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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	54150
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	693120
Total RAM Bits	54190080
Number of I/O	350
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.97V ~ 1.03V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1156-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1158-FCBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7vx690t-2ffg1158i

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
GTX and GTH Transceivers					
$V_{MGTAVCC}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTX/GTH transceiver QPLL frequency range ≤ 10.3125 GHz ⁽¹²⁾⁽¹³⁾	0.97	1.0	1.08	V
	Analog supply voltage for the GTX/GTH transceiver QPLL frequency range > 10.3125 GHz	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTX/GTH transmitter and receiver termination circuits	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
$V_{MGTVCCAUX}^{(11)}$	Auxiliary analog Quad PLL (QPLL) voltage supply for the transceivers	1.75	1.80	1.85	V
$V_{MGTAVTTRCAL}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTX/GTH transceiver column	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
XADC					
V_{CCADC}	XADC supply relative to GNDADC	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
V_{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
Temperature					
T_j	Junction temperature operating range for commercial (C) temperature devices	0	–	85	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for extended (E) temperature devices	0	–	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for industrial (I) temperature devices	–40	–	100	°C

Notes:

- All voltages are relative to ground.
- For the design of the power distribution system, consult the *7 Series FPGAs PCB Design and Pin Planning Guide* (UG483).
- V_{CCINT} and V_{CCBRAM} should be connected to the same supply.
- For more information on the VID bit see the *Lowering Power using the Voltage Identification Bit* application note (XAPP555).
- Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
- Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V.
- The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
- See Table 10 for TMD5_33 specifications.
- A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
- V_{CCBATT} is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect V_{CCBATT} to either ground or V_{CCAUX} .
- Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* (UG476).
- For data rates ≤ 10.3125 Gb/s, $V_{MGTAVCC}$ should be $1.0V \pm 3\%$ for lower power consumption.
- For lower power consumption, $V_{MGTAVCC}$ should be $1.0V \pm 3\%$ over the entire CPLL frequency range.

Table 3: DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	0.75	–	–	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	1.5	–	–	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin	–	–	15	μA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested)	–	–	15	μA
$C_{IN}^{(2)}$	Die input capacitance at the pad	–	–	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 3.3V$	90	–	330	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 2.5V$	68	–	250	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.8V$	34	–	220	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.5V$	23	–	150	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.2V$	12	–	120	μA

Table 6: Typical Quiescent Supply Current (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
I _{CCAUXQ}	Quiescent V _{CCAUX} supply current	XC7V585T	114	114	114	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	315	315	mA
		XC7VX330T	73	73	73	mA
		XC7VX415T	88	88	88	mA
		XC7VX485T	104	104	104	mA
		XC7VX550T	147	147	147	mA
		XC7VX690T	147	147	147	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	183	183	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	250	250	mA
I _{CCAUX_IOQ}	Quiescent V _{CCAUX_IO} supply current	XC7V585T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC7VX330T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX415T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX485T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX550T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX690T	2	2	2	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	2	2	mA
I _{CCBRAMQ}	Quiescent V _{CCBRAM} supply current	XC7V585T	34	34	34	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	56	56	mA
		XC7VX330T	32	32	32	mA
		XC7VX415T	38	38	38	mA
		XC7VX485T	44	44	44	mA
		XC7VX550T	63	63	63	mA
		XC7VX690T	63	63	63	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	65	65	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	81	81	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 85°C junction temperatures (T_j) with single-ended SelectIO resources.
2. Typical values are for blank configured devices with no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins are 3-state and floating.
3. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at <http://www.xilinx.com/power>) to calculate static power consumption for conditions other than those specified.

Table 7 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ} , that is required by Virtex-7 T and XT devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 6 and Table 7 are met, the device powers on after all five supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must not be configured until after V_{CCINT} is applied.

Once initialized and configured, use the XPower tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 7: Power-On Current for Virtex-7 T and XT Devices

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$ Typ ⁽¹⁾	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$ Typ ⁽¹⁾	I_{CCOMIN} Typ ⁽¹⁾	I_{CCAUX_IO} Typ ⁽¹⁾	I_{CCBRAM} Typ ⁽¹⁾	Units
XC7V585T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 2700$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 60$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 108$	mA
XC7V2000T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 4000$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 80$	$I_{CCOQ} + 60$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 176$	mA
XC7VX330T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 1000$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 65$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 95$	mA
XC7VX415T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 1200$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 75$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 115$	mA
XC7VX485T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 1200$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 80$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 140$	mA
XC7VX550T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 3300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 143$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 57$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 200$	mA
XC7VX690T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 3300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 143$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 57$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 200$	mA
XC7VX980T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 6500$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 202$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 60$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 204$	mA
XC7VX1140T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 8000$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 235$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40$ mA per bank	$I_{CCOAUxIOQ} + 63$ mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 256$	mA

Notes:

- Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
- Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at <http://www.xilinx.com/power>) to calculate maximum power-on currents.

Table 8: Power Supply Ramp Time

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
T_{VCCINT}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCINT}		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCO}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCO}		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCAUX}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCAUX}		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCAUX_IO}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCAUX_IO}		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCBRAM}		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$	Allowed time per power cycle for $V_{CCO} - V_{CCAUX} > 2.625V$	$T_J = 100^{\circ}C^{(1)}$	–	500	ms
		$T_J = 85^{\circ}C^{(1)}$	–	800	
$T_{MGTAVCC}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{MGTAVTT}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVTT}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{MGTVCCAUX}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$		0.2	50	ms

Notes:

- Based on 240,000 power cycles with nominal V_{CCO} of 3.3V or 36,500 power cycles with a worst case V_{CCO} of 3.465V.

Table 10: Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	$V_{ICM}^{(1)}$			$V_{ID}^{(2)}$			$V_{OCM}^{(3)}$			$V_{OD}^{(4)}$		
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max
BLVDS_25	0.300	1.200	1.425	0.100	—	—	—	1.250	—	Note 5		
MINI_LVDS_25	0.300	1.200	V_{CCAUX}	0.200	0.400	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.300	0.450	0.600
PPDS_25	0.200	0.900	V_{CCAUX}	0.100	0.250	0.400	0.500	0.950	1.400	0.100	0.250	0.400
RSDS_25	0.300	0.900	1.500	0.100	0.350	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.100	0.350	0.600
TMDS_33	2.700	2.965	3.230	0.150	0.675	1.200	$V_{CCO}-0.405$	$V_{CCO}-0.300$	$V_{CCO}-0.190$	0.400	0.600	0.800

Notes:

1. V_{ICM} is the input common mode voltage.
2. V_{ID} is the input differential voltage ($Q - \bar{Q}$).
3. V_{OCM} is the output common mode voltage.
4. V_{OD} is the output differential voltage ($Q - \bar{Q}$).
5. V_{OD} for BLVDS will vary significantly depending on topology and loading.
6. LVDS_25 is specified in Table 12.
7. LVDS is specified in Table 13.

Table 11: Complementary Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	$V_{ICM}^{(1)}$			$V_{ID}^{(2)}$		$V_{OL}^{(3)}$	$V_{OH}^{(4)}$	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	0.400	$V_{CCO}-0.400$	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	0.400	$V_{CCO}-0.400$	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	0.400	$V_{CCO}-0.400$	16.00	–16.00
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	0.400	$V_{CCO}-0.400$	16.00	–16.00
DIFF_HSUL_12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	—	20% V_{CCO}	80% V_{CCO}	0.100	–0.100
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	0.100	–0.100
DIFF_SSTL12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.150$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150$	14.25	–14.25
DIFF_SSTL135	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.150$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150$	13.0	–13.0
DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.150$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150$	8.9	–8.9
DIFF_SSTL15	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.175$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.175$	13.0	–13.0
DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.175$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.175$	8.9	–8.9
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.470$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.470$	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	$(V_{CCO}/2) - 0.600$	$(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.600$	13.4	–13.4

Notes:

1. V_{ICM} is the input common mode voltage.
2. V_{ID} is the input differential voltage ($Q - \bar{Q}$).
3. V_{OL} is the single-ended low-output voltage.
4. V_{OH} is the single-ended high-output voltage.

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Virtex-7 T and XT devices. The numbers reported here are worst-case values; they have all been fully characterized. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the [AC Switching Characteristics, page 12](#). In each table, the I/O bank type is either High Performance (HP) or High Range (HR).

Table 17: Networking Applications Interface Performances

Description	I/O Bank Type	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	HR	710	710	625	Mb/s
	HP	710	710	625	Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 14)	HR	1250	1250	950	Mb/s
	HP	1600	1400	1250	Mb/s
SDR LVDS receiver (SFI-4.1) ⁽¹⁾	HR	710	710	625	Mb/s
	HP	710	710	625	Mb/s
DDR LVDS receiver (SPI-4.2) ⁽¹⁾	HR	1250	1250	950	Mb/s
	HP	1600	1400	1250	Mb/s

Notes:

1. LVDS receivers are typically bounded with certain applications where specific dynamic phase-alignment (DPA) algorithms dominate deterministic performance.

Table 18: Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces IP available with the Memory Interface Generator⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Memory Standard	I/O Bank Type	V _{CCAUX_IO}	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
4:1 Memory Controllers						
DDR3	HP	2.0V	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1600	1333	1066	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
DDR3L	HP	2.0V	1600	1600	1333	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1333	1066	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	800	800	667	Mb/s
DDR2	HP	2.0V	800	800	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	800	800	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	800	800	800	Mb/s
RLDRAM III	HP	2.0V	800	667	667	MHz
	HP	1.8V	550	500	450	MHz
	HR	N/A	N/A			
2:1 Memory Controllers						
DDR3	HP	2.0V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
DDR3L	HP	2.0V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	800	800	667	Mb/s
DDR2	HP	2.0V	800	800	800	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V				
	HR	N/A				
QDR II+ ⁽³⁾	HP	2.0V	550	500	450	MHz
	HP	1.8V				
	HR	N/A	500	450	400	MHz
RLDRAM II	HP	2.0V	533	500	450	MHz
	HP	1.8V				
	HR	N/A				
LPDDR2	HP	2.0V	667	667	667	Mb/s
	HP	1.8V	667	667	667	Mb/s
	HR	N/A	667	667	667	Mb/s

Notes:

1. V_{REF} tracking is required. For more information, see the *7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide* ([UG586](#)).
2. When using the internal V_{REF} the maximum data rate is 800 Mb/s (400 MHz).
3. The maximum QDRII+ performance specifications are for burst-length 4 (BL = 4) implementations. Burst length 2 (BL = 2) implementations are limited to 333 MHz for all speed grades and I/O bank types.

Table 19: 3.3V IOB High Range (HR) Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}			T _{IOOP}			T _{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
HSTL_II_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.05	1.18	1.28	1.81	2.04	2.27	ns
HSTL_I_18_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.05	1.18	1.28	1.81	2.04	2.27	ns
HSTL_II_18_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.03	1.14	1.23	1.79	2.00	2.22	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_F	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.09	1.18	1.22	1.85	2.04	2.21	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_F	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.02	1.11	1.14	1.78	1.97	2.13	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_18_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.08	1.17	1.21	1.84	2.03	2.20	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_18_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.01	1.10	1.13	1.77	1.96	2.12	ns
LVC MOS33_S4	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.77	3.90	4.00	4.53	4.76	4.99	ns
LVC MOS33_S8	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.49	3.62	3.72	4.25	4.48	4.71	ns
LVC MOS33_S12	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.05	3.18	3.28	3.81	4.04	4.27	ns
LVC MOS33_S16	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.06	3.43	3.88	3.82	4.29	4.87	ns
LVC MOS33_F4	1.31	1.40	1.60	3.22	3.36	3.45	3.98	4.22	4.44	ns
LVC MOS33_F8	1.31	1.40	1.60	2.71	2.84	2.93	3.47	3.70	3.92	ns
LVC MOS33_F12	1.31	1.40	1.60	2.57	2.85	3.15	3.33	3.71	4.14	ns
LVC MOS33_F16	1.31	1.40	1.60	2.44	2.69	2.96	3.20	3.55	3.95	ns
LVC MOS25_S4	1.08	1.16	1.32	3.08	3.22	3.31	3.84	4.08	4.30	ns
LVC MOS25_S8	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.85	2.98	3.07	3.61	3.84	4.06	ns
LVC MOS25_S12	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.44	2.57	2.67	3.20	3.43	3.66	ns
LVC MOS25_S16	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.79	2.92	3.01	3.55	3.78	4.00	ns
LVC MOS25_F4	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.71	2.84	2.93	3.47	3.70	3.92	ns
LVC MOS25_F8	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.14	2.28	2.37	2.90	3.14	3.36	ns
LVC MOS25_F12	1.08	1.16	1.32	2.15	2.29	2.52	2.91	3.15	3.51	ns
LVC MOS25_F16	1.08	1.16	1.32	1.92	2.17	2.45	2.68	3.03	3.44	ns
LVC MOS18_S4	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.55	1.68	1.78	2.31	2.54	2.77	ns
LVC MOS18_S8	0.64	0.66	0.74	2.14	2.28	2.37	2.90	3.14	3.36	ns
LVC MOS18_S12	0.64	0.66	0.74	2.14	2.28	2.37	2.90	3.14	3.36	ns
LVC MOS18_S16	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.49	1.62	1.72	2.25	2.48	2.71	ns
LVC MOS18_S24 ⁽¹⁾	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.74	1.92	2.08	2.50	2.78	3.07	ns
LVC MOS18_F4	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.38	1.51	1.61	2.14	2.37	2.60	ns
LVC MOS18_F8	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.64	1.78	1.87	2.40	2.64	2.86	ns
LVC MOS18_F12	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.64	1.78	1.87	2.40	2.64	2.86	ns
LVC MOS18_F16	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.52	1.68	1.81	2.28	2.54	2.80	ns
LVC MOS18_F24 ⁽¹⁾	0.64	0.66	0.74	1.34	1.46	1.55	2.10	2.32	2.54	ns
LVC MOS15_S4	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.86	2.00	2.09	2.62	2.86	3.08	ns
LVC MOS15_S8	0.66	0.69	0.81	2.05	2.18	2.28	2.81	3.04	3.27	ns
LVC MOS15_S12	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.83	2.03	2.23	2.59	2.89	3.22	ns
LVC MOS15_S16	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.76	1.95	2.13	2.52	2.81	3.12	ns

Table 19: 3.3V IOB High Range (HR) Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}			T _{IOOP}			T _{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
LVC MOS15_F4	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.63	1.76	1.86	2.39	2.62	2.85	ns
LVC MOS15_F8	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.79	1.99	2.18	2.55	2.85	3.17	ns
LVC MOS15_F12	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.40	1.54	1.65	2.16	2.40	2.64	ns
LVC MOS15_F16	0.66	0.69	0.81	1.37	1.51	1.61	2.13	2.37	2.60	ns
LVC MOS12_S4	0.88	0.91	1.00	2.53	2.67	2.76	3.29	3.53	3.75	ns
LVC MOS12_S8	0.88	0.91	1.00	2.05	2.18	2.28	2.81	3.04	3.27	ns
LVC MOS12_S12 ⁽¹⁾	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.75	1.89	1.98	2.51	2.75	2.97	ns
LVC MOS12_F4	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.94	2.07	2.17	2.70	2.93	3.16	ns
LVC MOS12_F8	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.50	1.64	1.73	2.26	2.50	2.72	ns
LVC MOS12_F12 ⁽¹⁾	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.54	1.71	1.87	2.30	2.57	2.86	ns
SSTL135_S	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.27	1.40	1.50	2.03	2.26	2.49	ns
SSTL15_S	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.24	1.37	1.47	2.00	2.23	2.46	ns
SSTL18_I_S	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.59	1.74	1.85	2.35	2.60	2.84	ns
SSTL18_II_S	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.27	1.40	1.50	2.03	2.26	2.49	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_S	0.59	0.61	0.73	1.27	1.40	1.50	2.03	2.26	2.49	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_S	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.24	1.37	1.47	2.00	2.23	2.46	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_S	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.50	1.63	1.72	2.26	2.49	2.71	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II_S	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.13	1.22	1.25	1.89	2.08	2.24	ns
SSTL135_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
SSTL15_F	0.61	0.64	0.73	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
SSTL18_I_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.12	1.22	1.26	1.88	2.08	2.25	ns
SSTL18_II_F	0.64	0.67	0.76	1.05	1.18	1.28	1.81	2.04	2.27	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_F	0.59	0.61	0.73	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_F	0.63	0.67	0.77	1.04	1.17	1.26	1.80	2.03	2.25	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.10	1.19	1.23	1.86	2.05	2.22	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II_F	0.65	0.69	0.78	1.02	1.10	1.14	1.78	1.96	2.13	ns

Notes:

1. This I/O standard is only available in the 3.3V high-range (HR) banks.

Table 23: OLOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Setup/Hold					
T _{ODCK} /T _{OCKD}	D1/D2 pins setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.45/−0.13	0.50/−0.13	0.58/−0.13	ns
T _{OOCECK} /T _{OCKOCE}	OCE pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.28/0.03	0.29/0.03	0.45/0.03	ns
T _{OSRCK} /T _{OCKSR}	SR pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.18	0.38/0.18	0.70/0.18	ns
T _{OTCK} /T _{OCKT}	T1/T2 pins setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.49/−0.16	0.56/−0.16	0.68/−0.16	ns
T _{OTCECK} /T _{OCKTCE}	TCE pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.28/0.01	0.30/0.01	0.45/0.01	ns
Combinatorial					
T _{ODQ}	D1 to OQ out or T1 to TQ out	0.73	0.81	0.97	ns
Sequential Delays					
T _{OCKQ}	CLK to OQ/TQ out	0.41	0.43	0.49	ns
T _{RQ_OLOGICE2}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out (HP I/O banks only)	0.63	0.70	0.83	ns
T _{GSRQ_OLOGICE2}	Global set/reset to Q outputs (HP I/O banks only)	7.60	7.60	10.51	ns
T _{RQ_OLOGICE3}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out (HR I/O banks only)	0.63	0.70	0.83	ns
T _{GSRQ_OLOGICE3}	Global set/reset to Q outputs (HR I/O banks only)	7.60	7.60	10.51	ns
Set/Reset					
T _{RPW_OLOGICE2}	Minimum pulse width, SR inputs (HP I/O banks only)	0.54	0.54	0.63	ns, Min
T _{RPW_OLOGICE3}	Minimum pulse width, SR inputs (HR I/O banks only)	0.54	0.54	0.63	ns, Min

Table 47: Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With PLL

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Clock-Capable Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard. ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾						
T _{PSPLLCC} / T _{PHPLLCC}	No delay clock-capable clock input and IFF ⁽³⁾ with PLL	XC7V585T	3.07/–0.21	3.40/–0.21	3.72/–0.21	ns
		XC7V2000T	N/A	2.99/–0.35	3.27/–0.35	ns
		XC7VX330T	2.94/–0.26	3.26/–0.26	3.57/–0.26	ns
		XC7VX415T	3.09/–0.10	3.42/–0.10	3.75/–0.10	ns
		XC7VX485T	2.95/–0.26	3.26/–0.26	3.58/–0.26	ns
		XC7VX550T	3.08/–0.20	3.40/–0.20	3.74/–0.20	ns
		XC7VX690T	3.08/–0.10	3.40/–0.10	3.74/–0.10	ns
		XC7VX980T	N/A	3.39/–0.21	3.72/–0.21	ns
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	3.00/–0.35	3.27/–0.35	ns

Notes:

- Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
- Listed below are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net in a single SLR.
- IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
- Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 48: Data Input Setup and Hold Times Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO for SSTL15 Standard.					
T _{PSCS} /T _{PHCS}	Setup/hold of I/O clock for HR I/O banks	–0.36/1.36	–0.36/1.50	–0.36/1.70	ns
	Setup/hold of I/O clock for HP I/O banks	–0.34/1.39	–0.34/1.53	–0.34/1.73	ns

Table 49: Sample Window

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T _{SAMP}	Sampling error at receiver pins ⁽¹⁾	0.51	0.56	0.61	ns
T _{SAMP_BUFIO}	Sampling error at receiver pins using BUFIO ⁽²⁾	0.30	0.35	0.40	ns

Notes:

- This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Virtex-7 T and XT FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include:
 - CLK0 MMCM jitter
 - MMCM accuracy (phase offset)
 - MMCM phase shift resolution
These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.
- This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Virtex-7 T and XT FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the BUFIO clock network and IDELAY to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

Additional Package Parameter Guidelines

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Virtex-7 T and XT FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 50: Package Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Package	Value	Units
T _{PKGSKEW}	Package Skew ⁽¹⁾	XC7V585T	FFG1157	232	ps
			FFG1761	255	ps
		XC7V2000T	FHG1761	308	ps
			FLG1925	266	ps
		XC7VX330T	FFG1157	170	ps
			FFG1761	270	ps
		XC7VX415T	FFG1157	203	ps
			FFG1158	237	ps
			FFG1927	183	ps
		XC7VX485T	FFG1157	191	ps
			FFG1158	209	ps
			FFG1761	274	ps
			FFG1927	209	ps
			FFG1930	304	ps
		XC7VX550T	FFG1158	217	ps
			FFG1927	254	ps
		XC7VX690T	FFG1157	239	ps
			FFG1158	217	ps
			FFG1761	284	ps
			FFG1926	238	ps
			FFG1927	254	ps
			FFG1930	287	ps
		XC7VX980T	FFG1926	242	ps
			FFG1928	199	ps
			FFG1930	243	ps
		XC7VX1140T	FLG1926	271	ps
			FLG1928	216	ps
			FLG1930	279	ps

Notes:

- These values represent the worst-case skew between any two SelectIO resources in the package: shortest delay to longest delay from die pad to ball.
- Package delay information is available for these device/package combinations. This information can be used to deskew the package.

Table 55: GTX Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range	-3 speed grade	60	–	700	MHz
		All other speed grades	60	–	670	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	–	200	–	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	–	200	–	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	Transceiver PLL only	40	50	60	%

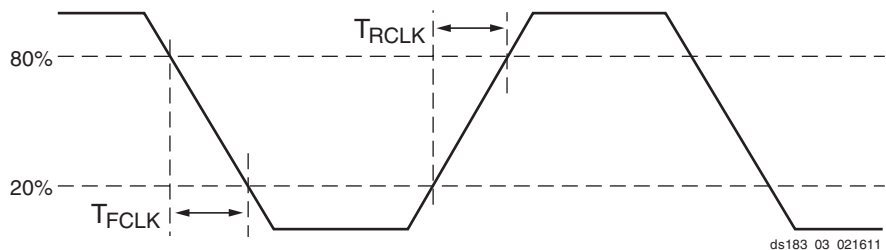


Figure 3: Reference Clock Timing Parameters

Table 56: GTX Transceiver PLL/Lock Time Adaptation

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
T_{LOCK}	Initial PLL lock		–	–	1	ms
T_{DLOCK}	Clock recovery phase acquisition and adaptation time for decision feedback equalizer (DFE).	After the PLL is locked to the reference clock, this is the time it takes to lock the clock data recovery (CDR) to the data present at the input.	–	50,000	37×10^6	UI
	Clock recovery phase acquisition and adaptation time for low-power mode (LPM) when the DFE is disabled.		–	50,000	2.3×10^6	UI

Table 58: GTX Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
TJ _{6.6_CPLL}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	6.6 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{6.6_CPLL}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{5.0}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	5.0 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{5.0}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{4.25}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	4.25 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{4.25}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{3.75}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.75 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{3.75}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{3.20}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.20 Gb/s ⁽⁵⁾	–	–	0.20	UI
DJ _{3.20}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.10	UI
TJ _{3.20L}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.20 Gb/s ⁽⁶⁾	–	–	0.32	UI
DJ _{3.20L}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.16	UI
TJ _{2.5}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	2.5 Gb/s ⁽⁷⁾	–	–	0.20	UI
DJ _{2.5}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.08	UI
TJ _{1.25}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	1.25 Gb/s ⁽⁸⁾	–	–	0.15	UI
DJ _{1.25}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.06	UI
TJ ₅₀₀	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	500 Mb/s	–	–	0.10	UI
DJ ₅₀₀	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.03	UI

Notes:

- Using same REFCLK input with TX phase alignment enabled for up to 12 consecutive transmitters (three fully populated GTX Quads).
- Using QPLL_FBDIV = 40, 20-bit internal data width. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
- Using CPLL_FBDIV = 2, 20-bit internal data width. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
- All jitter values are based on a bit-error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
- CPLL frequency at 3.2 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 2.
- CPLL frequency at 1.6 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 1.
- CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 2.
- CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 4.

GTX Transceiver Protocol Jitter Characteristics

For Table 60 through Table 65, the 7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide ([UG476](#)) contains recommended settings for optimal usage of protocol specific characteristics.

Table 60: Gigabit Ethernet Protocol Characteristics (GTX Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
Gigabit Ethernet Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter (T _{TJ})	1250	–	0.24	UI
Gigabit Ethernet Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	1250	0.749	–	UI

Table 61: XAUI Protocol Characteristics (GTX Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
XAUI Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter (T _{TJ})	3125	–	0.35	UI
XAUI Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	3125	0.65	–	UI

Table 62: PCI Express Protocol Characteristics (GTX Transceivers)⁽¹⁾

Standard	Description		Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
PCI Express Transmitter Jitter Generation						
PCI Express Gen 1	Total transmitter jitter		2500	–	0.25	UI
PCI Express Gen 2	Total transmitter jitter		5000	–	0.25	UI
PCI Express Gen 3 ⁽²⁾	Total transmitter jitter uncorrelated		8000	–	31.25	ps
	Deterministic transmitter jitter uncorrelated			–	12	ps
PCI Express Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance						
PCI Express Gen 1	Total receiver jitter tolerance		2500	0.65	–	UI
PCI Express Gen 2 ⁽³⁾	Receiver inherent timing error		5000	0.40	–	UI
	Receiver inherent deterministic timing error			0.30	–	UI
PCI Express Gen 3 ⁽²⁾	Receiver sinusoidal jitter tolerance	0.03 MHz–1.0 MHz	8000	1.00	–	UI
		1.0 MHz–10 MHz		Note 4	–	UI
		10 MHz–100 MHz		0.10	–	UI

Notes:

1. Tested per card electromechanical (CEM) methodology.
2. PCI-SIG 3.0 certification and compliance test boards are currently not available.
3. Using common REFCLK.
4. Between 1 MHz and 10 MHz the minimum sinusoidal jitter roll-off with a slope of 20dB/decade.

GTH Transceiver Specifications

GTH Transceiver DC Input and Output Levels

Table 66 summarizes the DC specifications of the GTH transceivers in Virtex-7 T and XT FPGAs. Consult the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* ([UG476](#)) for further details.

Table 66: GTH Transceiver DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DV _{PPIN}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage (external AC coupled)	>10.3125 Gb/s	150	–	1250	mV
		6.6 Gb/s to 10.3125 Gb/s	150	–	1250	mV
		≤ 6.6 Gb/s	150	–	2000	mV
V _{IN}	Absolute input voltage	DC coupled V _{MGTAVTT} = 1.2V	–400	–	V _{MGTAVTT}	mV
V _{CMIN}	Common mode input voltage	DC coupled V _{MGTAVTT} = 1.2V	–	2/3 V _{MGTAVTT}	–	mV
DV _{PPOUT}	Differential peak-to-peak output voltage ⁽¹⁾	Transmitter output swing is set to 1010	–	–	800	mV
V _{CMOUTDC}	Common mode output voltage: DC coupled	Equation based	V _{MGTAVTT} – DV _{PPOUT} /4			mV
V _{CMOUTAC}	Common mode output voltage: AC coupled	Equation based	V _{MGTAVTT} – DV _{PPOUT} /2			mV
R _{IN}	Differential input resistance		–	100	–	Ω
R _{OUT}	Differential output resistance		–	100	–	Ω
T _{OSKEW}	Transmitter output pair (TXP and TXN) intra-pair skew		–	–	10	ps
C _{EXT}	Recommended external AC coupling capacitor ⁽²⁾		–	100	–	nF

Notes:

- The output swing and preemphasis levels are programmable using the attributes discussed in the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* ([UG476](#)), and can result in values lower than reported in this table.
- Other values can be used as appropriate to conform to specific protocols and standards.

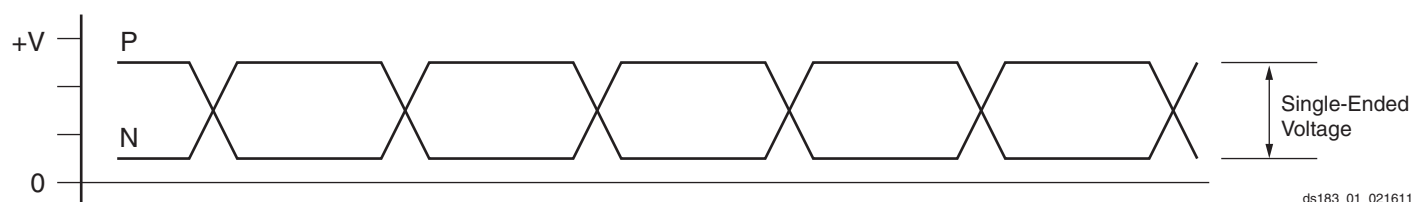


Figure 4: Single-Ended Peak-to-Peak Voltage

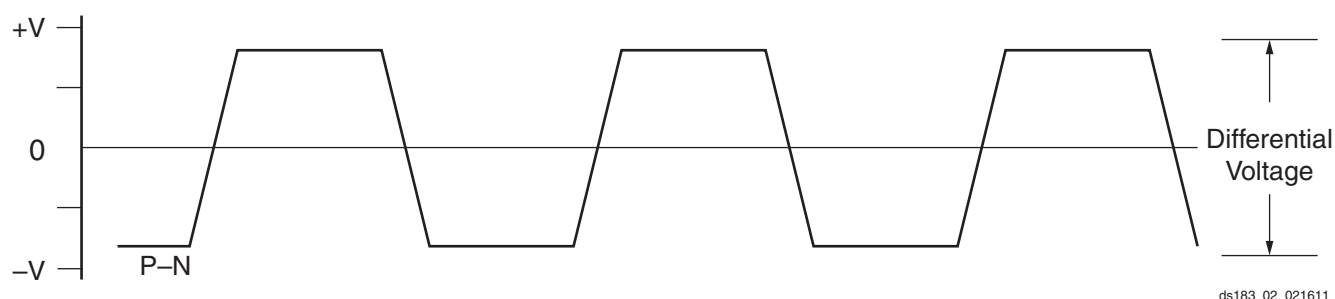


Figure 5: Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage

Table 73: GTH Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
TJ _{8.0_CPLL}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	8.0 Gb/s	–	–	0.32	UI
DJ _{8.0_CPLL}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ _{6.6_QPLL}	Total jitter ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	6.6 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ _{6.6_QPLL}	Deterministic jitter ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ _{6.6_CPLL}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	6.6 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{6.6_CPLL}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{5.0}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	5.0 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{5.0}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{4.25}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	4.25 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{4.25}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{3.75}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.75 Gb/s	–	–	0.30	UI
DJ _{3.75}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.15	UI
TJ _{3.20}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.20 Gb/s ⁽⁵⁾	–	–	0.2	UI
DJ _{3.20}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.1	UI
TJ _{3.20L}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	3.20 Gb/s ⁽⁶⁾	–	–	0.32	UI
DJ _{3.20L}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.16	UI
TJ _{2.5}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	2.5 Gb/s ⁽⁷⁾	–	–	0.20	UI
DJ _{2.5}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.08	UI
TJ _{1.25}	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	1.25 Gb/s ⁽⁸⁾	–	–	0.15	UI
DJ _{1.25}	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.06	UI
TJ ₅₀₀	Total jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	500 Mb/s	–	–	0.1	UI
DJ ₅₀₀	Deterministic jitter ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.03	UI

Notes:

- Using same REFCLK input with TX phase alignment enabled for up to 12 consecutive transmitters (three fully populated GTH Quads).
- Using QPLL_FBDIV = 40, 20-bit internal data width. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
- Using CPLL_FBDIV = 2, 20-bit internal data width. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
- All jitter values are based on a bit-error ratio of 1e⁻¹².
- CPLL frequency at 3.2 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 2.
- CPLL frequency at 1.6 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 1.
- CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 2.
- CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and TXOUT_DIV = 4.

Table 78: CEI-6G and CEI-11G Protocol Characteristics (GTH Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Interface	Min	Max	Units
CEI-6G Transmitter Jitter Generation					
Total transmitter jitter ⁽¹⁾	4976–6375	CEI-6G-SR	–	0.3	UI
		CEI-6G-LR	–	0.3	UI
CEI-6G Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance					
Total receiver jitter tolerance ⁽¹⁾	4976–6375	CEI-6G-SR	0.6	–	UI
		CEI-6G-LR	0.95	–	UI
CEI-11G Transmitter Jitter Generation					
Total transmitter jitter ⁽²⁾	9950–11100	CEI-11G-SR	–	0.3	UI
		CEI-11G-LR/MR	–	0.3	UI
CEI-11G Receiver High Frequency Jitter Tolerance					
Total receiver jitter tolerance ⁽²⁾	9950–11100	CEI-11G-SR	0.65	–	UI
		CEI-11G-MR	0.65	–	UI
		CEI-11G-LR	0.825	–	UI

Notes:

1. Tested at most commonly used line rate of 6250 Mb/s using 390.625 MHz reference clock.
2. Tested at line rate of 9950 Mb/s using 155.46875 MHz reference clock and 11100 Mb/s using 173.4375 MHz reference clock.

Table 79: SFP+ Protocol Characteristics (GTH Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
SFP+ Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter	9830.40 ⁽¹⁾	–	0.28	UI
	9953.00			
	10312.50			
	10518.75			
	11100.00			
SFP+ Receiver Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	9830.40 ⁽¹⁾	0.7	–	UI
	9953.00			
	10312.50			
	10518.75			
	11100.00			

Notes:

1. Line rated used for CPRI over SFP+ applications.

XADC Specifications

Table 82: XADC Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V _{CCADC} = 1.8V ± 5%, V _{REFP} = 1.25V, V _{REFN} = 0V, ADCCLK = 26 MHz, T _j = −40°C to 100°C, Typical values at T _j =+40°C						
ADC Accuracy ⁽¹⁾						
Resolution			12	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity ⁽²⁾	INL		–	–	±3	LSBs
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	LSBs
Offset Error		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	±6	LSBs
Gain Error		Gain calibration disabled	–	–	±0.5	%
Offset Matching		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	4	LSBs
Gain Matching		Gain calibration disabled	–	–	0.3	%
Sample Rate			0.1	–	1	MS/s
Signal to Noise Ratio ⁽²⁾	SNR	F _{SAMPLE} = 500KS/s, F _{IN} = 20KHz	60	–	–	dB
RMS Code Noise		External 1.25V reference	–	–	2	LSBs
		On-chip reference	–	3	–	LSBs
Total Harmonic Distortion ⁽²⁾	THD	F _{SAMPLE} = 500KS/s, F _{IN} = 20KHz	–	70	–	dB
ADC Accuracy at Extended Temperatures (-55°C to 125°C)						
Resolution			10	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity ⁽²⁾	INL		–	–	±1	LSB (at 10 bits)
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	
Analog Inputs ⁽³⁾						
ADC Input Ranges		Unipolar operation	0	–	1	V
		Bipolar operation	−0.5	–	+0.5	V
		Unipolar common mode range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	V
		Bipolar common mode range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	V
Maximum External Channel Input Ranges		Adjacent channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels	−0.1	–	V _{CCADC}	V
Auxiliary Channel Full Resolution Bandwidth	FRBW		250	–	–	KHz
On-Chip Sensors						
Temperature Sensor Error		T _j = −40°C to 100°C.	–	–	±4	°C
		T _j = −55°C to +125°C	–	–	±6	°C
Supply Sensor Error		Measurement range of V _{CCAUX} 1.8V ±5% T _j = −40°C to +100°C	–	–	±1	%
		Measurement range of V _{CCAUX} 1.8V ±5% T _j = −55°C to +125°C	–	–	±2	%
Conversion Rate ⁽⁴⁾						
Conversion Time - Continuous	t _{CONV}	Number of ADCCLK cycles	26	–	32	cycle
Conversion Time - Event	t _{CONV}	Number of CLK cycles	–	–	21	cycle
DRP Clock Frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency	8	–	250	MHz
ADC Clock Frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK	1	–	26	MHz
DCLK Duty Cycle			40	–	60	%

Table 83: Configuration Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description		Virtex-7 T and XT Devices	Speed Grade			Units
				-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
Master/Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching							
T _{DCC} /T _{CCKD}	DIN setup/hold		4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	ns, Min	
T _{CCO}	DOUT clock to out		8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max	
SelectMAP Mode Programming Switching							
T _{SMDCC} /T _{SMCCKD}	D[31:00] setup/hold		4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	ns, Min	
T _{SMCSCCK} /T _{SMCCKCS}	CSI_B setup/hold		4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	ns, Min	
T _{SMWCCK} /T _{SMCCKW}	RDWR_B setup/hold		10.0/0.0	10.0/0.0	10.0/0.0	ns, Min	
T _{SMCKCSO}	CSO_B clock to out (330 Ω pull-up resistor required)		7.0	7.0	7.0	ns, Max	
T _{SMCO}	D[31:00] clock to out in readback		8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max	
F _{RBCK}	Readback frequency	SLR-based	70	70	70	MHz, Max	
		All other devices	100	100	100	MHz, Max	
Boundary-Scan Port Timing Specifications							
T _{TAPTCK} /T _{TCKTAP}	TMS and TDI setup/hold	SLR-based	9.0/2.0	9.0/2.0	9.0/2.0	ns, Min	
		All other devices	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	ns, Min	
T _{TCKTDO}	TCK falling edge to TDO output	SLR-based	17	17	17	ns, Max	
		All other devices	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns, Max	
F _{TCK}	TCK frequency	SLR-based	20	20	20	MHz, Max	
		All other devices	66	66	66	MHz, Max	
BPI Master Flash Mode Programming Switching							
T _{BPICCO} ⁽²⁾	A[28:00], RS[1:0], FCS_B, FOE_B, FWE_B, ADV_B clock to out		8.5	8.5	8.5	ns, Max	
T _{BPIDCC} /T _{BPICCD}	D[15:00] setup/hold		4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	ns, Min	
SPI Master Flash Mode Programming Switching							
T _{SPIDCC} /T _{SPICCD}	D[03:00] setup/hold		3.0/0.0	3.0/0.0	3.0/0.0	ns, Min	
T _{SPICCM}	MOSI clock to out		8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max	
T _{SPICCF}	FCS_B clock to out		8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max	

Notes:

1. To support longer delays in configuration, use the design solutions described in the *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* ([UG470](#)).
2. Only during configuration, the last edge is determined by a weak pull-up/pull-down resistor in the I/O.

eFUSE Programming Conditions

Table 84 lists the programming conditions specifically for eFUSE. For more information, see the *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* ([UG470](#)).

Table 84: eFUSE Programming Conditions⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{FS}	V_{CCAUX} supply current	–	–	115	mA
t_j	Temperature range	15	–	125	°C

Notes:

1. The FPGA must not be configured during eFUSE programming.

Date	Version	Description
03/27/2013	1.13	In Table 7 , added values for the XC7VX330T and XC7VX415T devices. Revised Table 15 and Table 16 to include production release of the XC7VX330T and XC7VX415T. In Table 18 , updated the table title, LPDDR2 values, and removed Note 3. Removed Note 2: <i>For QPLL line rate, the maximum line rate with the divider N set to 66 is 10.3125 Gb/s</i> from Table 68 .
04/17/2013	1.14	Updated the AC Switching Characteristics section with production release changes to Table 15 and Table 16 for XC7VX550T for all speed specifications. In Table 1 , revised V_{IN} (I/O input voltage) to match values in Table 4 and Table 5 , and combined Note 4 with old Note 5 and then added new Note 5 . Revised V_{IN} description and added Note 8 in Table 2 . Updated first 3 rows in Table 4 and Table 5 . Updated values and added new values to Table 7 . Also revised PCI33_3 voltage minimum in Table 10 to match values in Table 1 , Table 4 , and Table 5 . Added Note 1 to Table 12 and Table 13 . Throughout the data sheet (Table 29 , Table 30 , and Table 45) removed the obvious note "A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time." Updated and clarified USRCLK data in Table 57 and Table 72 .

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