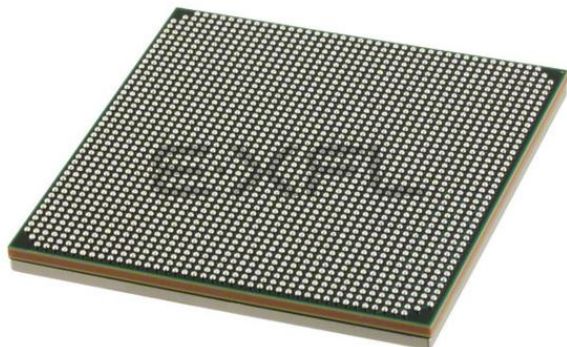




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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

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The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	54150
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	693120
Total RAM Bits	54190080
Number of I/O	720
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.97V ~ 1.03V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1924-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1926-FCBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7vx690t-1ffg1926i

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
GTX and GTH Transceivers					
$V_{MGTAVCC}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTX/GTH transceiver QPLL frequency range ≤ 10.3125 GHz ⁽¹²⁾⁽¹³⁾	0.97	1.0	1.08	V
	Analog supply voltage for the GTX/GTH transceiver QPLL frequency range > 10.3125 GHz	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTX/GTH transmitter and receiver termination circuits	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
$V_{MGTVCCAUX}^{(11)}$	Auxiliary analog Quad PLL (QPLL) voltage supply for the transceivers	1.75	1.80	1.85	V
$V_{MGTAVTTRCAL}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTX/GTH transceiver column	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
XADC					
V_{CCADC}	XADC supply relative to GNDADC	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
V_{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
Temperature					
T_j	Junction temperature operating range for commercial (C) temperature devices	0	–	85	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for extended (E) temperature devices	0	–	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for industrial (I) temperature devices	–40	–	100	°C

Notes:

- All voltages are relative to ground.
- For the design of the power distribution system, consult the *7 Series FPGAs PCB Design and Pin Planning Guide* ([UG483](#)).
- V_{CCINT} and V_{CCBRAM} should be connected to the same supply.
- For more information on the VID bit see the *Lowering Power using the Voltage Identification Bit* application note ([XAPP555](#)).
- Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
- Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V.
- The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
- See [Table 10](#) for TMD5_33 specifications.
- A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
- V_{CCBATT} is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect V_{CCBATT} to either ground or V_{CCAUX} .
- Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* ([UG476](#)).
- For data rates ≤ 10.3125 Gb/s, $V_{MGTAVCC}$ should be $1.0V \pm 3\%$ for lower power consumption.
- For lower power consumption, $V_{MGTAVCC}$ should be $1.0V \pm 3\%$ over the entire CPLL frequency range.

Table 3: DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	0.75	–	–	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	1.5	–	–	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin	–	–	15	μA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested)	–	–	15	μA
$C_{IN}^{(2)}$	Die input capacitance at the pad	–	–	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 3.3V$	90	–	330	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 2.5V$	68	–	250	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.8V$	34	–	220	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.5V$	23	–	150	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.2V$	12	–	120	μA

Table 5: V_{IN} Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for 1.8V HP I/O Banks⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI @ -40°C to 100°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI @ -40°C to 100°C
$V_{CCO} + 0.55$	100	-0.55	100
$V_{CCO} + 0.60$	50.0	-0.60	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.65$	50.0	-0.65	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.70$	47.0	-0.70	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.75$	21.2	-0.75	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.80$	9.71	-0.80	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.85$	4.51	-0.85	28.4
$V_{CCO} + 0.90$	2.12	-0.90	12.7
$V_{CCO} + 0.95$	1.01	-0.95	5.79

Notes:

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
2. For UI smaller than 20 μ s.

Table 6: Typical Quiescent Supply Current

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
I_{CCINTQ}	Quiescent V_{CCINT} supply current	XC7V585T	1483	1483	1483	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	3756	3756	mA
		XC7VX330T	1012	1012	1012	mA
		XC7VX415T	1324	1324	1324	mA
		XC7VX485T	1578	1578	1578	mA
		XC7VX550T	2214	2214	2214	mA
		XC7VX690T	2214	2214	2214	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	2580	2580	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	3448	3448	mA
I_{CCOQ}	Quiescent V_{CCO} supply current	XC7V585T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC7VX330T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX415T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX485T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX550T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX690T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	1	1	mA

Table 6: Typical Quiescent Supply Current (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
I _{CCAUXQ}	Quiescent V _{CCAUX} supply current	XC7V585T	114	114	114	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	315	315	mA
		XC7VX330T	73	73	73	mA
		XC7VX415T	88	88	88	mA
		XC7VX485T	104	104	104	mA
		XC7VX550T	147	147	147	mA
		XC7VX690T	147	147	147	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	183	183	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	250	250	mA
I _{CCAUX_IOQ}	Quiescent V _{CCAUX_IO} supply current	XC7V585T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC7VX330T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX415T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX485T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX550T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX690T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	2	2	mA
I _{CCBRAMQ}	Quiescent V _{CCBRAM} supply current	XC7V585T	34	34	34	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	56	56	mA
		XC7VX330T	32	32	32	mA
		XC7VX415T	38	38	38	mA
		XC7VX485T	44	44	44	mA
		XC7VX550T	63	63	63	mA
		XC7VX690T	63	63	63	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	65	65	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	81	81	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 85°C junction temperatures (T_j) with single-ended SelectIO resources.
2. Typical values are for blank configured devices with no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins are 3-state and floating.
3. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at <http://www.xilinx.com/power>) to calculate static power consumption for conditions other than those specified.

Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing

The recommended power-on sequence is V_{CCINT} , V_{CCBRAM} , V_{CCAUX} , V_{CCAUX_IO} , and V_{CCO} to achieve minimum current draw and ensure that the I/Os are 3-stated at power-on. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence. If V_{CCINT} and V_{CCBRAM} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously. If V_{CCAUX} , V_{CCAUX_IO} , and V_{CCO} have the same recommended voltage levels then they can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously.

For V_{CCO} voltages of 3.3V in HR I/O banks and configuration bank 0:

- The voltage difference between V_{CCO} and V_{CCAUX} must not exceed 2.625V for longer than $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ for each power-on/off cycle to maintain device reliability levels.
- The $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ time can be allocated in any percentage between the power-on and power-off ramps.

The recommended power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw for the GTX/GTH transceivers is V_{CCINT} , $V_{MGTAVCC}$, $V_{MGTAVTT}$ OR $V_{MGTAVCC}$, V_{CCINT} , $V_{MGTAVTT}$. There is no recommended sequencing for $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$. Both $V_{MGTAVCC}$ and V_{CCINT} can be ramped simultaneously. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw.

If these recommended sequences are not met, current drawn from $V_{MGTAVTT}$ can be higher than specifications during power-up and power-down.

- When $V_{MGTAVTT}$ is powered before $V_{MGTAVCC}$ and $V_{MGTAVTT} - V_{MGTAVCC} > 150$ mV and $V_{MGTAVCC} < 0.7$ V, the $V_{MGTAVTT}$ current draw can increase by 460 mA per transceiver during $V_{MGTAVCC}$ ramp up. The duration of the current draw can be up to $0.3 \times T_{MGTAVCC}$ (ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$). The reverse is true for power-down.
- When $V_{MGTAVTT}$ is powered before V_{CCINT} and $V_{MGTAVTT} - V_{CCINT} > 150$ mV and $V_{CCINT} < 0.7$ V, the $V_{MGTAVTT}$ current draw can increase by 50 mA per transceiver during V_{CCINT} ramp up. The duration of the current draw can be up to $0.3 \times T_{VCCINT}$ (ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCINT}). The reverse is true for power-down.

LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS_25)

The LVDS standard is available in the HR I/O banks.

Table 12: LVDS_25 DC Specifications⁽¹⁾

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply voltage		2.375	2.500	2.625	V
V_{OH}	Output High voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.675	V
V_{OL}	Output Low voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.700	–	–	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential output voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
V_{OCM}	Output common-mode voltage	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.000	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential input voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High		100	350	600	mV
V_{ICM}	Input common-mode voltage		0.300	1.200	1.425	V

Notes:

1. Differential inputs for LVDS_25 can be placed in banks with V_{CCO} levels that are different from the required level for outputs. Consult the *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide* ([UG471](#)) for more information.

LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS)

The LVDS standard is available in the HP I/O banks.

Table 13: LVDS DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply voltage		1.710	1.800	1.890	V
V_{OH}	Output High voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.675	V
V_{OL}	Output Low voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.825	–	–	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential output voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
V_{OCM}	Output common-mode voltage	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.000	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential input voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	Common-mode input voltage = 1.25V	100	350	600	mV
V_{ICM}	Input common-mode voltage	Differential input voltage = ± 350 mV	0.300	1.200	1.425	V

Notes:

1. Differential inputs for LVDS can be placed in banks with V_{CCO} levels that are different from the required level for outputs. Consult the *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide* ([UG471](#)) for more information.

AC Switching Characteristics

All values represented in this data sheet are based on the speed specifications in the ISE® Design Suite 14.5 and Vivado® Design Suite 2013.1 as outlined in [Table 14](#).

Table 14: Virtex-7 T and XT FPGA Speed Specification Version By Device/Speed Grade

Version In:		Typical V _{CCINT}	Device
ISE 14.5	Vivado 2013.1	(Table 2)	
1.09	1.09	1.0V	XC7V585T, XC7VX485T
N/A	1.08	1.0V	XC7V2000T
1.08	1.08	1.0V	XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T, XC7VX980T
N/A	1.08	1.0V	XC7VX1140T

Switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance Product Specification

These specifications are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary Product Specification

These specifications are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production Product Specification

These specifications are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between specifications and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

Testing of AC Switching Characteristics

Internal timing parameters are derived from measuring internal test patterns. All AC switching characteristics are representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions.

For more specific, more precise, and worst-case guaranteed data, use the values reported by the static timing analyzer and back-annotate to the simulation net list. Unless otherwise noted, values apply to all Virtex-7 T and XT FPGAs.

Speed Grade Designations

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device. Table 15 correlates the current status of each Virtex-7 T and XT device on a per speed grade basis.

Table 15: Virtex-7 T and XT Device Speed Grade Designations

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC7V585T			-3, -2, -2L, -1
XC7V2000T	-2L, -2G		-2, -1
XC7VX330T			-3, -2, -2L, -1
XC7VX415T			-3, -2, -2L, -1
XC7VX485T			-3, -2, -2L, -1
XC7VX550T			-3, -2, -2L, -1
XC7VX690T			-3, -2, -2L, -1
XC7VX980T	-2, -2L, -1		
XC7VX1140T	-2, -2L, -2G, -1		

Production Silicon and Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

Table 16 lists the production released Virtex-7 T and XT device, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and software revisions. The software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 16: Virtex-7 T and XT Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release

Device	Speed Grade Designations				
	-3	-2G	-2	-2L	-1
XC7V585T	Vivado 2012.4 v1.08 or ISE 14.2 v1.06	N/A	Vivado 2012.4 v1.08 or ISE 14.2 v1.06		
XC7V2000T	N/A		Vivado 2012.4 v1.07		Vivado 2012.4 v1.07
XC7VX330T	Vivado 2013.1 v1.08 or ISE 14.5 v1.08	N/A	Vivado 2013.1 v1.08 or ISE 14.5 v1.08		
XC7VX415T		N/A			
XC7VX485T	Vivado 2012.4 v1.08 or ISE 14.2 v1.06	N/A	Vivado 2012.4 v1.08 or ISE 14.2 v1.06		
XC7VX550T	Vivado 2013.1 v1.08 or ISE 14.5 v1.08	N/A	Vivado 2013.1 v1.08 or ISE 14.5 v1.08		
XC7VX690T	Vivado 2013.1 v1.08 or ISE 14.5 v1.08	N/A	Vivado 2013.1 v1.08 or ISE 14.5 v1.08		
XC7VX980T	N/A	N/A			
XC7VX1140T	N/A				

Notes:

- Blank entries indicate a device and/or speed grade in advance or preliminary status.

Table 18: Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces IP available with the Memory Interface Generator⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Memory Standard	I/O Bank Type	V _{CCAUX_IO}	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
4:1 Memory Controllers						
DDR3	HP	2.0V	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1600	1333	1066	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
DDR3L	HP	2.0V	1600	1600	1333	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1333	1066	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	800	800	667	Mb/s
DDR2	HP	2.0V	800	800	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	800	800	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	800	800	800	Mb/s
RLDRAM III	HP	2.0V	800	667	667	MHz
	HP	1.8V	550	500	450	MHz
	HR	N/A	N/A			
2:1 Memory Controllers						
DDR3	HP	2.0V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
DDR3L	HP	2.0V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	800	800	667	Mb/s
DDR2	HP	2.0V	800	800	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V				
	HR	N/A				
QDR II+ ⁽³⁾	HP	2.0V	550	500	450	MHz
	HP	1.8V				
	HR	N/A	500	450	400	MHz
RLDRAM II	HP	2.0V	533	500	450	MHz
	HP	1.8V				
	HR	N/A				
LPDDR2	HP	2.0V	667	667	667	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	667	667	667	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	667	667	667	Mb/s

Notes:

1. V_{REF} tracking is required. For more information, see the *7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide* ([UG586](#)).
2. When using the internal V_{REF} the maximum data rate is 800 Mb/s (400 MHz).
3. The maximum QDRII+ performance specifications are for burst-length 4 (BL = 4) implementations. Burst length 2 (BL = 2) implementations are limited to 333 MHz for all speed grades and I/O bank types.

IOB Pad Input/Output/3-State

Table 19 (3.3V high-range IOB (HR)) and **Table 20** (1.8V high-performance IOB (HP)) summarizes the values of standard-specific data input delay adjustments, output delays terminating at pads (based on standard) and 3-state delays.

- T_{IOPI} is described as the delay from IOB pad through the input buffer to the I-pin of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO input buffer.
- T_{IOOP} is described as the delay from the O pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO output buffer.
- T_{IOTP} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is disabled. The delay varies depending on the SelectIO capability of the output buffer. In HP I/O banks, the internal DCI termination turn-on time is always faster than T_{IOTP} when the DCITERMDISABLE pin is used. In HR I/O banks, the IN_TERM termination turn-on time is always faster than T_{IOTP} when the INTERMDISABLE pin is used.

Table 19: 3.3V IOB High Range (HR) Switching Characteristics

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}			T _{IOOP}			T _{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
LVTTTL_S4	1.31	1.42	1.64	3.77	3.90	4.00	4.53	4.76	4.99	ns
LVTTTL_S8	1.31	1.42	1.64	3.50	3.64	3.73	4.26	4.50	4.72	ns
LVTTTL_S12	1.31	1.42	1.64	3.49	3.62	3.72	4.25	4.48	4.71	ns
LVTTTL_S16	1.31	1.42	1.64	3.03	3.17	3.26	3.79	4.03	4.25	ns
LVTTTL_S24	1.31	1.42	1.64	3.25	3.39	3.48	4.01	4.25	4.47	ns
LVTTTL_F4	1.31	1.42	1.64	3.22	3.36	3.45	3.98	4.22	4.44	ns
LVTTTL_F8	1.31	1.42	1.64	2.71	2.84	2.93	3.47	3.70	3.92	ns
LVTTTL_F12	1.31	1.42	1.64	2.69	2.82	2.92	3.45	3.68	3.91	ns
LVTTTL_F16	1.31	1.42	1.64	2.57	2.85	3.15	3.33	3.71	4.14	ns
LVTTTL_F24	1.31	1.42	1.64	2.41	2.64	2.89	3.17	3.50	3.88	ns
LVDS_25 ⁽¹⁾	0.64	0.68	0.80	1.36	1.47	1.55	2.12	2.33	2.54	ns
MINI_LVDS_25	0.68	0.70	0.79	1.36	1.47	1.55	2.12	2.33	2.54	ns
BLVDS_25 ⁽¹⁾	0.65	0.69	0.80	1.83	2.02	2.20	2.59	2.88	3.19	ns
RSDS_25 (point to point) ⁽¹⁾	0.63	0.68	0.79	1.36	1.48	1.55	2.12	2.34	2.54	ns
PPDS_25 ⁽¹⁾	0.65	0.69	0.80	1.36	1.49	1.58	2.12	2.35	2.57	ns
TMDS_33 ⁽¹⁾	0.72	0.76	0.86	1.43	1.54	1.60	2.19	2.40	2.59	ns
PCI33_3 ⁽¹⁾	1.28	1.41	1.65	2.71	3.08	3.52	3.47	3.94	4.51	ns
HSUL_12	0.63	0.64	0.71	1.77	1.90	2.00	2.53	2.76	2.99	ns
DIFF_HSUL_12	0.58	0.61	0.70	1.55	1.68	1.78	2.31	2.54	2.77	ns
HSTL_I_S	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.55	1.69	1.80	2.31	2.55	2.79	ns
HSTL_II_S	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.21	1.34	1.43	1.97	2.20	2.42	ns
HSTL_I_18_S	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.28	1.39	1.45	2.04	2.25	2.44	ns
HSTL_II_18_S	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.18	1.31	1.40	1.94	2.17	2.39	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_S	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.42	1.54	1.61	2.18	2.40	2.60	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_S	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.15	1.24	1.27	1.91	2.10	2.26	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_18_S	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.27	1.38	1.43	2.03	2.24	2.42	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_18_S	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.14	1.23	1.26	1.90	2.09	2.25	ns
HSTL_I_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.10	1.19	1.23	1.86	2.05	2.22	ns

Table 19: 3.3V IOB High Range (HR) Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}			T _{IOOP}			T _{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
HSTL_II_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.05	1.18	1.28	1.81	2.04	2.27	ns
HSTL_I_18_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.05	1.18	1.28	1.81	2.04	2.27	ns
HSTL_II_18_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.03	1.14	1.23	1.79	2.00	2.22	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_F	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.09	1.18	1.22	1.85	2.04	2.21	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_F	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.02	1.11	1.14	1.78	1.97	2.13	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_18_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.08	1.17	1.21	1.84	2.03	2.20	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_18_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.01	1.10	1.13	1.77	1.96	2.12	ns
LVC MOS33_S4	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.77	3.90	4.00	4.53	4.76	4.99	ns
LVC MOS33_S8	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.49	3.62	3.72	4.25	4.48	4.71	ns
LVC MOS33_S12	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.05	3.18	3.28	3.81	4.04	4.27	ns
LVC MOS33_S16	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.06	3.43	3.88	3.82	4.29	4.87	ns
LVC MOS33_F4	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.22	3.36	3.45	3.98	4.22	4.44	ns
LVC MOS33_F8	1.31	1.40	1.60	2.71	2.84	2.93	3.47	3.70	3.92	ns
LVC MOS33_F12	1.31	1.40	1.60	2.57	2.85	3.15	3.33	3.71	4.14	ns
LVC MOS33_F16	1.31	1.40	1.60	2.44	2.69	2.96	3.20	3.55	3.95	ns
LVC MOS25_S4	1.08	1.16	1.32	3.08	3.22	3.31	3.84	4.08	4.30	ns
LVC MOS25_S8	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.85	2.98	3.07	3.61	3.84	4.06	ns
LVC MOS25_S12	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.44	2.57	2.67	3.20	3.43	3.66	ns
LVC MOS25_S16	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.79	2.92	3.01	3.55	3.78	4.00	ns
LVC MOS25_F4	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.71	2.84	2.93	3.47	3.70	3.92	ns
LVC MOS25_F8	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.14	2.28	2.37	2.90	3.14	3.36	ns
LVC MOS25_F12	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.15	2.29	2.52	2.91	3.15	3.51	ns
LVC MOS25_F16	1.08	1.16	1.32	1.92	2.17	2.45	2.68	3.03	3.44	ns
LVC MOS18_S4	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.55	1.68	1.78	2.31	2.54	2.77	ns
LVC MOS18_S8	0.64	0.66	0.74	2.14	2.28	2.37	2.90	3.14	3.36	ns
LVC MOS18_S12	0.64	0.66	0.74	2.14	2.28	2.37	2.90	3.14	3.36	ns
LVC MOS18_S16	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.49	1.62	1.72	2.25	2.48	2.71	ns
LVC MOS18_S24 ⁽¹⁾	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.74	1.92	2.08	2.50	2.78	3.07	ns
LVC MOS18_F4	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.38	1.51	1.61	2.14	2.37	2.60	ns
LVC MOS18_F8	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.64	1.78	1.87	2.40	2.64	2.86	ns
LVC MOS18_F12	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.64	1.78	1.87	2.40	2.64	2.86	ns
LVC MOS18_F16	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.52	1.68	1.81	2.28	2.54	2.80	ns
LVC MOS18_F24 ⁽¹⁾	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.34	1.46	1.55	2.10	2.32	2.54	ns
LVC MOS15_S4	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.86	2.00	2.09	2.62	2.86	3.08	ns
LVC MOS15_S8	0.66	0.69	0.81	2.05	2.18	2.28	2.81	3.04	3.27	ns
LVC MOS15_S12	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.83	2.03	2.23	2.59	2.89	3.22	ns
LVC MOS15_S16	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.76	1.95	2.13	2.52	2.81	3.12	ns

Table 19: 3.3V IOB High Range (HR) Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}			T _{IOOP}			T _{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
LVC MOS15_F4	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.63	1.76	1.86	2.39	2.62	2.85	ns
LVC MOS15_F8	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.79	1.99	2.18	2.55	2.85	3.17	ns
LVC MOS15_F12	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.40	1.54	1.65	2.16	2.40	2.64	ns
LVC MOS15_F16	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.37	1.51	1.61	2.13	2.37	2.60	ns
LVC MOS12_S4	0.88	0.91	1.00	2.53	2.67	2.76	3.29	3.53	3.75	ns
LVC MOS12_S8	0.88	0.91	1.00	2.05	2.18	2.28	2.81	3.04	3.27	ns
LVC MOS12_S12 ⁽¹⁾	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.75	1.89	1.98	2.51	2.75	2.97	ns
LVC MOS12_F4	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.94	2.07	2.17	2.70	2.93	3.16	ns
LVC MOS12_F8	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.50	1.64	1.73	2.26	2.50	2.72	ns
LVC MOS12_F12 ⁽¹⁾	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.54	1.71	1.87	2.30	2.57	2.86	ns
SSTL135_S	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.27	1.40	1.50	2.03	2.26	2.49	ns
SSTL15_S	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.24	1.37	1.47	2.00	2.23	2.46	ns
SSTL18_I_S	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.59	1.74	1.85	2.35	2.60	2.84	ns
SSTL18_II_S	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.27	1.40	1.50	2.03	2.26	2.49	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_S	0.59	0.61	0.73	1.27	1.40	1.50	2.03	2.26	2.49	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_S	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.24	1.37	1.47	2.00	2.23	2.46	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_S	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.50	1.63	1.72	2.26	2.49	2.71	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II_S	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.13	1.22	1.25	1.89	2.08	2.24	ns
SSTL135_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
SSTL15_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
SSTL18_I_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.12	1.22	1.26	1.88	2.08	2.25	ns
SSTL18_II_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.05	1.18	1.28	1.81	2.04	2.27	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_F	0.59	0.61	0.73	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_F	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.10	1.19	1.23	1.86	2.05	2.22	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.02	1.10	1.14	1.78	1.96	2.13	ns

Notes:

1. This I/O standard is only available in the 3.3V high-range (HR) banks.

Table 23: OLOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Setup/Hold					
T _{ODCK} /T _{OCKD}	D1/D2 pins setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.45/−0.13	0.50/−0.13	0.58/−0.13	ns
T _{OOCECK} /T _{OCKOCE}	OCE pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.28/0.03	0.29/0.03	0.45/0.03	ns
T _{OSRCK} /T _{OCKSR}	SR pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.18	0.38/0.18	0.70/0.18	ns
T _{OTCK} /T _{OCKT}	T1/T2 pins setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.49/−0.16	0.56/−0.16	0.68/−0.16	ns
T _{OTCECK} /T _{OCKTCE}	TCE pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.28/0.01	0.30/0.01	0.45/0.01	ns
Combinatorial					
T _{ODQ}	D1 to OQ out or T1 to TQ out	0.73	0.81	0.97	ns
Sequential Delays					
T _{OCKQ}	CLK to OQ/TQ out	0.41	0.43	0.49	ns
T _{RQ_OLOGICE2}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out (HP I/O banks only)	0.63	0.70	0.83	ns
T _{GSRQ_OLOGICE2}	Global set/reset to Q outputs (HP I/O banks only)	7.60	7.60	10.51	ns
T _{RQ_OLOGICE3}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out (HR I/O banks only)	0.63	0.70	0.83	ns
T _{GSRQ_OLOGICE3}	Global set/reset to Q outputs (HR I/O banks only)	7.60	7.60	10.51	ns
Set/Reset					
T _{RPW_OLOGICE2}	Minimum pulse width, SR inputs (HP I/O banks only)	0.54	0.54	0.63	ns, Min
T _{RPW_OLOGICE3}	Minimum pulse width, SR inputs (HR I/O banks only)	0.54	0.54	0.63	ns, Min

CLB Switching Characteristics

Table 28: CLB Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Combinatorial Delays					
T _{ILO}	An – Dn LUT address to A	0.05	0.05	0.06	ns, Max
T _{ILO_2}	An – Dn LUT address to AMUX/CMUX	0.15	0.16	0.19	ns, Max
T _{ILO_3}	An – Dn LUT address to BMUX_A	0.24	0.25	0.30	ns, Max
T _{ITO}	An – Dn inputs to A – D Q outputs	0.58	0.61	0.74	ns, Max
T _{AXA}	AX inputs to AMUX output	0.38	0.40	0.49	ns, Max
T _{AXB}	AX inputs to BMUX output	0.40	0.42	0.52	ns, Max
T _{AXC}	AX inputs to CMUX output	0.39	0.41	0.50	ns, Max
T _{AXD}	AX inputs to DMUX output	0.43	0.44	0.52	ns, Max
T _{BXB}	BX inputs to BMUX output	0.31	0.33	0.40	ns, Max
T _{BXD}	BX inputs to DMUX output	0.38	0.39	0.47	ns, Max
T _{CXC}	CX inputs to CMUX output	0.27	0.28	0.34	ns, Max
T _{CXD}	CX inputs to DMUX output	0.33	0.34	0.41	ns, Max
T _{DXD}	DX inputs to DMUX output	0.32	0.33	0.40	ns, Max
Sequential Delays					
T _{CKO}	Clock to AQ – DQ outputs	0.26	0.27	0.32	ns, Max
T _{SHCKO}	Clock to AMUX – DMUX outputs	0.32	0.32	0.39	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times of CLB Flip-Flops Before/After Clock CLK					
T _{AS} /T _{AH}	A _N – D _N input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.01/0.12	0.02/0.13	0.03/0.18	ns, Min
T _{DICK} /T _{CKDI}	A _X – D _X input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.04/0.14	0.04/0.14	0.05/0.20	ns, Min
	A _X – D _X input through MUXs and/or carry logic to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.36/0.10	0.37/0.11	0.46/0.16	ns, Min
T _{CECK_CLB} /T _{CKCE_CLB}	CE input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.19/0.05	0.20/0.05	0.25/0.05	ns, Min
T _{SRCK} /T _{CKSR}	SR input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.30/0.05	0.31/0.07	0.37/0.09	ns, Min
Set/Reset					
T _{SRMIN}	SR input minimum pulse width	0.52	0.78	1.04	ns, Min
T _{RQ}	Delay from SR input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.38	0.38	0.46	ns, Max
T _{CEO}	Delay from CE input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.34	0.35	0.43	ns, Max
F _{TOG}	Toggle frequency (for export control)	1818	1818	1818	MHz

Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics

Table 31: Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Block RAM and FIFO Clock-to-Out Delays					
T _{RCKO_DO} and T _{RCKO_DO_REG} ⁽¹⁾	Clock CLK to DOUT output (without output register) ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	1.57	1.80	2.08	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output (with output register) ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	0.54	0.63	0.75	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_DO_ECC} and T _{RCKO_DO_ECC_REG}	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (without output register) ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	2.35	2.58	3.26	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (with output register) ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	0.62	0.69	0.80	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_DO_CASCOUT} and T _{RCKO_DO_CASCOUT_REG}	Clock CLK to DOUT output with Cascade (without output register) ⁽²⁾	2.21	2.45	2.80	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with Cascade (with output register) ⁽⁴⁾	0.98	1.08	1.24	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_FLAGS}	Clock CLK to FIFO flags outputs ⁽⁶⁾	0.65	0.74	0.89	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_POINTERS}	Clock CLK to FIFO pointers outputs ⁽⁷⁾	0.79	0.87	0.98	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_PARITY_ECC}	Clock CLK to ECCPARITY in ECC encode only mode	0.66	0.72	0.80	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_SDBIT_ECC} and T _{RCKO_SDBIT_ECC_REG}	Clock CLK to BITERR (without output register)	2.17	2.38	3.01	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to BITERR (with output register)	0.57	0.65	0.76	ns, Max
T _{RCKO_RDADDR_ECC} and T _{RCKO_RDADDR_ECC_REG}	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (without output register)	0.64	0.74	0.90	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (with output register)	0.71	0.79	0.92	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK					
T _{RCKC_ADDRA} /T _{RCKC_ADDRA}	ADDR inputs ⁽⁸⁾	0.38/0.27	0.42/0.28	0.48/0.31	ns, Min
T _{RDCK_DI_WF_NC} / T _{RCKD_DI_WF_NC}	Data input setup/hold time when block RAM is configured in WRITE_FIRST or NO_CHANGE mode ⁽⁹⁾	0.49/0.51	0.55/0.53	0.63/0.57	ns, Min
T _{RDCK_DI_RF} /T _{RCKD_DI_RF}	Data input setup/hold time when block RAM is configured in READ_FIRST mode ⁽⁹⁾	0.17/0.25	0.19/0.29	0.21/0.35	ns, Min
T _{RDCK_DI_ECC} /T _{RCKD_DI_ECC}	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC in standard mode ⁽⁹⁾	0.42/0.37	0.47/0.39	0.53/0.43	ns, Min
T _{RDCK_DI_ECCW} /T _{RCKD_DI_ECCW}	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC encode only ⁽⁹⁾	0.79/0.37	0.87/0.39	0.99/0.43	ns, Min
T _{RDCK_DI_ECC_FIFO} / T _{RCKD_DI_ECC_FIFO}	DIN inputs with FIFO ECC in standard mode ⁽⁹⁾	0.89/0.47	0.98/0.50	1.12/0.54	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_INJECTBITERR} / T _{RCKC_INJECTBITERR}	Inject single/double bit error in ECC mode	0.49/0.30	0.55/0.31	0.63/0.34	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_EN} /T _{RCKC_EN}	Block RAM Enable (EN) input	0.30/0.17	0.33/0.18	0.38/0.20	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_REGCE} /T _{RCKC_REGCE}	CE input of output register	0.21/0.13	0.25/0.13	0.31/0.14	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_RSTREG} /T _{RCKC_RSTREG}	Synchronous RSTREG input	0.25/0.06	0.27/0.06	0.29/0.06	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_RSTRAM} /T _{RCKC_RSTRAM}	Synchronous RSTRAM input	0.27/0.35	0.29/0.37	0.31/0.39	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_WEA} /T _{RCKC_WEA}	Write Enable (WE) input (Block RAM only)	0.38/0.15	0.41/0.16	0.46/0.17	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_WREN} /T _{RCKC_WREN}	WREN FIFO inputs	0.39/0.25	0.39/0.30	0.40/0.37	ns, Min
T _{RCKC_RDEN} /T _{RCKC_RDEN}	RDEN FIFO inputs	0.36/0.26	0.36/0.30	0.37/0.37	ns, Min
Reset Delays					
T _{RCO_FLAGS}	Reset RST to FIFO flags/pointers ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.76	0.83	0.93	ns, Max
T _{RREC_RST} /T _{RREM_RST}	FIFO reset recovery and removal timing ⁽¹¹⁾	1.59/–0.68	1.76/–0.68	2.01/–0.68	ns, Max

Table 31: Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Maximum Frequency					
F _{MAX_BRAM_WF_NC}	Block RAM (Write first and No change modes) When not in SDP RF mode	601.32	543.77	458.09	MHz
F _{MAX_BRAM_RF_PERFORMANCE}	Block RAM (Read first, Performance mode) When in SDP RF mode but no address overlap between port A and port B	601.32	543.77	458.09	MHz
F _{MAX_BRAM_RF_DELAYED_WRITE}	Block RAM (Read first, Delayed_write mode) When in SDP RF mode and there is possibility of overlap between port A and port B addresses	528.26	477.33	400.80	MHz
F _{MAX_CAS_WF_NC}	Block RAM Cascade (Write first, No change mode) When cascade but not in RF mode	551.27	493.83	408.00	MHz
F _{MAX_CAS_RF_PERFORMANCE}	Block RAM Cascade (Read first, Performance mode) When in cascade with RF mode and no possibility of address overlap/one port is disabled	551.27	493.83	408.00	MHz
F _{MAX_CAS_RF_DELAYED_WRITE}	When in cascade RF mode and there is a possibility of address overlap between port A and port B	478.24	427.35	350.88	MHz
F _{MAX_FIFO}	FIFO in all modes without ECC	601.32	543.77	458.09	MHz
F _{MAX_ECC}	Block RAM and FIFO in ECC configuration	484.26	430.85	351.12	MHz

Notes:

1. The timing report shows all of these parameters as $T_{\text{RCKO_DO}}$.
2. $T_{\text{RCKO_DOR}}$ includes $T_{\text{RCKO_DOW}}$, $T_{\text{RCKO_DOPR}}$, and $T_{\text{RCKO_DOPW}}$ as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
3. These parameters also apply to synchronous FIFO with $\text{DO_REG} = 0$.
4. $T_{\text{RCKO_DO}}$ includes $T_{\text{RCKO_DOP}}$ as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
5. These parameters also apply to multirate (asynchronous) and synchronous FIFO with $\text{DO_REG} = 1$.
6. $T_{\text{RCKO_FLAGS}}$ includes the following parameters: $T_{\text{RCKO_AEMPTY}}$, $T_{\text{RCKO_AFULL}}$, $T_{\text{RCKO_EMPTY}}$, $T_{\text{RCKO_FULL}}$, $T_{\text{RCKO_RDERR}}$, $T_{\text{RCKO_WRERR}}$.
7. $T_{\text{RCKO_POINTERS}}$ includes both $T_{\text{RCKO_RDCOUNT}}$ and $T_{\text{RCKO_WRCOUNT}}$.
8. The ADDR setup and hold must be met when EN is asserted (even when WE is deasserted). Otherwise, block RAM data corruption is possible.
9. These parameters include both A and B inputs as well as the parity inputs of A and B.
10. $T_{\text{RCO_FLAGS}}$ includes the following flags: AEMPTY, AFULL, EMPTY, FULL, RDERR, WRERR, RDCOUNT, and WRCOUNT.
11. RDEN and WREN must be held Low prior to and during reset. The FIFO reset must be asserted for at least five positive clock edges of the slowest clock (WRCLK or RDCLK).

Table 58: GTX Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
TJ _{6.6_CPLL}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	6.6 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{6.6_CPLL}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{5.0}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	5.0 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{5.0}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{4.25}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	4.25 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{4.25}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{3.75}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.75 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{3.75}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{3.20}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.20 Gb/s ⁽⁵⁾	–	–	0.20	UI
DJ _{3.20}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.10	UI
TJ _{3.20L}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.20 Gb/s ⁽⁶⁾	–	–	0.32	UI
DJ _{3.20L}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.16	UI
TJ _{2.5}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	2.5 Gb/s ⁽⁷⁾	–	–	0.20	UI
DJ _{2.5}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.08	UI
TJ _{1.25}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	1.25 Gb/s ⁽⁸⁾	–	–	0.15	UI
DJ _{1.25}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.06	UI
TJ ₅₀₀	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	500 Mb/s	–	–	0.10	UI
DJ ₅₀₀	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.03	UI

Notes:

1. Using same REFCLK input with TX phase alignment enabled for up to 12 consecutive transmitters (three fully populated GTX Quads).
2. Using QPLL_FBDIV = 40, 20-bit internal data width. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
3. Using CPLL_FBDIV = 2, 20-bit internal data width. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
4. All jitter values are based on a bit-error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
5. CPLL frequency at 3.2 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 2.
6. CPLL frequency at 1.6 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 1.
7. CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 2.
8. CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 4.

GTX Transceiver Protocol Jitter Characteristics

For Table 60 through Table 65, the 7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide ([UG476](#)) contains recommended settings for optimal usage of protocol specific characteristics.

Table 60: Gigabit Ethernet Protocol Characteristics (GTX Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
Gigabit Ethernet Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter (T _{TJ})	1250	–	0.24	UI
Gigabit Ethernet Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	1250	0.749	–	UI

Table 61: XAUI Protocol Characteristics (GTX Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
XAUI Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter (T _{TJ})	3125	–	0.35	UI
XAUI Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	3125	0.65	–	UI

Table 62: PCI Express Protocol Characteristics (GTX Transceivers)⁽¹⁾

Standard	Description		Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
PCI Express Transmitter Jitter Generation						
PCI Express Gen 1	Total transmitter jitter		2500	–	0.25	UI
PCI Express Gen 2	Total transmitter jitter		5000	–	0.25	UI
PCI Express Gen 3 ⁽²⁾	Total transmitter jitter uncorrelated		8000	–	31.25	ps
	Deterministic transmitter jitter uncorrelated			–	12	ps
PCI Express Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance						
PCI Express Gen 1	Total receiver jitter tolerance		2500	0.65	–	UI
PCI Express Gen 2 ⁽³⁾	Receiver inherent timing error		5000	0.40	–	UI
	Receiver inherent deterministic timing error			0.30	–	UI
PCI Express Gen 3 ⁽²⁾	Receiver sinusoidal jitter tolerance	0.03 MHz–1.0 MHz	8000	1.00	–	UI
		1.0 MHz–10 MHz		Note 4	–	UI
		10 MHz–100 MHz		0.10	–	UI

Notes:

1. Tested per card electromechanical (CEM) methodology.
2. PCI-SIG 3.0 certification and compliance test boards are currently not available.
3. Using common REFCLK.
4. Between 1 MHz and 10 MHz the minimum sinusoidal jitter roll-off with a slope of 20dB/decade.

GTH Transceiver Specifications

GTH Transceiver DC Input and Output Levels

Table 66 summarizes the DC specifications of the GTH transceivers in Virtex-7 T and XT FPGAs. Consult the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* (UG476) for further details.

Table 66: GTH Transceiver DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DV _{PPIN}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage (external AC coupled)	>10.3125 Gb/s	150	–	1250	mV
		6.6 Gb/s to 10.3125 Gb/s	150	–	1250	mV
		≤ 6.6 Gb/s	150	–	2000	mV
V _{IN}	Absolute input voltage	DC coupled V _{MGTAVTT} = 1.2V	–400	–	V _{MGTAVTT}	mV
V _{CMIN}	Common mode input voltage	DC coupled V _{MGTAVTT} = 1.2V	–	2/3 V _{MGTAVTT}	–	mV
DV _{PPOUT}	Differential peak-to-peak output voltage ⁽¹⁾	Transmitter output swing is set to 1010	–	–	800	mV
V _{CMOUTDC}	Common mode output voltage: DC coupled	Equation based	V _{MGTAVTT} – DV _{PPOUT} /4			mV
V _{CMOUTAC}	Common mode output voltage: AC coupled	Equation based	V _{MGTAVTT} – DV _{PPOUT} /2			mV
R _{IN}	Differential input resistance		–	100	–	Ω
R _{OUT}	Differential output resistance		–	100	–	Ω
T _{OSKEW}	Transmitter output pair (TXP and TXN) intra-pair skew		–	–	10	ps
C _{EXT}	Recommended external AC coupling capacitor ⁽²⁾		–	100	–	nF

Notes:

- The output swing and preemphasis levels are programmable using the attributes discussed in the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* (UG476), and can result in values lower than reported in this table.
- Other values can be used as appropriate to conform to specific protocols and standards.

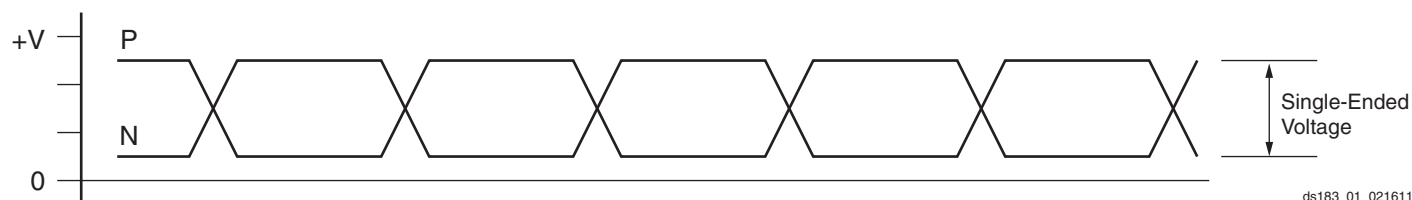


Figure 4: Single-Ended Peak-to-Peak Voltage

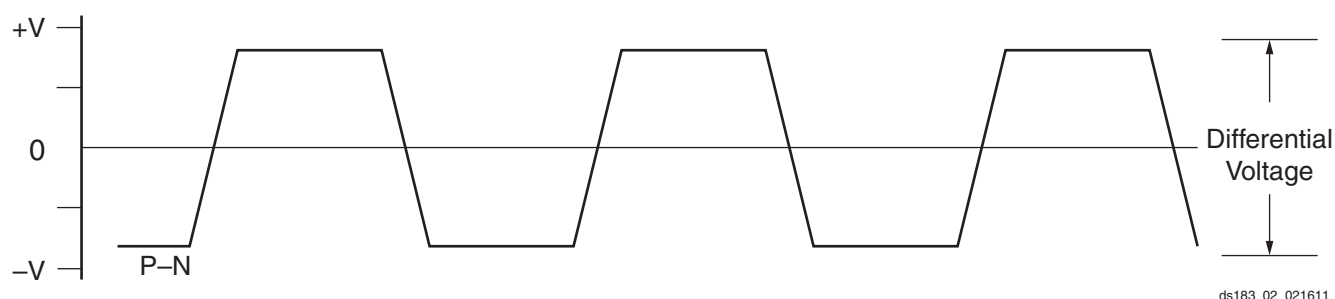


Figure 5: Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage

XADC Specifications

Table 82: XADC Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V _{CCADC} = 1.8V ± 5%, V _{REFP} = 1.25V, V _{REFN} = 0V, ADCCLK = 26 MHz, T _j = −40°C to 100°C, Typical values at T _j =+40°C						
ADC Accuracy ⁽¹⁾						
Resolution			12	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity ⁽²⁾	INL		–	–	±3	LSBs
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	LSBs
Offset Error		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	±6	LSBs
Gain Error		Gain calibration disabled	–	–	±0.5	%
Offset Matching		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	4	LSBs
Gain Matching		Gain calibration disabled	–	–	0.3	%
Sample Rate			0.1	–	1	MS/s
Signal to Noise Ratio ⁽²⁾	SNR	F _{SAMPLE} = 500KS/s, F _{IN} = 20KHz	60	–	–	dB
RMS Code Noise		External 1.25V reference	–	–	2	LSBs
		On-chip reference	–	3	–	LSBs
Total Harmonic Distortion ⁽²⁾	THD	F _{SAMPLE} = 500KS/s, F _{IN} = 20KHz	–	70	–	dB
ADC Accuracy at Extended Temperatures (-55°C to 125°C)						
Resolution			10	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity ⁽²⁾	INL		–	–	±1	LSB (at 10 bits)
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	
Analog Inputs ⁽³⁾						
ADC Input Ranges		Unipolar operation	0	–	1	V
		Bipolar operation	−0.5	–	+0.5	V
		Unipolar common mode range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	V
		Bipolar common mode range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	V
Maximum External Channel Input Ranges		Adjacent channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels	−0.1	–	V _{CCADC}	V
Auxiliary Channel Full Resolution Bandwidth	FRBW		250	–	–	KHz
On-Chip Sensors						
Temperature Sensor Error		T _j = −40°C to 100°C.	–	–	±4	°C
		T _j = −55°C to +125°C	–	–	±6	°C
Supply Sensor Error		Measurement range of V _{CCAUX} 1.8V ±5% T _j = −40°C to +100°C	–	–	±1	%
		Measurement range of V _{CCAUX} 1.8V ±5% T _j = −55°C to +125°C	–	–	±2	%
Conversion Rate ⁽⁴⁾						
Conversion Time - Continuous	t _{CONV}	Number of ADCCLK cycles	26	–	32	cycle
Conversion Time - Event	t _{CONV}	Number of CLK cycles	–	–	21	cycle
DRP Clock Frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency	8	–	250	MHz
ADC Clock Frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK	1	–	26	MHz
DCLK Duty Cycle			40	–	60	%

Table 82: XADC Specifications (Cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
XADC Reference⁽⁵⁾						
External Reference	V_{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
On-Chip Reference		Ground V_{REFP} pin to AGND, $T_j = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 100°C	1.2375	1.25	1.2625	V

Notes:

- Offset and gain errors are removed by enabling the XADC automatic gain calibration feature. The values are specified for when this feature is enabled.
- Only specified for new BitGen option XADCEnhancedLinearity = ON.
- For a detailed description, see the ADC chapter in the *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 AP SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter* (UG480).
- For a detailed description, see the Timing chapter in the *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 AP SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter* (UG480).
- Any variation in the reference voltage from the nominal $V_{REFP} = 1.25\text{V}$ and $V_{REFN} = 0\text{V}$ will result in a deviation from the ideal transfer function. This also impacts the accuracy of the internal sensor measurements (i.e., temperature and power supply). However, for external ratiometric type applications allowing reference to vary by $\pm 4\%$ is permitted. On-chip reference variation is $\pm 1\%$.

Configuration Switching Characteristics

Table 83: Configuration Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Virtex-7 T and XT Devices	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Power-up Timing Characteristics						
T _{PL} ⁽¹⁾	Program latency		5	5	5	ms, Max
T _{POR} ⁽¹⁾	Power-on reset (50ms ramp rate time)		10/50	10/50	10/50	ms, Min/Max
	Power-on reset (1ms ramp rate time)		10/35	10/35	10/35	ms, Min/Max
T _{PROGRAM}	Program pulse width		250	250	250	ns, Min
CCLK Output (Master Mode)						
T _{ICCK}	Master CCLK output delay		150	150	150	ns, Min
T _{MCCKL}	Master CCLK clock Low time duty cycle		40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
T _{MCCKH}	Master CCLK clock High time duty cycle		40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
F _{MCCK}	Master CCLK frequency		100	100	100	MHz, Max
	Master CCLK frequency for AES encrypted x16		50	50	50	MHz, Max
F _{MCCK_START}	Master CCLK frequency at start of configuration		3	3	3	MHz, Typ
F _{MCCKTOL}	Frequency tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal CCLK.		±50	±50	±50	%, Max
CCLK Input (Slave Modes)						
T _{SCCKL}	Slave CCLK clock minimum Low time		2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min
T _{SCCKH}	Slave CCLK clock minimum High time		2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min
F _{SCCK}	Slave CCLK frequency		100	100	100	MHz, Max
EMCCLK Input (Master Mode)						
T _{EMCCKL}	External master CCLK Low time		2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min
T _{EMCCKH}	External master CCLK High time		2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min
F _{EMCCK}	External master CCLK frequency		100	100	100	MHz, Max
Internal Configuration Access Port						
F _{ICAPCK}	Internal configuration access port (ICAPE2)		100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max