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## Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

## Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	159
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FTBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640e-4ftn256c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640e-4ftn256c</a>

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Data Sheet DS1002

## Features

- **Non-volatile, Infinitely Reconfigurable**
  - Instant-on – powers up in microseconds
  - Single chip, no external configuration memory required
  - Excellent design security, no bit stream to intercept
  - Reconfigure SRAM based logic in milliseconds
  - SRAM and non-volatile memory programmable through JTAG port
  - Supports background programming of non-volatile memory
- **Sleep Mode**
  - Allows up to 100x static current reduction
- **TransFR™ Reconfiguration (TFR)**
  - In-field logic update while system operates
- **High I/O to Logic Density**
  - 256 to 2280 LUT4s
  - 73 to 271 I/Os with extensive package options
  - Density migration supported
  - Lead free/RoHS compliant packaging
- **Embedded and Distributed Memory**
  - Up to 27.6 Kbits sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM
  - Up to 7.7 Kbits distributed RAM
  - Dedicated FIFO control logic

**Table 1-1. MachXO Family Selection Guide**

Device	LCMXO256	LCMXO640	LCMXO1200	LCMXO2280
LUTs	256	640	1200	2280
Dist. RAM (Kbits)	2.0	6.1	6.4	7.7
EBR SRAM (Kbits)	0	0	9.2	27.6
Number of EBR SRAM Blocks (9 Kbits)	0	0	1	3
V <sub>CC</sub> Voltage	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V
Number of PLLs	0	0	1	2
Max. I/O	78	159	211	271
<b>Packages</b>				
100-pin TQFP (14x14 mm)	78	74	73	73
144-pin TQFP (20x20 mm)		113	113	113
100-ball csBGA (8x8 mm)	78	74		
132-ball csBGA (8x8 mm)		101	101	101
256-ball caBGA (14x14 mm)		159	211	211
256-ball ftBGA (17x17 mm)		159	211	211
324-ball ftBGA (19x19 mm)				271

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The devices use look-up tables (LUTs) and embedded block memories traditionally associated with FPGAs for flexible and efficient logic implementation. Through non-volatile technology, the devices provide the single-chip, high-security, instant-on capabilities traditionally associated with CPLDs. Finally, advanced process technology and careful design will provide the high pin-to-pin performance also associated with CPLDs.

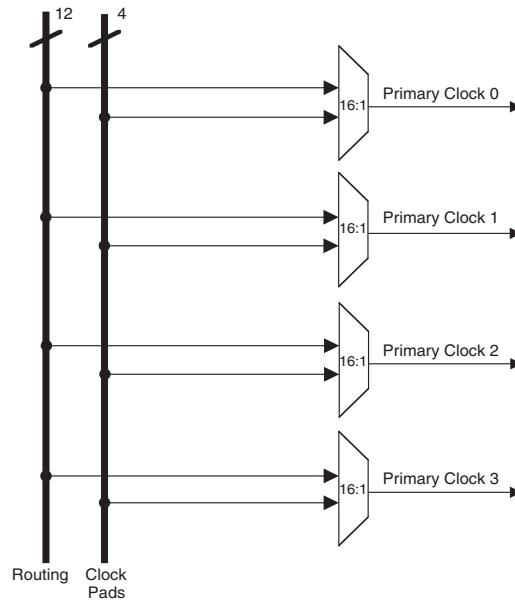
The ispLEVER® design tools from Lattice allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the MachXO family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for MachXO. The ispLEVER tools use the synthesis tool output along with the constraints from its floor planning tools to place and route the design in the MachXO device. The ispLEVER tool extracts the timing from the routing and back-annotates it into the design for timing verification.

The ispLEVER design tool takes the output of the synthesis tool and places and routes the design. Generally, the place and route tool is completely automatic, although an interactive routing editor is available to optimize the design.

## Clock/Control Distribution Network

The MachXO family of devices provides global signals that are available to all PFUs. These signals consist of four primary clocks and four secondary clocks. Primary clock signals are generated from four 16:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-7 and Figure 2-8. The available clock sources for the MachXO256 and MachXO640 devices are four dual function clock pins and 12 internal routing signals. The available clock sources for the MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices are four dual function clock pins, up to nine internal routing signals and up to six PLL outputs.

**Figure 2-7. Primary Clocks for MachXO256 and MachXO640 Devices**



The EBR memory supports three forms of write behavior for single or dual port operation:

1. **Normal** – data on the output appears only during the read cycle. During a write cycle, the data (at the current address) does not appear on the output. This mode is supported for all data widths.
2. **Write Through** – a copy of the input data appears at the output of the same port. This mode is supported for all data widths.
3. **Read-Before-Write** – when new data is being written, the old contents of the address appears at the output. This mode is supported for x9, x18 and x36 data widths.

#### FIFO Configuration

The FIFO has a write port with Data-in, CEW, WE and CLKW signals. There is a separate read port with Data-out, RCE, RE and CLKR signals. The FIFO internally generates Almost Full, Full, Almost Empty and Empty Flags. The Full and Almost Full flags are registered with CLKW. The Empty and Almost Empty flags are registered with CLKR. The range of programming values for these flags are in Table 2-7.

**Table 2-7. Programmable FIFO Flag Ranges**

Flag Name	Programming Range
Full (FF)	1 to (up to $2^N-1$ )
Almost Full (AF)	1 to Full-1
Almost Empty (AE)	1 to Full-1
Empty (EF)	0

N = Address bit width

The FIFO state machine supports two types of reset signals: RSTA and RSTB. The RSTA signal is a global reset that clears the contents of the FIFO by resetting the read/write pointer and puts the FIFO flags in their initial reset state. The RSTB signal is used to reset the read pointer. The purpose of this reset is to retransmit the data that is in the FIFO. In these applications it is important to keep careful track of when a packet is written into or read from the FIFO.

#### Memory Core Reset

The memory array in the EBR utilizes latches at the A and B output ports. These latches can be reset asynchronously. RSTA and RSTB are local signals, which reset the output latches associated with Port A and Port B respectively. The Global Reset (GSRN) signal resets both ports. The output data latches and associated resets for both ports are as shown in Figure 2-13.

**Table 2-8. I/O Support Device by Device**

	MachXO256	MachXO640	MachXO1200	MachXO2280
Number of I/O Banks	2	4	8	8
Type of Input Buffers	Single-ended (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended (all I/O Banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended (all I/O Banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O Banks)
Types of Output Buffers	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on left and right side)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on left and right side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O Banks	All I/O Banks	All I/O Banks	All I/O Banks
PCI Support	No	No	Top side only	Top side only

**Table 2-9. Supported Input Standards**

Input Standard	VCCIO (Typ.)				
	3.3V	2.5V	1.8V	1.5V	1.2V
<b>Single Ended Interfaces</b>					
LVTTL	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LVCMOS33	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LVCMOS25	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LVCMOS18			Yes		
LVCMOS15				Yes	
LVCMOS12	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCI <sup>1</sup>	Yes				
<b>Differential Interfaces</b>					
BLVDS <sup>2</sup> , LVDS <sup>2</sup> , LVPECL <sup>2</sup> , RSDS <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1. Top Banks of MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

2. MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

the system. These capabilities make the MachXO ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

## Sleep Mode

The MachXO "C" devices ( $V_{CC} = 1.8/2.5/3.3V$ ) have a sleep mode that allows standby current to be reduced dramatically during periods of system inactivity. Entry and exit to Sleep mode is controlled by the SLEEPN pin.

During Sleep mode, the logic is non-operational, registers and EBR contents are not maintained, and I/Os are tri-stated. Do not enter Sleep mode during device programming or configuration operation. In Sleep mode, power supplies are in their normal operating range, eliminating the need for external switching of power supplies. Table 2-11 compares the characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep modes.

**Table 2-11. Characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep Modes**

Characteristic	Normal	Off	Sleep
SLEEPN Pin	High	—	Low
Static $I_{CC}$	Typical <10mA	0	Typical <100uA
I/O Leakage	<10 $\mu$ A	<1mA	<10 $\mu$ A
Power Supplies VCC/VCCIO/VCCAUX	Normal Range	0	Normal Range
Logic Operation	User Defined	Non Operational	Non operational
I/O Operation	User Defined	Tri-state	Tri-state
JTAG and Programming circuitry	Operational	Non-operational	Non-operational
EBR Contents and Registers	Maintained	Non-maintained	Non-maintained

## SLEEPN Pin Characteristics

The SLEEPN pin behaves as an LVCMOS input with the voltage standard appropriate to the VCC supply for the device. This pin also has a weak pull-up, along with a Schmidt trigger and glitch filter to prevent false triggering. An external pull-up to VCC is recommended when Sleep Mode is not used to ensure the device stays in normal operation mode. Typically, the device enters sleep mode several hundred nanoseconds after SLEEPN is held at a valid low and restarts normal operation as specified in the Sleep Mode Timing table. The AC and DC specifications portion of this data sheet shows a detailed timing diagram.

## Oscillator

Every MachXO device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator can be routed as an input clock to the clock tree or to general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 18MHz to 26MHz.

## Configuration and Testing

The following section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO family of devices.

### IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with one of the VCCIO Banks (MachXO256:  $V_{CCIO1}$ ; MachXO640:  $V_{CCIO2}$ ; MachXO1200 and MachXO2280:  $V_{CCIO5}$ ) and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, please see information regarding additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## Device Configuration

All MachXO devices contain a test access port that can be used for device configuration and programming.

The non-volatile memory in the MachXO can be configured in two different modes:

- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. In this mode, the device is off-line and I/Os are controlled by BSCAN registers.
- In background mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. This allows the device to remain operational in user mode while reprogramming takes place.

The SRAM configuration memory can be configured in three different ways:

- At power-up via the on-chip non-volatile memory.
- After a refresh command is issued via the IEEE 1149.1 port.
- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port.

Figure 2-22 provides a pictorial representation of the different programming modes available in the MachXO devices. On power-up, the SRAM is ready to be configured with IEEE 1149.1 serial TAP port using IEEE 1532 protocols.

### Leave Alone I/O

When using IEEE 1532 mode for non-volatile memory programming, SRAM configuration, or issuing a refresh command, users may specify I/Os as high, low, tristated or held at current value. This provides excellent flexibility for implementing systems where reconfiguration or reprogramming occurs on-the-fly.

### **TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)**

TransFR (TFR) is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a single ispVM command. See TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) for details.

### Security

The MachXO devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile memory spaces. Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the memory space.

For more information on device configuration, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## MachXO External Switching Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-5		-4		-3		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Global Clock without PLL)<sup>1</sup></b>									
t <sub>PD</sub>	Best Case t <sub>PD</sub> Through 1 LUT	LCMxo256	—	3.5	—	4.2	—	4.9	ns
		LCMxo640	—	3.5	—	4.2	—	4.9	ns
		LCMxo1200	—	3.6	—	4.4	—	5.1	ns
		LCMxo2280	—	3.6	—	4.4	—	5.1	ns
t <sub>CO</sub>	Best Case Clock to Output - From PFU	LCMxo256	—	4.0	—	4.8	—	5.6	ns
		LCMxo640	—	4.0	—	4.8	—	5.7	ns
		LCMxo1200	—	4.3	—	5.2	—	6.1	ns
		LCMxo2280	—	4.3	—	5.2	—	6.1	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Clock to Data Setup - To PFU	LCMxo256	1.3	—	1.6	—	1.8	—	ns
		LCMxo640	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.5	—	ns
		LCMxo1200	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.6	—	ns
		LCMxo2280	1.1	—	1.3	—	1.5	—	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Clock to Data Hold - To PFU	LCMxo256	-0.3	—	-0.3	—	-0.3	—	ns
		LCMxo640	-0.1	—	-0.1	—	-0.1	—	ns
		LCMxo1200	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
		LCMxo2280	-0.4	—	-0.4	—	-0.4	—	ns
f <sub>MAX_IO</sub>	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	LCMxo256	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMxo640	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMxo1200	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
		LCMxo2280	—	600	—	550	—	500	MHz
t <sub>SKEW_PRI</sub>	Global Clock Skew Across Device	LCMxo256	—	200	—	220	—	240	ps
		LCMxo640	—	200	—	220	—	240	ps
		LCMxo1200	—	220	—	240	—	260	ps
		LCMxo2280	—	220	—	240	—	260	ps

1. General timing numbers based on LVCMS2.5V, 12 mA.

Rev. A 0.19

### Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
<b>General Purpose</b>		
P[Edge] [Row/Column Number]_[A/B/C/D/E/F]	I/O	<p>[Edge] indicates the edge of the device on which the pad is located. Valid edge designations are L (Left), B (Bottom), R (Right), T (Top).</p> <p>[Row/Column Number] indicates the PFU row or the column of the device on which the PIO Group exists. When Edge is T (Top) or (Bottom), only need to specify Row Number. When Edge is L (Left) or R (Right), only need to specify Column Number.</p> <p>[A/B/C/D/E/F] indicates the PIO within the group to which the pad is connected.</p> <p>Some of these user programmable pins are shared with special function pins. When not used as special function pins, these pins can be programmed as I/Os for user logic.</p> <p>During configuration of the user-programmable I/Os, the user has an option to tri-state the I/Os and enable an internal pull-up resistor. This option also applies to unused pins (or those not bonded to a package pin). The default during configuration is for user-programmable I/Os to be tri-stated with an internal pull-up resistor enabled. When the device is erased, I/Os will be tri-stated with an internal pull-up resistor enabled.</p>
GSRN	I	Global RESET signal (active low). Dedicated pad, when not in use it can be used as an I/O pin.
TSALL	I	TSALL is a dedicated pad for the global output enable signal. When TSALL is high all the outputs are tristated. It is a dual function pin. When not in use, it can be used as an I/O pin.
NC	—	No connect.
GND	—	GND - Ground. Dedicated pins.
V <sub>CC</sub>	—	VCC - The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins.
V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	—	VCCAUX - the Auxiliary power supply pin. This pin powers up a variety of internal circuits including all the differential and referenced input buffers. Dedicated pins.
V <sub>CCIOx</sub>	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins.
SLEEPN <sup>1</sup>	I	Sleep Mode pin - Active low sleep pin. <sup>b</sup> When this pin is held high, the device operates normally. <sup>b</sup> This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when unused, an external pull-up to V <sub>CC</sub> is recommended. When driven low, the device moves into Sleep mode after a specified time.
<b>PLL and Clock Functions</b> (Used as user programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)		
[LOC][0]_PLL[T, C]_IN	—	Reference clock (PLL) input Pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are ULM (Upper PLL) and LLM (Lower PLL). T = true and C = complement.
[LOC][0]_PLL[T, C]_FB	—	Optional feedback (PLL) input Pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are ULM (Upper PLL) and LLM (Lower PLL). T = true and C = complement.
PCLK [n]_[1:0]	—	Primary Clock Pads, n per side.
<b>Test and Programming</b> (Dedicated pins)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input pin, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data input pin, used to load data into the device using an 1149.1 state machine.
TDO	O	Output pin -Test Data output pin used to shift data out of the device using 1149.1.

<sup>1</sup>. Applies to MachXO "C" devices only. NC for "E" devices.

**LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP**

Pin Number	LCMxo256				LCMxo640			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
1	PL2A	1		T	PL2A	3		T
2	PL2B	1		C	PL2C	3		T
3	PL3A	1		T	PL2B	3		C
4	PL3B	1		C	PL2D	3		C
5	PL3C	1		T	PL3A	3		T
6	PL3D	1		C	PL3B	3		C
7	PL4A	1		T	PL3C	3		T
8	PL4B	1		C	PL3D	3		C
9	PL5A	1		T	PL4A	3		
10	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	3		
11	PL5B	1		C	PL4C	3		T
12	GNDIO1	1			GNDIO3	3		
13	PL5C	1		T	PL4D	3		C
14	PL5D	1	GSRN	C	PL5B	3	GSRN	
15	PL6A	1		T	PL7B	3		
16	PL6B	1	TSALL	C	PL8C	3	TSALL	T
17	PL7A	1		T	PL8D	3		C
18	PL7B	1		C	PL9A	3		
19	PL7C	1		T	PL9C	3		
20	PL7D	1		C	PL10A	3		
21	PL8A	1		T	PL10C	3		
22	PL8B	1		C	PL11A	3		
23	PL9A	1		T	PL11C	3		
24	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	3		
25	GNDIO1	1			GNDIO3	3		
26	TMS	1	TMS		TMS	2	TMS	
27	PL9B	1		C	PB2C	2		
28	TCK	1	TCK		TCK	2	TCK	
29	PB2A	1		T	VCCIO2	2		
30	PB2B	1		C	GNDIO2	2		
31	TDO	1	TDO		TDO	2	TDO	
32	PB2C	1		T	PB4C	2		
33	TDI	1	TDI		TDI	2	TDI	
34	PB2D	1		C	PB4E	2		
35	VCC	-			VCC	-		
36	PB3A	1	PCLK1_1**	T	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1**	
37	PB3B	1		C	PB5D	2		
38	PB3C	1	PCLK1_0**	T	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0**	
39	PB3D	1		C	PB6C	2		
40	GND	-			GND	-		
41	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO2	2		
42	GNDIO1	1			GNDIO2	2		

**LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP**

Pin Number	LCMxo1200				LCMxo2280			
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
1	PL2A	7		T	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
2	PL2B	7		C	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
3	PL3C	7		T	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
4	PL3D	7		C	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
5	PL4B	7			PL4B	7		
6	VCCIO7	7			VCCIO7	7		
7	PL6A	7		T*	PL7A	7		T*
8	PL6B	7	GSRN	C*	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
9	GND	-			GND	-		
10	PL7C	7		T	PL9C	7		T
11	PL7D	7		C	PL9D	7		C
12	PL8C	7		T	PL10C	7		T
13	PL8D	7		C	PL10D	7		C
14	PL9C	6			PL11C	6		
15	PL10A	6		T*	PL13A	6		T*
16	PL10B	6		C*	PL13B	6		C*
17	VCC	-			VCC	-		
18	PL11B	6			PL14D	6		C
19	PL11C	6	TSALL		PL14C	6	TSALL	T
20	VCCIO6	6			VCCIO6	6		
21	PL13C	6			PL16C	6		
22	PL14A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
23	PL14B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
24	PL15A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
25	PL15B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
26**	GNDIO6 GNDIO5	-			GNDIO6 GNDIO5	-		
27	VCCIO5	5			VCCIO5	5		
28	TMS	5	TMS		TMS	5	TMS	
29	TCK	5	TCK		TCK	5	TCK	
30	PB3B	5			PB3B	5		
31	PB4A	5		T	PB4A	5		T
32	PB4B	5		C	PB4B	5		C
33	TDO	5	TDO		TDO	5	TDO	
34	TDI	5	TDI		TDI	5	TDI	
35	VCC	-			VCC	-		
36	VCCAUX	-			VCCAUX	-		
37	PB6E	5		T	PB8E	5		T
38	PB6F	5		C	PB8F	5		C
39	PB7B	4	PCLK4_1****		PB10F	4	PCLK4_1****	
40	PB7F	4	PCLK4_0****		PB10B	4	PCLK4_0****	
41	GND	-			GND	-		

**LCMXX640, LCMXO1200 and LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
144 TQFP**

Pin Number	LCMXX640				LCMXX1200				LCMXX2280				
	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	
1	PL2A	3		T	PL2A	7			T	PL2A	7	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	T
2	PL2C	3		T	PL2B	7			C	PL2B	7	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	C
3	PL2B	3		C	PL3A	7			T*	PL3A	7		T*
4	PL3A	3		T	PL3B	7			C*	PL3B	7		C*
5	PL2D	3		C	PL3C	7			T	PL3C	7	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	T
6	PL3B	3		C	PL3D	7			C	PL3D	7	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	C
7	PL3C	3		T	PL4A	7			T*	PL4A	7		T*
8	PL3D	3		C	PL4B	7			C*	PL4B	7		C*
9	PL4A	3			PL4C	7				PL4C	7		
10	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO7	7				VCCIO7	7		
11	GNDIO3	3			GNDIO7	7				GNDIO7	7		
12	PL4D	3			PL5C	7				PL6C	7		
13	PL5A	3		T	PL6A	7			T*	PL7A	7		T*
14	PL5B	3	GSRN	C	PL6B	7	GSRN		C*	PL7B	7	GSRN	C*
15	PL5D	3			PL6D	7				PL7D	7		
16	GND	-			GND	-				GND	-		
17	PL6C	3		T	PL7C	7			T	PL9C	7		T
18	PL6D	3		C	PL7D	7			C	PL9D	7		C
19	PL7A	3		T	PL10A	6			T*	PL13A	6		T*
20	PL7B	3		C	PL10B	6			C*	PL13B	6		C*
21	VCC	-			VCC	-				VCC	-		
22	PL8A	3		T	PL11A	6			T*	PL13D	6		
23	PL8B	3		C	PL11B	6			C*	PL14D	6		C
24	PL8C	3	TSALL		PL11C	6	TSALL			PL14C	6	TSALL	T
25	PL9C	3		T	PL12B	6				PL15B	6		
26	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO6	6				VCCIO6	6		
27	GNDIO3	3			GNDIO6	6				GNDIO6	6		
28	PL9D	3		C	PL13D	6				PL16D	6		
29	PL10A	3		T	PL14A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*		PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
30	PL10B	3		C	PL14B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*		PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
31	PL10C	3		T	PL14C	6			T	PL17C	6		T
32	PL11A	3		T	PL14D	6			C	PL17D	6		C
33	PL10D	3		C	PL15A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*		PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
34	PL11C	3		T	PL15B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*		PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
35	PL11B	3		C	PL16A	6			T	PL19A	6		T
36	PL11D	3		C	PL16B	6			C	PL19B	6		C
37	GNDIO2	2			GNDIO5	5				GNDIO5	5		
38	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO5	5				VCCIO5	5		
39	TMS	2	TMS		TMS	5	TMS			TMS	5	TMS	
40	PB2C	2			PB2C	5			T	PB2A	5		T
41	PB3A	2		T	PB2D	5			C	PB2B	5		C
42	TCK	2	TCK		TCK	5	TCK			TCK	5	TCK	
43	PB3B	2		C	PB3A	5			T	PB3A	5		T
44	PB3C	2		T	PB3B	5			C	PB3B	5		C
45	PB3D	2		C	PB4A	5			T	PB4A	5		T
46	PB4A	2		T	PB4B	5			C	PB4B	5		C
47	TDO	2	TDO		TDO	5	TDO			TDO	5	TDO	
48	PB4B	2		C	PB4D	5				PB4D	5		
49	PB4C	2		T	PB5A	5			T	PB5A	5		T
50	PB4D	2		C	PB5B	5			C	PB5B	5		C

**LCMxo640, LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo640					LCMxo1200				LCMxo2280					
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
E11	NC				E11	PT10D	1		C	E11	PT15B	1		C
E10	NC				E10	PT10C	1		T	E10	PT15A	1		T
D12	PT9D	0		C	D12	PT10B	1		C	D12	PT14D	1		C
D11	PT9C	0		T	D11	PT10A	1		T	D11	PT14C	1		T
A14	PT7F	0		C	A14	PT9F	1		C	A14	PT14B	1		C
A13	PT7E	0		T	A13	PT9E	1		T	A13	PT14A	1		T
C12	PT8B	0		C	C12	PT9D	1		C	C12	PT13D	1		C
C11	PT8A	0		T	C11	PT9C	1		T	C11	PT13C	1		T
-	-			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
-	-			GND	GNDIO1	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
B12	PT7B	0		C	B12	PT9B	1		C	B12	PT12D	1		C
B11	PT7A	0		T	B11	PT9A	1		T	B11	PT12C	1		T
A12	PT7D	0		C	A12	PT8F	1		C	A12	PT12B	1		C
A11	PT7C	0		T	A11	PT8E	1		T	A11	PT12A	1		T
GND	GND	-		GND	GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
B10	PT5D	0		C	B10	PT8D	1		C	B10	PT11B	1		C
B9	PT5C	0		T	B9	PT8C	1		T	B9	PT11A	1		T
D10	PT8D	0		C	D10	PT8B	1		C	D10	PT10F	1		C
D9	PT8C	0		T	D9	PT8A	1		T	D9	PT10E	1		T
-	-			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1		
-	-			GND	GNDIO1	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO1	1		
C10	PT6D	0		C	C10	PT7F	1		C	C10	PT10D	1		C
C9	PT6C	0		T	C9	PT7E	1		T	C9	PT10C	1		T
A9	PT6B	0	PCLK0_1***	C	A9	PT7D	1	PCLK1_1***	C	A9	PT10B	1	PCLK1_1***	C
A10	PT6A	0		T	A10	PT7C	1		T	A10	PT10A	1		T
E9	PT9B	0		C	E9	PT7B	1		C	E9	PT9D	1		C
E8	PT9A	0		T	E8	PT7A	1		T	E8	PT9C	1		T
D7	PT5B	0	PCLK0_0***	C	D7	PT6F	0	PCLK1_0***	C	D7	PT9B	1	PCLK1_0***	C
D8	PT5A	0		T	D8	PT6E	0		T	D8	PT9A	1		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		VCCIO0	VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0			VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		GND	GNDIO0	GNDIO0	0			GND	GNDIO0	0		
C8	PT4F	0		C	C8	PT6D	0		C	C8	PT8D	0		C
B8	PT4E	0		T	B8	PT6C	0		T	B8	PT8C	0		T
A8	VCCAUX	-		A8	VCCAUX	VCCAUX	-			A8	VCCAUX	-		
A7	PT4D	0		C	A7	PT6B	0		C	A7	PT7D	0		C
A6	PT4C	0		T	A6	PT6A	0		T	A6	PT7C	0		T
VCC	VCC	-		VCC	VCC	VCC	-			VCC	VCC	-		
B7	PT4B	0		C	B7	PT5F	0		C	B7	PT7B	0		C
B6	PT4A	0		T	B6	PT5E	0		T	B6	PT7A	0		T
C6	PT3C	0		T	C6	PT5C	0		T	C6	PT6A	0		T
C7	PT3D	0		C	C7	PT5D	0		C	C7	PT6B	0		C
A5	PT3E	0		T	A5	PT5A	0		T	A5	PT6C	0		T
A4	PT3F	0		C	A4	PT5B	0		C	A4	PT6D	0		C
E7	NC			E7	PT4C	0		T	E7	PT6E	0		T	
E6	NC			E6	PT4D	0		C	E6	PT6F	0		C	
B5	PT3B	0		C	B5	PT3F	0		C	B5	PT5D	0		C
B4	PT3A	0		T	B4	PT3E	0		T	B4	PT5C	0		T
D5	PT2D	0		C	D5	PT3D	0		C	D5	PT5B	0		C
D6	PT2C	0		T	D6	PT3C	0		T	D6	PT5A	0		T
C4	PT2E	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T	C4	PT4A	0		T
C5	PT2F	0		C	C5	PT4B	0		C	C5	PT4B	0		C
-	-	-		-	-	-	-			GND	GND	-		
D4	NC			D4	PT2D	0		C	D4	PT3D	0		C	

**LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
A10	PT8E	0		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
A9	PT8D	0		C
C9	PT8C	0		T
B9	PT8B	0		C
F9	VCCAUX	-		
A8	PT8A	0		T
B8	PT7D	0		C
C8	PT7C	0		T
VCC	VCC	-		
A7	PT7B	0		C
B7	PT7A	0		T
A6	PT6A	0		T
B6	PT6B	0		C
D8	PT6C	0		T
F8	PT6D	0		C
C7	PT6E	0		T
E8	PT6F	0		C
D7	PT5D	0		C
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
E7	PT5C	0		T
A5	PT5B	0		C
C6	PT5A	0		T
B5	PT4A	0		T
A4	PT4B	0		C
D6	PT4C	0		T
F7	PT4D	0		C
B4	PT4E	0		T
GND	GND	-		
C5	PT4F	0		C
F6	PT3D	0		C
E5	PT3C	0		T
E6	PT3B	0		C
D5	PT3A	0		T
A3	PT2D	0		C
C4	PT2C	0		T
A2	PT2B	0		C
B2	PT2A	0		T
VCCIO0	VCCIO0	0		
GND	GNDIO0	0		
E14	GND	-		

## Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the [Thermal Management](#) document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

## For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- [Thermal Management](#) document
- TN1090 - [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO Devices](#)
- Power Calculator tool included with the Lattice ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from [www.latticesemi.com/software](http://www.latticesemi.com/software)

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo2280C-3T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo2280C-4T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo2280C-5T100C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo2280C-3T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo2280C-4T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo2280C-5T144C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo2280C-3M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo2280C-4M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo2280C-5M132C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo2280C-3B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280C-4B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280C-5B256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280C-3FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280C-4FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280C-5FT256C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280C-3FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-3	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMxo2280C-4FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-4	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMxo2280C-5FT324C	2280	1.8V/2.5V/3.3V	271	-5	ftBGA	324	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo256E-3T100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo256E-4T100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo256E-5T100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo256E-3M100C	256	1.2V	78	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMxo256E-4M100C	256	1.2V	78	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMxo256E-5M100C	256	1.2V	78	-5	csBGA	100	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo640E-3T100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo640E-4T100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo640E-5T100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo640E-3M100C	640	1.2V	74	-3	csBGA	100	COM
LCMxo640E-4M100C	640	1.2V	74	-4	csBGA	100	COM
LCMxo640E-5M100C	640	1.2V	74	-5	csBGA	100	COM
LCMxo640E-3T144C	640	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo640E-4T144C	640	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo640E-5T144C	640	1.2V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo640E-3M132C	640	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo640E-4M132C	640	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo640E-5M132C	640	1.2V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo640E-3B256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo640E-4B256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo640E-5B256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo640E-3FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo640E-4FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo640E-5FT256C	640	1.2V	159	-5	ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo1200E-3T100C	1200	1.2V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo1200E-4T100C	1200	1.2V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo1200E-5T100C	1200	1.2V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo1200E-3T144C	1200	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo1200E-4T144C	1200	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo1200E-5T144C	1200	1.2V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo1200E-3M132C	1200	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo1200E-4M132C	1200	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo1200E-5M132C	1200	1.2V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo1200E-3B256C	1200	1.2V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo1200E-4B256C	1200	1.2V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo1200E-5B256C	1200	1.2V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo1200E-3FT256C	1200	1.2V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo1200E-4FT256C	1200	1.2V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo1200E-5FT256C	1200	1.2V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo2280E-3T100C	2280	1.2V	73	-3	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo2280E-4T100C	2280	1.2V	73	-4	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo2280E-5T100C	2280	1.2V	73	-5	TQFP	100	COM
LCMxo2280E-3T144C	2280	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo2280E-4T144C	2280	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo2280E-5T144C	2280	1.2V	113	-5	TQFP	144	COM
LCMxo2280E-3M132C	2280	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo2280E-4M132C	2280	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo2280E-5M132C	2280	1.2V	101	-5	csBGA	132	COM
LCMxo2280E-3B256C	2280	1.2V	211	-3	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280E-4B256C	2280	1.2V	211	-4	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280E-5B256C	2280	1.2V	211	-5	caBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280E-3FT256C	2280	1.2V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280E-4FT256C	2280	1.2V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280E-5FT256C	2280	1.2V	211	-5	ftBGA	256	COM
LCMxo2280E-3FT324C	2280	1.2V	271	-3	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMxo2280E-4FT324C	2280	1.2V	271	-4	ftBGA	324	COM
LCMxo2280E-5FT324C	2280	1.2V	271	-5	ftBGA	324	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo256E-3T100I	256	1.2V	78	-3	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo256E-4T100I	256	1.2V	78	-4	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo256E-3M100I	256	1.2V	78	-3	csBGA	100	IND
LCMxo256E-4M100I	256	1.2V	78	-4	csBGA	100	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo640E-3T100I	640	1.2V	74	-3	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo640E-4T100I	640	1.2V	74	-4	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo640E-3M100I	640	1.2V	74	-3	csBGA	100	IND
LCMxo640E-4M100I	640	1.2V	74	-4	csBGA	100	IND
LCMxo640E-3T144I	640	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo640E-4T144I	640	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo640E-3M132I	640	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo640E-4M132I	640	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo640E-3B256I	640	1.2V	159	-3	caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo640E-4B256I	640	1.2V	159	-4	caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo640E-3FT256I	640	1.2V	159	-3	ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo640E-4FT256I	640	1.2V	159	-4	ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo1200E-3T100I	1200	1.2V	73	-3	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo1200E-4T100I	1200	1.2V	73	-4	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo1200E-3T144I	1200	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo1200E-4T144I	1200	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo1200E-3M132I	1200	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo1200E-4M132I	1200	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo1200E-3B256I	1200	1.2V	211	-3	caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo1200E-4B256I	1200	1.2V	211	-4	caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo1200E-3FT256I	1200	1.2V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo1200E-4FT256I	1200	1.2V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo2280E-3T100I	2280	1.2V	73	-3	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2280E-4T100I	2280	1.2V	73	-4	TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2280E-3T144I	2280	1.2V	113	-3	TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2280E-4T144I	2280	1.2V	113	-4	TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2280E-3M132I	2280	1.2V	101	-3	csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2280E-4M132I	2280	1.2V	101	-4	csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2280E-3B256I	2280	1.2V	211	-3	caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-4B256I	2280	1.2V	211	-4	caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-3FT256I	2280	1.2V	211	-3	ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-4FT256I	2280	1.2V	211	-4	ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-3FT324I	2280	1.2V	271	-3	ftBGA	324	IND
LCMxo2280E-4FT324I	2280	1.2V	271	-4	ftBGA	324	IND

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2006 (cont.)	02.0 (cont.)	Architecture (cont.)	<p>"Top View of the MachXO1200 Device" figure updated.</p> <p>"Top View of the MachXO640 Device" figure updated.</p> <p>"Top View of the MachXO256 Device" figure updated.</p> <p>"Slice Diagram" figure updated.</p> <p>Slice Signal Descriptions table updated.</p> <p>Routing section updated.</p> <p>sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section updated.</p> <p>PLL Diagram updated.</p> <p>PLL Signal Descriptions table updated.</p> <p>sysMEM Memory section has been updated.</p> <p>PIO Groups section has been updated.</p> <p>PIO section has been updated.</p> <p>MachXO PIO Block Diagram updated.</p> <p>Supported Input Standards table updated.</p> <p>MachXO Configuration and Programming diagram updated.</p>
		DC and Switching Characteristics	<p>Recommended Operating Conditions table - footnotes updated.</p> <p>MachXO256 and MachXO640 Hot Socketing Specifications - footnotes updated.</p> <p>Added MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 Hot Socketing Specifications table.</p> <p>DC Electrical Characteristics, footnotes have been updated.</p> <p>Supply Current (Sleep Mode) table has been updated, removed "4W" references. Footnotes have been updated.</p> <p>Supply Current (Standby) table and associated footnotes updated.</p> <p>Initialization Supply Current table and footnotes updated.</p> <p>Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current table and associated footnotes have been updated.</p> <p>Register-to-Register Performance table updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO External Switching Characteristics updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO Internal Timing Parameters updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO Family Timing Adders updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>sysCLOCK Timing updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO "C" Sleep Mode Timing updated (A 0.19).</p> <p>JTAG Port Timing Specification updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>Test Fixture Required Components table updated.</p>
		Pinout Information	<p>Signal Descriptions have been updated.</p> <p>Pin Information Summary has been updated. Footnote has been added.</p> <p>Power Supply and NC Connection table has been updated.</p> <p>Logic Signal Connections have been updated (PCLKTx_x --&gt; PCLKx_x)</p>
		Ordering Information	<p>Removed "4W" references.</p> <p>Added 256-ftBGA Ordering Part Numbers for MachXO640.</p>
May 2006	02.1	Pinout Information	<p>Removed [LOC][0]_PLL_RST from Signal Description table.</p> <p>PCLK footnote has been added to all appropriate pins.</p>
August 2006	02.2	Multiple	Removed 256 fpBGA information for MachXO640.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
November 2006	02.3	DC and Switching Characteristics	Corrections to MachXO "C" Sleep Mode Timing table - value for $t_{WSLEEPN}$ (400ns) changed from max. to min. Value for $t_{WAWAKE}$ (100ns) changed from min. to max.
			Added Flash Download Time table.
December 2006	02.4	Architecture	EBR Asynchronous Reset section added.
		Pinout Information	Power Supply and NC table: Pin/Ball orientation footnotes added.
February 2007	02.5	Architecture	Updated EBR Asynchronous Reset section.
August 2007	02.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table.
November 2007	02.7	DC and Switching Characteristics	Added JTAG Port Timing Waveforms diagram.
		Pinout Information	Added Thermal Management text section.
		Supplemental Information	Updated title list.
June 2009	02.8	Introduction	Added 0.8-mm 256-pin caBGA package to MachXO Family Selection Guide table.
		Pinout Information	Added Logic Signal Connections table for 0.8-mm 256-pin caBGA package.
		Ordering Information	Updated Part Number Description diagram and Ordering Part Number tables with 0.8-mm 256-pin caBGA package information.
July 2010	02.9	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
June 2013	03.0	All	Updated document with new corporate logo.
		Architecture	Architecture Overview – Added information on the state of the register on power up and after configuration.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 Hot Socketing Specifications table – Removed footnote 4.
			Added MachXO Programming/Erase Specifications table.