



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	M32C/80
Core Size	16/32-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, IEBus, IrDA, SIO, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	121
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	31K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 34x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-LFQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/m30878fjgp-u3

Table 1.11 144-Pin Package List of Pin Names (4/4)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
121		P0_1					AN0_1	D1
122		P0_0					AN0_0	D0
123		P15_7			CTS6/RTS6		AN15_7	
124		P15_6			CLK6		AN15_6	
125		P15_5			RXD6		AN15_5	
126		P15_4			TXD6		AN15_4	
127		P15_3			CTS5/RTS5		AN15_3	
128		P15_2			RXD5	ISRXD0	AN15_2	
129		P15_1			CLK5	ISCLK0	AN15_1	
130	VSS							
131		P15_0			TXD5	ISTXD0	AN15_0	
132	VCC1							
133		P10_7	KI3	RTP3_3			AN_7	
134		P10_6	KI2	RTP3_2			AN_6	
135		P10_5	KI1	RTP3_1			AN_5	
136		P10_4	KI0	RTP3_0			AN_4	
137		P10_3		RTP1_3			AN_3	
138		P10_2		RTP1_2			AN_2	
139		P10_1		RTP1_1			AN_1	
140	AVSS							
141		P10_0		RTP1_0			AN_0	
142	VREF							
143	AVCC							
144		P9_7			RXD4/SCL4/STXD4		ADTRG	

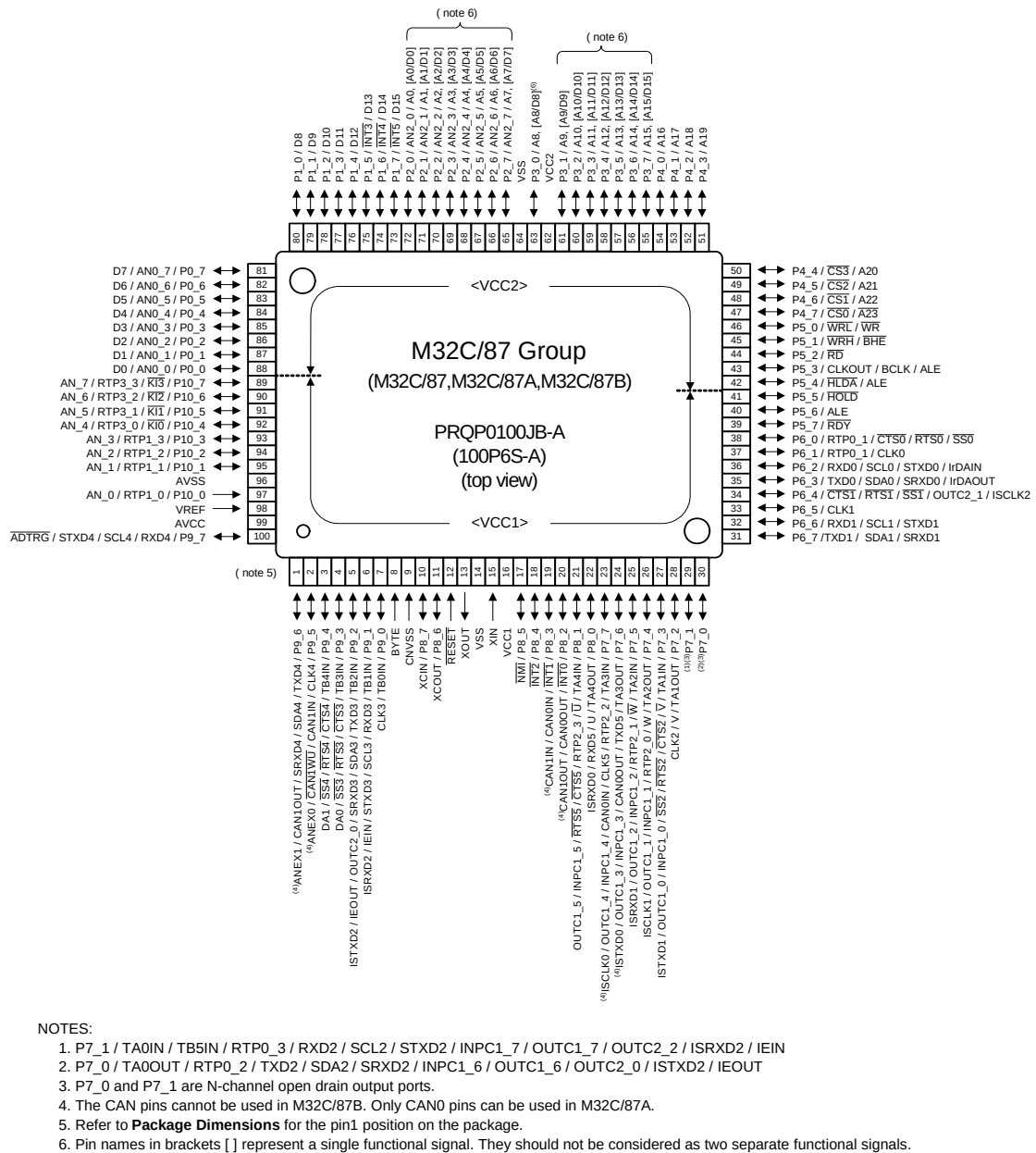


Figure 1.4 Pin Assignment for 100-Pin Package

Table 1.14 100-Pin Package List of Pin Names (3/3)

Pin No.		Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
FP	GP								
73	71		P1_7	INT5					D15
74	72		P1_6	INT4					D14
75	73		P1_5	INT3					D13
76	74		P1_4						D12
77	75		P1_3						D11
78	76		P1_2						D10
79	77		P1_1						D9
80	78		P1_0						D8
81	79		P0_7					AN0_7	D7
82	80		P0_6					AN0_6	D6
83	81		P0_5					AN0_5	D5
84	82		P0_4					AN0_4	D4
85	83		P0_3					AN0_3	D3
86	84		P0_2					AN0_2	D2
87	85		P0_1					AN0_1	D1
88	86		P0_0					AN0_0	D0
89	87		P10_7	KI3	RTP3_3			AN_7	
90	88		P10_6	KI2	RTP3_2			AN_6	
91	89		P10_5	KI1	RTP3_1			AN_5	
92	90		P10_4	KI0	RTP3_0			AN_4	
93	91		P10_3		RTP1_3			AN_3	
94	92		P10_2		RTP1_2			AN_2	
95	93		P10_1		RTP1_1			AN_1	
96	94	AVSS							
97	95		P10_0		RTP1_0			AN_0	
98	96	VREF							
99	97	AVCC							
100	98		P9_7			RXD4/SCL4/STXD4		ADTRG	

1.5 Pin Functions

Table 1.15 Pin Functions (100-Pin and 144-Pin Packages) (1/4)

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Supply Voltage	Description
Power supply	VCC1, VCC2 VSS	–	–	Apply 3.0 to 5.5 V to pins VCC1 and VCC2, and 0 V to the VSS pin. The input condition of $VCC1 \geq VCC2$ must be met.
Analog power supply input	AVCC AVSS	–	VCC1	Power supply input pins to the A/D converter and D/A converter. Connect the AVCC pin to VCC1, and the AVSS pin to VSS.
Reset input	RESET	I	VCC1	The MCU is placed in the reset state while applying an "L" signal to the RESET pin.
CNVSS	CNVSS	I	VCC1	This pin switches processor mode. Apply an "L" to the CNVSS pin to start up in single-chip mode, or an "H" to start up in microprocessor mode (mask ROM, flash memory version) and boot mode (flash memory version).
External data bus width select input	BYTE	I	VCC1	This pin switches a data bus width in external memory space 3. A data bus is 16 bits wide when the BYTE pin is held "L" and 8 bits wide when it is held "H". Fix to either "L" or "H". Apply an "L" to the BYTE pin in single-chip mode.
Bus control Pins	D0 to D7	I/O	VCC2	Data (D0 to D7) input/output pins while accessing an external memory space with separate bus.
	D8 to D15	I/O	VCC2	Data (D8 to D15) input/output pins while accessing an external memory space with 16-bit separate bus.
	A0 to A22	O	VCC2	Address bits (A0 to A22) output pins.
	A23	O	VCC2	Inverted address bit (A23) output pin.
	A0/D0 to A7/D7	I/O	VCC2	Data (D0 to D7) input/output and 8 low-order address bits (A0 to A7) output are performed by time-sharing these pins while accessing an external memory space with multiplexed bus.
	A8/D8 to A15/D15	I/O	VCC2	Data (D8 to D15) input/output and 8 middle-order address bits (A8 to A15) output are performed by time-sharing these pins while accessing an external memory space with 16-bit multiplexed bus.
	CS0 to CS3	O	VCC2	Chip-select signal output pins used to specify external devices.
	WRL/WR WRH/BHE RD	O	VCC2	WRL, WRH, (WR, BHE) and RD signal output pins. WRL and WRH can be switched with WR and BHE by a program. • WRL, WRH and RD are selected: If external data bus is 16 bits wide, data is written to an even address in external memory space while an "L" is output from the WRL pin. Data is written to an odd address while an "L" is output from the WRH pin. Data is read while an "L" is output from the RD pin. • WR, BHE and RD are selected: Data is written while an "L" is output from the WR pin. Data is read while an "L" is output from the RD pin. Data in odd address is accessed while an "L" is output from the BHE pin. Select WR, BHE and RD when an external data bus is 8 bits wide.
	ALE	O	VCC2	ALE signal is used for the external devices to latch address signals when the multiplexed bus is selected.
	HOLD	I	VCC2	The MCU is placed in a hold state while an "L" signal is applied to the HOLD pin.
	HLDA	O	VCC2	The HLDA pin outputs an "L" while the MCU is placed in a hold state.
	RDY	I	VCC2	Bus is placed in a wait state while an "L" signal is applied to the RDY pin.

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

Table 1.17 Pin Functions (100-Pin and 144-Pin Package) (3/4)

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Supply Voltage	Description
Intelligent I/O	INPC1_0 to INPC1_3	I	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	Input pins for the time measurement function.
	INPC1_4 to INPC1_7	I	VCC1	
	OUTC1_0 to OUTC1_3	O	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	Output pins for the waveform generation function. (OUTC1_6/OUTC2_0 and OUTC1_7/OUTC2_2 assigned to ports 7_0 and 7_1 are N-channel open drain output.)
	OUTC1_4 to OUTC1_7	O	VCC1	
	OUTC2_0 to OUTC2_2	O	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	
	ISCLK0	I/O	VCC1	Clock input/output pins for the intelligent I/O communication function.
	ISCLK1, ISCLK2	I/O	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	
	ISRXD0	I	VCC1	Data input pins for the intelligent I/O communication function.
	ISRXD1, ISRXD2	I	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	
	ISTXD0	O	VCC1	Data output pins for the intelligent I/O communication function. (ISTXD2 assigned to port 7_0 is N-channel open drain output.)
	ISTXD1, ISTXD2	O	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	
	IEIN	I	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	Data input pin for the intelligent I/O communication function.
	IEOUT	O	VCC1/ VCC2 ⁽¹⁾	Data output pin for the intelligent I/O communication function. (IEOUT assigned to port 7_0 is N-channel open drain output.)
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	–	The VREF pin supplies the reference voltage to the A/D converter and D/A converter.
A/D converter	AN_0 to AN_7	I	VCC1	Analog input pins for the A/D converter.
	AN0_0 to AN0_7, AN2_0 to AN2_7	I	VCC2	
	ADTRG	I	VCC1	External trigger input pin for the A/D converter.
	ANEX0	I/O	VCC1	Extended analog input pin for the A/D converter or output pin in external op-amp connection mode.
	ANEX1	I	VCC1	Extended analog input pin for the A/D converter.
D/A converter	DA0, DA1	O	VCC1	Output pins for the D/A converter.
Real-time port	RTP0_0 to RTP0_3 RTP1_0 to RTP1_3 RTP2_0 to RTP2_3 RTP3_0 to RTP3_3	O	VCC1	These pins function as real-time ports. (RTP0_2 and RTP0_3 are N-channel open drain output.)

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

NOTE:

1. Only VCC1 can be used in the 100-pin package.

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU registers.

The register bank is comprised of eight registers (R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, SB, and FB) out of 28 CPU registers. There are two sets of register banks.

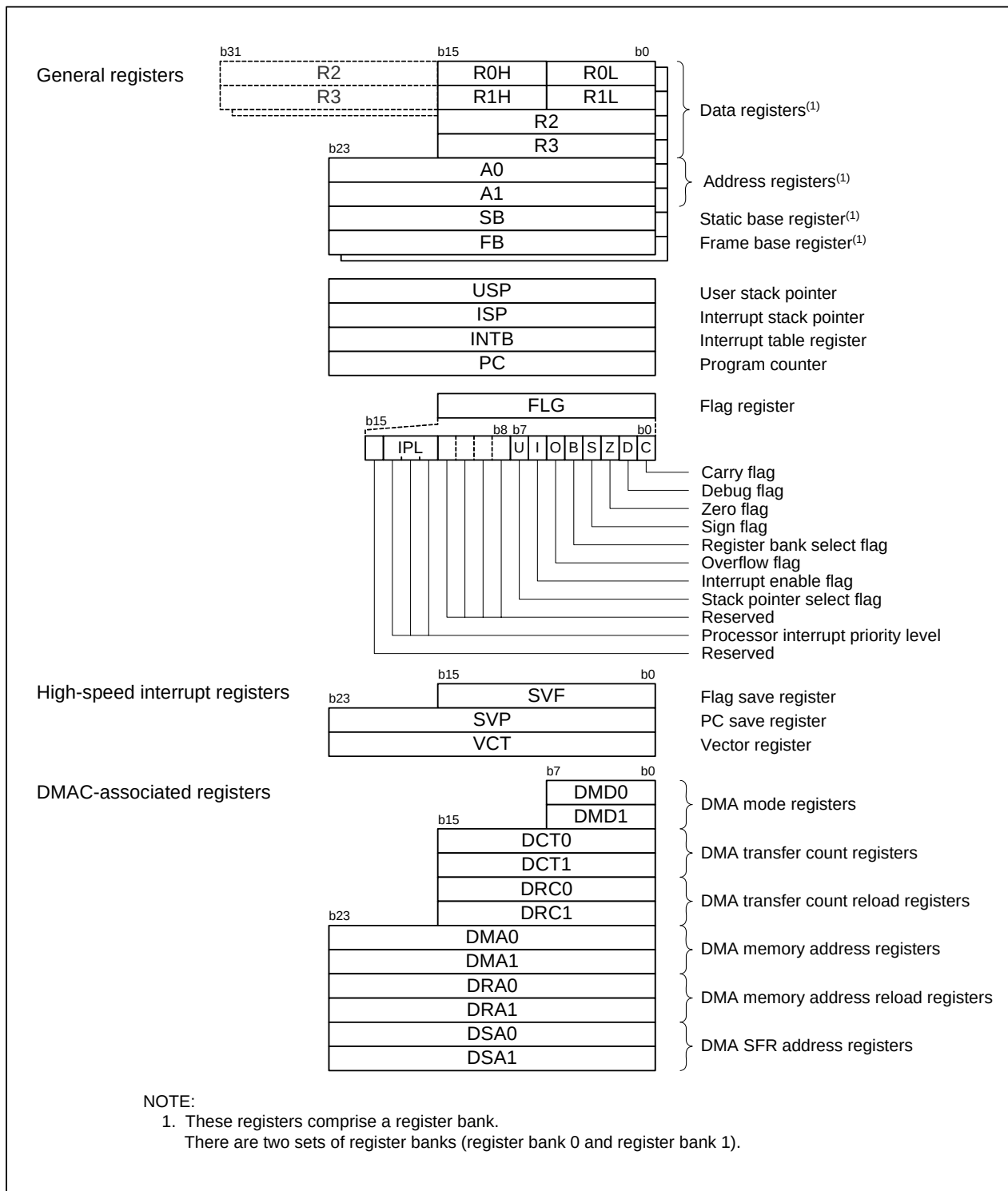


Figure 2.1 CPU Register

Table 4.2 SFR Address Map (2/20)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0030h			
0031h			
0032h			
0033h			
0034h			
0035h			
0036h			
0037h			
0038h	Address Match Interrupt Register 6	RMAD6	000000h
0039h			
003Ah			
003Bh	Address Match Interrupt Register 7	RMAD7	000000h
003Ch			
003Dh			
003Eh			
003Fh			
0040h			
0041h			
0042h			
0043h			
0044h			
0045h			
0046h			
0047h			
0048h	External Space Wait Control Register 0	EWCR0	X0X0 0011b
0049h	External Space Wait Control Register 1	EWCR1	X0X0 0011b
004Ah	External Space Wait Control Register 2	EWCR2	X0X0 0011b
004Bh	External Space Wait Control Register 3	EWCR3	X0X0 0011b
004Ch			
004Dh			
004Eh			
004Fh			
0050h			
0051h			
0052h			
0053h			
0054h			
0055h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	0000 0X0Xb
0056h			
0057h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	0000 0001b(Flash Memory) XXXX XXX0b(Mask ROM)
0058h			
0059h			
005Ah			
005Bh			
005Ch			
005Dh			
005Eh			
005Fh			

X: Undefined

Blank spaces are all reserved. No access is allowed.

Table 4.4 SFR Address Map (4/20)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0090h	UART0 Transmit/NACK Interrupt Control Register	S0TIC	XXXX X000b
0091h	UART1/UART4 Bus Conflict Detection Interrupt Control Register	BCN1IC/BCN4IC	XXXX X000b
0092h	UART1 Transmit/NACK Interrupt Control Register	S1TIC	XXXX X000b
0093h	Key Input Interrupt Control Register	KUPIC	XXXX X000b
0094h	Timer B0 Interrupt Control Register	TB0IC	XXXX X000b
0095h	I/O Interrupt Control Register 1 / CAN1 Interrupt Control Register 1	IIO1IC/CAN4IC	XXXX X000b
0096h	Timer B2 Interrupt Control Register	TB2IC	XXXX X000b
0097h	I/O Interrupt Control Register 3	IIO3IC	XXXX X000b
0098h	Timer B4 Interrupt Control Register	TB4IC	XXXX X000b
0099h	I/O Interrupt Control Register 5 / CAN1 Interrupt Control Register 2	IIO5IC/CAN5IC	XXXX X000b
009Ah	INT4 Interrupt Control Register	INT4IC	XX00 X000b
009Bh	I/O Interrupt Control Register 7	IIO7IC	XXXX X000b
009Ch	INT2 Interrupt Control Register	INT2IC	XX00 X000b
009Dh	I/O Interrupt Control Register 9 / CAN0 Interrupt Control Register 0	IIO9IC/CAN0IC	XXXX X000b
009Eh	INT0 Interrupt Control Register	INT0IC	XX00 X000b
009Fh	Exit Priority Register	RLVL	XXXX 0000b
00A0h	Interrupt Request Register 0	IIO0IR	0000 000Xb
00A1h	Interrupt Request Register 1	IIO1IR	0000 000Xb
00A2h	Interrupt Request Register 2	IIO2IR	0000 000Xb
00A3h	Interrupt Request Register 3	IIO3IR	0000 000Xb
00A4h	Interrupt Request Register 4	IIO4IR	0000 000Xb
00A5h	Interrupt Request Register 5	IIO5IR	0000 000Xb
00A6h	Interrupt Request Register 6	IIO6IR	0000 000Xb
00A7h	Interrupt Request Register 7	IIO7IR	0000 000Xb
00A8h	Interrupt Request Register 8	IIO8IR	0000 000Xb
00A9h	Interrupt Request Register 9	IIO9IR	0000 000Xb
00AAh	Interrupt Request Register 10	IIO10IR	0000 000Xb
00ABh	Interrupt Request Register 11	IIO11IR	0000 000Xb
00ACh			
00ADh			
00AEh			
00AFh			
00B0h	Interrupt Enable Register 0	IIO0IE	00h
00B1h	Interrupt Enable Register 1	IIO1IE	00h
00B2h	Interrupt Enable Register 2	IIO2IE	00h
00B3h	Interrupt Enable Register 3	IIO3IE	00h
00B4h	Interrupt Enable Register 4	IIO4IE	00h
00B5h	Interrupt Enable Register 5	IIO5IE	00h
00B6h	Interrupt Enable Register 6	IIO6IE	00h
00B7h	Interrupt Enable Register 7	IIO7IE	00h
00B8h	Interrupt Enable Register 8	IIO8IE	00h
00B9h	Interrupt Enable Register 9	IIO9IE	00h
00BAh	Interrupt Enable Register 10	IIO10IE	00h
00BBh	Interrupt Enable Register 11	IIO11IE	00h
00BCh			
00BDh			
00BEh			
00BFh to 00DFh			

X: Undefined

Blank spaces are all reserved. No access is allowed.

Table 4.8 SFR Address Map (8/20)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
01C0h	UART5 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U5MR	00h
01C1h	UART5 Baud Rate Register	U5BRG	XXh
01C2h	UART5 Transmit Buffer Register	U5TB	XXXXh
01C3h			
01C4h	UART5 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U5C0	0000 1000b
01C5h	UART5 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U5C1	XXXX 0010b
01C6h	UART5 Receive Buffer Register	U5RB	XXXXh
01C7h			
01C8h	UART6 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U6MR	00h
01C9h	UART6 Baud Rate Register	U6BRG	XXh
01CAh	UART6 Transmit Buffer Register	U6TB	XXXXh
01CBh			
01CCh	UART6 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U6C0	0000 1000b
01CDh	UART6 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U6C1	XXXX 0010b
01CEh	UART6 Receive Buffer Register	U6RB	XXXXh
01CFh			
01D0h	UART5, UART6 Transmit/Receive Control Register	U56CON	X000 0000b
01D1h	UART5, UART6 Input Pin Function Select Register	U56IS	X000 X000b
01D2h			
01D3h			
01D4h			
01D5h			
01D6h			
01D7h			
01D8h	RTP Output Buffer Register 0	RTP0R	XXh
01D9h	RTP Output Buffer Register 1	RTP1R	XXh
01DAh	RTP Output Buffer Register 2	RTP2R	XXh
01DBh	RTP Output Buffer Register 3	RTP3R	XXh
01DCh			
01DDh			
01DEh			
01DFh			
01E0h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Standard ID0 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_0	XXh
01E1h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Standard ID1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_1	XXh
01E2h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Extended ID0 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_2	XXh
01E3h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Extended ID1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_3	XXh
01E4h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Extended ID2 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_4	XXh
01E5h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data Length Code ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_5	XXh
01E6h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 0 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_6	XXh
01E7h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_7	XXh
01E8h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 2 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_8	XXh
01E9h	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 3 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_9	XXh
01EAh	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 4 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_10	XXh
01EBh	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 5 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_11	XXh
01ECh	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_12	XXh
01EDh	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Data 7 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_13	XXh
01EEh	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Time Stamp High-Order ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_14	XXh
01EFh	CAN0 Message Slot Buffer 0 Time Stamp Low-Order ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	C0SLOT0_15	XXh

X: Undefined

Blank spaces are all reserved. No access is allowed.

NOTES:

1. The CAN-associated registers (allocated in addresses 01E0h to 02BFh) cannot be used in M32C/87B. In M32C/87A, only CAN0-associated registers can be used.
2. Set the PM13 bit in the PM1 register to 1 (2 wait states for SFR area) before accessing the CAN-associated registers.

$$VCC1 = VCC2 = 5V$$

Table 5.5 Electrical Characteristics (1/3)

(VCC1 = VCC2 = 4.2 to 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C, f(CPU) = 32 MHz unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter		Measurement Condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
VOH	Output high "H" voltage	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P11_0 to P11_4, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7 ⁽¹⁾	IOH = -5 mA	VCC2 - 2.0		VCC2	V
		P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P14_0 to P14_6, P15_0 to P15_7 ⁽¹⁾	IOH = -5 mA	VCC1 - 2.0		VCC1	
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P11_0 to P11_4, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7 ⁽¹⁾	IOH = -200 μA	VCC2 - 0.3		VCC2	V
		P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P14_0 to P14_6, P15_0 to P15_7 ⁽¹⁾	IOH = -200 μA	VCC1 - 0.3		VCC1	
		XOUT	IOH = -1 mA	3.0		VCC1	V
		XCOUT	Drive capability = high		2.5		V
			Drive capability = low		1.6		V
VOL	Output low "L" voltage	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_4, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0 to P14_6, P15_0 to P15_7 ⁽¹⁾	IOL = 5 mA			2.0	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_4, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0 to P14_6, P15_0 to P15_7 ⁽¹⁾	IOL = 200 μA			0.45	V
		XOUT	IOL = 1 mA			2.0	V
		XCOUT	Drive capability = high		0		V
			Drive capability = low		0		V
VT+ - VT-	Hysteresis	HOLD, RDY, TA0IN to TA4IN, TB0IN to TB5IN, INT0 to INT8, ADTRG, CTS0 to CTS6, CLK0 to CLK6, TA0OUT to TA4OUT, NMI, KI0 to KI3, RXD0 to RXD6, SCL0 to SCL4, SDA0 to SDA4, INPC1_0 to INPC1_7, ISCLK0 to ISCLK2, ISRXD0 to ISRXD2, IEIN, CAN0IN, CAN1IN, CAN1WU		0.2		1.0	V
		RESET		0.2		1.8	V

NOTE:

1. P11 to P15 are provided in the 144-pin package only.

$$VCC1 = VCC2 = 5V$$

**Table 5.10 Flash Memory Electrical Characteristics (VCC1 = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, 3.0 to 3.6 V,
Topr = 0 to 60°C unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Measurement Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Erase and program endurance ⁽¹⁾		100			times
–	Word program time (16 bits) (VCC1 = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C)			25	300	μs
–	Lock bit program time			25	300	μs
–	Block erase time (VCC1 = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C)	4-Kbyte block		0.3	4	s
		8-Kbyte block		0.3	4	s
		32-Kbyte block		0.5	4	s
		64-Kbyte block		0.8	4	s
tps	Wait time to stabilize flash memory circuit				15	μs
–	Data hold time (Topr = -40 to 85°C)		10			years

NOTE:

1. If erase and program endurance is n times (n = 100), each block can be erased n times. For example, if a 4-Kbyte block A is erased after programming a word data 2,048 times, each to a different address, this counts as one erase and program time. Data can not be programmed to the same address more than once without erasing the block. (rewrite prohibited)

$$VCC1 = VCC2 = 5V$$

Timing Requirements

(VCC1 = VCC2 = 4.2 to 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 5.23 A/D Trigger Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(AD)	ADTRG input cycle time (required for trigger)	1000		ns
tw(ADL)	ADTRG input low ("L") pulse width	125		ns

Table 5.24 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	200		ns
tw(CKH)	CLKi input high ("H") pulse width	100		ns
tw(CKL)	CLKi input low ("L") pulse width	100		ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time		80	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi output hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	70		ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90		ns

i = 0 to 6

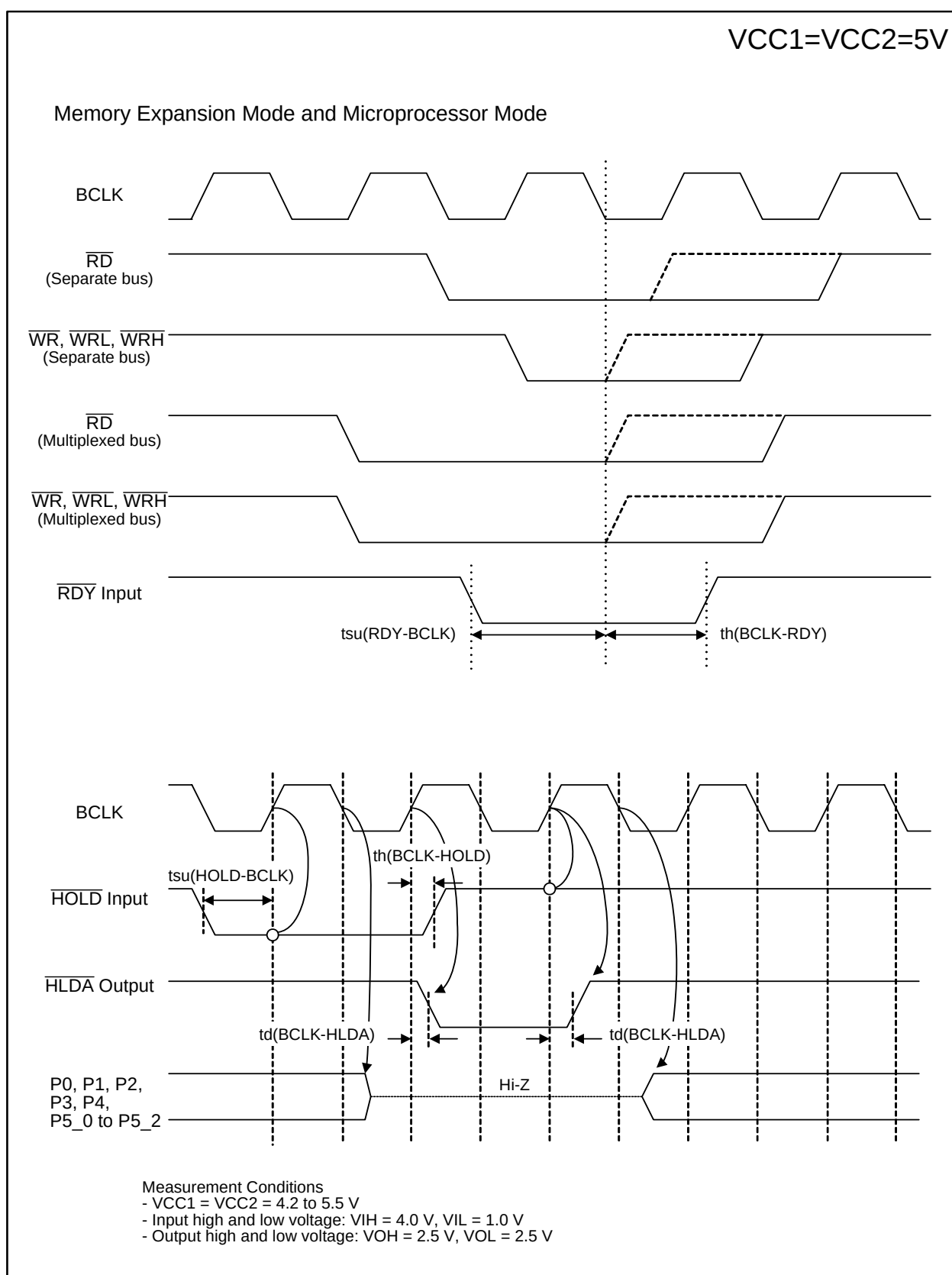
Table 5.25 Intelligent I/O Communication Function (Groups 0 and 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	ISCLKi input cycle time	600		ns
tw(CKH)	ISCLKi input high ("H") pulse width	300		ns
tw(CKL)	ISCLKi input low ("L") pulse width	300		ns
td(C-Q)	ISTXDi output delay time		100	ns
th(C-Q)	ISTXDi output hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	ISRXDi input setup time	100		ns
th(C-D)	ISRXDi input hold time	100		ns

i = 0, 1

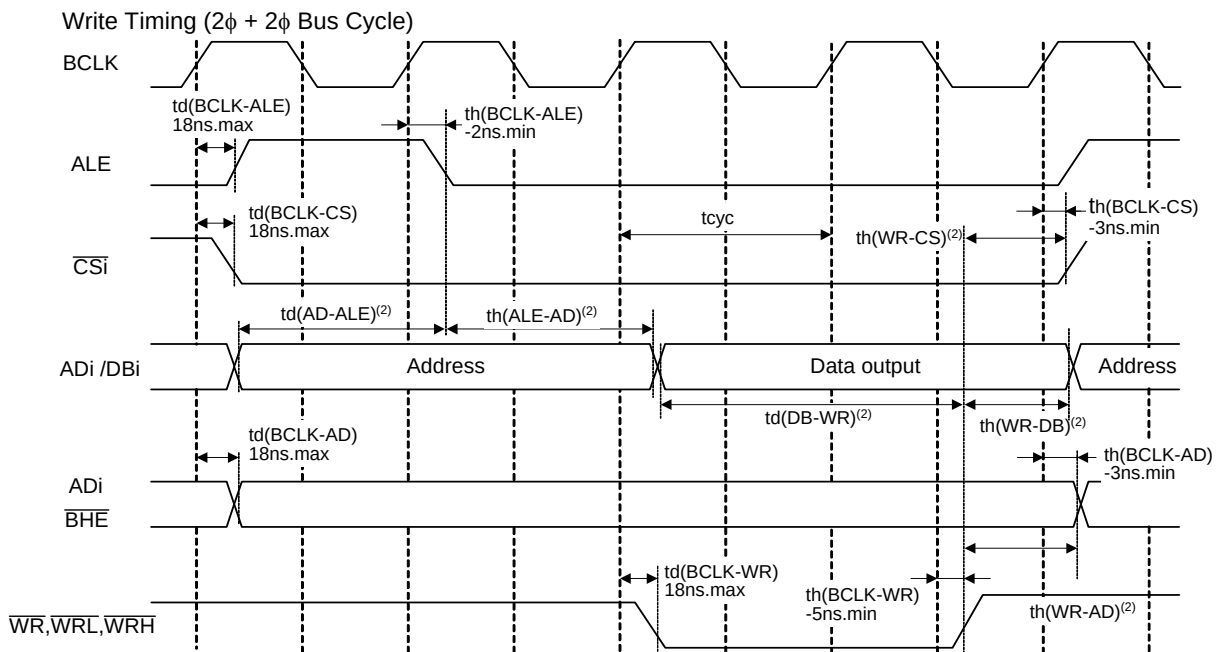
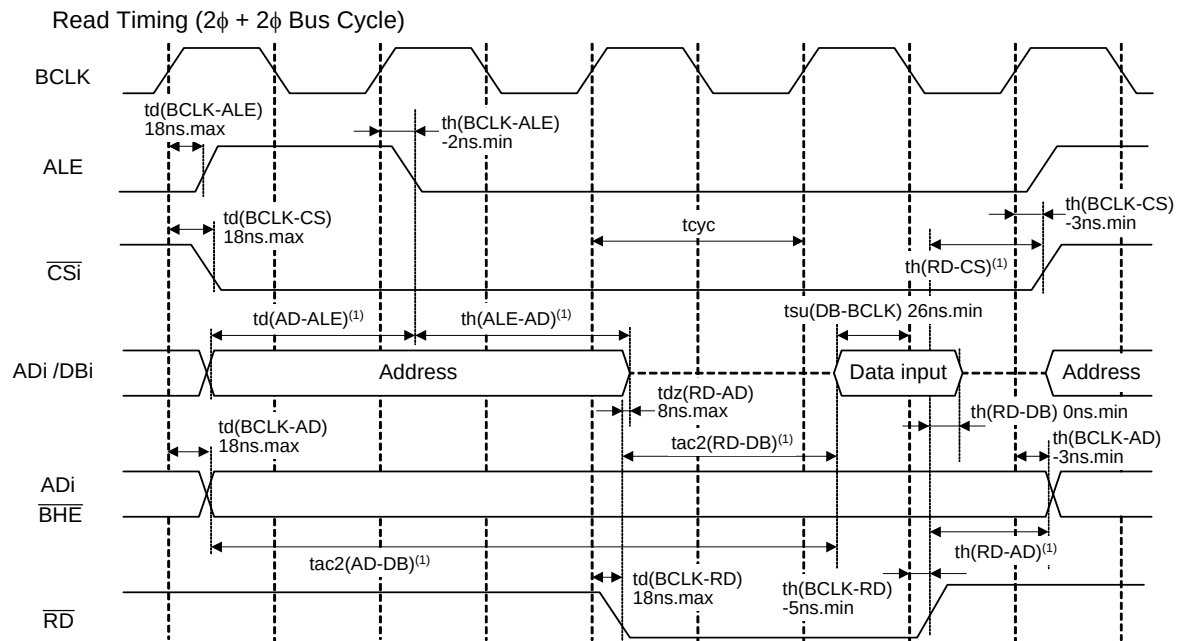
Table 5.26 Intelligent I/O Communication Function (Group 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	ISCLK2 input cycle time	600		ns
tw(CKH)	ISCLK2 input high ("H") pulse width	300		ns
tw(CKL)	ISCLK2 input low ("L") pulse width	300		ns
td(C-Q)	ISTXD2 output delay time		180	ns
th(C-Q)	ISTXD2 output hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	ISRXD2 input setup time	150		ns
th(C-D)	ISRXD2 input hold time	100		ns

**Figure 5.4 VCC1 = VCC2 = 5 V Timing Diagram (2/4)**

Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode (when accessing an external memory space with the multiplexed bus)

VCC1=VCC2=5V



$$tcyc = \frac{10^9}{f(BCLK)}$$

Measurement Conditions:

- VCC1 = VCC2 = 4.2 to 5.5 V
- Input high and low voltage $V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$
- Output high and low voltage $V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$, $V_{OL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$

Figure 5.6 VCC1 = VCC2 = 5 V Timing Diagram (4/4)

$$VCC1 = VCC2 = 3.3\text{ V}$$

Timing Requirements

(VCC1 = VCC2 = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VSS = 0 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 5.46 A/D Trigger Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(AD)	ADTRG input cycle time (required for trigger)	1000		ns
tw(ADL)	ADTRG input low ("L") pulse width	125		ns

Table 5.47 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	200		ns
tw(CKH)	CLKi input high ("H") pulse width	100		ns
tw(CKL)	CLKi input low ("L") pulse width	100		ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time		80	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi output hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	70		ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90		ns

i = 0 to 6

Table 5.48 Intelligent I/O Communication Function (Groups 0 and 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	ISCLKi input cycle time	600		ns
tw(CKH)	ISCLKi input high ("H") pulse width	300		ns
tw(CKL)	ISCLKi input low ("L") pulse width	300		ns
td(C-Q)	ISTXDi output delay time		100	ns
th(C-Q)	ISTXDi output hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	ISRXDi input setup time	100		ns
th(C-D)	ISRXDi input hold time	100		ns

i = 0, 1

Table 5.49 Intelligent I/O Communication Function (Group 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	ISCLK2 input cycle time	600		ns
tw(CKH)	ISCLK2 input high ("H") pulse width	300		ns
tw(CKL)	ISCLK2 input low ("L") pulse width	300		ns
td(C-Q)	ISTXD2 output delay time		180	ns
th(C-Q)	ISTXD2 output hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	ISRXD2 input setup time	150		ns
th(C-D)	ISRXD2 input hold time	100		ns

$$VCC1 = VCC2 = 3.3 \text{ V}$$

Timing Requirements

(VCC1 = VCC2 = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VSS = 0 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 5.51 Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tac1(RD-DB)	Data input access time (RD standard)		(note 1)	ns
tac1(AD-DB)	Data input access time (AD standard, CS standard)		(note 1)	ns
tac2(RD-DB)	Data input access time (RD standard, when accessing a space with the multiplexed bus)		(note 1)	ns
tac2(AD-DB)	Data input access time (AD standard, when accessing a space with the multiplexed bus)		(note 1)	ns
tsu(DB-BCLK)	Data input setup time	30		ns
tsu(RDY-BCLK)	$\overline{\text{RDY}}$ input setup time	40		ns
tsu(HOLD-BCLK)	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ input setup time	60		ns
th(RD-DB)	Data input hold time	0		ns
th(BCLK-RDY)	$\overline{\text{RDY}}$ input hold time	0		ns
th(BCLK-HOLD)	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ input hold time	0		ns
td(BCLK-HLDA)	$\overline{\text{HLDA}}$ output delay time		25	ns

NOTE:

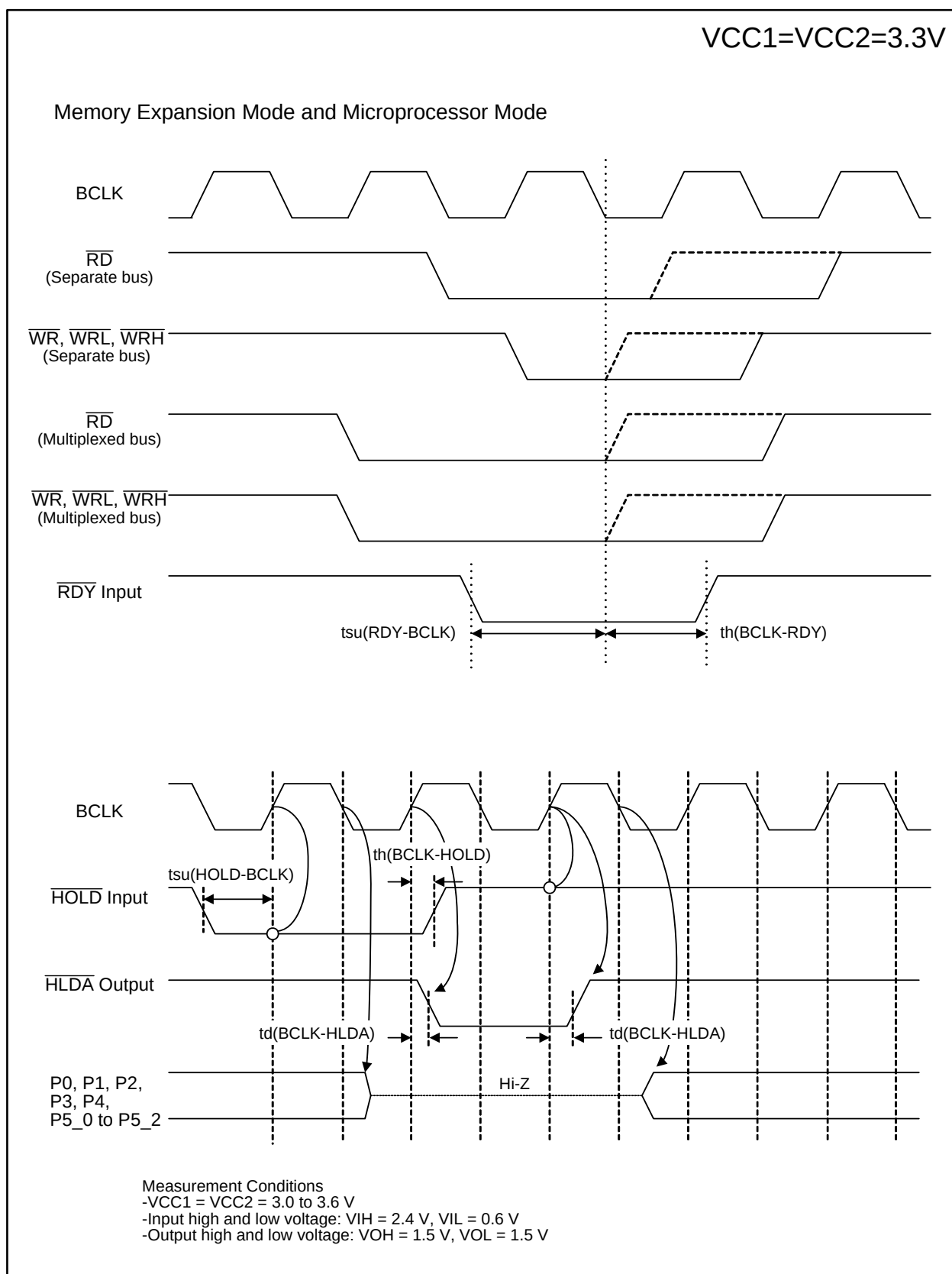
1. Values, which depend on BCLK frequency and external bus cycles, can be obtained from the following equations. Insert wait states or lower the operation frequency, f(BCLK), if the calculated value is negative.

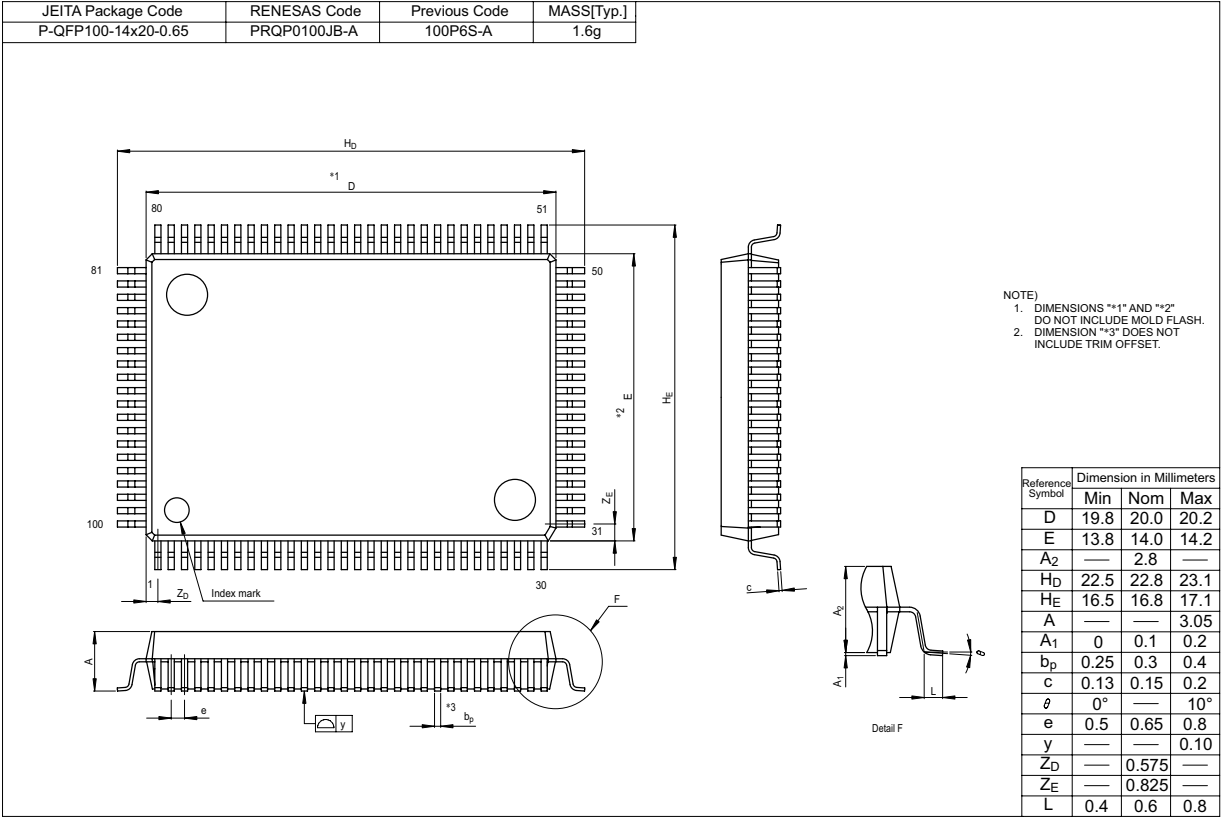
$$tac1(RD-DB) = \frac{10^9 \times m}{f(BCLK) \times 2} - 35 \text{ [ns]} \text{ (if external bus cycle is } a\phi + b\phi, m = (b \times 2) + 1)$$

$$tac1(AD-DB) = \frac{10^9 \times n}{f(BCLK)} - 35 \text{ [ns]} \text{ (if external bus cycle is } a\phi + b\phi, n = a + b)$$

$$tac2(RD-DB) = \frac{10^9 \times m}{f(BCLK) \times 2} - 35 \text{ [ns]} \text{ (if external bus cycle is } a\phi + b\phi, m = (b \times 2) - 1)$$

$$tac2(AD-DB) = \frac{10^9 \times p}{f(BCLK) \times 2} - 35 \text{ [ns]} \text{ (if external bus cycle is } a\phi + b\phi, p = \{(a + b - 1) \times 2\} + 1)$$

**Figure 5.8** VCC1 = VCC2 = 3.3 V Timing Diagram (2/4)



REVISION HISTORY		M32C/87 Group Datasheet	
Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
			Electrical Characteristics • Table 5.22 Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode $t_h(WR-DB)$ expression on note 1 modified • Table 5.23 Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode $t_h(WR-DB)$ expression on note 1 modified; $t_h(ALE-AD)$ expression on note 4 modified • Figure 5.3 Vcc1=Vcc2=5V Timing Diagram (1) $t_{ac1}(RD-DB)$ expression on note 2 modified; $t_h(WR-DB)$ and $t_w(ER)$ expressions on note 3 modified; t_{cyc} expression added • Figure 5.4 Vcc1=Vcc2=5V Timing Diagram (2) $t_{ac2}(RD-DB)$ and $t_{ac2}(AD-DB)$ expressions on note 1 modified; $t_h(ALE-AD)$ expressions on notes 1 and 2 modified; $t_d(DB-WR)$ expression on note 2 modified; t_{cyc} expression added • Figure 5.5 Vcc1=Vcc2=5V Timing Diagram (3) $\overline{NMI}$ input diagram added • Table 5.24 Electrical Characteristics V_{OH} values changed; R_{PULLUP} and I_{CC} values modified • Table 5.25 A/D Conversion Characteristics t_{CONV} value modified • Table 5.28 Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode $t_{ac1}(RD-DB)$ expression on note 1 modified; $t_{ac2}(RD-DB)$ expression on note 1 added • Table 5.40 Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode $t_h(BCLK-AD)$, $t_h(BCLK-CS)$ and $t_h(BCLK-RD)$ values modified; $t_h(WR-AD)$ expression on note 1 modified • Table 5.41 Memory Expansion Mode and Microprocessor Mode $t_h(BCLK-AD)$, $t_h(BCLK-CS)$ and $t_h(BCLK-RD)$ values modified; $t_h(WR-AD)$ expression on note 1 modified; $t_h(ALE-AD)$ expression on note 4 modified • Figure 5.7 Vcc1=Vcc2=3.3V Timing Diagram (1) $t_h(BCLK-AD)$, $t_h(BCLK-CS)$ and $t_h(BCLK-RD)$ values modified; $t_{ac1}(AD-DB)$ expression on note 2 modified; $t_h(WR-DB)$, $t_h(WR-AD)$ and $t_w(WR)$ expression on note 3 modified; t_{cyc} expression added • Figure 5.8 Vcc1=Vcc2=3.3V Timing Diagram (2) $t_{ac2}(RD-DB)$ and $t_{ac1}(AD-DB)$ expressions on note 1 modified; $t_h(ALE-AD)$ expressions on notes 1 and 2 modified; $t_d(WR-AD)$, $t_d(DB-WR)$ and $t_h(WR-DB)$ expressions on note 2 modified; t_{cyc} expression added • Figure 5.9 Vcc1=Vcc2=3.3V Timing Diagram (3) $\overline{NMI}$ input diagram added
1.01	Aug. 29, 05		Overview
		17	• Tables 1.6 Pin Description Intelligent I/O functions modified
		29	Special Function Register (SFR)
		29	• The G1BCR0 register Value after reset modified • The G1BCR1 register Value after reset modified
		49	Electrical Characteristics • Table 5.3 Electrical Characteristics I_{CC} standard value modified

REVISION HISTORY		M32C/87 Group Datasheet	
Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
		46	Special Function Registers (SFRs) • Table 4.20 A value of After Reset column in 03FFh modified

All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.
 IEBus is a registered trademark of NEC Electronics Corporation.