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## Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

## Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	101
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640e-4mn132c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo640e-4mn132c</a>

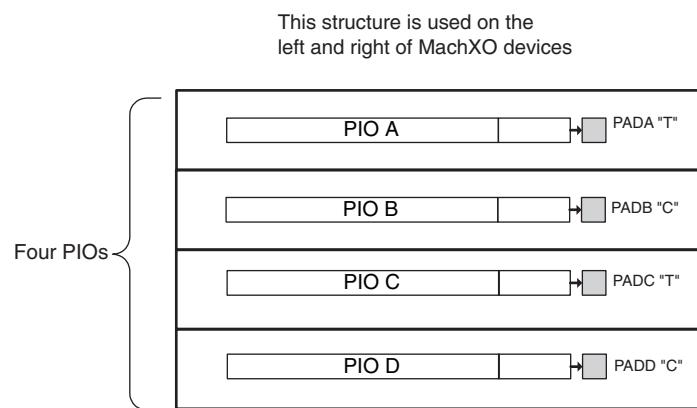
## PIO Groups

On the MachXO devices, PIO cells are assembled into two different types of PIO groups, those with four PIO cells and those with six PIO cells. PIO groups with four IOs are placed on the left and right sides of the device while PIO groups with six IOs are placed on the top and bottom. The individual PIO cells are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and PADs.

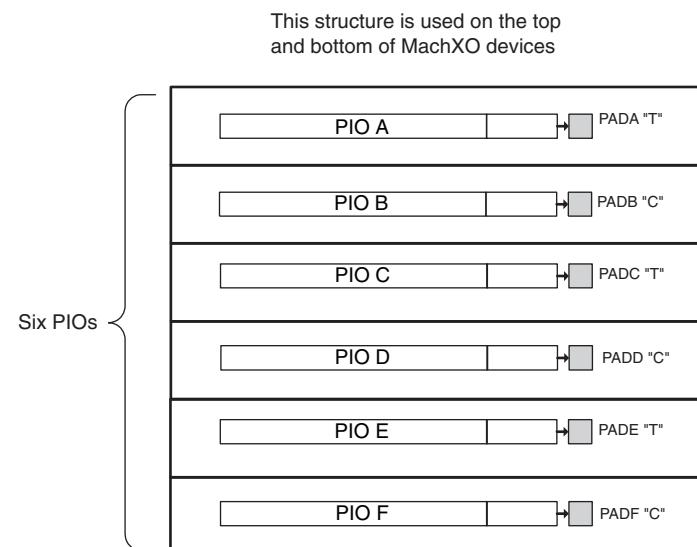
On all MachXO devices, two adjacent PIOs can be joined to provide a complementary Output driver pair. The I/O pin pairs are labeled as "T" and "C" to distinguish between the true and complement pins.

The MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices contain enhanced I/O capability. All PIO pairs on these larger devices can implement differential receivers. In addition, half of the PIO pairs on the left and right sides of these devices can be configured as LVDS transmit/receive pairs. PIOs on the top of these larger devices also provide PCI support.

**Figure 2-15. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells**



**Figure 2-16. Group of Six Programmable I/O Cells**



## PIO

The PIO blocks provide the interface between the sysIO buffers and the internal PFU array blocks. These blocks receive output data from the PFU array and a fast output data signal from adjacent PFUs. The output data and fast

**Table 2-8. I/O Support Device by Device**

	MachXO256	MachXO640	MachXO1200	MachXO2280
Number of I/O Banks	2	4	8	8
Type of Input Buffers	Single-ended (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended (all I/O Banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended (all I/O Banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O Banks)
Types of Output Buffers	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on left and right side)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O Banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on left and right side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O Banks	All I/O Banks	All I/O Banks	All I/O Banks
PCI Support	No	No	Top side only	Top side only

**Table 2-9. Supported Input Standards**

Input Standard	VCCIO (Typ.)				
	3.3V	2.5V	1.8V	1.5V	1.2V
<b>Single Ended Interfaces</b>					
LVTTL	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LVCMOS33	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LVCMOS25	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LVCMOS18			Yes		
LVCMOS15				Yes	
LVCMOS12	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCI <sup>1</sup>	Yes				
<b>Differential Interfaces</b>					
BLVDS <sup>2</sup> , LVDS <sup>2</sup> , LVPECL <sup>2</sup> , RSDS <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1. Top Banks of MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

2. MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 devices only.

the system. These capabilities make the MachXO ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

## Sleep Mode

The MachXO "C" devices ( $V_{CC} = 1.8/2.5/3.3V$ ) have a sleep mode that allows standby current to be reduced dramatically during periods of system inactivity. Entry and exit to Sleep mode is controlled by the SLEEPN pin.

During Sleep mode, the logic is non-operational, registers and EBR contents are not maintained, and I/Os are tri-stated. Do not enter Sleep mode during device programming or configuration operation. In Sleep mode, power supplies are in their normal operating range, eliminating the need for external switching of power supplies. Table 2-11 compares the characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep modes.

**Table 2-11. Characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep Modes**

Characteristic	Normal	Off	Sleep
SLEEPN Pin	High	—	Low
Static $I_{CC}$	Typical <10mA	0	Typical <100uA
I/O Leakage	<10 $\mu$ A	<1mA	<10 $\mu$ A
Power Supplies VCC/VCCIO/VCCAUX	Normal Range	0	Normal Range
Logic Operation	User Defined	Non Operational	Non operational
I/O Operation	User Defined	Tri-state	Tri-state
JTAG and Programming circuitry	Operational	Non-operational	Non-operational
EBR Contents and Registers	Maintained	Non-maintained	Non-maintained

## SLEEPN Pin Characteristics

The SLEEPN pin behaves as an LVCMOS input with the voltage standard appropriate to the VCC supply for the device. This pin also has a weak pull-up, along with a Schmidt trigger and glitch filter to prevent false triggering. An external pull-up to VCC is recommended when Sleep Mode is not used to ensure the device stays in normal operation mode. Typically, the device enters sleep mode several hundred nanoseconds after SLEEPN is held at a valid low and restarts normal operation as specified in the Sleep Mode Timing table. The AC and DC specifications portion of this data sheet shows a detailed timing diagram.

## Oscillator

Every MachXO device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator can be routed as an input clock to the clock tree or to general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 18MHz to 26MHz.

## Configuration and Testing

The following section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO family of devices.

### IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with one of the VCCIO Banks (MachXO256:  $V_{CCIO1}$ ; MachXO640:  $V_{CCIO2}$ ; MachXO1200 and MachXO2280:  $V_{CCIO5}$ ) and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, please see information regarding additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## Device Configuration

All MachXO devices contain a test access port that can be used for device configuration and programming.

The non-volatile memory in the MachXO can be configured in two different modes:

- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. In this mode, the device is off-line and I/Os are controlled by BSCAN registers.
- In background mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port. This allows the device to remain operational in user mode while reprogramming takes place.

The SRAM configuration memory can be configured in three different ways:

- At power-up via the on-chip non-volatile memory.
- After a refresh command is issued via the IEEE 1149.1 port.
- In IEEE 1532 mode via the IEEE 1149.1 port.

Figure 2-22 provides a pictorial representation of the different programming modes available in the MachXO devices. On power-up, the SRAM is ready to be configured with IEEE 1149.1 serial TAP port using IEEE 1532 protocols.

### Leave Alone I/O

When using IEEE 1532 mode for non-volatile memory programming, SRAM configuration, or issuing a refresh command, users may specify I/Os as high, low, tristated or held at current value. This provides excellent flexibility for implementing systems where reconfiguration or reprogramming occurs on-the-fly.

### TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)

TransFR (TFR) is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a single ispVM command. See TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) for details.

### Security

The MachXO devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile memory spaces. Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the memory space.

For more information on device configuration, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.



# MachXO Family Data Sheet

## DC and Switching Characteristics

June 2013

Data Sheet DS1002

### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>

	LCMXO E (1.2V)	LCMXO C (1.8V/2.5V/3.3V)
Supply Voltage V <sub>CC</sub> .....	-0.5 to 1.32V .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....
Supply Voltage V <sub>CCAUX</sub> .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....
Output Supply Voltage V <sub>CCIO</sub> .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....
I/O Tristate Voltage Applied <sup>4</sup> .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied <sup>4</sup> .....	-0.5 to 3.75V .....	-0.5 to 4.25V .....
Storage Temperature (ambient).....	-65 to 150°C .....	-65 to 150°C .....
Junction Temp. (T <sub>j</sub> ) .....	+125°C .....	+125°C .....

1. Stress above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice *Thermal Management* document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.
4. Overshoot and undershoot of -2V to (V<sub>IHMAX</sub> + 2) volts is permitted for a duration of <20ns.

### Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V Devices	1.71	3.465	V
V <sub>CCAUX</sub> <sup>3</sup>	Auxiliary Supply Voltage	3.135	3.465	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub> <sup>2</sup>	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.465	V
t <sub>TJCOM</sub>	Junction Temperature Commercial Operation	0	+85	°C
t <sub>TJIND</sub>	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation	-40	100	°C
t <sub>TFLASHCOM</sub>	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Commercial	0	+85	°C
t <sub>TFLASHIND</sub>	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Industrial	-40	100	°C

1. Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V<sub>CCIO</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub> are both 2.5V, they must also be the same supply. 3.3V V<sub>CCIO</sub> and 1.2V V<sub>CCIO</sub> should be tied to V<sub>CCAUX</sub> or 1.2V V<sub>CC</sub> respectively.
2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.
3. V<sub>CC</sub> must reach minimum V<sub>CC</sub> value before V<sub>CCAUX</sub> reaches 2.5V.

### MachXO Programming/Erase Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
N <sub>PROGCYC</sub>	Flash Programming Cycles per t <sub>RETENTION</sub>		1,000	Cycles
	Flash Functional Programming Cycles		10,000	Cycles
t <sub>RETENTION</sub>	Data Retention at 125° Junction Temperature	10		Years

## sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

### LVDS

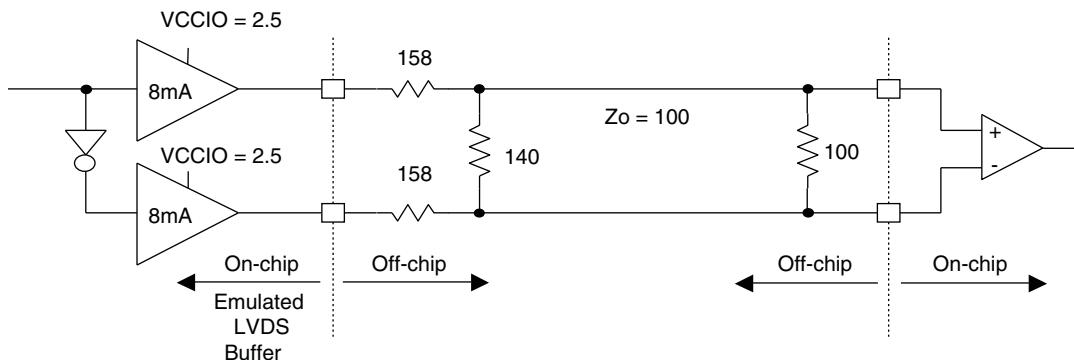
#### Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{INP}, V_{INM}$	Input Voltage		0	—	2.4	V
$V_{THD}$	Differential Input Threshold		+/-100	—	—	mV
$V_{CM}$	Input Common Mode Voltage	$100\text{mV} \leq V_{THD}$	$V_{THD}/2$	1.2	1.8	V
		$200\text{mV} \leq V_{THD}$	$V_{THD}/2$	1.2	1.9	V
		$350\text{mV} \leq V_{THD}$	$V_{THD}/2$	1.2	2.0	V
$I_{IN}$	Input current	Power on	—	—	+/-10	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{OH}$	Output high voltage for $V_{OP}$ or $V_{OM}$	$R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	—	1.38	1.60	V
$V_{OL}$	Output low voltage for $V_{OP}$ or $V_{OM}$	$R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	0.9V	1.03	—	V
$V_{OD}$	Output voltage differential	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM}), R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	250	350	450	mV
$\Delta V_{OD}$	Change in $V_{OD}$ between high and low		—	—	50	mV
$V_{OS}$	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})/2, R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
$\Delta V_{OS}$	Change in $V_{OS}$ between H and L		—	—	50	mV
$I_{OSD}$	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0\text{V}$ Driver outputs shorted	—	—	6	mA

### LVDS Emulation

MachXO devices can support LVDS outputs via emulation (LVDS25E), in addition to the LVDS support that is available on-chip on certain devices. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all devices. The scheme shown in Figure 3-1 is one possible solution for LVDS standard implementation. Resistor values in Figure 3-1 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

**Figure 3-1. LVDS Using External Resistors (LVDS25E)**



Note: All resistors are  $\pm 1\%$ .

The LVDS differential input buffers are available on certain devices in the MachXO family.

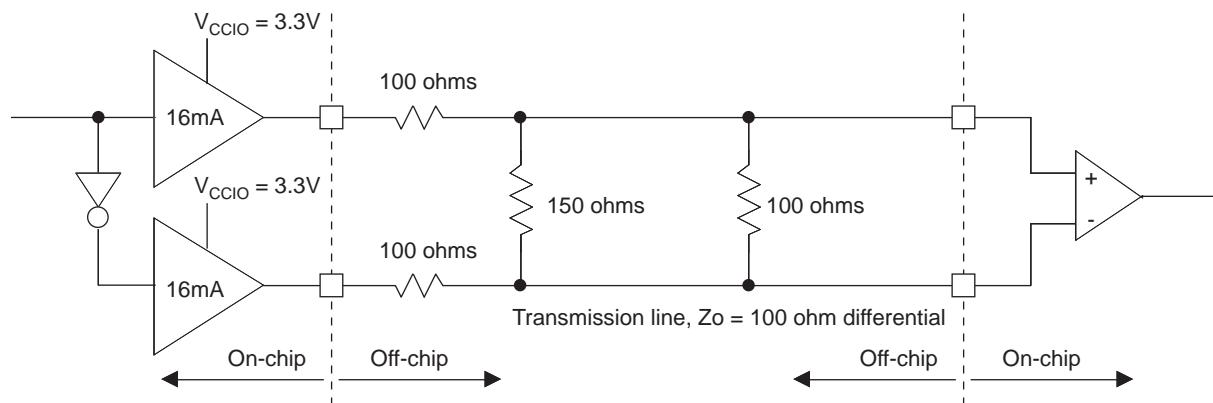
**Table 3-2. BLVDS DC Conditions<sup>1</sup>**
**Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Description	Nominal		Units
		Zo = 45	Zo = 90	
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Output impedance	100	100	Ohms
R <sub>TLEFT</sub>	Left end termination	45	90	Ohms
R <sub>TRIGHT</sub>	Right end termination	45	90	Ohms
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	1.375	1.48	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	1.125	1.02	V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage	0.25	0.46	V
V <sub>CM</sub>	Output common mode voltage	1.25	1.25	V
I <sub>DC</sub>	DC output current	11.2	10.2	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

## LVPECL

The MachXO family supports the differential LVPECL standard through emulation. This output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs on all the devices. The LVPECL input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer on certain devices. The scheme shown in Figure 3-3 is one possible solution for point-to-point signals.

**Figure 3-3. Differential LVPECL**

**Table 3-3. LVPECL DC Conditions<sup>1</sup>**
**Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

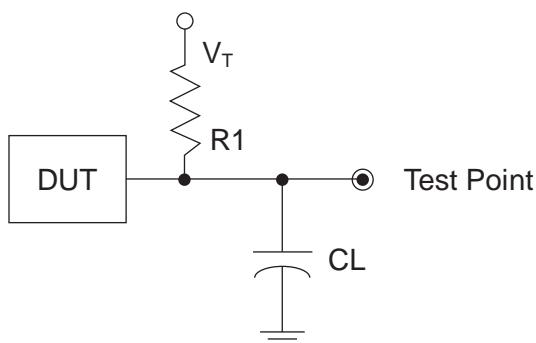
Symbol	Description	Nominal	Units
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Output impedance	100	Ohms
R <sub>P</sub>	Driver parallel resistor	150	Ohms
R <sub>T</sub>	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	2.03	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	1.27	V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage	0.76	V
V <sub>CM</sub>	Output common mode voltage	1.65	V
Z <sub>BACK</sub>	Back impedance	85.7	Ohms
I <sub>DC</sub>	DC output current	12.7	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

## Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-6 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Figure 3-5.

**Figure 3-6. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMOS Standards**



**Table 3-5. Test Fixture Required Components, Non-Terminated Interfaces**

Test Condition	R <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	Timing Ref.	V <sub>T</sub>
LVTTL and LVCMOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	$\infty$	0pF	LVTTL, LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5V	—
			LVCMOS 2.5 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
			LVCMOS 1.8 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
			LVCMOS 1.5 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
			LVCMOS 1.2 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
LVTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> H)	188	0pF	1.5	V <sub>OL</sub>
LVTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> L)				V <sub>OH</sub>
Other LVCMOS (Z -> H)			V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>OL</sub>
Other LVCMOS (Z -> L)			V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>OH</sub>
LVTTL + LVCMOS (H -> Z)			V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>OL</sub>
LVTTL + LVCMOS (L -> Z)			V <sub>OL</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>OH</sub>

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.

## Power Supply and NC (Cont.)

Signal	132 csBGA <sup>1</sup>	256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA <sup>1</sup>	324 ftBGA <sup>1</sup>
VCC	H3, P6, G12, C7	G7, G10, K7, K10	F14, G11, G9, H7, L7, M9
VCCIO0	<b>LCMxo640:</b> B11, C5 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> C5	<b>LCMxo640:</b> F8, F7, F9, F10 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> F8, F7	G8, G7
VCCIO1	<b>LCMxo640:</b> L12, E12 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> B11	<b>LCMxo640:</b> H11, G11, K11, J11 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> F9, F10	G12, G10
VCCIO2	<b>LCMxo640:</b> N2, M10 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> E12	<b>LCMxo640:</b> L9, L10, L8, L7 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> H11, G11	J12, H12
VCCIO3	<b>LCMxo640:</b> D2, K3 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> L12	<b>LCMxo640:</b> K6, J6, H6, G6 <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> K11, J11	L12, K12
VCCIO4	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> M10	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> L9, L10	M12, M11
VCCIO5	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> N2	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> L8, L7	M8, R9
VCCIO6	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> K3	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> K6, J6	M7, K7
VCCIO7	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> D2	<b>LCMxo640:</b> None <b>LCMxo1200/2280:</b> H6, G6	H6, J7
VCCAUX	P7, A7	T9, A8	M10, F9
GND <sup>2</sup>	F1, P9, J14, C9, A10, B4, L13, D13, P2, N11, E1, L2	A1, A16, F11, G8, G9, H7, H8, H9, H10, J7, J8, J9, J10, K8, K9, L6, T1, T16	E14, F16, H10, H11, H8, H9, J10, J11, J4, J8, J9, K10, K11, K17, K8, K9, L10, L11, L8, L9, N2, P14, P5, R7
NC <sup>3</sup>	—	<b>LCMxo640:</b> E4, E5, F5, F6, C3, C2, G4, G5, H4, H5, K5, K4, M5, M4, P2, P3, N5, N6, M7, M8, N10, N11, R15, R16, P15, P16, M11, L11, N12, N13, M13, M12, K12, J12, F12, F13, E12, E13, D13, D14, B15, A15, C14, B14, E11, E10, E7, E6, D4, D3, B3, B2 <b>LCMxo1200:</b> None <b>LCMxo2280:</b> None	—

1. Pin orientation A1 starts from the upper left corner of the top side view with alphabetical order ascending vertically and numerical order ascending horizontally.
2. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level. For fpBGA and ftBGA packages, the total number of GND balls is less than the actual number of GND logic connections from the die to the common package GND plane.
3. NC pins should not be connected to any active signals, VCC or GND.

**LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA**

LCMxo256					LCMxo640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
B1	PL2A	1		T	B1	PL2A	3		T
C1	PL2B	1		C	C1	PL2C	3		T
D2	PL3A	1		T	D2	PL2B	3		C
D1	PL3B	1		C	D1	PL2D	3		C
C2	PL3C	1		T	C2	PL3A	3		T
E1	PL3D	1		C	E1	PL3B	3		C
E2	PL4A	1		T	E2	PL3C	3		T
F1	PL4B	1		C	F1	PL3D	3		C
F2	PL5A	1		T	F2	PL4A	3		
G2	PL5B	1		C	G2	PL4C	3		T
H1	GNDIO1	1			H1	GNDIO3	3		
H2	PL5C	1		T	H2	PL4D	3		C
J1	PL5D	1	GSRN	C	J1	PL5B	3	GSRN	
J2	PL6A	1		T	J2	PL7B	3		
K1	PL6B	1	TSALL	C	K1	PL8C	3	TSALL	T
K2	PL7A	1		T	K2	PL8D	3		C
L1	PL7B	1		C	L1	PL9A	3		
L2	PL7C	1		T	L2	PL9C	3		
M1	PL7D	1		C	M1	PL10A	3		
M2	PL8A	1		T	M2	PL10C	3		
N1	PL8B	1		C	N1	PL11A	3		
M3	PL9A	1		T	M3	PL11C	3		
N2	GNDIO1	1			N2	GNDIO3	3		
P2	TMS	1	TMS		P2	TMS	2	TMS	
P3	PL9B	1		C	P3	PB2C	2		
N4	TCK	1	TCK		N4	TCK	2	TCK	
P4	PB2A	1		T	P4	VCCIO2	2		
N3	PB2B	1		C	N3	GNDIO2	2		
P5	TDO	1	TDO		P5	TDO	2	TDO	
N5	PB2C	1		T	N5	PB4C	2		
P6	TDI	1	TDI		P6	TDI	2	TDI	
N6	PB2D	1		C	N6	PB4E	2		
P7	VCC	-			P7	VCC	-		
N7	PB3A	1	PCLK1_1**	T	N7	PB5B	2	PCLK2_1**	
P8	PB3B	1		C	P8	PB5D	2		
N8	PB3C	1	PCLK1_0**	T	N8	PB6B	2	PCLK2_0**	
P9	PB3D	1		C	P9	PB6C	2		
N10	GNDIO1	1			N10	GNDIO2	2		
P11	PB4A	1		T	P11	PB8B	2		
N11	PB4B	1		C	N11	PB8C	2		T
P12	PB4C	1		T	P12	PB8D	2		C
N12	PB4D	1		C	N12	PB9A	2		

**LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo256					LCMxo640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
P13	PB5A	1			P13	PB9C	2		T
M12*	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		M12*	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
P14	PB5C	1		T	P14	PB9D	2		C
N13	PB5D	1		C	N13	PB9F	2		
N14	PR9B	0		C	N14	PR11D	1		C
M14	PR9A	0		T	M14	PR11B	1		C
L13	PR8B	0		C	L13	PR11C	1		T
L14	PR8A	0		T	L14	PR11A	1		T
M13	PR7D	0		C	M13	PR10D	1		C
K14	PR7C	0		T	K14	PR10C	1		T
K13	PR7B	0		C	K13	PR10B	1		C
J14	PR7A	0		T	J14	PR10A	1		T
J13	PR6B	0		C	J13	PR9D	1		
H13	PR6A	0		T	H13	PR9B	1		
G14	GNDIO0	0			G14	GNDIO1	1		
G13	PR5D	0		C	G13	PR7B	1		
F14	PR5C	0		T	F14	PR6C	1		
F13	PR5B	0		C	F13	PR6B	1		
E14	PR5A	0		T	E14	PR5D	1		
E13	PR4B	0		C	E13	PR5B	1		
D14	PR4A	0		T	D14	PR4D	1		
D13	PR3D	0		C	D13	PR4B	1		
C14	PR3C	0		T	C14	PR3D	1		
C13	PR3B	0		C	C13	PR3B	1		
B14	PR3A	0		T	B14	PR2D	1		
C12	PR2B	0		C	C12	PR2B	1		
B13	GNDIO0	0			B13	GNDIO1	1		
A13	PR2A	0		T	A13	PT9F	0		C
A12	PT5C	0			A12	PT9E	0		T
B11	PT5B	0		C	B11	PT9C	0		
A11	PT5A	0		T	A11	PT9A	0		
B12	PT4F	0		C	B12	VCCIO0	0		
A10	PT4E	0		T	A10	GNDIO0	0		
B10	PT4D	0		C	B10	PT7E	0		
A9	PT4C	0		T	A9	PT7A	0		
A8	PT4B	0	PCLK0_1**	C	A8	PT6B	0	PCLK0_1**	
B8	PT4A	0	PCLK0_0**	T	B8	PT5B	0	PCLK0_0**	C
A7	PT3D	0		C	A7	PT5A	0		T
B7	VCCAUX	-			B7	VCCAUX	-		
A6	PT3C	0		T	A6	PT4F	0		
B6	VCC	-			B6	VCC	-		
A5	PT3B	0		C	A5	PT3F	0		

**LCMxo256 and LCMxo640 Logic Signal Connections: 100 csBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo256					LCMxo640				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
A4	GNDIO0	0			A4	GNDIO0	0		
B4	PT3A	0		T	B4	PT3B	0		C
A3	PT2F	0		C	A3	PT3A	0		T
B3	PT2E	0		T	B3	PT2F	0		C
A2	PT2D	0		C	A2	PT2E	0		T
C3	PT2C	0		T	C3	PT2B	0		C
A1	PT2B	0		C	A1	PT2C	0		
B2	PT2A	0		T	B2	PT2A	0		T
N9	GND	-			N9	GND	-		
B9	GND	-			B9	GND	-		
B5	VCCIO0	0			B5	VCCIO0	0		
A14	VCCIO0	0			A14	VCCIO1	1		
H14	VCCIO0	0			H14	VCCIO1	1		
P10	VCCIO1	1			P10	VCCIO2	2		
G1	VCCIO1	1			G1	VCCIO3	3		
P1	VCCIO1	1			P1	VCCIO3	3		

\*NC for "E" devices.

\*\*Primary clock inputs are single-ended.

**LCMxo640, LCMxo1200 and LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections:  
 256 caBGA / 256 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo640					LCMxo1200					LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
-	-				VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
-	-				GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
M10	PB6A	2		T	M10	PB7E	4			M10	PB10A	4		T
R9	PB6C	2		T	R9	PB8A	4			R9	PB11C	4		T
R10	PB6D	2		C	R10	PB8B	4			R10	PB11D	4		C
T10	PB7C	2		T	T10	PB8C	4			T10	PB12A	4		T
T11	PB7D	2		C	T11	PB8D	4			T11	PB12B	4		C
N10	NC				N10	PB8E	4			N10	PB12C	4		T
N11	NC				N11	PB8F	4			N11	PB12D	4		C
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
R11	PB7E	2		T	R11	PB9A	4			R11	PB13A	4		T
R12	PB7F	2		C	R12	PB9B	4			R12	PB13B	4		C
P11	PB8A	2		T	P11	PB9C	4			P11	PB13C	4		T
P12	PB8B	2		C	P12	PB9D	4			P12	PB13D	4		C
T13	PB8C	2		T	T13	PB9E	4			T13	PB14A	4		T
T12	PB8D	2		C	T12	PB9F	4			T12	PB14B	4		C
R13	PB9A	2		T	R13	PB10A	4			R13	PB14C	4		T
R14	PB9B	2		C	R14	PB10B	4			R14	PB14D	4		C
GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-			GND	GND	-		
T14	PB9C	2		T	T14	PB10C	4			T14	PB15A	4		T
T15	PB9D	2		C	T15	PB10D	4			T15	PB15B	4		C
P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN		P13**	SLEEPN	-	SLEEPN	
P14	PB9F	2			P14	PB10F	4			P14	PB15D	4		
R15	NC				R15	PB11A	4			R15	PB16A	4		T
R16	NC				R16	PB11B	4			R16	PB16B	4		C
P15	NC				P15	PB11C	4			P15	PB16C	4		T
P16	NC				P16	PB11D	4			P16	PB16D	4		C
VCCIO2	VCCIO2	2			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4			VCCIO4	VCCIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO2	2			GND	GNDIO4	4			GND	GNDIO4	4		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
M11	NC				M11	PR16B	3			M11	PR20B	3		C
L11	NC				L11	PR16A	3			L11	PR20A	3		T
N12	NC				N12	PR15B	3			N12	PR18B	3		C*
N13	NC				N13	PR15A	3			N13	PR18A	3		T*
M13	NC				M13	PR14D	3			M13	PR17D	3		C
M12	NC				M12	PR14C	3			M12	PR17C	3		T
N14	PR11D	1		C	N14	PR14B	3			N14	PR17B	3		C*
N15	PR11C	1		T	N15	PR14A	3			N15	PR17A	3		T*
L13	PR11B	1		C	L13	PR13D	3			L13	PR16D	3		C
L12	PR11A	1		T	L12	PR13C	3			L12	PR16C	3		T
M14	PR10B	1		C	M14	PR13B	3			M14	PR16B	3		C*
VCCIO1	VCCIO1	1			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3			VCCIO3	VCCIO3	3		
GND	GNDIO1	1			GND	GNDIO3	3			GND	GNDIO3	3		
L14	PR10A	1		T	L14	PR13A	3			L14	PR16A	3		T*
N16	PR10D	1		C	N16	PR12D	3			N16	PR15D	3		C
M16	PR10C	1		T	M16	PR12C	3			M16	PR15C	3		T
M15	PR9D	1		C	M15	PR12B	3			M15	PR15B	3		C*
L15	PR9C	1		T	L15	PR12A	3			L15	PR15A	3		T*
L16	PR9B	1		C	L16	PR11D	3			L16	PR14D	3		C
K16	PR9A	1		T	K16	PR11C	3			K16	PR14C	3		T
K13	PR8D	1		C	K13	PR11B	3			K13	PR14B	3		C*

**LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
G2	PL11A	6		T*
H2	PL11B	6		C*
L3	PL11C	6		T
L5	PL11D	6		C
H1	PL12A	6		T*
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
J2	PL12B	6		C*
L4	PL12C	6		T
L6	PL12D	6		C
K2	PL13A	6		T*
K1	PL13B	6		C*
J1	PL13C	6		T
VCC	VCC	-		
L2	PL13D	6		C
M5	PL14D	6		C
M3	PL14C	6	TSALL	T
L1	PL14B	6		C*
M2	PL14A	6		T*
M1	PL15A	6		T*
N1	PL15B	6		C*
M6	PL15C	6		T
M4	PL15D	6		C
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
P1	PL16A	6		T*
P2	PL16B	6		C*
N3	PL16C	6		T
N4	PL16D	6		C
GND	GND	-		
T1	PL17A	6	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	T*
R1	PL17B	6	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	C*
P3	PL17C	6		T
N5	PL17D	6		C
R3	PL18A	6	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	T*
R2	PL18B	6	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	C*
P4	PL19A	6		T
N6	PL19B	6		C
U1	PL20A	6		T
VCCIO6	VCCIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO6	6		
GND	GNDIO5	5		
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		

**LCMxo2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMxo2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
T2	PL20B	6		C
P6	TMS	5	TMS	
V1	PB2A	5		T
U2	PB2B	5		C
T3	PB2C	5		T
N7	TCK	5	TCK	
R4	PB2D	5		C
R5	PB3A	5		T
T4	PB3B	5		C
VCC	VCC	-		
R6	PB3C	5		T
P7	PB3D	5		C
U3	PB4A	5		T
T5	PB4B	5		C
V2	PB4C	5		T
N8	TDO	5	TDO	
V3	PB4D	5		C
T6	PB5A	5		T
GND	GNDIO5	5		
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		
U4	PB5B	5		C
P8	PB5C	5		T
T7	PB5D	5		C
V4	TDI	5	TDI	
R8	PB6A	5		T
N9	PB6B	5		C
U5	PB6C	5		T
V5	PB6D	5		C
U6	PB7A	5		T
VCC	VCC	-		
V6	PB7B	5		C
P9	PB7C	5		T
T8	PB7D	5		C
U7	PB8A	5		T
V7	PB8B	5		C
M10	VCCAUX	-		
U8	PB8C	5		T
V8	PB8D	5		C
VCCIO5	VCCIO5	5		
GND	GNDIO5	5		
T9	PB8E	5		T
U9	PB8F	5		C
V9	PB9A	4		T

**LCMXO2280 Logic Signal Connections: 324 ftBGA (Cont.)**

LCMXO2280				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Dual Function	Differential
F16	GND	-		
H10	GND	-		
H11	GND	-		
H8	GND	-		
H9	GND	-		
J10	GND	-		
J11	GND	-		
J4	GND	-		
J8	GND	-		
J9	GND	-		
K10	GND	-		
K11	GND	-		
K17	GND	-		
K8	GND	-		
K9	GND	-		
L10	GND	-		
L11	GND	-		
L8	GND	-		
L9	GND	-		
N2	GND	-		
P14	GND	-		
P5	GND	-		
R7	GND	-		
F14	VCC	-		
G11	VCC	-		
G9	VCC	-		
H7	VCC	-		
L7	VCC	-		
M9	VCC	-		
H6	VCCIO7	7		
J7	VCCIO7	7		
M7	VCCIO6	6		
K7	VCCIO6	6		
M8	VCCIO5	5		
R9	VCCIO5	5		
M12	VCCIO4	4		
M11	VCCIO4	4		
L12	VCCIO3	3		
K12	VCCIO3	3		
J12	VCCIO2	2		
H12	VCCIO2	2		
G12	VCCIO1	1		
G10	VCCIO1	1		

## Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the [Thermal Management](#) document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

## For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- [Thermal Management](#) document
- TN1090 - [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO Devices](#)
- Power Calculator tool included with the Lattice ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from [www.latticesemi.com/software](http://www.latticesemi.com/software)

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo256E-3TN100I	256	1.2V	78	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo256E-4TN100I	256	1.2V	78	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo256E-3MN100I	256	1.2V	78	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	100	IND
LCMxo256E-4MN100I	256	1.2V	78	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	100	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo640E-3TN100I	640	1.2V	74	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo640E-4TN100I	640	1.2V	74	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo640E-3MN100I	640	1.2V	74	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	100	IND
LCMxo640E-4MN100I	640	1.2V	74	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	100	IND
LCMxo640E-3TN144I	640	1.2V	113	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo640E-4TN144I	640	1.2V	113	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo640E-3MN132I	640	1.2V	101	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo640E-4MN132I	640	1.2V	101	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo640E-3BN256I	640	1.2V	159	-3	Lead-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo640E-4BN256I	640	1.2V	159	-4	Lead-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo640E-3FTN256I	640	1.2V	159	-3	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo640E-4FTN256I	640	1.2V	159	-4	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo1200E-3TN100I	1200	1.2V	73	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo1200E-4TN100I	1200	1.2V	73	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo1200E-3TN144I	1200	1.2V	113	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo1200E-4TN144I	1200	1.2V	113	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo1200E-3MN132I	1200	1.2V	101	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo1200E-4MN132I	1200	1.2V	101	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo1200E-3BN256I	1200	1.2V	211	-3	Lead-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo1200E-4BN256I	1200	1.2V	211	-4	Lead-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo1200E-3FTN256I	1200	1.2V	211	-3	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo1200E-4FTN256I	1200	1.2V	211	-4	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.
LCMxo2280E-3TN100I	2280	1.2V	73	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2280E-4TN100I	2280	1.2V	73	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2280E-3TN144I	2280	1.2V	113	-3	Lead-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2280E-4TN144I	2280	1.2V	113	-4	Lead-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2280E-3MN132I	2280	1.2V	101	-3	Lead-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2280E-4MN132I	2280	1.2V	101	-4	Lead-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2280E-3BN256I	2280	1.2V	211	-3	Lead-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-4BN256I	2280	1.2V	211	-4	Lead-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-3FTN256I	2280	1.2V	211	-3	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-4FTN256I	2280	1.2V	211	-4	Lead-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2280E-3FTN324I	2280	1.2V	271	-3	Lead-Free ftBGA	324	IND
LCMxo2280E-4FTN324I	2280	1.2V	271	-4	Lead-Free ftBGA	324	IND

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2006 (cont.)	02.0 (cont.)	Architecture (cont.)	<p>"Top View of the MachXO1200 Device" figure updated.</p> <p>"Top View of the MachXO640 Device" figure updated.</p> <p>"Top View of the MachXO256 Device" figure updated.</p> <p>"Slice Diagram" figure updated.</p> <p>Slice Signal Descriptions table updated.</p> <p>Routing section updated.</p> <p>sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section updated.</p> <p>PLL Diagram updated.</p> <p>PLL Signal Descriptions table updated.</p> <p>sysMEM Memory section has been updated.</p> <p>PIO Groups section has been updated.</p> <p>PIO section has been updated.</p> <p>MachXO PIO Block Diagram updated.</p> <p>Supported Input Standards table updated.</p> <p>MachXO Configuration and Programming diagram updated.</p>
		DC and Switching Characteristics	<p>Recommended Operating Conditions table - footnotes updated.</p> <p>MachXO256 and MachXO640 Hot Socketing Specifications - footnotes updated.</p> <p>Added MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 Hot Socketing Specifications table.</p> <p>DC Electrical Characteristics, footnotes have been updated.</p> <p>Supply Current (Sleep Mode) table has been updated, removed "4W" references. Footnotes have been updated.</p> <p>Supply Current (Standby) table and associated footnotes updated.</p> <p>Initialization Supply Current table and footnotes updated.</p> <p>Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current table and associated footnotes have been updated.</p> <p>Register-to-Register Performance table updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO External Switching Characteristics updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO Internal Timing Parameters updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO Family Timing Adders updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>sysCLOCK Timing updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>MachXO "C" Sleep Mode Timing updated (A 0.19).</p> <p>JTAG Port Timing Specification updated (rev. A 0.19).</p> <p>Test Fixture Required Components table updated.</p>
		Pinout Information	<p>Signal Descriptions have been updated.</p> <p>Pin Information Summary has been updated. Footnote has been added.</p> <p>Power Supply and NC Connection table has been updated.</p> <p>Logic Signal Connections have been updated (PCLKTx_x --&gt; PCLKx_x)</p>
		Ordering Information	<p>Removed "4W" references.</p> <p>Added 256-ftBGA Ordering Part Numbers for MachXO640.</p>
May 2006	02.1	Pinout Information	<p>Removed [LOC][0]_PLL_RST from Signal Description table.</p> <p>PCLK footnote has been added to all appropriate pins.</p>
August 2006	02.2	Multiple	Removed 256 fpBGA information for MachXO640.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
November 2006	02.3	DC and Switching Characteristics	Corrections to MachXO "C" Sleep Mode Timing table - value for $t_{WSLEEPN}$ (400ns) changed from max. to min. Value for $t_{WAWAKE}$ (100ns) changed from min. to max.
			Added Flash Download Time table.
December 2006	02.4	Architecture	EBR Asynchronous Reset section added.
		Pinout Information	Power Supply and NC table: Pin/Ball orientation footnotes added.
February 2007	02.5	Architecture	Updated EBR Asynchronous Reset section.
August 2007	02.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table.
November 2007	02.7	DC and Switching Characteristics	Added JTAG Port Timing Waveforms diagram.
		Pinout Information	Added Thermal Management text section.
		Supplemental Information	Updated title list.
June 2009	02.8	Introduction	Added 0.8-mm 256-pin caBGA package to MachXO Family Selection Guide table.
		Pinout Information	Added Logic Signal Connections table for 0.8-mm 256-pin caBGA package.
		Ordering Information	Updated Part Number Description diagram and Ordering Part Number tables with 0.8-mm 256-pin caBGA package information.
July 2010	02.9	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
June 2013	03.0	All	Updated document with new corporate logo.
		Architecture	Architecture Overview – Added information on the state of the register on power up and after configuration.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	MachXO1200 and MachXO2280 Hot Socketing Specifications table – Removed footnote 4.
			Added MachXO Programming/Erase Specifications table.