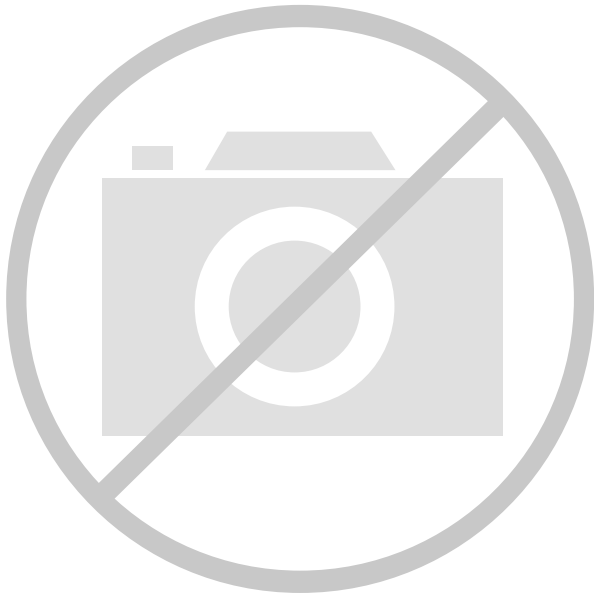




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	159
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-BGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640e-3f256i

Modes of Operation

Each Slice is capable of four modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM, and ROM. The Slice in the PFF is capable of all modes except RAM. Table 2-2 lists the modes and the capability of the Slice blocks.

Table 2-2. Slice Modes

	Logic	Ripple	RAM	ROM
PFU Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	SP 16x2	ROM 16x1 x 2
PFF Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	N/A	ROM 16x1 x 2

Logic Mode: In this mode, the LUTs in each Slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables (LUT4). A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any logic function with four inputs can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per Slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one Slice. Larger lookup tables such as LUT6, LUT7, and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other Slices.

Ripple Mode: Ripple mode allows the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each Slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/Subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
 - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
 - A not-equal-to B
 - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated per Slice in this mode, allowing fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating Slices.

RAM Mode: In this mode, distributed RAM can be constructed using each LUT block as a 16x2-bit memory. Through the combination of LUTs and Slices, a variety of different memories can be constructed.

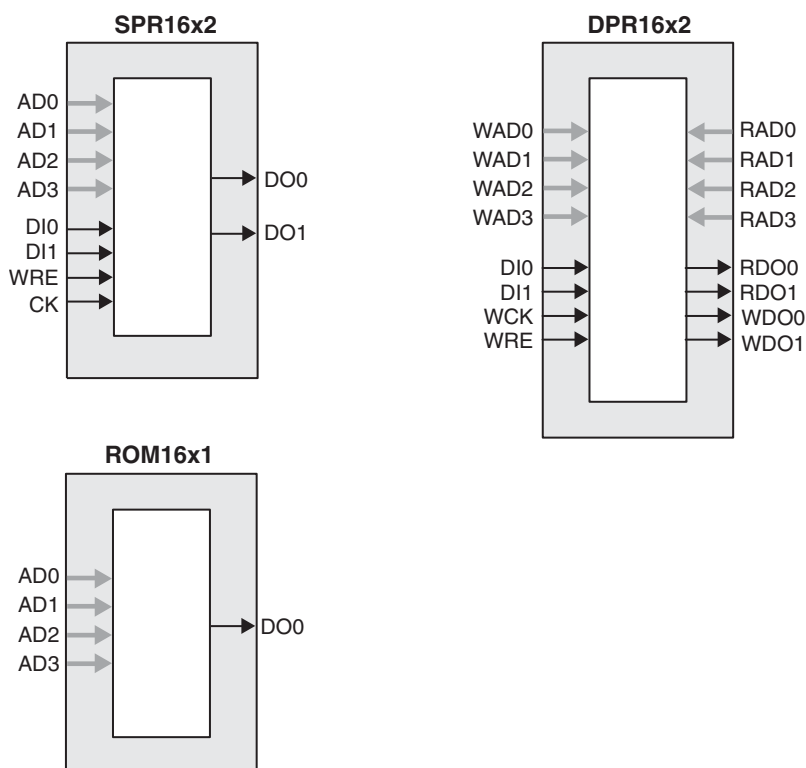
The ispLEVER design tool supports the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of Slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. Figure 2-6 shows the distributed memory primitive block diagrams. Dual port memories involve the pairing of two Slices. One Slice functions as the read-write port, while the other companion Slice supports the read-only port. For more information on RAM mode in MachXO devices, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

	SPR16x2	DPR16x2
Number of Slices	1	2

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, DPR = Dual Port RAM

Figure 2-6. Distributed Memory Primitives



ROM Mode: The ROM mode uses the same principal as the RAM modes, but without the Write port. Pre-loading is accomplished through the programming interface during configuration.

PFU Modes of Operation

Slices can be combined within a PFU to form larger functions. Table 2-4 tabulates these modes and documents the functionality possible at the PFU level.

Table 2-4. PFU Modes of Operation

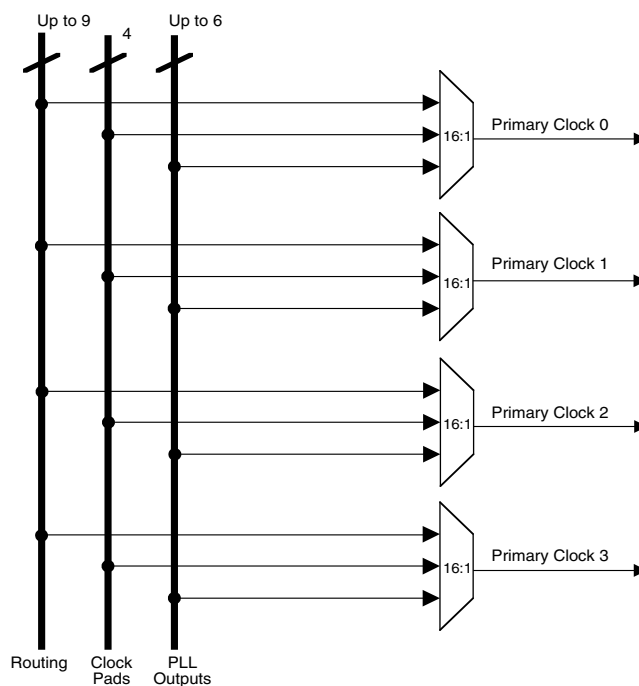
Logic	Ripple	RAM	ROM
LUT 4x8 or MUX 2x1 x 8	2-bit Add x 4	SPR16x2 x 4 DPR16x2 x 2	ROM16x1 x 8
LUT 5x4 or MUX 4x1 x 4	2-bit Sub x 4	SPR16x4 x 2 DPR16x4 x 1	ROM16x2 x 4
LUT 6x2 or MUX 8x1 x 2	2-bit Counter x 4	SPR16x8 x 1	ROM16x4 x 2
LUT 7x1 or MUX 16x1 x 1	2-bit Comp x 4		ROM16x8 x 1

Routing

There are many resources provided in the MachXO devices to route signals individually or as buses with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

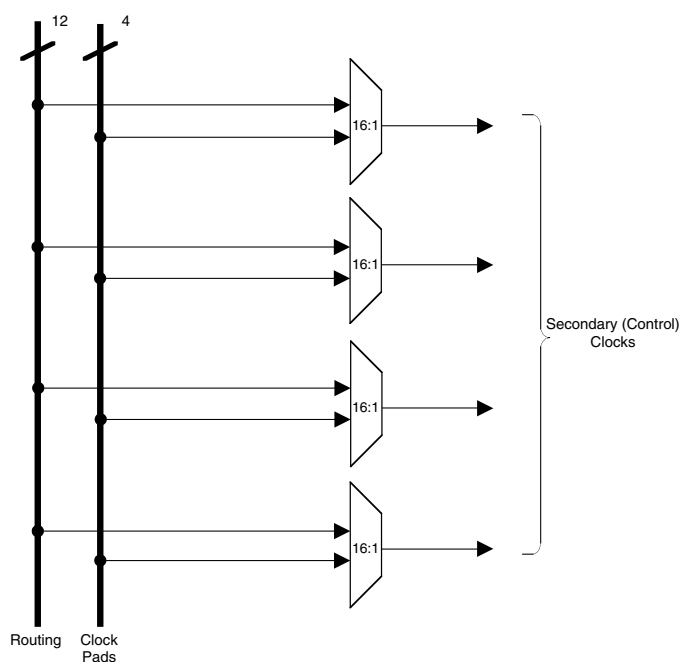
The inter-PFU connections are made with three different types of routing resources: x1 (spans two PFUs), x2 (spans three PFUs) and x6 (spans seven PFUs). The x1, x2, and x6 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the horizontal and vertical directions.

Figure 2-8. Primary Clocks for MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 Devices



Four secondary clocks are generated from four 16:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-9. Four of the secondary clock sources come from dual function clock pins and 12 come from internal routing.

Figure 2-9. Secondary Clocks for MachXO Devices



the system. These capabilities make the MachXO ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

Sleep Mode

The MachXO “C” devices ($V_{CC} = 1.8/2.5/3.3V$) have a sleep mode that allows standby current to be reduced dramatically during periods of system inactivity. Entry and exit to Sleep mode is controlled by the SLEEPN pin.

During Sleep mode, the logic is non-operational, registers and EBR contents are not maintained, and I/Os are tri-stated. Do not enter Sleep mode during device programming or configuration operation. In Sleep mode, power supplies are in their normal operating range, eliminating the need for external switching of power supplies. Table 2-11 compares the characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep modes.

Table 2-11. Characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep Modes

Characteristic	Normal	Off	Sleep
SLEEPN Pin	High	—	Low
Static Icc	Typical <10mA	0	Typical <100uA
I/O Leakage	<10μA	<1mA	<10μA
Power Supplies VCC/VCCIO/VCCAUX	Normal Range	0	Normal Range
Logic Operation	User Defined	Non Operational	Non operational
I/O Operation	User Defined	Tri-state	Tri-state
JTAG and Programming circuitry	Operational	Non-operational	Non-operational
EBR Contents and Registers	Maintained	Non-maintained	Non-maintained

SLEEPN Pin Characteristics

The SLEEPN pin behaves as an LVCMOS input with the voltage standard appropriate to the VCC supply for the device. This pin also has a weak pull-up, along with a Schmidt trigger and glitch filter to prevent false triggering. An external pull-up to VCC is recommended when Sleep Mode is not used to ensure the device stays in normal operation mode. Typically, the device enters sleep mode several hundred nanoseconds after SLEEPN is held at a valid low and restarts normal operation as specified in the Sleep Mode Timing table. The AC and DC specifications portion of this data sheet shows a detailed timing diagram.

Oscillator

Every MachXO device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator can be routed as an input clock to the clock tree or to general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 18MHz to 26MHz.

Configuration and Testing

The following section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO family of devices.

IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with one of the VCCIO Banks (MachXO256: V_{CCIO1} ; MachXO640: V_{CCIO2} ; MachXO1200 and MachXO2280: V_{CCIO5}) and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, please see information regarding additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Absolute Maximum Ratings^{1, 2, 3}

	LCMXO E (1.2V)	LCMXO C (1.8V/2.5V/3.3V)
Supply Voltage V_{CC}	-0.5 to 1.32V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Supply Voltage V_{CCAUX}	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Output Supply Voltage V_{CCIO}	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
I/O Tristate Voltage Applied ⁴	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied ⁴	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 4.25V
Storage Temperature (ambient)	-65 to 150°C	-65 to 150°C
Junction Temp. (Tj)	+125°C	+125°C

1. Stress above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice *Thermal Management* document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.
4. Overshoot and undershoot of -2V to ($V_{IHMAX} + 2$) volts is permitted for a duration of <20ns.

Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CC}	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V Devices	1.71	3.465	V
V_{CCAUX}^3	Auxiliary Supply Voltage	3.135	3.465	V
V_{CCIO}^2	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.465	V
t_{JCOM}	Junction Temperature Commercial Operation	0	+85	°C
t_{JIND}	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation	-40	100	°C
$t_{JFLASHCOM}$	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Commercial	0	+85	°C
$t_{JFLASHIND}$	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Industrial	-40	100	°C

1. Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V_{CCIO} and V_{CC} are both 2.5V, they must also be the same supply. 3.3V V_{CCIO} and 1.2V V_{CCIO} should be tied to V_{CCAUX} or 1.2V V_{CC} respectively.
2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.
3. V_{CC} must reach minimum V_{CC} value before V_{CCAUX} reaches 2.5V.

MachXO Programming/Erase Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
$N_{PROG}CYC$	Flash Programming Cycles per $t_{RETENTION}$		1,000	Cycles
	Flash Functional Programming Cycles		10,000	Cycles
$t_{RETENTION}$	Data Retention at 125° Junction Temperature	10		Years

Initialization Supply Current^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁵	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO256C	13	mA
		LCMXO640C	17	mA
		LCMXO1200C	21	mA
		LCMXO2280C	23	mA
		LCMXO256E	10	mA
		LCMXO640E	14	mA
		LCMXO1200E	18	mA
		LCMXO2280E	20	mA
I_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary Power Supply $V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V$	LCMXO256E/C	10	mA
		LCMXO640E/C	13	mA
		LCMXO1200E/C	24	mA
		LCMXO2280E/C	25	mA
I_{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	2	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

2. Assumes all I/O pins are held at V_{CCIO} or GND.

3. Frequency = 0MHz.

4. Typical user pattern.

5. $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per Bank, $V_{CCIO} = 2.5V$. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁵	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO256C	9	mA
		LCMXO640C	11	mA
		LCMXO1200C	16	mA
		LCMXO2280C	22	mA
		LCMXO256E	6	mA
		LCMXO640E	8	mA
		LCMXO1200E	12	mA
		LCMXO2280E	14	mA
I_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary Power Supply $V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V$	LCMXO256C/E	8	mA
		LCMXO640C/E	10	mA
		LCMXO1200E	15	mA
		LCMXO2280C/E	16	mA
I_{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	2	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

2. Assumes all I/O pins are held at V_{CCIO} or GND.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25MHz.

5. $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per Bank, $V_{CCIO} = 2.5V$. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

MachXO External Switching Characteristics¹

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-5		-4		-3		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Global Clock without PLL) ¹									
t _{PD}	Best Case t _{PD} Through 1 LUT	LCMXO256	—	3.5	—	4.2	—	4.9	ns
		LCMXO640	—	3.5	—	4.2	—	4.9	ns
		LCMXO1200	—	3.6	—	4.4	—	5.1	ns
		LCMXO2280	—	3.6	—	4.4	—	5.1	ns
t _{CO}	Best Case Clock to Output - From PFU	LCMXO256	—	4.0	—	4.8	—	5.6	ns
		LCMXO640	—	4.0	—	4.8	—	5.7	ns
		LCMXO1200	—	4.3	—	5.2	—	6.1	ns
		LCMXO2280	—	4.3	—	5.2	—	6.1	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - To PFU	LCMXO256	1.3	—	1.6	—	1.8	—	ns
		LCMXO640	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.5	—	ns
		LCMXO1200	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.6	—	ns
		LCMXO2280	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.5	—	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - To PFU	LCMXO256	-0.3	—	-0.3	—	-0.3	—	ns
		LCMXO640	-0.1	—	-0.1	—	-0.1	—	ns
		LCMXO1200	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
		LCMXO2280	-0.4	—	-0.4	—	-0.4	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	LCMXO256	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMXO640	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMXO1200	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMXO2280	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
t _{SKEW_PRI}	Global Clock Skew Across Device	LCMXO256	—	200	—	220	—	240	ps
		LCMXO640	—	200	—	220	—	240	ps
		LCMXO1200	—	220	—	240	—	260	ps
		LCMXO2280	—	220	—	240	—	260	ps

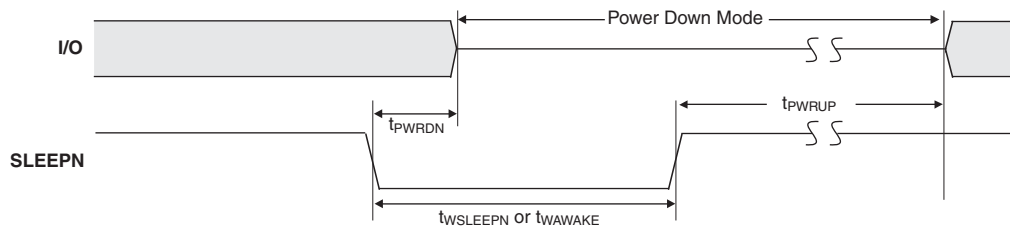
1. General timing numbers based on LVCMOS2.5V, 12 mA.
Rev. A 0.19

MachXO “C” Sleep Mode Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
t_{PWRDN}	SLEEPN Low to Power Down	All	—	—	400	ns
t_{PWRUP}	SLEEPN High to Power Up	LCMXO256	—	—	400	μs
		LCMXO640	—	—	600	μs
		LCMXO1200	—	—	800	μs
		LCMXO2280	—	—	1000	μs
$t_{WSLEEPN}$	SLEEPN Pulse Width	All	400	—	—	ns
t_{WAWAKE}	SLEEPN Pulse Rejection	All	—	—	100	ns

Rev. A 0.19

Flash Download Time



Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$t_{REFRESH}$	Minimum V_{CC} or V_{CCAUX} (later of the two supplies) to Device I/O Active	LCMXO256	—	0.4	ms
		LCMXO640	—	0.6	ms
		LCMXO1200	—	0.8	ms
		LCMXO2280	—	1.0	ms

JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{MAX}	TCK [BSCAN] clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t_{BTCP}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width	40	—	ns
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	10	—	ns
t_{BTRF}	TCK [BSCAN] rise/fall time	50	—	mV/ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to output valid	—	10	ns
$t_{BTCODIS}$	TAP controller falling edge of clock to output disabled	—	10	ns
t_{BTCOEN}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to output enabled	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCRH}	BSCAN test capture register hold time	25	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to output valid	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUODIS}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to output disabled	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUPOEN}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to output enabled	—	25	ns

Rev. A 0.19

Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-6 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-6. Output Test Load, LVTTTL and LVCMOS Standards

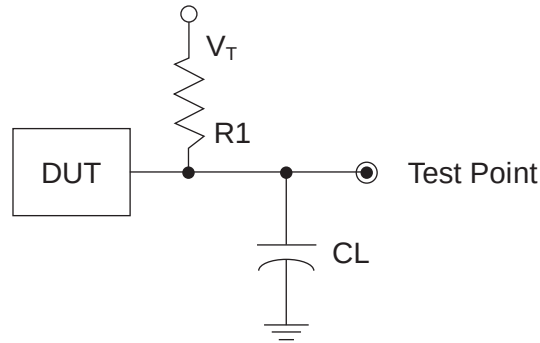


Table 3-5. Test Fixture Required Components, Non-Terminated Interfaces

Test Condition	R_1	C_L	Timing Ref.	V_T
LVTTTL and LVCMOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	∞	0pF	LVTTTL, LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5V	—
			LVCMOS 2.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.8 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.2 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
LVTTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> H)	188	0pF	1.5	V_{OL}
LVTTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> L)				V_{OH}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> H)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OL}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> L)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OH}
LVTTTL + LVCMOS (H -> Z)			$V_{OH} - 0.15$	V_{OL}
LVTTTL + LVCMOS (L -> Z)			$V_{OL} - 0.15$	V_{OH}

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.

LCMX0256 and LCMX0640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	LCMX0256				LCMX0640			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
43	PB4A	1		T	PB8B	2		
44	PB4B	1		C	PB8C	2		T
45	PB4C	1		T	PB8D	2		C
46	PB4D	1		C	PB9A	2		
47	PB5A	1			PB9C	2		T
48*	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
49	PB5C	1		T	PB9D	2		C
50	PB5D	1		C	PB9F	2		
51	PR9B	0		C	PR11D	1		C
52	PR9A	0		T	PR11B	1		C
53	PR8B	0		C	PR11C	1		T
54	PR8A	0		T	PR11A	1		T
55	PR7D	0		C	PR10D	1		C
56	PR7C	0		T	PR10C	1		T
57	PR7B	0		C	PR10B	1		C
58	PR7A	0		T	PR10A	1		T
59	PR6B	0		C	PR9D	1		
60	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO1	1		
61	PR6A	0		T	PR9B	1		
62	GNDIO0	0			GNDIO1	1		
63	PR5D	0		C	PR7B	1		
64	PR5C	0		T	PR6C	1		
65	PR5B	0		C	PR6B	1		
66	PR5A	0		T	PR5D	1		
67	PR4B	0		C	PR5B	1		
68	PR4A	0		T	PR4D	1		
69	PR3D	0		C	PR4B	1		
70	PR3C	0		T	PR3D	1		
71	PR3B	0		C	PR3B	1		
72	PR3A	0		T	PR2D	1		
73	PR2B	0		C	PR2B	1		
74	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO1	1		
75	GNDIO0	0			GNDIO1	1		
76	PR2A	0		T	PT9F	0		C
77	PT5C	0			PT9E	0		T
78	PT5B	0		C	PT9C	0		
79	PT5A	0		T	PT9A	0		
80	PT4F	0		C	VCCIO0	0		
81	PT4E	0		T	GNDIO0	0		
82	PT4D	0		C	PT7E	0		
83	PT4C	0		T	PT7A	0		
84	GND	-			GND	-		

LCMX0256 and LCMX0640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA

LCMX0256					LCMX0640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B1	PL2A	1		T	B1	PL2A	3		T
C1	PL2B	1		C	C1	PL2C	3		T
D2	PL3A	1		T	D2	PL2B	3		C
D1	PL3B	1		C	D1	PL2D	3		C
C2	PL3C	1		T	C2	PL3A	3		T
E1	PL3D	1		C	E1	PL3B	3		C
E2	PL4A	1		T	E2	PL3C	3		T
F1	PL4B	1		C	F1	PL3D	3		C
F2	PL5A	1		T	F2	PL4A	3		
G2	PL5B	1		C	G2	PL4C	3		T
H1	GNDIO1	1			H1	GNDIO3	3		
H2	PL5C	1		T	H2	PL4D	3		C
J1	PL5D	1	GSRN	C	J1	PL5B	3	GSRN	
J2	PL6A	1		T	J2	PL7B	3		
K1	PL6B	1	TSALL	C	K1	PL8C	3	TSALL	T
K2	PL7A	1		T	K2	PL8D	3		C
L1	PL7B	1		C	L1	PL9A	3		
L2	PL7C	1		T	L2	PL9C	3		
M1	PL7D	1		C	M1	PL10A	3		
M2	PL8A	1		T	M2	PL10C	3		
N1	PL8B	1		C	N1	PL11A	3		
M3	PL9A	1		T	M3	PL11C	3		
N2	GNDIO1	1			N2	GNDIO3	3		
P2	TMS	1	TMS		P2	TMS	2	TMS	
P3	PL9B	1		C	P3	PB2C	2		
N4	TCK	1	TCK		N4	TCK	2	TCK	
P4	PB2A	1		T	P4	VCCIO2	2		
N3	PB2B	1		C	N3	GNDIO2	2		
P5	TDO	1	TDO		P5	TDO	2	TDO	
N5	PB2C	1		T	N5	PB4C	2		
P6	TDI	1	TDI		P6	TDI	2	TDI	
N6	PB2D	1		C	N6	PB4E	2		
P7	VCC	-			P7	VCC	-		
N7	PB3A	1	PCLK1_1**	T	N7	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1**	
P8	PB3B	1		C	P8	PB5D	2		
N8	PB3C	1	PCLK1_0**	T	N8	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0**	
P9	PB3D	1		C	P9	PB6C	2		
N10	GNDIO1	1			N10	GNDIO2	2		
P11	PB4A	1		T	P11	PB8B	2		
N11	PB4B	1		C	N11	PB8C	2		T
P12	PB4C	1		T	P12	PB8D	2		C
N12	PB4D	1		C	N12	PB9A	2		

LCMX0256 and LCMX0640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA (Cont.)

LCMX0256					LCMX0640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
A4	GNDIO0	0			A4	GNDIO0	0		
B4	PT3A	0		T	B4	PT3B	0		C
A3	PT2F	0		C	A3	PT3A	0		T
B3	PT2E	0		T	B3	PT2F	0		C
A2	PT2D	0		C	A2	PT2E	0		T
C3	PT2C	0		T	C3	PT2B	0		C
A1	PT2B	0		C	A1	PT2C	0		
B2	PT2A	0		T	B2	PT2A	0		T
N9	GND	-			N9	GND	-		
B9	GND	-			B9	GND	-		
B5	VCCIO0	0			B5	VCCIO0	0		
A14	VCCIO0	0			A14	VCCIO1	1		
H14	VCCIO0	0			H14	VCCIO1	1		
P10	VCCIO1	1			P10	VCCIO2	2		
G1	VCCIO1	1			G1	VCCIO3	3		
P1	VCCIO1	1			P1	VCCIO3	3		

*NC for "E" devices.

**Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 132 csBGA

LCMXO640					LCMXO1200					LCMXO2280				
Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball #	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B1	PL2A	3		T	B1	PL2A	7		T	B1	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
C1	PL2B	3		C	C1	PL3C	7		T	C1	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
B2	PL2C	3		T	B2	PL2B	7		C	B2	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
C2	PL2D	3		C	C2	PL4A	7		T*	C2	PL4A	7		T*
C3	PL3A	3		T	C3	PL3D	7		C	C3	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
D1	PL3B	3		C	D1	PL4B	7		C*	D1	PL4B	7		C*
D3	PL3D	3			D3	PL4C	7			D3	PL4C	7		
E1	GNDIO3	3			E1	GNDIO7	7			E1	GNDIO7	7		
E2	PL5A	3		T	E2	PL6A	7		T*	E2	PL7A	7		T*
E3	PL5B	3	GSRN	C	E3	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	E3	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
F2	PL5D	3			F2	PL6D	7			F2	PL7D	7		
F3	PL6B	3			F3	PL7C	7		T	F3	PL9C	7		T
G1	PL6C	3		T	G1	PL7D	7		C	G1	PL9D	7		C
G2	PL6D	3		C	G2	PL8C	7		T	G2	PL10C	7		T
G3	PL7A	3		T	G3	PL8D	7		C	G3	PL10D	7		C
H2	PL7B	3		C	H2	PL10A	6		T*	H2	PL12A	6		T*
H1	PL7C	3			H1	PL10B	6		C*	H1	PL12B	6		C*
H3	VCC	-			H3	VCC	-			H3	VCC	-		
J1	PL8A	3			J1	PL11B	6			J1	PL14D	6		C
J2	PL8C	3	TSALL		J2	PL11C	6	TSALL	T	J2	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
J3	PL9A	3		T	J3	PL11D	6		C	J3	PL14B	6		
K2	PL9B	3		C	K2	PL12A	6		T*	K2	PL15A	6		T*
K1	PL9C	3			K1	PL12B	6		C*	K1	PL15B	6		C*
L2	GNDIO3	3			L2	GNDIO6	6			L2	GNDIO6	6		
L1	PL10A	3		T	L1	PL14A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*	L1	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
L3	PL10B	3		C	L3	PL14B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*	L3	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
M1	PL11A	3		T	M1	PL15A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*	M1	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
N1	PL11B	3		C	N1	PL16A	6		T	N1	PL19A	6		T
M2	PL11C	3		T	M2	PL15B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*	M2	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
P1	PL11D	3		C	P1	PL16B	6		C	P1	PL19B	6		C
P2	GNDIO2	2			P2	GNDIO5	5			P2	GNDIO5	5		
P3	TMS	2	TMS		P3	TMS	5	TMS		P3	TMS	5	TMS	
M3	PB2C	2		T	M3	PB2C	5		T	M3	PB2A	5		T
N3	PB2D	2		C	N3	PB2D	5		C	N3	PB2B	5		C
P4	TCK	2	TCK		P4	TCK	5	TCK		P4	TCK	5	TCK	
M4	PB3B	2			M4	PB3B	5			M4	PB3B	5		
N4	PB3C	2		T	N4	PB4A	5		T	N4	PB4A	5		T
P5	PB3D	2		C	P5	PB4B	5		C	P5	PB4B	5		C
N5	TDO	2	TDO		N5	TDO	5	TDO		N5	TDO	5	TDO	
M5	TDI	2	TDI		M5	TDI	5	TDI		M5	TDI	5	TDI	
N6	PB4E	2		T	N6	PB5C	5			N6	PB6C	5		
P6	VCC	-			P6	VCC	-			P6	VCC	-		
M6	PB4F	2		C	M6	PB6A	5			M6	PB8A	5		
P7	VCCAUX	-			P7	VCCAUX	-			P7	VCCAUX	-		
N7	PB5A	2		T	N7	PB6F	5			N7	PB8F	5		
M7	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1***	C	M7	PB7B	4	PCLK4_1***		M7	PB10F	4	PCLK4_1***	
N8	PB5D	2			N8	PB7C	4		T	N8	PB10C	4		T
P8	PB6A	2		T	P8	PB7D	4		C	P8	PB10D	4		C
M8	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0***	C	M8	PB7F	4	PCLK4_0***		M8	PB10B	4	PCLK4_0***	
N9	PB7A	2		T	N9	PB9A	4		T	N9	PB12A	4		T

LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP

Pin Number	LCMXO640				LCMXO1200				LCMXO2280			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
1	PL2A	3		T	PL2A	7		T	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
2	PL2C	3		T	PL2B	7		C	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
3	PL2B	3		C	PL3A	7		T*	PL3A	7		T*
4	PL3A	3		T	PL3B	7		C*	PL3B	7		C*
5	PL2D	3		C	PL3C	7		T	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
6	PL3B	3		C	PL3D	7		C	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
7	PL3C	3		T	PL4A	7		T*	PL4A	7		T*
8	PL3D	3		C	PL4B	7		C*	PL4B	7		C*
9	PL4A	3			PL4C	7			PL4C	7		
10	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	7		
11	GNDIO3	3			GNDIO7	7			GNDIO7	7		
12	PL4D	3			PL5C	7			PL6C	7		
13	PL5A	3		T	PL6A	7		T*	PL7A	7		T*
14	PL5B	3	GSRN	C	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
15	PL5D	3			PL6D	7			PL7D	7		
16	GND	-			GND	-			GND	-		
17	PL6C	3		T	PL7C	7		T	PL9C	7		T
18	PL6D	3		C	PL7D	7		C	PL9D	7		C
19	PL7A	3		T	PL10A	6		T*	PL13A	6		T*
20	PL7B	3		C	PL10B	6		C*	PL13B	6		C*
21	VCC	-			VCC	-			VCC	-		
22	PL8A	3		T	PL11A	6		T*	PL13D	6		
23	PL8B	3		C	PL11B	6		C*	PL14D	6		C
24	PL8C	3	TSALL		PL11C	6	TSALL		PL14C	6	TSALL	T
25	PL9C	3		T	PL12B	6			PL15B	6		
26	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	6		
27	GNDIO3	3			GNDIO6	6			GNDIO6	6		
28	PL9D	3		C	PL13D	6			PL16D	6		
29	PL10A	3		T	PL14A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
30	PL10B	3		C	PL14B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
31	PL10C	3		T	PL14C	6		T	PL17C	6		T
32	PL11A	3		T	PL14D	6		C	PL17D	6		C
33	PL10D	3		C	PL15A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
34	PL11C	3		T	PL15B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
35	PL11B	3		C	PL16A	6		T	PL19A	6		T
36	PL11D	3		C	PL16B	6		C	PL19B	6		C
37	GNDIO2	2			GNDIO5	5			GNDIO5	5		
38	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO5	5			VCCIO5	5		
39	TMS	2	TMS		TMS	5	TMS		TMS	5	TMS	
40	PB2C	2			PB2C	5		T	PB2A	5		T
41	PB3A	2		T	PB2D	5		C	PB2B	5		C
42	TCK	2	TCK		TCK	5	TCK		TCK	5	TCK	
43	PB3B	2		C	PB3A	5		T	PB3A	5		T
44	PB3C	2		T	PB3B	5		C	PB3B	5		C
45	PB3D	2		C	PB4A	5		T	PB4A	5		T
46	PB4A	2		T	PB4B	5		C	PB4B	5		C
47	TDO	2	TDO		TDO	5	TDO		TDO	5	TDO	
48	PB4B	2		C	PB4D	5			PB4D	5		
49	PB4C	2		T	PB5A	5		T	PB5A	5		T
50	PB4D	2		C	PB5B	5		C	PB5B	5		C

LCMXO640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO640					LCMXO1200					LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
-	-				VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
-	-				GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
M10	PB6A	2		T	M10	PB7E	4		T	M10	PB10A	4		T
R9	PB6C	2		T	R9	PB8A	4		T	R9	PB11C	4		T
R10	PB6D	2		C	R10	PB8B	4		C	R10	PB11D	4		C
T10	PB7C	2		T	T10	PB8C	4		T	T10	PB12A	4		T
T11	PB7D	2		C	T11	PB8D	4		C	T11	PB12B	4		C
N10	NC				N10	PB8E	4		T	N10	PB12C	4		T
N11	NC				N11	PB8F	4		C	N11	PB12D	4		C
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
R11	PB7E	2		T	R11	PB9A	4		T	R11	PB13A	4		T
R12	PB7F	2		C	R12	PB9B	4		C	R12	PB13B	4		C
P11	PB8A	2		T	P11	PB9C	4		T	P11	PB13C	4		T
P12	PB8B	2		C	P12	PB9D	4		C	P12	PB13D	4		C
T13	PB8C	2		T	T13	PB9E	4		T	T13	PB14A	4		T
T12	PB8D	2		C	T12	PB9F	4		C	T12	PB14B	4		C
R13	PB9A	2		T	R13	PB10A	4		T	R13	PB14C	4		T
R14	PB9B	2		C	R14	PB10B	4		C	R14	PB14D	4		C
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
T14	PB9C	2		T	T14	PB10C	4		T	T14	PB15A	4		T
T15	PB9D	2		C	T15	PB10D	4		C	T15	PB15B	4		C
P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
P14	PB9F	2			P14	PB10F	4			P14	PB15D	4		
R15	NC				R15	PB11A	4		T	R15	PB16A	4		T
R16	NC				R16	PB11B	4		C	R16	PB16B	4		C
P15	NC				P15	PB11C	4		T	P15	PB16C	4		T
P16	NC				P16	PB11D	4		C	P16	PB16D	4		C
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
M11	NC				M11	PR16B	3		C	M11	PR20B	3		C
L11	NC				L11	PR16A	3		T	L11	PR20A	3		T
N12	NC				N12	PR15B	3		C*	N12	PR18B	3		C*
N13	NC				N13	PR15A	3		T*	N13	PR18A	3		T*
M13	NC				M13	PR14D	3		C	M13	PR17D	3		C
M12	NC				M12	PR14C	3		T	M12	PR17C	3		T
N14	PR11D	1		C	N14	PR14B	3		C*	N14	PR17B	3		C*
N15	PR11C	1		T	N15	PR14A	3		T*	N15	PR17A	3		T*
L13	PR11B	1		C	L13	PR13D	3		C	L13	PR16D	3		C
L12	PR11A	1		T	L12	PR13C	3		T	L12	PR16C	3		T
M14	PR10B	1		C	M14	PR13B	3		C*	M14	PR16B	3		C*
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
L14	PR10A	1		T	L14	PR13A	3		T*	L14	PR16A	3		T*
N16	PR10D	1		C	N16	PR12D	3		C	N16	PR15D	3		C
M16	PR10C	1		T	M16	PR12C	3		T	M16	PR15C	3		T
M15	PR9D	1		C	M15	PR12B	3		C*	M15	PR15B	3		C*
L15	PR9C	1		T	L15	PR12A	3		T*	L15	PR15A	3		T*
L16	PR9B	1		C	L16	PR11D	3		C	L16	PR14D	3		C
K16	PR9A	1		T	K16	PR11C	3		T	K16	PR14C	3		T
K13	PR8D	1		C	K13	PR11B	3		C*	K13	PR14B	3		C*

LCMX02280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMX02280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
P15	PR20B	3		C
N14	PR20A	3		T
N15	PR19B	3		C
M13	PR19A	3		T
R15	PR18B	3		C*
T16	PR18A	3		T*
N16	PR17D	3		C
M14	PR17C	3		T
U17	PR17B	3		C*
VCC	VCC	-		
U18	PR17A	3		T*
R17	PR16D	3		C
R16	PR16C	3		T
P16	PR16B	3		C*
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
GND	GNDIO3	3		
P17	PR16A	3		T*
L13	PR15D	3		C
M15	PR15C	3		T
T17	PR15B	3		C*
T18	PR15A	3		T*
L14	PR14D	3		C
L15	PR14C	3		T
R18	PR14B	3		C*
P18	PR14A	3		T*
GND	GND	-		
K15	PR13D	3		C
K13	PR13C	3		T
N17	PR13B	3		C*
N18	PR13A	3		T*
K16	PR12D	3		C
K14	PR12C	3		T
M16	PR12B	3		C*
L16	PR12A	3		T*
GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
J16	PR11D	3		C
J14	PR11C	3		T
M17	PR11B	3		C*
L17	PR11A	3		T*
J15	PR10D	2		C

LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
J13	PR10C	2		T
M18	PR10B	2		C*
L18	PR10A	2		T*
GND	GNDIO2	2		
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
H16	PR9D	2		C
H14	PR9C	2		T
K18	PR9B	2		C*
J18	PR9A	2		T*
J17	PR8D	2		C
VCC	VCC	-		
H18	PR8C	2		T
H17	PR8B	2		C*
G17	PR8A	2		T*
H13	PR7D	2		C
H15	PR7C	2		T
G18	PR7B	2		C*
F18	PR7A	2		T*
G14	PR6D	2		C
G16	PR6C	2		T
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO2	2		
E18	PR6B	2		C*
F17	PR6A	2		T*
G13	PR5D	2		C
G15	PR5C	2		T
E17	PR5B	2		C*
E16	PR5A	2		T*
GND	GND	-		
F15	PR4D	2		C
E15	PR4C	2		T
D17	PR4B	2		C*
D18	PR4A	2		T*
B18	PR3D	2		C
C18	PR3C	2		T
C16	PR3B	2		C*
D16	PR3A	2		T*
C17	PR2B	2		C
D15	PR2A	2		T
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO2	2		
GND	GNDIO1	1		
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the [Thermal Management](#) document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- [Thermal Management](#) document
- TN1090 - [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO Devices](#)
- Power Calculator tool included with the Lattice ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO2280C-3T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-4T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-5T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2280C-3T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-4T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-5T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2280C-3M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-4M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-5M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2280C-3B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-4B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-5B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-3FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-4FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-5FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2280C-3FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-3	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMXO2280C-4FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-4	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMXO2280C-5FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-5	ftBGA	324	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO256E-3T100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-4T100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-5T100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256E-3M100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256E-4M100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256E-5M100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	csBGA	100	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO640E-3T100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-4T100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-5T100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640E-3M100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-4M100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-5M100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640E-3T144C	640	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-4T144C	640	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-5T144C	640	1.2V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640E-3M132C	640	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-4M132C	640	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-5M132C	640	1.2V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640E-3B256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-4B256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-5B256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-3FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-4FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640E-5FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	ftBGA	256	COM

Lead-Free Packaging
Commercial

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO256C-3TN100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256C-4TN100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256C-5TN100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO256C-3MN100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256C-4MN100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO256C-5MN100C	256	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	78	-5	Lead-Free csBGA	100	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO640C-3TN100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640C-4TN100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640C-5TN100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO640C-3MN100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640C-4MN100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640C-5MN100C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	74	-5	Lead-Free csBGA	100	COM
LCMXO640C-3TN144C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640C-4TN144C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640C-5TN144C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	Lead-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO640C-3MN132C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640C-4MN132C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640C-5MN132C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	Lead-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO640C-3BN256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-3	Lead-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-4BN256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-4	Lead-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-5BN256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-5	Lead-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-3FTN256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-3	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-4FTN256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-4	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO640C-5FTN256C	640	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	159	-5	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMXO1200C-3TN100C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO1200C-4TN100C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO1200C-5TN100C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO1200C-3TN144C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO1200C-4TN144C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO1200C-5TN144C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	Lead-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO1200C-3MN132C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO1200C-4MN132C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO1200C-5MN132C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	Lead-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO1200C-3BN256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	Lead-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-4BN256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	Lead-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-5BN256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	Lead-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-3FTN256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-4FTN256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO1200C-5FTN256C	1200	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	COM