



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	MPC8xx
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	50MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10Mbps (4), 10/100Mbps (1)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 95°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	357-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	357-PBGA (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc860pvr50d4

- System integration unit (SIU)
 - Bus monitor
 - Software watchdog
 - Periodic interrupt timer (PIT)
 - Low-power stop mode
 - Clock synthesizer
 - Decrementer, time base, and real-time clock (RTC)
 - Reset controller
 - IEEE 1149.1™ Std. test access port (JTAG)
- Interrupts
 - Seven external interrupt request (IRQ) lines
 - 12 port pins with interrupt capability
 - 23 internal interrupt sources
 - Programmable priority between SCCs
 - Programmable highest priority request
- 10/100 Mbps Ethernet support, fully compliant with the IEEE 802.3u® Standard (not available when using ATM over UTOPIA interface)
- ATM support compliant with ATM forum UNI 4.0 specification
 - Cell processing up to 50–70 Mbps at 50-MHz system clock
 - Cell multiplexing/demultiplexing
 - Support of AAL5 and AAL0 protocols on a per-VC basis. AAL0 support enables OAM and software implementation of other protocols.
 - ATM pace control (APC) scheduler, providing direct support for constant bit rate (CBR) and unspecified bit rate (UBR) and providing control mechanisms enabling software support of available bit rate (ABR)
 - Physical interface support for UTOPIA (10/100-Mbps is not supported with this interface) and byte-aligned serial (for example, T1/E1/ADSL)
 - UTOPIA-mode ATM supports level-1 master with cell-level handshake, multi-PHY (up to four physical layer devices), connection to 25-, 51-, or 155-Mbps framers, and UTOPIA/system clock ratios of 1/2 or 1/3.
 - Serial-mode ATM connection supports transmission convergence (TC) function for T1/E1/ADSL lines, cell delineation, cell payload scrambling/descrambling, automatic idle/unassigned cell insertion/stripping, header error control (HEC) generation, checking, and statistics.
- Communications processor module (CPM)
 - RISC communications processor (CP)
 - Communication-specific commands (for example, GRACEFUL STOP TRANSMIT, ENTER HUNT MODE, and RESTART TRANSMIT)
 - Supports continuous mode transmission and reception on all serial channels

3 Maximum Tolerated Ratings

This section provides the maximum tolerated voltage and temperature ranges for the MPC860. [Table 2](#) provides the maximum ratings.

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high-static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for example, either GND or V_{DD}).

Table 2. Maximum Tolerated Ratings

(GND = 0 V)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage ¹	V_{DDH}	−0.3 to 4.0	V
	V_{DDL}	−0.3 to 4.0	V
	KAPWR	−0.3 to 4.0	V
	V_{DDSYN}	−0.3 to 4.0	V
Input voltage ²	V_{in}	GND − 0.3 to V_{DDH}	V
Temperature ³ (standard)	$T_{A(min)}$	0	°C
	$T_{j(max)}$	95	°C
Temperature ³ (extended)	$T_{A(min)}$	−40	°C
	$T_{j(max)}$	95	°C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	−55 to 150	°C

¹ The power supply of the device must start its ramp from 0.0 V.

² Functional operating conditions are provided with the DC electrical specifications in [Table 6](#). Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation at the maxima is not guaranteed. Stress beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.

Caution: All inputs that tolerate 5 V cannot be more than 2.5 V greater than the supply voltage. This restriction applies to power-up and normal operation (that is, if the MPC860 is unpowered, voltage greater than 2.5 V must not be applied to its inputs).

³ Minimum temperatures are guaranteed as ambient temperature, T_A . Maximum temperatures are guaranteed as junction temperature, T_j .

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
B29d	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, EBDF = 0	43.45	—	35.5	—	28.00	—	20.73	—	ns
B29e	\overline{CS} negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 0	43.45	—	35.5	—	28.00	—	29.73	—	ns
B29f	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, EBDF = 1	8.86	—	6.88	—	5.00	—	3.18	—	ns
B29g	\overline{CS} negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	8.86	—	6.88	—	5.00	—	3.18	—	ns
B29h	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, EBDF = 1	38.67	—	31.38	—	24.50	—	17.83	—	ns
B29i	\overline{CS} negated to D(0:31), DP(0:3) High-Z GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	38.67	—	31.38	—	24.50	—	17.83	—	ns
B30	\overline{CS} , $\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM write access ⁸	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00	—	1.79	—	ns
B30a	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM, write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, \overline{CS} negated to A(0:31) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 0	13.15	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.58	—	ns
B30b	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), invalid GPCM BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1. \overline{CS} negated to A(0:31), Invalid GPCM, write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 0	43.45	—	35.50	—	28.00	—	20.73	—	ns
B30c	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1. \overline{CS} negated to A(0:31) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 0, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	8.36	—	6.38	—	4.50	—	2.68	—	ns
B30d	$\overline{WE}(0:3)$ negated to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) invalid GPCM write access, TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1. \overline{CS} negated to A(0:31) invalid GPCM write access TRLX = 1, CSNT = 1, ACS = 10, or ACS = 11, EBDF = 1	38.67	—	31.38	—	24.50	—	17.83	—	ns
B31	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
B31a	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B31b	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	ns
B31c	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.04	ns
B31d	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 1	13.26	17.99	11.28	16.00	9.40	14.13	7.58	12.31	ns
B32	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{BS} valid—as requested by control bit BST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B32a	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{BS} valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 0	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B32b	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{BS} valid—as requested by control bit BST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	1.50	8.00	ns
B32c	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{BS} valid—as requested by control bit BST3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B32d	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{BS} valid—as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in UPM, EBDF = 1	13.26	17.99	11.28	16.00	9.40	14.13	7.58	12.31	ns
B33	CLKOUT falling edge to \overline{GPL} valid—as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in UPM	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B33a	CLKOUT rising edge to \overline{GPL} valid—as requested by control bit GxT3 in the corresponding word in UPM	7.58	14.33	6.25	13.00	5.00	11.75	3.80	10.54	ns
B34	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST4 in the corresponding word in UPM	5.58	—	4.25	—	3.00	—	1.79	—	ns
B34a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in UPM	13.15	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.58	—	ns
B34b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to \overline{CS} valid—as requested by control bit CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM	20.73	—	16.75	—	13.00	—	9.36	—	ns

Figure 3 is the control timing diagram.

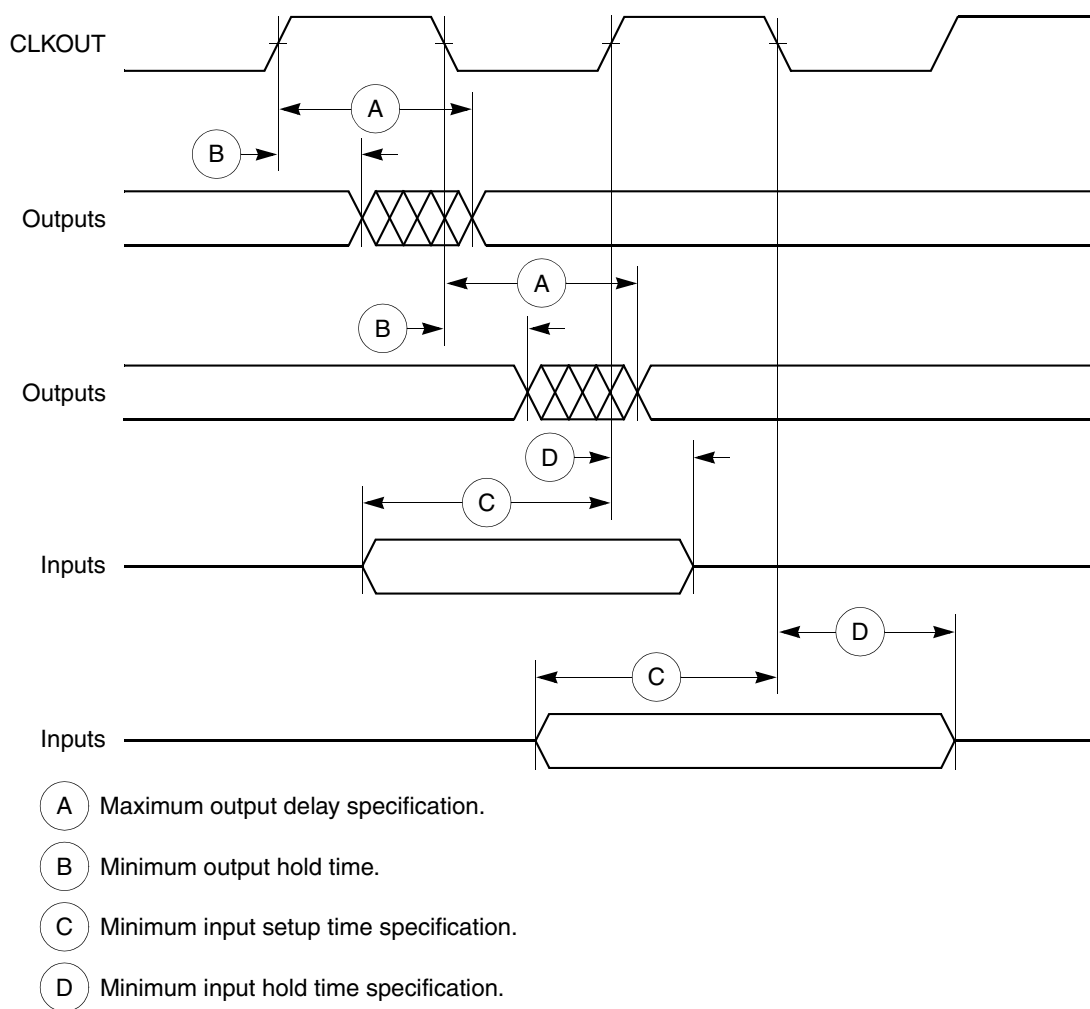


Figure 3. Control Timing

Figure 4 provides the timing for the external clock.

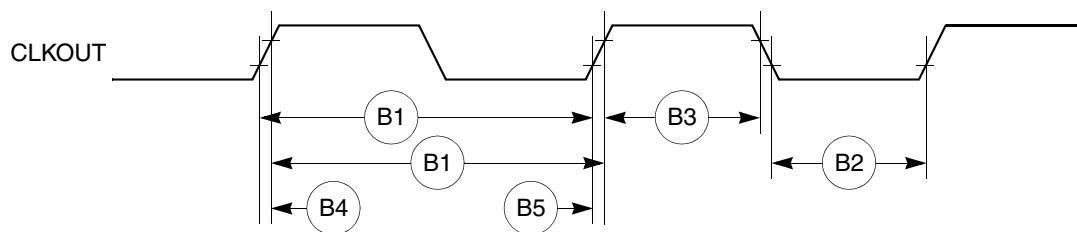


Figure 4. External Clock Timing

Figure 7 provides the timing for the synchronous input signals.

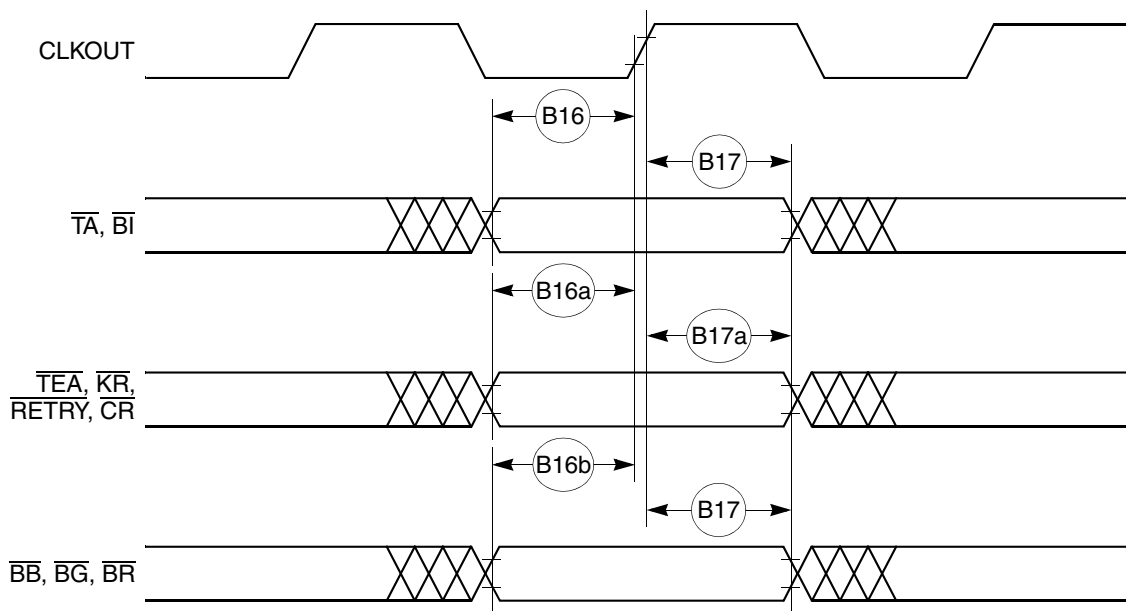


Figure 7. Synchronous Input Signals Timing

Figure 8 provides normal case timing for input data. It also applies to normal read accesses under the control of the UPM in the memory controller.

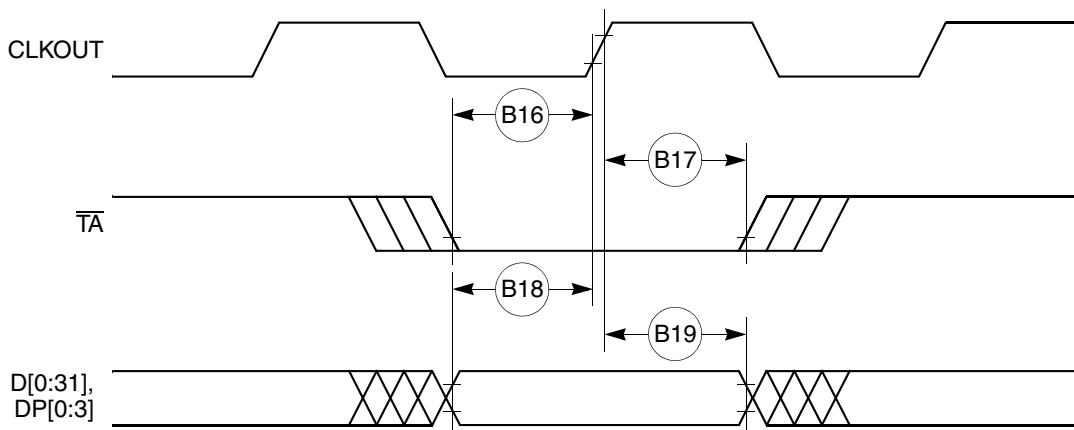


Figure 8. Input Data Timing in Normal Case

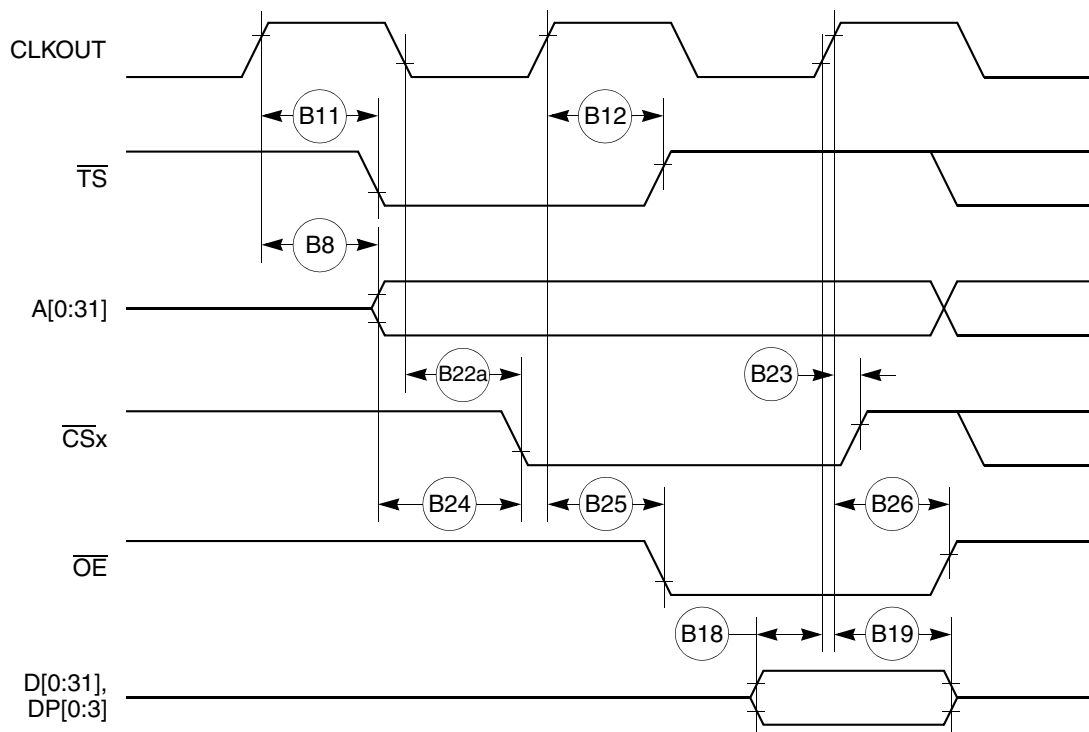


Figure 11. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0, ACS = 10)

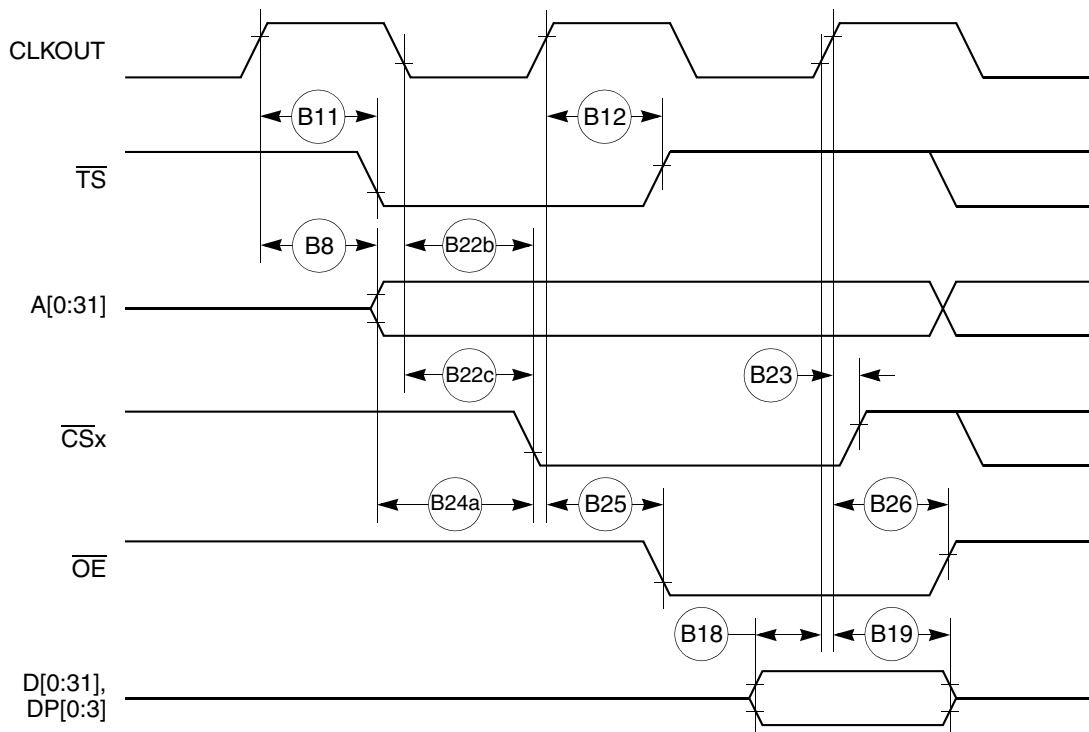


Figure 12. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0, ACS = 11)

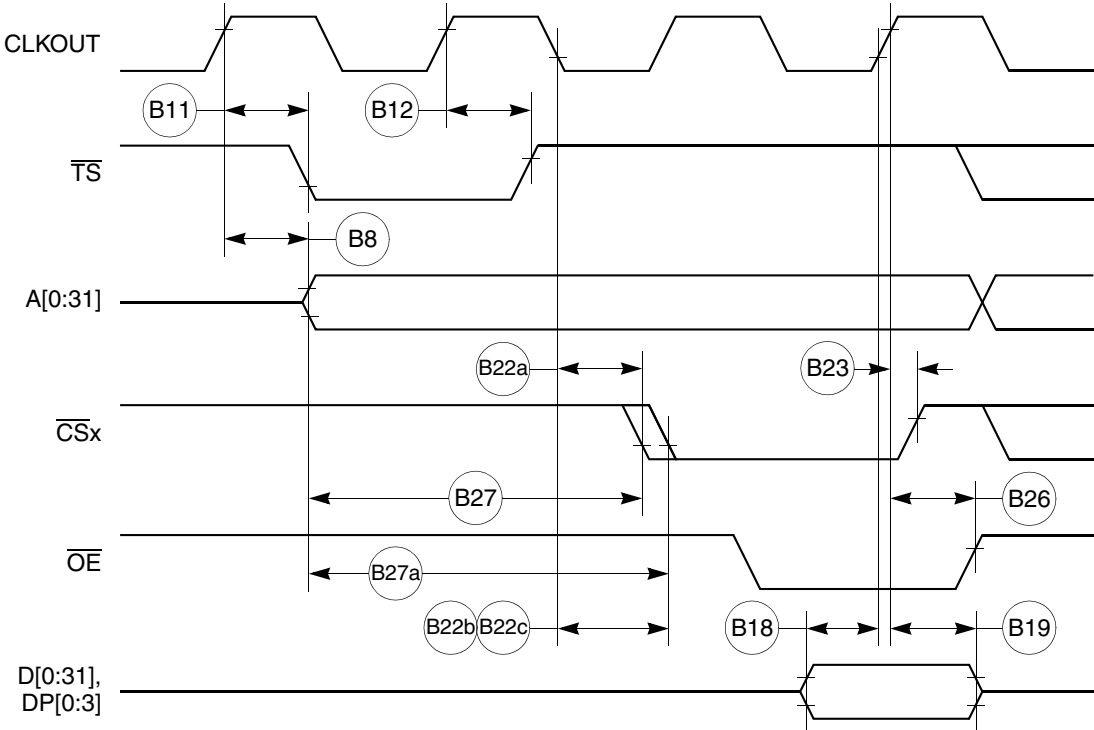


Figure 13. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0 or 1, ACS = 10, ACS = 11)

Table 8 provides interrupt timing for the MPC860.

Table 8. Interrupt Timing

Num	Characteristic ¹	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
I39	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}_x$ valid to CLKOUT rising edge (setup time)	6.00	—	ns
I40	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}_x$ hold time after CLKOUT	2.00	—	ns
I41	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}_x$ pulse width low	3.00	—	ns
I42	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}_x$ pulse width high	3.00	—	ns
I43	$\overline{\text{IRQ}}_x$ edge-to-edge time	$4 \times T_{\text{CLOCKOUT}}$	—	—

¹ The timings I39 and I40 describe the testing conditions under which the $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ lines are tested when being defined as level-sensitive. The $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ lines are synchronized internally and do not have to be asserted or negated with reference to the CLKOUT.
The timings I41, I42, and I43 are specified to allow the correct function of the $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ lines detection circuitry and have no direct relation with the total system interrupt latency that the MPC860 is able to support.

Figure 23 provides the interrupt detection timing for the external level-sensitive lines.

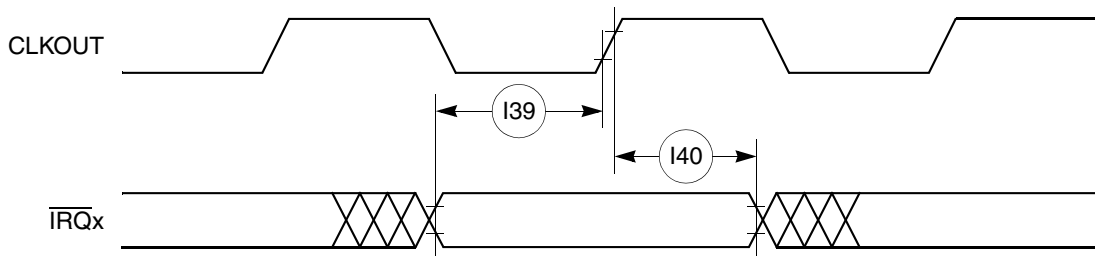


Figure 23. Interrupt Detection Timing for External Level Sensitive Lines

Figure 24 provides the interrupt detection timing for the external edge-sensitive lines.

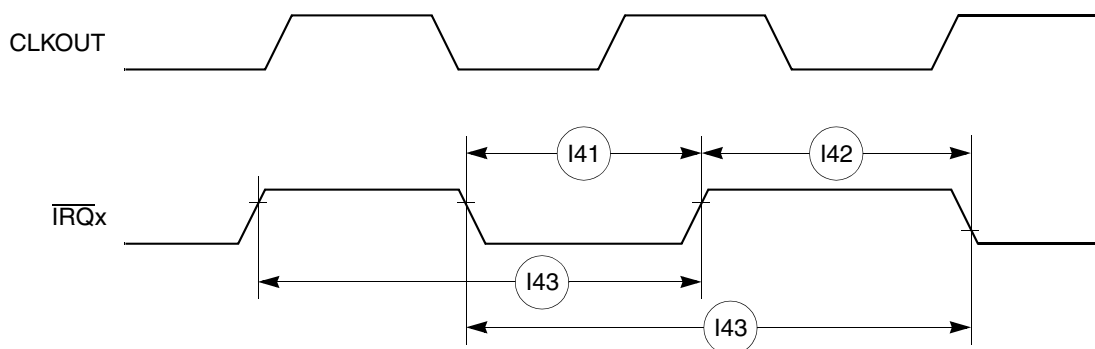


Figure 24. Interrupt Detection Timing for External Edge Sensitive Lines

Figure 25 provides the PCMCIA access cycle timing for the external bus read.

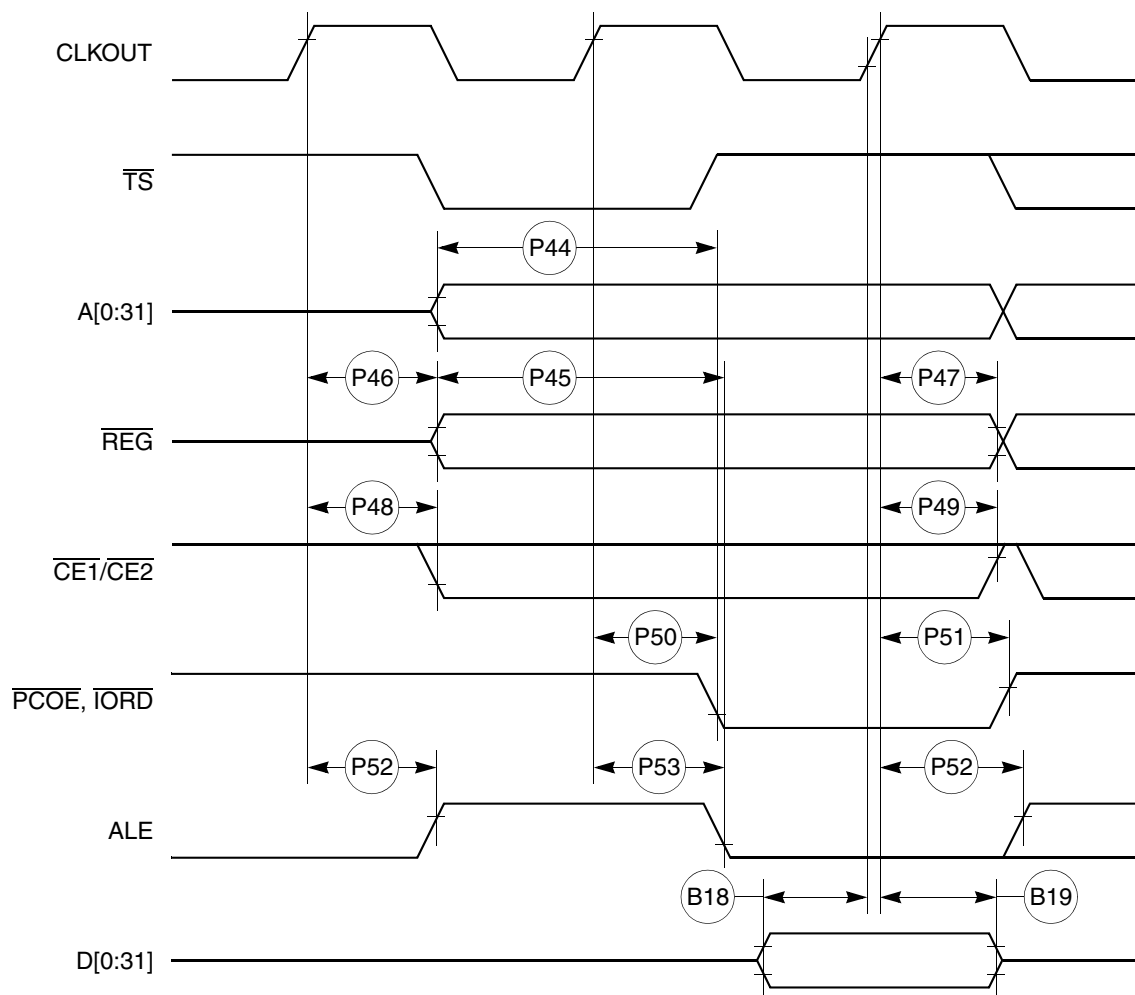


Figure 25. PCMCIA Access Cycle Timing External Bus Read

Figure 26 provides the PCMCIA access cycle timing for the external bus write.

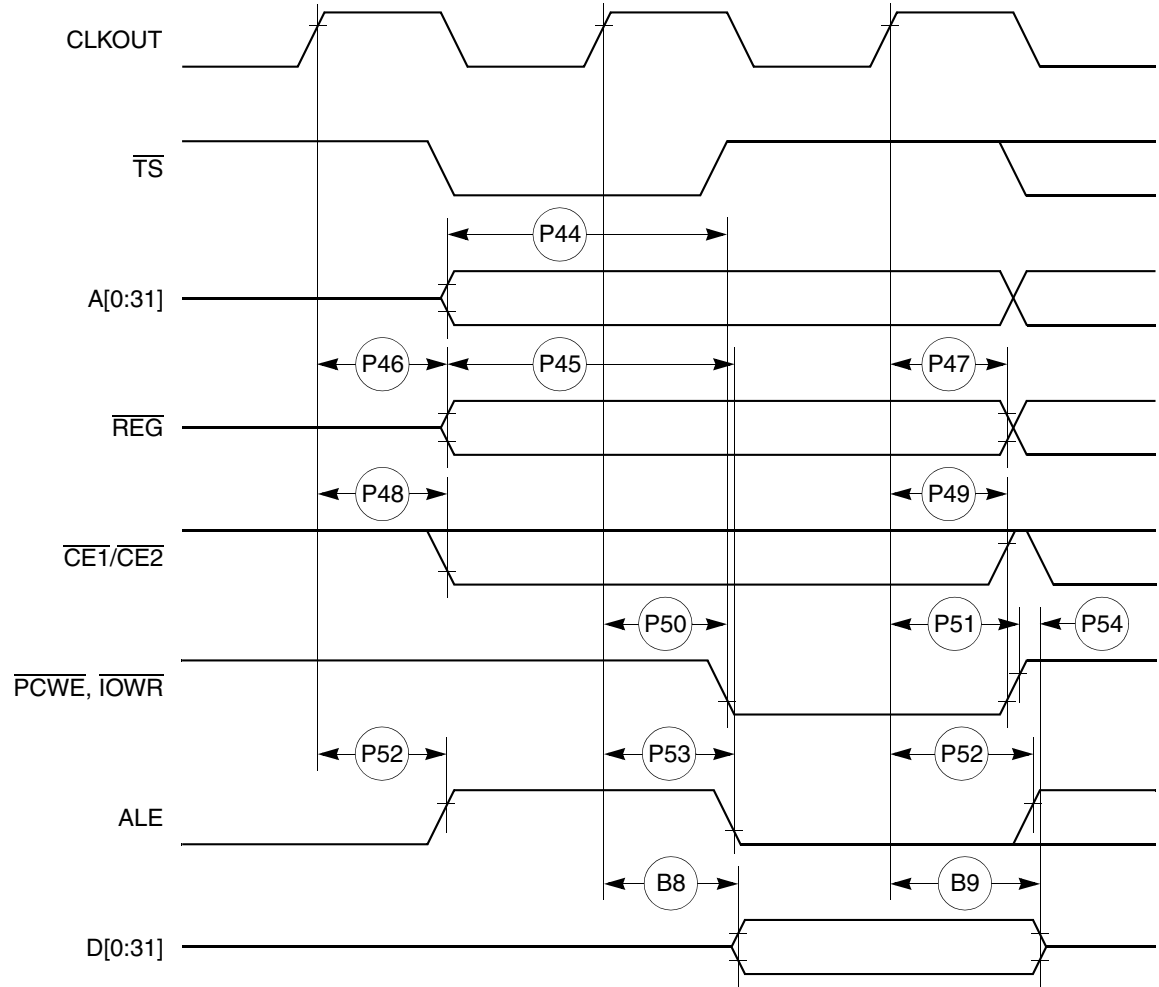


Figure 26. PCMCIA Access Cycle Timing External Bus Write

Figure 27 provides the PCMCIA \overline{WAIT} signal detection timing.

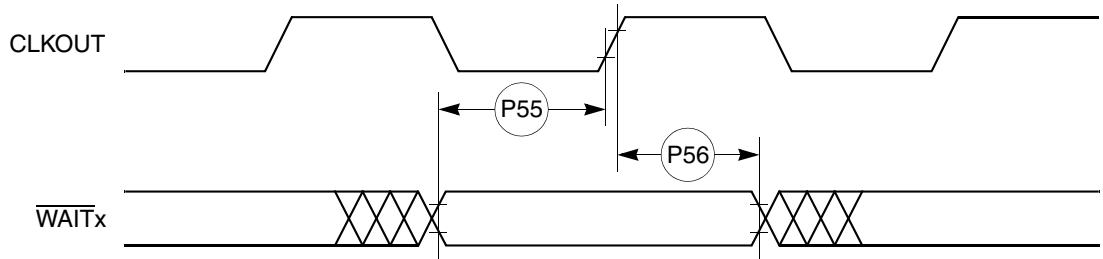


Figure 27. PCMCIA \overline{WAIT} Signal Detection Timing

Table 10 shows the PCMCIA port timing for the MPC860.

Table 10. PCMCIA Port Timing

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
P57	CLKOUT to OPx valid	—	19.00	—	19.00	—	19.00	—	19.00	ns
P58	$\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ negated to OPx drive ¹	25.73	—	21.75	—	18.00	—	14.36	—	ns
P59	IP_Xx valid to CLKOUT rising edge	5.00	—	5.00	—	5.00	—	5.00	—	ns
P60	CLKOUT rising edge to IP_Xx invalid	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	ns

¹ OP2 and OP3 only.

Figure 28 provides the PCMCIA output port timing for the MPC860.

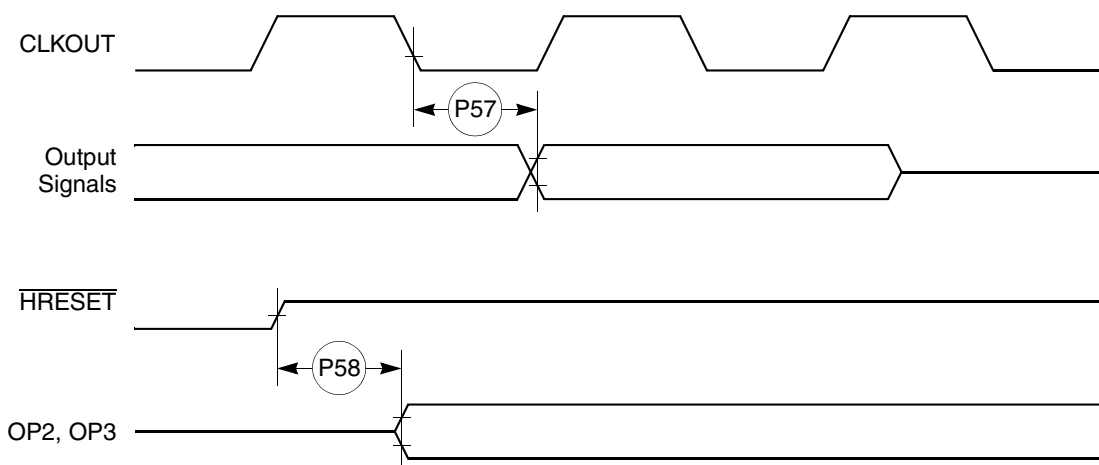


Figure 28. PCMCIA Output Port Timing

Figure 29 provides the PCMCIA output port timing for the MPC860.

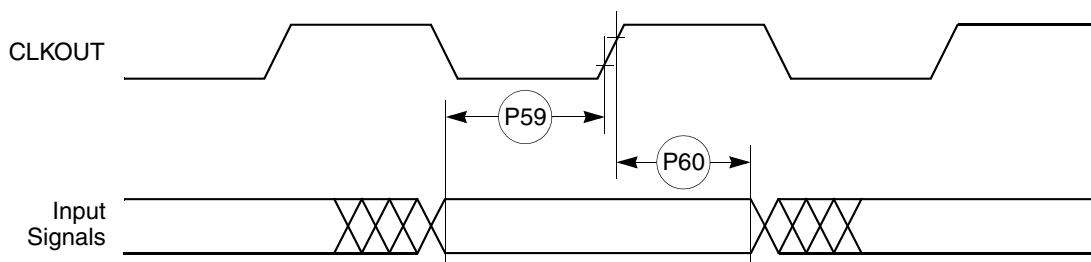


Figure 29. PCMCIA Input Port Timing

Table 11 shows the debug port timing for the MPC860.

Table 11. Debug Port Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
P61	DSCK cycle time	$3 \times T_{\text{CLOCKOUT}}$	—	—
P62	DSCK clock pulse width	$1.25 \times T_{\text{CLOCKOUT}}$	—	—
P63	DSCK rise and fall times	0.00	3.00	ns
P64	DSDI input data setup time	8.00	—	ns
P65	DSDI data hold time	5.00	—	ns
P66	DSCK low to DSDO data valid	0.00	15.00	ns
P67	DSCK low to DSDO invalid	0.00	2.00	ns

Figure 30 provides the input timing for the debug port clock.

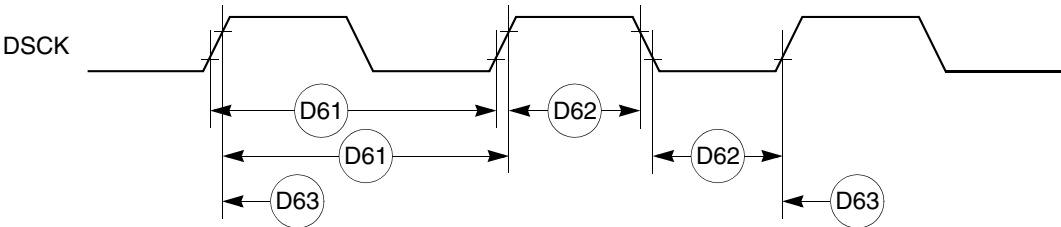


Figure 30. Debug Port Clock Input Timing

Figure 31 provides the timing for the debug port.

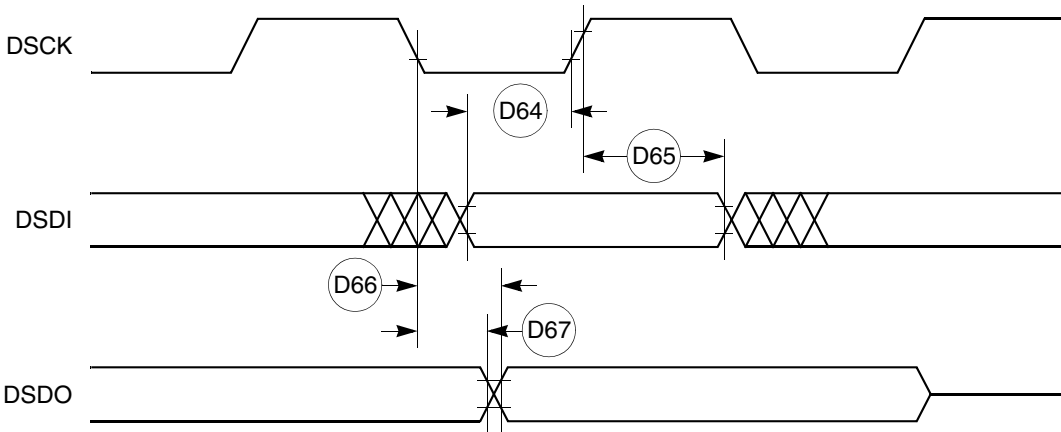


Figure 31. Debug Port Timings

11.4 Baud Rate Generator AC Electrical Specifications

Table 17 provides the baud rate generator timings as shown in Figure 49.

Table 17. Baud Rate Generator Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
50	BRGO rise and fall time	—	10	ns
51	BRGO duty cycle	40	60	%
52	BRGO cycle	40	—	ns

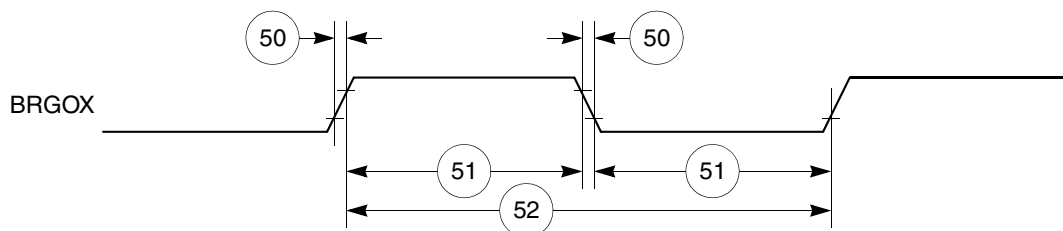


Figure 49. Baud Rate Generator Timing Diagram

11.5 Timer AC Electrical Specifications

Table 18 provides the general-purpose timer timings as shown in Figure 50.

Table 18. Timer Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
61	TIN/TGATE rise and fall time	10	—	ns
62	TIN/TGATE low time	1	—	CLK
63	TIN/TGATE high time	2	—	CLK
64	TIN/TGATE cycle time	3	—	CLK
65	CLKO low to TOUT valid	3	25	ns

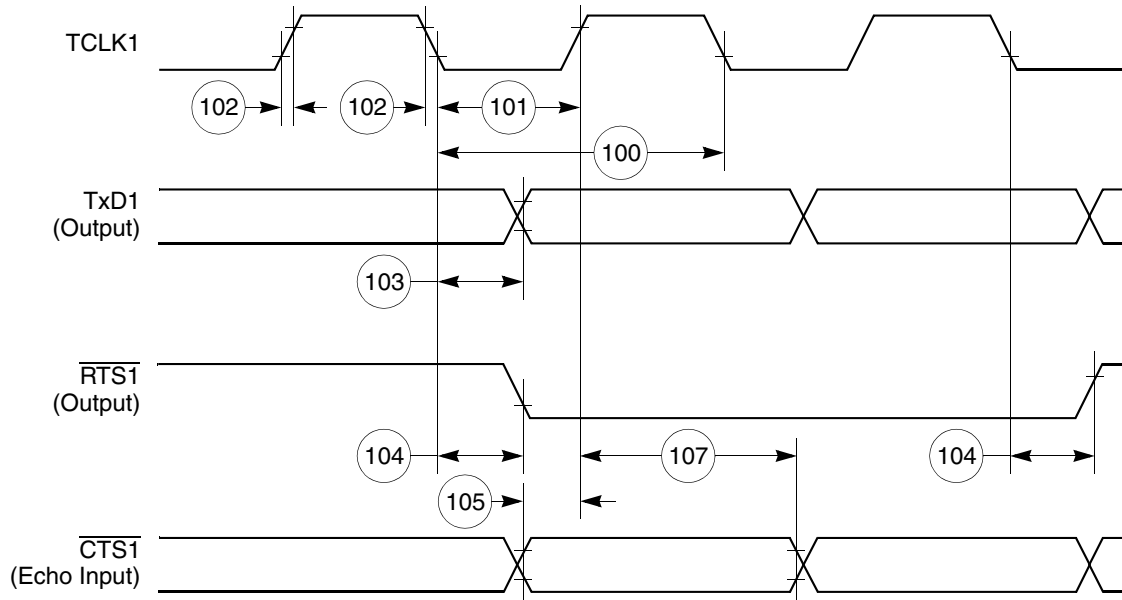


Figure 58. HDLC Bus Timing Diagram

11.8 Ethernet Electrical Specifications

Table 22 provides the Ethernet timings as shown in Figure 59 through Figure 63.

Table 22. Ethernet Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
120	CLSN width high	40	—	ns
121	RCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15	ns
122	RCLK1 width low	40	—	ns
123	RCLK1 clock period ¹	80	120	ns
124	RXD1 setup time	20	—	ns
125	RXD1 hold time	5	—	ns
126	RENA active delay (from RCLK1 rising edge of the last data bit)	10	—	ns
127	RENA width low	100	—	ns
128	TCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15	ns
129	TCLK1 width low	40	—	ns
130	TCLK1 clock period ¹	99	101	ns
131	TXD1 active delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
132	TXD1 inactive delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
133	TENA active delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
134	TENA inactive delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns

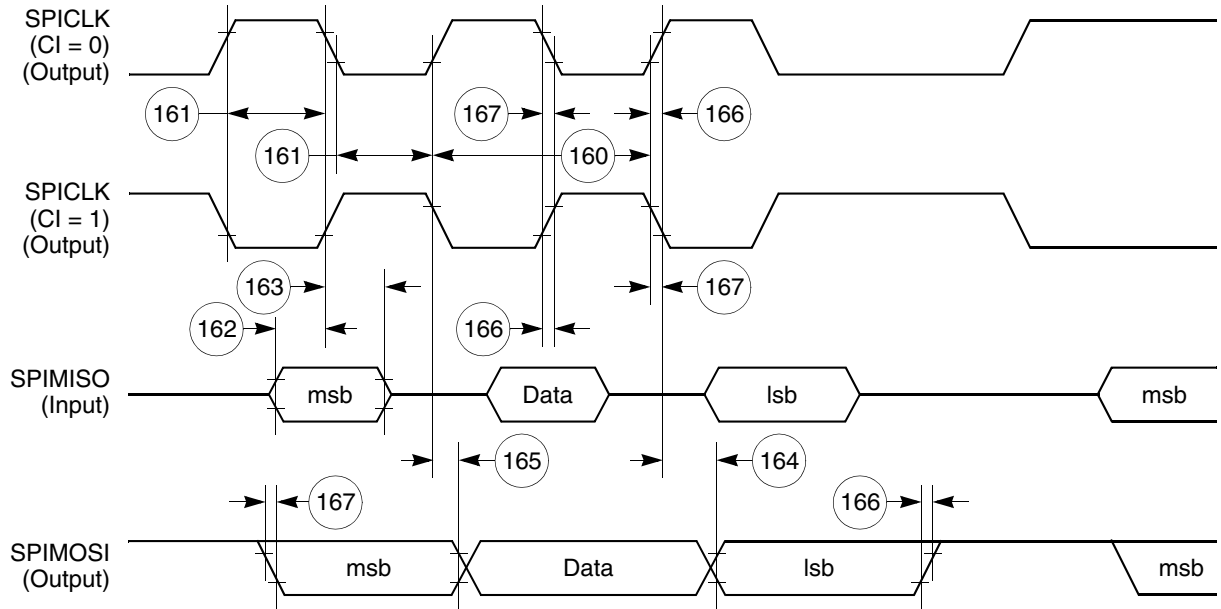


Figure 66. SPI Master (CP = 1) Timing Diagram

11.11 SPI Slave AC Electrical Specifications

Table 25 provides the SPI slave timings as shown in Figure 67 and Figure 68.

Table 25. SPI Slave Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
170	Slave cycle time	2	—	t_{cyc}
171	Slave enable lead time	15	—	ns
172	Slave enable lag time	15	—	ns
173	Slave clock (SPICLK) high or low time	1	—	t_{cyc}
174	Slave sequential transfer delay (does not require deselect)	1	—	t_{cyc}
175	Slave data setup time (inputs)	20	—	ns
176	Slave data hold time (inputs)	20	—	ns
177	Slave access time	—	50	ns

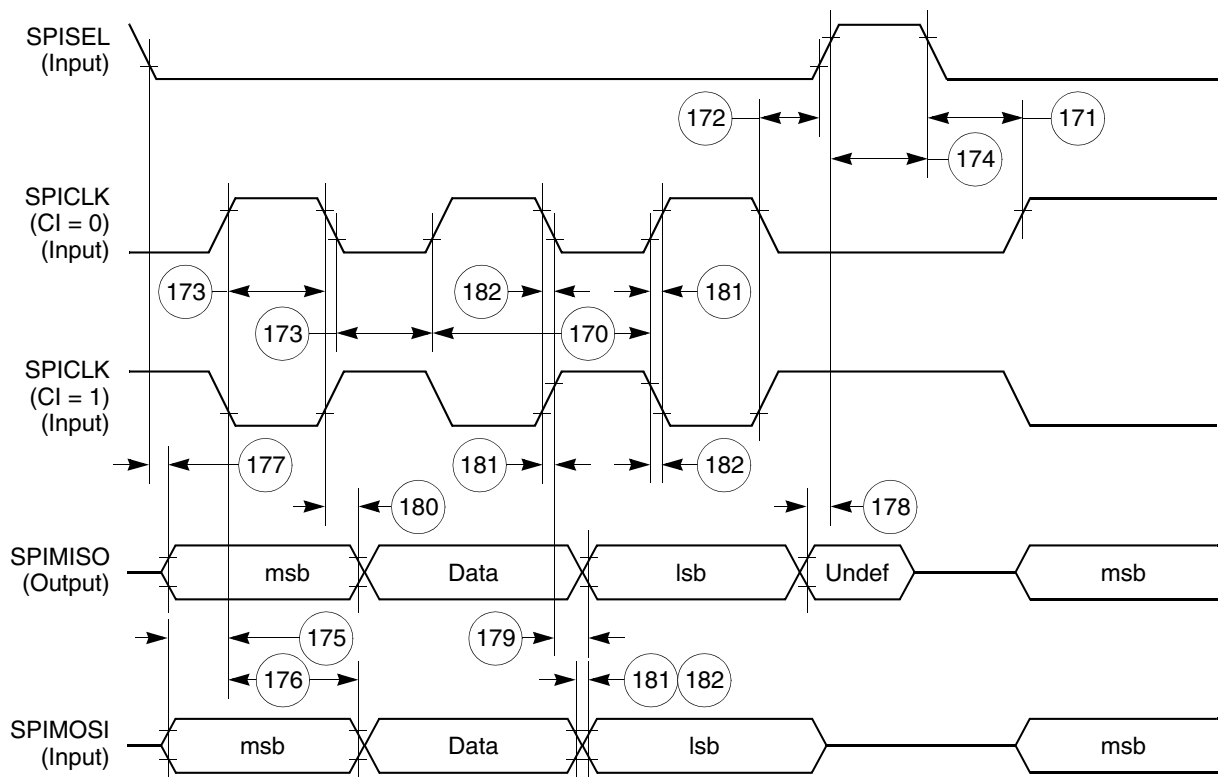


Figure 67. SPI Slave (CP = 0) Timing Diagram

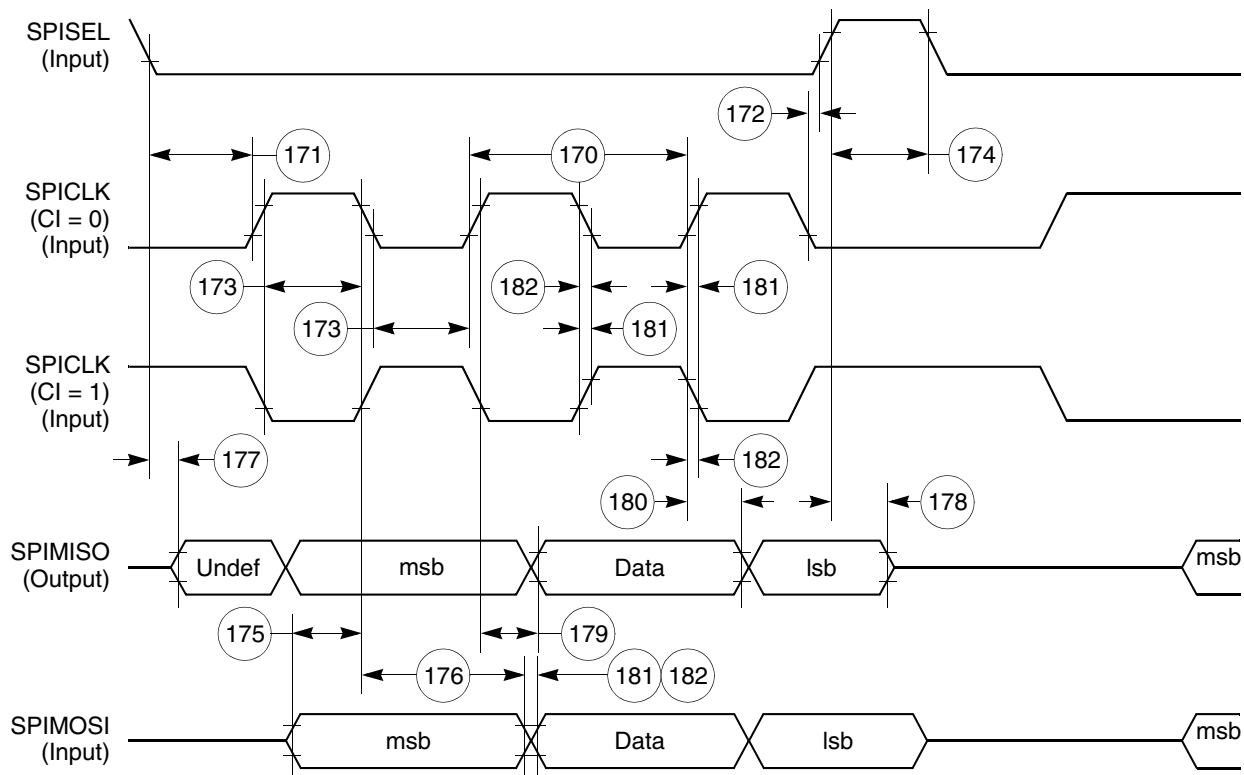


Figure 68. SPI Slave (CP = 1) Timing Diagram

Table 34. MPC860 Family Package/Frequency Availability (continued)

Package Type	Freq. (MHz) / Temp. (Tj)	Package	Order Number
Ball grid array (<i>continued</i>) ZP suffix—leaded ZQ suffix—leaded VR suffix—lead-free	80 0° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TZQ80D4 MPC860DEZQ80D4 MPC860DTZQ80D4 MPC860ENZQ80D4 MPC860SRZQ80D4 MPC860TZQ80D4 MPC860DPZQ80D4 MPC860PZQ80D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC860PZQ80D4R2 MPC860PVR80D4R2
		VR	MPC855TVR80D4 MPC860DEV80D4 MPC860DPVR80D4 MPC860ENVR80D4 MPC860PVR80D4 MPC860SRVR80D4 MPC860TVR80D4
Ball grid array (CZP suffix) CZP suffix—leaded CZQ suffix—leaded CVR suffix—lead-free	50 –40° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TCZQ50D4 MPC855TCVR50D4 MPC860DECZQ50D4 MPC860DTCZQ50D4 MPC860ENCZQ50D4 MPC860SRCZQ50D4 MPC860TCZQ50D4 MPC860DPCZQ50D4 MPC860PCZQ50D4
		Tape and Reel	MPC855TCZQ50D4R2 MC860ENCVR50D4R2
		CVR	MPC860DECVR50D4 MPC860DTCVR50D4 MPC860ENCVR50D4 MPC860PCVR50D4 MPC860SRCVR50D4 MPC860TCVR50D4
	66 –40° to 95°C	ZP/ZQ ¹	MPC855TCZQ66D4 MPC855TCVR66D4 MPC860ENCZQ66D4 MPC860SRCZQ66D4 MPC860TCZQ66D4 MPC860DPCZQ66D4 MPC860PCZQ66D4
		CVR	MPC860DTCVR66D4 MPC860ENCVR66D4 MPC860PCVR66D4 MPC860SRCVR66D4 MPC860TCVR66D4

¹ The ZP package is no longer recommended for use. The ZQ package replaces the ZP package.

14.3 Mechanical Dimensions of the PBGA Package

Figure 77 shows the mechanical dimensions of the ZP PBGA package.

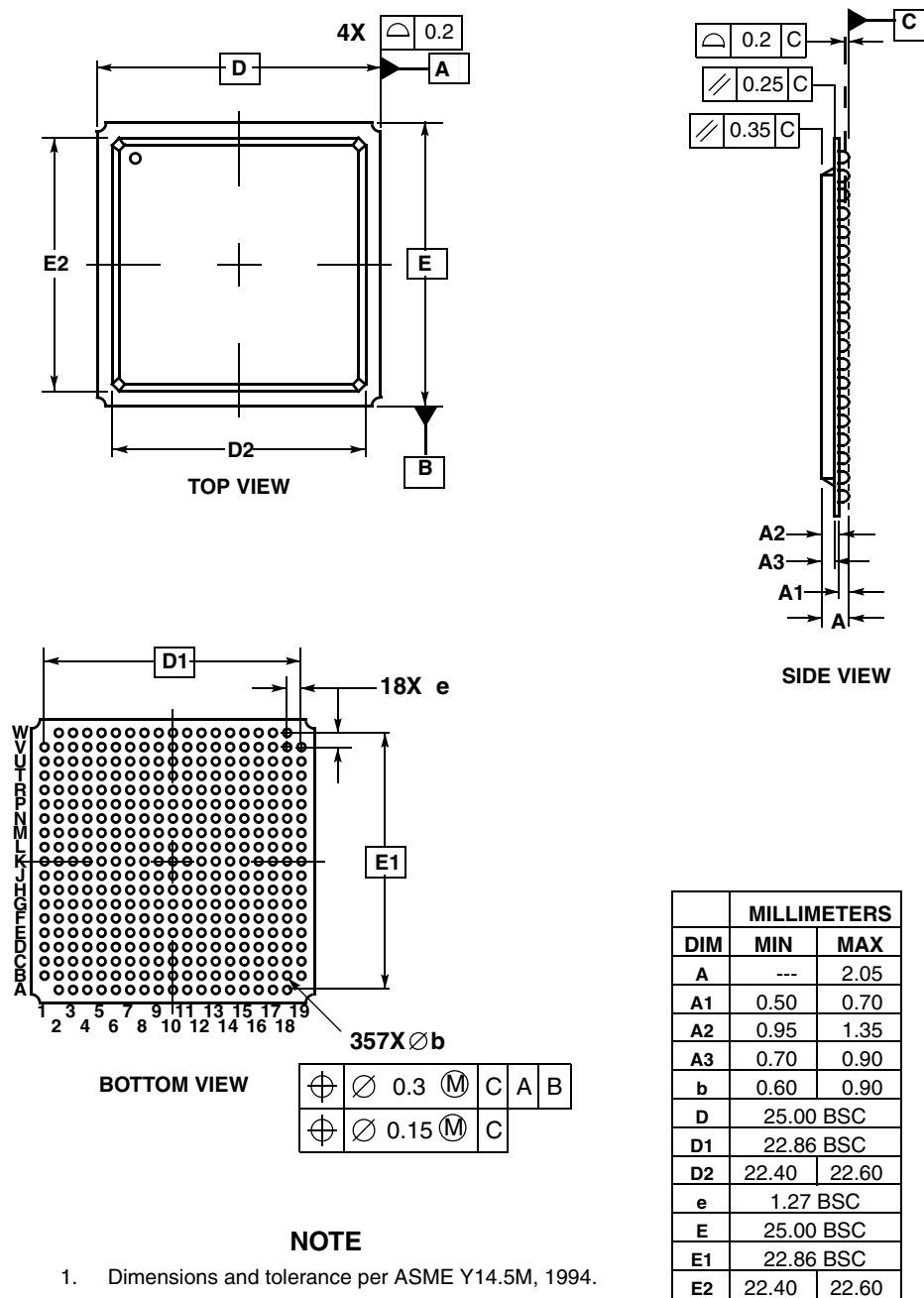


Figure 77. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the ZP PBGA Package

Figure 78 shows the mechanical dimensions of the ZQ PBGA package.

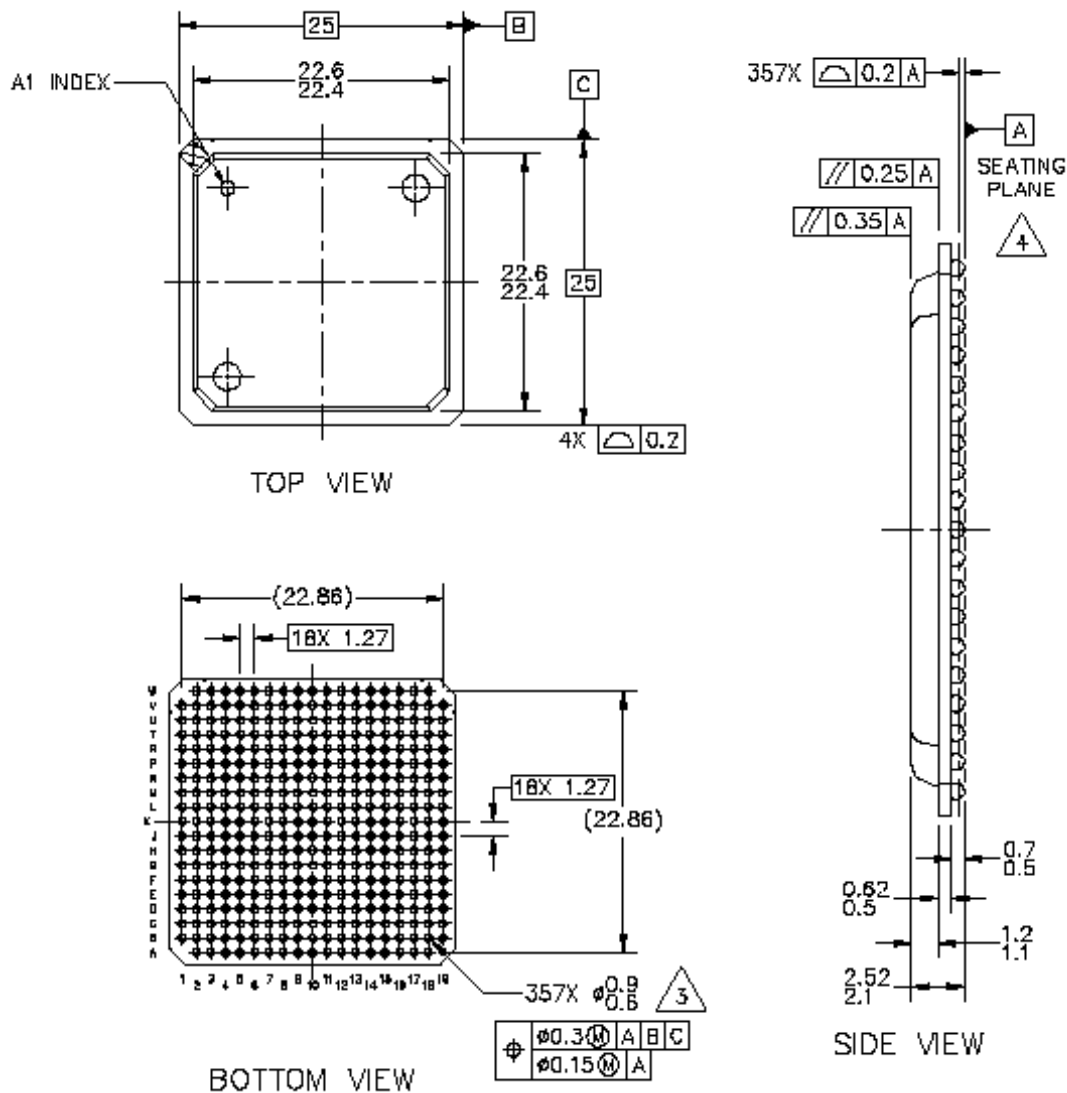


Figure 78. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the ZQ PBGA Package