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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	54150
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	693120
Total RAM Bits	54190080
Number of I/O	1000
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.97V ~ 1.03V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1924-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1930-FCBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7vx690t-2ffg1930i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7vx690t-2ffg1930i</a>

Table 3: DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Units
$I_{RPD}$	Pad pull-down (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 3.3V$	68	—	330	$\mu A$
	Pad pull-down (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 1.8V$	45	—	180	$\mu A$
$I_{CCADC}$	Analog supply current, analog circuits in powered up state	—	—	25	mA
$I_{BATT}^{(3)}$	Battery supply current	—	—	150	nA
$R_{IN\_TERM}^{(4)}$	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to $V_{CCO}/2$ (UNTUNED_SPLIT_40) for commercial (C), industrial (I), and extended (E) temperature devices	28	40	55	$\Omega$
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to $V_{CCO}/2$ (UNTUNED_SPLIT_50) for commercial (C), industrial (I), and extended (E) temperature devices	35	50	65	$\Omega$
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to $V_{CCO}/2$ (UNTUNED_SPLIT_60) for commercial (C), industrial (I), and extended (E) temperature devices	44	60	83	$\Omega$
$n$	Temperature diode ideality factor	—	1.010	—	—
$r$	Temperature diode series resistance	—	2	—	$\Omega$

**Notes:**

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.
3. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
4. Termination resistance to a  $V_{CCO}/2$  level.

Table 4:  $V_{IN}$  Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for 3.3V HR I/O Banks<sup>(1)</sup>

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI @ -40°C to 100°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI @ -40°C to 100°C
$V_{CCO} + 0.55$	100	-0.40	100
		-0.45	61.7
		-0.50	25.8
		-0.55	11.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.60$	46.6	-0.60	4.77
$V_{CCO} + 0.65$	21.2	-0.65	2.10
$V_{CCO} + 0.70$	9.75	-0.70	0.94
$V_{CCO} + 0.75$	4.55	-0.75	0.43
$V_{CCO} + 0.80$	2.15	-0.80	0.20
$V_{CCO} + 0.85$	1.02	-0.85	0.09
$V_{CCO} + 0.90$	0.49	-0.90	0.04
$V_{CCO} + 0.95$	0.24	-0.95	0.02

**Notes:**

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.

Table 5:  $V_{IN}$  Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for 1.8V HP I/O Banks<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI @-40°C to 100°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI @-40°C to 100°C
$V_{CCO} + 0.55$	100	-0.55	100
$V_{CCO} + 0.60$	50.0	-0.60	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.65$	50.0	-0.65	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.70$	47.0	-0.70	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.75$	21.2	-0.75	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.80$	9.71	-0.80	50.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.85$	4.51	-0.85	28.4
$V_{CCO} + 0.90$	2.12	-0.90	12.7
$V_{CCO} + 0.95$	1.01	-0.95	5.79

**Notes:**

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
2. For UI smaller than 20  $\mu$ s.

Table 6: Typical Quiescent Supply Current

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
I <sub>CCINTQ</sub>	Quiescent $V_{CCINT}$ supply current	XC7V585T	1483	1483	1483	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	3756	3756	mA
		XC7VX330T	1012	1012	1012	mA
		XC7VX415T	1324	1324	1324	mA
		XC7VX485T	1578	1578	1578	mA
		XC7VX550T	2214	2214	2214	mA
		XC7VX690T	2214	2214	2214	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	2580	2580	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	3448	3448	mA
I <sub>CCOQ</sub>	Quiescent $V_{CCO}$ supply current	XC7V585T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7V2000T	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC7VX330T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX415T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX485T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX550T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX690T	1	1	1	mA
		XC7VX980T	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	1	1	mA

**Table 7** shows the minimum current, in addition to  $I_{CCQ}$ , that is required by Virtex-7 T and XT devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in **Table 6** and **Table 7** are met, the device powers on after all five supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must not be configured until after  $V_{CCINT}$  is applied.

Once initialized and configured, use the XPower tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

**Table 7: Power-On Current for Virtex-7 T and XT Devices**

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	$I_{CCOMIN}$	$I_{CCAUX\_IO}$	$I_{CCBRAM}$	Units
	$I_{CCINTQ}^{(1)}$	$I_{CCAUXQ}^{(1)}$	$I_{CCOQ}^{(1)}$	$I_{CCOAUQ}^{(1)}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ}^{(1)}$	
XC7V585T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 2700$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 60 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 108$	mA
XC7V2000T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 4000$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 80$	$I_{CCOQ} + 60 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 176$	mA
XC7VX330T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 1000$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 65$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 95$	mA
XC7VX415T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 1200$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 75$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 115$	mA
XC7VX485T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 1200$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 80$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 140$	mA
XC7VX550T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 3300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 143$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 57 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 200$	mA
XC7VX690T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 3300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 143$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 57 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 200$	mA
XC7VX980T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 6500$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 202$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 60 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 204$	mA
XC7VX1140T	$I_{CCINTQ} + 8000$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 235$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCOAUQ} + 63 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 256$	mA

**Notes:**

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at <http://www.xilinx.com/power>) to calculate maximum power-on currents.

**Table 8: Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
$T_{VCCINT}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCINT}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCO}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCAUX}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCAUX}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCAUX\_IO}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCAUX\_IO}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{CCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCBRAM}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$	Allowed time per power cycle for $V_{CCO} - V_{CCAUX} > 2.625\text{V}$	$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}^{(1)}$	–	500	ms
		$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}^{(1)}$	–	800	
$T_{MGTAVCC}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{MGTAVTT}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVTT}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{MGTVCCAUX}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$		0.2	50	ms

**Notes:**

1. Based on 240,000 power cycles with nominal  $V_{CCO}$  of 3.3V or 36,500 power cycles with a worst case  $V_{CCO}$  of 3.465V.

## DC Input and Output Levels

Values for  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$  are recommended input voltages. Values for  $I_{OL}$  and  $I_{OH}$  are guaranteed over the recommended operating conditions at the  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  test points. Only selected standards are tested. These are chosen to ensure that all standards meet their specifications. The selected standards are tested at a minimum  $V_{CCO}$  with the respective  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  voltage levels shown. Other standards are sample tested.

Table 9: SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

I/O Standard	$V_{IL}$		$V_{IH}$		$V_{OL}$	$V_{OH}$	$I_{OL}$	$I_{OH}$
	$V$ , Min	$V$ , Max	$V$ , Min	$V$ , Max	$V$ , Max	$V$ , Min	mA	mA
HSTL_I	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	8	-8
HSTL_I_12	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.080$	$V_{REF} + 0.080$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	25% $V_{CCO}$	75% $V_{CCO}$	6.3	-6.3
HSTL_I_18	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	8	-8
HSTL_II	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	16	-16
HSTL_II_18	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	16	-16
HSUL_12	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.130$	$V_{REF} + 0.130$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	20% $V_{CCO}$	80% $V_{CCO}$	0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS12	-0.300	35% $V_{CCO}$	65% $V_{CCO}$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	Note 3	Note 3
LVCMOS15, LVDCI_15	-0.300	35% $V_{CCO}$	65% $V_{CCO}$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	25% $V_{CCO}$	75% $V_{CCO}$	Note 4	Note 4
LVCMOS18, LVDCI_18	-0.300	35% $V_{CCO}$	65% $V_{CCO}$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.450	$V_{CCO} - 0.450$	Note 5	Note 5
LVCMOS25	-0.300	0.700	1.700	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	Note 6	Note 6
LVCMOS33	-0.300	0.800	2.000	3.450	0.400	$V_{CCO} - 0.400$	Note 6	Note 6
LVTTL	-0.300	0.800	2.000	3.450	0.400	2.400	Note 7	Note 7
MOBILE_DDR	-0.300	20% $V_{CCO}$	80% $V_{CCO}$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	10% $V_{CCO}$	90% $V_{CCO}$	0.1	-0.1
PCI33_3	-0.400	30% $V_{CCO}$	50% $V_{CCO}$	$V_{CCO} + 0.500$	10% $V_{CCO}$	90% $V_{CCO}$	1.5	-0.5
SSTL12	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.150$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.150$	14.25	-14.25
SSTL135	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.090$	$V_{REF} + 0.090$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.150$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.150$	13.0	-13.0
SSTL135_R	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.090$	$V_{REF} + 0.090$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.150$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.150$	8.9	-8.9
SSTL15	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.175$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.175$	13.0	-13.0
SSTL15_R	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.100$	$V_{REF} + 0.100$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.175$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.175$	8.9	-8.9
SSTL18_I	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.470$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.470$	8	-8
SSTL18_II	-0.300	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCO} + 0.300$	$V_{CCO}/2 - 0.600$	$V_{CCO}/2 + 0.600$	13.4	-13.4

### Notes:

- Tested according to relevant specifications.
- 3.3V and 2.5V standards are only supported in 3.3V I/O banks.
- Supported drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, or 8 mA in HP I/O banks and 4, 8, or 12 mA in HR I/O banks.
- Supported drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 16 mA in HP I/O banks and 4, 8, 12, or 16 mA in HR I/O banks.
- Supported drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 16 mA in HP I/O banks and 4, 8, 12, 16, or 24 mA in HR I/O banks.
- Supported drive strengths of 4, 8, 12, or 16 mA
- Supported drive strengths of 4, 8, 12, 16, or 24 mA
- For detailed interface specific DC voltage levels, see the 7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide ([UG471](#)).

Table 10: Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	V <sub>ICM</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>			V <sub>ID</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>			V <sub>OCM</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>			V <sub>OD</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>		
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max
BLVDS_25	0.300	1.200	1.425	0.100	—	—	—	1.250	—	Note 5		
MINI_LVDS_25	0.300	1.200	V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	0.200	0.400	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.300	0.450	0.600
PPDS_25	0.200	0.900	V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	0.100	0.250	0.400	0.500	0.950	1.400	0.100	0.250	0.400
RSDS_25	0.300	0.900	1.500	0.100	0.350	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.100	0.350	0.600
TMDS_33	2.700	2.965	3.230	0.150	0.675	1.200	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.405	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.300	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.190	0.400	0.600	0.800

**Notes:**

1. V<sub>ICM</sub> is the input common mode voltage.
2. V<sub>ID</sub> is the input differential voltage (Q –  $\bar{Q}$ ).
3. V<sub>OCM</sub> is the output common mode voltage.
4. V<sub>OD</sub> is the output differential voltage (Q –  $\bar{Q}$ ).
5. V<sub>OD</sub> for BLVDS will vary significantly depending on topology and loading.
6. LVDS\_25 is specified in Table 12.
7. LVDS is specified in Table 13.

Table 11: Complementary Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	V <sub>ICM</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>			V <sub>ID</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>			V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>		V <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>		I <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub>
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min				
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.400	8.00	–8.00				
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.400	8.00	–8.00				
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.400	16.00	–16.00				
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> –0.400	16.00	–16.00				
DIFF_HSUL_12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	—	20% V <sub>CCO</sub>	80% V <sub>CCO</sub>	0.100	–0.100				
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	10% V <sub>CCO</sub>	90% V <sub>CCO</sub>	0.100	–0.100				
DIFF_SSTL12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.150	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.150	14.25	–14.25				
DIFF_SSTL135	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.150	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.150	13.0	–13.0				
DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.150	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.150	8.9	–8.9				
DIFF_SSTL15	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.175	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.175	13.0	–13.0				
DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.175	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.175	8.9	–8.9				
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.470	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.470	8.00	–8.00				
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.600	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.600	13.4	–13.4				

**Notes:**

1. V<sub>ICM</sub> is the input common mode voltage.
2. V<sub>ID</sub> is the input differential voltage (Q –  $\bar{Q}$ ).
3. V<sub>OL</sub> is the single-ended low-output voltage.
4. V<sub>OH</sub> is the single-ended high-output voltage.

## LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS\_25)

The LVDS standard is available in the HR I/O banks.

**Table 12: LVDS\_25 DC Specifications<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{CCO}$	Supply voltage		2.375	2.500	2.625	V
$V_{OH}$	Output High voltage for Q and $\bar{Q}$	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.675	V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low voltage for Q and $\bar{Q}$	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	0.700	–	–	V
$V_{ODIFF}$	Differential output voltage ( $Q - \bar{Q}$ ), Q = High ( $Q - Q$ ), $\bar{Q}$ = High	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
$V_{OCM}$	Output common-mode voltage	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	1.000	1.250	1.425	V
$V_{IDIFF}$	Differential input voltage ( $Q - \bar{Q}$ ), Q = High ( $\bar{Q} - Q$ ), $\bar{Q}$ = High		100	350	600	mV
$V_{ICM}$	Input common-mode voltage		0.300	1.200	1.425	V

**Notes:**

1. Differential inputs for LVDS\_25 can be placed in banks with  $V_{CCO}$  levels that are different from the required level for outputs. Consult the 7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide ([UG471](#)) for more information.

## LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS)

The LVDS standard is available in the HP I/O banks.

**Table 13: LVDS DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{CCO}$	Supply voltage		1.710	1.800	1.890	V
$V_{OH}$	Output High voltage for Q and $\bar{Q}$	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.675	V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low voltage for Q and $\bar{Q}$	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	0.825	–	–	V
$V_{ODIFF}$	Differential output voltage ( $Q - \bar{Q}$ ), Q = High ( $Q - Q$ ), $\bar{Q}$ = High	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
$V_{OCM}$	Output common-mode voltage	$R_T = 100 \Omega$ across Q and $\bar{Q}$ signals	1.000	1.250	1.425	V
$V_{IDIFF}$	Differential input voltage ( $Q - \bar{Q}$ ), Q = High ( $\bar{Q} - Q$ ), $\bar{Q}$ = High	Common-mode input voltage = 1.25V	100	350	600	mV
$V_{ICM}$	Input common-mode voltage	Differential input voltage = ±350 mV	0.300	1.200	1.425	V

**Notes:**

1. Differential inputs for LVDS can be placed in banks with  $V_{CCO}$  levels that are different from the required level for outputs. Consult the 7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide ([UG471](#)) for more information.

## Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Virtex-7 T and XT devices. The numbers reported here are worst-case values; they have all been fully characterized. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the [AC Switching Characteristics, page 12](#). In each table, the I/O bank type is either High Performance (HP) or High Range (HR).

**Table 17: Networking Applications Interface Performances**

Description	I/O Bank Type	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	HR	710	710	625	Mb/s
	HP	710	710	625	Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 14)	HR	1250	1250	950	Mb/s
	HP	1600	1400	1250	Mb/s
SDR LVDS receiver (SFI-4.1) <sup>(1)</sup>	HR	710	710	625	Mb/s
	HP	710	710	625	Mb/s
DDR LVDS receiver (SPI-4.2) <sup>(1)</sup>	HR	1250	1250	950	Mb/s
	HP	1600	1400	1250	Mb/s

**Notes:**

1. LVDS receivers are typically bounded with certain applications where specific dynamic phase-alignment (DPA) algorithms dominate deterministic performance.

Table 20: 1.8V IOB High Performance (HP) Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T <sub>IOPI</sub>			T <sub>IOOP</sub>			T <sub>IOTP</sub>			Units	
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade				
	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1		
DIFF_HSTL_I_18_F	0.75	0.79	0.92	1.04	1.16	1.24	1.68	1.91	2.06	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_18_F	0.75	0.79	0.92	0.98	1.09	1.16	1.62	1.85	1.98	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I_DCI_18_F	0.75	0.79	0.92	1.04	1.16	1.24	1.67	1.91	2.06	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_DCI_18_F	0.75	0.79	0.92	0.98	1.09	1.16	1.61	1.85	1.98	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_T_DCI_18_F	0.75	0.79	0.92	1.04	1.16	1.24	1.67	1.91	2.06	ns	
LVCMOS18_S2	0.47	0.50	0.60	3.95	4.28	4.85	4.59	5.04	5.67	ns	
LVCMOS18_S4	0.47	0.50	0.60	2.67	2.98	3.43	3.31	3.73	4.26	ns	
LVCMOS18_S6	0.47	0.50	0.60	2.14	2.38	2.72	2.77	3.14	3.54	ns	
LVCMOS18_S8	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.98	2.21	2.52	2.61	2.97	3.35	ns	
LVCMOS18_S12	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.70	1.91	2.17	2.34	2.67	2.99	ns	
LVCMOS18_S16	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.57	1.75	1.97	2.20	2.51	2.79	ns	
LVCMOS18_F2	0.47	0.50	0.60	3.50	3.87	4.48	4.14	4.63	5.30	ns	
LVCMOS18_F4	0.47	0.50	0.60	2.23	2.50	2.87	2.87	3.25	3.69	ns	
LVCMOS18_F6	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.80	2.00	2.26	2.43	2.76	3.08	ns	
LVCMOS18_F8	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.46	1.72	2.04	2.10	2.47	2.86	ns	
LVCMOS18_F12	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.26	1.40	1.53	1.89	2.16	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS18_F16	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.19	1.33	1.44	1.83	2.08	2.26	ns	
LVCMOS15_S2	0.59	0.62	0.73	3.55	3.89	4.45	4.19	4.65	5.27	ns	
LVCMOS15_S4	0.59	0.62	0.73	2.45	2.70	3.06	3.08	3.45	3.89	ns	
LVCMOS15_S6	0.59	0.62	0.73	2.24	2.51	2.88	2.88	3.26	3.71	ns	
LVCMOS15_S8	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.91	2.16	2.49	2.55	2.91	3.31	ns	
LVCMOS15_S12	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.77	1.98	2.23	2.41	2.73	3.05	ns	
LVCMOS15_S16	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.62	1.81	2.02	2.26	2.56	2.84	ns	
LVCMOS15_F2	0.59	0.62	0.73	3.38	3.69	4.18	4.02	4.44	5.00	ns	
LVCMOS15_F4	0.59	0.62	0.73	2.04	2.21	2.44	2.68	2.97	3.26	ns	
LVCMOS15_F6	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.47	1.74	2.09	2.10	2.50	2.91	ns	
LVCMOS15_F8	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.31	1.46	1.61	1.95	2.22	2.43	ns	
LVCMOS15_F12	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.21	1.34	1.45	1.84	2.10	2.27	ns	
LVCMOS15_F16	0.59	0.62	0.73	1.18	1.31	1.41	1.82	2.07	2.23	ns	
LVCMOS12_S2	0.64	0.67	0.78	3.38	3.80	4.48	4.02	4.55	5.30	ns	
LVCMOS12_S4	0.64	0.67	0.78	2.62	2.94	3.43	3.26	3.70	4.25	ns	
LVCMOS12_S6	0.64	0.67	0.78	2.05	2.33	2.72	2.69	3.08	3.54	ns	
LVCMOS12_S8	0.64	0.67	0.78	1.94	2.18	2.51	2.58	2.94	3.33	ns	
LVCMOS12_F2	0.64	0.67	0.78	2.84	3.15	3.62	3.48	3.90	4.44	ns	
LVCMOS12_F4	0.64	0.67	0.78	1.97	2.18	2.44	2.61	2.93	3.26	ns	
LVCMOS12_F6	0.64	0.67	0.78	1.33	1.51	1.70	1.96	2.26	2.52	ns	
LVCMOS12_F8	0.64	0.67	0.78	1.27	1.42	1.55	1.91	2.18	2.37	ns	
LVDCI_18	0.47	0.50	0.60	1.99	2.15	2.35	2.62	2.91	3.17	ns	

## Output Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 25: OSERDES Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
<b>Setup/Hold</b>					
T <sub>OSDCK_D</sub> /T <sub>OSCKD_D</sub>	D input setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.37/0.02	0.40/0.02	0.55/0.02	ns
T <sub>OSDCK_T</sub> /T <sub>OSCKD_T</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	T input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.49/-0.15	0.56/-0.15	0.68/-0.15	ns
T <sub>OSDCK_T2</sub> /T <sub>OSCKD_T2</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	T input setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.27/-0.15	0.30/-0.15	0.34/-0.15	ns
T <sub>OSCCK_OCE</sub> /T <sub>OSCKC_OCE</sub>	OCE input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.28/0.03	0.29/0.03	0.45/0.03	ns
T <sub>OSCCK_S</sub>	SR (Reset) input setup with respect to CLKDIV	0.41	0.46	0.75	ns
T <sub>OSCCK_TCE</sub> /T <sub>OSCKC_TCE</sub>	TCE input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.28/0.01	0.30/0.01	0.45/0.01	ns
<b>Sequential Delays</b>					
T <sub>OSCKO_OQ</sub>	Clock to out from CLK to OQ	0.35	0.37	0.42	ns
T <sub>OSCKO_TQ</sub>	Clock to out from CLK to TQ	0.41	0.43	0.49	ns
<b>Combinatorial</b>					
T <sub>OSDO_TTQ</sub>	T input to TQ Out	0.73	0.81	0.97	ns

**Notes:**

1. T<sub>OSDCK\_T2</sub> and T<sub>OSCKD\_T2</sub> are reported as T<sub>OSDCK\_T</sub>/T<sub>OSCKD\_T</sub> in the timing report.

## Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Table 26: Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
<b>IDELAYCTRL</b>					
T <sub>DLYCCO_RDY</sub>	Reset to ready for IDELAYCTRL	3.22	3.22	3.22	μs
F <sub>IDELAYCTRL_REF</sub>	Attribute REFCLK frequency = 200.0 <sup>(1)</sup>	200	200	200	MHz
	Attribute REFCLK frequency = 300.0 <sup>(1)</sup>	300	300	N/A	MHz
IDELAYCTRL_REF_PRECISION	REFCLK precision	±10	±10	±10	MHz
T <sub>IDELAYCTRL_RPW</sub>	Minimum reset pulse width	52.00	52.00	52.00	ns
<b>IDELAY/ODELAY</b>					
T <sub>IDELAYRESOLUTION</sub>	IDELAY/ODELAY chain delay resolution	1/(32 x 2 x F <sub>REF</sub> )			ps
T <sub>IDELAYPAT_JIT</sub> and T <sub>ODELAYPAT_JIT</sub>	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for clock pattern. <sup>(2)</sup>	0	0	0	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern (PRBS 23) <sup>(3)</sup>	±5	±5	±5	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern (PRBS 23) <sup>(4)</sup>	±9	±9	±9	ps per tap
T <sub>IDELAY_CLK_MAX</sub> / T <sub>ODELAY_CLK_MAX</sub>	Maximum frequency of CLK input to IDELAY/ODELAY	800	800	710	MHz
T <sub>IDCCK_CE</sub> / T <sub>IDCKC_CE</sub>	CE pin setup/hold with respect to C for IDELAY	0.11/0.10	0.14/0.12	0.18/0.14	ns
T <sub>ODCCK_CE</sub> / T <sub>ODCKC_CE</sub>	CE pin setup/hold with respect to C for ODELAY	0.14/0.03	0.16/0.04	0.19/0.05	ns
T <sub>IDCCK_INC</sub> / T <sub>IDCKC_INC</sub>	INC pin setup/hold with respect to C for IDELAY	0.10/0.14	0.12/0.16	0.14/0.20	ns
T <sub>ODCCK_INC</sub> / T <sub>ODCKC_INC</sub>	INC pin setup/hold with respect to C for ODELAY	0.10/0.07	0.12/0.08	0.13/0.09	ns
T <sub>IDCCK_RST</sub> / T <sub>IDCKC_RST</sub>	RST pin setup/hold with respect to C for IDELAY	0.13/0.08	0.14/0.10	0.16/0.12	ns
T <sub>ODCCK_RST</sub> / T <sub>ODCKC_RST</sub>	RST pin setup/hold with respect to C for ODELAY	0.16/0.04	0.19/0.06	0.24/0.08	ns
T <sub>IDDO_IDATAIN</sub>	Propagation delay through IDELAY	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	ps
T <sub>ODDO_ODATAIN</sub>	Propagation delay through ODELAY	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	ps

**Notes:**

1. Average tap delay at 200 MHz = 78 ps, at 300 MHz = 52 ps.
2. When HIGH\_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE or FALSE.
3. When HIGH\_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE.
4. When HIGH\_PERFORMANCE mode is set to FALSE.
5. Delay depends on IDELAY/ODELAY tap setting. See the timing report for actual values.

Table 31: Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
F <sub>MAX_BRAM_WF_NC</sub>	Block RAM (Write first and No change modes) When not in SDP RF mode	601.32	543.77	458.09	MHz
F <sub>MAX_BRAM_RF_PERFORMANCE</sub>	Block RAM (Read first, Performance mode) When in SDP RF mode but no address overlap between port A and port B	601.32	543.77	458.09	MHz
F <sub>MAX_BRAM_RF_DELAYED_WRITE</sub>	Block RAM (Read first, Delayed_write mode) When in SDP RF mode and there is possibility of overlap between port A and port B addresses	528.26	477.33	400.80	MHz
F <sub>MAX_CAS_WF_NC</sub>	Block RAM Cascade (Write first, No change mode) When cascade but not in RF mode	551.27	493.83	408.00	MHz
F <sub>MAX_CAS_RF_PERFORMANCE</sub>	Block RAM Cascade (Read first, Performance mode) When in cascade with RF mode and no possibility of address overlap/one port is disabled	551.27	493.83	408.00	MHz
F <sub>MAX_CAS_RF_DELAYED_WRITE</sub>	When in cascade RF mode and there is a possibility of address overlap between port A and port B	478.24	427.35	350.88	MHz
F <sub>MAX_FIFO</sub>	FIFO in all modes without ECC	601.32	543.77	458.09	MHz
F <sub>MAX_ECC</sub>	Block RAM and FIFO in ECC configuration	484.26	430.85	351.12	MHz

**Notes:**

1. The timing report shows all of these parameters as T<sub>RCKO\_DO</sub>.
2. T<sub>RCKO\_DOR</sub> includes T<sub>RCKO\_DOW</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_DOPR</sub>, and T<sub>RCKO\_DOPW</sub> as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
3. These parameters also apply to synchronous FIFO with DO\_REG = 0.
4. T<sub>RCKO\_DO</sub> includes T<sub>RCKO\_DOP</sub> as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
5. These parameters also apply to multirate (asynchronous) and synchronous FIFO with DO\_REG = 1.
6. T<sub>RCKO\_FLAGS</sub> includes the following parameters: T<sub>RCKO\_AEMPTY</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_AFULL</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_EMPTY</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_FULL</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_RDERR</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_WRERR</sub>.
7. T<sub>RCKO\_POINTERS</sub> includes both T<sub>RCKO\_RDCOUNT</sub> and T<sub>RCKO\_WRCOUNT</sub>.
8. The ADDR setup and hold must be met when EN is asserted (even when WE is deasserted). Otherwise, block RAM data corruption is possible.
9. These parameters include both A and B inputs as well as the parity inputs of A and B.
10. T<sub>RCKO\_FLAGS</sub> includes the following flags: AEMPTY, AFULL, EMPTY, FULL, RDERR, WRERR, RDCOUNT, and WRCOUNT.
11. RDEN and WREN must be held Low prior to and during reset. The FIFO reset must be asserted for at least five positive clock edges of the slowest clock (WRCLK or RDCLK).

Table 32: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T <sub>DSPDO_A_P</sub>	A input to P output not using multiplier	1.30	1.48	1.76	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_C_P</sub>	C input to P output	1.13	1.30	1.55	ns
<b>Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Cascading Output Pins</b>					
T <sub>DSPDO_{A; B}_{ACOUT; BCOUT}</sub>	{A, B} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output	0.47	0.53	0.63	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_{A, B}_CARRYCASCOU_MULT</sub>	{A, B} input to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier	3.44	3.94	4.69	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_D_CARRYCASCOU_MULT</sub>	D input to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier	3.36	3.85	4.58	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_{A, B}_CARRYCASCOU</sub>	{A, B} input to CARRYCASCOU output not using multiplier	1.50	1.72	2.04	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_C_CARRYCASCOU</sub>	C input to CARRYCASCOU output	1.34	1.53	1.83	ns
<b>Combinatorial Delays from Cascading Input Pins to All Output Pins</b>					
T <sub>DSPDO_ACIN_P_MULT</sub>	ACIN input to P output using multiplier	3.09	3.55	4.24	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_ACIN_P</sub>	ACIN input to P output not using multiplier	1.16	1.33	1.59	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_ACIN_ACOUT</sub>	ACIN input to ACOUT output	0.32	0.37	0.45	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_ACIN_CARRYCASCOU_MULT</sub>	ACIN input to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier	3.30	3.79	4.52	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_ACIN_CARRYCASCOU</sub>	ACIN input to CARRYCASCOU output not using multiplier	1.37	1.57	1.87	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_PCIN_P</sub>	PCIN input to P output	0.94	1.08	1.29	ns
T <sub>DSPDO_PCIN_CARRYCASCOU</sub>	PCIN input to CARRYCASCOU output	1.15	1.32	1.57	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Output Register Clock to Output Pins</b>					
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_PREG</sub>	CLK PREG to P output	0.33	0.35	0.39	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_PREG</sub>	CLK PREG to CARRYCASCOU output	0.44	0.50	0.59	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Pipeline Register Clock to Output Pins</b>					
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_MREG</sub>	CLK MREG to P output	1.42	1.64	1.96	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_MREG</sub>	CLK MREG to CARRYCASCOU output	1.63	1.87	2.24	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_ADREG_MULT</sub>	CLK ADREG to P output using multiplier	2.30	2.63	3.13	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_ADREG_MULT</sub>	CLK ADREG to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier	2.51	2.87	3.41	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Output Pins</b>					
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_AREG_MULT</sub>	CLK AREG to P output using multiplier	3.34	3.83	4.55	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_BREG</sub>	CLK BREG to P output not using multiplier	1.39	1.59	1.88	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_CREG</sub>	CLK CREG to P output not using multiplier	1.43	1.64	1.95	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_DREG_MULT</sub>	CLK DREG to P output using multiplier	3.32	3.80	4.51	ns

Table 32: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
<b>Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Cascading Output Pins</b>					
T <sub>DSPCKO_(ACOUT; BCOUT)_(AREG; BREG)</sub>	CLK (ACOUT, BCOUT) to {A,B} register output	0.55	0.62	0.74	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASOUT_{AREG, BREG}_MULT</sub>	CLK (AREG, BREG) to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier	3.55	4.06	4.84	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASOUT_BREG</sub>	CLK (BREG) to CARRYCASOUT output not using multiplier	1.60	1.82	2.16	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASOUT_DREG_MULT</sub>	CLK (DREG) to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier	3.52	4.03	4.79	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASOUT_CREG</sub>	CLK (CREG) to CARRYCASOUT output	1.64	1.88	2.23	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
F <sub>MAX</sub>	With all registers used	741.84	650.20	547.95	MHz
F <sub>MAX_PATDET</sub>	With pattern detector	627.35	549.75	463.61	MHz
F <sub>MAX_MULT_NOMREG</sub>	Two register multiply without MREG	412.20	360.75	303.77	MHz
F <sub>MAX_MULT_NOMREG_PATDET</sub>	Two register multiply without MREG with pattern detect	374.25	327.65	276.01	MHz
F <sub>MAX_PREADD_MULT_NOADREG</sub>	Without ADREG	468.82	408.66	342.70	MHz
F <sub>MAX_PREADD_MULT_NOADREG_PATDET</sub>	Without ADREG with pattern detect	468.82	408.66	342.58	MHz
F <sub>MAX_NOPIPELINEREG</sub>	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG)	306.84	267.81	225.02	MHz
F <sub>MAX_NOPIPELINEREG_PATDET</sub>	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG) with pattern detect	285.23	249.13	209.38	MHz

## Clock Buffers and Networks

Table 33: Global Clock Switching Characteristics (Including BUFGCTRL)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T <sub>BCCCK_CE</sub> /T <sub>BCCKC_CE</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	CE pins setup/hold	0.12/0.30	0.14/0.38	0.26/0.38	ns
T <sub>BCCCK_S</sub> /T <sub>BCCKC_S</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	S pins setup/hold	0.12/0.30	0.14/0.38	0.26/0.38	ns
T <sub>BCCKO_O</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	BUFGCTRL delay from I0/I1 to O	0.08	0.10	0.12	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
F <sub>MAX_BUFG</sub>	Global clock tree (BUFG)	741.00	710.00	625.00	MHz

**Notes:**

1. T<sub>BCCCK\_CE</sub> and T<sub>BCCKC\_CE</sub> must be satisfied to assure glitch-free operation of the global clock when switching between clocks. These parameters do not apply to the BUFGMUX primitive that assures glitch-free operation. The other global clock setup and hold times are optional; only needing to be satisfied if device operation requires simulation matches on a cycle-for-cycle basis when switching between clocks.
2. T<sub>BGCKO\_O</sub> (BUFG delay from I0 to O) values are the same as T<sub>BCCKO\_O</sub> values.

Table 34: Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFIO)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T <sub>BLOCKO_O</sub>	Clock to out delay from I to O	1.04	1.14	1.32	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
F <sub>MAX_BUFIO</sub>	I/O clock tree (BUFIO)	800.00	800.00	710.00	MHz

Table 35: Regional Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFR)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T <sub>BRCKO_O</sub>	Clock to out delay from I to O	0.60	0.65	0.77	ns
T <sub>BRCKO_O_BYP</sub>	Clock to out delay from I to O with Divide Bypass attribute set	0.30	0.32	0.38	ns
T <sub>BRDO_O</sub>	Propagation delay from CLR to O	0.71	0.75	0.96	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
F <sub>MAX_BUFR</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Regional clock tree (BUFR)	600.00	540.00	450.00	MHz

**Notes:**

1. The maximum input frequency to the BUFR and BUFMR is the BUFIO F<sub>MAX</sub> frequency.

Table 36: Horizontal Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFH)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T <sub>BHCKO_O</sub>	BUFH delay from I to O	0.10	0.11	0.13	ns
T <sub>BHCKC_CE</sub> /T <sub>BHKKC_CE</sub>	CE pin setup and hold	0.20/0.16	0.23/0.20	0.38/0.21	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
F <sub>MAX_BUFH</sub>	Horizontal clock buffer (BUFH)	741.00	710.00	625.00	MHz

Table 37: Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock Tree Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
T <sub>DCD_CLK</sub>	Global clock tree duty cycle distortion <sup>(1)</sup>	All	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
T <sub>CKSKEW</sub>	Global clock tree skew <sup>(2)</sup>	XC7V585T	0.75	0.91	0.98	ns
		XC7V2000T	N/A	0.39	0.39	ns
		XC7VX330T	0.60	0.74	0.79	ns
		XC7VX415T	0.76	0.84	0.91	ns
		XC7VX485T	0.60	0.74	0.79	ns
		XC7VX550T	0.73	0.88	0.96	ns
		XC7VX690T	0.73	0.88	0.96	ns
		XC7VX980T	N/A	0.91	0.98	ns
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	0.39	0.39	ns
T <sub>DCD_BUFO</sub>	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
T <sub>BUFIOSKEW</sub>	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.02	0.02	0.02	ns
T <sub>DCD_BUFR</sub>	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.15	0.15	0.15	ns

**Notes:**

- These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the I/O flip-flops. For all I/O standards, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
- The T<sub>CKSKEW</sub> value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements in a single SLR. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

## MMCM Switching Characteristics

Table 38: MMCM Specification

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
MMCM_F <sub>INMAX</sub>	Maximum input clock frequency	1066.00	933.00	800.00	MHz
MMCM_F <sub>INMIN</sub>	Minimum input clock frequency	10	10	10	MHz
MMCM_F <sub>INJITTER</sub>	Maximum input clock period jitter	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max			
MMCM_F <sub>INDUTY</sub>	Allowable input duty cycle: 10—49 MHz	25	25	25	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 50—199 MHz	30	30	30	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 200—399 MHz	35	35	35	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 400—499 MHz	40	40	40	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: >500 MHz	45	45	45	%
MMCM_F <sub>MIN_PSCLK</sub>	Minimum dynamic phase shift clock frequency	0.01	0.01	0.01	MHz
MMCM_F <sub>MAX_PSCLK</sub>	Maximum dynamic phase shift clock frequency	550.00	500.00	450.00	MHz
MMCM_F <sub>VCOMIN</sub>	Minimum MMCM VCO frequency	600.00	600.00	600.00	MHz
MMCM_F <sub>VCOMAX</sub>	Maximum MMCM VCO frequency	1600.00	1440.00	1200.00	MHz
MMCM_F <sub>BANDWIDTH</sub>	Low MMCM bandwidth at typical <sup>(1)</sup>	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High MMCM bandwidth at typical <sup>(1)</sup>	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
MMCM_T <sub>STATPHAOFFSET</sub>	Static phase offset of the MMCM outputs <sup>(2)</sup>	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
MMCM_T <sub>OUTJITTER</sub>	MMCM output jitter	Note 3			
MMCM_T <sub>OUTDUTY</sub>	MMCM output clock duty cycle precision <sup>(4)</sup>	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns

## Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

**Table 40: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Near Clock Region)**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL.						
TICKOF	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL (near clock region)	XC7V585T	5.63	6.20	6.97	ns
		XC7V2000T	N/A	5.66	6.35	ns
		XC7VX330T	5.41	5.97	6.71	ns
		XC7VX415T	5.46	5.96	6.70	ns
		XC7VX485T	5.29	5.84	6.57	ns
		XC7VX550T	5.45	6.02	6.76	ns
		XC7VX690T	5.46	6.02	6.76	ns
		XC7VX980T	N/A	6.12	6.87	ns
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	5.59	6.28	ns

**Notes:**

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net in a single SLR.

**Table 41: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Far Clock Region)**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL.						
TICKOFFAR	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL (far clock region)	XC7V585T	6.81	7.53	8.44	ns
		XC7V2000T	N/A	6.00	6.73	ns
		XC7VX330T	6.31	6.97	7.83	ns
		XC7VX415T	6.36	6.90	7.69	ns
		XC7VX485T	6.20	6.86	7.69	ns
		XC7VX550T	6.66	7.37	8.27	ns
		XC7VX690T	6.69	7.37	8.27	ns
		XC7VX980T	N/A	7.47	8.37	ns
		XC7VX1140T	N/A	5.93	6.65	ns

**Notes:**

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net in a single SLR.

**Table 52** summarizes the DC specifications of the clock input of the GTX transceiver. Consult the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* ([UG476](#)) for further details.

**Table 52: GTX Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V <sub>IDIFF</sub>	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	250	—	2000	mV
R <sub>IN</sub>	Differential input resistance	—	100	—	Ω
C <sub>EXT</sub>	Required external AC coupling capacitor	—	100	—	nF

## GTX Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult the *7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide* ([UG476](#)) for further information.

**Table 53: GTX Transceiver Performance**

Symbol	Description	Output Divider	Speed Grade			Units
			-3/-2G	-2/-2L	-1 <sup>(1)</sup>	
F <sub>GTXMAX</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Maximum GTX transceiver data rate	12.5	10.3125	8.0	Gb/s	
F <sub>GTXMIN</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Minimum GTX transceiver data rate	0.500	0.500	0.500	Gb/s	
F <sub>GTXCRANGE</sub>	CPLL line rate range	1	3.2–6.6			Gb/s
		2	1.6–3.3			Gb/s
		4	0.8–1.65			Gb/s
		8	0.5–0.825			Gb/s
		16	N/A			Gb/s
F <sub>GTXQRANGE1</sub>	QPLL line rate range 1	1	5.93–8.0	5.93–8.0	5.93–8.0	Gb/s
		2	2.965–4.0	2.965–4.0	2.965–4.0	Gb/s
		4	1.4825–2.0	1.4825–2.0	1.4825–2.0	Gb/s
		8	0.74125–1.0	0.74125–1.0	0.74125–1.0	Gb/s
		16	N/A	N/A	N/A	Gb/s
F <sub>GTXQRANGE2</sub>	QPLL line rate range 2 <sup>(3)</sup>	1	9.8–12.5	9.8–10.3125	N/A	Gb/s
		2	4.9–6.25	4.9–5.15625	N/A	Gb/s
		4	2.45–3.125	2.45–2.578125	N/A	Gb/s
		8	1.225–1.5625	1.225–1.2890625	N/A	Gb/s
		16	0.6125–0.78125	0.6125–0.64453125	N/A	Gb/s
F <sub>GCPLLRANGE</sub>	GTX transceiver CPLL frequency range	1.6–3.3	1.6–3.3	1.6–3.3	GHz	
F <sub>GQPLL RANGE1</sub>	GTX transceiver QPLL frequency range 1	5.93–8.0	5.93–8.0	5.93–8.0	GHz	
F <sub>GQPLL RANGE2</sub>	GTX transceiver QPLL frequency range 2	9.8–12.5	9.8–10.3125	N/A	GHz	

### Notes:

- The -1 speed grade requires a 4-byte internal data width for operation above 5.0 Gb/s. A -1 speed grade with V<sub>CCINT</sub> = 0.9V, as described in the *Lowering Power using the Voltage Identification Bit* application note ([XAPP555](#)), requires a 4-byte internal data width for operation above 3.8 Gb/s.
- Data rates between 8.0 Gb/s and 9.8 Gb/s are not available.
- For QPLL line rate range 2, the maximum line rate with the divider N set to 66 is 10.3125Gb/s.

**Table 54: GTX Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3/-2G	-2/-2L	-1	
F <sub>GTXDRPCLK</sub>	GTXDRPCLK maximum frequency	175.01	175.01	156.25	MHz

Table 72: GTH Transceiver User Clock Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Data Width Conditions		Speed Grade			Units
		Internal Logic	Interconnect Logic	-3E/-2GE <sup>(2)</sup>	-2(C&I)/-2LE <sup>(2)</sup>	-1(C&I) <sup>(3)</sup>	
F <sub>TXOUT</sub>	TXUSERCLKOUT maximum frequency			412.500	412.500	312.500	MHz
F <sub>RXOUT</sub>	RXUSERCLKOUT maximum frequency			412.500	412.500	312.500	MHz
F <sub>TXIN</sub>	TXUSERCLKIN maximum frequency	16-bit	16-bit and 32-bit	412.500	412.500	312.500	MHz
		32-bit	32-bit	409.375	353.125	265.625	MHz
F <sub>RXIN</sub>	RXUSERCLKIN maximum frequency	16-bit	16-bit and 32-bit	412.500	412.500	312.500	MHz
		32-bit	32-bit	409.375	353.125	265.625	MHz
F <sub>TXIN2</sub>	TXUSERCLKIN2 maximum frequency	16-bit	16-bit	412.500	412.500	312.500	MHz
		16-bit and 32-bit	32-bit	409.375	353.125	265.625	MHz
		64-bit	64-bit	204.688	176.563	132.813	MHz
F <sub>RXIN2</sub>	RXUSERCLKIN2 maximum frequency	16-bit	16-bit	412.500	412.500	312.500	MHz
		16-bit and 32-bit	32-bit	409.375	353.125	265.625	MHz
		64-bit	64-bit	204.688	176.563	132.813	MHz

**Notes:**

- Clocking must be implemented as described in the 7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceiver User Guide ([UG476](#)).
- For speed grades -3E, -2GE, -2C, -2L, and -2LE, a 16-bit data path can only be used for speeds less than 6.6 Gb/s.
- For speed grade -1 (and when V<sub>CCINT</sub> = 0.9V), a 16-bit data path can only be used for speeds less than 5.0 Gb/s.

Table 73: GTH Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
F <sub>GTHTX</sub>	Serial data rate range		0.500	–	F <sub>GTHMAX</sub>	Gb/s
T <sub>RTX</sub>	TX rise time	20%–80%	–	40	–	ps
T <sub>FTX</sub>	TX fall time	80%–20%	–	40	–	ps
T <sub>LLSKEW</sub>	TX lane-to-lane skew <sup>(1)</sup>		–	–	500	ps
V <sub>TXOOBVDP</sub>	Electrical idle amplitude		–	–	15	mV
T <sub>TXOOBTRANSITION</sub>	Electrical idle transition time		–	–	140	ns
TJ <sub>13.1</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	13.1 Gb/s	–	–	0.3	UI
DJ <sub>13.1</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>12.5</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	12.5 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ <sub>12.5</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>11.3</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	11.3 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ <sub>11.3</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>10.3125_QPLL</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	10.3125 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ <sub>10.3125_QPLL</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>10.3125_CPLL</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	10.3125 Gb/s	–	–	0.33	UI
DJ <sub>10.3125_CPLL</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(3)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>9.953</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	9.953 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ <sub>9.953</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>9.8</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	9.8 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ <sub>9.8</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI
TJ <sub>8.0_QPLL</sub>	Total jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	8.0 Gb/s	–	–	0.28	UI
DJ <sub>8.0_QPLL</sub>	Deterministic jitter <sup>(2)(4)</sup>		–	–	0.17	UI

Table 80: CPRI Protocol Characteristics (GTH Transceivers)

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
<b>CPRI Transmitter Jitter Generation</b>				
Total transmitter jitter	614.4	–	0.35	UI
	1228.8	–	0.35	UI
	2457.6	–	0.35	UI
	3072.0	–	0.35	UI
	4915.2	–	0.3	UI
	6144.0	–	0.3	UI
	9830.4	–	Note 1	UI
<b>CPRI Receiver Frequency Jitter Tolerance</b>				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	614.4	0.65	–	UI
	1228.8	0.65	–	UI
	2457.6	0.65	–	UI
	3072.0	0.65	–	UI
	4915.2	0.95	–	UI
	6144.0	0.95	–	UI
	9830.4	Note 1	–	UI

**Notes:**

- Tested per SFP+ specification, see [Table 79](#).

**Integrated Interface Block for PCI Express Designs Switching Characteristics**

More information and documentation on solutions for PCI Express designs can be found at:

<http://www.xilinx.com/technology/protocols/pciexpress.htm>

Table 81: Maximum Performance for PCI Express Designs

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2/-2L/-2G	-1	
FPIPECLK	Pipe clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
FUSERCLK	User clock maximum frequency	500.00	500.00	250.00	MHz
FUSERCLK2	User clock 2 maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
FRPCLK	DRP clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz

## XADC Specifications

Table 82: XADC Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{CCADC} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ , $V_{REFP} = 1.25V$ , $V_{REFN} = 0V$ , $ADCCLK = 26\text{ MHz}$ , $T_j = -40^\circ C$ to $100^\circ C$ , Typical values at $T_j=+40^\circ C$						
<b>ADC Accuracy<sup>(1)</sup></b>						
Resolution			12	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity <sup>(2)</sup>	INL		–	–	$\pm 3$	LSBs
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	$\pm 1$	LSBs
Offset Error		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	$\pm 6$	LSBs
Gain Error		Gain calibration disabled	–	–	$\pm 0.5$	%
Offset Matching		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	4	LSBs
Gain Matching		Gain calibration disabled	–	–	0.3	%
Sample Rate			0.1	–	1	MS/s
Signal to Noise Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	SNR	$F_{SAMPLE} = 500\text{KS/s}$ , $F_{IN} = 20\text{KHz}$	60	–	–	dB
RMS Code Noise		External 1.25V reference	–	–	2	LSBs
		On-chip reference	–	3	–	LSBs
Total Harmonic Distortion <sup>(2)</sup>	THD	$F_{SAMPLE} = 500\text{KS/s}$ , $F_{IN} = 20\text{KHz}$	–	70	–	dB
<b>ADC Accuracy at Extended Temperatures (-55°C to 125°C)</b>						
Resolution			10	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity <sup>(2)</sup>	INL		–	–	$\pm 1$	LSB (at 10 bits)
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	$\pm 1$	
<b>Analog Inputs<sup>(3)</sup></b>						
ADC Input Ranges		Unipolar operation	0	–	1	V
		Bipolar operation	-0.5	–	+0.5	V
		Unipolar common mode range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	V
		Bipolar common mode range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	V
Maximum External Channel Input Ranges		Adjacent channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels	-0.1	–	$V_{CCADC}$	V
Auxiliary Channel Full Resolution Bandwidth	FRBW		250	–	–	KHz
<b>On-Chip Sensors</b>						
Temperature Sensor Error		$T_j = -40^\circ C$ to $100^\circ C$ .	–	–	$\pm 4$	°C
		$T_j = -55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 6$	°C
Supply Sensor Error		Measurement range of $V_{CCAUX}$ 1.8V $\pm 5\%$ $T_j = -40^\circ C$ to $+100^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 1$	%
		Measurement range of $V_{CCAUX}$ 1.8V $\pm 5\%$ $T_j = -55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 2$	%
<b>Conversion Rate<sup>(4)</sup></b>						
Conversion Time - Continuous	$t_{CONV}$	Number of ADCCLK cycles	26	–	32	cycle
Conversion Time - Event	$t_{CONV}$	Number of CLK cycles	–	–	21	cycle
DRP Clock Frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency	8	–	250	MHz
ADC Clock Frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK	1	–	26	MHz
DCLK Duty Cycle			40	–	60	%