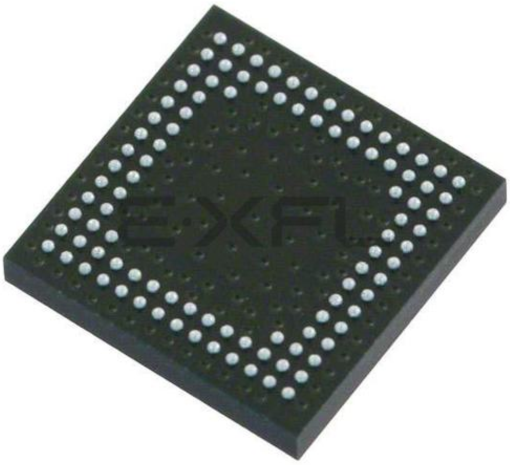

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	74
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	100-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	100-CSBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640c-4m100i

Modes of Operation

Each Slice is capable of four modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM, and ROM. The Slice in the PFF is capable of all modes except RAM. Table 2-2 lists the modes and the capability of the Slice blocks.

Table 2-2. Slice Modes

	Logic	Ripple	RAM	ROM
PFU Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	SP 16x2	ROM 16x1 x 2
PFF Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	N/A	ROM 16x1 x 2

Logic Mode: In this mode, the LUTs in each Slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables (LUT4). A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any logic function with four inputs can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per Slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one Slice. Larger lookup tables such as LUT6, LUT7, and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other Slices.

Ripple Mode: Ripple mode allows the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each Slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/Subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
  - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
  - A not-equal-to B
  - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated per Slice in this mode, allowing fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating Slices.

RAM Mode: In this mode, distributed RAM can be constructed using each LUT block as a 16x2-bit memory. Through the combination of LUTs and Slices, a variety of different memories can be constructed.

The ispLEVER design tool supports the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of Slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. Figure 2-6 shows the distributed memory primitive block diagrams. Dual port memories involve the pairing of two Slices. One Slice functions as the read-write port, while the other companion Slice supports the read-only port. For more information on RAM mode in MachXO devices, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

	SPR16x2	DPR16x2
Number of Slices	1	2

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, DPR = Dual Port RAM

Bus Size Matching

All of the multi-port memory modes support different widths on each of the ports. The RAM bits are mapped LSB word 0 to MSB word 0, LSB word 1 to MSB word 1 and so on. Although the word size and number of words for each port varies, this mapping scheme applies to each port.

RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration. By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

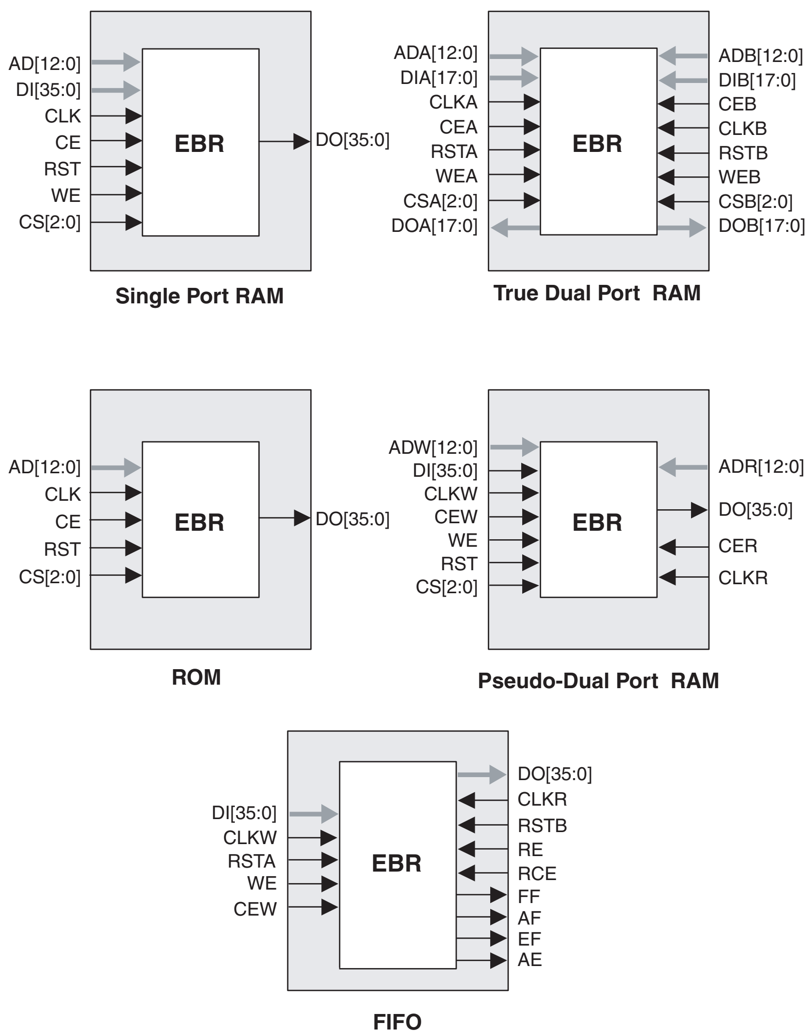
Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAMs can be created using EBR sysMEM Blocks. Typically, the Lattice design tools cascade memory transparently, based on specific design inputs.

Single, Dual, Pseudo-Dual Port and FIFO Modes

Figure 2-12 shows the five basic memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and address for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array. The output data of the memory is optionally registered at the memory array output.

Figure 2-12. sysMEM Memory Primitives



The EBR memory supports three forms of write behavior for single or dual port operation:

1. **Normal** – data on the output appears only during the read cycle. During a write cycle, the data (at the current address) does not appear on the output. This mode is supported for all data widths.

2. **Write Through** – a copy of the input data appears at the output of the same port. This mode is supported for all data widths.

3. **Read-Before-Write** – when new data is being written, the old contents of the address appears at the output. This mode is supported for x9, x18 and x36 data widths.

FIFO Configuration

The FIFO has a write port with Data-in, CEW, WE and CLKW signals. There is a separate read port with Data-out, RCE, RE and CLKR signals. The FIFO internally generates Almost Full, Full, Almost Empty and Empty Flags. The Full and Almost Full flags are registered with CLKW. The Empty and Almost Empty flags are registered with CLKR. The range of programming values for these flags are in Table 2-7.

Table 2-7. Programmable FIFO Flag Ranges

Flag Name	Programming Range
Full (FF)	1 to (up to 2^N-1)
Almost Full (AF)	1 to Full-1
Almost Empty (AE)	1 to Full-1
Empty (EF)	0

N = Address bit width

The FIFO state machine supports two types of reset signals: RSTA and RSTB. The RSTA signal is a global reset that clears the contents of the FIFO by resetting the read/write pointer and puts the FIFO flags in their initial reset state. The RSTB signal is used to reset the read pointer. The purpose of this reset is to retransmit the data that is in the FIFO. In these applications it is important to keep careful track of when a packet is written into or read from the FIFO.

Memory Core Reset

The memory array in the EBR utilizes latches at the A and B output ports. These latches can be reset asynchronously. RSTA and RSTB are local signals, which reset the output latches associated with Port A and Port B respectively. The Global Reset (GSRN) signal resets both ports. The output data latches and associated resets for both ports are as shown in Figure 2-13.

Table 2-10. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	Drive	V_{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-ended Interfaces		
LVTTL	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 16mA	3.3
LVCMOS33	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	3.3
LVCMOS25	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	2.5
LVCMOS18	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	1.8
LVCMOS15	4mA, 8mA	1.5
LVCMOS12	2mA, 6mA	1.2
LVCMOS33, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	—
LVCMOS25, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	—
LVCMOS18, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 14mA	—
LVCMOS15, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA	—
LVCMOS12, Open Drain	2mA, 6mA	—
PCI33[3]	N/A	3.3
Differential Interfaces		
LVDS[1, 2]	N/A	2.5
BLVDS, RSDS[2]	N/A	2.5
LVPECL[2]	N/A	3.3

1. MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.
2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.
3. Top Banks of MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The number of Banks vary between the devices of this family. Eight Banks surround the two larger devices, the MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 (two Banks per side). The MachXO640 has four Banks (one Bank per side). The smallest member of this family, the MachXO256, has only two Banks.

Each sysIO buffer Bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. Each Bank has its own I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}) which allows it to be completely independent from the other Banks. Figure 2-18, Figure 2-18, Figure 2-20 and Figure 2-21 shows the sysIO Banks and their associated supplies for all devices.

Table 3-1. LVDS DC Conditions

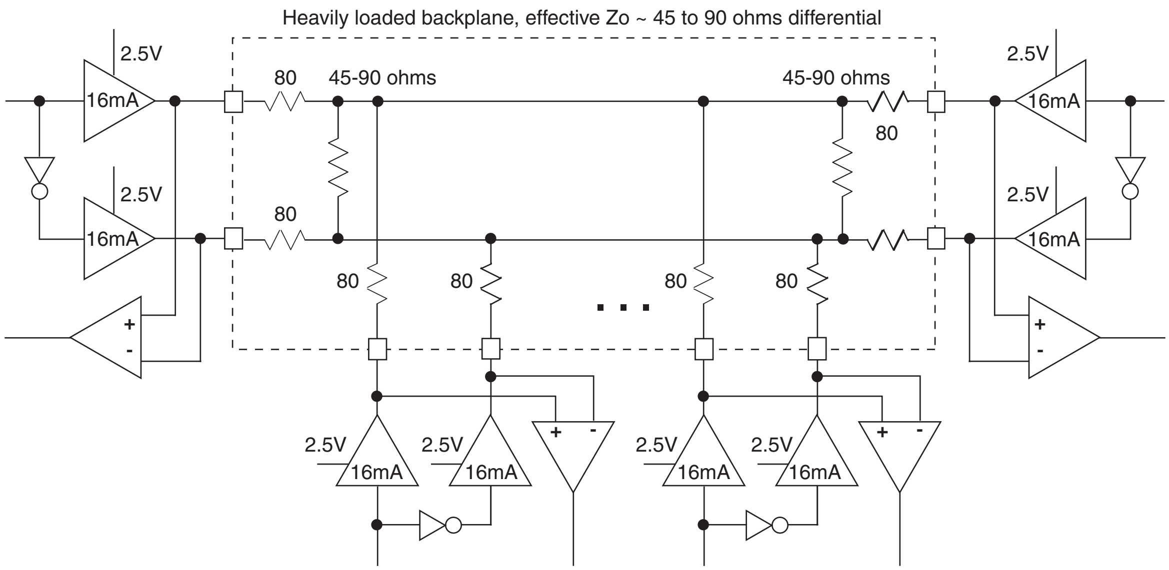
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ω
R_S	Driver series resistor	294	Ω
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	121	Ω
R_T	Receiver termination	100	Ω
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	1.43	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.07	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.35	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	100	Ω
I_{DC}	DC output current	3.66	mA

BLVDS

The MachXO family supports the BLVDS standard through emulation. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel external resistor across the driver outputs. The input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer on certain devices. BLVDS is intended for use when multi-drop and bi-directional multi-point differential signaling is required. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for bi-directional multi-point differential signals.

Figure 3-2. BLVDS Multi-point Output Example



Typical Building Block Function Performance[1]

Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12mA Drive)

Function	-5 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	6.7	ns
4:1 MUX	4.5	ns
16:1 MUX	5.1	ns

Register-to-Register Performance

Function	-5 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16:1 MUX	487	MHz
16-bit adder	292	MHz
16-bit counter	388	MHz
64-bit counter	200	MHz
Embedded Memory Functions (1200 and 2280 Devices Only)		
256x36 Single Port RAM	284	MHz
512x18 True-Dual Port RAM	284	MHz
Distributed Memory Functions		
16x2 Single Port RAM	434	MHz
64x2 Single Port RAM	320	MHz
128x4 Single Port RAM	261	MHz
32x2 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM	314	MHz
64x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM	271	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the ispLEVER design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.

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Derating Logic Timing

Logic Timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the ispLEVER design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. The ispLEVER design tool from Lattice can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

MachXO External Switching Characteristics[1]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-5		-4		-3		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Global Clock without PLL)[1]									
t_{PD}	Best Case t_{PD} Through 1 LUT	LCMXO256	—	3.5	—	4.2	—	4.9	ns
		LCMXO640	—	3.5	—	4.2	—	4.9	ns
		LCMXO1200	—	3.6	—	4.4	—	5.1	ns
		LCMXO2280	—	3.6	—	4.4	—	5.1	ns
t_{CO}	Best Case Clock to Output - From PFU	LCMXO256	—	4.0	—	4.8	—	5.6	ns
		LCMXO640	—	4.0	—	4.8	—	5.7	ns
		LCMXO1200	—	4.3	—	5.2	—	6.1	ns
		LCMXO2280	—	4.3	—	5.2	—	6.1	ns
t_{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - To PFU	LCMXO256	1.3	—	1.6	—	1.8	—	ns
		LCMXO640	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.5	—	ns
		LCMXO1200	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.6	—	ns
		LCMXO2280	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.5	—	ns
t_H	Clock to Data Hold - To PFU	LCMXO256	-0.3	—	-0.3	—	-0.3	—	ns
		LCMXO640	-0.1	—	-0.1	—	-0.1	—	ns
		LCMXO1200	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
		LCMXO2280	-0.4	—	-0.4	—	-0.4	—	ns
f_{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	LCMXO256	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMXO640	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMXO1200	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMXO2280	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
t_{SKEW_PRI}	Global Clock Skew Across Device	LCMXO256	—	200	—	220	—	240	ps
		LCMXO640	—	200	—	220	—	240	ps
		LCMXO1200	—	220	—	240	—	260	ps
		LCMXO2280	—	220	—	240	—	260	ps

1. General timing numbers based on LVCMOS2.5V, 12 mA.

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MachXO Family Timing Adders[1, 2, 3]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Buffer Type	Description	-5	-4	-3	Units
Input Adjusters					
LVDS25[4]	LVDS	0.44	0.53	0.61	ns
BLVDS25[4]	BLVDS	0.44	0.53	0.61	ns
LVPECL33[4]	LVPECL	0.42	0.50	0.59	ns
LVTTL33	LVTTL	0.01	0.01	0.01	ns
LVCMOS33	LVCMOS 3.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	ns
LVCMOS25	LVCMOS 2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
LVCMOS18	LVCMOS 1.8	0.07	0.08	0.10	ns
LVCMOS15	LVCMOS 1.5	0.14	0.17	0.19	ns
LVCMOS12	LVCMOS 1.2	0.40	0.48	0.56	ns
PCI33[4]	PCI	0.01	0.01	0.01	ns
Output Adjusters					
LVDS25E	LVDS 2.5 E	-0.13	-0.15	-0.18	ns
LVDS25[4]	LVDS 2.5	-0.21	-0.26	-0.30	ns
BLVDS25	BLVDS 2.5	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	ns
LVPECL33	LVPECL 3.3	0.04	0.04	0.05	ns
LVTTL33_4mA	LVTTL 4mA drive	0.04	0.04	0.05	ns
LVTTL33_8mA	LVTTL 8mA drive	0.06	0.07	0.08	ns
LVTTL33_12mA	LVTTL 12mA drive	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	ns
LVTTL33_16mA	LVTTL 16mA drive	0.50	0.60	0.70	ns
LVCMOS33_4mA	LVCMOS 3.3 4mA drive	0.04	0.04	0.05	ns
LVCMOS33_8mA	LVCMOS 3.3 8mA drive	0.06	0.07	0.08	ns
LVCMOS33_12mA	LVCMOS 3.3 12mA drive	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	ns
LVCMOS33_14mA	LVCMOS 3.3 14mA drive	0.50	0.60	0.70	ns
LVCMOS25_4mA	LVCMOS 2.5 4mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.07	ns
LVCMOS25_8mA	LVCMOS 2.5 8mA drive	0.10	0.12	0.13	ns
LVCMOS25_12mA	LVCMOS 2.5 12mA drive	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
LVCMOS25_14mA	LVCMOS 2.5 14mA drive	0.34	0.40	0.47	ns
LVCMOS18_4mA	LVCMOS 1.8 4mA drive	0.11	0.13	0.15	ns
LVCMOS18_8mA	LVCMOS 1.8 8mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.06	ns
LVCMOS18_12mA	LVCMOS 1.8 12mA drive	-0.06	-0.07	-0.08	ns
LVCMOS18_14mA	LVCMOS 1.8 14mA drive	0.06	0.07	0.09	ns
LVCMOS15_4mA	LVCMOS 1.5 4mA drive	0.15	0.19	0.22	ns
LVCMOS15_8mA	LVCMOS 1.5 8mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.07	ns
LVCMOS12_2mA	LVCMOS 1.2 2mA drive	0.26	0.31	0.36	ns
LVCMOS12_6mA	LVCMOS 1.2 6mA drive	0.05	0.06	0.07	ns
PCI33[4]	PCI33	1.85	2.22	2.59	ns

1. Timing adders are characterized but not tested on every device.
2. LVCMOS timing is measured with the load specified in Switching Test Conditions table.
3. All other standards tested according to the appropriate specifications.
4. I/O standard only available in LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 devices.

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MachXO "C" Sleep Mode Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
t_{PWRDN}	SLEEPN Low to Power Down	All	—	—	400	ns
t_{PWRUP}	SLEEPN High to Power Up	LCMXO256	—	—	400	µs
		LCMXO640	—	—	600	µs
		LCMXO1200	—	—	800	µs
		LCMXO2280	—	—	1000	µs
$t_{WSLEEPN}$	SLEEPN Pulse Width	All	400	—	—	ns
t_{WAWAKE}	SLEEPN Pulse Rejection	All	—	—	100	ns

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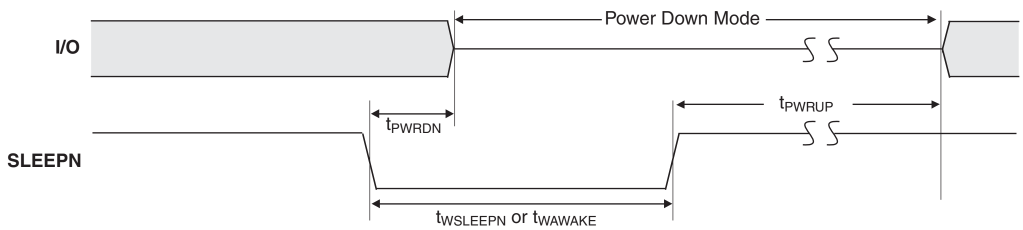
Flash Download Time



Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{REFRESH}$	Minimum V_{CC} or V_{CCAUX} (later of the two supplies) to Device I/O Active	LCMXO256	—	—	0.4	ms
		LCMXO640	—	—	0.6	ms
		LCMXO1200	—	—	0.8	ms
		LCMXO2280	—	—	1.0	ms

JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{MAX}	TCK [BSCAN] clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t_{BTCP}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width	40	—	ns
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	10	—	ns
t_{BTRF}	TCK [BSCAN] rise/fall time	50	—	mV/ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to output valid	—	10	ns
$t_{BTCODIS}$	TAP controller falling edge of clock to output disabled	—	10	ns
t_{BTCOEN}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to output enabled	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCRH}	BSCAN test capture register hold time	25	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to output valid	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUODIS}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to output disabled	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUPOEN}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to output enabled	—	25	ns

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MachXO Family Data Sheet
Pinout Information

June 2013 **Data Sheet DS1002**

Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
General Purpose		
P[Edge] [Row/Column Number]_[A/B/C/D/E/F]	I/O	[Edge] indicates the edge of the device on which the pad is located. Valid edge designations are L (Left), B (Bottom), R (Right), T (Top). [Row/Column Number] indicates the PFU row or the column of the device on which the PIO Group exists. When Edge is T (Top) or (Bottom), only need to specify Row Number. When Edge is L (Left) or R (Right), only need to specify Column Number. [A/B/C/D/E/F] indicates the PIO within the group to which the pad is connected. Some of these user programmable pins are shared with special function pins. When not used as special function pins, these pins can be programmed as I/Os for user logic. During configuration of the user-programmable I/Os, the user has an option to tri-state the I/Os and enable an internal pull-up resistor. This option also applies to unused pins (or those not bonded to a package pin). The default during configuration is for user-programmable I/Os to be tri-stated with an internal pull-up resistor enabled. When the device is erased, I/Os will be tri-stated with an internal pull-up resistor enabled.
GSRN	I	Global RESET signal (active low). Dedicated pad, when not in use it can be used as an I/O pin.
TSALL	I	TSALL is a dedicated pad for the global output enable signal. When TSALL is high all the outputs are tristated. It is a dual function pin. When not in use, it can be used as an I/O pin.
NC	—	No connect.
GND	—	GND - Ground. Dedicated pins.
V_{CC}	—	VCC - The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins.
V_{CCAUX}	—	VCCAUX - the Auxiliary power supply pin. This pin powers up a variety of internal circuits including all the differential and referenced input buffers. Dedicated pins.
V_{CCIOx}	—	V_{CCIO} - The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins.
SLEEPN[1]	I	Sleep Mode pin - Active low sleep pin.þ When this pin is held high, the device operates normally.þ This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when unused, an external pull-up to V_{CC} is recommended. When driven low, the device moves into Sleep mode after a specified time.
PLL and Clock Functions (Used as user programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)		
[LOC][0]_PLL[T, C]_IN	—	Reference clock (PLL) input Pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are ULM (Upper PLL) and LLM (Lower PLL). T = true and C = complement.
[LOC][0]_PLL[T, C]_FB	—	Optional feedback (PLL) input Pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are ULM (Upper PLL) and LLM (Lower PLL). T = true and C = complement.
PCLK [n]_[1:0]	—	Primary Clock Pads, n per side.
Test and Programming (Dedicated pins)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input pin, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data input pin, used to load data into the device using an 1149.1 state machine.
TDO	O	Output pin -Test Data output pin used to shift data out of the device using 1149.1.

1. Applies to MachXO "C" devices only. NC for "E" devices.

Power Supply and NC

Signal	100 TQFP[1]	144 TQFP[1]	100 csBGA[2]
VCC	**LCMXO256/640**: 35, 90 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 17, 35, 66, 91	21, 52, 93, 129	P7, B6
VCCIO0	**LCMXO256**: 60, 74, 92 **LCMXO640**: 80, 92 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 94	**LCMXO640**: 117, 135 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 135	**LCMXO256**: H14, A14, B5 **LCMXO640**: B12, B5
VCCIO1	**LCMXO256**: 10, 24, 41 **LCMXO640**: 60, 74 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 80	**LCMXO640**: 82, 98 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 117	**LCMXO256**: G1, P1, P10 **LCMXO640**: H14, A14
VCCIO2	**LCMXO256**: None **LCMXO640**: 29, 41 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 70	**LCMXO640**: 38, 63 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 98	**LCMXO256**: None **LCMXO640**: P4, P10
VCCIO3	**LCMXO256**: None **LCMXO640**: 10, 24 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 56	**LCMXO640**: 10, 26 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 82	**LCMXO256**: None **LCMXO640**: G1, P1
VCCIO4	**LCMXO256/640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 44	**LCMXO640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 63	—
VCCIO5	**LCMXO256/640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 27	**LCMXO640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 38	—
VCCIO6	**LCMXO256/640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 20	**LCMXO640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 26	—
VCCIO7	**LCMXO256/640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 6	**LCMXO640**: None **LCMXO1200/2280**: 10	—
VCCAUX	**LCMXO256/640**: 88 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 36, 90	53, 128	B7
GND[3]	**LCMXO256**: 40, 84, 62, 75, 93, 12, 25, 42 **LCMXO640**: 40, 84, 81, 93, 62, 75, 30, 42, 12, 25 **LCMXO1200/2280**: 9, 41, 59, 83, 100, 76, 50, 26	16, 59, 88, 123, 118, 136, 83, 99, 37, 64, 11, 27	**LCMXO256**: N9, B9, G14, B13, A4, H1, N2, N10 **LCMXO640**: N9, B9, A10, A4, G14, B13, N3, N10, H1, N2
NC[4]			—

1. Pin orientation follows the conventional order from pin 1 marking of the top side view and counter-clockwise.
2. Pin orientation A1 starts from the upper left corner of the top side view with alphabetical order ascending vertically and numerical order ascending horizontally.
3. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level. For fpBGA and ftBGA packages, the total number of GND balls is less than the actual number of GND logic connections from the die to the common package GND plane.
4. NC pins should not be connected to any active signals, VCC or GND.

LCMXO256 and LCMXO640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP

	LCMXO256				LCMXO640			
Pin Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
1	PL2A	1		T	PL2A	3		T
2	PL2B	1		C	PL2C	3		T
3	PL3A	1		T	PL2B	3		C
4	PL3B	1		C	PL2D	3		C
5	PL3C	1		T	PL3A	3		T
6	PL3D	1		C	PL3B	3		C
7	PL4A	1		T	PL3C	3		T
8	PL4B	1		C	PL3D	3		C
9	PL5A	1		T	PL4A	3		
10	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	3		
11	PL5B	1		C	PL4C	3		T
12	GNDIO1	1			GNDIO3	3		
13	PL5C	1		T	PL4D	3		C
14	PL5D	1	GSRN	C	PL5B	3	GSRN	
15	PL6A	1		T	PL7B	3		
16	PL6B	1	TSALL	C	PL8C	3	TSALL	T
17	PL7A	1		T	PL8D	3		C
18	PL7B	1		C	PL9A	3		
19	PL7C	1		T	PL9C	3		
20	PL7D	1		C	PL10A	3		
21	PL8A	1		T	PL10C	3		
22	PL8B	1		C	PL11A	3		
23	PL9A	1		T	PL11C	3		
24	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	3		
25	GNDIO1	1			GNDIO3	3		
26	TMS	1	TMS		TMS	2	TMS	
27	PL9B	1		C	PB2C	2		
28	TCK	1	TCK		TCK	2	TCK	
29	PB2A	1		T	VCCIO2	2		
30	PB2B	1		C	GNDIO2	2		
31	TDO	1	TDO		TDO	2	TDO	
32	PB2C	1		T	PB4C	2		
33	TDI	1	TDI		TDI	2	TDI	
34	PB2D	1		C	PB4E	2		
35	VCC	-			VCC	-		
36	PB3A	1	PCLK1_1**	T	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1**	
37	PB3B	1		C	PB5D	2		
38	PB3C	1	PCLK1_0**	T	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0**	
39	PB3D	1		C	PB6C	2		
40	GND	-			GND	-		
41	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO2	2		
42	GNDIO1	1			GNDIO2	2		

LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	LCMXO1200				LCMXO2280			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
82	PT9A	1			PT12C	1		T
83	GND	-			GND	-		
84	PT8B	1		C	PT11B	1		C
85	PT8A	1		T	PT11A	1		T
86	PT7D	1	PCLK1_1****		PT10B	1	PCLK1_1****	
87	PT6F	0	PCLK0_0****		PT9B	1	PCLK1_0****	
88	PT6D	0		C	PT8F	0		C
89	PT6C	0		T	PT8E	0		T
90	VCCAUX	-			VCCAUX	-		
91	VCC	-			VCC	-		
92	PT5B	0			PT6D	0		
93	PT4B	0			PT6F	0		
94	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO0	0		
95	PT3D	0		C	PT4B	0		C
96	PT3C	0		T	PT4A	0		T
97	PT3B	0			PT3B	0		
98	PT2B	0		C	PT2B	0		C
99	PT2A	0		T	PT2A	0		T
100**	GNDIO0 GNDIO7	-			GNDIO0 GNDIO7	-		

*Supports true LVDS outputs.
**Double bonded to the pin.
***NC for "E" devices.
****Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO640					LCMXO1200					LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
J13	PR8C	1		T	J13	PR11A	3		T*	J13	PR14A	3		T*
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
K14	PR8B	1		C	K14	PR10D	3		C	K14	PR13D	3		C
J14	PR8A	1		T	J14	PR10C	3		T	J14	PR13C	3		T
K15	PR7D	1		C	K15	PR10B	3		C*	K15	PR13B	3		C*
J15	PR7C	1		T	J15	PR10A	3		T*	J15	PR13A	3		T*
-	-				GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
-	-				VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
K12	NC				K12	PR9D	3		C	K12	PR11D	3		C
J12	NC				J12	PR9C	3		T	J12	PR11C	3		T
J16	PR7B	1		C	J16	PR9B	3		C*	J16	PR11B	3		C*
H16	PR7A	1		T	H16	PR9A	3		T*	H16	PR11A	3		T*
H15	PR6B	1		C	H15	PR8D	2		C	H15	PR10D	2		C
G15	PR6A	1		T	G15	PR8C	2		T	G15	PR10C	2		T
H14	PR5D	1		C	H14	PR8B	2		C*	H14	PR10B	2		C*
G14	PR5C	1		T	G14	PR8A	2		T*	G14	PR10A	2		T*
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO2	2		
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
H13	PR6D	1		C	H13	PR7D	2		C	H13	PR9D	2		C
H12	PR6C	1		T	H12	PR7C	2		T	H12	PR9C	2		T
G13	PR4D	1		C	G13	PR7B	2		C*	G13	PR9B	2		C*
G12	PR4C	1		T	G12	PR7A	2		T*	G12	PR9A	2		T*
G16	PR5B	1		C	G16	PR6D	2		C	G16	PR7D	2		C
F16	PR5A	1		T	F16	PR6C	2		T	F16	PR7C	2		T
F15	PR4B	1		C	F15	PR6B	2		C*	F15	PR7B	2		C*
E15	PR4A	1		T	E15	PR6A	2		T*	E15	PR7A	2		T*
E16	PR3B	1		C	E16	PR5D	2		C	E16	PR6D	2		C
D16	PR3A	1		T	D16	PR5C	2		T	D16	PR6C	2		T
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO2	2		
D15	PR2D	1		C	D15	PR5B	2		C*	D15	PR6B	2		C*
C15	PR2C	1		T	C15	PR5A	2		T*	C15	PR6A	2		T*
C16	PR2B	1		C	C16	PR4D	2		C	C16	PR5D	2		C
B16	PR2A	1		T	B16	PR4C	2		T	B16	PR5C	2		T
F14	PR3D	1		C	F14	PR4B	2		C*	F14	PR5B	2		C*
E14	PR3C	1		T	E14	PR4A	2		T*	E14	PR5A	2		T*
-	-	-			-	-	-			GND	GND	-		
F12	NC				F12	PR3D	2		C	F12	PR4D	2		C
F13	NC				F13	PR3C	2		T	F13	PR4C	2		T
E12	NC				E12	PR3B	2		C*	E12	PR4B	2		C*
E13	NC				E13	PR3A	2		T*	E13	PR4A	2		T*
D13	NC				D13	PR2B	2		C	D13	PR3B	2		C*
D14	NC				D14	PR2A	2		T	D14	PR3A	2		T*
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO0	0			GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO0	0			GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
B15	NC				B15	PT11D	1		C	B15	PT16D	1		C
A15	NC				A15	PT11C	1		T	A15	PT16C	1		T
C14	NC				C14	PT11B	1		C	C14	PT16B	1		C
B14	NC				B14	PT11A	1		T	B14	PT16A	1		T
C13	PT9F	0		C	C13	PT10F	1		C	C13	PT15D	1		C
B13	PT9E	0		T	B13	PT10E	1		T	B13	PT15C	1		T

LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO640					LCMXO1200					LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
E11	NC				E11	PT10D	1		C	E11	PT15B	1		C
E10	NC				E10	PT10C	1		T	E10	PT15A	1		T
D12	PT9D	0		C	D12	PT10B	1		C	D12	PT14D	1		C
D11	PT9C	0		T	D11	PT10A	1		T	D11	PT14C	1		T
A14	PT7F	0		C	A14	PT9F	1		C	A14	PT14B	1		C
A13	PT7E	0		T	A13	PT9E	1		T	A13	PT14A	1		T
C12	PT8B	0		C	C12	PT9D	1		C	C12	PT13D	1		C
C11	PT8A	0		T	C11	PT9C	1		T	C11	PT13C	1		T
-	-				VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
-	-				GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
B12	PT7B	0		C	B12	PT9B	1		C	B12	PT12D	1		C
B11	PT7A	0		T	B11	PT9A	1		T	B11	PT12C	1		T
A12	PT7D	0		C	A12	PT8F	1		C	A12	PT12B	1		C
A11	PT7C	0		T	A11	PT8E	1		T	A11	PT12A	1		T
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
B10	PT5D	0		C	B10	PT8D	1		C	B10	PT11B	1		C
B9	PT5C	0		T	B9	PT8C	1		T	B9	PT11A	1		T
D10	PT8D	0		C	D10	PT8B	1		C	D10	PT10F	1		C
D9	PT8C	0		T	D9	PT8A	1		T	D9	PT10E	1		T
-	-				VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
-	-				GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
C10	PT6D	0		C	C10	PT7F	1		C	C10	PT10D	1		C
C9	PT6C	0		T	C9	PT7E	1		T	C9	PT10C	1		T
A9	PT6B	0	PCLK0_1***	C	A9	PT7D	1	PCLK1_1***	C	A9	PT10B	1	PCLK1_1***	C
A10	PT6A	0		T	A10	PT7C	1		T	A10	PT10A	1		T
E9	PT9B	0		C	E9	PT7B	1		C	E9	PT9D	1		C
E8	PT9A	0		T	E8	PT7A	1		T	E8	PT9C	1		T
D7	PT5B	0	PCLK0_0***	C	D7	PT6F	0	PCLK1_0***	C	D7	PT9B	1	PCLK1_0***	C
D8	PT5A	0		T	D8	PT6E	0		T	D8	PT9A	1		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0			GND	GNDIO0	0			GND	GNDIO0	0		
C8	PT4F	0		C	C8	PT6D	0		C	C8	PT8D	0		C
B8	PT4E	0		T	B8	PT6C	0		T	B8	PT8C	0		T
A8	VCCAUX	-			A8	VCCAUX	-			A8	VCCAUX	-		
A7	PT4D	0		C	A7	PT6B	0		C	A7	PT7D	0		C
A6	PT4C	0		T	A6	PT6A	0		T	A6	PT7C	0		T
VCC	VCC	-			VCC	VCC	-			VCC	VCC	-		
B7	PT4B	0		C	B7	PT5F	0		C	B7	PT7B	0		C
B6	PT4A	0		T	B6	PT5E	0		T	B6	PT7A	0		T
C6	PT3C	0		T	C6	PT5C	0		T	C6	PT6A	0		T
C7	PT3D	0		C	C7	PT5D	0		C	C7	PT6B	0		C
A5	PT3E	0		T	A5	PT5A	0		T	A5	PT6C	0		T
A4	PT3F	0		C	A4	PT5B	0		C	A4	PT6D	0		C
E7	NC				E7	PT4C	0		T	E7	PT6E	0		T
E6	NC				E6	PT4D	0		C	E6	PT6F	0		C
B5	PT3B	0		C	B5	PT3F	0		C	B5	PT5D	0		C
B4	PT3A	0		T	B4	PT3E	0		T	B4	PT5C	0		T
D5	PT2D	0		C	D5	PT3D	0		C	D5	PT5B	0		C
D6	PT2C	0		T	D6	PT3C	0		T	D6	PT5A	0		T
C4	PT2E	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T
C5	PT2F	0		C	C5	PT4B	0		C	C5	PT4B	0		C
-	-	-			-	-	-			GND	GND	-		
D4	NC				D4	PT2D	0		C	D4	PT3D	0		C

LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	**Ball Function**	**Bank**	**Dual Function**	**Differential**
GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
P15	PR20B	3		C
N14	PR20A	3		T
N15	PR19B	3		C
M13	PR19A	3		T
R15	PR18B	3		C*
T16	PR18A	3		T*
N16	PR17D	3		C
M14	PR17C	3		T
U17	PR17B	3		C*
VCC	VCC	-		
U18	PR17A	3		T*
R17	PR16D	3		C
R16	PR16C	3		T
P16	PR16B	3		C*
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
GND	GNDIO3	3		
P17	PR16A	3		T*
L13	PR15D	3		C
M15	PR15C	3		T
T17	PR15B	3		C*
T18	PR15A	3		T*
L14	PR14D	3		C
L15	PR14C	3		T
R18	PR14B	3		C*
P18	PR14A	3		T*
GND	GND	-		
K15	PR13D	3		C
K13	PR13C	3		T
N17	PR13B	3		C*
N18	PR13A	3		T*
K16	PR12D	3		C
K14	PR12C	3		T
M16	PR12B	3		C*
L16	PR12A	3		T*
GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
J16	PR11D	3		C
J14	PR11C	3		T
M17	PR11B	3		C*
L17	PR11A	3		T*
J15	PR10D	2		C

LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	**Ball Function**	**Bank**	**Dual Function**	**Differential**
A10	PT8E	0		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
A9	PT8D	0		C
C9	PT8C	0		T
B9	PT8B	0		C
F9	VCCAUX	-		
A8	PT8A	0		T
B8	PT7D	0		C
C8	PT7C	0		T
VCC	VCC	-		
A7	PT7B	0		C
B7	PT7A	0		T
A6	PT6A	0		T
B6	PT6B	0		C
D8	PT6C	0		T
F8	PT6D	0		C
C7	PT6E	0		T
E8	PT6F	0		C
D7	PT5D	0		C
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
E7	PT5C	0		T
A5	PT5B	0		C
C6	PT5A	0		T
B5	PT4A	0		T
A4	PT4B	0		C
D6	PT4C	0		T
F7	PT4D	0		C
B4	PT4E	0		T
GND	GND	-		
C5	PT4F	0		C
F6	PT3D	0		C
E5	PT3C	0		T
E6	PT3B	0		C
D5	PT3A	0		T
A3	PT2D	0		C
C4	PT2C	0		T
A2	PT2B	0		C
B2	PT2A	0		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
E14	GND	-		

LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	**Ball Function**	**Bank**	**Dual Function**	**Differential**
G8	VCCIO0	0		
G7	VCCIO0	0		

* Supports true LVDS outputs.
** NC for "E" devices.
*** Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

Conventional Packaging

Commercial

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO256C-3T100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256C-4T100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256C-5T100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256C-3M100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256C-4M100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256C-5M100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-5	csBGA	100	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO640C-3T100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640C-4T100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640C-5T100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640C-3M100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640C-4M100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640C-5M100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-5	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640C-3T144C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640C-4T144C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640C-5T144C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640C-3M132C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640C-4M132C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640C-5M132C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640C-3B256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-4B256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-5B256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-3FT256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-4FT256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-5FT256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-5	ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO1200C-3T100C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO1200C-4T100C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO1200C-5T100C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO1200C-3T144C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO1200C-4T144C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO1200C-5T144C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO1200C-3M132C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO1200C-4M132C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO1200C-5M132C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO1200C-3B256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-4B256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-5B256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-3FT256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-4FT256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-5FT256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO2280C-3T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-4T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-5T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-3T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-4T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-5T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-3M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-4M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-5M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-3B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-4B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-5B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-3FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-4FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-5FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-3FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-3	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMXO2280C-4FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-4	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMXO2280C-5FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-5	ftBGA	324	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO256E-3T100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-4T100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-5T100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-3M100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256E-4M100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256E-5M100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	csBGA	100	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO640E-3T100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-4T100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-5T100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-3M100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-4M100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-5M100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-3T144C	640	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-4T144C	640	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-5T144C	640	1.2V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-3M132C	640	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-4M132C	640	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-5M132C	640	1.2V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-3B256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-4B256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-5B256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-3FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-4FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-5FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	ftBGA	256	COM