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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	84MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	36
Program Memory Size	384KB (384K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	96K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.7V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-UFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-UFQFPN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm32f401cd6

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Table 2. STM32F401xD/xE features and peripheral counts

Peripherals		STM32F401xD			STM32F401xE		
Flash memory in Kbytes		384			512		
SRAM in Kbytes	System	96					
Timers	General-purpose	7					
	Advanced-control	1					
Communication interfaces	SPI/ I ² S	3/2 (full duplex)		4/2 (full duplex)	3/2 (full duplex)		4/2 (full duplex)
	I ² C	3					
	USART	3					
	SDIO	-	1		-	1	
USB OTG FS		1					
GPIOs		36	50	81	36	50	81
12-bit ADC		1					
Number of channels		10	16		10	16	
Maximum CPU frequency		84 MHz					
Operating voltage		1.7 to 3.6 V					
Operating temperatures		Ambient temperatures: -40 to +85 °C/-40 to +105 °C					
		Junction temperature: -40 to + 125 °C					
Package		WLCSP49 UFQFPN48	LQFP64	UFBGA100 LQFP100	WLCSP49 UFQFPN48	LQFP64	UFBGA100 LQFP100

2.1 Compatibility with STM32F4 series

The STM32F401xD/xE are fully software and feature compatible with the STM32F4 series (STM32F42x, STM32F43x, STM32F41x, STM32F405 and STM32F407)

The STM32F401xD/xE can be used as drop-in replacement of the other STM32F4 products but some slight changes have to be done on the PCB board.

Figure 1. Compatible board design for LQFP100 package

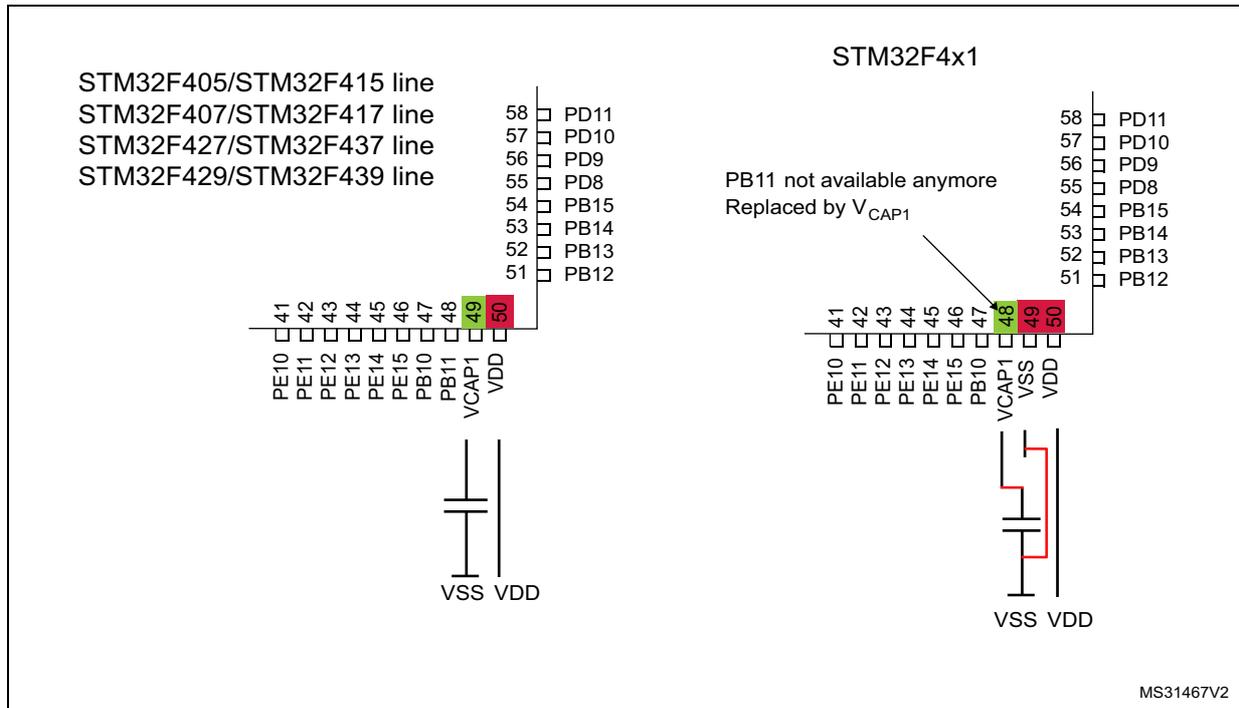


Table 8. STM32F401xD/xE pin definitions (continued)

Pin Number					Pin name (function after reset) ⁽¹⁾	Pin type	I/O structure	Notes	Alternate functions	Additional functions
UQFN48	WLCSP49	LQFP64	LQFP100	UFBGA100						
-	-	39	65	E10	PC8	I/O	FT	-	USART6_CK, TIM3_CH3, SDIO_D0, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	40	66	D12	PC9	I/O	FT	-	I2S_CKIN, I2C3_SDA, TIM3_CH4, SDIO_D1, MCO_2, EVENTOUT	-
29	D1	41	67	D11	PA8	I/O	FT	-	I2C3_SCL, USART1_CK, TIM1_CH1, OTG_FS_SOF, MCO_1, EVENTOUT	-
30	D2	42	68	D10	PA9	I/O	FT	-	I2C3_SMBA, USART1_TX, TIM1_CH2, EVENTOUT	OTG_FS_VBUS
31	C2	43	69	C12	PA10	I/O	FT	-	USART1_RX, TIM1_CH3, OTG_FS_ID, EVENTOUT	-
32	C1	44	70	B12	PA11	I/O	FT	-	USART1_CTS, USART6_TX, TIM1_CH4, OTG_FS_DM, EVENTOUT	-
33	C3	45	71	A12	PA12	I/O	FT	-	USART1_RTS, USART6_RX, TIM1_ETR, OTG_FS_DP, EVENTOUT	-
34	B3	46	72	A11	PA13 (JTMS-SWDIO)	I/O	FT	-	JTMS-SWDIO, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	73	C11	VCAP2	S	-	-	-	-
35	B1	47	74	F11	VSS	S	-	-	-	-
36	-	48	75	G11	VDD	S	-	-	-	-
-	B2	-	-	-	VDD	S	-	-	-	-
37	A1	49	76	A10	PA14 (JTCK-SWCLK)	I/O	FT	-	JTCK-SWCLK, EVENTOUT	-
38	A2	50	77	A9	PA15 (JTDI)	I/O	FT	-	JTDI, SPI1_NSS, SPI3_NSS/I2S3_WS, TIM2_CH1/TIM2_ETR, JTDI, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	51	78	B11	PC10	I/O	FT	-	SPI3_SCK/I2S3_CK, SDIO_D2, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	52	79	C10	PC11	I/O	FT	-	I2S3ext_SD, SPI3_MISO, SDIO_D3, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	53	80	B10	PC12	I/O	FT	-	SPI3_MOSI/I2S3_SD, SDIO_CK, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	81	C9	PD0	I/O	FT	-	EVENTOUT	-



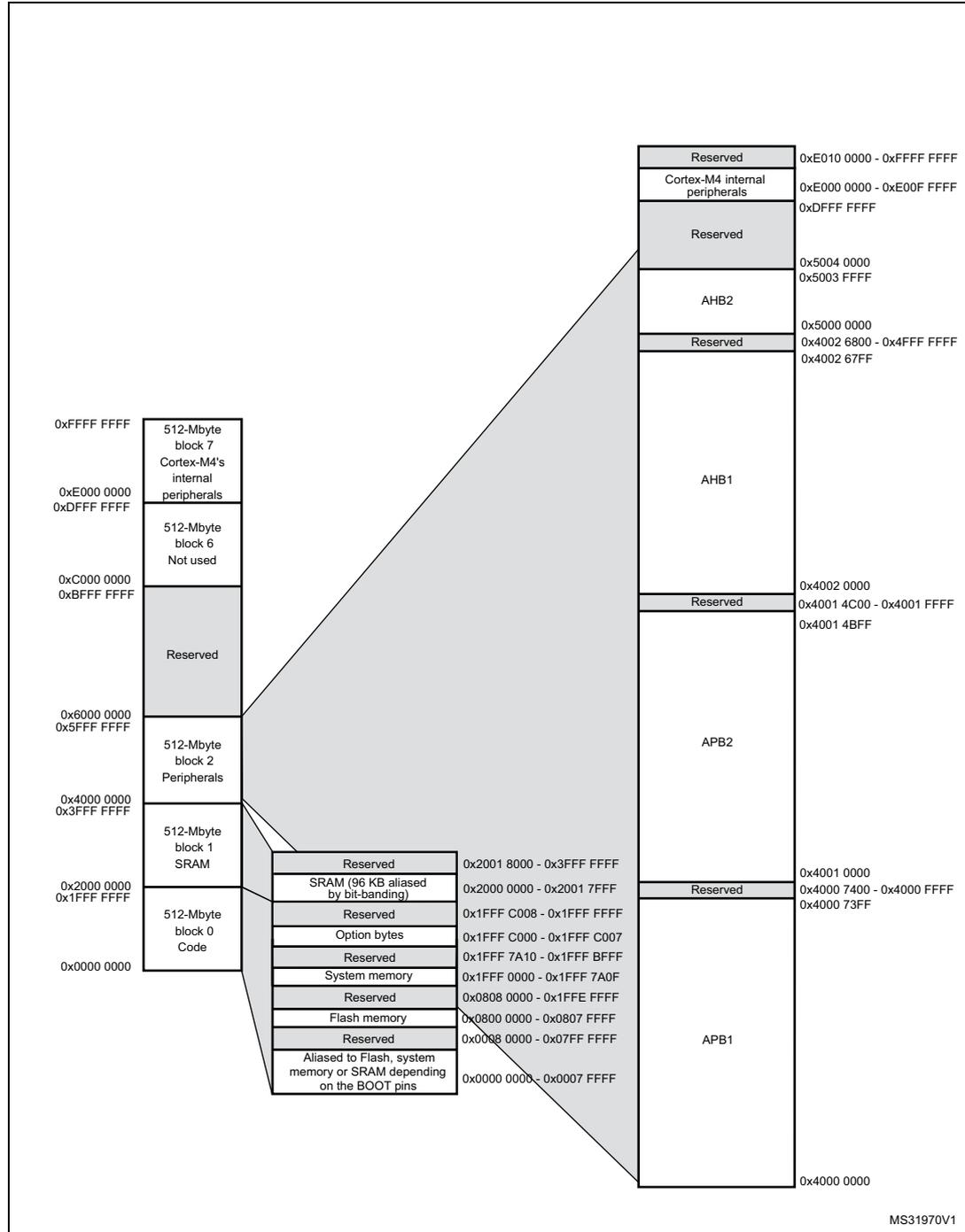
Table 9. Alternate function mapping (continued)

Port	AF00	AF01	AF02	AF03	AF04	AF05	AF06	AF07	AF08	AF09	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15	
	SYS_AF	TIM1/TIM2	TIM3/ TIM4/ TIM5	TIM9/ TIM10/ TIM11	I2C1/I2C2/ I2C3	SPI1/SPI2/ I2S2/SPI3/ I2S3/SPI4	SPI2/I2S2/ SPI3/ I2S3	SPI3/I2S3/ USART1/ USART2	USART6	I2C2/ I2C3	OTG1_FS		SDIO				
Port B	PB0	-	TIM1_CH2N	TIM3_CH3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT	
	PB1	-	TIM1_CH3N	TIM3_CH4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT	
	PB2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT	
	PB3	JTDO-SWO	TIM2_CH2	-	-	-	SPI1_SCK	SPI3_SCK/ I2S3_CK	-	-	I2C2_SDA	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB4	JTRST	-	TIM3_CH1	-	-	SPI1_MISO	SPI3_MISO	I2S3ext_S D	-	I2C3_SDA	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB5	-	-	TIM3_CH2	-	I2C1_SMBA	SPI1_MOSI	SPI3_MOSI/ I2S3_SD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB6	-	-	TIM4_CH1	-	I2C1_SCL	-	-	USART1_TX	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB7	-	-	TIM4_CH2	-	I2C1_SDA	-	-	USART1_RX	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB8	-	-	TIM4_CH3	TIM10_CH1	I2C1_SCL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SDIO_D4	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB9	-	-	TIM4_CH4	TIM11_CH1	I2C1_SDA	SPI2_NSS/ 2S2_WS	-	-	-	-	-	-	SDIO_D5	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB10	-	TIM2_CH3	-	-	I2C2_SCL	SPI2_SCK/ 2S2_CK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB12	-	TIM1_BKIN	-	-	I2C2_SMBA	SPI2_NSS/ 2S2_WS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB13	-	TIM1_CH1N	-	-	-	SPI2_SCK/ 2S2_CK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB14	-	TIM1_CH2N	-	-	-	SPI2_MISO	I2S2ext_SD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT
	PB15	RTC_REFN	TIM1_CH3N	-	-	-	SPI2_MOSI/ I2S2_SD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVENT OUT

5 Memory mapping

The memory map is shown in [Figure 15](#).

Figure 15. Memory map



MS31970V1

6.3 Operating conditions

6.3.1 General operating conditions

Table 14. General operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{HCLK}	Internal AHB clock frequency	Power Scale3: Regulator ON, VOS[1:0] bits in PWR_CR register = 0x01	0	-	60	MHz
		Power Scale2: Regulator ON, VOS[1:0] bits in PWR_CR register = 0x10	0	-	84	
f _{PCLK1}	Internal APB1 clock frequency		0	-	42	
f _{PCLK2}	Internal APB2 clock frequency		0	-	84	
V _{DD}	Standard operating voltage		1.7 ⁽¹⁾	-	3.6	
V _{DDA} (2)(3)	Analog operating voltage (ADC limited to 1.2 M samples)	Must be the same potential as V _{DD} ⁽⁴⁾	1.7 ⁽¹⁾	-	2.4	
	Analog operating voltage (ADC limited to 2.4 M samples)		2.4	-	3.6	
V _{BAT}	Backup operating voltage		1.65	-	3.6	
V ₁₂	Regulator ON: 1.2 V internal voltage on V _{CAP_1} /V _{CAP_2} pins	VOS[1:0] bits in PWR_CR register = 0x01 Max frequency 60 MHz	1.08 ⁽⁵⁾	1.14	1.20 ⁽⁵⁾	V
		VOS[1:0] bits in PWR_CR register = 0x10 Max frequency 84 MHz	1.20 ⁽⁵⁾	1.26	1.32 ⁽⁵⁾	
V ₁₂	Regulator OFF: 1.2 V external voltage must be supplied on V _{CAP_1} /V _{CAP_2} pins	Max. frequency 60 MHz.	1.1	1.14	1.2	
		Max. frequency 84 MHz.	1.2	1.26	1.32	
V _{IN}	Input voltage on RST and FT pins ⁽⁶⁾	2 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V	-0.3	-	5.5	
		V _{DD} ≤ 2 V	-0.3	-	5.2	
	Input voltage on BOOT0 pin		0	-	9	
P _D	Maximum allowed package power dissipation for suffix 7 ⁽⁷⁾	UFQFPN48	-	-	625	mW
		WLCSP49	-	-	392	
		LQFP64	-	-	313	
		LQFP100	-	-	465	
		UFBGA100	-	-	323	

6.3.3 Operating conditions at power-up/power-down (regulator ON)

Subject to general operating conditions for T_A .

Table 17. Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator ON)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	V_{DD} rise time rate	20	∞	$\mu\text{s/V}$
	V_{DD} fall time rate	20	∞	

6.3.4 Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)

Subject to general operating conditions for T_A .

Table 18. Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	V_{DD} rise time rate	Power-up	20	∞	$\mu\text{s/V}$
	V_{DD} fall time rate	Power-down	20	∞	
t_{VCAP}	V_{CAP_1} and V_{CAP_2} rise time rate	Power-up	20	∞	
	V_{CAP_1} and V_{CAP_2} fall time rate	Power-down	20	∞	

1. To reset the internal logic at power-down, a reset must be applied on pin PA0 when V_{DD} reach below 1.08 V.

Note: This feature is only available for UFBGA100 package.

Table 46. Flash memory programming with V_{PP} voltage (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min ⁽¹⁾	Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
V _{prog}	Programming voltage		2.7	-	3.6	V
V _{PP}	V _{PP} voltage range		7	-	9	V
I _{PP}	Minimum current sunk on the V _{PP} pin		10	-	-	mA
t _{VPP} ⁽³⁾	Cumulative time during which V _{PP} is applied		-	-	1	hour

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
2. The maximum programming time is measured after 100K erase operations.
3. V_{PP} should only be connected during programming/erasing.

Table 47. Flash memory endurance and data retention

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
			Min ⁽¹⁾	
N _{END}	Endurance	T _A = -40 to +85 °C (6 suffix versions) T _A = -40 to +105 °C (7 suffix versions)	10	kcycles
t _{RET}	Data retention	1 kcycle ⁽²⁾ at T _A = 85 °C	30	Years
		1 kcycle ⁽²⁾ at T _A = 105 °C	10	
		10 kcycles ⁽²⁾ at T _A = 55 °C	20	

1. Guaranteed by characterization, not tested in production.
2. Cycling performed over the whole temperature range.

6.3.13 EMC characteristics

Susceptibility tests are performed on a sample basis during device characterization.

Functional EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility)

While a simple application is executed on the device (toggling 2 LEDs through I/O ports), the device is stressed by two electromagnetic events until a failure occurs. The failure is indicated by the LEDs:

- **Electrostatic discharge (ESD)** (positive and negative) is applied to all device pins until a functional disturbance occurs. This test is compliant with the IEC 61000-4-2 standard.
- **FTB:** A burst of fast transient voltage (positive and negative) is applied to V_{DD} and V_{SS} through a 100 pF capacitor, until a functional disturbance occurs. This test is compliant with the IEC 61000-4-4 standard.

A device reset allows normal operations to be resumed.

The test results are given in [Table 48](#). They are based on the EMS levels and classes defined in application note AN1709.

Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)

The electromagnetic field emitted by the device are monitored while a simple application, executing EEMBC code, is running. This emission test is compliant with SAE IEC61967-2 standard which specifies the test board and the pin loading.

Table 49. EMI characteristics for WLCSP49

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Monitored frequency band	Max vs. [f _{HSE} /f _{CPU}]	Unit
				8/84 MHz	
S _{EMI}	Peak level	V _{DD} = 3.6 V, T _A = 25 °C, conforming to IEC61967-2	0.1 to 30 MHz	-4	dBµV
			30 to 130 MHz	-4	
			130 MHz to 1 GHz	-2	
			SAE EMI Level	1.5	-

Table 50. EMI characteristics for LQFP100

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Monitored frequency band	Max vs. [f _{HSE} /f _{CPU}]	Unit
				8/84 MHz	
S _{EMI}	Peak level	V _{DD} = 3.6 V, T _A = 25 °C, conforming to IEC61967-2	0.1 to 30 MHz	19	dBµV
			30 to 130 MHz	19	
			130 MHz to 1 GHz	11	
			SAE EMI Level	3.5	-

6.3.14 Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity)

Based on three different tests (ESD, LU) using specific measurement methods, the device is stressed in order to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Electrostatic discharges (a positive then a negative pulse separated by 1 second) are applied to the pins of each sample according to each pin combination. The sample size depends on the number of supply pins in the device (3 parts × (n+1) supply pins). This test conforms to the JESD22-A114/C101 standard.

USB OTG full speed (FS) characteristics

This interface is present in USB OTG FS controller.

Table 63. USB OTG FS startup time

Symbol	Parameter	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{STARTUP}}^{(1)}$	USB OTG FS transceiver startup time	1	μs

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 64. USB OTG FS DC electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min. ⁽¹⁾	Typ.	Max. ⁽¹⁾	Unit	
Input levels	V_{DD}	USB OTG FS operating voltage	3.0 ⁽²⁾	-	3.6	V	
	$V_{\text{DI}}^{(3)}$	Differential input sensitivity	I(USB_FS_DP/DM)	0.2	-	-	V
	$V_{\text{CM}}^{(3)}$	Differential common mode range	Includes V_{DI} range	0.8	-	2.5	
	$V_{\text{SE}}^{(3)}$	Single ended receiver threshold		1.3	-	2.0	
Output levels	V_{OL}	Static output level low	R_{L} of 1.5 k Ω to 3.6 V ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	0.3	V
	V_{OH}	Static output level high	R_{L} of 15 k Ω to $V_{\text{SS}}^{(4)}$	2.8	-	3.6	
R_{PD}	PA11, PA12 (USB_FS_DM/DP)	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{DD}}$	17	21	24	k Ω	
	PA9 (OTG_FS_VBUS)		0.65	1.1	2.0		
R_{PU}	PA11, PA12 (USB_FS_DM/DP)	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{SS}}$	1.5	1.8	2.1		
	PA9 (OTG_FS_VBUS)	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{SS}}$	0.25	0.37	0.55		

- All the voltages are measured from the local ground potential.
- The USB OTG FS functionality is ensured down to 2.7 V but not the full USB full speed electrical characteristics which are degraded in the 2.7-to-3.0 V V_{DD} voltage range.
- Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
- R_{L} is the load connected on the USB OTG FS drivers.

Note: When VBUS sensing feature is enabled, PA9 should be left at their default state (floating input), not as alternate function. A typical 200 μA current consumption of the embedded sensing block (current to voltage conversion to determine the different sessions) can be observed on PA9 when the feature is enabled.

Figure 39. USB OTG FS timings: definition of data signal rise and fall time

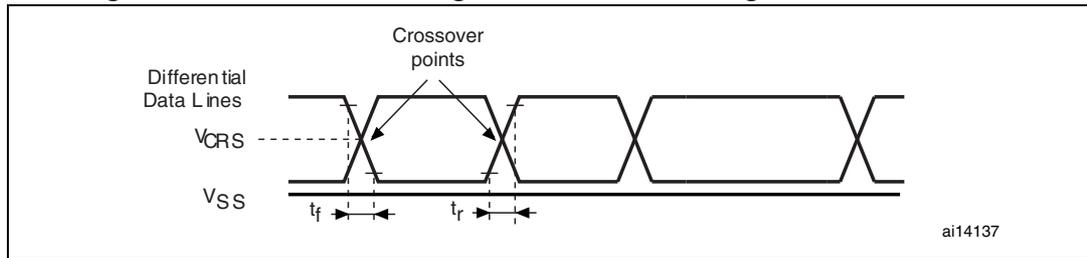


Table 65. USB OTG FS electrical characteristics⁽¹⁾

Driver characteristics					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_r	Rise time ⁽²⁾	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	4	20	ns
t_f	Fall time ⁽²⁾	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	4	20	ns
t_{rfm}	Rise/ fall time matching	t_r/t_f	90	110	%
V_{CRS}	Output signal crossover voltage		1.3	2.0	V

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
2. Measured from 10% to 90% of the data signal. For more detailed informations, please refer to USB Specification - Chapter 7 (version 2.0).

6.3.20 12-bit ADC characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 66](#) are derived from tests performed under the ambient temperature, f_{PCLK2} frequency and V_{DDA} supply voltage conditions summarized in [Table 14](#).

Table 66. ADC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DDA}	Power supply	$V_{DDA} - V_{REF+} < 1.2 \text{ V}$	1.7 ⁽¹⁾	-	3.6	V
V_{REF+}	Positive reference voltage		1.7 ⁽¹⁾	-	V_{DDA}	V
f_{ADC}	ADC clock frequency	$V_{DDA} = 1.7^{(1)} \text{ to } 2.4 \text{ V}$	0.6	15	18	MHz
		$V_{DDA} = 2.4 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	0.6	30	36	MHz
$f_{TRIG}^{(2)}$	External trigger frequency	$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$, 12-bit resolution	-	-	1764	kHz
			-	-	17	$1/f_{ADC}$
V_{AIN}	Conversion voltage range ⁽³⁾		0 (V_{SSA} or V_{REF-} tied to ground)	-	V_{REF+}	V
$R_{AIN}^{(2)}$	External input impedance	See Equation 1 for details	-	-	50	k Ω
$R_{ADC}^{(2)(4)}$	Sampling switch resistance		-	-	6	k Ω
$C_{ADC}^{(2)}$	Internal sample and hold capacitor		-	4	7	pF

Table 66. ADC characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{lat}^{(2)}$	Injection trigger conversion latency	$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	-	0.100	μs
			-	-	3 ⁽⁵⁾	$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_{latr}^{(2)}$	Regular trigger conversion latency	$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	-	0.067	μs
			-	-	2 ⁽⁵⁾	$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_S^{(2)}$	Sampling time	$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$	0.100	-	16	μs
			3	-	480	$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_{STAB}^{(2)}$	Power-up time		-	2	3	μs
$t_{CONV}^{(2)}$	Total conversion time (including sampling time)	$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$ 12-bit resolution	0.50	-	16.40	μs
		$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$ 10-bit resolution	0.43	-	16.34	μs
		$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$ 8-bit resolution	0.37	-	16.27	μs
		$f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$ 6-bit resolution	0.30	-	16.20	μs
		9 to 492 (t_S for sampling +n-bit resolution for successive approximation)				
$f_S^{(2)}$	Sampling rate ($f_{ADC} = 30 \text{ MHz}$, and $t_S = 3 \text{ ADC cycles}$)	12-bit resolution Single ADC	-	-	2	MspS
		12-bit resolution Interleave Dual ADC mode	-	-	3.75	MspS
		12-bit resolution Interleave Triple ADC mode	-	-	6	MspS
$I_{VREF+}^{(2)}$	ADC V_{REF} DC current consumption in conversion mode		-	300	500	μA
$I_{VDDA}^{(2)}$	ADC V_{DDA} DC current consumption in conversion mode		-	1.6	1.8	mA

- V_{DDA} minimum value of 1.7 V is possible with the use of an external power supply supervisor (refer to [Section 3.14.2: Internal reset OFF](#)).
- Guaranteed by characterization, not tested in production.
- V_{REF+} is internally connected to V_{DDA} and V_{REF-} is internally connected to V_{SSA} .
- R_{ADC} maximum value is given for $V_{DD}=1.7 \text{ V}$, and minimum value for $V_{DD}=3.3 \text{ V}$.
- For external triggers, a delay of $1/f_{PCLK2}$ must be added to the latency specified in [Table 66](#).

Equation 1: R_{AIN} max formula

$$R_{AIN} = \frac{(k - 0,5)}{f_{ADC} \times C_{ADC} \times \ln(2^{N+2})} - R_{ADC}$$

Figure 45. SD default mode

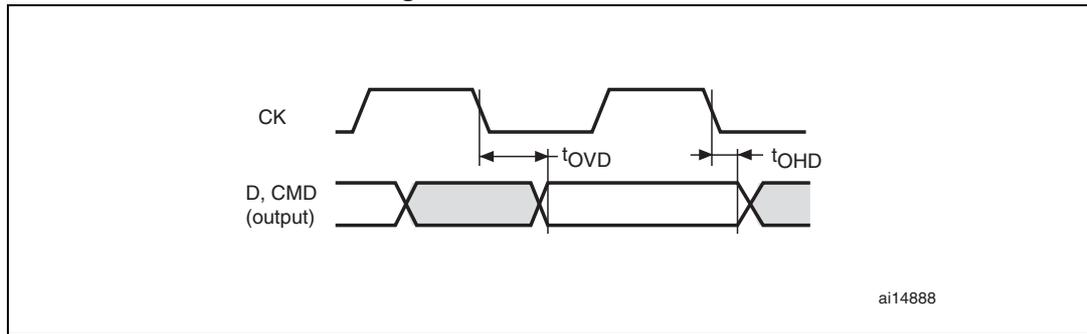


Table 77. Dynamic characteristics: SD / MMC characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{PP}	Clock frequency in data transfer mode		0	-	48	MHz
-	SDIO_CK/fPCLK2 frequency ratio		-	-	8/3	-
t _{W(CKL)}	Clock low time	f _{pp} = 48MHz	8.5	9	-	ns
t _{W(CKH)}	Clock high time	f _{pp} = 48MHz	8.3	10	-	
CMD, D inputs (referenced to CK) in MMC and SD HS mode						
t _{ISU}	Input setup time HS	f _{pp} = 48MHz	3.5	-	-	ns
t _{IH}	Input hold time HS	f _{pp} = 48MHz	0	-	-	
CMD, D outputs (referenced to CK) in MMC and SD HS mode						
t _{OV}	Output valid time HS	f _{pp} = 48MHz	-	4.5	7	ns
t _{OH}	Output hold time HS	f _{pp} = 48MHz	3	-	-	
CMD, D inputs (referenced to CK) in SD default mode						
t _{ISUD}	Input setup time SD	f _{pp} = 24MHz	1.5	-	-	ns
t _{IHD}	Input hold time SD	f _{pp} = 24MHz	0.5	-	-	
CMD, D outputs (referenced to CK) in SD default mode						
t _{OVD}	Output valid default time SD	f _{pp} = 24MHz	-	4.5	6.5	ns
t _{OHD}	Output hold default time SD	f _{pp} = 24MHz	3.5	-	-	

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

2. V_{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6 V.

6.3.25 RTC characteristics

Table 78. RTC characteristics

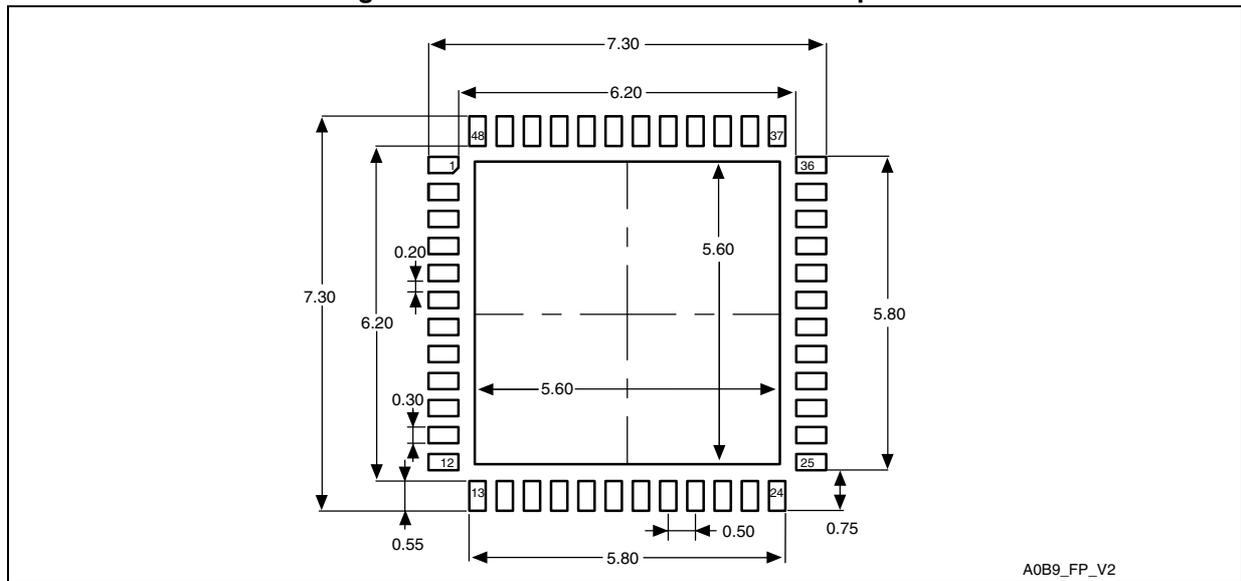
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max
-	f _{PCLK1} /RTCCLK frequency ratio	Any read/write operation from/to an RTC register	4	-

Table 81. UFQFPN48, 7 x 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, package mechanical data (continued)

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
T	-	0.152	-	-	0.0060	-
b	0.200	0.250	0.300	0.0079	0.0098	0.0118
e	-	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

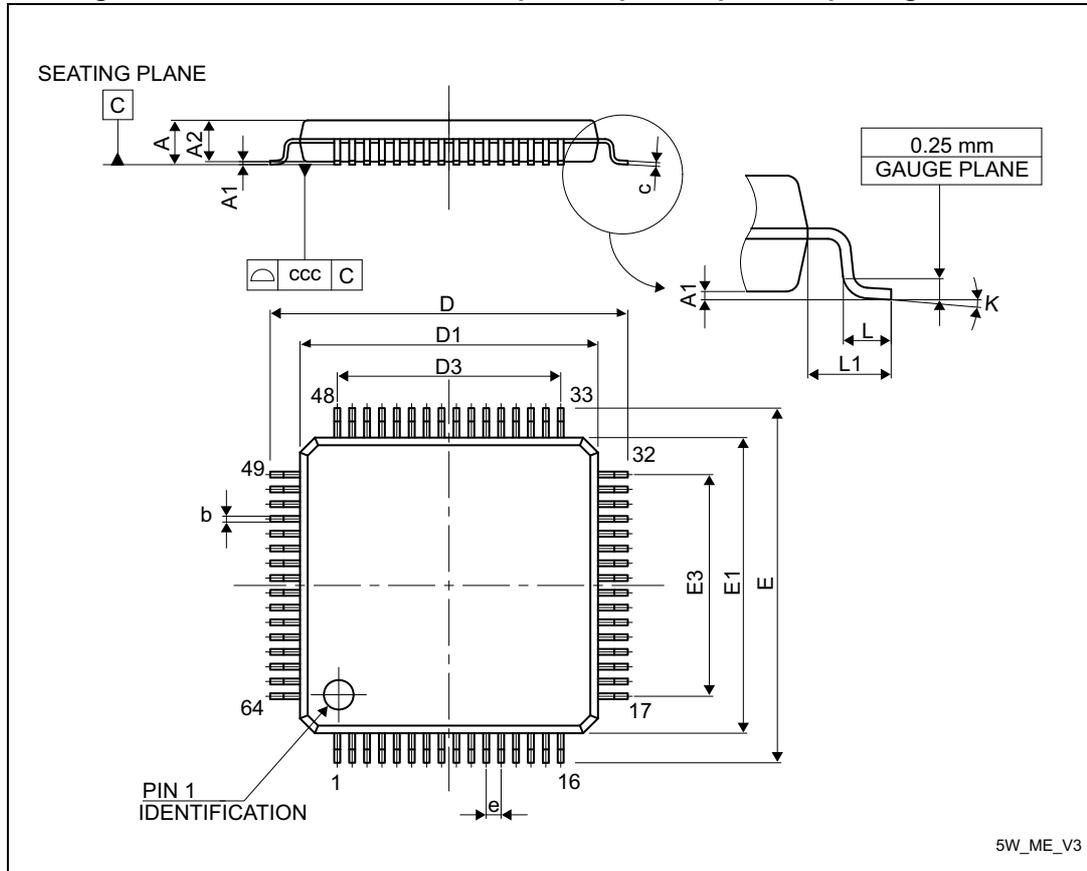
Figure 50. UFQFPN48 recommended footprint



1. Dimensions are in millimeters.

7.1.3 LQFP64, 10 x 10 mm, 64-pin low-profile quad flat package

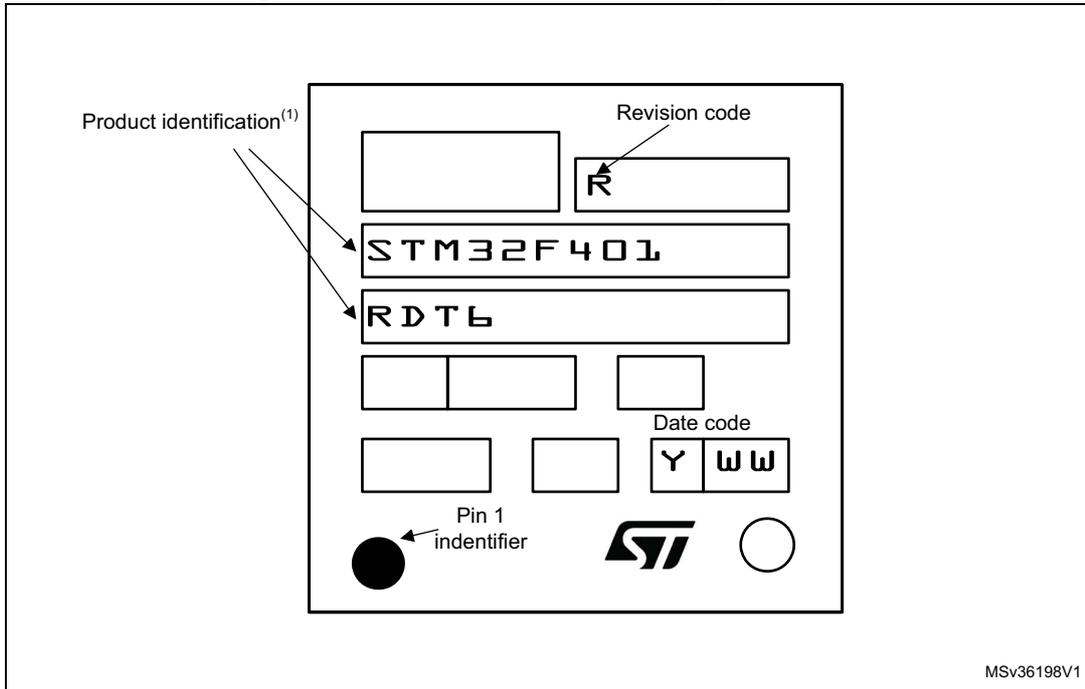
Figure 52. LQFP64, 10 x 10 mm, 64-pin low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

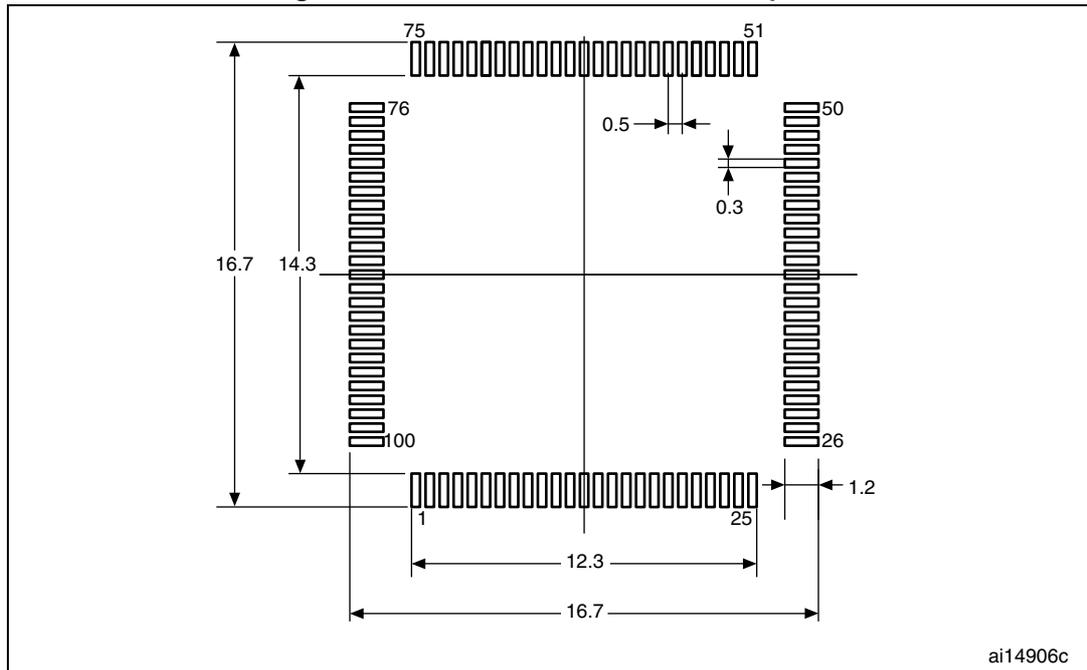
Device marking

Figure 54. Example of LQFP64 marking (top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

Figure 56. LQFP100 recommended footprint

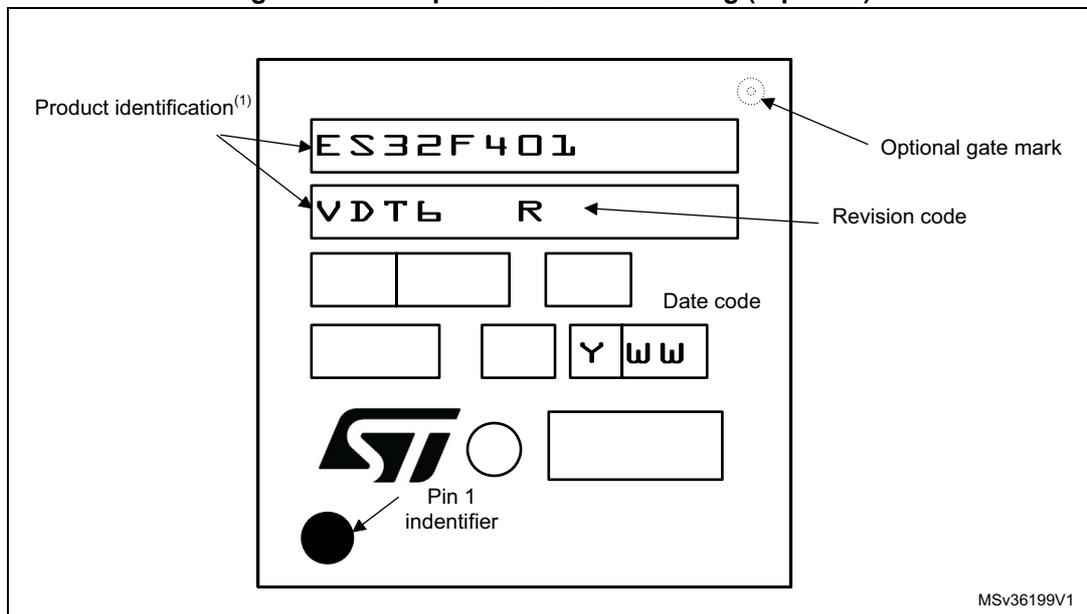


ai14906c

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.

Device marking

Figure 57. Example of LQFP100 marking (top view)



MSv36199V1

1. Parts marked as “ES”, “E” or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

7.2 Thermal characteristics

The maximum chip junction temperature (T_{Jmax}) must never exceed the values given in [Table 14: General operating conditions on page 60](#).

The maximum chip-junction temperature, $T_J max.$, in degrees Celsius, may be calculated using the following equation:

$$T_J max = T_A max + (PD max \times \Theta_{JA})$$

Where:

- $T_A max$ is the maximum ambient temperature in °C,
- Θ_{JA} is the package junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, in °C/W,
- PD max is the sum of $P_{INT max}$ and $P_{I/O max}$ ($PD max = P_{INT max} + P_{I/O max}$),
- $P_{INT max}$ is the product of I_{DD} and V_{DD} , expressed in Watts. This is the maximum chip internal power.

$P_{I/O max}$ represents the maximum power dissipation on output pins where:

$$P_{I/O max} = \Sigma (V_{OL} \times I_{OL}) + \Sigma (V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH},$$

taking into account the actual V_{OL} / I_{OL} and V_{OH} / I_{OH} of the I/Os at low and high level in the application.

Table 85. Package thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient UFQFPN48	32	°C/W
	Thermal resistance junction-ambient WLCSP49	51	
	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP64	50	
	Thermal resistance junction-ambient LQFP100	42	
	Thermal resistance junction-ambient UFBGA100	56	

7.2.1 Reference document

JESD51-2 Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environment Conditions - Natural Convection (Still Air). Available from www.jedec.org.