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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Obsolete |
| Number of LABs/CLBs | 80 |
| Number of Logic Elements/Cells | 640 |
| Total RAM Bits | - |
| Number of I/O | 113 |
| Number of Gates | - |
| Voltage - Supply | 1.71V ~ 3.465V |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Operating Temperature | 0°C ~ 85°C (TJ) |
| Package / Case | 144-LQFP |
| Supplier Device Package | 144-TQFP (20x20) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640c-5t144c |

The devices use look-up tables (LUTs) and embedded block memories traditionally associated with FPGAs for flexible and efficient logic implementation. Through non-volatile technology, the devices provide the single-chip, high-security, instant-on capabilities traditionally associated with CPLDs. Finally, advanced process technology and careful design will provide the high pin-to-pin performance also associated with CPLDs.

The ispLEVER® design tools from Lattice allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the MachXO family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for MachXO. The ispLEVER tools use the synthesis tool output along with the constraints from its floor planning tools to place and route the design in the MachXO device. The ispLEVER tool extracts the timing from the routing and back-annotates it into the design for timing verification.

Modes of Operation

Each Slice is capable of four modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM, and ROM. The Slice in the PFF is capable of all modes except RAM. Table 2-2 lists the modes and the capability of the Slice blocks.

Table 2-2. Slice Modes

| | Logic | Ripple | RAM | ROM |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|
| PFU Slice | LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1 | 2-bit Arithmetic Unit | SP 16x2 | ROM 16x1 x 2 |
| PFF Slice | LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1 | 2-bit Arithmetic Unit | N/A | ROM 16x1 x 2 |

Logic Mode: In this mode, the LUTs in each Slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables (LUT4). A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any logic function with four inputs can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per Slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one Slice. Larger lookup tables such as LUT6, LUT7, and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other Slices.

Ripple Mode: Ripple mode allows the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each Slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/Subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
 - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
 - A not-equal-to B
 - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated per Slice in this mode, allowing fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating Slices.

RAM Mode: In this mode, distributed RAM can be constructed using each LUT block as a 16x2-bit memory. Through the combination of LUTs and Slices, a variety of different memories can be constructed.

The ispLEVER design tool supports the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of Slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. Figure 2-6 shows the distributed memory primitive block diagrams. Dual port memories involve the pairing of two Slices. One Slice functions as the read-write port, while the other companion Slice supports the read-only port. For more information on RAM mode in MachXO devices, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

| | SPR16x2 | DPR16x2 |
|------------------|---------|---------|
| Number of Slices | 1 | 2 |

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, DPR = Dual Port RAM

sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

The MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 provide PLL support. The source of the PLL input divider can come from an external pin or from internal routing. There are four sources of feedback signals to the feedback divider: from CLKINTFB (internal feedback port), from the global clock nets, from the output of the post scalar divider, and from the routing (or from an external pin). There is a PLL_LOCK signal to indicate that the PLL has locked on to the input clock signal. Figure 2-10 shows the sysCLOCK PLL diagram.

The setup and hold times of the device can be improved by programming a delay in the feedback or input path of the PLL which will advance or delay the output clock with reference to the input clock. This delay can be either programmed during configuration or can be adjusted dynamically. In dynamic mode, the PLL may lose lock after adjustment and not relock until the t_{LOCK} parameter has been satisfied. Additionally, the phase and duty cycle block allows the user to adjust the phase and duty cycle of the CLKOS output.

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. Each PLL has four dividers associated with it: input clock divider, feedback divider, post scalar divider, and secondary clock divider. The input clock divider is used to divide the input clock signal, while the feedback divider is used to multiply the input clock signal. The post scalar divider allows the VCO to operate at higher frequencies than the clock output, thereby increasing the frequency range. The secondary divider is used to derive lower frequency outputs.

Figure 2-10. PLL Diagram

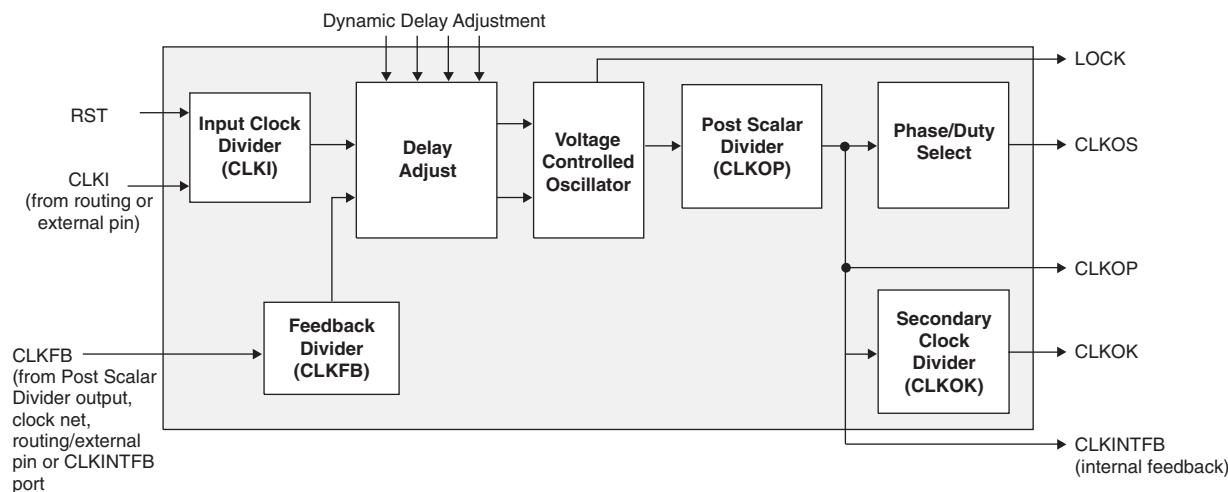
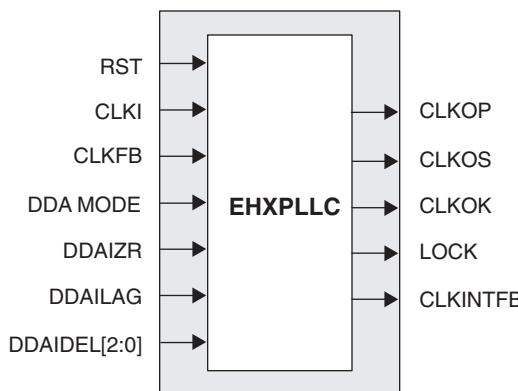


Figure 2-11 shows the available macros for the PLL. Table 2-5 provides signal description of the PLL Block.

Figure 2-11. PLL Primitive



Bus Size Matching

All of the multi-port memory modes support different widths on each of the ports. The RAM bits are mapped LSB word 0 to MSB word 0, LSB word 1 to MSB word 1 and so on. Although the word size and number of words for each port varies, this mapping scheme applies to each port.

RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration. By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAMs can be created using EBR sysMEM Blocks. Typically, the Lattice design tools cascade memory transparently, based on specific design inputs.

Single, Dual, Pseudo-Dual Port and FIFO Modes

Figure 2-12 shows the five basic memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and address for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array. The output data of the memory is optionally registered at the memory array output.

Figure 2-12. sysMEM Memory Primitives

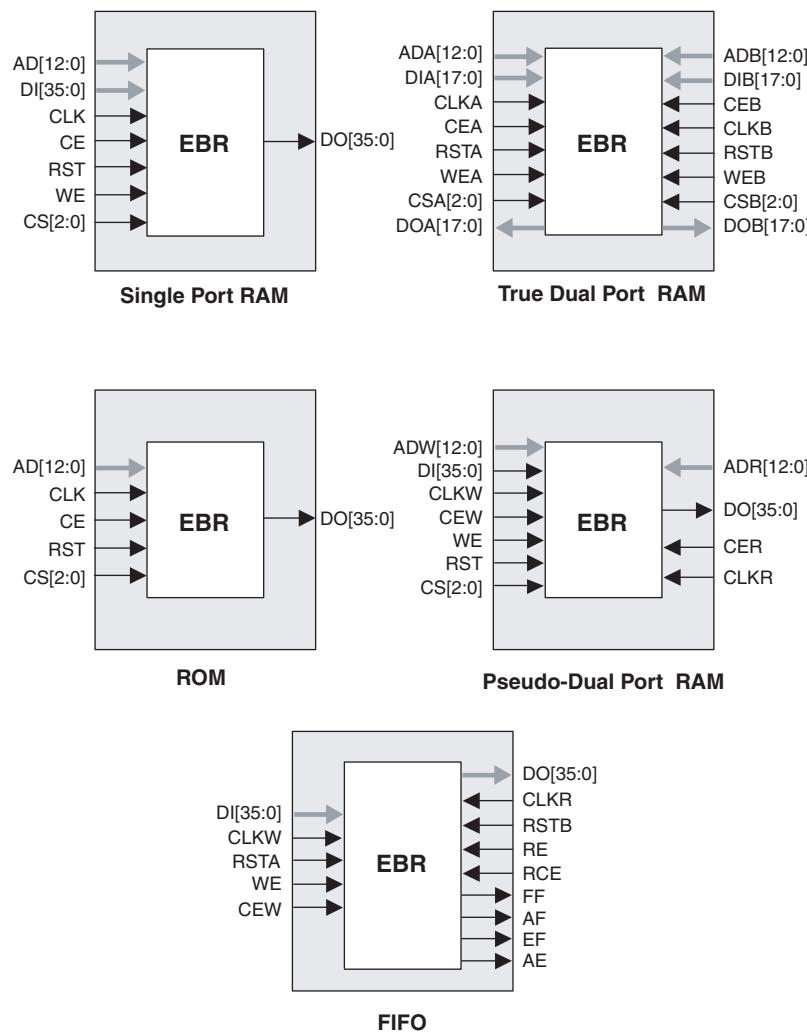


Table 2-8. I/O Support Device by Device

| | MachXO256 | MachXO640 | MachXO1200 | MachXO2280 |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Number of I/O Banks | 2 | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| Type of Input Buffers | Single-ended (all I/O Banks) | Single-ended (all I/O Banks) | Single-ended (all I/O Banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O Banks) | Single-ended (all I/O Banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O Banks) |
| Types of Output Buffers | Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) | Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) | Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on left and right side) | Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on left and right side) |
| Differential Output Emulation Capability | All I/O Banks | All I/O Banks | All I/O Banks | All I/O Banks |
| PCI Support | No | No | Top side only | Top side only |

Table 2-9. Supported Input Standards

| Input Standard | VCCIO (Typ.) | | | | |
|--|--------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 3.3V | 2.5V | 1.8V | 1.5V | 1.2V |
| Single Ended Interfaces | | | | | |
| LVTTL | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LVCMOS33 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LVCMOS25 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LVCMOS18 | | | Yes | | |
| LVCMOS15 | | | | Yes | |
| LVCMOS12 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| PCI ¹ | Yes | | | | |
| Differential Interfaces | | | | | |
| BLVDS ² , LVDS ² , LVPECL ² , RSDS ² | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

1. Top Banks of MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

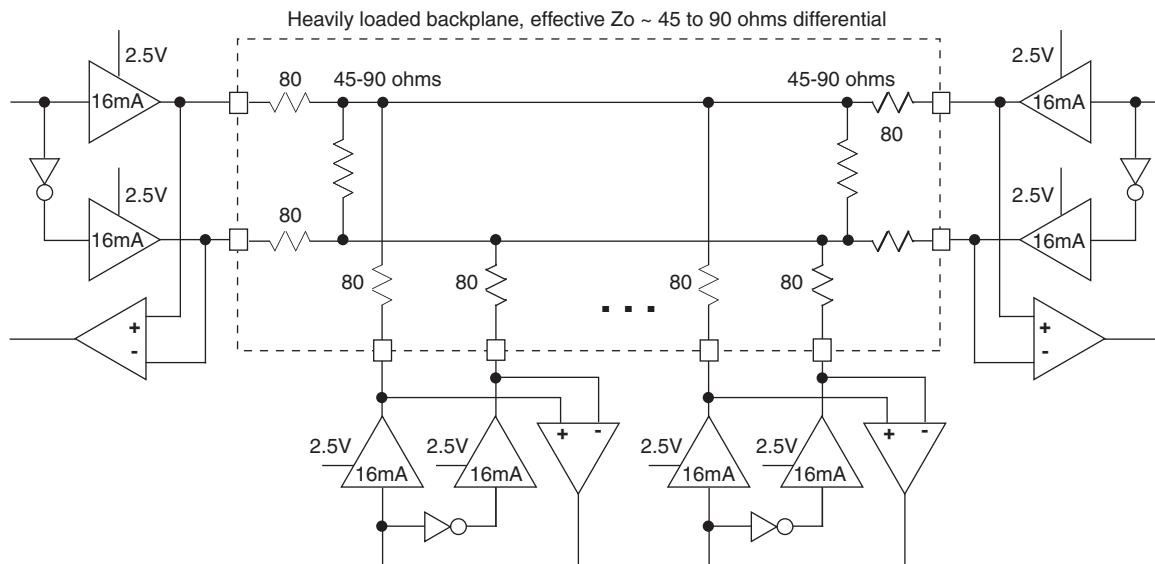
2. MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

Table 3-1. LVDS DC Conditions
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Description | Typical | Units |
|------------|-----------------------------|---------|----------|
| Z_{OUT} | Output impedance | 20 | Ω |
| R_S | Driver series resistor | 294 | Ω |
| R_P | Driver parallel resistor | 121 | Ω |
| R_T | Receiver termination | 100 | Ω |
| V_{OH} | Output high voltage | 1.43 | V |
| V_{OL} | Output low voltage | 1.07 | V |
| V_{OD} | Output differential voltage | 0.35 | V |
| V_{CM} | Output common mode voltage | 1.25 | V |
| Z_{BACK} | Back impedance | 100 | Ω |
| I_{DC} | DC output current | 3.66 | mA |

BLVDS

The MachXO family supports the BLVDS standard through emulation. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMS outputs in conjunction with a parallel external resistor across the driver outputs. The input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer on certain devices. BLVDS is intended for use when multi-drop and bi-directional multi-point differential signaling is required. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for bi-directional multi-point differential signals.

Figure 3-2. BLVDS Multi-point Output Example


MachXO External Switching Characteristics¹

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Description | Device | -5 | | -4 | | -3 | | Units |
|--|---|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | |
| General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Global Clock without PLL)¹ | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{PD} | Best Case t _{PD} Through 1 LUT | LCMxo256 | — | 3.5 | — | 4.2 | — | 4.9 | ns |
| | | LCMxo640 | — | 3.5 | — | 4.2 | — | 4.9 | ns |
| | | LCMxo1200 | — | 3.6 | — | 4.4 | — | 5.1 | ns |
| | | LCMxo2280 | — | 3.6 | — | 4.4 | — | 5.1 | ns |
| t _{CO} | Best Case Clock to Output - From PFU | LCMxo256 | — | 4.0 | — | 4.8 | — | 5.6 | ns |
| | | LCMxo640 | — | 4.0 | — | 4.8 | — | 5.7 | ns |
| | | LCMxo1200 | — | 4.3 | — | 5.2 | — | 6.1 | ns |
| | | LCMxo2280 | — | 4.3 | — | 5.2 | — | 6.1 | ns |
| t _{SU} | Clock to Data Setup - To PFU | LCMxo256 | 1.3 | — | 1.6 | — | 1.8 | — | ns |
| | | LCMxo640 | 1.1 | — | 1.3 | — | 1.5 | — | ns |
| | | LCMxo1200 | 1.1 | — | 1.3 | — | 1.6 | — | ns |
| | | LCMxo2280 | 1.1 | — | 1.3 | — | 1.5 | — | ns |
| t _H | Clock to Data Hold - To PFU | LCMxo256 | -0.3 | — | -0.3 | — | -0.3 | — | ns |
| | | LCMxo640 | -0.1 | — | -0.1 | — | -0.1 | — | ns |
| | | LCMxo1200 | 0.0 | — | 0.0 | — | 0.0 | — | ns |
| | | LCMxo2280 | -0.4 | — | -0.4 | — | -0.4 | — | ns |
| f _{MAX_IO} | Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register | LCMxo256 | — | 600 | — | 550 | — | 500 | MHz |
| | | LCMxo640 | — | 600 | — | 550 | — | 500 | MHz |
| | | LCMxo1200 | — | 600 | — | 550 | — | 500 | MHz |
| | | LCMxo2280 | — | 600 | — | 550 | — | 500 | MHz |
| t _{SKEW_PRI} | Global Clock Skew Across Device | LCMxo256 | — | 200 | — | 220 | — | 240 | ps |
| | | LCMxo640 | — | 200 | — | 220 | — | 240 | ps |
| | | LCMxo1200 | — | 220 | — | 240 | — | 260 | ps |
| | | LCMxo2280 | — | 220 | — | 240 | — | 260 | ps |

1. General timing numbers based on LVCMS2.5V, 12 mA.

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sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Descriptions | Conditions | Min. | Max. | Units |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------|--------|-------|
| f_{IN} | Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB) | | 25 | 420 | MHz |
| | | Input Divider (M) = 1; Feedback Divider (N) <= 4 ^{5, 6} | 18 | 25 | MHz |
| f_{OUT} | Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS) | | 25 | 420 | MHz |
| f_{OUT2} | K-Divider Output Frequency (CLKOK) | | 0.195 | 210 | MHz |
| f_{VCO} | PLL VCO Frequency | | 420 | 840 | MHz |
| f_{PFD} | Phase Detector Input Frequency | | 25 | — | MHz |
| | | Input Divider (M) = 1; Feedback Divider (N) <= 4 ^{5, 6} | 18 | 25 | MHz |
| AC Characteristics | | | | | |
| t_{DT} | Output Clock Duty Cycle | Default duty cycle selected ³ | 45 | 55 | % |
| t_{PH}^4 | Output Phase Accuracy | | — | 0.05 | UI |
| t_{OPJIT}^1 | Output Clock Period Jitter | $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz | — | +/-120 | ps |
| | | $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz | — | 0.02 | UIPP |
| t_{SK} | Input Clock to Output Clock Skew | Divider ratio = integer | — | +/-200 | ps |
| t_W | Output Clock Pulse Width | At 90% or 10% ³ | 1 | — | ns |
| t_{LOCK}^2 | PLL Lock-in Time | | — | 150 | μs |
| t_{PA} | Programmable Delay Unit | | 100 | 450 | ps |
| t_{IPJIT} | Input Clock Period Jitter | $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz | — | +/-200 | ps |
| | | $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz | — | 0.02 | UI |
| t_{FBKDLY} | External Feedback Delay | | — | 10 | ns |
| t_{HI} | Input Clock High Time | 90% to 90% | 0.5 | — | ns |
| t_{LO} | Input Clock Low Time | 10% to 10% | 0.5 | — | ns |
| t_{RST} | RST Pulse Width | | 10 | — | ns |

1. Jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock.

2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.

3. Using LVDS output buffers.

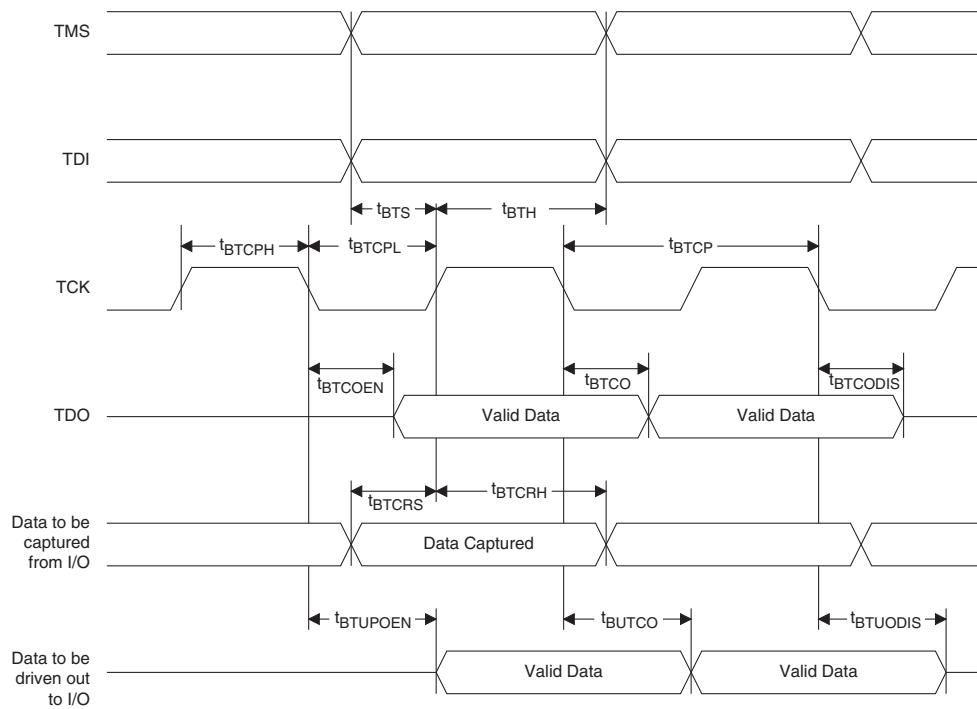
4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output.

5. When using an input frequency less than 25 MHz the output frequency must be less than or equal to 4 times the input frequency.

6. The on-chip oscillator can be used to provide reference clock input to the PLL provided the output frequency restriction for clock inputs below 25 MHz are followed.

Rev. A 0.19

Figure 3-5. JTAG Port Timing Waveforms



LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP

| Pin Number | LCMxo256 | | | | LCMxo640 | | | |
|------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|
| | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| 1 | PL2A | 1 | | T | PL2A | 3 | | T |
| 2 | PL2B | 1 | | C | PL2C | 3 | | T |
| 3 | PL3A | 1 | | T | PL2B | 3 | | C |
| 4 | PL3B | 1 | | C | PL2D | 3 | | C |
| 5 | PL3C | 1 | | T | PL3A | 3 | | T |
| 6 | PL3D | 1 | | C | PL3B | 3 | | C |
| 7 | PL4A | 1 | | T | PL3C | 3 | | T |
| 8 | PL4B | 1 | | C | PL3D | 3 | | C |
| 9 | PL5A | 1 | | T | PL4A | 3 | | |
| 10 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | VCCIO3 | 3 | | |
| 11 | PL5B | 1 | | C | PL4C | 3 | | T |
| 12 | GNDIO1 | 1 | | | GNDIO3 | 3 | | |
| 13 | PL5C | 1 | | T | PL4D | 3 | | C |
| 14 | PL5D | 1 | GSRN | C | PL5B | 3 | GSRN | |
| 15 | PL6A | 1 | | T | PL7B | 3 | | |
| 16 | PL6B | 1 | TSALL | C | PL8C | 3 | TSALL | T |
| 17 | PL7A | 1 | | T | PL8D | 3 | | C |
| 18 | PL7B | 1 | | C | PL9A | 3 | | |
| 19 | PL7C | 1 | | T | PL9C | 3 | | |
| 20 | PL7D | 1 | | C | PL10A | 3 | | |
| 21 | PL8A | 1 | | T | PL10C | 3 | | |
| 22 | PL8B | 1 | | C | PL11A | 3 | | |
| 23 | PL9A | 1 | | T | PL11C | 3 | | |
| 24 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | VCCIO3 | 3 | | |
| 25 | GNDIO1 | 1 | | | GNDIO3 | 3 | | |
| 26 | TMS | 1 | TMS | | TMS | 2 | TMS | |
| 27 | PL9B | 1 | | C | PB2C | 2 | | |
| 28 | TCK | 1 | TCK | | TCK | 2 | TCK | |
| 29 | PB2A | 1 | | T | VCCIO2 | 2 | | |
| 30 | PB2B | 1 | | C | GNDIO2 | 2 | | |
| 31 | TDO | 1 | TDO | | TDO | 2 | TDO | |
| 32 | PB2C | 1 | | T | PB4C | 2 | | |
| 33 | TDI | 1 | TDI | | TDI | 2 | TDI | |
| 34 | PB2D | 1 | | C | PB4E | 2 | | |
| 35 | VCC | - | | | VCC | - | | |
| 36 | PB3A | 1 | PCLK1_1** | T | PB5B | 2 | PCLK2_1** | |
| 37 | PB3B | 1 | | C | PB5D | 2 | | |
| 38 | PB3C | 1 | PCLK1_0** | T | PB6B | 2 | PCLK2_0** | |
| 39 | PB3D | 1 | | C | PB6C | 2 | | |
| 40 | GND | - | | | GND | - | | |
| 41 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | VCCIO2 | 2 | | |
| 42 | GNDIO1 | 1 | | | GNDIO2 | 2 | | |

LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

| Pin Number | LCMxo256 | | | | LCMxo640 | | | |
|------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|
| | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| 43 | PB4A | 1 | | T | PB8B | 2 | | |
| 44 | PB4B | 1 | | C | PB8C | 2 | | T |
| 45 | PB4C | 1 | | T | PB8D | 2 | | C |
| 46 | PB4D | 1 | | C | PB9A | 2 | | |
| 47 | PB5A | 1 | | | PB9C | 2 | | T |
| 48* | SLEEPN | - | SLEEPN | | SLEEPN | - | SLEEPN | |
| 49 | PB5C | 1 | | T | PB9D | 2 | | C |
| 50 | PB5D | 1 | | C | PB9F | 2 | | |
| 51 | PR9B | 0 | | C | PR11D | 1 | | C |
| 52 | PR9A | 0 | | T | PR11B | 1 | | C |
| 53 | PR8B | 0 | | C | PR11C | 1 | | T |
| 54 | PR8A | 0 | | T | PR11A | 1 | | T |
| 55 | PR7D | 0 | | C | PR10D | 1 | | C |
| 56 | PR7C | 0 | | T | PR10C | 1 | | T |
| 57 | PR7B | 0 | | C | PR10B | 1 | | C |
| 58 | PR7A | 0 | | T | PR10A | 1 | | T |
| 59 | PR6B | 0 | | C | PR9D | 1 | | |
| 60 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | VCCIO1 | 1 | | |
| 61 | PR6A | 0 | | T | PR9B | 1 | | |
| 62 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | | GNDIO1 | 1 | | |
| 63 | PR5D | 0 | | C | PR7B | 1 | | |
| 64 | PR5C | 0 | | T | PR6C | 1 | | |
| 65 | PR5B | 0 | | C | PR6B | 1 | | |
| 66 | PR5A | 0 | | T | PR5D | 1 | | |
| 67 | PR4B | 0 | | C | PR5B | 1 | | |
| 68 | PR4A | 0 | | T | PR4D | 1 | | |
| 69 | PR3D | 0 | | C | PR4B | 1 | | |
| 70 | PR3C | 0 | | T | PR3D | 1 | | |
| 71 | PR3B | 0 | | C | PR3B | 1 | | |
| 72 | PR3A | 0 | | T | PR2D | 1 | | |
| 73 | PR2B | 0 | | C | PR2B | 1 | | |
| 74 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | VCCIO1 | 1 | | |
| 75 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | | GNDIO1 | 1 | | |
| 76 | PR2A | 0 | | T | PT9F | 0 | | C |
| 77 | PT5C | 0 | | | PT9E | 0 | | T |
| 78 | PT5B | 0 | | C | PT9C | 0 | | |
| 79 | PT5A | 0 | | T | PT9A | 0 | | |
| 80 | PT4F | 0 | | C | VCCIO0 | 0 | | |
| 81 | PT4E | 0 | | T | GNDIO0 | 0 | | |
| 82 | PT4D | 0 | | C | PT7E | 0 | | |
| 83 | PT4C | 0 | | T | PT7A | 0 | | |
| 84 | GND | - | | | GND | - | | |

LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA (Cont.)

| LCMxo256 | | | | | LCMxo640 | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|
| Ball Number | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential | Ball Number | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| A4 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | | A4 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | |
| B4 | PT3A | 0 | | T | B4 | PT3B | 0 | | C |
| A3 | PT2F | 0 | | C | A3 | PT3A | 0 | | T |
| B3 | PT2E | 0 | | T | B3 | PT2F | 0 | | C |
| A2 | PT2D | 0 | | C | A2 | PT2E | 0 | | T |
| C3 | PT2C | 0 | | T | C3 | PT2B | 0 | | C |
| A1 | PT2B | 0 | | C | A1 | PT2C | 0 | | |
| B2 | PT2A | 0 | | T | B2 | PT2A | 0 | | T |
| N9 | GND | - | | | N9 | GND | - | | |
| B9 | GND | - | | | B9 | GND | - | | |
| B5 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | B5 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | |
| A14 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | A14 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | |
| H14 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | H14 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | |
| P10 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | P10 | VCCIO2 | 2 | | |
| G1 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | G1 | VCCIO3 | 3 | | |
| P1 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | P1 | VCCIO3 | 3 | | |

*NC for "E" devices.

**Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

**LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections:
 132 csBGA (Cont.)**

| LCMXO640 | | | | | LCMXO1200 | | | | | LCMXO2280 | | | | |
|----------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|
| Ball # | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential | Ball # | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential | Ball # | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| B9 | PT7B | 0 | | C | B9 | PT9B | 1 | | C | B9 | PT12D | 1 | | C |
| A9 | PT7A | 0 | | T | A9 | PT9A | 1 | | T | A9 | PT12C | 1 | | T |
| A8 | PT6B | 0 | PCLK0_1*** | C | A8 | PT7D | 1 | PCLK1_1*** | | A8 | PT10B | 1 | PCLK1_1*** | |
| B8 | PT6A | 0 | | T | B8 | PT7B | 1 | | | B8 | PT9D | 1 | | |
| C8 | PT5B | 0 | PCLK0_0*** | C | C8 | PT6F | 0 | PCLK1_0*** | | C8 | PT9B | 1 | PCLK1_0*** | |
| B7 | PT5A | 0 | | T | B7 | PT6D | 0 | | | B7 | PT8D | 0 | | |
| A7 | VCCAUX | - | | | A7 | VCCAUX | - | | | A7 | VCCAUX | - | | |
| C7 | VCC | - | | | C7 | VCC | - | | | C7 | VCC | - | | |
| A6 | PT4D | 0 | | C | A6 | PT5D | 0 | | C | A6 | PT7B | 0 | | C |
| B6 | PT4C | 0 | | T | B6 | PT5C | 0 | | T | B6 | PT7A | 0 | | T |
| C6 | PT3F | 0 | | C | C6 | PT5B | 0 | | C | C6 | PT6D | 0 | | |
| B5 | PT3E | 0 | | T | B5 | PT5A | 0 | | T | B5 | PT6E | 0 | | T |
| A5 | PT3D | 0 | | | A5 | PT4B | 0 | | | A5 | PT6F | 0 | | C |
| B4 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | | B4 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | | B4 | GNDIO0 | 0 | | |
| A4 | PT3B | 0 | | | A4 | PT3D | 0 | | C | A4 | PT4B | 0 | | C |
| C4 | PT2F | 0 | | | C4 | PT3C | 0 | | T | C4 | PT4A | 0 | | T |
| A3 | PT2D | 0 | | C | A3 | PT3B | 0 | | C | A3 | PT3B | 0 | | C |
| A2 | PT2C | 0 | | T | A2 | PT2B | 0 | | C | A2 | PT2B | 0 | | C |
| B3 | PT2B | 0 | | C | B3 | PT3A | 0 | | T | B3 | PT3A | 0 | | T |
| A1 | PT2A | 0 | | T | A1 | PT2A | 0 | | T | A1 | PT2A | 0 | | T |
| F1 | GND | - | | | F1 | GND | - | | | F1 | GND | - | | |
| P9 | GND | - | | | P9 | GND | - | | | P9 | GND | - | | |
| J14 | GND | - | | | J14 | GND | - | | | J14 | GND | - | | |
| C9 | GND | - | | | C9 | GND | - | | | C9 | GND | - | | |
| C5 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | C5 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | C5 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | |
| B11 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | | B11 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | B11 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | |
| E12 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | E12 | VCCIO2 | 2 | | | E12 | VCCIO2 | 2 | | |
| L12 | VCCIO1 | 1 | | | L12 | VCCIO3 | 3 | | | L12 | VCCIO3 | 3 | | |
| M10 | VCCIO2 | 2 | | | M10 | VCCIO4 | 4 | | | M10 | VCCIO4 | 4 | | |
| N2 | VCCIO2 | 2 | | | N2 | VCCIO5 | 5 | | | N2 | VCCIO5 | 5 | | |
| D2 | VCCIO3 | 3 | | | D2 | VCCIO7 | 7 | | | D2 | VCCIO7 | 7 | | |
| K3 | VCCIO3 | 3 | | | K3 | VCCIO6 | 6 | | | K3 | VCCIO6 | 6 | | |

*Supports true LVDS outputs.

**NC for "E" devices.

***Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA

| LCMxo2280 | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------|----------------|--------------|
| Ball Number | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| GND | GNDIO7 | 7 | | |
| VCCIO7 | VCCIO7 | 7 | | |
| D4 | PL2A | 7 | LUM0_PLLT_FB_A | T |
| F5 | PL2B | 7 | LUM0_PLLC_FB_A | C |
| B3 | PL3A | 7 | | T* |
| C3 | PL3B | 7 | | C* |
| E4 | PL3C | 7 | LUM0_PLLT_IN_A | T |
| G6 | PL3D | 7 | LUM0_PLLC_IN_A | C |
| A1 | PL4A | 7 | | T* |
| B1 | PL4B | 7 | | C* |
| F4 | PL4C | 7 | | T |
| VCC | VCC | - | | |
| E3 | PL4D | 7 | | C |
| D2 | PL5A | 7 | | T* |
| D3 | PL5B | 7 | | C* |
| G5 | PL5C | 7 | | T |
| F3 | PL5D | 7 | | C |
| C2 | PL6A | 7 | | T* |
| VCCIO7 | VCCIO7 | 7 | | |
| GND | GNDIO7 | 7 | | |
| C1 | PL6B | 7 | | C* |
| H5 | PL6C | 7 | | T |
| G4 | PL6D | 7 | | C |
| E2 | PL7A | 7 | | T* |
| D1 | PL7B | 7 | GSRN | C* |
| J6 | PL7C | 7 | | T |
| H4 | PL7D | 7 | | C |
| F2 | PL8A | 7 | | T* |
| E1 | PL8B | 7 | | C* |
| GND | GND | - | | |
| J3 | PL8C | 7 | | T |
| J5 | PL8D | 7 | | C |
| G3 | PL9A | 7 | | T* |
| H3 | PL9B | 7 | | C* |
| K3 | PL9C | 7 | | T |
| K5 | PL9D | 7 | | C |
| F1 | PL10A | 7 | | T* |
| VCCIO7 | VCCIO7 | 7 | | |
| GND | GNDIO7 | 7 | | |
| G1 | PL10B | 7 | | C* |
| K4 | PL10C | 7 | | T |
| K6 | PL10D | 7 | | C |

LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

| LCMxo2280 | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------|----------------|--------------|
| Ball Number | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| G2 | PL11A | 6 | | T* |
| H2 | PL11B | 6 | | C* |
| L3 | PL11C | 6 | | T |
| L5 | PL11D | 6 | | C |
| H1 | PL12A | 6 | | T* |
| VCCIO6 | VCCIO6 | 6 | | |
| GND | GNDIO6 | 6 | | |
| J2 | PL12B | 6 | | C* |
| L4 | PL12C | 6 | | T |
| L6 | PL12D | 6 | | C |
| K2 | PL13A | 6 | | T* |
| K1 | PL13B | 6 | | C* |
| J1 | PL13C | 6 | | T |
| VCC | VCC | - | | |
| L2 | PL13D | 6 | | C |
| M5 | PL14D | 6 | | C |
| M3 | PL14C | 6 | TSALL | T |
| L1 | PL14B | 6 | | C* |
| M2 | PL14A | 6 | | T* |
| M1 | PL15A | 6 | | T* |
| N1 | PL15B | 6 | | C* |
| M6 | PL15C | 6 | | T |
| M4 | PL15D | 6 | | C |
| VCCIO6 | VCCIO6 | 6 | | |
| GND | GNDIO6 | 6 | | |
| P1 | PL16A | 6 | | T* |
| P2 | PL16B | 6 | | C* |
| N3 | PL16C | 6 | | T |
| N4 | PL16D | 6 | | C |
| GND | GND | - | | |
| T1 | PL17A | 6 | LLM0_PLLT_FB_A | T* |
| R1 | PL17B | 6 | LLM0_PLLC_FB_A | C* |
| P3 | PL17C | 6 | | T |
| N5 | PL17D | 6 | | C |
| R3 | PL18A | 6 | LLM0_PLLT_IN_A | T* |
| R2 | PL18B | 6 | LLM0_PLLC_IN_A | C* |
| P4 | PL19A | 6 | | T |
| N6 | PL19B | 6 | | C |
| U1 | PL20A | 6 | | T |
| VCCIO6 | VCCIO6 | 6 | | |
| GND | GNDIO6 | 6 | | |
| GND | GNDIO5 | 5 | | |
| VCCIO5 | VCCIO5 | 5 | | |

LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

| LCMXO2280 | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------|---------------|--------------|
| Ball Number | Ball Function | Bank | Dual Function | Differential |
| A10 | PT8E | 0 | | T |
| VCCIO0 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | |
| GND | GNDIO0 | 0 | | |
| A9 | PT8D | 0 | | C |
| C9 | PT8C | 0 | | T |
| B9 | PT8B | 0 | | C |
| F9 | VCCAUX | - | | |
| A8 | PT8A | 0 | | T |
| B8 | PT7D | 0 | | C |
| C8 | PT7C | 0 | | T |
| VCC | VCC | - | | |
| A7 | PT7B | 0 | | C |
| B7 | PT7A | 0 | | T |
| A6 | PT6A | 0 | | T |
| B6 | PT6B | 0 | | C |
| D8 | PT6C | 0 | | T |
| F8 | PT6D | 0 | | C |
| C7 | PT6E | 0 | | T |
| E8 | PT6F | 0 | | C |
| D7 | PT5D | 0 | | C |
| VCCIO0 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | |
| GND | GNDIO0 | 0 | | |
| E7 | PT5C | 0 | | T |
| A5 | PT5B | 0 | | C |
| C6 | PT5A | 0 | | T |
| B5 | PT4A | 0 | | T |
| A4 | PT4B | 0 | | C |
| D6 | PT4C | 0 | | T |
| F7 | PT4D | 0 | | C |
| B4 | PT4E | 0 | | T |
| GND | GND | - | | |
| C5 | PT4F | 0 | | C |
| F6 | PT3D | 0 | | C |
| E5 | PT3C | 0 | | T |
| E6 | PT3B | 0 | | C |
| D5 | PT3A | 0 | | T |
| A3 | PT2D | 0 | | C |
| C4 | PT2C | 0 | | T |
| A2 | PT2B | 0 | | C |
| B2 | PT2A | 0 | | T |
| VCCIO0 | VCCIO0 | 0 | | |
| GND | GNDIO0 | 0 | | |
| E14 | GND | - | | |

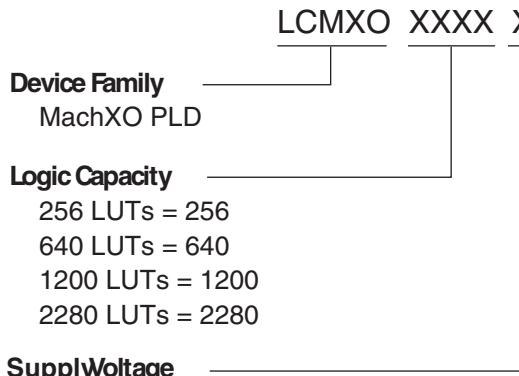


MachXO Family Data Sheet Ordering Information

June 2013

Data Sheet DS1002

Part Number Description



Note: Parts dual marked as described.

ES = Engineering Sample
Blank = Production Device

Grade

C = Commercial
I = Industrial

Package

T100 = 100-pin TQFP
T144 = 144-pin TQFP
M100 = 100-ball csBGA
M132 = 132-ball csBGA
B256 = 256-ball caBGA
FT256 = 256-ball ftBGA
FT324 = 324-ball ftBGA

TN100 = 100-pin Lead-Free TQFP
TN144 = 144-pin Lead-Free TQFP
MN100 = 100-ball Lead-Free csBGA
MN132 = 132-ball Lead-Free csBGA
BN256 = 256-ball Lead-Free cbBGA
FTN256 = 256-ball Lead-Free ftBGA
FTN324 = 324-ball Lead-Free ftBGA

Speed

3 = Slowest
4
5 = Fastest

Ordering Information

Note: MachXO devices are dual marked except the slowest commercial speed grade device.
For example the commercial speed grade LCMXO640E-4F256C is also marked with industrial grade -3I grade.
The slowest commercial speed grade does not have industrial markings.
The markings appears as follows:



Conventional Packaging

Industrial

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|---------|------|-------|
| LCMxo256C-3T100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -3 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo256C-4T100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -4 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo256C-3M100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -3 | csBGA | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo256C-4M100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -4 | csBGA | 100 | IND |

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|-------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|---------|------|-------|
| LCMxo640C-3T100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -3 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4T100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -4 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3M100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -3 | csBGA | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4M100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -4 | csBGA | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3T144I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -3 | TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4T144I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -4 | TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3M132I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -3 | csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4M132I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -4 | csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3B256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -3 | caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4B256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -4 | caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3FT256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -3 | ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4FT256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -4 | ftBGA | 256 | IND |

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|--------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|---------|------|-------|
| LCMxo1200C-3T100I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -3 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4T100I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -4 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3T144I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -3 | TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4T144I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -4 | TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3M132I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -3 | csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4M132I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -4 | csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3B256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4B256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3FT256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4FT256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | ftBGA | 256 | IND |

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|--------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|---------|------|-------|
| LCMxo2280C-3T100I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -3 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4T100I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -4 | TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3T144I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -3 | TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4T144I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -4 | TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3M132I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -3 | csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4M132I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -4 | csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3B256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4B256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3FT256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4FT256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3FT324I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 271 | -3 | ftBGA | 324 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4FT324I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 271 | -4 | ftBGA | 324 | IND |

Lead-Free Packaging
Industrial

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|-------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|-----------------|------|-------|
| LCMxo256C-3TN100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo256C-4TN100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo256C-3MN100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -3 | Lead-Free csBGA | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo256C-4MN100I | 256 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 78 | -4 | Lead-Free csBGA | 100 | IND |

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|--------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|-----------------|------|-------|
| LCMxo640C-3TN100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4TN100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3MN100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -3 | Lead-Free csBGA | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4MN100I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 74 | -4 | Lead-Free csBGA | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3TN144I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4TN144I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3MN132I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -3 | Lead-Free csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4MN132I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -4 | Lead-Free csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3BN256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -3 | Lead-Free caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4BN256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -4 | Lead-Free caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-3FTN256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -3 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo640C-4FTN256I | 640 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 159 | -4 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 256 | IND |

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|---------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|-----------------|------|-------|
| LCMxo1200C-3TN100I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4TN100I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3TN144I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4TN144I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3MN132I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -3 | Lead-Free csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4MN132I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -4 | Lead-Free csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3BN256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | Lead-Free caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4BN256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | Lead-Free caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-3FTN256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo1200C-4FTN256I | 1200 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 256 | IND |

| Part Number | LUTs | Supply Voltage | I/Os | Grade | Package | Pins | Temp. |
|---------------------|------|----------------|------|-------|-----------------|------|-------|
| LCMxo2280C-3TN100I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4TN100I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 73 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 100 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3TN144I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -3 | Lead-Free TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4TN144I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 113 | -4 | Lead-Free TQFP | 144 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3MN132I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -3 | Lead-Free csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4MN132I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 101 | -4 | Lead-Free csBGA | 132 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3BN256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | Lead-Free caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4BN256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | Lead-Free caBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3FTN256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -3 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4FTN256I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 211 | -4 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 256 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-3FTN324I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 271 | -3 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 324 | IND |
| LCMxo2280C-4FTN324I | 2280 | 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V | 271 | -4 | Lead-Free ftBGA | 324 | IND |



MachXO Family Data Sheet

Supplemental Information

June 2013

Data Sheet DS1002

For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the MachXO family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1091, [MachXO sysIO Usage Guide](#)
- TN1089, [MachXO sysCLOCK Design and Usage Guide](#)
- TN1092, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO Devices](#)
- TN1090, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO Devices](#)
- TN1086, [MachXO JTAG Programming and Configuration User's Guide](#)
- TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#)
- TN1097, [MachXO Density Migration](#)
- AN8066, [Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability](#)

For further information on interface standards refer to the following web sites:

- JEDEC Standards (LVTTI, LVCMOS): [www.jedec.org](#)
- PCI: [www.pcisig.com](#)