NXP USA Inc. - MPC860DEZQ66D4 Datasheet



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of **Embedded - Microprocessors**

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	MPC8xx
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	66MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10Mbps (2)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 95°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	357-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	357-PBGA (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc860dezq66d4

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Features

- System integration unit (SIU)
 - Bus monitor
 - Software watchdog
 - Periodic interrupt timer (PIT)
 - Low-power stop mode
 - Clock synthesizer
 - Decrementer, time base, and real-time clock (RTC)
 - Reset controller
 - IEEE 1149.1TM Std. test access port (JTAG)
- Interrupts
 - Seven external interrupt request (IRQ) lines
 - 12 port pins with interrupt capability
 - 23 internal interrupt sources
 - Programmable priority between SCCs
 - Programmable highest priority request
- 10/100 Mbps Ethernet support, fully compliant with the IEEE 802.3u® Standard (not available when using ATM over UTOPIA interface)
- ATM support compliant with ATM forum UNI 4.0 specification
 - Cell processing up to 50–70 Mbps at 50-MHz system clock
 - Cell multiplexing/demultiplexing
 - Support of AAL5 and AAL0 protocols on a per-VC basis. AAL0 support enables OAM and software implementation of other protocols.
 - ATM pace control (APC) scheduler, providing direct support for constant bit rate (CBR) and unspecified bit rate (UBR) and providing control mechanisms enabling software support of available bit rate (ABR)
 - Physical interface support for UTOPIA (10/100-Mbps is not supported with this interface) and byte-aligned serial (for example, T1/E1/ADSL)
 - UTOPIA-mode ATM supports level-1 master with cell-level handshake, multi-PHY (up to four physical layer devices), connection to 25-, 51-, or 155-Mbps framers, and UTOPIA/system clock ratios of 1/2 or 1/3.
 - Serial-mode ATM connection supports transmission convergence (TC) function for T1/E1/ADSL lines, cell delineation, cell payload scrambling/descrambling, automatic idle/unassigned cell insertion/stripping, header error control (HEC) generation, checking, and statistics.
- Communications processor module (CPM)
 - RISC communications processor (CP)
 - Communication-specific commands (for example, GRACEFUL STOP TRANSMIT, ENTER HUNT MODE, and RESTART TRANSMIT)
 - Supports continuous mode transmission and reception on all serial channels



Power Dissipation

5 **Power Dissipation**

Table 5 provides power dissipation information. The modes are 1:1, where CPU and bus speeds are equal, and 2:1, where CPU frequency is twice the bus speed.

Die Revision	Frequency (MHz)	Typical ¹	Maximum ²	Unit
D.4	50	656	735	mW
(1:1 mode)	66	TBD	TBD	mW
D.4	66	722	762	mW
(2:1 mode)	80	851	909	mW

Table 5. Power Dissipation (PD)

¹ Typical power dissipation is measured at 3.3 V.

² Maximum power dissipation is measured at 3.5 V.

NOTE

Values in Table 5 represent V_{DDL} -based power dissipation and do not include I/O power dissipation over V_{DDH} . I/O power dissipation varies widely by application due to buffer current, depending on external circuitry.

6 DC Characteristics

Table 6 provides the DC electrical characteristics for the MPC860.

 Table 6. DC Electrical Specifications

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Operating voltage at 40 MHz or less	V _{DDH} , V _{DDL} , V _{DDSYN}	3.0	3.6	V
	KAPWR (power-down mode)	2.0	3.6	V
	KAPWR (all other operating modes)	V _{DDH} – 0.4	V _{DDH}	V
Operating voltage greater than 40 MHz	V _{DDH} , V _{DDL} , KAPWR, V _{DDSYN}	3.135	3.465	V
	KAPWR (power-down mode)	2.0	3.6	V
	KAPWR (all other operating modes)	V _{DDH} – 0.4	V _{DDH}	V
Input high voltage (all inputs except EXTAL and EXTCLK)	V _{IH}	2.0	5.5	V
Input low voltage ¹	V _{IL}	GND	0.8	V
EXTAL, EXTCLK input high voltage	V _{IHC}	$0.7 imes (V_{DDH})$	V _{DDH} + 0.3	V
Input leakage current, $V_{in} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ (except TMS, TRST, DSCK, and DSDI pins)	l _{in}	_	100	μA



		33	MHz	40 I	MHz 50 MHz			66 MHz		11
Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
B29d	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, EBDF = 0	43.45		35.5		28.00		20.73		ns
B29e	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 0	43.45	_	35.5	_	28.00		29.73	_	ns
B29f	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, EBDF = 1	8.86		6.88		5.00		3.18		ns
B29g	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	8.86		6.88		5.00		3.18		ns
B29h	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, EBDF = 1	38.67		31.38		24.50		17.83		ns
B29i	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	38.67		31.38		24.50		17.83		ns
B30	\overline{CS} , \overline{WE} (0:3) negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM write access ⁸	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00	—	1.79	—	ns
B30a	$\overline{\text{WE}}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM, write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ negated to A(0:31) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1 ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 0	13.15	_	10.50	—	8.00	_	5.58	—	ns
B30b	$\label{eq:weighted} \hline \hline WE(0:3) \ negated to \ A(0:31), \ invalid \ GPCM \\ BADDR(28:30) \ invalid \ GPCM \ write \ access, \\ TRLX = 1, \ CSNT = 1. \ \overline{CS} \ negated to \\ A(0:31), \ Invalid \ GPCM, \ write \ access, \\ TRLX = 1, \ CSNT = 1, \ ACS = 10, \ or \\ ACS = 11, \ EBDF = 0 \\ \hline \hline \hline \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	43.45	_	35.50	_	28.00		20.73	_	ns
B30c	$\label{eq:weighted_states} \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \hline WE(0:3) \mbox{ negated to } A(0:31), \mbox{ BADDR}(28:30) \\ \hline \mbox{ invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, } \\ \hline CSNT = 1. \end{tabular} \begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline CS \mbox{ negated to } A(0:31) \mbox{ invalid } \\ \hline GPCM \mbox{ write access, TRLX = 0, } \\ \hline ACS = 10, \mbox{ ACS = 11, EBDF = 1} \end{array}$	8.36	_	6.38	_	4.50	_	2.68	_	ns
B30d	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT =1. \overline{CS} negated to A(0:31) invalid GPCM write access TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	38.67	_	31.38	_	24.50	_	17.83	_	ns
B31	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)



		33 MHz 40 MHz		MHz	50 MHz		66 MHz			
Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
B31a	CLKOUT falling edge to CS valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B31b	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	ns
B31c	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.04	ns
B31d	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 1	13.26	17.99	11.28	16.00	9.40	14.13	7.58	12.31	ns
B32	CLKOUT falling edge to BS valid—as requested by control bit BST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B32a	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 0	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B32b	CLKOUT rising edge to BS valid—as requested by control bit BST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	ns
B32c	CLKOUT rising edge to BS valid—as requested by control bit BST3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B32d	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{BS} valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 1	13.26	17.99	11.28	16.00	9.40	14.13	7.58	12.31	ns
B33	CLKOUT falling edge to GPL valid—as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B33a	CLKOUT rising edge to GPL valid—as requested by control bit GxT3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B34	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00		1.79	—	ns
B34a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	13.15	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.58	—	ns
B34b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	20.73	_	16.75		13.00		9.36		ns

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)



NI	Ohannasharilatia	33	33 MHz 40 MHz		50 I	50 MHz 60		MHz	11	
Num	Characteristic	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Unit
B35	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) to CS valid—as requested by control bit BST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58		4.25		3.00	_	1.79		ns
B35a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	13.15		10.50		8.00	_	5.58		ns
B35b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	20.73		16.75		13.00	_	9.36		ns
B36	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to GPL valid—as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58		4.25		3.00	_	1.79		ns
B37	UPWAIT valid to CLKOUT falling edge9	6.00		6.00		6.00	_	6.00		ns
B38	CLKOUT falling edge to UPWAIT valid ⁹	1.00	_	1.00	_	1.00		1.00		ns
B39	AS valid to CLKOUT rising edge ¹⁰	7.00		7.00		7.00	_	7.00		ns
B40	A(0:31), TSIZ(0:1), RD/WR, BURST, valid to CLKOUT rising edge	7.00		7.00	_	7.00		7.00	—	ns
B41	$\overline{\text{TS}}$ valid to CLKOUT rising edge (setup time)	7.00		7.00		7.00	_	7.00		ns
B42	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{TS} valid (hold time)	2.00	_	2.00	_	2.00	_	2.00	_	ns
B43	AS negation to memory controller signals negation	_	TBD	_	TBD	—	TBD	_	TBD	ns

Table 7	Bus O	neration	Timinas	(continued)
	Du3 0	peration	rinnigs	(continucu)

¹ Phase and frequency jitter performance results are only valid if the input jitter is less than the prescribed value.

² If the rate of change of the frequency of EXTAL is slow (that is, it does not jump between the minimum and maximum values in one cycle) or the frequency of the jitter is fast (that is, it does not stay at an extreme value for a long time) then the maximum allowed jitter on EXTAL can be up to 2%.

³ The timings specified in B4 and B5 are based on full strength clock.

⁴ The timing for BR output is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with external bus arbiter. The timing for BG output is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with internal bus arbiter.

⁵ The timing required for BR input is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with internal bus arbiter. The timing for BG input is relevant when the MPC860 is selected to work with external bus arbiter.

⁶ The D(0:31) and DP(0:3) input timings B18 and B19 refer to the rising edge of the CLKOUT in which the TA input signal is asserted.

⁷ The D(0:31) and DP(0:3) input timings B20 and B21 refer to the falling edge of the CLKOUT. This timing is valid only for read accesses controlled by chip-selects under control of the UPM in the memory controller, for data beats where DLT3 = 1 in the UPM RAM words. (This is only the case where data is latched on the falling edge of CLKOUT.)

⁸ The timing B30 refers to \overline{CS} when ACS = 00 and to $\overline{WE}(0:3)$ when CSNT = 0.

⁹ The signal UPWAIT is considered asynchronous to the CLKOUT and synchronized internally. The timings specified in B37 and B38 are specified to enable the freeze of the UPM output signals as described in Figure 18.

¹⁰ The AS signal is considered asynchronous to the CLKOUT. The timing B39 is specified in order to allow the behavior specified in Figure 21.



Figure 3 is the control timing diagram.

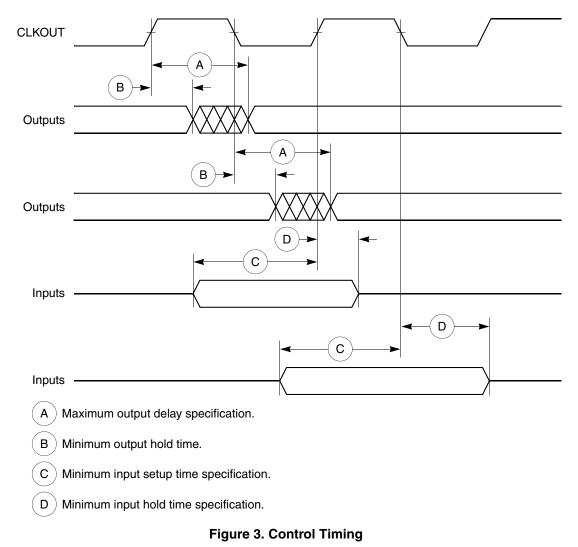


Figure 4 provides the timing for the external clock.

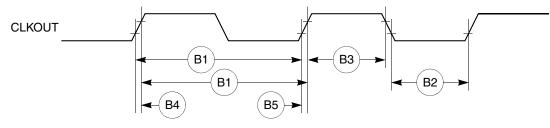


Figure 4. External Clock Timing



Figure 5 provides the timing for the synchronous output signals.

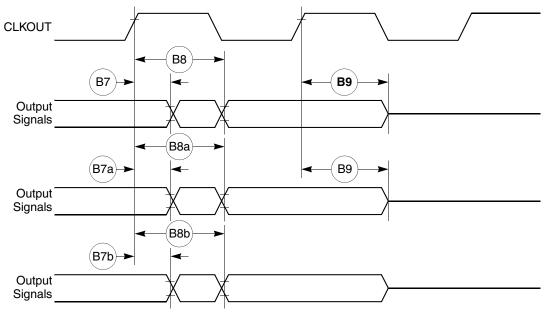


Figure 5. Synchronous Output Signals Timing

Figure 6 provides the timing for the synchronous active pull-up and open-drain output signals.

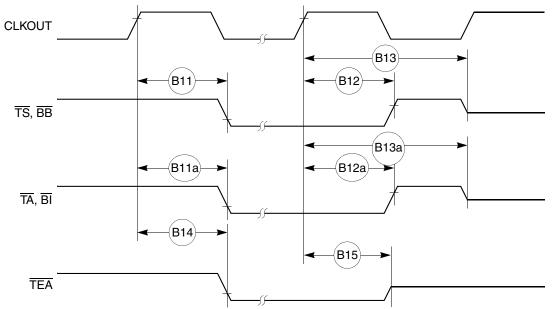
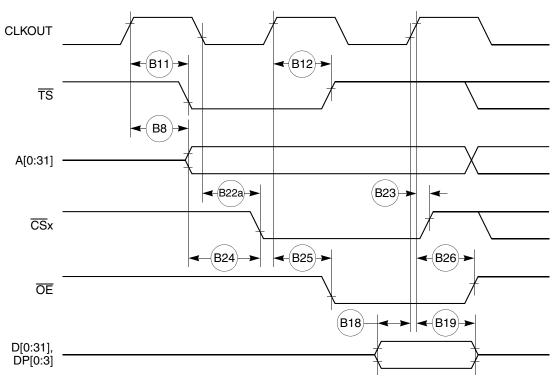


Figure 6. Synchronous Active Pull-Up Resistor and Open-Drain Outputs Signals Timing







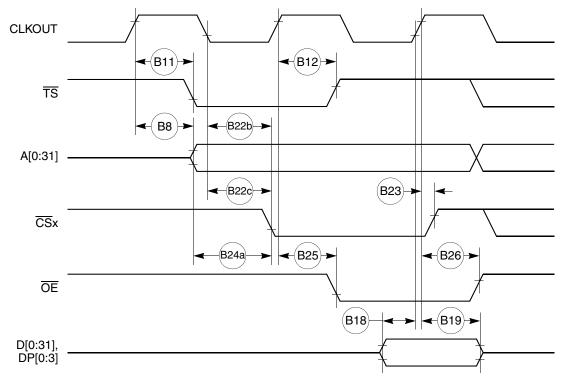


Figure 12. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0, ACS = 11)



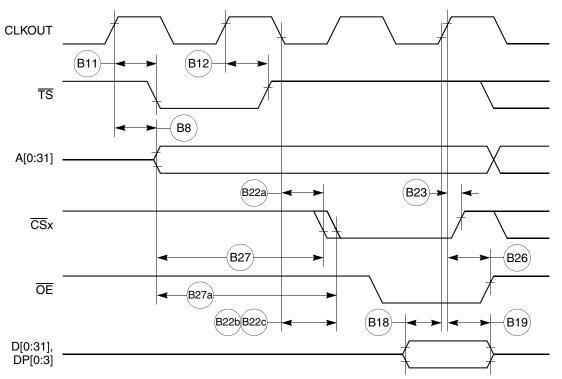
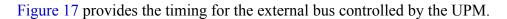


Figure 13. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0 or 1, ACS = 10, ACS = 11)





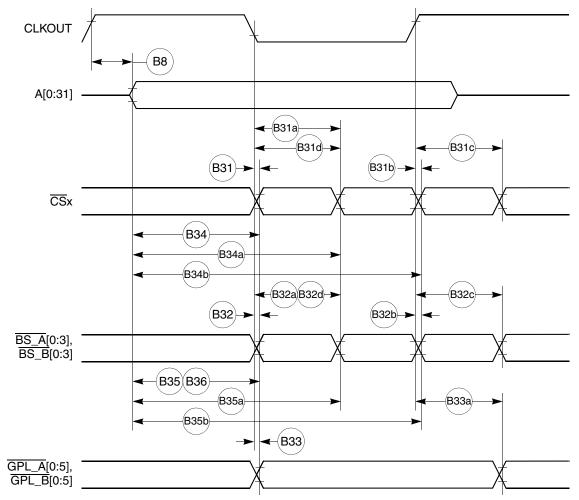


Figure 17. External Bus Timing (UPM Controlled Signals)





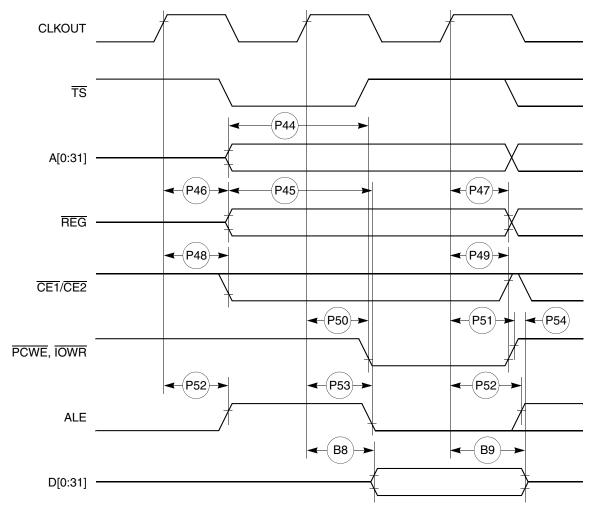


Figure 26. PCMCIA Access Cycle Timing External Bus Write

Figure 27 provides the PCMCIA \overline{WAIT} signal detection timing.

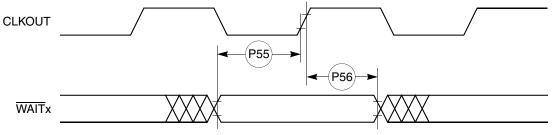


Figure 27. PCMCIA WAIT Signal Detection Timing



Table 12 shows the reset timing for the MPC860.

Table 12. Reset Timing

Num	Characteristic	33 N	/IHz	40 N	ЛНz	50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
NUM	Characteristic	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Unit
R69	CLKOUT to HRESET high impedance	—	20.00	—	20.00	_	20.00	—	20.00	ns
R70	CLKOUT to SRESET high impedance	—	20.00	—	20.00	—	20.00	—	20.00	ns
R71	RSTCONF pulse width	515.15	_	425.00		340.00	—	257.58	—	ns
R72	_	—	_	—	_	—	—	—	—	
R73	Configuration data to HRESET rising edge setup time	504.55	—	425.00	—	350.00	—	277.27	—	ns
R74	Configuration data to RSTCONF rising edge setup time	350.00	—	350.00	—	350.00	—	350.00	—	ns
R75	Configuration data hold time after RSTCONF negation	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	ns
R76	Configuration data hold time after HRESET negation	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	0.00	—	ns
R77	HRESET and RSTCONF asserted to data out drive	—	25.00		25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	ns
R78	RSTCONF negated to data out high impedance	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	_	25.00	ns
R79	CLKOUT of last rising edge before chip three-state HRESET to data out high impedance	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	—	25.00	ns
R80	DSDI, DSCK setup	90.91	—	75.00	_	60.00	—	45.45	—	ns
R81	DSDI, DSCK hold time	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.00	—	0.00	—	ns
R82	SRESET negated to CLKOUT rising edge for DSDI and DSCK sample	242.42	—	200.00	—	160.00	—	121.21	—	ns



CPM Electrical Characteristics

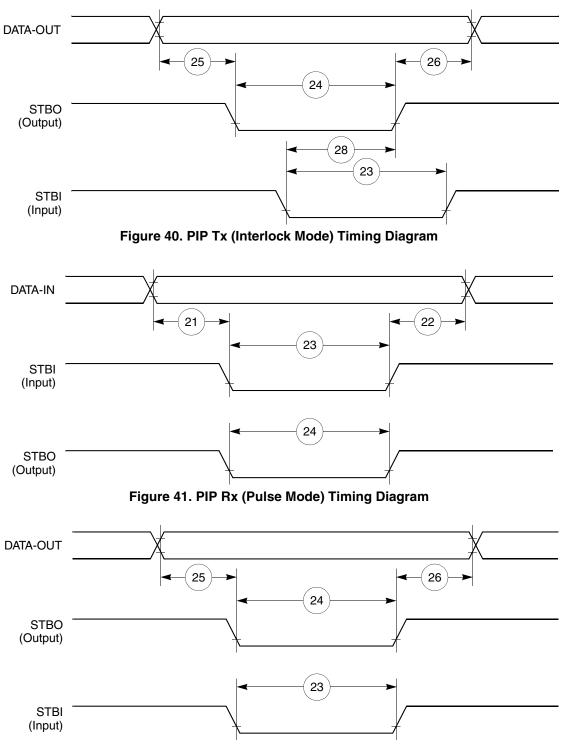


Figure 42. PIP TX (Pulse Mode) Timing Diagram



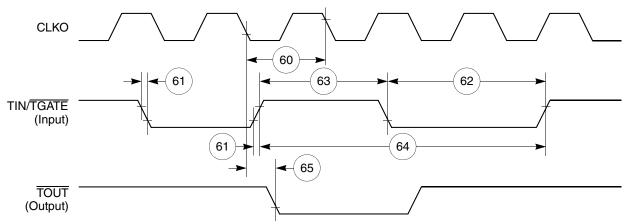


Figure 50. CPM General-Purpose Timers Timing Diagram

11.6 Serial Interface AC Electrical Specifications

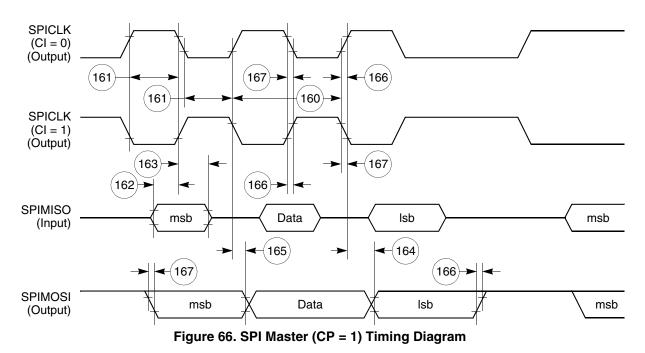
Table 19 provides the serial interface timings as shown in Figure 51 through Figure 55.

N	Oh ava ataviatia	All Fred	quencies	Unit
Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
70	L1RCLK, L1TCLK frequency (DSC = 0) ^{1, 2}	_	SYNCCLK/2.5	MHz
71	L1RCLK, L1TCLK width low $(DSC = 0)^2$	P + 10	_	ns
71a	L1RCLK, L1TCLK width high (DSC = 0) ³	P + 10	_	ns
72	L1TXD, L1ST(1–4), L1RQ, L1CLKO rise/fall time	_	15.00	ns
73	L1RSYNC, L1TSYNC valid to L1CLK edge (SYNC setup time)	20.00	—	ns
74	L1CLK edge to L1RSYNC, L1TSYNC, invalid (SYNC hold time)	35.00	—	ns
75	L1RSYNC, L1TSYNC rise/fall time	_	15.00	ns
76	L1RXD valid to L1CLK edge (L1RXD setup time)	17.00	—	ns
77	L1CLK edge to L1RXD invalid (L1RXD hold time)	13.00	—	ns
78	L1CLK edge to L1ST(1-4) valid ⁴	10.00	45.00	ns
78A	L1SYNC valid to L1ST(1-4) valid	10.00	45.00	ns
79	L1CLK edge to L1ST(1-4) invalid	10.00	45.00	ns
80	L1CLK edge to L1TXD valid	10.00	55.00	ns
80A	L1TSYNC valid to L1TXD valid ⁴	10.00	55.00	ns
81	L1CLK edge to L1TXD high impedance	0.00	42.00	ns
82	L1RCLK, L1TCLK frequency (DSC =1)		16.00 or SYNCCLK/2	MHz
83	L1RCLK, L1TCLK width low (DSC = 1)	P + 10	—	ns
83a	L1RCLK, L1TCLK width high (DSC = 1) ³	P + 10	—	ns

Table 19. SI Timing



CPM Electrical Characteristics



11.11 SPI Slave AC Electrical Specifications

Table 25 provides the SPI slave timings as shown in Figure 67 and Figure 68.

Table 25. SPI Slave Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Freq	Unit	
Num	Characteristic	Min	Мах	Omi
170	Slave cycle time	2	—	t _{cyc}
171	Slave enable lead time	15	—	ns
172	Slave enable lag time	15	—	ns
173	Slave clock (SPICLK) high or low time	1	—	t _{cyc}
174	Slave sequential transfer delay (does not require deselect)	1	—	t _{cyc}
175	Slave data setup time (inputs)	20	—	ns
176	Slave data hold time (inputs)	20	—	ns
177	Slave access time	_	50	ns



UTOPIA AC Electrical Specifications

Figure 70 shows signal timings during UTOPIA receive operations.

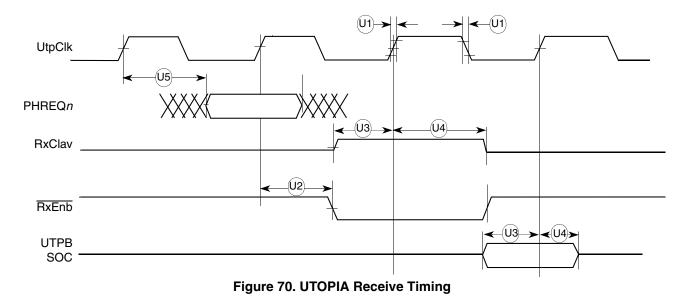


Figure 71 shows signal timings during UTOPIA transmit operations.

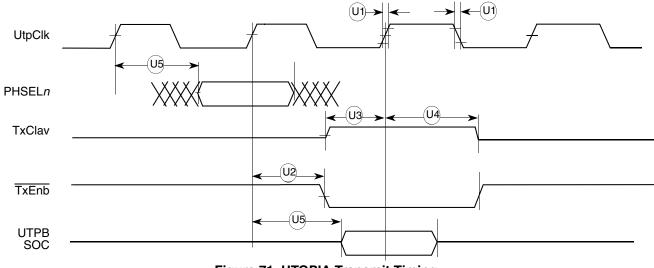


Figure 71. UTOPIA Transmit Timing



13 FEC Electrical Characteristics

This section provides the AC electrical specifications for the Fast Ethernet controller (FEC). Note that the timing specifications for the MII signals are independent of system clock frequency (part speed designation). Also, MII signals use TTL signal levels compatible with devices operating at either 5.0 V or 3.3 V.

13.1 MII Receive Signal Timing (MII_RXD[3:0], MII_RX_DV, MII_RX_ER, MII_RX_CLK)

The receiver functions correctly up to a MII_RX_CLK maximum frequency of 25 MHz + 1%. There is no minimum frequency requirement. In addition, the processor clock frequency must exceed the MII_RX_CLK frequency - 1%.

Table 29 provides information on the MII receive signal timing.

Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
M1	MII_RXD[3:0], MII_RX_DV, MII_RX_ER to MII_RX_CLK setup	5	_	ns
M2	MII_RX_CLK to MII_RXD[3:0], MII_RX_DV, MII_RX_ER hold	5	_	ns
М3	MII_RX_CLK pulse width high	35%	65%	MII_RX_CLK period
M4	MII_RX_CLK pulse width low	35%	65%	MII_RX_CLK period

Table 29. MII Receive Signal Timing

Figure 72 shows MII receive signal timing.

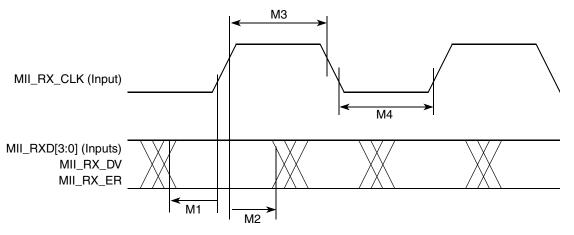


Figure 72. MII Receive Signal Timing Diagram



Table 34 identifies the packages and operating frequencies available for the MPC860.

Package Type	Freq. (MHz) / Temp. (Tj)	Package	Order Number
Ball grid array ZP suffix—leaded ZQ suffix—lead-free VR suffix—lead-free	50 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TZQ50D4 MPC860DEZQ50D4 MPC860DTZQ50D4 MPC860ENZQ50D4 MPC860SRZQ50D4 MPC860TZQ50D4 MPC860DPZQ50D4 MPC860PZQ50D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC855TZQ50D4R2 MPC860DEZQ50D4R2 MPC860ENZQ50D4R2 MPC860SRZQ50D4R2 MPC860TZQ50D4R2 MPC860TZQ50D4R2 MPC860TZQ50D4R2 MPC855TVR50D4R2 MPC860ENVR50D4R2 MPC860SRVR50D4R2 MPC860TVR50D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR50D4 MPC860DEVR50D4 MPC860DPVR50D4 MPC860DTVR50D4 MPC860ENVR50D4 MPC860PVR50D4 MPC860SRVR50D4 MPC860SRVR50D4
	66 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TZQ66D4 MPC860DEZQ66D4 MPC860DTZQ66D4 MPC860ENZQ66D4 MPC860SRZQ66D4 MPC860TZQ66D4 MPC860DPZQ66D4 MPC860PZQ66D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC860SRZQ66D4R2 MPC860PZQ66D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR66D4 MPC860DEVR66D4 MPC860DPVR66D4 MPC860DTVR66D4 MPC860ENVR66D4 MPC860PVR66D4 MPC860SRVR66D4 MPC860TVR66D4

Table 34. MPC860 Family Package/Frequency Availability



Mechanical Data and Ordering Information

Package Type	Freq. (MHz) / Temp. (Tj)	Package	Order Number
Ball grid array <i>(continued)</i> ZP suffix—leaded ZQ suffix—leaded VR suffix—lead-free	80 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TZQ80D4 MPC860DEZQ80D4 MPC860DTZQ80D4 MPC860ENZQ80D4 MPC860SRZQ80D4 MPC860TZQ80D4 MPC860DPZQ80D4 MPC860PZQ80D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC860PZQ80D4R2 MPC860PVR80D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR80D4 MPC860DEVR80D4 MPC860DPVR80D4 MPC860ENVR80D4 MPC860PVR80D4 MPC860SRVR80D4 MPC860SRVR80D4 MPC860TVR80D4
Ball grid array (CZP suffix) CZP suffix—leaded CZQ suffix—lead-free	50 –40° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TCZQ50D4 MPC855TCVR50D4 MPC860DECZQ50D4 MPC860DTCZQ50D4 MPC860ENCZQ50D4 MPC860ENCZQ50D4 MPC860SRCZQ50D4 MPC860DPCZQ50D4 MPC860PCZQ50D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC855TCZQ50D4R2 MC860ENCVR50D4R2
		CVR	MPC860DECVR50D4 MPC860DTCVR50D4 MPC860ENCVR50D4 MPC860PCVR50D4 MPC860SRCVR50D4 MPC860SRCVR50D4 MPC860TCVR50D4
	66 –40° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TCZQ66D4 MPC855TCVR66D4 MPC860ENCZQ66D4 MPC860SRCZQ66D4 MPC860TCZQ66D4 MPC860DPCZQ66D4 MPC860PCZQ66D4
		CVR	MPC860DTCVR66D4 MPC860ENCVR66D4 MPC860PCVR66D4 MPC860SRCVR66D4 MPC860TCVR66D4

Table 34. MPC860 Family Package/Frequency Availability (continued)

¹ The ZP package is no longer recommended for use. The ZQ package replaces the ZP package.



How to Reach Us:

Home Page: www.freescale.com

Web Support: http://www.freescale.com/support

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters that may be provided in Freescale data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications, and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "typicals," must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale sells products pursuant to standard terms and conditions of sale, which can be found at the following address: freescale.com/SalesTermsandConditions.

Freescale, the Freescale logo, CodeWarrior, ColdFire, PowerQUICC, QorlQ, StarCore, and Symphony are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., Reg. U.S. Pat. & Tm. Off. CoreNet, QorlQ Qonverge, QUICC Engine, and VortiQa are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners. The Power Architecture and Power.org word marks and the Power and Power.org logos and related marks are trademarks and service marks licensed by Power.org. © 2007-2015 Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

Power

Document Number: MPC860EC Rev. 10 09/2015

