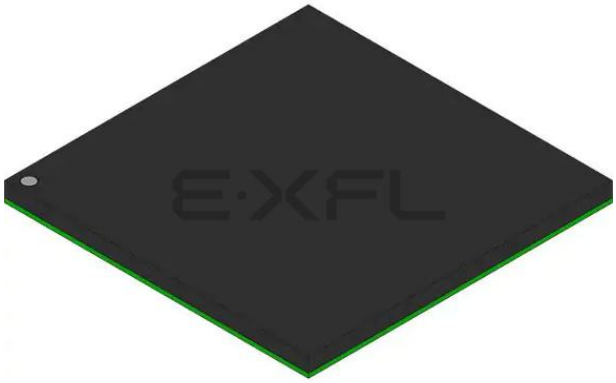

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Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MPC8xx
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	50MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10Mbps (4), 10/100Mbps (1)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 95°C (TJ)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	357-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	357-PBGA (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=mpc860pczq50d4

  - Allows dynamic changes
  - Can be internally connected to six serial channels (four SCCs and two SMCs)
- Parallel interface port (PIP)
  - Centronics interface support
  - Supports fast connection between compatible ports on the MPC860 or the MC68360
- PCMCIA interface
  - Master (socket) interface, release 2.1 compliant
  - Supports two independent PCMCIA sockets
  - Supports eight memory or I/O windows
- Low power support
  - Full on—all units fully powered
  - Doze—core functional units disabled except time base decrementer, PLL, memory controller, RTC, and CPM in low-power standby
  - Sleep—all units disabled except RTC and PIT, PLL active for fast wake up
  - Deep sleep—all units disabled including PLL except RTC and PIT
  - Power down mode—all units powered down except PLL, RTC, PIT, time base, and decrementer
- Debug interface
  - Eight comparators: four operate on instruction address, two operate on data address, and two operate on data
  - Supports conditions: $= \neq < >$
  - Each watchpoint can generate a break-point internally.
- 3.3-V operation with 5-V TTL compatibility except EXTAL and EXTCLK
- 357-pin ball grid array (BGA) package

5 Power Dissipation

Table 5 provides power dissipation information. The modes are 1:1, where CPU and bus speeds are equal, and 2:1, where CPU frequency is twice the bus speed.

Table 5. Power Dissipation (P_D)

Die Revision	Frequency (MHz)	Typical [1]	Maximum [2]	Unit
D.4 (1:1 mode)	50	656	735	mW
	66	TBD	TBD	mW
D.4 (2:1 mode)	66	722	762	mW
	80	851	909	mW

1 Typical power dissipation is measured at 3.3 V.
2 Maximum power dissipation is measured at 3.5 V.

NOTE

Values in Table 5 represent V_{DDL}-based power dissipation and do not include I/O power dissipation over V_{DDH}. I/O power dissipation varies widely by application due to buffer current, depending on external circuitry.

6 DC Characteristics

Table 6 provides the DC electrical characteristics for the MPC860.

Table 6. DC Electrical Specifications

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Operating voltage at 40 MHz or less	V_{DDH}, V_{DDL}, V_{DDSYN}	3.0	3.6	V
	KAPWR (power-down mode)	2.0	3.6	V
	KAPWR (all other operating modes)	V_{DDH} – 0.4	V_{DDH}	V
Operating voltage greater than 40 MHz	V_{DDH}, V_{DDL}, KAPWR, V_{DDSYN}	3.135	3.465	V
	KAPWR (power-down mode)	2.0	3.6	V
	KAPWR (all other operating modes)	V_{DDH} – 0.4	V_{DDH}	V
Input high voltage (all inputs except EXTAL and EXTCLK)	V_{IH}	2.0	5.5	V
Input low voltage[1]	V_{IL}	GND	0.8	V
EXTAL, EXTCLK input high voltage	V_{IHC}	0.7 × (V_{DDH})	V_{DDH} + 0.3	V
Input leakage current, V_{in} = 5.5 V (except TMS, $\overline{TRST}$, DSCK, and DSDI pins)	I_{in}	—	100	µA

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
B31a	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B31b	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	ns
B31c	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.04	ns
B31d	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 1	13.26	17.99	11.28	16.00	9.40	14.13	7.58	12.31	ns
B32	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B32a	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 0	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B32b	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	ns
B32c	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B32d	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{BS}$ valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 1	13.26	17.99	11.28	16.00	9.40	14.13	7.58	12.31	ns
B33	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{GPL}$ valid—as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B33a	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{GPL}$ valid—as requested by control bit GxT3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B34	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00	—	1.79	—	ns
B34a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	13.15	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.58	—	ns
B34b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{CS}$ valid—as requested by control bit CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	20.73	—	16.75	—	13.00	—	9.36	—	ns

Figure 3 is the control timing diagram.

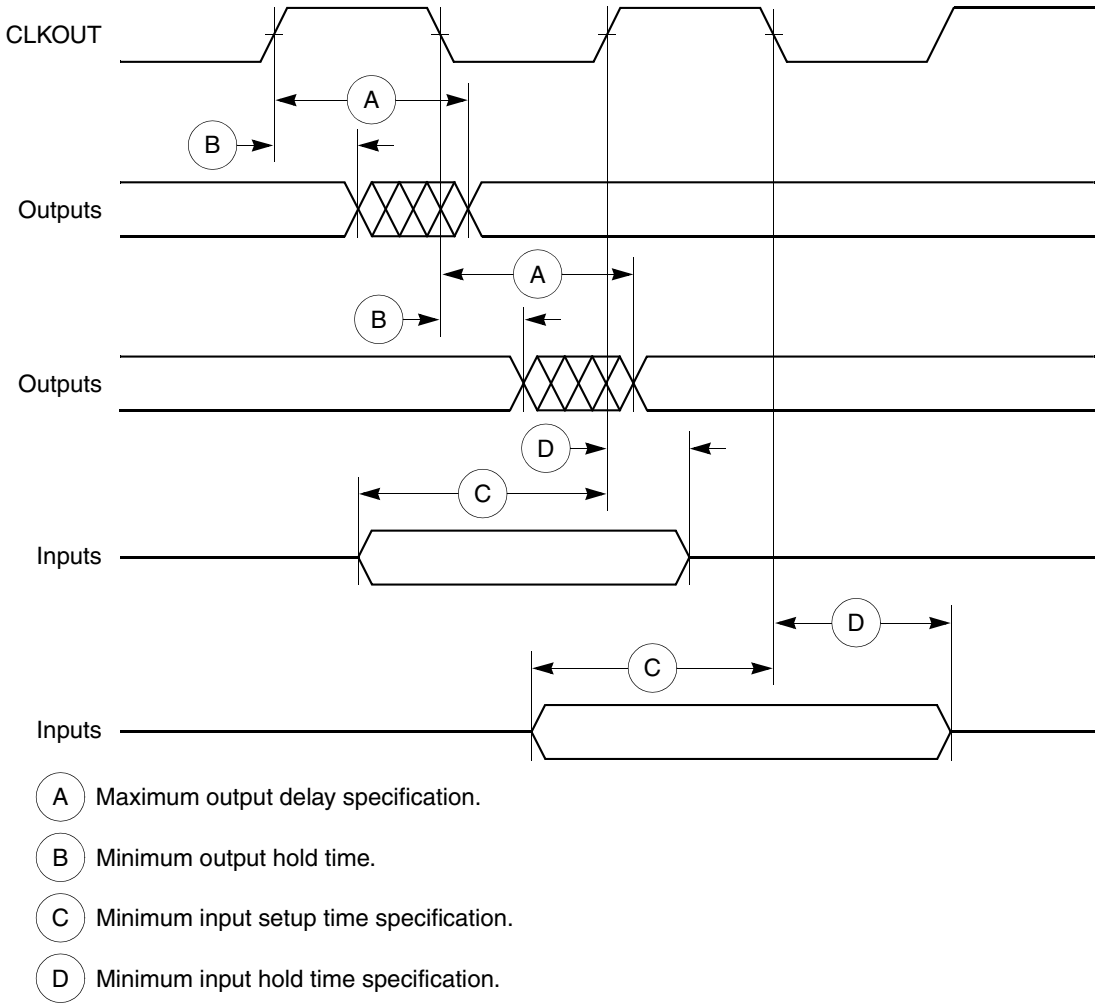

Figure 3. Control Timing

Figure 4 provides the timing for the external clock.

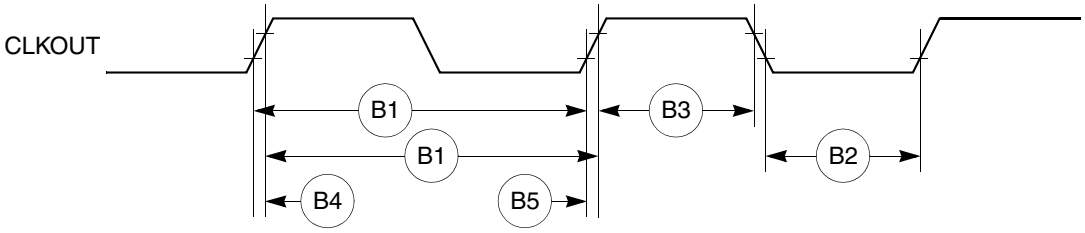

Figure 4. External Clock Timing

Figure 5 provides the timing for the synchronous output signals.

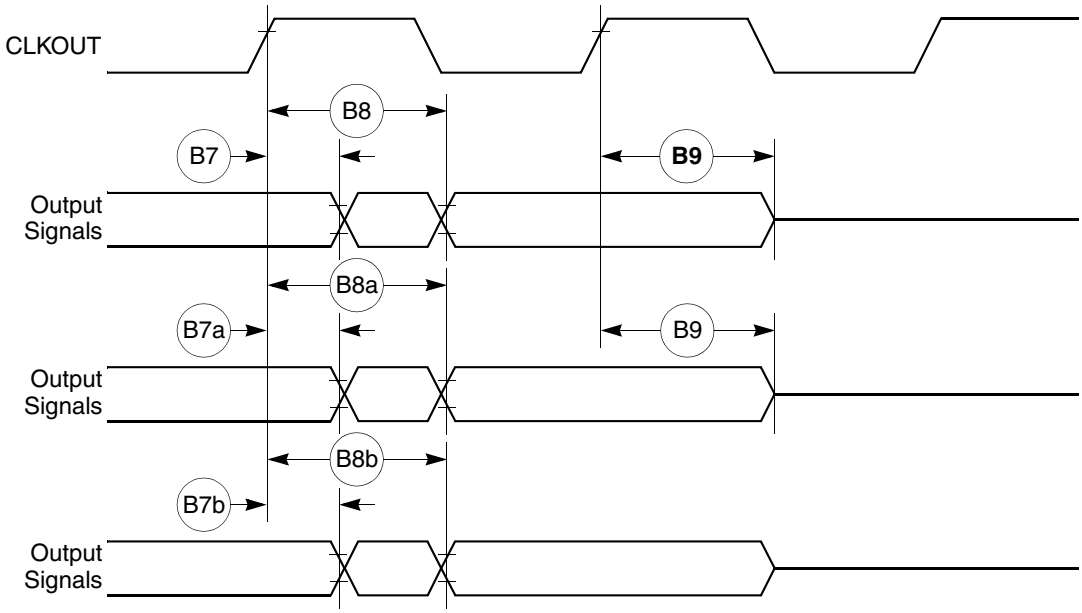

Figure 5. Synchronous Output Signals Timing

Figure 6 provides the timing for the synchronous active pull-up and open-drain output signals.

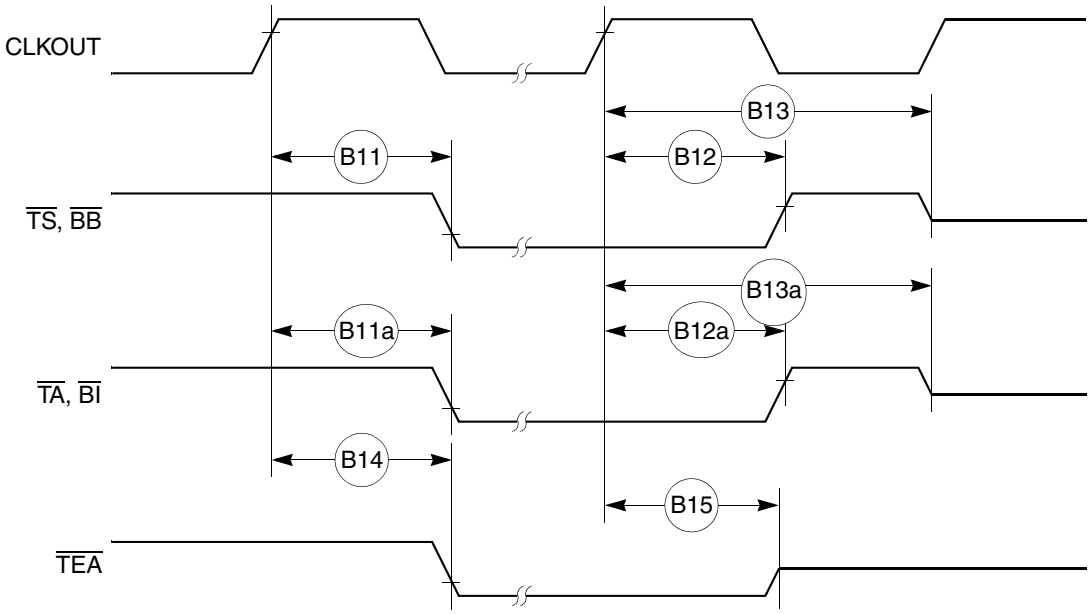

Figure 6. Synchronous Active Pull-Up Resistor and Open-Drain Outputs Signals Timing

Figure 7 provides the timing for the synchronous input signals.

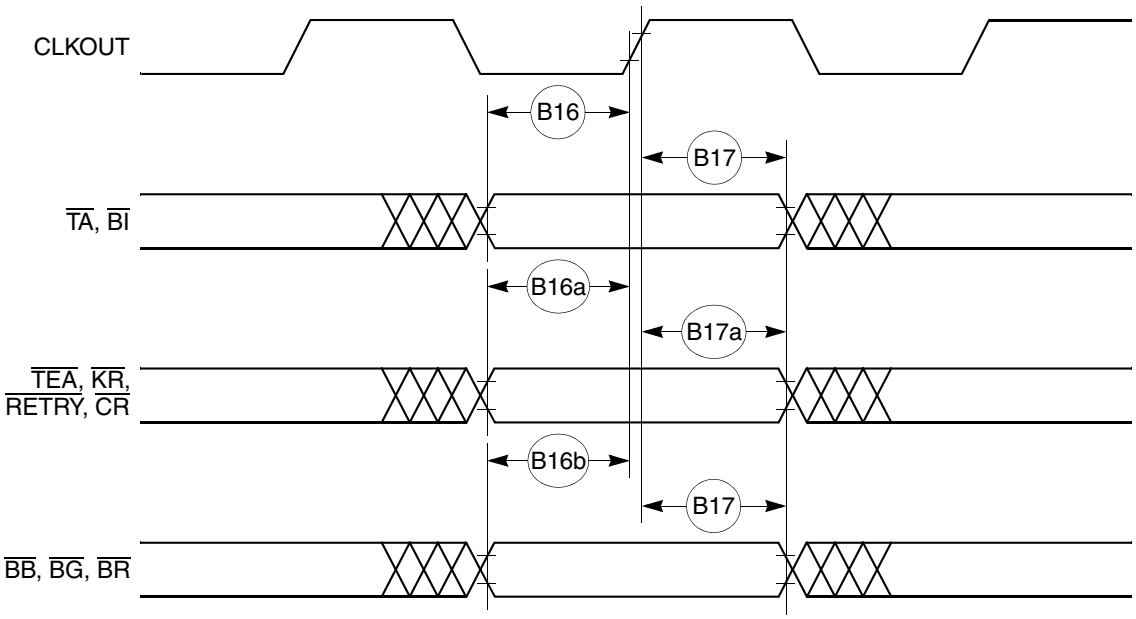

Figure 7. Synchronous Input Signals Timing

Figure 8 provides normal case timing for input data. It also applies to normal read accesses under the control of the UPM in the memory controller.

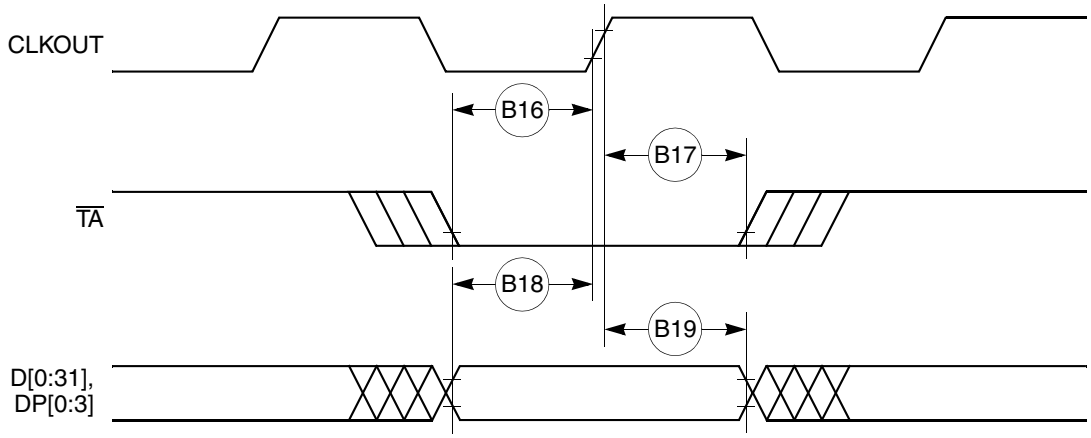

Figure 8. Input Data Timing in Normal Case

Figure 9 provides the timing for the input data controlled by the UPM for data beats where DLT3 = 1 in the UPM RAM words. (This is only the case where data is latched on the falling edge of CLKOUT.)

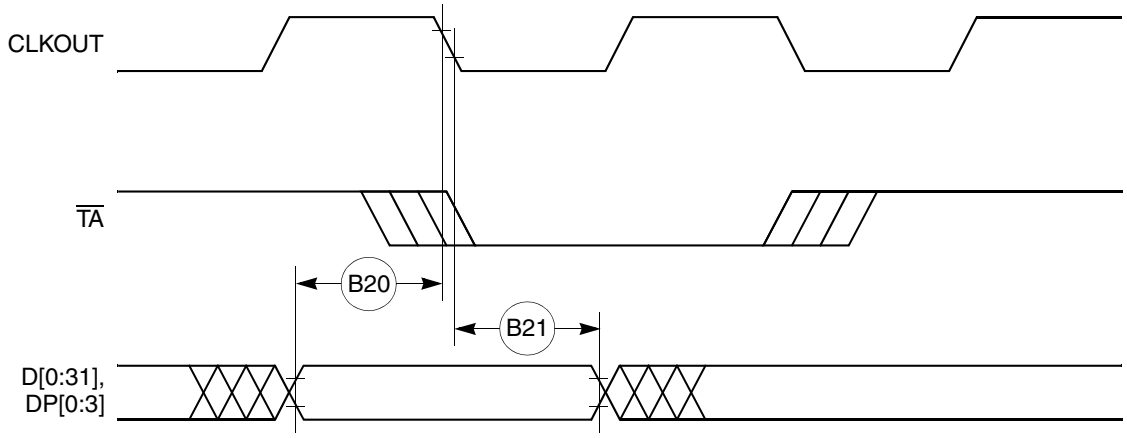

Figure 9. Input Data Timing when Controlled by UPM in the Memory Controller and DLT3 = 1

Figure 10 through Figure 13 provide the timing for the external bus read controlled by various GPCM factors.

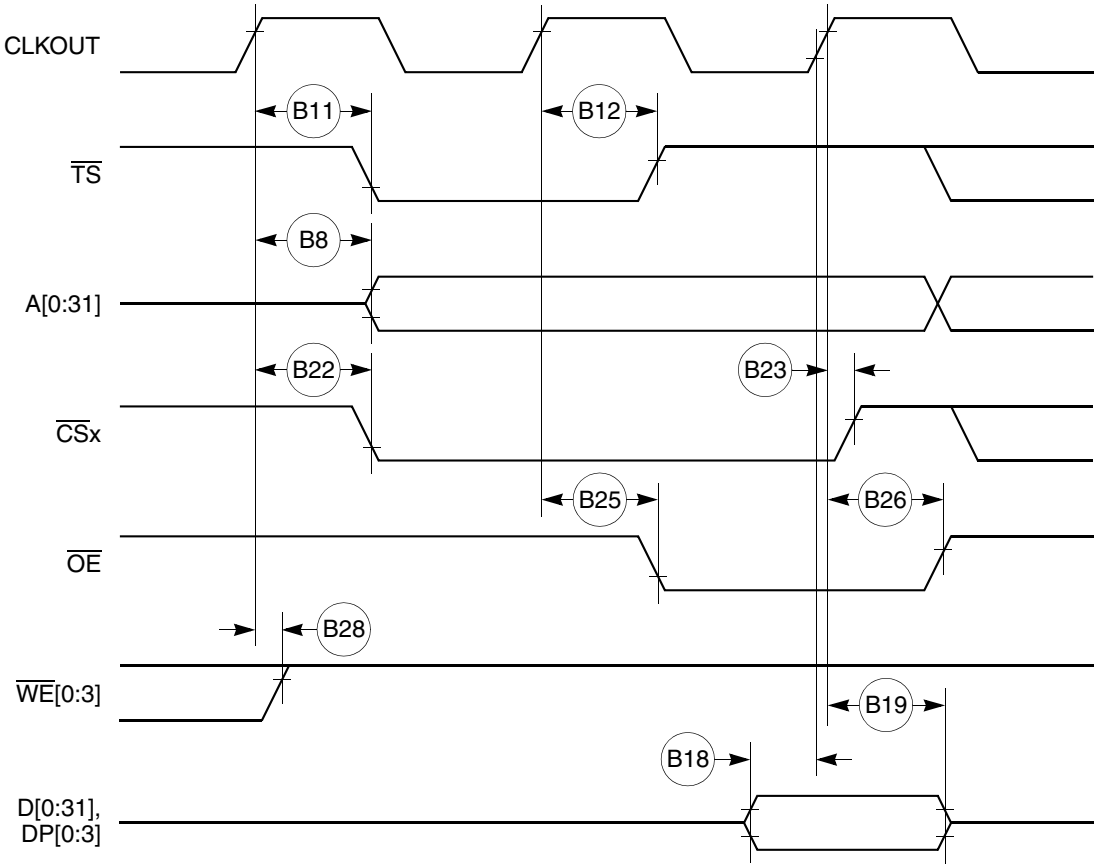

Figure 10. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—ACS = 00)

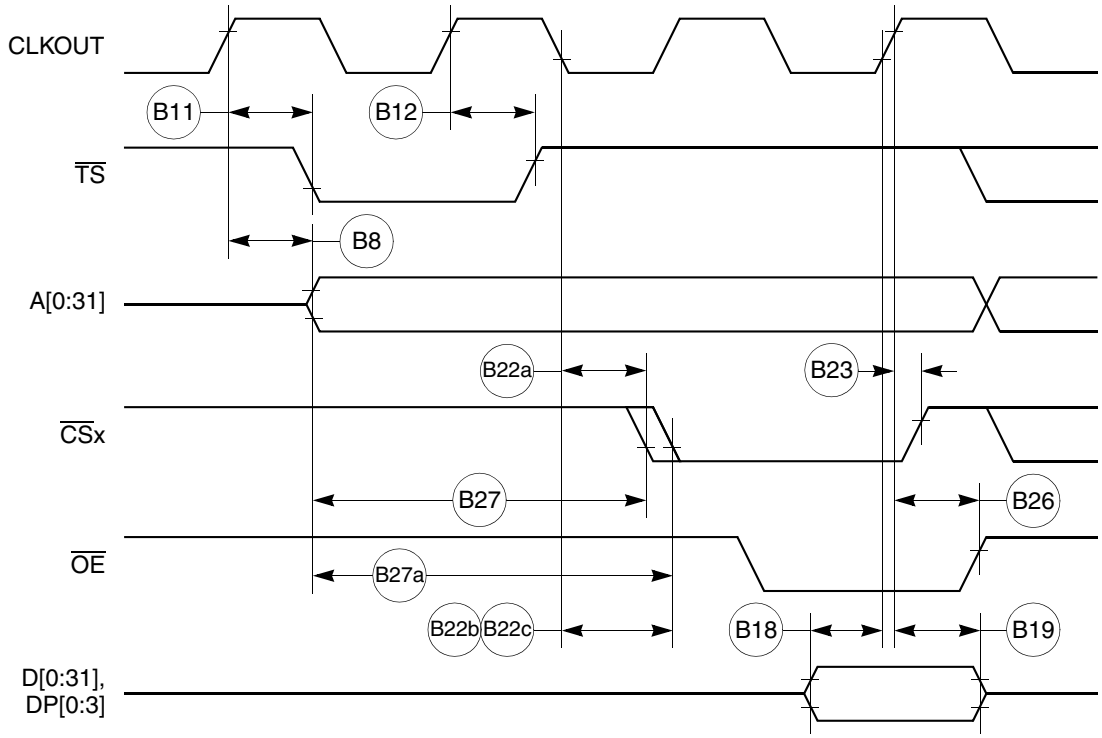

Figure 13. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0 or 1, ACS = 10, ACS = 11)

Figure 18 provides the timing for the asynchronous asserted UPWAIT signal controlled by the UPM.

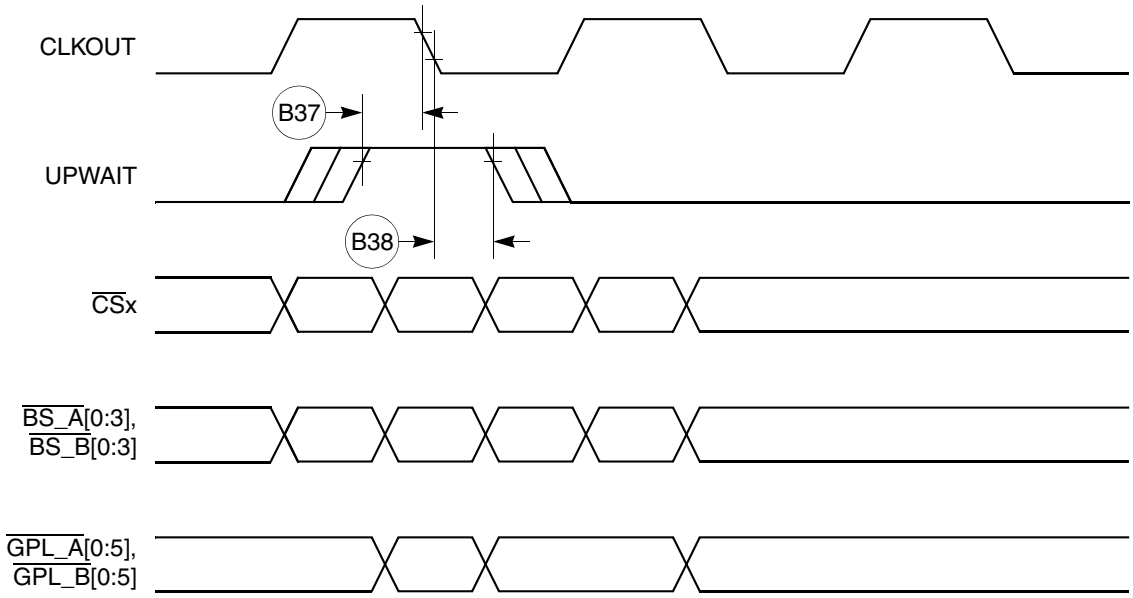

Figure 18. Asynchronous UPWAIT Asserted Detection in UPM Handled Cycles Timing

Figure 19 provides the timing for the asynchronous negated UPWAIT signal controlled by the UPM.

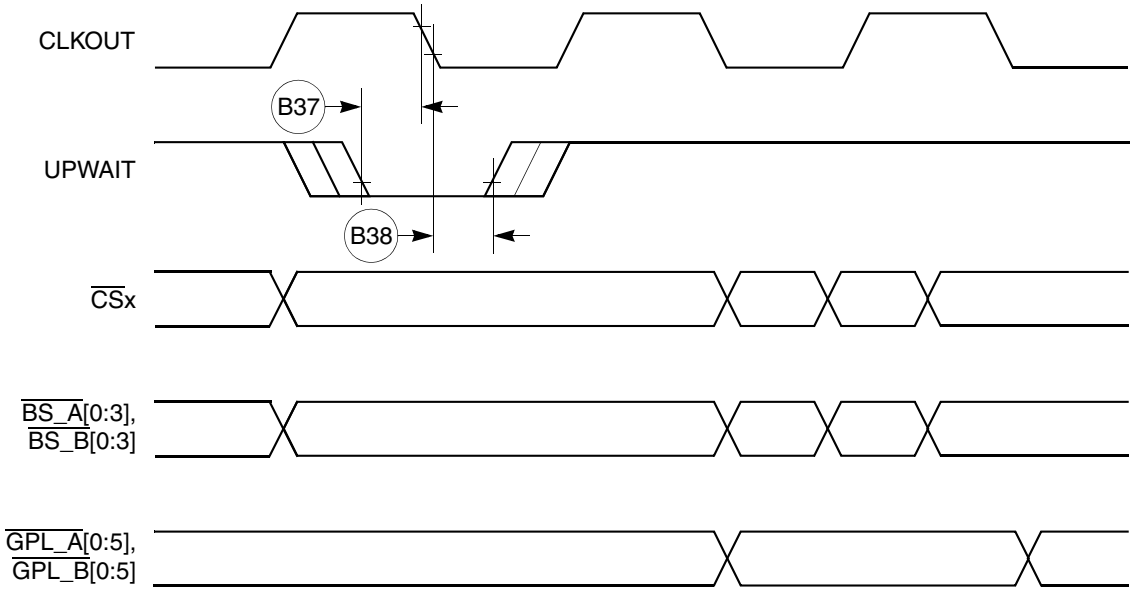

Figure 19. Asynchronous UPWAIT Negated Detection in UPM Handled Cycles Timing

Table 8 provides interrupt timing for the MPC860.

Table 8. Interrupt Timing

Num	Characteristic[1]	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
I39	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}$x valid to CLKOUT rising edge (setup time)	6.00	—	ns
I40	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}$x hold time after CLKOUT	2.00	—	ns
I41	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}$x pulse width low	3.00	—	ns
I42	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}$x pulse width high	3.00	—	ns
I43	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}$x edge-to-edge time	$4 \times T_{CLOCKOUT}$	—	—

1 The timings I39 and I40 describe the testing conditions under which the $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ lines are tested when being defined as level-sensitive. The $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ lines are synchronized internally and do not have to be asserted or negated with reference to the CLKOUT.
The timings I41, I42, and I43 are specified to allow the correct function of the $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ lines detection circuitry and have no direct relation with the total system interrupt latency that the MPC860 is able to support.

Figure 23 provides the interrupt detection timing for the external level-sensitive lines.

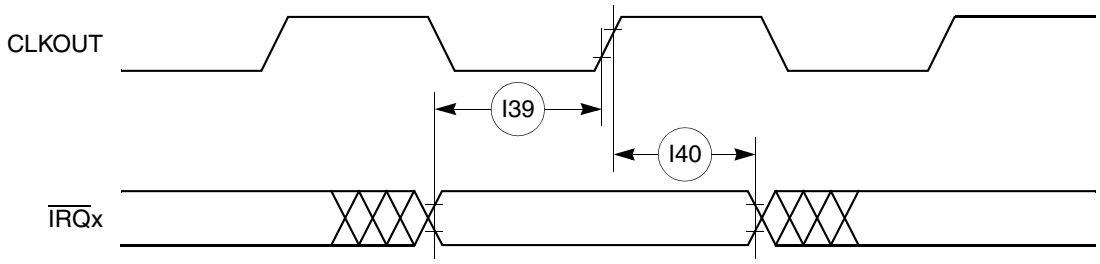

Figure 23. Interrupt Detection Timing for External Level Sensitive Lines

Figure 24 provides the interrupt detection timing for the external edge-sensitive lines.

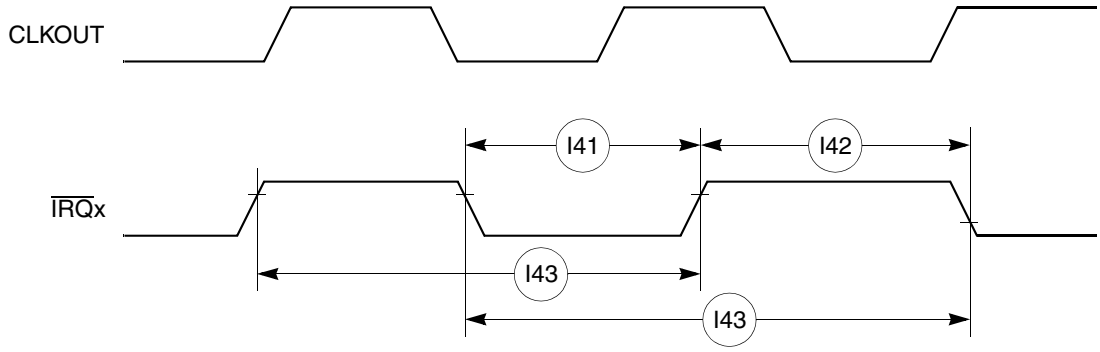

Figure 24. Interrupt Detection Timing for External Edge Sensitive Lines

Table 11 shows the debug port timing for the MPC860.

Table 11. Debug Port Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
P61	DSCK cycle time	$3 \times T_{CLOCKOUT}$	—	—
P62	DSCK clock pulse width	$1.25 \times T_{CLOCKOUT}$	—	—
P63	DSCK rise and fall times	0.00	3.00	ns
P64	DSDI input data setup time	8.00	—	ns
P65	DSDI data hold time	5.00	—	ns
P66	DSCK low to DSDO data valid	0.00	15.00	ns
P67	DSCK low to DSDO invalid	0.00	2.00	ns

Figure 30 provides the input timing for the debug port clock.

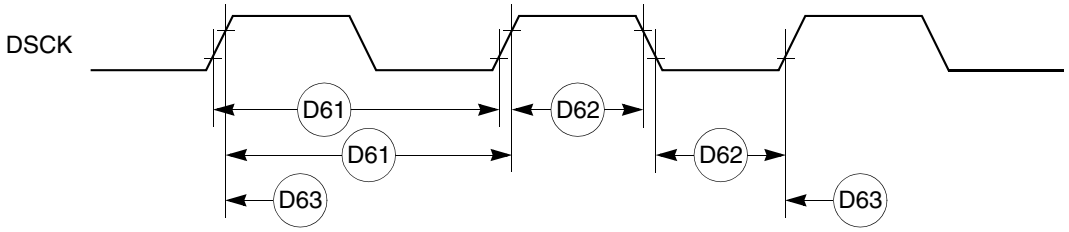

Figure 30. Debug Port Clock Input Timing

Figure 31 provides the timing for the debug port.

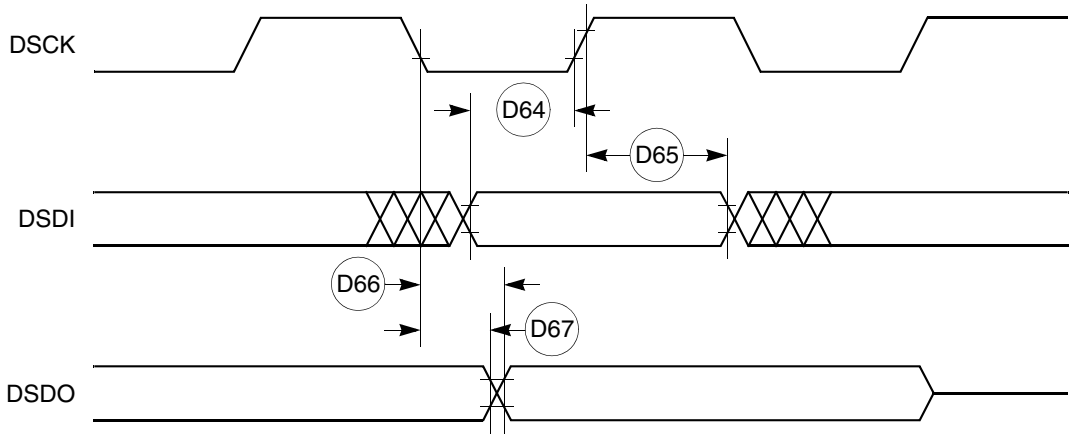

Figure 31. Debug Port Timings

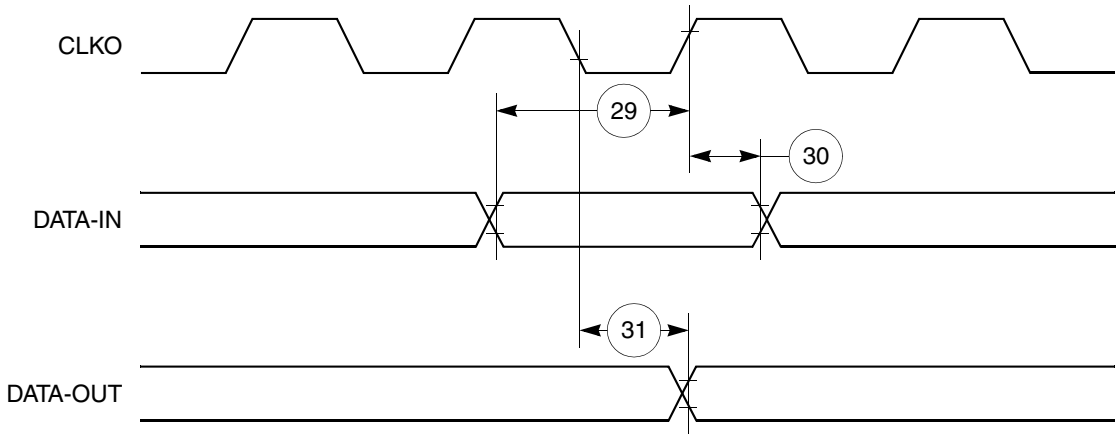

Figure 43. Parallel I/O Data-In/Data-Out Timing Diagram

11.2 Port C Interrupt AC Electrical Specifications

Table 15 provides the timings for port C interrupts.

Table 15. Port C Interrupt Timing

Num	Characteristic	≥ 33.34 MHz[1]		Unit
		Min	Max	
35	Port C interrupt pulse width low (edge-triggered mode)	55	—	ns
36	Port C interrupt minimum time between active edges	55	—	ns

1 External bus frequency of greater than or equal to 33.34 MHz.

Figure 44 shows the port C interrupt detection timing.

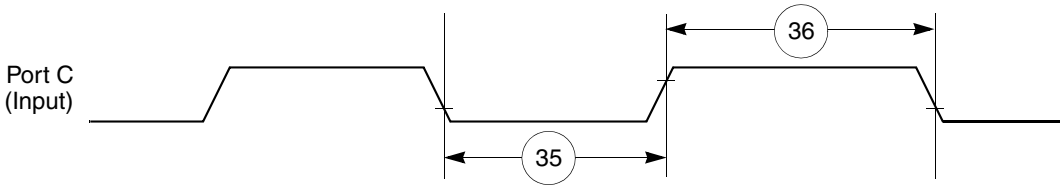

Figure 44. Port C Interrupt Detection Timing

11.3 IDMA Controller AC Electrical Specifications

Table 16 provides the IDMA controller timings as shown in Figure 45 through Figure 48.

Table 16. IDMA Controller Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
40	$\overline{\text{DREQ}}$ setup time to clock high	7	—	ns
41	$\overline{\text{DREQ}}$ hold time from clock high	3	—	ns

11.4 Baud Rate Generator AC Electrical Specifications

Table 17 provides the baud rate generator timings as shown in Figure 49.

Table 17. Baud Rate Generator Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
50	BRGO rise and fall time	—	10	ns
51	BRGO duty cycle	40	60	%
52	BRGO cycle	40	—	ns

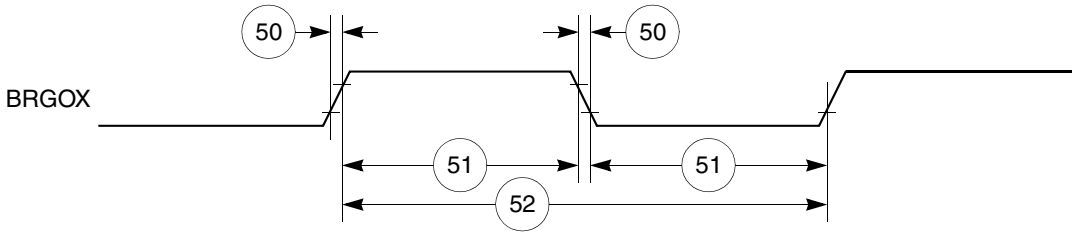

Figure 49. Baud Rate Generator Timing Diagram

11.5 Timer AC Electrical Specifications

Table 18 provides the general-purpose timer timings as shown in Figure 50.

Table 18. Timer Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
61	TIN/$\overline{\text{TGATE}}$ rise and fall time	10	—	ns
62	TIN/$\overline{\text{TGATE}}$ low time	1	—	CLK
63	TIN/$\overline{\text{TGATE}}$ high time	2	—	CLK
64	TIN/$\overline{\text{TGATE}}$ cycle time	3	—	CLK
65	CLKO low to $\overline{\text{TOUT}}$ valid	3	25	ns

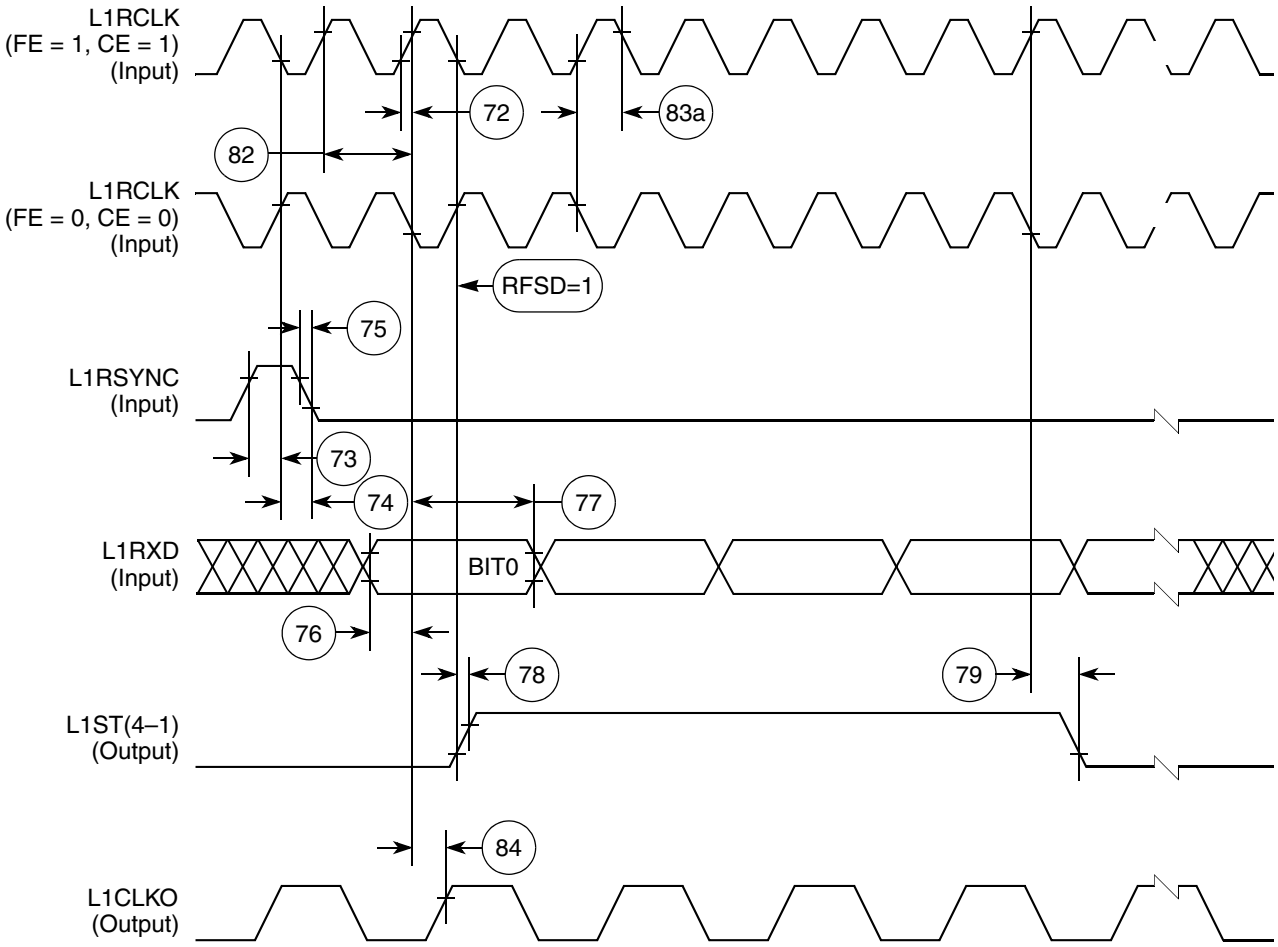

Figure 52. SI Receive Timing with Double-Speed Clocking (DSC = 1)

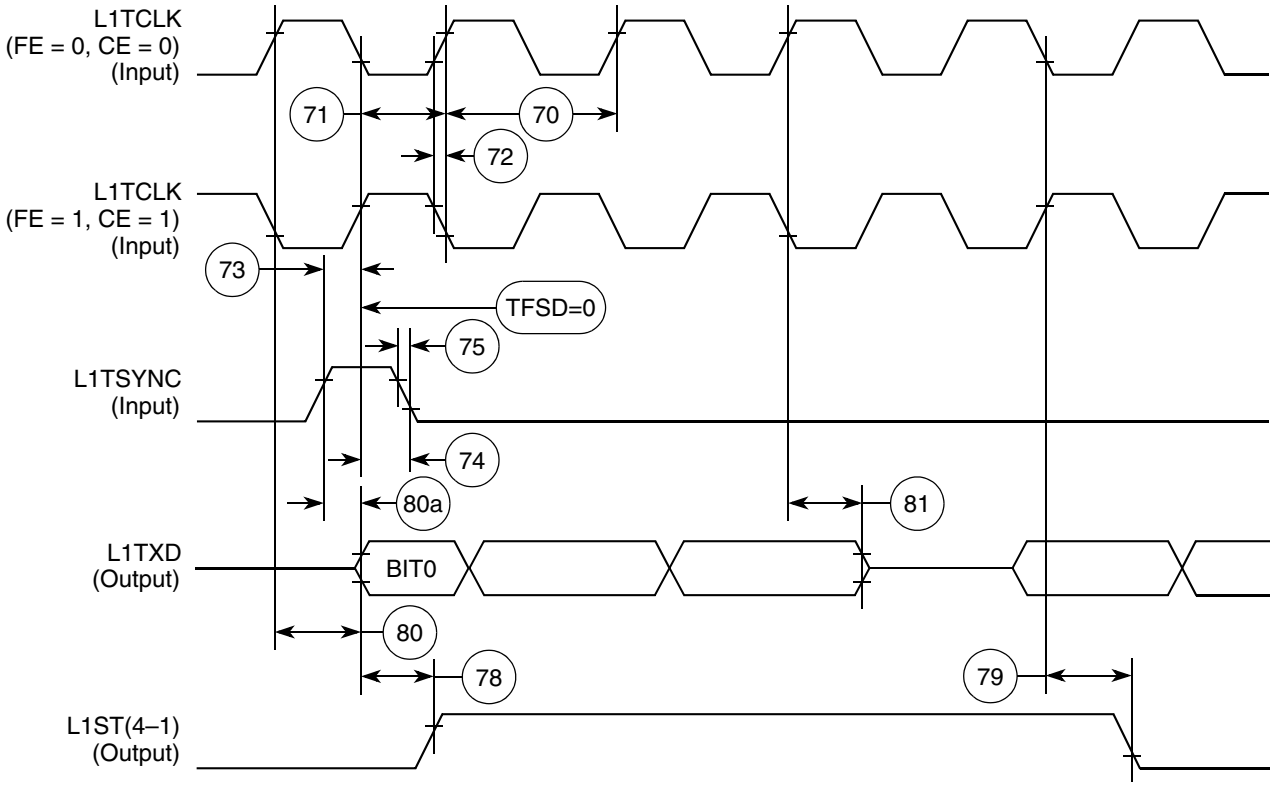

Figure 53. SI Transmit Timing Diagram (DSC = 0)

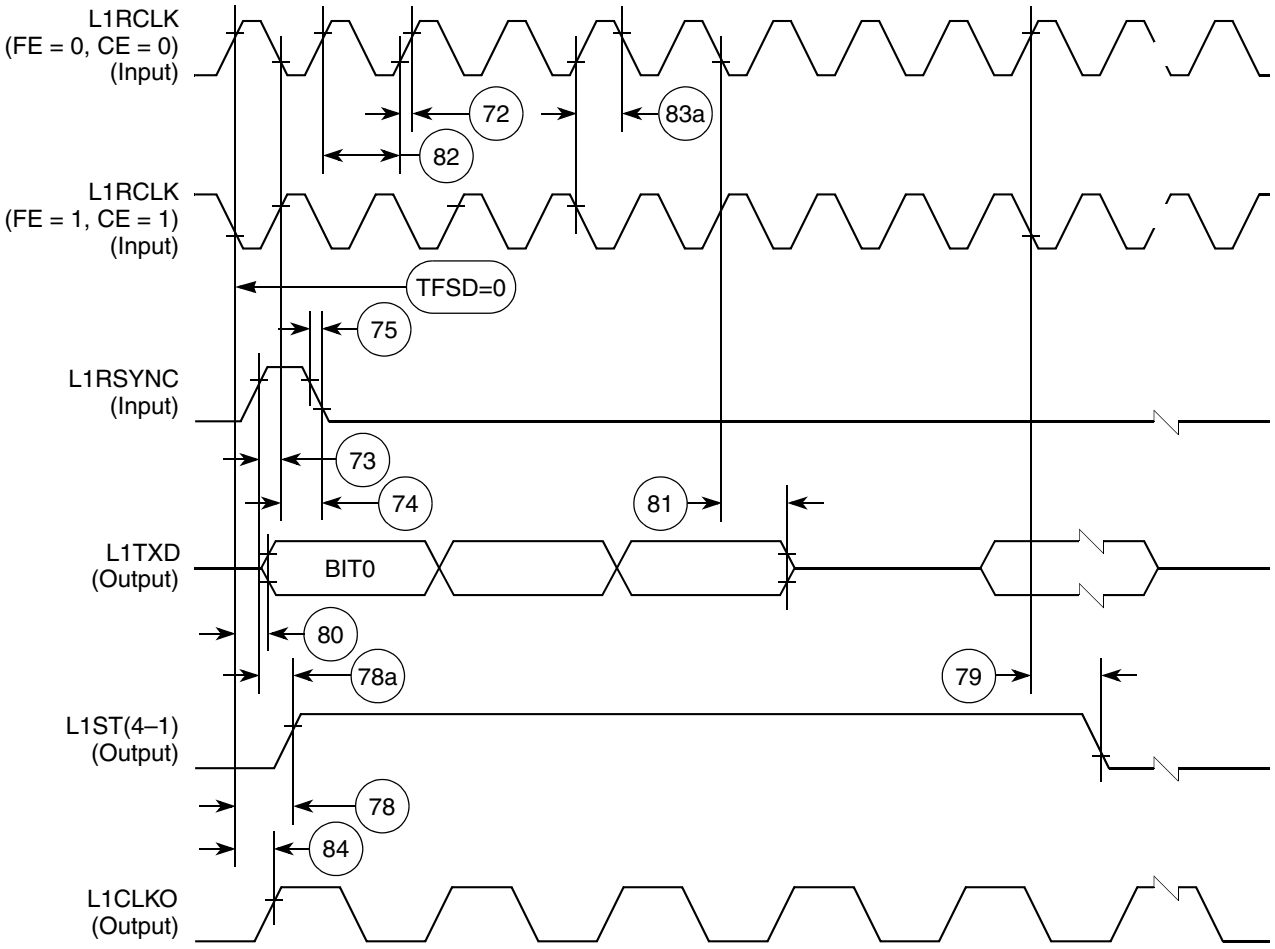

Figure 54. SI Transmit Timing with Double Speed Clocking (DSC = 1)

Figure 56 through Figure 58 show the NMSI timings.

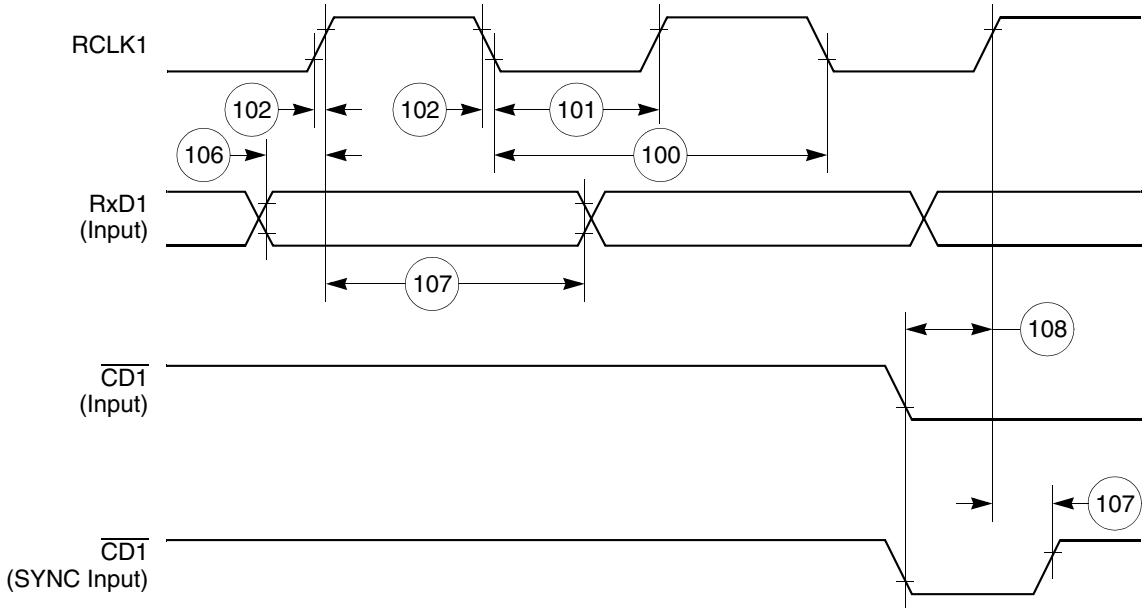

Figure 56. SCC NMSI Receive Timing Diagram

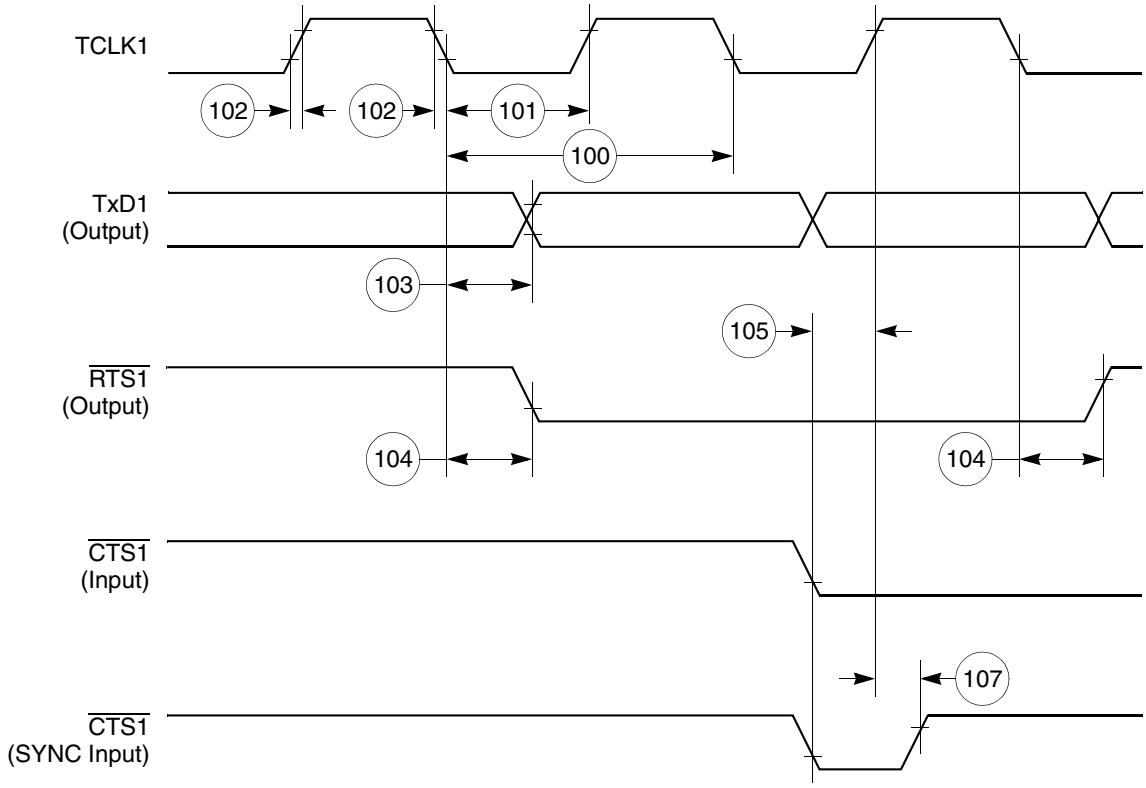

Figure 57. SCC NMSI Transmit Timing Diagram

Table 34 identifies the packages and operating frequencies available for the MPC860.

Table 34. MPC860 Family Package/Frequency Availability

Package Type	Freq. (MHz) / Temp. (Tj)	Package	Order Number
Ball grid array ZP suffix—leaded ZQ suffix—leaded VR suffix—lead-free	50 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ[1]	MPC855TZQ50D4 MPC860DEZQ50D4 MPC860DTZQ50D4 MPC860ENZQ50D4 MPC860SRZQ50D4 MPC860TZQ50D4 MPC860DPZQ50D4 MPC860PZQ50D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC855TZQ50D4R2 MPC860DEZQ50D4R2 MPC860ENZQ50D4R2 MPC860SRZQ50D4R2 MPC860TZQ50D4R2 MPC860DPZQ50D4R2 MPC855TVR50D4R2 MPC860ENVR50D4R2 MPC860SRVR50D4R2 MPC860TVR50D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR50D4 MPC860DEVR50D4 MPC860DPVR50D4 MPC860DTVR50D4 MPC860ENVR50D4 MPC860PVR50D4 MPC860SRVR50D4 MPC860TVR50D4
	66 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ[1]	MPC855TZQ66D4 MPC860DEZQ66D4 MPC860DTZQ66D4 MPC860ENZQ66D4 MPC860SRZQ66D4 MPC860TZQ66D4 MPC860DPZQ66D4 MPC860PZQ66D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC860SRZQ66D4R2 MPC860PZQ66D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR66D4 MPC860DEVR66D4 MPC860DPVR66D4 MPC860DTVR66D4 MPC860ENVR66D4 MPC860PVR66D4 MPC860SRVR66D4 MPC860TVR66D4

15 Document Revision History

Table 35 lists significant changes between revisions of this hardware specification.

Table 35. Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Changes
10	09/2015	In Table 34, moved MPC855TCVR50D4 and MPC855TCVR66D4 under the extended temperature (–40° to 95°C) and removed MC860ENCVR50D4R2 from the normal temperature Tape and Reel.
9	10/2011	Updated orderable part numbers in Table 34, “MPC860 Family Package/Frequency Availability.”
8	08/2007	• Updated template. • On page 1, added a second paragraph. • After Table 2, inserted a new figure showing the undershoot/overshoot voltage (Figure 1) and renumbered the rest of the figures. • In Figure 3, changed all reference voltage measurement points from 0.2 and 0.8 V to 50% level. • In Table 16, changed num 46 description to read, “$\overline{TA}$ assertion to rising edge ...” • In Figure 46, changed $\overline{TA}$ to reflect the rising edge of the clock.
7.0	9/2004	• Added a tablefootnote to Table 6 DC Electrical Specifications about meeting the VIL Max of the I2C Standard • Replaced the thermal characteristics in Table 4 by the ZQ package • Add the new parts to the Ordering and Availablity Chart in Table 34 • Added the mechanical spec of the ZQ package in Figure 78 • Removed all of the old revisions from Table 5
6.3	9/2003	• Added Section 11.2 on the Port C interrupt pins • Nontechnical reformatting
6.2	8/2003	• Changed B28a through B28d and B29d to show that TRLX can be 0 or 1 • Changed reference documentation to reflect the Rev 2 MPC860 PowerQUICC Family Users Manual • Nontechnical reformatting
6.1	11/2002	• Corrected UTOPIA RXenb* and TXenb* timing values • Changed incorrect usage of Vcc to Vdd • Corrected dual port RAM to 8 Kbytes
6	10/2002	• Added the MPC855T. Corrected Figure 26 on page -36.
5.1	11/2001	• Revised template format, removed references to MAC functionality, changed Table 7 B23 max value @ 66 MHz from 2ns to 8ns, added this revision history table

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