx MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY FOR dsPIC33FJ16(GP/MC)10X

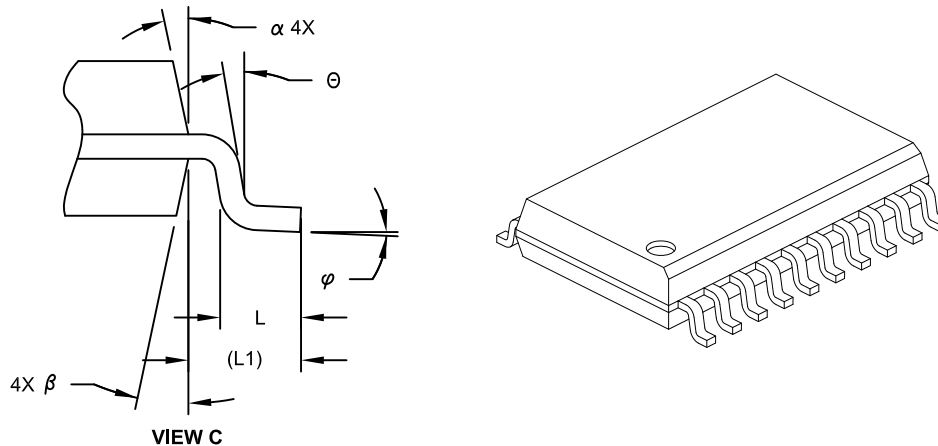
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.4V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Maximum Data Rate	Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex)	Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	CKE	CKP	SMP
15 MHz	Table 26-30	—	—	0,1	0,1	0,1
10 MHz	—	Table 26-31	—	1	0,1	1
10 MHz	—	Table 26-32	—	0	0,1	1
15 MHz	—	—	Table 26-33	1	0	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 26-34	1	1	0
15 MHz	—	—	Table 26-35	0	1	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 26-36	0	0	0

FIGURE 26-11: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS FOR dsPIC33FJ16(GP/MC)10X



20-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	20		
Pitch	e	1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	A	-	-	2.65
Molded Package Thickness	A2	2.05	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.30
Overall Width	E	10.30 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	7.50 BSC		
Overall Length	D	12.80 BSC		
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.75
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint	L1	1.40 REF		
Lead Angle	θ	0°	-	-
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.20	-	0.33
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

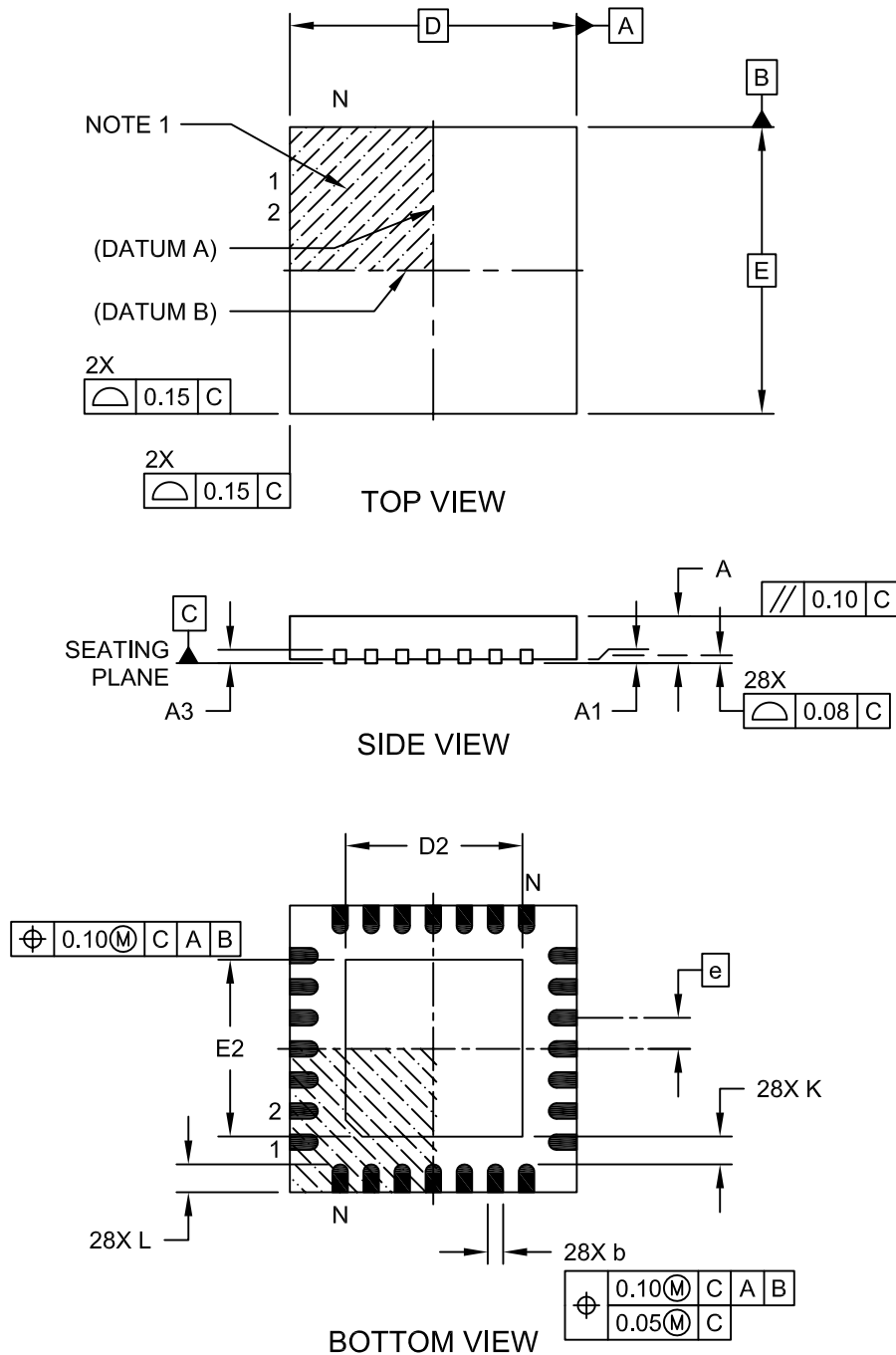
Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic
- Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs, which shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion, which shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
- Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

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28-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) - 6x6 mm Body [QFN] With 0.55 mm Terminal Length

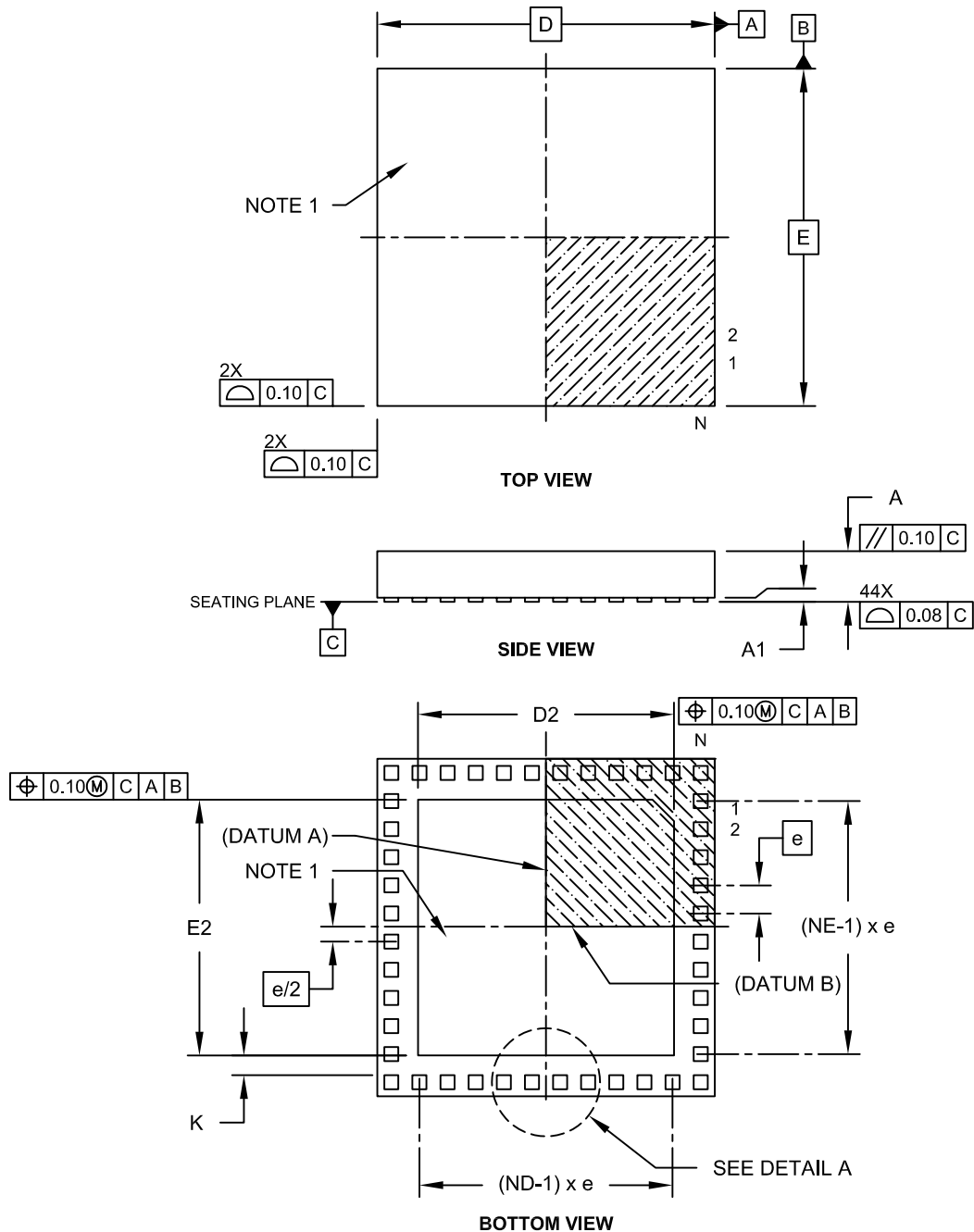
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-105C Sheet 1 of 2

**44-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body
With Exposed Pad [VTLA]**

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-157C Sheet 1 of 2