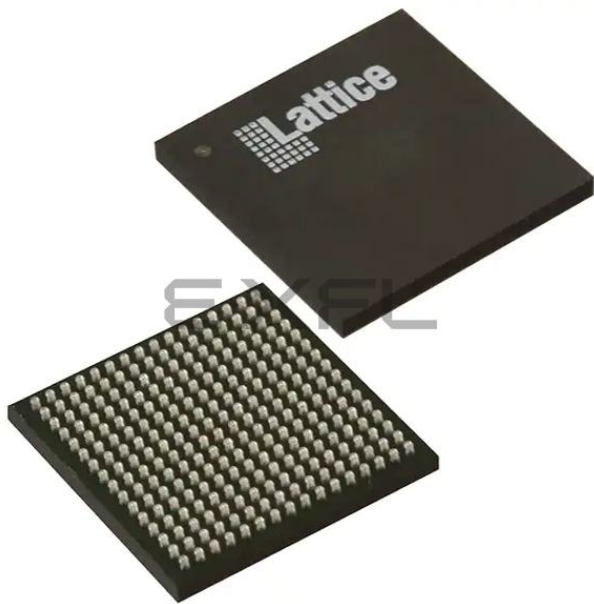




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	159
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-CABGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640c-4bn256i

sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

The MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 provide PLL support. The source of the PLL input divider can come from an external pin or from internal routing. There are four sources of feedback signals to the feedback divider: from CLKINTFB (internal feedback port), from the global clock nets, from the output of the post scalar divider, and from the routing (or from an external pin). There is a PLL_LOCK signal to indicate that the PLL has locked on to the input clock signal. Figure 2-10 shows the sysCLOCK PLL diagram.

The setup and hold times of the device can be improved by programming a delay in the feedback or input path of the PLL which will advance or delay the output clock with reference to the input clock. This delay can be either programmed during configuration or can be adjusted dynamically. In dynamic mode, the PLL may lose lock after adjustment and not relock until the t_{LOCK} parameter has been satisfied. Additionally, the phase and duty cycle block allows the user to adjust the phase and duty cycle of the CLKOS output.

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. Each PLL has four dividers associated with it: input clock divider, feedback divider, post scalar divider, and secondary clock divider. The input clock divider is used to divide the input clock signal, while the feedback divider is used to multiply the input clock signal. The post scalar divider allows the VCO to operate at higher frequencies than the clock output, thereby increasing the frequency range. The secondary divider is used to derive lower frequency outputs.

Figure 2-10. PLL Diagram

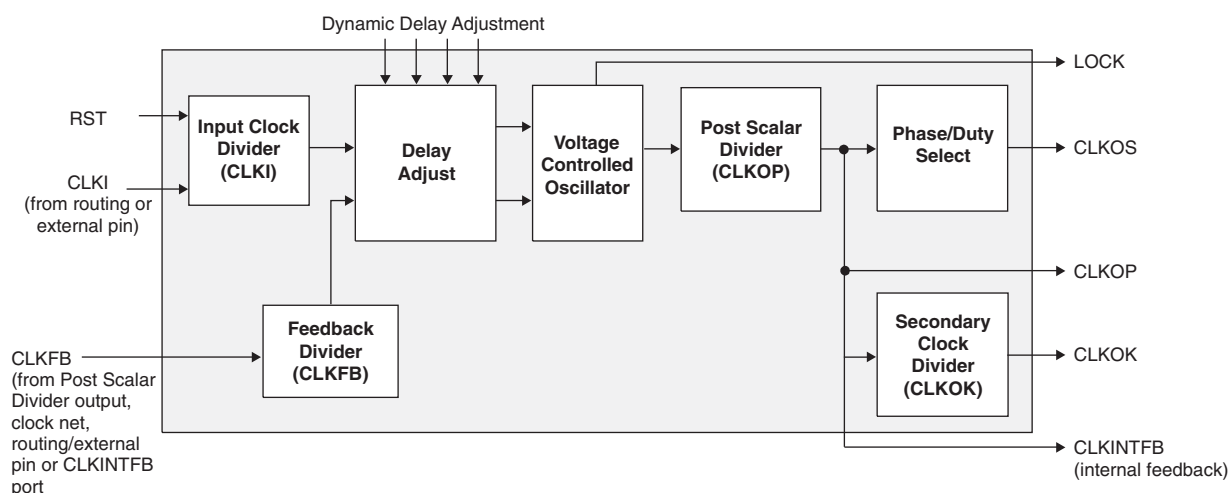


Figure 2-11 shows the available macros for the PLL. Table 2-5 provides signal description of the PLL Block.

Figure 2-11. PLL Primitive

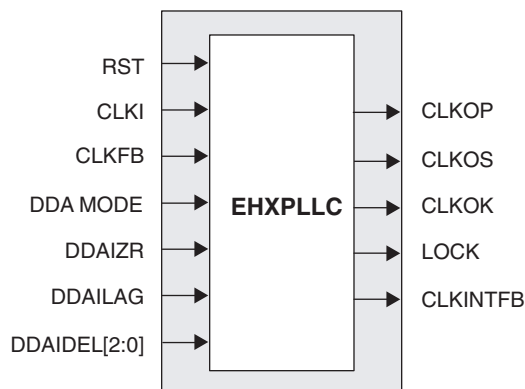


Table 2-10. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	Drive	V _{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-ended Interfaces		
LVTTTL	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 16mA	3.3
LVC MOS33	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	3.3
LVC MOS25	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	2.5
LVC MOS18	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	1.8
LVC MOS15	4mA, 8mA	1.5
LVC MOS12	2mA, 6mA	1.2
LVC MOS33, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	—
LVC MOS25, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	—
LVC MOS18, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	—
LVC MOS15, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA	—
LVC MOS12, Open Drain	2mA, 6mA	—
PCI33 ³	N/A	3.3
Differential Interfaces		
LVDS ^{1, 2}	N/A	2.5
BLVDS, RSDS ²	N/A	2.5
LVPECL ²	N/A	3.3

1. MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

3. Top Banks of MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The number of Banks vary between the devices of this family. Eight Banks surround the two larger devices, the MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 (two Banks per side). The MachXO640 has four Banks (one Bank per side). The smallest member of this family, the MachXO256, has only two Banks.

Each sysIO buffer Bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. Each Bank has its own I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}) which allows it to be completely independent from the other Banks. Figure 2-18, Figure 2-18, Figure 2-20 and Figure 2-21 shows the sysIO Banks and their associated supplies for all devices.

Figure 2-20. MachXO640 Banks

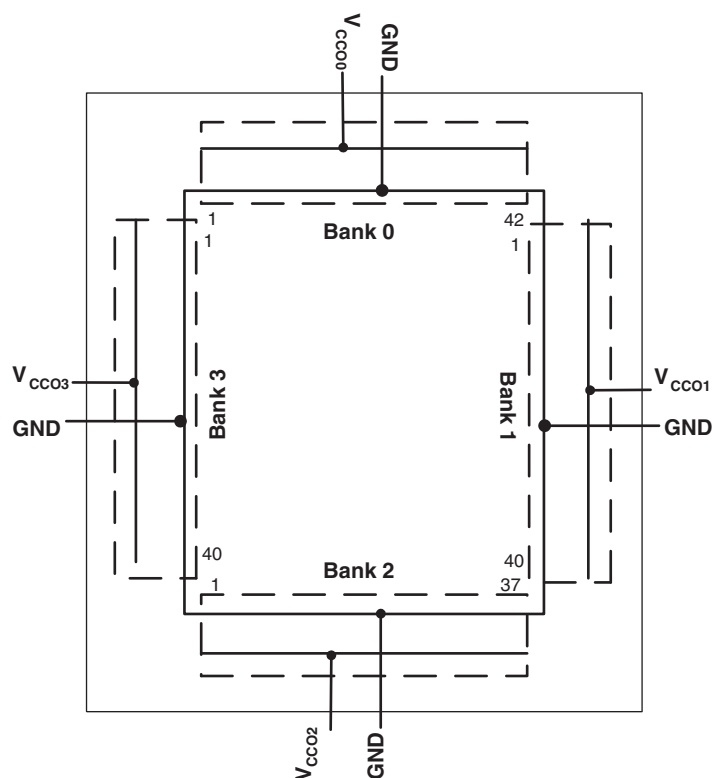
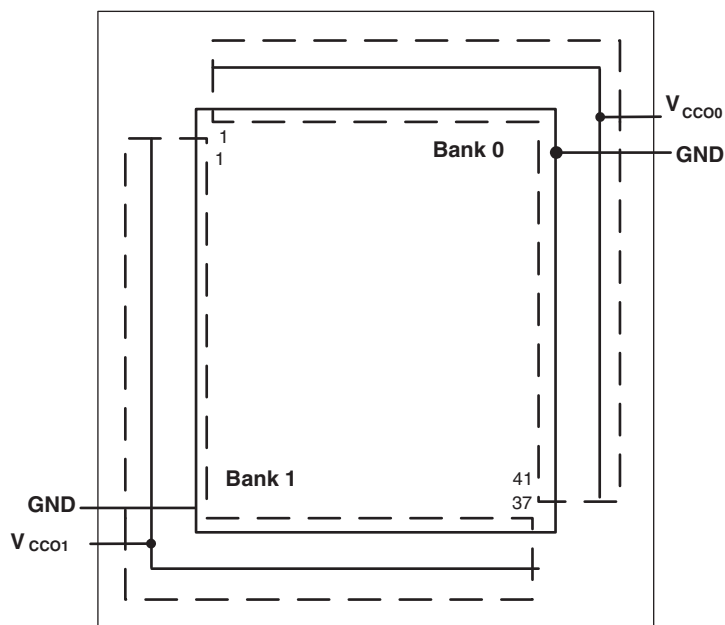


Figure 2-21. MachXO256 Banks



Hot Socketing

The MachXO devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of

the system. These capabilities make the MachXO ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

Sleep Mode

The MachXO “C” devices ($V_{CC} = 1.8/2.5/3.3V$) have a sleep mode that allows standby current to be reduced dramatically during periods of system inactivity. Entry and exit to Sleep mode is controlled by the SLEEPN pin.

During Sleep mode, the logic is non-operational, registers and EBR contents are not maintained, and I/Os are tri-stated. Do not enter Sleep mode during device programming or configuration operation. In Sleep mode, power supplies are in their normal operating range, eliminating the need for external switching of power supplies. Table 2-11 compares the characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep modes.

Table 2-11. Characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep Modes

Characteristic	Normal	Off	Sleep
SLEEPN Pin	High	—	Low
Static Icc	Typical <10mA	0	Typical <100uA
I/O Leakage	<10μA	<1mA	<10μA
Power Supplies VCC/VCCIO/VCCAUX	Normal Range	0	Normal Range
Logic Operation	User Defined	Non Operational	Non operational
I/O Operation	User Defined	Tri-state	Tri-state
JTAG and Programming circuitry	Operational	Non-operational	Non-operational
EBR Contents and Registers	Maintained	Non-maintained	Non-maintained

SLEEPN Pin Characteristics

The SLEEPN pin behaves as an LVCMOS input with the voltage standard appropriate to the VCC supply for the device. This pin also has a weak pull-up, along with a Schmidt trigger and glitch filter to prevent false triggering. An external pull-up to VCC is recommended when Sleep Mode is not used to ensure the device stays in normal operation mode. Typically, the device enters sleep mode several hundred nanoseconds after SLEEPN is held at a valid low and restarts normal operation as specified in the Sleep Mode Timing table. The AC and DC specifications portion of this data sheet shows a detailed timing diagram.

Oscillator

Every MachXO device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator can be routed as an input clock to the clock tree or to general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 18MHz to 26MHz.

Configuration and Testing

The following section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO family of devices.

IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with one of the VCCIO Banks (MachXO256: V_{CCIO1} ; MachXO640: V_{CCIO2} ; MachXO1200 and MachXO2280: V_{CCIO5}) and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, please see information regarding additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Device Configuration

All MachXO devices contain a test access port that can be used for device configuration and programming.

The non-volatile memory in the MachXO can be configured in two different modes:

- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. In this mode, the device is off-line and I/Os are controlled by BSCAN registers.
- In background mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. This allows the device to remain operational in user mode while reprogramming takes place.

The SRAM configuration memory can be configured in three different ways:

- At power-up via the on-chip non-volatile memory.
- After a refresh command is issued via the IEEE 1149.1 port.
- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port.

Figure 2-22 provides a pictorial representation of the different programming modes available in the MachXO devices. On power-up, the SRAM is ready to be configured with IEEE 1149.1 serial TAP port using IEEE 1532 protocols.

Leave Alone I/O

When using IEEE 1532 mode for non-volatile memory programming, SRAM configuration, or issuing a refresh command, users may specify I/Os as high, low, tristated or held at current value. This provides excellent flexibility for implementing systems where reconfiguration or reprogramming occurs on-the-fly.

TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)

TransFR (TFR) is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a single ispVM command. See TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) for details.

Security

The MachXO devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile memory spaces. Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the memory space.

For more information on device configuration, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

LVDS

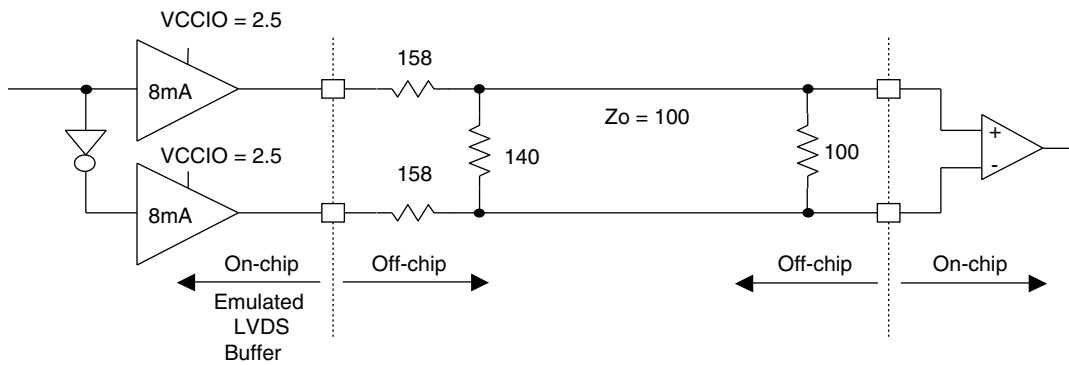
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{INP}, V_{INM}	Input Voltage		0	—	2.4	V
V_{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		+/-100	—	—	mV
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	$100\text{mV} \leq V_{THD}$	$V_{THD}/2$	1.2	1.8	V
		$200\text{mV} \leq V_{THD}$	$V_{THD}/2$	1.2	1.9	V
		$350\text{mV} \leq V_{THD}$	$V_{THD}/2$	1.2	2.0	V
I_{IN}	Input current	Power on	—	—	+/-10	μA
V_{OH}	Output high voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	—	1.38	1.60	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	0.9V	1.03	—	V
V_{OD}	Output voltage differential	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM}), R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} between high and low		—	—	50	mV
V_{OS}	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})/2, R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V_{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I_{OSD}	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0\text{V}$ Driver outputs shorted	—	—	6	mA

LVDS Emulation

MachXO devices can support LVDS outputs via emulation (LVDS25E), in addition to the LVDS support that is available on-chip on certain devices. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all devices. The scheme shown in Figure 3-1 is one possible solution for LVDS standard implementation. Resistor values in Figure 3-1 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

Figure 3-1. LVDS Using External Resistors (LVDS25E)



Note: All resistors are $\pm 1\%$.

The LVDS differential input buffers are available on certain devices in the MachXO family.

MachXO Family Timing Adders^{1, 2, 3}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Buffer Type	Description	-5	-4	-3	Units
Input Adjusters					
LVDS25 ⁴	LVDS	0.44	0.53	0.61	ns
BLVDS25 ⁴	BLVDS	0.44	0.53	0.61	ns
LVPECL33 ⁴	LVPECL	0.42	0.50	0.59	ns
LVTTTL33	LVTTTL	0.01	0.01	0.01	ns
LVC MOS33	LVC MOS 3.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	ns
LVC MOS25	LVC MOS 2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
LVC MOS18	LVC MOS 1.8	0.07	0.08	0.10	ns
LVC MOS15	LVC MOS 1.5	0.14	0.17	0.19	ns
LVC MOS12	LVC MOS 1.2	0.40	0.48	0.56	ns
PCI33 ⁴	PCI	0.01	0.01	0.01	ns
Output Adjusters					
LVDS25E	LVDS 2.5 E	-0.13	-0.15	-0.18	ns
LVDS25 ⁴	LVDS 2.5	-0.21	-0.26	-0.30	ns
BLVDS25	BLVDS 2.5	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	ns
LVPECL33	LVPECL 3.3	0.04	0.04	0.05	ns
LVTTTL33_4mA	LVTTTL 4mA drive	0.04	0.04	0.05	ns
LVTTTL33_8mA	LVTTTL 8mA drive	0.06	0.07	0.08	ns
LVTTTL33_12mA	LVTTTL 12mA drive	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	ns
LVTTTL33_16mA	LVTTTL 16mA drive	0.50	0.60	0.70	ns
LVC MOS33_4mA	LVC MOS 3.3 4mA drive	0.04	0.04	0.05	ns
LVC MOS33_8mA	LVC MOS 3.3 8mA drive	0.06	0.07	0.08	ns
LVC MOS33_12mA	LVC MOS 3.3 12mA drive	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	ns
LVC MOS33_14mA	LVC MOS 3.3 14mA drive	0.50	0.60	0.70	ns
LVC MOS25_4mA	LVC MOS 2.5 4mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.07	ns
LVC MOS25_8mA	LVC MOS 2.5 8mA drive	0.10	0.12	0.13	ns
LVC MOS25_12mA	LVC MOS 2.5 12mA drive	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
LVC MOS25_14mA	LVC MOS 2.5 14mA drive	0.34	0.40	0.47	ns
LVC MOS18_4mA	LVC MOS 1.8 4mA drive	0.11	0.13	0.15	ns
LVC MOS18_8mA	LVC MOS 1.8 8mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.06	ns
LVC MOS18_12mA	LVC MOS 1.8 12mA drive	-0.06	-0.07	-0.08	ns
LVC MOS18_14mA	LVC MOS 1.8 14mA drive	0.06	0.07	0.09	ns
LVC MOS15_4mA	LVC MOS 1.5 4mA drive	0.15	0.19	0.22	ns
LVC MOS15_8mA	LVC MOS 1.5 8mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.07	ns
LVC MOS12_2mA	LVC MOS 1.2 2mA drive	0.26	0.31	0.36	ns
LVC MOS12_6mA	LVC MOS 1.2 6mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.07	ns
PCI33 ⁴	PCI33	1.85	2.22	2.59	ns

1. Timing adders are characterized but not tested on every device.

2. LVC MOS timing is measured with the load specified in Switching Test Conditions table.

3. All other standards tested according to the appropriate specifications.

4. I/O standard only available in LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 devices.

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Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-6 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-6. Output Test Load, LVTTTL and LVCMOS Standards

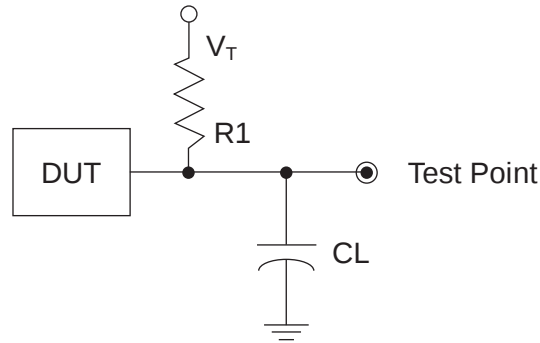


Table 3-5. Test Fixture Required Components, Non-Terminated Interfaces

Test Condition	R_1	C_L	Timing Ref.	V_T
LVTTTL and LVCMOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	∞	0pF	LVTTTL, LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5V	—
			LVCMOS 2.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.8 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.2 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
LVTTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> H)	188	0pF	1.5	V_{OL}
LVTTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> L)				V_{OH}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> H)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OL}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> L)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OH}
LVTTTL + LVCMOS (H -> Z)			$V_{OH} - 0.15$	V_{OL}
LVTTTL + LVCMOS (L -> Z)			$V_{OL} - 0.15$	V_{OH}

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.

Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
General Purpose		
P[Edge] [Row/Column Number]_[A/B/C/D/E/F]	I/O	[Edge] indicates the edge of the device on which the pad is located. Valid edge designations are L (Left), B (Bottom), R (Right), T (Top). [Row/Column Number] indicates the PFU row or the column of the device on which the PIO Group exists. When Edge is T (Top) or (Bottom), only need to specify Row Number. When Edge is L (Left) or R (Right), only need to specify Column Number. [A/B/C/D/E/F] indicates the PIO within the group to which the pad is connected. Some of these user programmable pins are shared with special function pins. When not used as special function pins, these pins can be programmed as I/Os for user logic. During configuration of the user-programmable I/Os, the user has an option to tri-state the I/Os and enable an internal pull-up resistor. This option also applies to unused pins (or those not bonded to a package pin). The default during configuration is for user-programmable I/Os to be tri-stated with an internal pull-up resistor enabled. When the device is erased, I/Os will be tri-stated with an internal pull-up resistor enabled.
GSRN	I	Global RESET signal (active low). Dedicated pad, when not in use it can be used as an I/O pin.
TSALL	I	TSALL is a dedicated pad for the global output enable signal. When TSALL is high all the outputs are tristated. It is a dual function pin. When not in use, it can be used as an I/O pin.
NC	—	No connect.
GND	—	GND - Ground. Dedicated pins.
V _{CC}	—	VCC - The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins.
V _{CCAUX}	—	VCCAUX - the Auxiliary power supply pin. This pin powers up a variety of internal circuits including all the differential and referenced input buffers. Dedicated pins.
V _{CCIOx}	—	VCCIO - The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins.
SLEEPN ¹	I	Sleep Mode pin - Active low sleep pin. ^b When this pin is held high, the device operates normally. ^b This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when unused, an external pull-up to V _{CC} is recommended. When driven low, the device moves into Sleep mode after a specified time.
PLL and Clock Functions (Used as user programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)		
[LOC][0]_PLL[T, C]_IN	—	Reference clock (PLL) input Pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are ULM (Upper PLL) and LLM (Lower PLL). T = true and C = complement.
[LOC][0]_PLL[T, C]_FB	—	Optional feedback (PLL) input Pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are ULM (Upper PLL) and LLM (Lower PLL). T = true and C = complement.
PCLK [n]_[1:0]	—	Primary Clock Pads, n per side.
Test and Programming (Dedicated pins)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input pin, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data input pin, used to load data into the device using an 1149.1 state machine.
TDO	O	Output pin -Test Data output pin used to shift data out of the device using 1149.1.

1. Applies to MachXO "C" devices only. NC for "E" devices.

LCMX01200 and LCMX02280 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	LCMX01200				LCMX02280			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
42	PB9A	4		T	PB12A	4		T
43	PB9B	4		C	PB12B	4		C
44	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	4		
45	PB10A	4		T	PB13A	4		T
46	PB10B	4		C	PB13B	4		C
47***	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
48	PB11A	4		T	PB16A	4		T
49	PB11B	4		C	PB16B	4		C
50**	GNDIO3 GNDIO4	-			GNDIO3 GNDIO4	-		
51	PR16B	3			PR19B	3		
52	PR15B	3		C*	PR18B	3		C*
53	PR15A	3		T*	PR18A	3		T*
54	PR14B	3		C*	PR17B	3		C*
55	PR14A	3		T*	PR17A	3		T*
56	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	3		
57	PR12B	3		C*	PR15B	3		C*
58	PR12A	3		T*	PR15A	3		T*
59	GND	-			GND	-		
60	PR10B	3		C*	PR13B	3		C*
61	PR10A	3		T*	PR13A	3		T*
62	PR9B	3		C*	PR11B	3		C*
63	PR9A	3		T*	PR11A	3		T*
64	PR8B	2		C*	PR10B	2		C*
65	PR8A	2		T*	PR10A	2		T*
66	VCC	-			VCC	-		
67	PR6C	2			PR8C	2		
68	PR6B	2		C*	PR8B	2		C*
69	PR6A	2		T*	PR8A	2		T*
70	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO2	2		
71	PR4D	2			PR5D	2		
72	PR4B	2		C*	PR5B	2		C*
73	PR4A	2		T*	PR5A	2		T*
74	PR2B	2		C	PR3B	2		C*
75	PR2A	2		T	PR3A	2		T*
76**	GNDIO1 GNDIO2	-			GNDIO1 GNDIO2	-		
77	PT11C	1			PT15C	1		
78	PT11B	1		C	PT14B	1		C
79	PT11A	1		T	PT14A	1		T
80	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	1		
81	PT9E	1			PT12D	1		C

LCMX0256 and LCMX0640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA

LCMX0256					LCMX0640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B1	PL2A	1		T	B1	PL2A	3		T
C1	PL2B	1		C	C1	PL2C	3		T
D2	PL3A	1		T	D2	PL2B	3		C
D1	PL3B	1		C	D1	PL2D	3		C
C2	PL3C	1		T	C2	PL3A	3		T
E1	PL3D	1		C	E1	PL3B	3		C
E2	PL4A	1		T	E2	PL3C	3		T
F1	PL4B	1		C	F1	PL3D	3		C
F2	PL5A	1		T	F2	PL4A	3		
G2	PL5B	1		C	G2	PL4C	3		T
H1	GNDIO1	1			H1	GNDIO3	3		
H2	PL5C	1		T	H2	PL4D	3		C
J1	PL5D	1	GSRN	C	J1	PL5B	3	GSRN	
J2	PL6A	1		T	J2	PL7B	3		
K1	PL6B	1	TSALL	C	K1	PL8C	3	TSALL	T
K2	PL7A	1		T	K2	PL8D	3		C
L1	PL7B	1		C	L1	PL9A	3		
L2	PL7C	1		T	L2	PL9C	3		
M1	PL7D	1		C	M1	PL10A	3		
M2	PL8A	1		T	M2	PL10C	3		
N1	PL8B	1		C	N1	PL11A	3		
M3	PL9A	1		T	M3	PL11C	3		
N2	GNDIO1	1			N2	GNDIO3	3		
P2	TMS	1	TMS		P2	TMS	2	TMS	
P3	PL9B	1		C	P3	PB2C	2		
N4	TCK	1	TCK		N4	TCK	2	TCK	
P4	PB2A	1		T	P4	VCCIO2	2		
N3	PB2B	1		C	N3	GNDIO2	2		
P5	TDO	1	TDO		P5	TDO	2	TDO	
N5	PB2C	1		T	N5	PB4C	2		
P6	TDI	1	TDI		P6	TDI	2	TDI	
N6	PB2D	1		C	N6	PB4E	2		
P7	VCC	-			P7	VCC	-		
N7	PB3A	1	PCLK1_1**	T	N7	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1**	
P8	PB3B	1		C	P8	PB5D	2		
N8	PB3C	1	PCLK1_0**	T	N8	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0**	
P9	PB3D	1		C	P9	PB6C	2		
N10	GNDIO1	1			N10	GNDIO2	2		
P11	PB4A	1		T	P11	PB8B	2		
N11	PB4B	1		C	N11	PB8C	2		T
P12	PB4C	1		T	P12	PB8D	2		C
N12	PB4D	1		C	N12	PB9A	2		

LCMX0640, LCMX01200 and LCMX02280 Logic Signal Connections: 132 csBGA (Cont.)

LCMX0640					LCMX01200					LCMX02280				
Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
M9	PB7B	2		C	M9	PB9B	4		C	M9	PB12B	4		C
N10	PB7E	2		T	N10	PB9C	4		T	N10	PB12C	4		T
P10	PB7F	2		C	P10	PB9D	4		C	P10	PB12D	4		C
N11	GNDIO2	2			N11	GNDIO4	4			N11	GNDIO4	4		
P11	PB8C	2		T	P11	PB10A	4		T	P11	PB13C	4		T
M11	PB8D	2		C	M11	PB10B	4		C	M11	PB13D	4		C
P12	PB9C	2		T	P12	PB10C	4			P12	PB15B	4		
P13	PB9D	2		C	P13	PB11C	4		T	P13	PB16C	4		T
N12**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		N12**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		N12**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
P14	PB9F	2			P14	PB11D	4		C	P14	PB16D	4		C
N14	PR11D	1		C	N14	PR16B	3		C	N14	PR19B	3		C
M14	PR11C	1		T	M14	PR15B	3		C*	M14	PR18B	3		C*
N13	PR11B	1		C	N13	PR16A	3		T	N13	PR19A	3		T
M12	PR11A	1		T	M12	PR15A	3		T*	M12	PR18A	3		T*
M13	PR10B	1		C	M13	PR14B	3		C*	M13	PR17B	3		C*
L14	PR10A	1		T	L14	PR14A	3		T*	L14	PR17A	3		T*
L13	GNDIO1	1			L13	GNDIO3	3			L13	GNDIO3	3		
K14	PR8D	1		C	K14	PR12B	3		C*	K14	PR15B	3		C*
K13	PR8C	1		T	K13	PR12A	3		T*	K13	PR15A	3		T*
K12	PR8B	1		C	K12	PR11B	3		C*	K12	PR14B	3		C*
J13	PR8A	1		T	J13	PR11A	3		T*	J13	PR14A	3		T*
J12	PR7C	1			J12	PR10B	3		C*	J12	PR13B	3		C*
H14	PR7B	1		C	H14	PR10A	3		T*	H14	PR13A	3		T*
H13	PR7A	1		T	H13	PR9B	3		C*	H13	PR11B	3		C*
H12	PR6D	1		C	H12	PR9A	3		T*	H12	PR11A	3		T*
G13	PR6C	1		T	G13	PR8B	2		C*	G13	PR10B	2		C*
G14	PR6B	1			G14	PR8A	2		T*	G14	PR10A	2		T*
G12	VCC	-			G12	VCC	-			G12	VCC	-		
F14	PR5D	1		C	F14	PR6C	2			F14	PR8C	2		
F13	PR5C	1		T	F13	PR6B	2		C*	F13	PR8B	2		C*
F12	PR4D	1		C	F12	PR6A	2		T*	F12	PR8A	2		T*
E13	PR4C	1		T	E13	PR5B	2		C*	E13	PR7B	2		C*
E14	PR4B	1			E14	PR5A	2		T*	E14	PR7A	2		T*
D13	GNDIO1	1			D13	GNDIO2	2			D13	GNDIO2	2		
D14	PR3D	1		C	D14	PR4B	2		C*	D14	PR5B	2		C*
D12	PR3C	1		T	D12	PR4A	2		T*	D12	PR5A	2		T*
C14	PR2D	1		C	C14	PR3D	2		C	C14	PR4D	2		C
B14	PR2C	1		T	B14	PR2B	2		C	B14	PR3B	2		C*
C13	PR2B	1		C	C13	PR3C	2		T	C13	PR4C	2		T
A14	PR2A	1		T	A14	PR2A	2		T	A14	PR3A	2		T*
A13	PT9F	0		C	A13	PT11D	1		C	A13	PT16D	1		C
A12	PT9E	0		T	A12	PT11B	1		C	A12	PT16B	1		C
B13	PT9D	0		C	B13	PT11C	1		T	B13	PT16C	1		T
B12	PT9C	0		T	B12	PT10F	1			B12	PT15D	1		
C12	PT9B	0		C	C12	PT11A	1		T	C12	PT16A	1		T
A11	PT9A	0		T	A11	PT10D	1		C	A11	PT14B	1		C
C11	PT8C	0			C11	PT10C	1		T	C11	PT14A	1		T
A10	GNDIO0	0			A10	GNDIO1	1			A10	GNDIO1	1		
B10	PT7F	0		C	B10	PT9F	1		C	B10	PT12F	1		C
C10	PT7E	0		T	C10	PT9E	1		T	C10	PT12E	1		T

LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA

LCMXO640					LCMXO1200					LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO7	7			GND	GNDIO7	7		
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7		
E4	NC				E4	PL2A	7		T	E4	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
E5	NC				E5	PL2B	7		C	E5	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
F5	NC				F5	PL3A	7		T*	F5	PL3A	7		T*
F6	NC				F6	PL3B	7		C*	F6	PL3B	7		C*
F3	PL3A	3		T	F3	PL3C	7		T	F3	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
F4	PL3B	3		C	F4	PL3D	7		C	F4	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
E3	PL2C	3		T	E3	PL4A	7		T*	E3	PL4A	7		T*
E2	PL2D	3		C	E2	PL4B	7		C*	E2	PL4B	7		C*
C3	NC				C3	PL4C	7		T	C3	PL4C	7		T
C2	NC				C2	PL4D	7		C	C2	PL4D	7		C
B1	PL2A	3		T	B1	PL5A	7		T*	B1	PL5A	7		T*
C1	PL2B	3		C	C1	PL5B	7		C*	C1	PL5B	7		C*
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7		
GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO7	7			GND	GNDIO7	7		
D2	PL3C	3		T	D2	PL5C	7		T	D2	PL6C	7		T
D1	PL3D	3		C	D1	PL5D	7		C	D1	PL6D	7		C
F2	PL5A	3		T	F2	PL6A	7		T*	F2	PL7A	7		T*
G2	PL5B	3	GSRN	C	G2	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	G2	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
E1	PL4A	3		T	E1	PL6C	7		T	E1	PL7C	7		T
F1	PL4B	3		C	F1	PL6D	7		C	F1	PL7D	7		C
G4	NC				G4	PL7A	7		T*	G4	PL8A	7		T*
G5	NC				G5	PL7B	7		C*	G5	PL8B	7		C*
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
G3	PL4C	3		T	G3	PL7C	7		T	G3	PL8C	7		T
H3	PL4D	3		C	H3	PL7D	7		C	H3	PL8D	7		C
H4	NC				H4	PL8A	7		T*	H4	PL9A	7		T*
H5	NC				H5	PL8B	7		C*	H5	PL9B	7		C*
-	-				VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	VCCIO7	7		
-	-				GND	GNDIO7	7			GND	GNDIO7	7		
G1	PL5C	3		T	G1	PL8C	7		T	G1	PL10C	7		T
H1	PL5D	3		C	H1	PL8D	7		C	H1	PL10D	7		C
H2	PL6A	3		T	H2	PL9A	6		T*	H2	PL11A	6		T*
J2	PL6B	3		C	J2	PL9B	6		C*	J2	PL11B	6		C*
J3	PL7C	3		T	J3	PL9C	6		T	J3	PL11C	6		T
K3	PL7D	3		C	K3	PL9D	6		C	K3	PL11D	6		C
J1	PL6C	3		T	J1	PL10A	6		T*	J1	PL12A	6		T*
-	-				VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
-	-				GND	GNDIO6	6			GND	GNDIO6	6		
K1	PL6D	3		C	K1	PL10B	6		C*	K1	PL12B	6		C*
K2	PL9A	3		T	K2	PL10C	6		T	K2	PL12C	6		T
L2	PL9B	3		C	L2	PL10D	6		C	L2	PL12D	6		C
L1	PL7A	3		T	L1	PL11A	6		T*	L1	PL13A	6		T*
M1	PL7B	3		C	M1	PL11B	6		C*	M1	PL13B	6		C*
P1	PL8D	3		C	P1	PL11D	6		C	P1	PL14D	6		C
N1	PL8C	3	TSALL	T	N1	PL11C	6	TSALL	T	N1	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
L3	PL10A	3		T	L3	PL12A	6		T*	L3	PL15A	6		T*
M3	PL10B	3		C	M3	PL12B	6		C*	M3	PL15B	6		C*
M2	PL9C	3		T	M2	PL12C	6		T	M2	PL15C	6		T
N2	PL9D	3		C	N2	PL12D	6		C	N2	PL15D	6		C
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO6	6			GND	GNDIO6	6		

LCMX02280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMX02280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
G2	PL11A	6		T*
H2	PL11B	6		C*
L3	PL11C	6		T
L5	PL11D	6		C
H1	PL12A	6		T*
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
J2	PL12B	6		C*
L4	PL12C	6		T
L6	PL12D	6		C
K2	PL13A	6		T*
K1	PL13B	6		C*
J1	PL13C	6		T
VCC	VCC	-		
L2	PL13D	6		C
M5	PL14D	6		C
M3	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
L1	PL14B	6		C*
M2	PL14A	6		T*
M1	PL15A	6		T*
N1	PL15B	6		C*
M6	PL15C	6		T
M4	PL15D	6		C
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
P1	PL16A	6		T*
P2	PL16B	6		C*
N3	PL16C	6		T
N4	PL16D	6		C
GND	GND	-		
T1	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
R1	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
P3	PL17C	6		T
N5	PL17D	6		C
R3	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
R2	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
P4	PL19A	6		T
N6	PL19B	6		C
U1	PL20A	6		T
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO5	5		
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		

LCMX02280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMX02280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
J13	PR10C	2		T
M18	PR10B	2		C*
L18	PR10A	2		T*
GND	GNDIO2	2		
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
H16	PR9D	2		C
H14	PR9C	2		T
K18	PR9B	2		C*
J18	PR9A	2		T*
J17	PR8D	2		C
VCC	VCC	-		
H18	PR8C	2		T
H17	PR8B	2		C*
G17	PR8A	2		T*
H13	PR7D	2		C
H15	PR7C	2		T
G18	PR7B	2		C*
F18	PR7A	2		T*
G14	PR6D	2		C
G16	PR6C	2		T
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO2	2		
E18	PR6B	2		C*
F17	PR6A	2		T*
G13	PR5D	2		C
G15	PR5C	2		T
E17	PR5B	2		C*
E16	PR5A	2		T*
GND	GND	-		
F15	PR4D	2		C
E15	PR4C	2		T
D17	PR4B	2		C*
D18	PR4A	2		T*
B18	PR3D	2		C
C18	PR3C	2		T
C16	PR3B	2		C*
D16	PR3A	2		T*
C17	PR2B	2		C
D15	PR2A	2		T
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO1	1		
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		

LCMX02280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMX02280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
A10	PT8E	0		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
A9	PT8D	0		C
C9	PT8C	0		T
B9	PT8B	0		C
F9	VCCAUX	-		
A8	PT8A	0		T
B8	PT7D	0		C
C8	PT7C	0		T
VCC	VCC	-		
A7	PT7B	0		C
B7	PT7A	0		T
A6	PT6A	0		T
B6	PT6B	0		C
D8	PT6C	0		T
F8	PT6D	0		C
C7	PT6E	0		T
E8	PT6F	0		C
D7	PT5D	0		C
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
E7	PT5C	0		T
A5	PT5B	0		C
C6	PT5A	0		T
B5	PT4A	0		T
A4	PT4B	0		C
D6	PT4C	0		T
F7	PT4D	0		C
B4	PT4E	0		T
GND	GND	-		
C5	PT4F	0		C
F6	PT3D	0		C
E5	PT3C	0		T
E6	PT3B	0		C
D5	PT3A	0		T
A3	PT2D	0		C
C4	PT2C	0		T
A2	PT2B	0		C
B2	PT2A	0		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
E14	GND	-		

LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
G8	VCCIO0	0		
G7	VCCIO0	0		

* Supports true LVDS outputs.

** NC for "E" devices.

*** Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the [Thermal Management](#) document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- [Thermal Management](#) document
- TN1090 - [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO Devices](#)
- Power Calculator tool included with the Lattice ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO2280C-3T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-4T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-5T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-3T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-4T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-5T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-3M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-4M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-5M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-3B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-4B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-5B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-3FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-4FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-5FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-3FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-3	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMXO2280C-4FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-4	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMXO2280C-5FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-5	ftBGA	324	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO256E-3T100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-4T100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-5T100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-3M100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256E-4M100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256E-5M100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	csBGA	100	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO640E-3T100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-4T100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-5T100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-3M100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-4M100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-5M100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-3T144C	640	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-4T144C	640	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-5T144C	640	1.2V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-3M132C	640	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-4M132C	640	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-5M132C	640	1.2V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-3B256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-4B256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-5B256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-3FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-4FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-5FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	ftBGA	256	COM

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2006 (cont.)	02.0 (cont.)	Architecture (cont.)	"Top View of the MachXO1200 Device" figure updated.
			"Top View of the MachXO640 Device" figure updated.
			"Top View of the MachXO256 Device" figure updated.
			"Slice Diagram" figure updated.
			Slice Signal Descriptions table updated.
			Routing section updated.
			sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section updated.
			PLL Diagram updated.
			PLL Signal Descriptions table updated.
			sysMEM Memory section has been updated.
			PIO Groups section has been updated.
			PIO section has been updated.
			MachXO PIO Block Diagram updated.
			Supported Input Standards table updated.
			MachXO Configuration and Programming diagram updated.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Recommended Operating Conditions table - footnotes updated.
			MachXO256 and MachXO640 Hot Socketing Specifications - footnotes updated.
			Added MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 Hot Socketing Specifications table.
			DC Electrical Characteristics, footnotes have been updated.
			Supply Current (Sleep Mode) table has been updated, removed "4W" references. Footnotes have been updated.
			Supply Current (Standby) table and associated footnotes updated.
			Initialization Supply Current table and footnotes updated.
			Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current table and associated footnotes have been updated.
			Register-to-Register Performance table updated (rev. A 0.19).
			MachXO External Switching Characteristics updated (rev. A 0.19).
			MachXO Internal Timing Parameters updated (rev. A 0.19).
			MachXO Family Timing Adders updated (rev. A 0.19).
			sysCLOCK Timing updated (rev. A 0.19).
			MachXO "C" Sleep Mode Timing updated (A 0.19).
			JTAG Port Timing Specification updated (rev. A 0.19).
			Test Fixture Required Components table updated.
		Pinout Information	Signal Descriptions have been updated.
			Pin Information Summary has been updated. Footnote has been added.
			Power Supply and NC Connection table has been updated.
			Logic Signal Connections have been updated (PCLKTx_x --> PCLKx_x)
		Ordering Information	Removed "4W" references.
			Added 256-ftBGA Ordering Part Numbers for MachXO640.
May 2006	02.1	Pinout Information	Removed [LOC][0]_PLL_RST from Signal Description table.
			PCLK footnote has been added to all appropriate pins.
August 2006	02.2	Multiple	Removed 256 fpBGA information for MachXO640.