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## Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

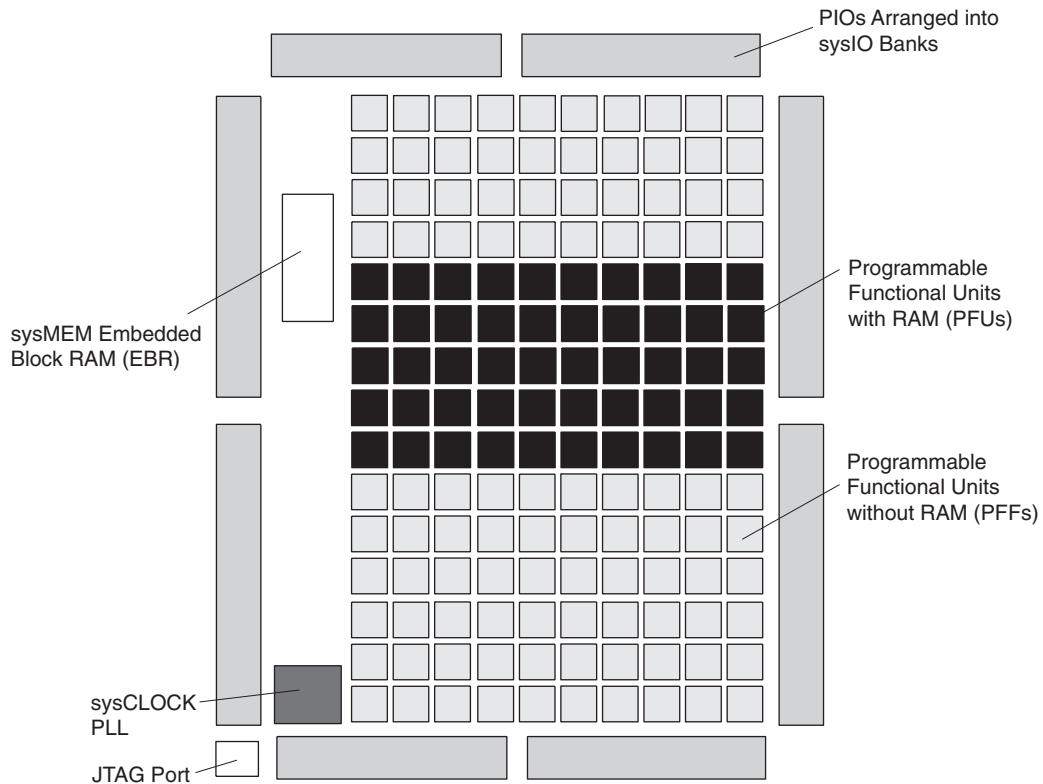
## Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

### Details

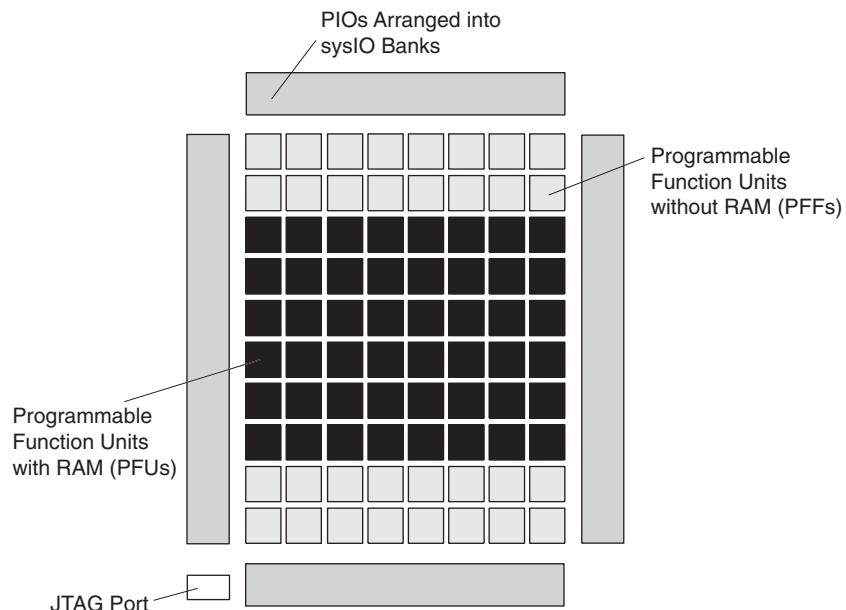
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	285
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2280
Total RAM Bits	28262
Number of I/O	211
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FTBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2280e-4ft256i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2280e-4ft256i</a>

**Figure 2-1. Top View of the MachXO1200 Device<sup>1</sup>**



1. Top view of the MachXO2280 device is similar but with higher LUT count, two PLLs, and three EBR blocks.

**Figure 2-2. Top View of the MachXO640 Device**



### Modes of Operation

Each Slice is capable of four modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM, and ROM. The Slice in the PFF is capable of all modes except RAM. Table 2-2 lists the modes and the capability of the Slice blocks.

**Table 2-2. Slice Modes**

	Logic	Ripple	RAM	ROM
PFU Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	SP 16x2	ROM 16x1 x 2
PFF Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	N/A	ROM 16x1 x 2

**Logic Mode:** In this mode, the LUTs in each Slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables (LUT4). A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any logic function with four inputs can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per Slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one Slice. Larger lookup tables such as LUT6, LUT7, and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other Slices.

**Ripple Mode:** Ripple mode allows the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each Slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/Subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
  - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
  - A not-equal-to B
  - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated per Slice in this mode, allowing fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating Slices.

**RAM Mode:** In this mode, distributed RAM can be constructed using each LUT block as a 16x2-bit memory. Through the combination of LUTs and Slices, a variety of different memories can be constructed.

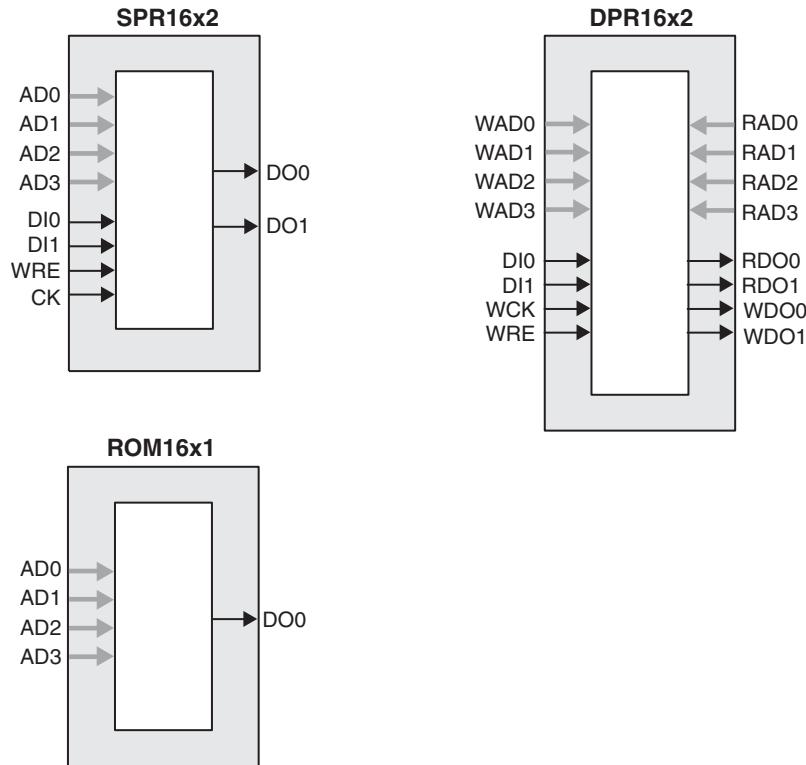
The ispLEVER design tool supports the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of Slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. Figure 2-6 shows the distributed memory primitive block diagrams. Dual port memories involve the pairing of two Slices. One Slice functions as the read-write port, while the other companion Slice supports the read-only port. For more information on RAM mode in MachXO devices, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

**Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM**

	SPR16x2	DPR16x2
Number of Slices	1	2

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, DPR = Dual Port RAM

**Figure 2-6. Distributed Memory Primitives**



**ROM Mode:** The ROM mode uses the same principal as the RAM modes, but without the Write port. Pre-loading is accomplished through the programming interface during configuration.

#### PFU Modes of Operation

Slices can be combined within a PFU to form larger functions. Table 2-4 tabulates these modes and documents the functionality possible at the PFU level.

**Table 2-4. PFU Modes of Operation**

Logic	Ripple	RAM	ROM
LUT 4x8 or MUX 2x1 x 8	2-bit Add x 4	SPR16x2 x 4 DPR16x2 x 2	ROM16x1 x 8
LUT 5x4 or MUX 4x1 x 4	2-bit Sub x 4	SPR16x4 x 2 DPR16x4 x 1	ROM16x2 x 4
LUT 6x2 or MUX 8x1 x 2	2-bit Counter x 4	SPR16x8 x 1	ROM16x4 x 2
LUT 7x1 or MUX 16x1 x 1	2-bit Comp x 4		ROM16x8 x 1

#### Routing

There are many resources provided in the MachXO devices to route signals individually or as buses with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

The inter-PFU connections are made with three different types of routing resources: x1 (spans two PFUs), x2 (spans three PFUs) and x6 (spans seven PFUs). The x1, x2, and x6 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the horizontal and vertical directions.

### Bus Size Matching

All of the multi-port memory modes support different widths on each of the ports. The RAM bits are mapped LSB word 0 to MSB word 0, LSB word 1 to MSB word 1 and so on. Although the word size and number of words for each port varies, this mapping scheme applies to each port.

### RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration. By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

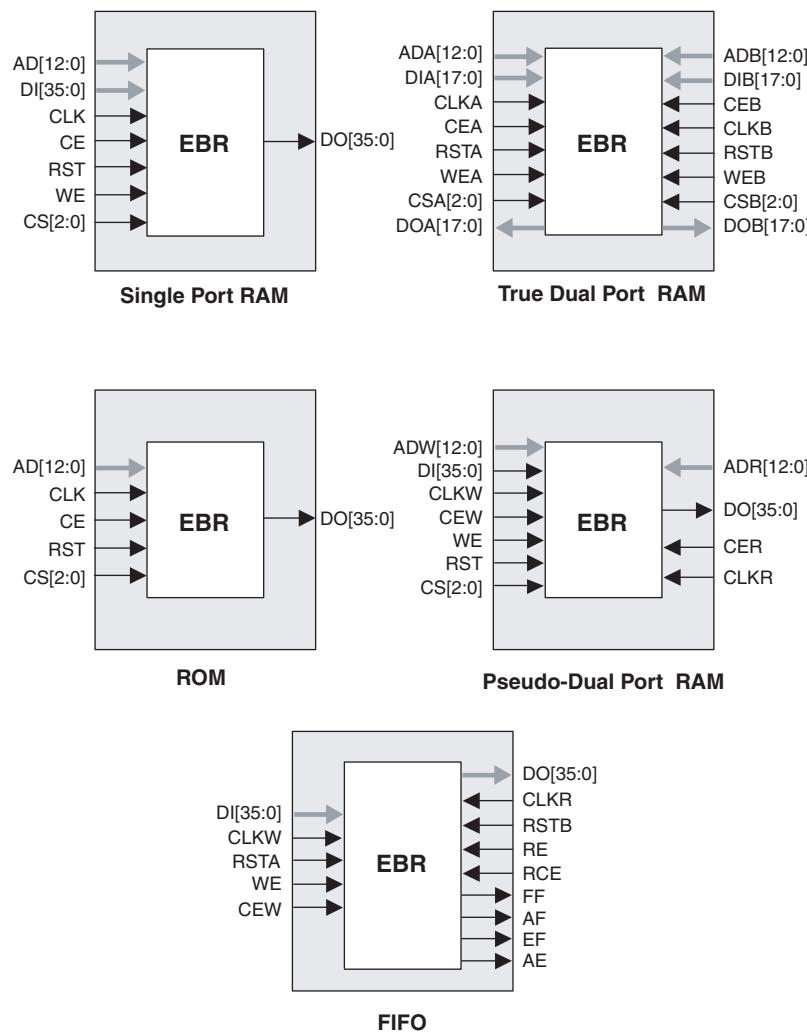
### Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAMs can be created using EBR sysMEM Blocks. Typically, the Lattice design tools cascade memory transparently, based on specific design inputs.

### Single, Dual, Pseudo-Dual Port and FIFO Modes

Figure 2-12 shows the five basic memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and address for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array. The output data of the memory is optionally registered at the memory array output.

**Figure 2-12. sysMEM Memory Primitives**



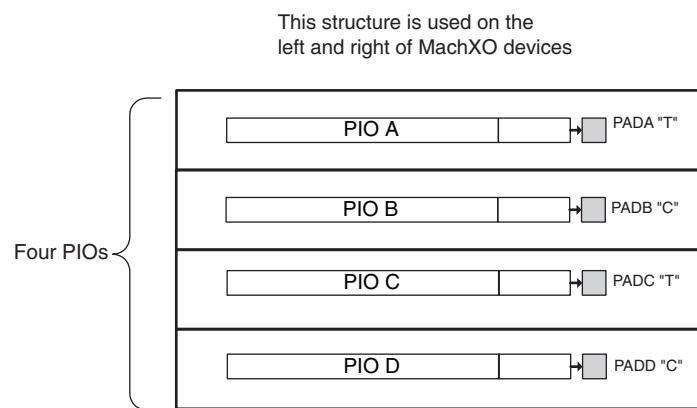
## PIO Groups

On the MachXO devices, PIO cells are assembled into two different types of PIO groups, those with four PIO cells and those with six PIO cells. PIO groups with four IOs are placed on the left and right sides of the device while PIO groups with six IOs are placed on the top and bottom. The individual PIO cells are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and PADs.

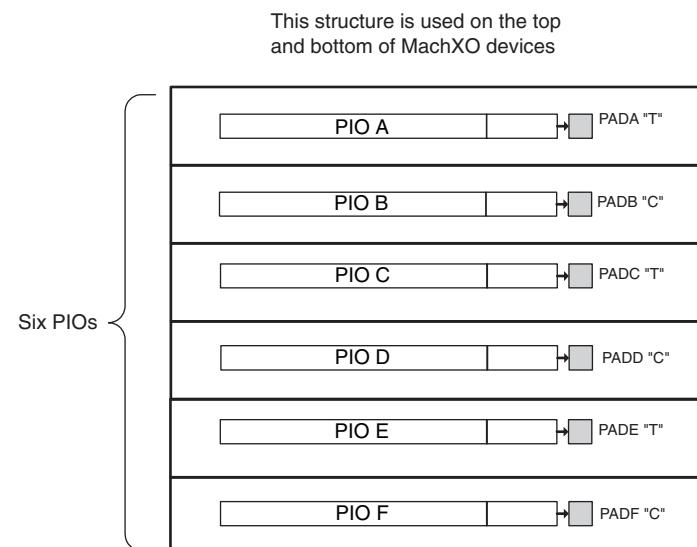
On all MachXO devices, two adjacent PIOs can be joined to provide a complementary Output driver pair. The I/O pin pairs are labeled as "T" and "C" to distinguish between the true and complement pins.

The MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices contain enhanced I/O capability. All PIO pairs on these larger devices can implement differential receivers. In addition, half of the PIO pairs on the left and right sides of these devices can be configured as LVDS transmit/receive pairs. PIOs on the top of these larger devices also provide PCI support.

**Figure 2-15. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells**



**Figure 2-16. Group of Six Programmable I/O Cells**



## PIO

The PIO blocks provide the interface between the sysIO buffers and the internal PFU array blocks. These blocks receive output data from the PFU array and a fast output data signal from adjacent PFUs. The output data and fast

of the devices also support differential input buffers. PCI clamps are available on the top Bank I/O buffers. The PCI clamp is enabled after  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CCAUX}$ , and  $V_{CCIO}$  are at valid operating levels and the device has been configured.

The two pads in the pair are described as “true” and “comp”, where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential input buffer and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential input buffer.

## 2. Left and Right sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the left and right Banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two sets of single-ended input buffers (supporting ratioed and absolute input levels). The devices also have a differential driver per output pair. The referenced input buffer can also be configured as a differential input buffer. In these Banks the two pads in the pair are described as “true” and “comp”, where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential I/O, and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential I/O.

### Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up

The internal power-on-reset (POR) signal is deactivated when  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCAUX}$  have reached satisfactory levels. After the POR signal is deactivated, the FPGA core logic becomes active. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all  $V_{CCIO}$  Banks are active with valid input logic levels to properly control the output logic states of all the I/O Banks that are critical to the application. The default configuration of the I/O pins in a blank device is tri-state with a weak pull-up to  $V_{CCIO}$ . The I/O pins will maintain the blank configuration until  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CCAUX}$  and  $V_{CCIO}$  have reached satisfactory levels at which time the I/Os will take on the user-configured settings.

The  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCAUX}$  supply the power to the FPGA core fabric, whereas the  $V_{CCIO}$  supplies power to the I/O buffers. In order to simplify system design while providing consistent and predictable I/O behavior, the I/O buffers should be powered up along with the FPGA core fabric. Therefore,  $V_{CCIO}$  supplies should be powered up before or together with the  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCAUX}$  supplies

### Supported Standards

The MachXO sysIO buffer supports both single-ended and differential standards. Single-ended standards can be further subdivided into LVCMOS and LVTTL. The buffer supports the LVTTL, LVCMOS 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, and 3.3V standards. In the LVCMOS and LVTTL modes, the buffer has individually configurable options for drive strength, bus maintenance (weak pull-up, weak pull-down, bus-keeper latch or none) and open drain. BLVDS and LVPECL output emulation is supported on all devices. The MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 support on-chip LVDS output buffers on approximately 50% of the I/Os on the left and right Banks. Differential receivers for LVDS, BLVDS and LVPECL are supported on all Banks of MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices. PCI support is provided in the top Banks of the MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices. Table 2-8 summarizes the I/O characteristics of the devices in the MachXO family.

Tables 2-9 and 2-10 show the I/O standards (together with their supply and reference voltages) supported by the MachXO devices. For further information on utilizing the sysIO buffer to support a variety of standards please see the details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## Device Configuration

All MachXO devices contain a test access port that can be used for device configuration and programming.

The non-volatile memory in the MachXO can be configured in two different modes:

- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. In this mode, the device is off-line and I/Os are controlled by BSCAN registers.
- In background mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. This allows the device to remain operational in user mode while reprogramming takes place.

The SRAM configuration memory can be configured in three different ways:

- At power-up via the on-chip non-volatile memory.
- After a refresh command is issued via the IEEE 1149.1 port.
- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port.

Figure 2-22 provides a pictorial representation of the different programming modes available in the MachXO devices. On power-up, the SRAM is ready to be configured with IEEE 1149.1 serial TAP port using IEEE 1532 protocols.

### Leave Alone I/O

When using IEEE 1532 mode for non-volatile memory programming, SRAM configuration, or issuing a refresh command, users may specify I/Os as high, low, tristated or held at current value. This provides excellent flexibility for implementing systems where reconfiguration or reprogramming occurs on-the-fly.

### TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)

TransFR (TFR) is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a single ispVM command. See TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) for details.

### Security

The MachXO devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile memory spaces. Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the memory space.

For more information on device configuration, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## Supply Current (Sleep Mode)<sup>1,2</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>3</sup>	Max.	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LCMxo256C	12	25	$\mu A$
		LCMxo640C	12	25	$\mu A$
		LCMxo1200C	12	25	$\mu A$
		LCMxo2280C	12	25	$\mu A$
$I_{CCAUX}$	Auxiliary Power Supply	LCMxo256C	1	15	$\mu A$
		LCMxo640C	1	25	$\mu A$
		LCMxo1200C	1	45	$\mu A$
		LCMxo2280C	1	85	$\mu A$
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>4</sup>	All LCMxo 'C' Devices	2	30	$\mu A$

1. Assumes all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at the VCCIO or GND.

2. Frequency = 0MHz.

3.  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.

4. Per Bank.

## Supply Current (Standby)<sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>

### Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>5</sup>	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LCMxo256C	7	mA
		LCMxo640C	9	mA
		LCMxo1200C	14	mA
		LCMxo2280C	20	mA
		LCMxo256E	4	mA
		LCMxo640E	6	mA
		LCMxo1200E	10	mA
		LCMxo2280E	12	mA
$I_{CCAUX}$	Auxiliary Power Supply $V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V$	LCMxo256E/C	5	mA
		LCMxo640E/C	7	mA
		LCMxo1200E/C	12	mA
		LCMxo2280E/C	13	mA
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>6</sup>	All devices	2	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

2. Assumes all outputs are tristated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at  $V_{CCIO}$  or GND.

3. Frequency = 0MHz.

4. User pattern = blank.

5.  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per Bank.  $V_{CCIO} = 2.5V$ . Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

**LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP**

Pin Number	LCMxo1200				LCMxo2280			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
1	PL2A	7		T	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
2	PL2B	7		C	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
3	PL3C	7		T	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
4	PL3D	7		C	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
5	PL4B	7			PL4B	7		
6	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	7		
7	PL6A	7		T*	PL7A	7		T*
8	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
9	GND	-			GND	-		
10	PL7C	7		T	PL9C	7		T
11	PL7D	7		C	PL9D	7		C
12	PL8C	7		T	PL10C	7		T
13	PL8D	7		C	PL10D	7		C
14	PL9C	6			PL11C	6		
15	PL10A	6		T*	PL13A	6		T*
16	PL10B	6		C*	PL13B	6		C*
17	VCC	-			VCC	-		
18	PL11B	6			PL14D	6		C
19	PL11C	6	TSALL		PL14C	6	TSALL	T
20	VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	6		
21	PL13C	6			PL16C	6		
22	PL14A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
23	PL14B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
24	PL15A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
25	PL15B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
26**	GNDIO6 GNDIO5	-			GNDIO6 GNDIO5	-		
27	VCCIO5	5			VCCIO5	5		
28	TMS	5	TMS		TMS	5	TMS	
29	TCK	5	TCK		TCK	5	TCK	
30	PB3B	5			PB3B	5		
31	PB4A	5		T	PB4A	5		T
32	PB4B	5		C	PB4B	5		C
33	TDO	5	TDO		TDO	5	TDO	
34	TDI	5	TDI		TDI	5	TDI	
35	VCC	-			VCC	-		
36	VCCAUX	-			VCCAUX	-		
37	PB6E	5		T	PB8E	5		T
38	PB6F	5		C	PB8F	5		C
39	PB7B	4	PCLK4_1****		PB10F	4	PCLK4_1****	
40	PB7F	4	PCLK4_0****		PB10B	4	PCLK4_0****	
41	GND	-			GND	-		

**LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)**

Pin Number	LCMxo1200				LCMxo2280			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
42	PB9A	4		T	PB12A	4		T
43	PB9B	4		C	PB12B	4		C
44	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	4		
45	PB10A	4		T	PB13A	4		T
46	PB10B	4		C	PB13B	4		C
47**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
48	PB11A	4		T	PB16A	4		T
49	PB11B	4		C	PB16B	4		C
50**	GNDIO3 GNDIO4	-			GNDIO3 GNDIO4	-		
51	PR16B	3			PR19B	3		
52	PR15B	3		C*	PR18B	3		C*
53	PR15A	3		T*	PR18A	3		T*
54	PR14B	3		C*	PR17B	3		C*
55	PR14A	3		T*	PR17A	3		T*
56	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	3		
57	PR12B	3		C*	PR15B	3		C*
58	PR12A	3		T*	PR15A	3		T*
59	GND	-			GND	-		
60	PR10B	3		C*	PR13B	3		C*
61	PR10A	3		T*	PR13A	3		T*
62	PR9B	3		C*	PR11B	3		C*
63	PR9A	3		T*	PR11A	3		T*
64	PR8B	2		C*	PR10B	2		C*
65	PR8A	2		T*	PR10A	2		T*
66	VCC	-			VCC	-		
67	PR6C	2			PR8C	2		
68	PR6B	2		C*	PR8B	2		C*
69	PR6A	2		T*	PR8A	2		T*
70	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO2	2		
71	PR4D	2			PR5D	2		
72	PR4B	2		C*	PR5B	2		C*
73	PR4A	2		T*	PR5A	2		T*
74	PR2B	2		C	PR3B	2		C*
75	PR2A	2		T	PR3A	2		T*
76**	GNDIO1 GNDIO2	-			GNDIO1 GNDIO2	-		
77	PT11C	1			PT15C	1		
78	PT11B	1		C	PT14B	1		C
79	PT11A	1		T	PT14A	1		T
80	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	1		
81	PT9E	1			PT12D	1		C

**LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA**

LCMxo256					LCMxo640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B1	PL2A	1		T	B1	PL2A	3		T
C1	PL2B	1		C	C1	PL2C	3		T
D2	PL3A	1		T	D2	PL2B	3		C
D1	PL3B	1		C	D1	PL2D	3		C
C2	PL3C	1		T	C2	PL3A	3		T
E1	PL3D	1		C	E1	PL3B	3		C
E2	PL4A	1		T	E2	PL3C	3		T
F1	PL4B	1		C	F1	PL3D	3		C
F2	PL5A	1		T	F2	PL4A	3		
G2	PL5B	1		C	G2	PL4C	3		T
H1	GNDIO1	1			H1	GNDIO3	3		
H2	PL5C	1		T	H2	PL4D	3		C
J1	PL5D	1	GSRN	C	J1	PL5B	3	GSRN	
J2	PL6A	1		T	J2	PL7B	3		
K1	PL6B	1	TSALL	C	K1	PL8C	3	TSALL	T
K2	PL7A	1		T	K2	PL8D	3		C
L1	PL7B	1		C	L1	PL9A	3		
L2	PL7C	1		T	L2	PL9C	3		
M1	PL7D	1		C	M1	PL10A	3		
M2	PL8A	1		T	M2	PL10C	3		
N1	PL8B	1		C	N1	PL11A	3		
M3	PL9A	1		T	M3	PL11C	3		
N2	GNDIO1	1			N2	GNDIO3	3		
P2	TMS	1	TMS		P2	TMS	2	TMS	
P3	PL9B	1		C	P3	PB2C	2		
N4	TCK	1	TCK		N4	TCK	2	TCK	
P4	PB2A	1		T	P4	VCCIO2	2		
N3	PB2B	1		C	N3	GNDIO2	2		
P5	TDO	1	TDO		P5	TDO	2	TDO	
N5	PB2C	1		T	N5	PB4C	2		
P6	TDI	1	TDI		P6	TDI	2	TDI	
N6	PB2D	1		C	N6	PB4E	2		
P7	VCC	-			P7	VCC	-		
N7	PB3A	1	PCLK1_1**	T	N7	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1**	
P8	PB3B	1		C	P8	PB5D	2		
N8	PB3C	1	PCLK1_0**	T	N8	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0**	
P9	PB3D	1		C	P9	PB6C	2		
N10	GNDIO1	1			N10	GNDIO2	2		
P11	PB4A	1		T	P11	PB8B	2		
N11	PB4B	1		C	N11	PB8C	2		T
P12	PB4C	1		T	P12	PB8D	2		C
N12	PB4D	1		C	N12	PB9A	2		

**LCMxo640, LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
132 csBGA**

LCMxo640					LCMxo1200					LCMxo2280				
Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B1	PL2A	3		T	B1	PL2A	7		T	B1	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
C1	PL2B	3		C	C1	PL3C	7		T	C1	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
B2	PL2C	3		T	B2	PL2B	7		C	B2	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
C2	PL2D	3		C	C2	PL4A	7		T*	C2	PL4A	7		T*
C3	PL3A	3		T	C3	PL3D	7		C	C3	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
D1	PL3B	3		C	D1	PL4B	7		C*	D1	PL4B	7		C*
D3	PL3D	3			D3	PL4C	7			D3	PL4C	7		
E1	GNDIO3	3			E1	GNDIO7	7			E1	GNDIO7	7		
E2	PL5A	3		T	E2	PL6A	7		T*	E2	PL7A	7		T*
E3	PL5B	3	GSRN	C	E3	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	E3	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
F2	PL5D	3			F2	PL6D	7			F2	PL7D	7		
F3	PL6B	3			F3	PL7C	7		T	F3	PL9C	7		T
G1	PL6C	3		T	G1	PL7D	7		C	G1	PL9D	7		C
G2	PL6D	3		C	G2	PL8C	7		T	G2	PL10C	7		T
G3	PL7A	3		T	G3	PL8D	7		C	G3	PL10D	7		C
H2	PL7B	3		C	H2	PL10A	6		T*	H2	PL12A	6		T*
H1	PL7C	3			H1	PL10B	6		C*	H1	PL12B	6		C*
H3	VCC	-			H3	VCC	-			H3	VCC	-		
J1	PL8A	3			J1	PL11B	6			J1	PL14D	6		C
J2	PL8C	3	TSALL		J2	PL11C	6	TSALL	T	J2	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
J3	PL9A	3		T	J3	PL11D	6		C	J3	PL14B	6		
K2	PL9B	3		C	K2	PL12A	6		T*	K2	PL15A	6		T*
K1	PL9C	3			K1	PL12B	6		C*	K1	PL15B	6		C*
L2	GNDIO3	3			L2	GNDIO6	6			L2	GNDIO6	6		
L1	PL10A	3		T	L1	PL14A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*	L1	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
L3	PL10B	3		C	L3	PL14B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*	L3	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
M1	PL11A	3		T	M1	PL15A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*	M1	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
N1	PL11B	3		C	N1	PL16A	6		T	N1	PL19A	6		T
M2	PL11C	3		T	M2	PL15B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*	M2	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
P1	PL11D	3		C	P1	PL16B	6		C	P1	PL19B	6		C
P2	GNDIO2	2			P2	GNDIO5	5			P2	GNDIO5	5		
P3	TMS	2	TMS		P3	TMS	5	TMS		P3	TMS	5	TMS	
M3	PB2C	2		T	M3	PB2C	5		T	M3	PB2A	5		T
N3	PB2D	2		C	N3	PB2D	5		C	N3	PB2B	5		C
P4	TCK	2	TCK		P4	TCK	5	TCK		P4	TCK	5	TCK	
M4	PB3B	2			M4	PB3B	5			M4	PB3B	5		
N4	PB3C	2		T	N4	PB4A	5		T	N4	PB4A	5		T
P5	PB3D	2		C	P5	PB4B	5		C	P5	PB4B	5		C
N5	TDO	2	TDO		N5	TDO	5	TDO		N5	TDO	5	TDO	
M5	TDI	2	TDI		M5	TDI	5	TDI		M5	TDI	5	TDI	
N6	PB4E	2		T	N6	PB5C	5			N6	PB6C	5		
P6	VCC	-			P6	VCC	-			P6	VCC	-		
M6	PB4F	2		C	M6	PB6A	5			M6	PB8A	5		
P7	VCCAUX	-			P7	VCCAUX	-			P7	VCCAUX	-		
N7	PB5A	2		T	N7	PB6F	5			N7	PB8F	5		
M7	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1***	C	M7	PB7B	4	PCLK4_1***		M7	PB10F	4	PCLK4_1***	
N8	PB5D	2			N8	PB7C	4		T	N8	PB10C	4		T
P8	PB6A	2		T	P8	PB7D	4		C	P8	PB10D	4		C
M8	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0***	C	M8	PB7F	4	PCLK4_0***		M8	PB10B	4	PCLK4_0***	
N9	PB7A	2		T	N9	PB9A	4		T	N9	PB12A	4		T

**LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
 132 csBGA (Cont.)**

LCMXO640					LCMXO1200					LCMXO2280				
Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B9	PT7B	0		C	B9	PT9B	1		C	B9	PT12D	1		C
A9	PT7A	0		T	A9	PT9A	1		T	A9	PT12C	1		T
A8	PT6B	0	PCLK0_1***	C	A8	PT7D	1	PCLK1_1***		A8	PT10B	1	PCLK1_1***	
B8	PT6A	0		T	B8	PT7B	1			B8	PT9D	1		
C8	PT5B	0	PCLK0_0***	C	C8	PT6F	0	PCLK1_0***		C8	PT9B	1	PCLK1_0***	
B7	PT5A	0		T	B7	PT6D	0			B7	PT8D	0		
A7	VCCAUX	-			A7	VCCAUX	-			A7	VCCAUX	-		
C7	VCC	-			C7	VCC	-			C7	VCC	-		
A6	PT4D	0		C	A6	PT5D	0		C	A6	PT7B	0		C
B6	PT4C	0		T	B6	PT5C	0		T	B6	PT7A	0		T
C6	PT3F	0		C	C6	PT5B	0		C	C6	PT6D	0		
B5	PT3E	0		T	B5	PT5A	0		T	B5	PT6E	0		T
A5	PT3D	0			A5	PT4B	0			A5	PT6F	0		C
B4	GNDIO0	0			B4	GNDIO0	0			B4	GNDIO0	0		
A4	PT3B	0			A4	PT3D	0		C	A4	PT4B	0		C
C4	PT2F	0			C4	PT3C	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T
A3	PT2D	0		C	A3	PT3B	0		C	A3	PT3B	0		C
A2	PT2C	0		T	A2	PT2B	0		C	A2	PT2B	0		C
B3	PT2B	0		C	B3	PT3A	0		T	B3	PT3A	0		T
A1	PT2A	0		T	A1	PT2A	0		T	A1	PT2A	0		T
F1	GND	-			F1	GND	-			F1	GND	-		
P9	GND	-			P9	GND	-			P9	GND	-		
J14	GND	-			J14	GND	-			J14	GND	-		
C9	GND	-			C9	GND	-			C9	GND	-		
C5	VCCIO0	0			C5	VCCIO0	0			C5	VCCIO0	0		
B11	VCCIO0	0			B11	VCCIO1	1			B11	VCCIO1	1		
E12	VCCIO1	1			E12	VCCIO2	2			E12	VCCIO2	2		
L12	VCCIO1	1			L12	VCCIO3	3			L12	VCCIO3	3		
M10	VCCIO2	2			M10	VCCIO4	4			M10	VCCIO4	4		
N2	VCCIO2	2			N2	VCCIO5	5			N2	VCCIO5	5		
D2	VCCIO3	3			D2	VCCIO7	7			D2	VCCIO7	7		
K3	VCCIO3	3			K3	VCCIO6	6			K3	VCCIO6	6		

\*Supports true LVDS outputs.

\*\*NC for "E" devices.

\*\*\*Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

**LCMxo640, LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA**

LCMxo640					LCMxo1200					LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO7	7			GND	GNDIO7	7		
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7		
E4	NC				E4	PL2A	7		T	E4	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
E5	NC				E5	PL2B	7		C	E5	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
F5	NC				F5	PL3A	7		T*	F5	PL3A	7		T*
F6	NC				F6	PL3B	7		C*	F6	PL3B	7		C*
F3	PL3A	3		T	F3	PL3C	7		T	F3	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
F4	PL3B	3		C	F4	PL3D	7		C	F4	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
E3	PL2C	3		T	E3	PL4A	7		T*	E3	PL4A	7		T*
E2	PL2D	3		C	E2	PL4B	7		C*	E2	PL4B	7		C*
C3	NC				C3	PL4C	7		T	C3	PL4C	7		T
C2	NC				C2	PL4D	7		C	C2	PL4D	7		C
B1	PL2A	3		T	B1	PL5A	7		T*	B1	PL5A	7		T*
C1	PL2B	3		C	C1	PL5B	7		C*	C1	PL5B	7		C*
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7		
GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO7	7			GND	GNDIO7	7		
D2	PL3C	3		T	D2	PL5C	7		T	D2	PL6C	7		T
D1	PL3D	3		C	D1	PL5D	7		C	D1	PL6D	7		C
F2	PL5A	3		T	F2	PL6A	7		T*	F2	PL7A	7		T*
G2	PL5B	3	GSRN	C	G2	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	G2	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
E1	PL4A	3		T	E1	PL6C	7		T	E1	PL7C	7		T
F1	PL4B	3		C	F1	PL6D	7		C	F1	PL7D	7		C
G4	NC				G4	PL7A	7		T*	G4	PL8A	7		T*
G5	NC				G5	PL7B	7		C*	G5	PL8B	7		C*
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
G3	PL4C	3		T	G3	PL7C	7		T	G3	PL8C	7		T
H3	PL4D	3		C	H3	PL7D	7		C	H3	PL8D	7		C
H4	NC				H4	PL8A	7		T*	H4	PL9A	7		T*
H5	NC				H5	PL8B	7		C*	H5	PL9B	7		C*
-	-				VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7		
-	-				GND	GNDIO7	7			GND	GNDIO7	7		
G1	PL5C	3		T	G1	PL8C	7		T	G1	PL10C	7		T
H1	PL5D	3		C	H1	PL8D	7		C	H1	PL10D	7		C
H2	PL6A	3		T	H2	PL9A	6		T*	H2	PL11A	6		T*
J2	PL6B	3		C	J2	PL9B	6		C*	J2	PL11B	6		C*
J3	PL7C	3		T	J3	PL9C	6		T	J3	PL11C	6		T
K3	PL7D	3		C	K3	PL9D	6		C	K3	PL11D	6		C
J1	PL6C	3		T	J1	PL10A	6		T*	J1	PL12A	6		T*
-	-				VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
-	-				GND	GNDIO6	6			GND	GNDIO6	6		
K1	PL6D	3		C	K1	PL10B	6		C*	K1	PL12B	6		C*
K2	PL9A	3		T	K2	PL10C	6		T	K2	PL12C	6		T
L2	PL9B	3		C	L2	PL10D	6		C	L2	PL12D	6		C
L1	PL7A	3		T	L1	PL11A	6		T*	L1	PL13A	6		T*
M1	PL7B	3		C	M1	PL11B	6		C*	M1	PL13B	6		C*
P1	PL8D	3		C	P1	PL11D	6		C	P1	PL14D	6		C
N1	PL8C	3	TSALL	T	N1	PL11C	6	TSALL	T	N1	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
L3	PL10A	3		T	L3	PL12A	6		T*	L3	PL15A	6		T*
M3	PL10B	3		C	M3	PL12B	6		C*	M3	PL15B	6		C*
M2	PL9C	3		T	M2	PL12C	6		T	M2	PL15C	6		T
N2	PL9D	3		C	N2	PL12D	6		C	N2	PL15D	6		C
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO6	6			GND	GNDIO6	6		

**LCMxo640, LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo640					LCMxo1200					LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
-	-				VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
-	-				GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
M10	PB6A	2		T	M10	PB7E	4			M10	PB10A	4		T
R9	PB6C	2		T	R9	PB8A	4			R9	PB11C	4		T
R10	PB6D	2		C	R10	PB8B	4			R10	PB11D	4		C
T10	PB7C	2		T	T10	PB8C	4			T10	PB12A	4		T
T11	PB7D	2		C	T11	PB8D	4			T11	PB12B	4		C
N10	NC				N10	PB8E	4			N10	PB12C	4		T
N11	NC				N11	PB8F	4			N11	PB12D	4		C
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
R11	PB7E	2		T	R11	PB9A	4			R11	PB13A	4		T
R12	PB7F	2		C	R12	PB9B	4			R12	PB13B	4		C
P11	PB8A	2		T	P11	PB9C	4			P11	PB13C	4		T
P12	PB8B	2		C	P12	PB9D	4			P12	PB13D	4		C
T13	PB8C	2		T	T13	PB9E	4			T13	PB14A	4		T
T12	PB8D	2		C	T12	PB9F	4			T12	PB14B	4		C
R13	PB9A	2		T	R13	PB10A	4			R13	PB14C	4		T
R14	PB9B	2		C	R14	PB10B	4			R14	PB14D	4		C
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
T14	PB9C	2		T	T14	PB10C	4			T14	PB15A	4		T
T15	PB9D	2		C	T15	PB10D	4			T15	PB15B	4		C
P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
P14	PB9F	2			P14	PB10F	4			P14	PB15D	4		
R15	NC				R15	PB11A	4			R15	PB16A	4		T
R16	NC				R16	PB11B	4			R16	PB16B	4		C
P15	NC				P15	PB11C	4			P15	PB16C	4		T
P16	NC				P16	PB11D	4			P16	PB16D	4		C
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
M11	NC				M11	PR16B	3			M11	PR20B	3		C
L11	NC				L11	PR16A	3			L11	PR20A	3		T
N12	NC				N12	PR15B	3			N12	PR18B	3		C*
N13	NC				N13	PR15A	3			N13	PR18A	3		T*
M13	NC				M13	PR14D	3			M13	PR17D	3		C
M12	NC				M12	PR14C	3			M12	PR17C	3		T
N14	PR11D	1		C	N14	PR14B	3			N14	PR17B	3		C*
N15	PR11C	1		T	N15	PR14A	3			N15	PR17A	3		T*
L13	PR11B	1		C	L13	PR13D	3			L13	PR16D	3		C
L12	PR11A	1		T	L12	PR13C	3			L12	PR16C	3		T
M14	PR10B	1		C	M14	PR13B	3			M14	PR16B	3		C*
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
L14	PR10A	1		T	L14	PR13A	3			L14	PR16A	3		T*
N16	PR10D	1		C	N16	PR12D	3			N16	PR15D	3		C
M16	PR10C	1		T	M16	PR12C	3			M16	PR15C	3		T
M15	PR9D	1		C	M15	PR12B	3			M15	PR15B	3		C*
L15	PR9C	1		T	L15	PR12A	3			L15	PR15A	3		T*
L16	PR9B	1		C	L16	PR11D	3			L16	PR14D	3		C
K16	PR9A	1		T	K16	PR11C	3			K16	PR14C	3		T
K13	PR8D	1		C	K13	PR11B	3			K13	PR14B	3		C*

**LCMxo640, LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo640					LCMxo1200				LCMxo2280					
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
E11	NC				E11	PT10D	1		C	E11	PT15B	1		C
E10	NC				E10	PT10C	1		T	E10	PT15A	1		T
D12	PT9D	0		C	D12	PT10B	1		C	D12	PT14D	1		C
D11	PT9C	0		T	D11	PT10A	1		T	D11	PT14C	1		T
A14	PT7F	0		C	A14	PT9F	1		C	A14	PT14B	1		C
A13	PT7E	0		T	A13	PT9E	1		T	A13	PT14A	1		T
C12	PT8B	0		C	C12	PT9D	1		C	C12	PT13D	1		C
C11	PT8A	0		T	C11	PT9C	1		T	C11	PT13C	1		T
-	-			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
-	-			GND	GNDIO1	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
B12	PT7B	0		C	B12	PT9B	1		C	B12	PT12D	1		C
B11	PT7A	0		T	B11	PT9A	1		T	B11	PT12C	1		T
A12	PT7D	0		C	A12	PT8F	1		C	A12	PT12B	1		C
A11	PT7C	0		T	A11	PT8E	1		T	A11	PT12A	1		T
GND	GND	-		GND	GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
B10	PT5D	0		C	B10	PT8D	1		C	B10	PT11B	1		C
B9	PT5C	0		T	B9	PT8C	1		T	B9	PT11A	1		T
D10	PT8D	0		C	D10	PT8B	1		C	D10	PT10F	1		C
D9	PT8C	0		T	D9	PT8A	1		T	D9	PT10E	1		T
-	-			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
-	-			GND	GNDIO1	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
C10	PT6D	0		C	C10	PT7F	1		C	C10	PT10D	1		C
C9	PT6C	0		T	C9	PT7E	1		T	C9	PT10C	1		T
A9	PT6B	0	PCLK0_1***	C	A9	PT7D	1	PCLK1_1***	C	A9	PT10B	1	PCLK1_1***	C
A10	PT6A	0		T	A10	PT7C	1		T	A10	PT10A	1		T
E9	PT9B	0		C	E9	PT7B	1		C	E9	PT9D	1		C
E8	PT9A	0		T	E8	PT7A	1		T	E8	PT9C	1		T
D7	PT5B	0	PCLK0_0***	C	D7	PT6F	0	PCLK1_0***	C	D7	PT9B	1	PCLK1_0***	C
D8	PT5A	0		T	D8	PT6E	0		T	D8	PT9A	1		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		VCCIO0	VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		GND	GNDIO0	GNDIO0	0			GND	GNDIO0	0		
C8	PT4F	0		C	C8	PT6D	0		C	C8	PT8D	0		C
B8	PT4E	0		T	B8	PT6C	0		T	B8	PT8C	0		T
A8	VCCAUX	-		A8	VCCAUX	VCCAUX	-			A8	VCCAUX	-		
A7	PT4D	0		C	A7	PT6B	0		C	A7	PT7D	0		C
A6	PT4C	0		T	A6	PT6A	0		T	A6	PT7C	0		T
VCC	VCC	-		VCC	VCC	VCC	-			VCC	VCC	-		
B7	PT4B	0		C	B7	PT5F	0		C	B7	PT7B	0		C
B6	PT4A	0		T	B6	PT5E	0		T	B6	PT7A	0		T
C6	PT3C	0		T	C6	PT5C	0		T	C6	PT6A	0		T
C7	PT3D	0		C	C7	PT5D	0		C	C7	PT6B	0		C
A5	PT3E	0		T	A5	PT5A	0		T	A5	PT6C	0		T
A4	PT3F	0		C	A4	PT5B	0		C	A4	PT6D	0		C
E7	NC			E7	PT4C	0		T	E7	PT6E	0		T	
E6	NC			E6	PT4D	0		C	E6	PT6F	0		C	
B5	PT3B	0		C	B5	PT3F	0		C	B5	PT5D	0		C
B4	PT3A	0		T	B4	PT3E	0		T	B4	PT5C	0		T
D5	PT2D	0		C	D5	PT3D	0		C	D5	PT5B	0		C
D6	PT2C	0		T	D6	PT3C	0		T	D6	PT5A	0		T
C4	PT2E	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T
C5	PT2F	0		C	C5	PT4B	0		C	C5	PT4B	0		C
-	-	-		-	-	-	-			GND	GND	-		
D4	NC			D4	PT2D	0		C	D4	PT3D	0		C	

**LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
G2	PL11A	6		T*
H2	PL11B	6		C*
L3	PL11C	6		T
L5	PL11D	6		C
H1	PL12A	6		T*
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
J2	PL12B	6		C*
L4	PL12C	6		T
L6	PL12D	6		C
K2	PL13A	6		T*
K1	PL13B	6		C*
J1	PL13C	6		T
VCC	VCC	-		
L2	PL13D	6		C
M5	PL14D	6		C
M3	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
L1	PL14B	6		C*
M2	PL14A	6		T*
M1	PL15A	6		T*
N1	PL15B	6		C*
M6	PL15C	6		T
M4	PL15D	6		C
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
P1	PL16A	6		T*
P2	PL16B	6		C*
N3	PL16C	6		T
N4	PL16D	6		C
GND	GND	-		
T1	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
R1	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
P3	PL17C	6		T
N5	PL17D	6		C
R3	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
R2	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
P4	PL19A	6		T
N6	PL19B	6		C
U1	PL20A	6		T
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO5	5		
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		

**LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
T2	PL20B	6		C
P6	TMS	5	TMS	
V1	PB2A	5		T
U2	PB2B	5		C
T3	PB2C	5		T
N7	TCK	5	TCK	
R4	PB2D	5		C
R5	PB3A	5		T
T4	PB3B	5		C
VCC	VCC	-		
R6	PB3C	5		T
P7	PB3D	5		C
U3	PB4A	5		T
T5	PB4B	5		C
V2	PB4C	5		T
N8	TDO	5	TDO	
V3	PB4D	5		C
T6	PB5A	5		T
GND	GNDIO5	5		
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		
U4	PB5B	5		C
P8	PB5C	5		T
T7	PB5D	5		C
V4	TDI	5	TDI	
R8	PB6A	5		T
N9	PB6B	5		C
U5	PB6C	5		T
V5	PB6D	5		C
U6	PB7A	5		T
VCC	VCC	-		
V6	PB7B	5		C
P9	PB7C	5		T
T8	PB7D	5		C
U7	PB8A	5		T
V7	PB8B	5		C
M10	VCCAUX	-		
U8	PB8C	5		T
V8	PB8D	5		C
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		
GND	GNDIO5	5		
T9	PB8E	5		T
U9	PB8F	5		C
V9	PB9A	4		T

**LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
E13	PT16D	1		C
C15	PT16C	1		T
F13	PT16B	1		C
D14	PT16A	1		T
A18	PT15D	1		C
B17	PT15C	1		T
A16	PT15B	1		C
A17	PT15A	1		T
VCC	VCC	-		
D13	PT14D	1		C
F12	PT14C	1		T
C14	PT14B	1		C
E12	PT14A	1		T
C13	PT13D	1		C
B16	PT13C	1		T
B15	PT13B	1		C
A15	PT13A	1		T
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
GND	GNDIO1	1		
B14	PT12F	1		C
A14	PT12E	1		T
D12	PT12D	1		C
F11	PT12C	1		T
B13	PT12B	1		C
A13	PT12A	1		T
C12	PT11D	1		C
GND	GND	-		
B12	PT11C	1		T
E11	PT11B	1		C
D11	PT11A	1		T
C11	PT10F	1		C
A12	PT10E	1		T
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
GND	GNDIO1	1		
F10	PT10D	1		C
D10	PT10C	1		T
B11	PT10B	1	PCLK1_1***	C
A11	PT10A	1		T
E10	PT9D	1		C
C10	PT9C	1		T
D9	PT9B	1	PCLK1_0***	C
E9	PT9A	1		T
B10	PT8F	0		C

## Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the [Thermal Management](#) document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

## For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- [Thermal Management](#) document
- TN1090 - [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO Devices](#)
- Power Calculator tool included with the Lattice ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from [www.latticesemi.com/software](http://www.latticesemi.com/software)