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Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

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Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	MPC8xx
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	66MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10Mbps (1), 10/100Mbps (1)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 95°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	357-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	357-PBGA (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/kmpc855tcvr66d4

Table 6. DC Electrical Specifications (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input leakage current, $V_{in} = 3.6$ V (except TMS, $\overline{TRST}$, DSCK, and DSDI pins)	I_{In}	—	10	μ A
Input leakage current, $V_{in} = 0$ V (except TMS, $\overline{TRST}$, DSCK, and DSDI pins)	I_{In}	—	10	μ A
Input capacitance ²	C_{in}	—	20	pF
Output high voltage, $I_{OH} = -2.0$ mA, $V_{DDH} = 3.0$ V (except XTAL, XFC, and open-drain pins)	V_{OH}	2.4	—	V
Output low voltage $I_{OL} = 2.0$ mA, CLKOUT $I_{OL} = 3.2$ mA ³ $I_{OL} = 5.3$ mA ⁴ $I_{OL} = 7.0$ mA, TXD1/PA14, TXD2/PA12 $I_{OL} = 8.9$ mA, $\overline{TS}$, $\overline{TA}$, $\overline{TEA}$, $\overline{BI}$, $\overline{BB}$, $\overline{HRESET}$, $\overline{SRESET}$	V_{OL}	—	0.5	V

¹ $V_{IL}(\text{max})$ for the I²C interface is 0.8 V rather than the 1.5 V as specified in the I²C standard.

² Input capacitance is periodically sampled.

³ A(0:31), TSIZ0/ $\overline{REG}$, TSIZ1, D(0:31), DP(0:3)/ $\overline{IRQ}$ (3:6), RD/ $\overline{WR}$, $\overline{BURST}$, $\overline{RSV}/\overline{IRQ2}$, IP_B(0:1)/IWP(0:1)/VFLS(0:1), IP_B2/IOIS16_B/AT2, IP_B3/IWP2/VF2, IP_B4/LWP0/VF0, IP_B5/LWP1/VF1, IP_B6/DSDI/AT0, IP_B7/PTR/AT3, RXD1/PA15, RXD2/PA13, L1TXDB/PA11, L1RXDB/PA10, L1TXDA/PA9, L1RXDA/PA8, TIN1/L1RCLKA/BRGO1/CLK1/PA7, BRGCLK1/ $\overline{TOUT1}/\overline{CLK2}/\overline{PA6}$, TIN2/L1TCLKA/BRGO2/CLK3/PA5, $\overline{TOUT2}/\overline{CLK4}/\overline{PA4}$, TIN3/BRGO3/CLK5/PA3, BRGCLK2/L1RCLKB/ $\overline{TOUT3}/\overline{CLK6}/\overline{PA2}$, TIN4/BRGO4/CLK7/PA1, L1TCLKB/ $\overline{TOUT4}/\overline{CLK8}/\overline{PA0}$, $\overline{REJECT1}/\overline{SPISEL}/\overline{PB31}$, SPICLK/ $\overline{PB30}$, SPIMOSI/ $\overline{PB29}$, BRGO4/ $\overline{SPIMISO}/\overline{PB28}$, BRGO1/I2CSDA/ $\overline{PB27}$, BRGO2/I2CSCL/ $\overline{PB26}$, SMTXD1/ $\overline{PB25}$, SMRXD1/ $\overline{PB24}$, $\overline{SMSYN1}/\overline{SDACK1}/\overline{PB23}$, $\overline{SMSYN2}/\overline{SDACK2}/\overline{PB22}$, SMTXD2/L1CLKOB/ $\overline{PB21}$, SMRXD2/L1CLKOA/ $\overline{PB20}$, L1ST1/ $\overline{RTS1}/\overline{PB19}$, L1ST2/ $\overline{RTS2}/\overline{PB18}$, L1ST3/L1RQB/ $\overline{PB17}$, L1ST4/L1RQA/ $\overline{PB16}$, BRGO3/ $\overline{PB15}$, $\overline{RSTRT1}/\overline{PB14}$, L1ST1/ $\overline{RTS1}/\overline{DREQ0}/\overline{PC15}$, L1ST2/ $\overline{RTS2}/\overline{DREQ1}/\overline{PC14}$, L1ST3/L1RQB/ $\overline{PC13}$, L1ST4/L1RQA/ $\overline{PC12}$, $\overline{CTS1}/\overline{PC11}$, $\overline{TGATE1}/\overline{CD1}/\overline{PC10}$, $\overline{CTS2}/\overline{PC9}$, $\overline{TGATE2}/\overline{CD2}/\overline{PC8}$, $\overline{SDACK2}/\overline{L1TSYNCA}/\overline{PC7}$, L1RSYNCA/ $\overline{PC6}$, $\overline{SDACK1}/\overline{L1TSYNCA}/\overline{PC5}$, L1RSYNCA/ $\overline{PC4}$, PD15, PD14, PD13, PD12, PD11, PD10, PD9, PD8, PD5, PD6, PD7, PD4, PD3, MII_MDC, MII_TX_ER, MII_EN, MII_MDIO, and MII_TXD[0:3]

⁴ $\overline{BDIP}/\overline{GPL_B}(5)$, $\overline{BR}$, $\overline{BG}$, $\overline{FRZ}/\overline{IRQ6}$, $\overline{CS}(0:5)$, $\overline{CS}(6)/\overline{CE}(1)_B$, $\overline{CS}(7)/\overline{CE}(2)_B$, $\overline{WE0}/\overline{BS_B0}/\overline{IORD}$, $\overline{WE1}/\overline{BS_B1}/\overline{IOWR}$, $\overline{WE2}/\overline{BS_B2}/\overline{PCOE}$, $\overline{WE3}/\overline{BS_B3}/\overline{PCWE}$, $\overline{BS_A}(0:3)$, $\overline{GPL_A0}/\overline{GPL_B0}$, $\overline{OE}/\overline{GPL_A1}/\overline{GPL_B1}$, $\overline{GPL_A}(2:3)/\overline{GPL_B}(2:3)/\overline{CS}(2:3)$, UPWAITA/ $\overline{GPL_A4}$, UPWAITB/ $\overline{GPL_B4}$, $\overline{GPL_A5}$, ALE_A, $\overline{CE1_A}$, $\overline{CE2_A}$, ALE_B/DSCK/AT1, OP(0:1), OP2/MODCK1/ $\overline{STS}$, OP3/MODCK2/DSDO, and BADDR(28:30)

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
B35	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00	—	1.79	—	ns
B35a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	13.15	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.58	—	ns
B35b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	20.73	—	16.75	—	13.00	—	9.36	—	ns
B36	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{GPL}$ valid—as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00	—	1.79	—	ns
B37	UPWAIT valid to CLKOUT falling edge ⁹	6.00	—	6.00	—	6.00	—	6.00	—	ns
B38	CLKOUT falling edge to UPWAIT valid ⁹	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	ns
B39	$\overline{AS}$ valid to CLKOUT rising edge ¹⁰	7.00	—	7.00	—	7.00	—	7.00	—	ns
B40	A(0:31), TSIZ(0:1), RD/ $\overline{WR}$, $\overline{BURST}$, valid to CLKOUT rising edge	7.00	—	7.00	—	7.00	—	7.00	—	ns
B41	$\overline{TS}$ valid to CLKOUT rising edge (setup time)	7.00	—	7.00	—	7.00	—	7.00	—	ns
B42	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{TS}$ valid (hold time)	2.00	—	2.00	—	2.00	—	2.00	—	ns
B43	$\overline{AS}$ negation to memory controller signals negation	—	TBD	—	TBD	—	TBD	—	TBD	ns

¹ Phase and frequency jitter performance results are only valid if the input jitter is less than the prescribed value.

² If the rate of change of the frequency of EXTAL is slow (that is, it does not jump between the minimum and maximum values in one cycle) or the frequency of the jitter is fast (that is, it does not stay at an extreme value for a long time) then the maximum allowed jitter on EXTAL can be up to 2%.

³ The timings specified in B4 and B5 are based on full strength clock.

⁴ The timing for $\overline{BR}$ output is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with external bus arbiter. The timing for $\overline{BG}$ output is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with internal bus arbiter.

⁵ The timing required for $\overline{BR}$ input is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with internal bus arbiter. The timing for $\overline{BG}$ input is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with external bus arbiter.

⁶ The D(0:31) and DP(0:3) input timings B18 and B19 refer to the rising edge of the CLKOUT in which the $\overline{TA}$ input signal is asserted.

⁷ The D(0:31) and DP(0:3) input timings B20 and B21 refer to the falling edge of the CLKOUT. This timing is valid only for read accesses controlled by chip-selects under control of the UPM in the memory controller, for data beats where DLT3 = 1 in the UPM RAM words. (This is only the case where data is latched on the falling edge of CLKOUT.)

⁸ The timing B30 refers to $\overline{CS}$ when ACS = 00 and to $\overline{WE}$ (0:3) when CSNT = 0.

⁹ The signal UPWAIT is considered asynchronous to the CLKOUT and synchronized internally. The timings specified in B37 and B38 are specified to enable the freeze of the UPM output signals as described in [Figure 18](#).

¹⁰ The $\overline{AS}$ signal is considered asynchronous to the CLKOUT. The timing B39 is specified in order to allow the behavior specified in [Figure 21](#).

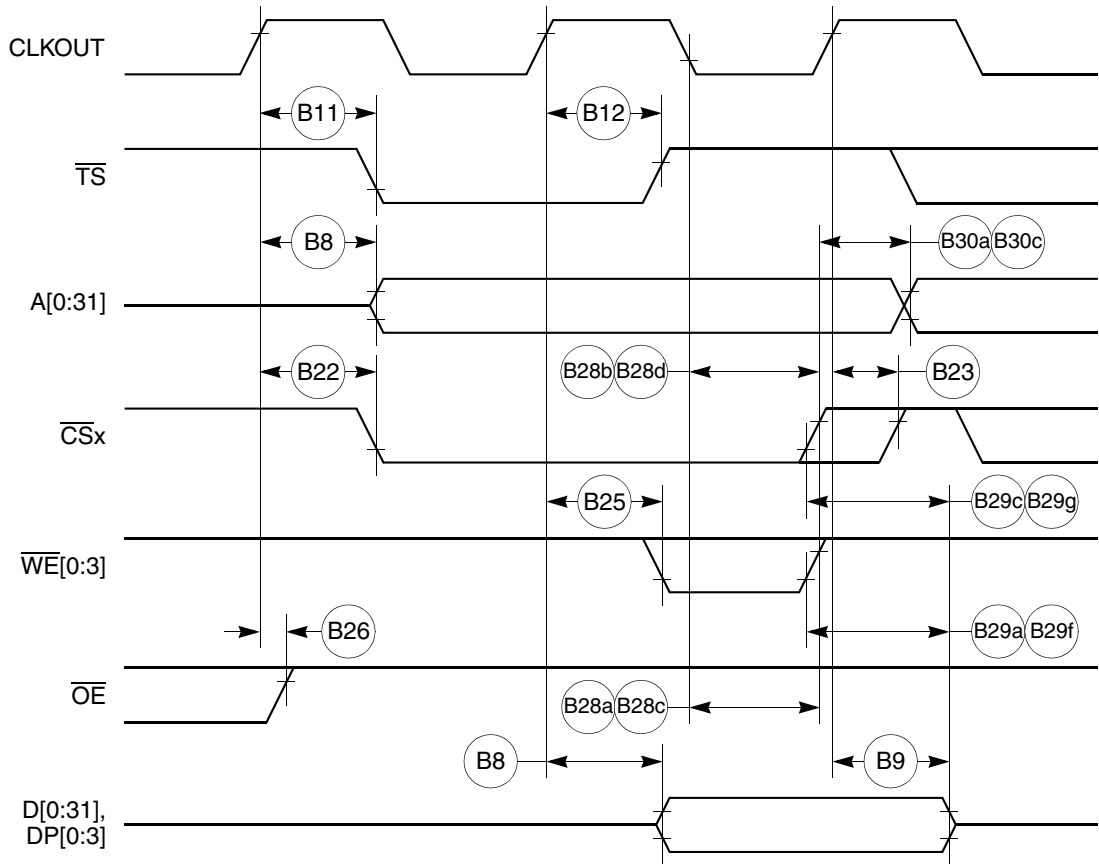


Figure 15. External Bus Write Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0 or 1, CSNT = 1)

Figure 18 provides the timing for the asynchronous asserted UPWAIT signal controlled by the UPM.

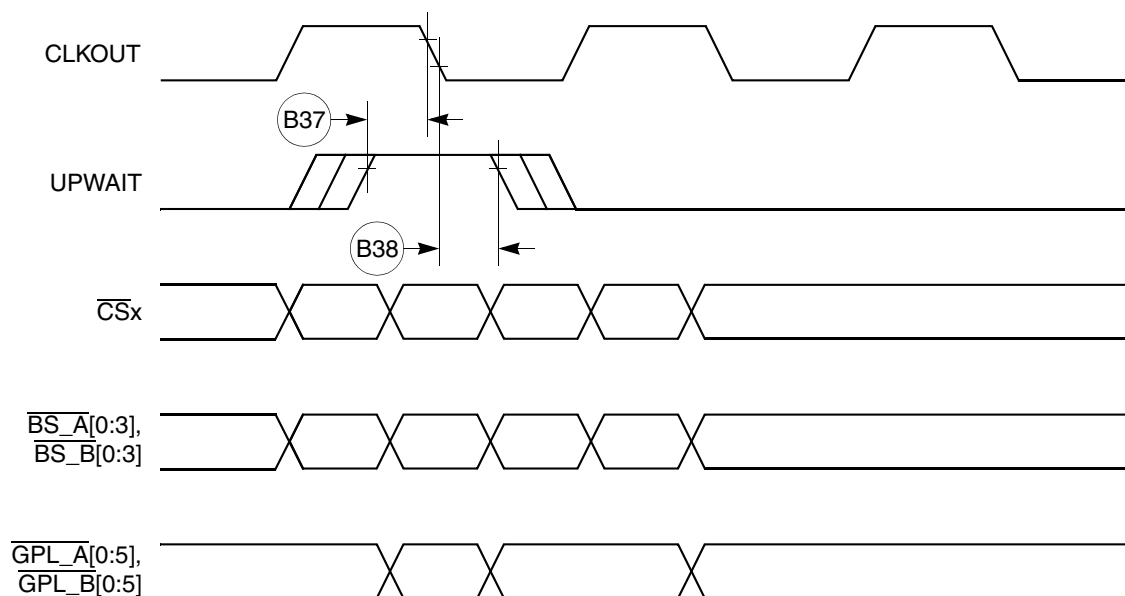


Figure 18. Asynchronous UPWAIT Asserted Detection in UPM Handled Cycles Timing

Figure 19 provides the timing for the asynchronous negated UPWAIT signal controlled by the UPM.

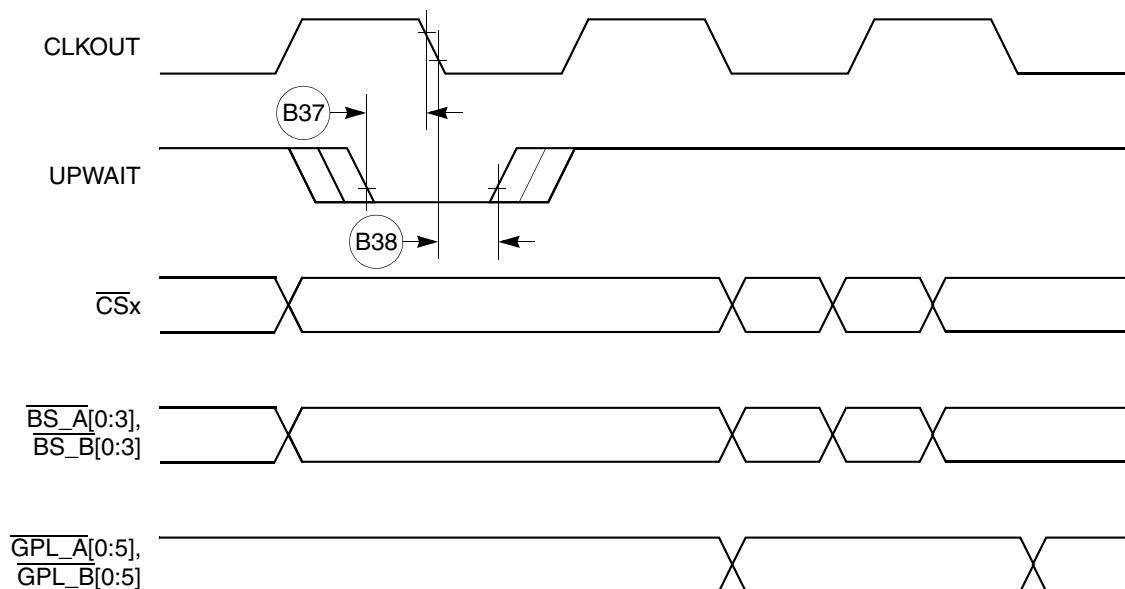


Figure 19. Asynchronous UPWAIT Negated Detection in UPM Handled Cycles Timing

Figure 25 provides the PCMCIA access cycle timing for the external bus read.

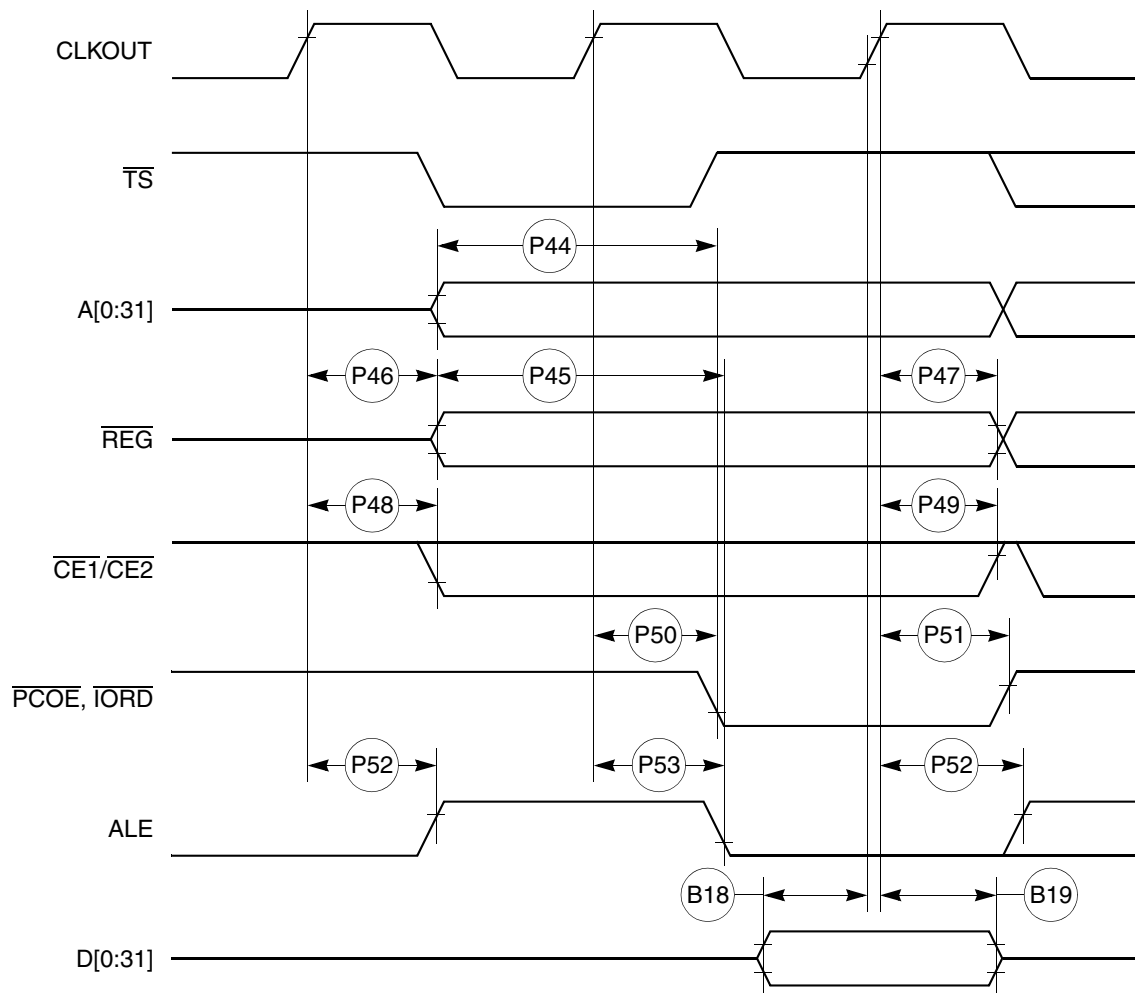


Figure 25. PCMCIA Access Cycle Timing External Bus Read

Table 10 shows the PCMCIA port timing for the MPC860.

Table 10. PCMCIA Port Timing

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
P57	CLKOUT to OPx valid	—	19.00	—	19.00	—	19.00	—	19.00	ns
P58	$\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ negated to OPx drive ¹	25.73	—	21.75	—	18.00	—	14.36	—	ns
P59	IP_Xx valid to CLKOUT rising edge	5.00	—	5.00	—	5.00	—	5.00	—	ns
P60	CLKOUT rising edge to IP_Xx invalid	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	ns

¹ OP2 and OP3 only.

Figure 28 provides the PCMCIA output port timing for the MPC860.

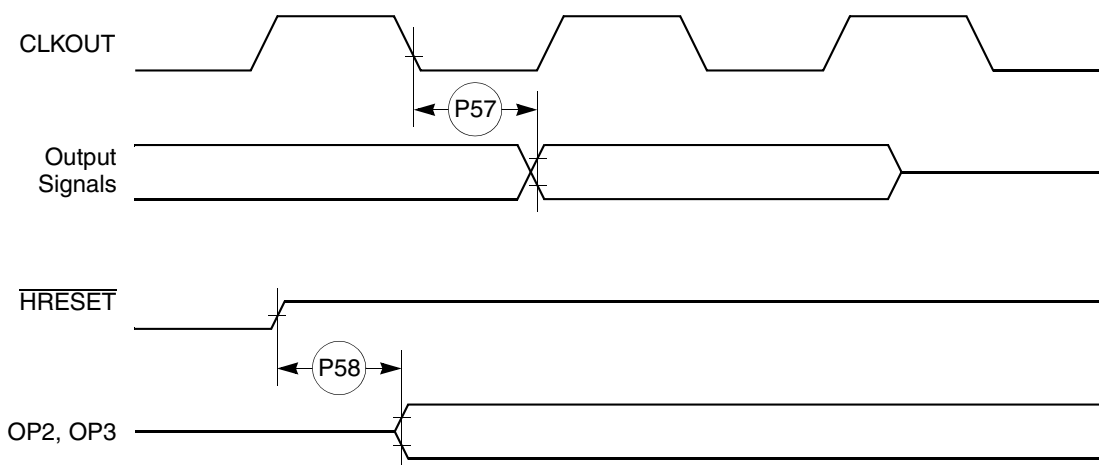


Figure 28. PCMCIA Output Port Timing

Figure 29 provides the PCMCIA output port timing for the MPC860.

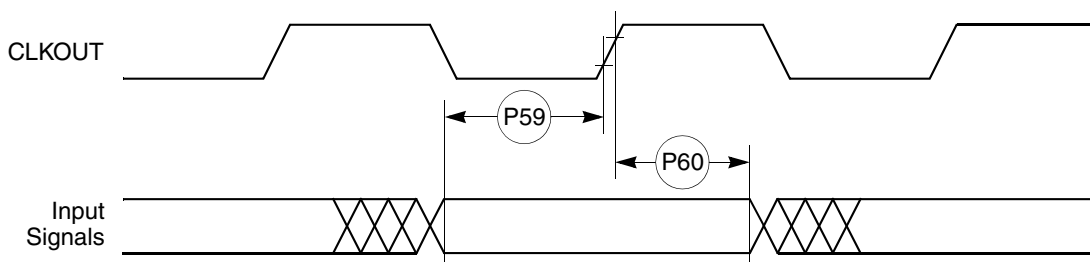


Figure 29. PCMCIA Input Port Timing

Table 12 shows the reset timing for the MPC860.

Table 12. Reset Timing

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
R69	CLKOUT to $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ high impedance	—	20.00	—	20.00	—	20.00	—	20.00	ns
R70	CLKOUT to $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ high impedance	—	20.00	—	20.00	—	20.00	—	20.00	ns
R71	$\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$ pulse width	515.15	—	425.00	—	340.00	—	257.58	—	ns
R72	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
R73	Configuration data to $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ rising edge setup time	504.55	—	425.00	—	350.00	—	277.27	—	ns
R74	Configuration data to $\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$ rising edge setup time	350.00	—	350.00	—	350.00	—	350.00	—	ns
R75	Configuration data hold time after $\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$ negation	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	ns
R76	Configuration data hold time after $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ negation	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	ns
R77	$\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ and $\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$ asserted to data out drive	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	ns
R78	$\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$ negated to data out high impedance	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	ns
R79	CLKOUT of last rising edge before chip three-state $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ to data out high impedance	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	ns
R80	DSDI, DSCK setup	90.91	—	75.00	—	60.00	—	45.45	—	ns
R81	DSDI, DSCK hold time	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	ns
R82	$\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ negated to CLKOUT rising edge for DSDI and DSCK sample	242.42	—	200.00	—	160.00	—	121.21	—	ns

Figure 34 provides the reset timing for the debug port configuration.

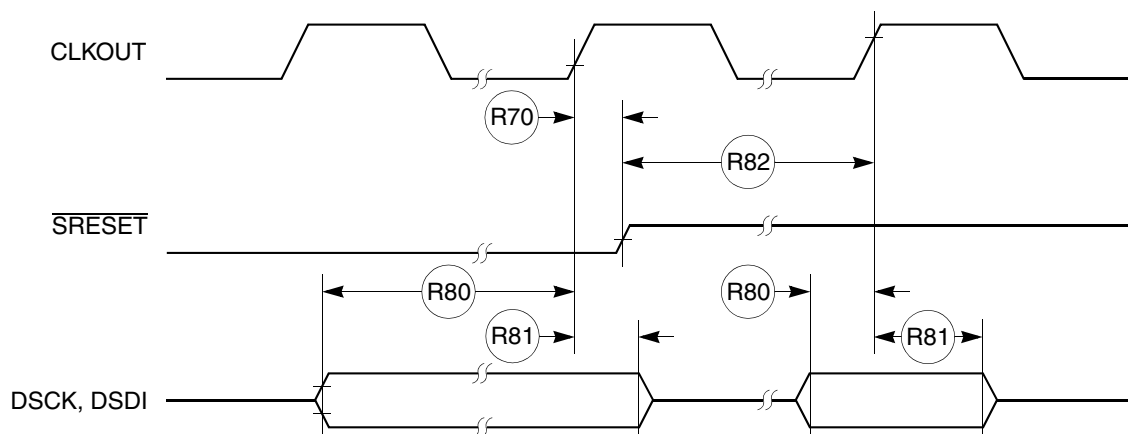


Figure 34. Reset Timing—Debug Port Configuration

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Table 13 provides the JTAG timings for the MPC860 shown in Figure 35 through Figure 38.

Table 13. JTAG Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
J82	TCK cycle time	100.00	—	ns
J83	TCK clock pulse width measured at 1.5 V	40.00	—	ns
J84	TCK rise and fall times	0.00	10.00	ns
J85	TMS, TDI data setup time	5.00	—	ns
J86	TMS, TDI data hold time	25.00	—	ns
J87	TCK low to TDO data valid	—	27.00	ns
J88	TCK low to TDO data invalid	0.00	—	ns
J89	TCK low to TDO high impedance	—	20.00	ns
J90	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ assert time	100.00	—	ns
J91	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ setup time to TCK low	40.00	—	ns
J92	TCK falling edge to output valid	—	50.00	ns
J93	TCK falling edge to output valid out of high impedance	—	50.00	ns
J94	TCK falling edge to output high impedance	—	50.00	ns
J95	Boundary scan input valid to TCK rising edge	50.00	—	ns
J96	TCK rising edge to boundary scan input invalid	50.00	—	ns

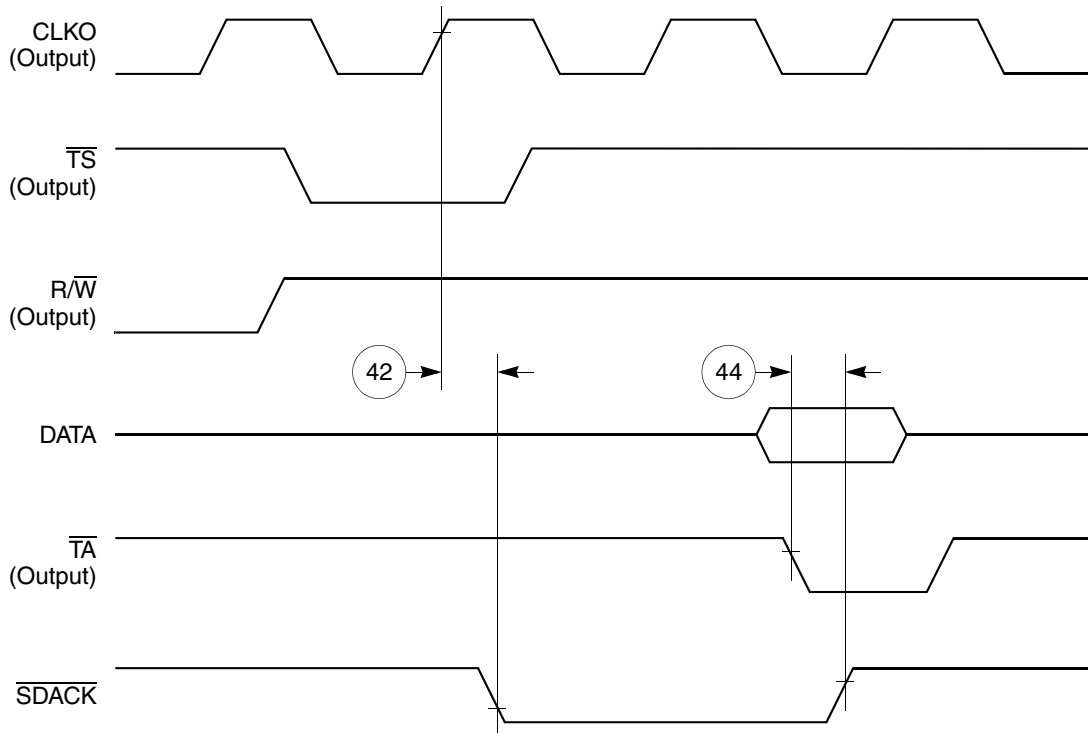


Figure 47. $\overline{SDACK}$ Timing Diagram—Peripheral Write, Internally-Generated $\overline{TA}$

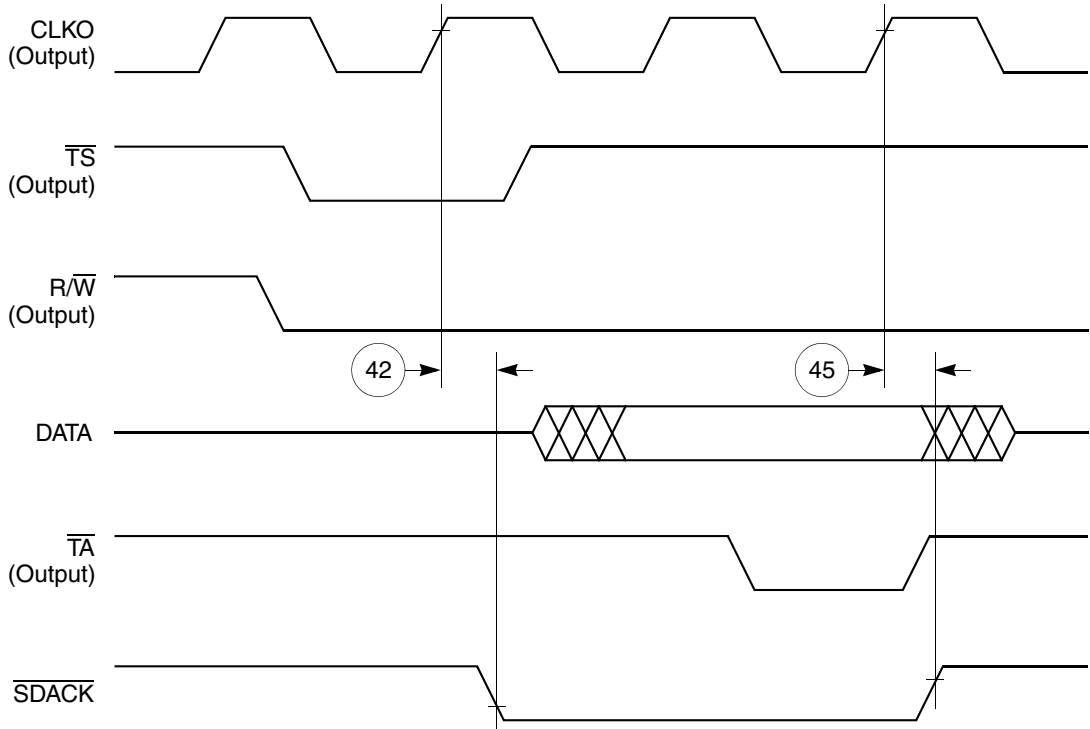


Figure 48. $\overline{SDACK}$ Timing Diagram—Peripheral Read, Internally-Generated $\overline{TA}$

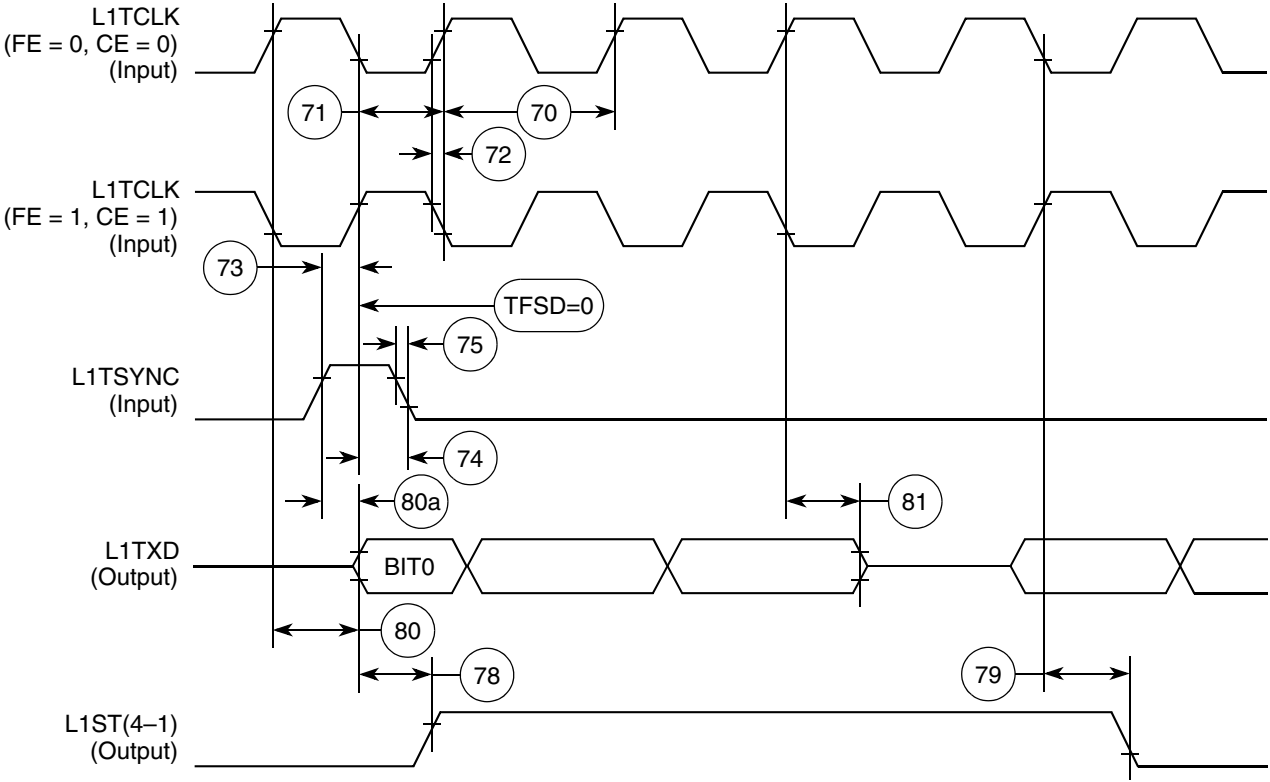


Figure 53. SI Transmit Timing Diagram (DSC = 0)

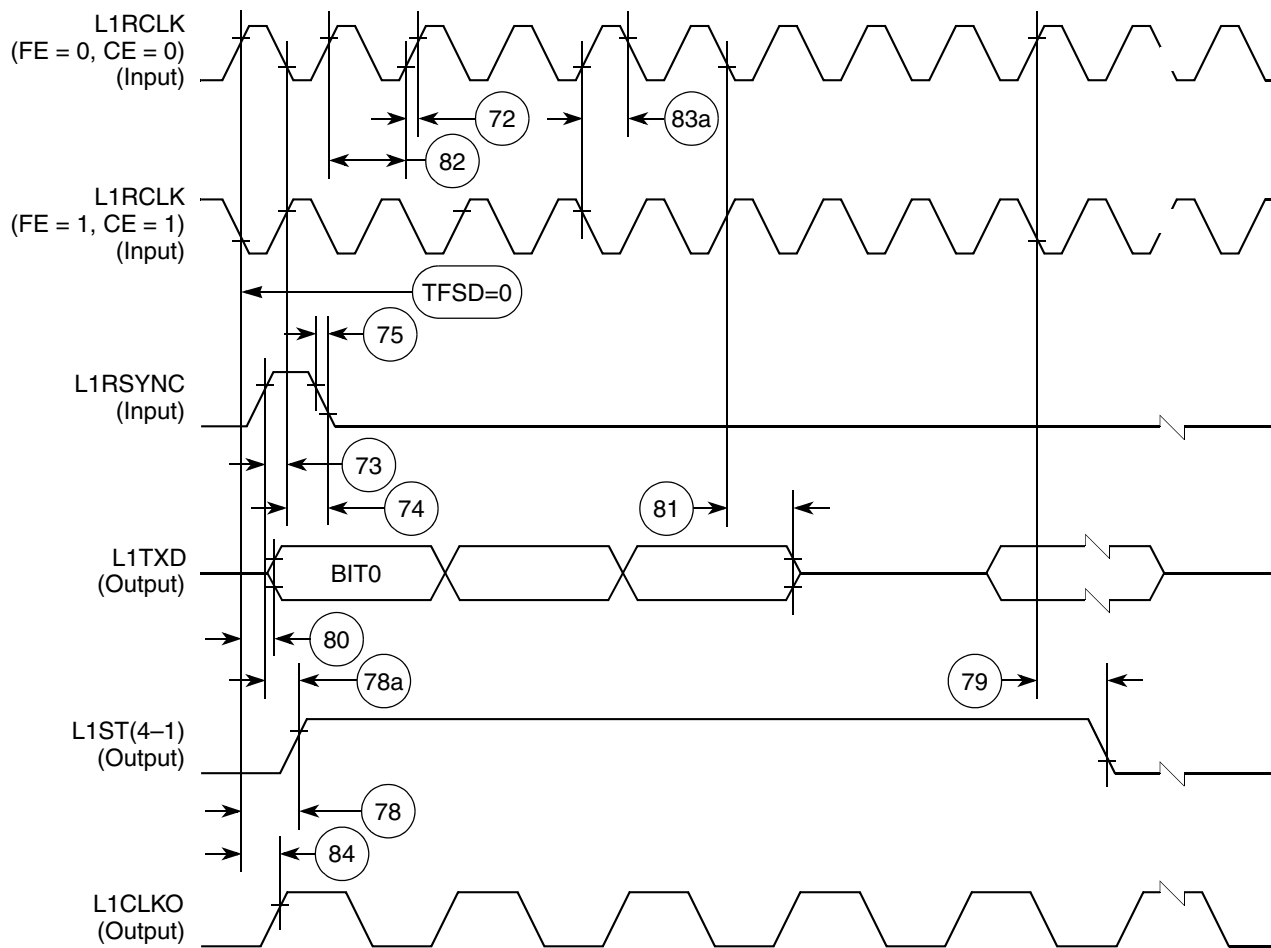


Figure 54. SI Transmit Timing with Double Speed Clocking (DSC = 1)

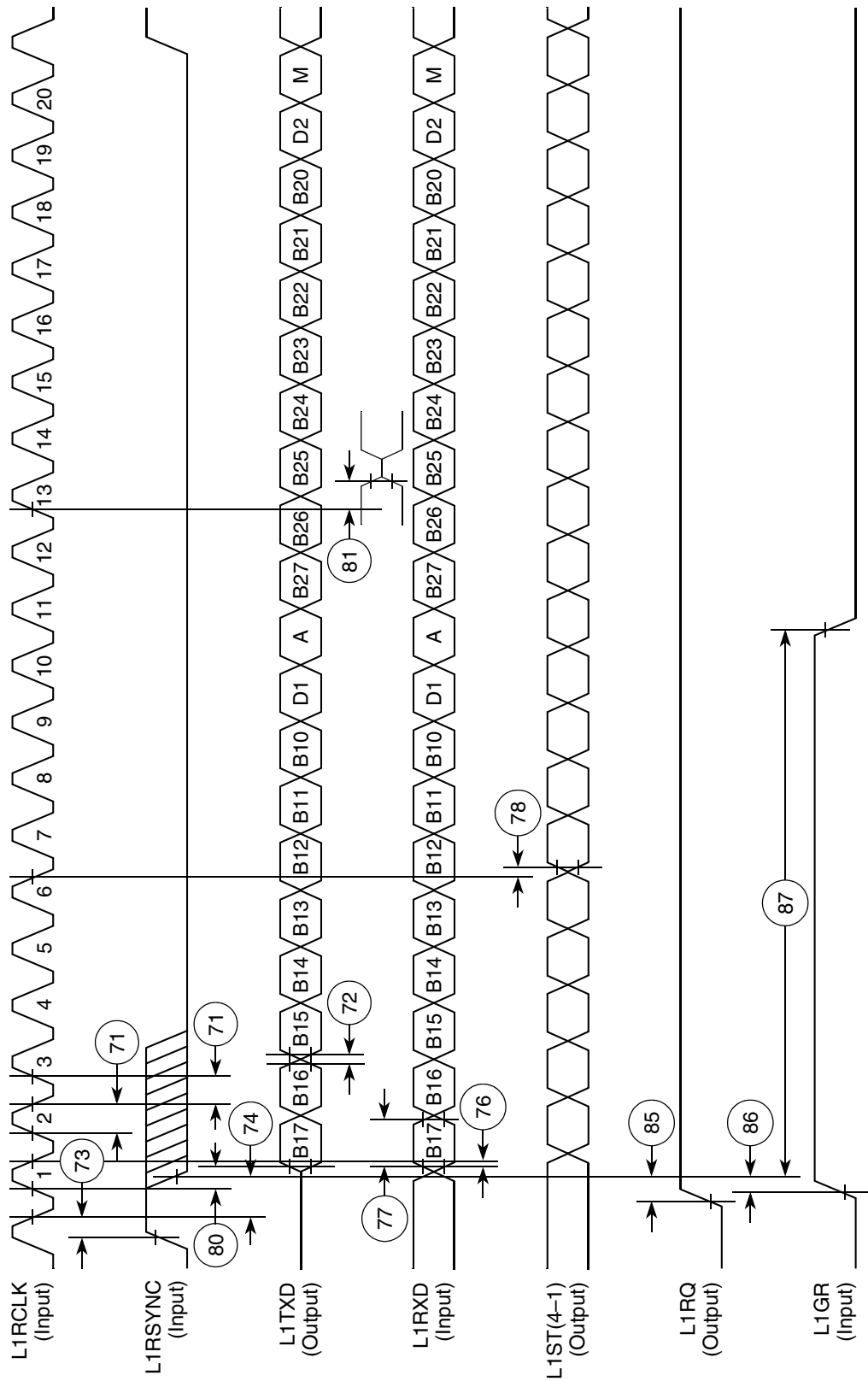


Figure 55. IDL Timing

Figure 56 through Figure 58 show the NMSI timings.

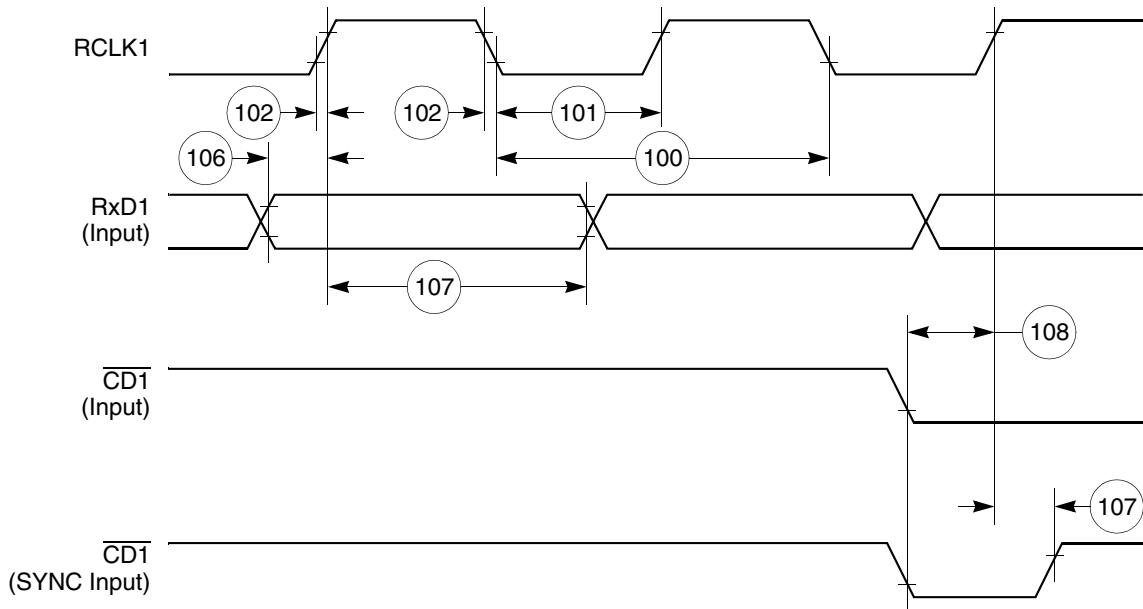


Figure 56. SCC NMSI Receive Timing Diagram

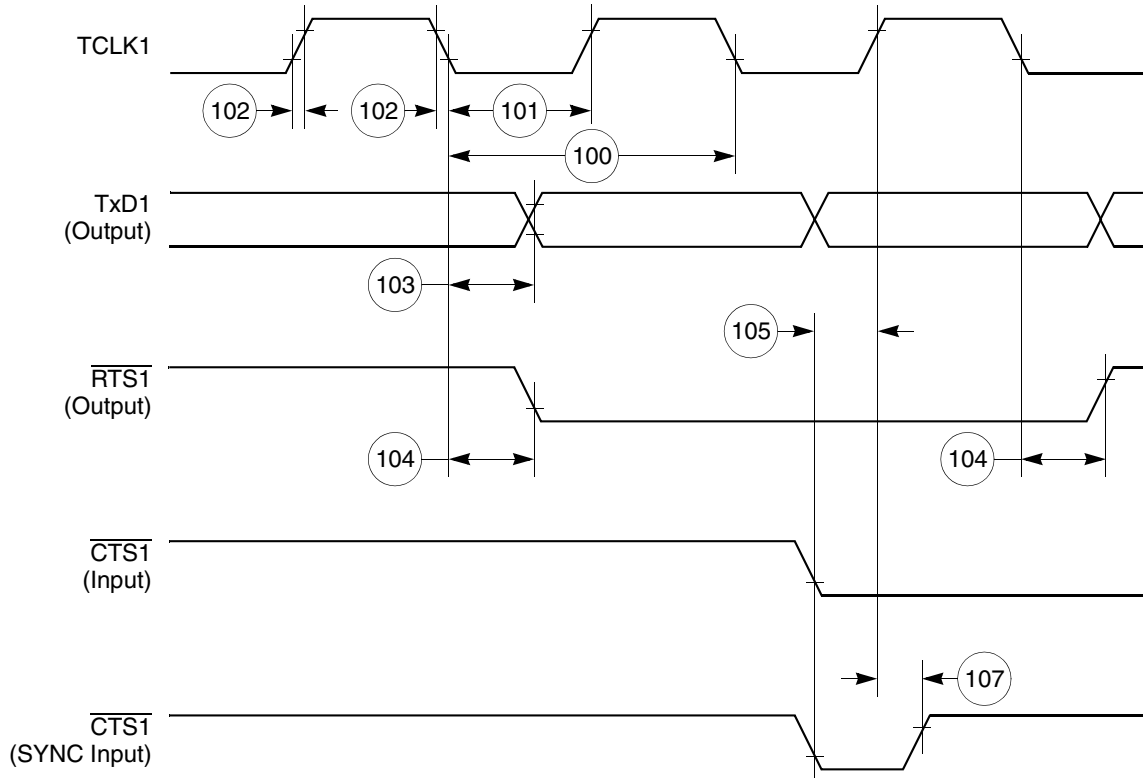


Figure 57. SCC NMSI Transmit Timing Diagram

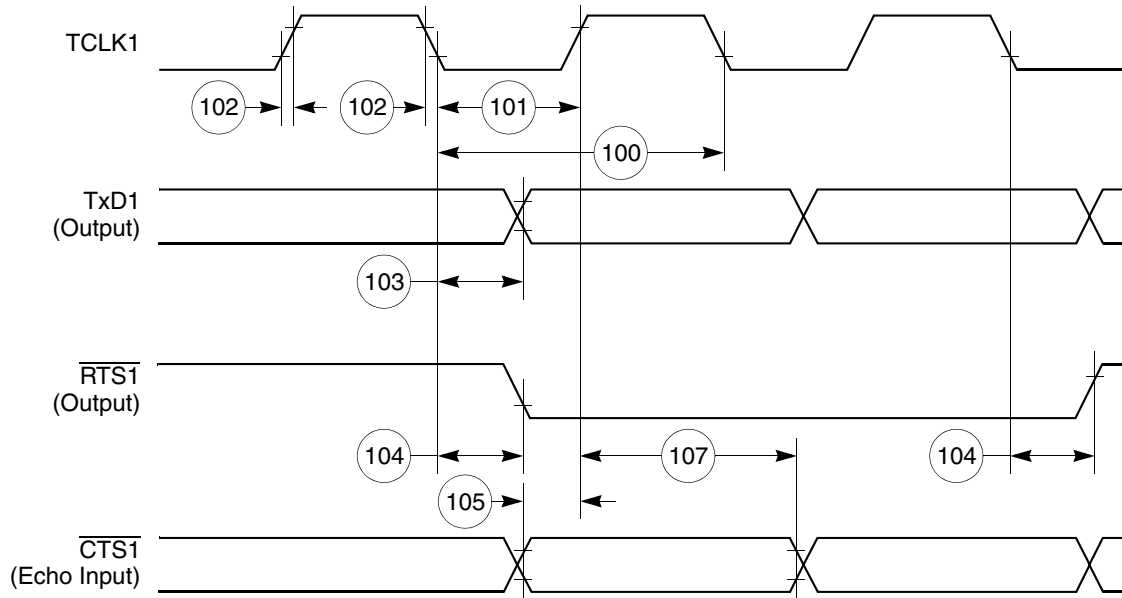


Figure 58. HDLC Bus Timing Diagram

11.8 Ethernet Electrical Specifications

Table 22 provides the Ethernet timings as shown in Figure 59 through Figure 63.

Table 22. Ethernet Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
120	CLSN width high	40	—	ns
121	RCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15	ns
122	RCLK1 width low	40	—	ns
123	RCLK1 clock period ¹	80	120	ns
124	RXD1 setup time	20	—	ns
125	RXD1 hold time	5	—	ns
126	RENA active delay (from RCLK1 rising edge of the last data bit)	10	—	ns
127	RENA width low	100	—	ns
128	TCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15	ns
129	TCLK1 width low	40	—	ns
130	TCLK1 clock period ¹	99	101	ns
131	TXD1 active delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
132	TXD1 inactive delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
133	TENA active delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
134	TENA inactive delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns

Table 22. Ethernet Timing (continued)

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
135	$\overline{\text{RSTRT}}$ active delay (from TCLK1 falling edge)	10	50	ns
136	$\overline{\text{RSTRT}}$ inactive delay (from TCLK1 falling edge)	10	50	ns
137	$\overline{\text{REJECT}}$ width low	1	—	CLK
138	CLKO1 low to $\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ asserted ²	—	20	ns
139	CLKO1 low to $\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ negated ²	—	20	ns

¹ The ratios SYNCCLK/RCLK1 and SYNCCLK/TCLK1 must be greater than or equal to 2/1.

² $\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ is asserted whenever the SDMA writes the incoming frame DA into memory.

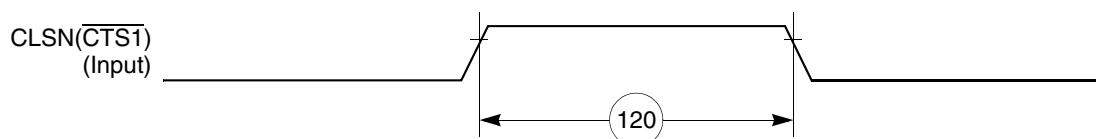


Figure 59. Ethernet Collision Timing Diagram

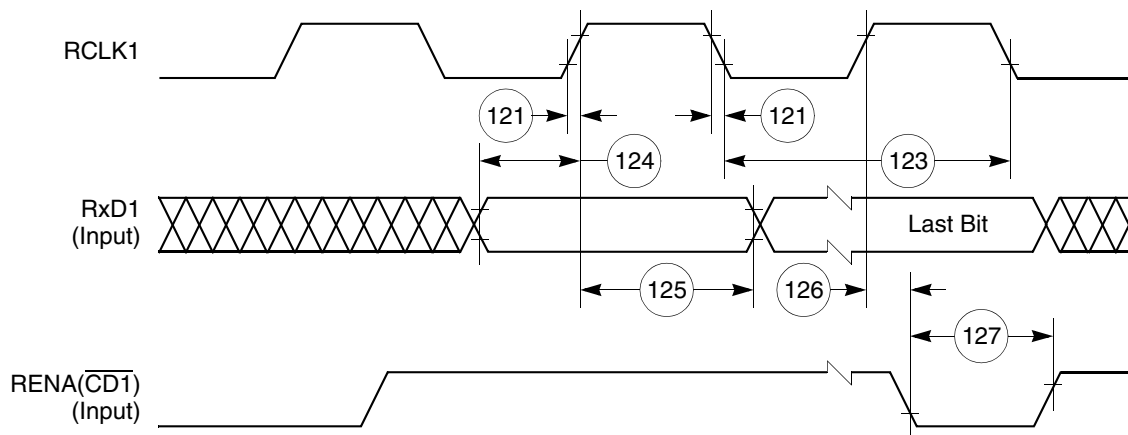


Figure 60. Ethernet Receive Timing Diagram

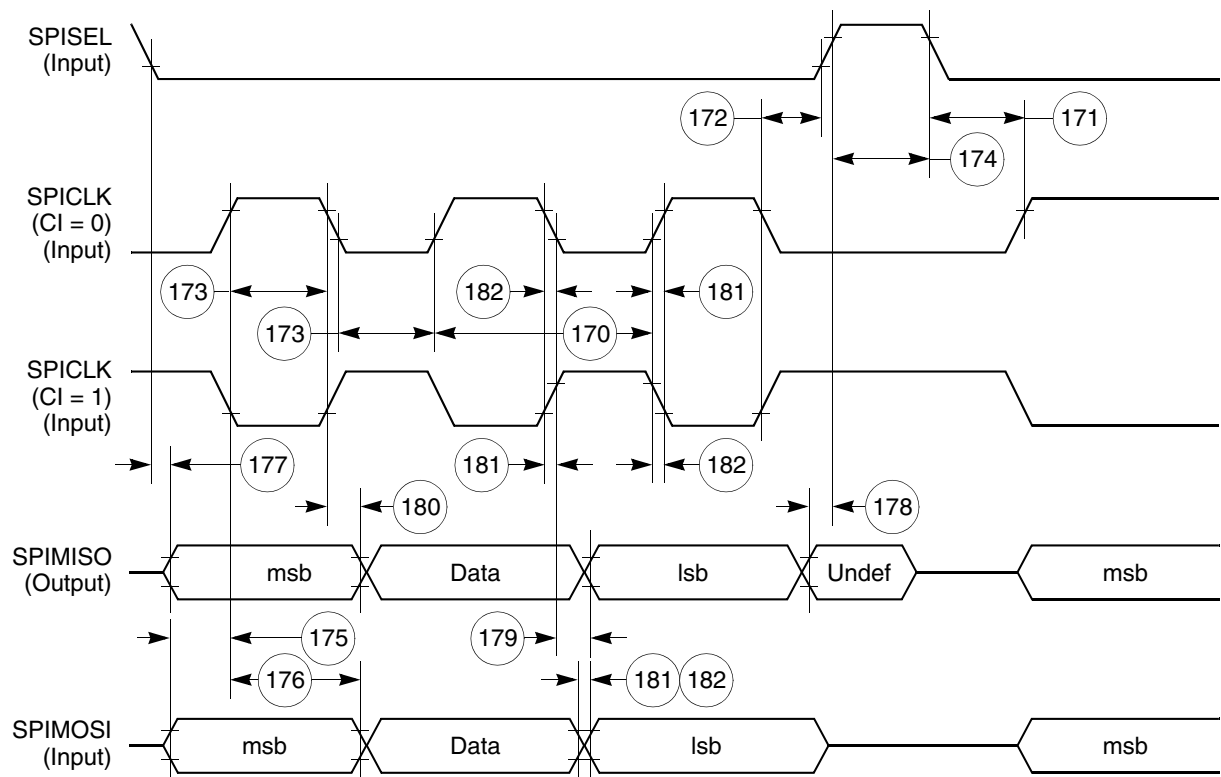


Figure 67. SPI Slave (CP = 0) Timing Diagram

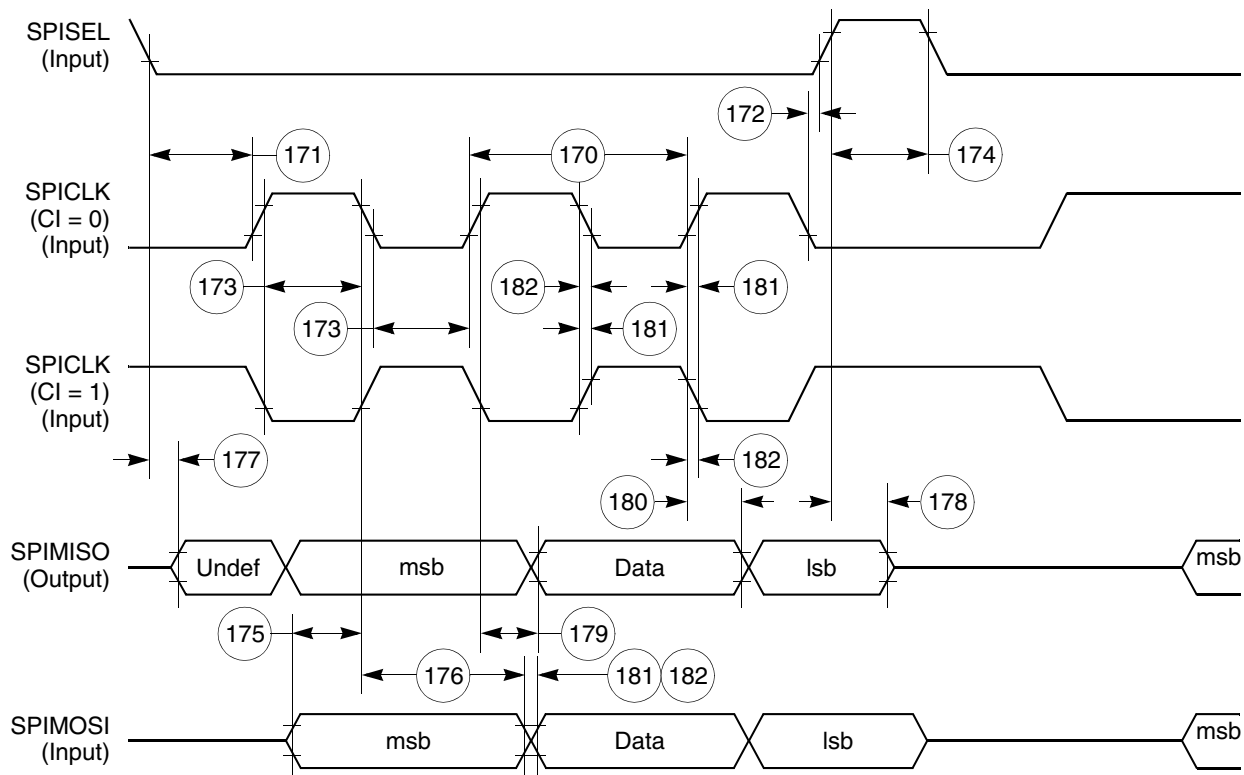


Figure 68. SPI Slave (CP = 1) Timing Diagram

Figure 70 shows signal timings during UTOPIA receive operations.

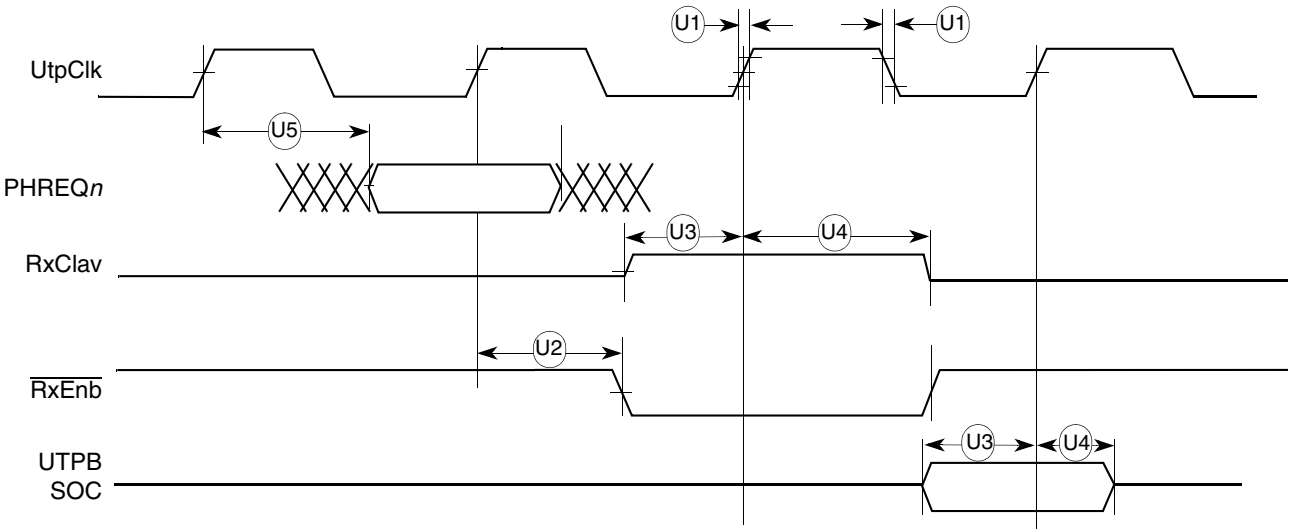


Figure 70. UTOPIA Receive Timing

Figure 71 shows signal timings during UTOPIA transmit operations.

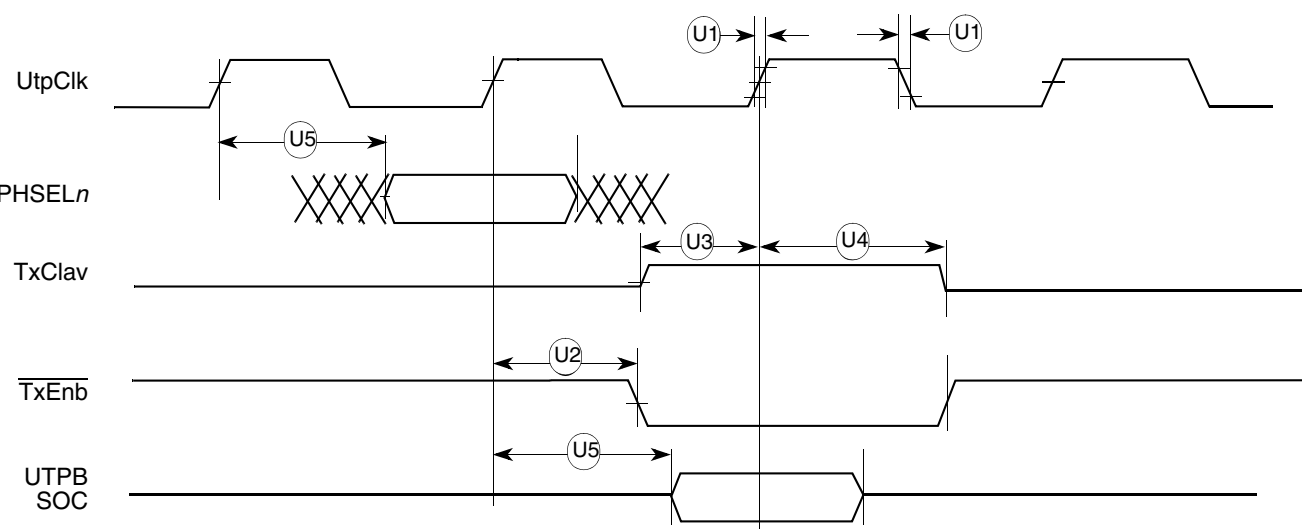


Figure 71. UTOPIA Transmit Timing

13 FEC Electrical Characteristics

This section provides the AC electrical specifications for the Fast Ethernet controller (FEC). Note that the timing specifications for the MII signals are independent of system clock frequency (part speed designation). Also, MII signals use TTL signal levels compatible with devices operating at either 5.0 V or 3.3 V.

13.1 MII Receive Signal Timing (MII_RXD[3:0], MII_RX_DV, MII_RX_ER, MII_RX_CLK)

The receiver functions correctly up to a MII_RX_CLK maximum frequency of 25 MHz + 1%. There is no minimum frequency requirement. In addition, the processor clock frequency must exceed the MII_RX_CLK frequency – 1%.

Table 29 provides information on the MII receive signal timing.

Table 29. MII Receive Signal Timing

Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
M1	MII_RXD[3:0], MII_RX_DV, MII_RX_ER to MII_RX_CLK setup	5	—	ns
M2	MII_RX_CLK to MII_RXD[3:0], MII_RX_DV, MII_RX_ER hold	5	—	ns
M3	MII_RX_CLK pulse width high	35%	65%	MII_RX_CLK period
M4	MII_RX_CLK pulse width low	35%	65%	MII_RX_CLK period

Figure 72 shows MII receive signal timing.

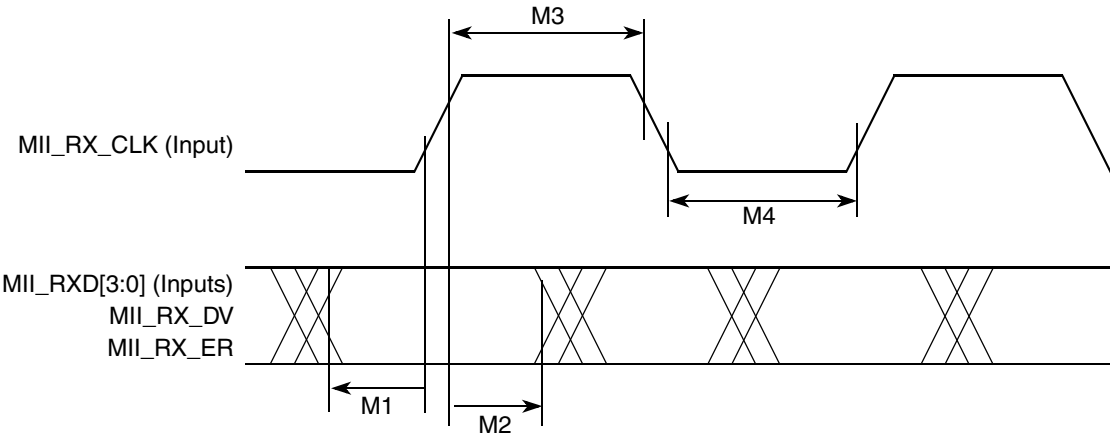


Figure 72. MII Receive Signal Timing Diagram

Table 34 identifies the packages and operating frequencies available for the MPC860.

Table 34. MPC860 Family Package/Frequency Availability

Package Type	Freq. (MHz) / Temp. (Tj)	Package	Order Number
Ball grid array ZP suffix—leaded ZQ suffix—leaded VR suffix—lead-free	50 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TZQ50D4 MPC860DEZQ50D4 MPC860DTZQ50D4 MPC860ENZQ50D4 MPC860SRZQ50D4 MPC860TZQ50D4 MPC860DPZQ50D4 MPC860PZQ50D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC855TZQ50D4R2 MPC860DEZQ50D4R2 MPC860ENZQ50D4R2 MPC860SRZQ50D4R2 MPC860TZQ50D4R2 MPC860DPZQ50D4R2 MPC855TVR50D4R2 MPC860ENVR50D4R2 MPC860SRVR50D4R2 MPC860TVR50D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR50D4 MPC860DEV50D4 MPC860DPVR50D4 MPC860DTPVR50D4 MPC860ENVR50D4 MPC860PVR50D4 MPC860SRVR50D4 MPC860TVR50D4
	66 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TZQ66D4 MPC860DEZQ66D4 MPC860DTZQ66D4 MPC860ENZQ66D4 MPC860SRZQ66D4 MPC860TZQ66D4 MPC860DPZQ66D4 MPC860PZQ66D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC860SRZQ66D4R2 MPC860PZQ66D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR66D4 MPC860DEV66D4 MPC860DPVR66D4 MPC860DTPVR66D4 MPC860ENVR66D4 MPC860PVR66D4 MPC860SRVR66D4 MPC860TVR66D4

14.3 Mechanical Dimensions of the PBGA Package

Figure 77 shows the mechanical dimensions of the ZP PBGA package.

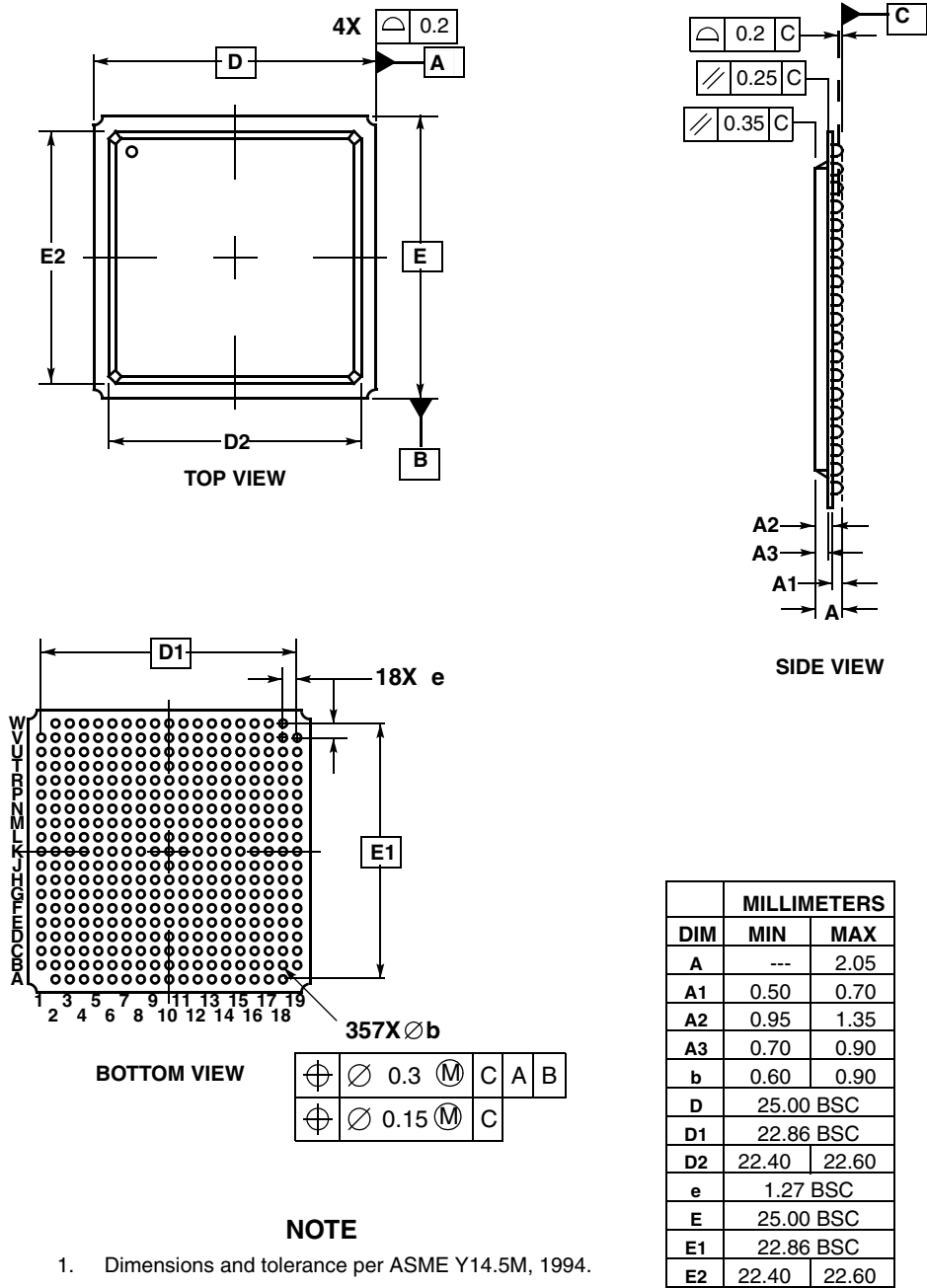


Figure 77. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the ZP PBGA Package