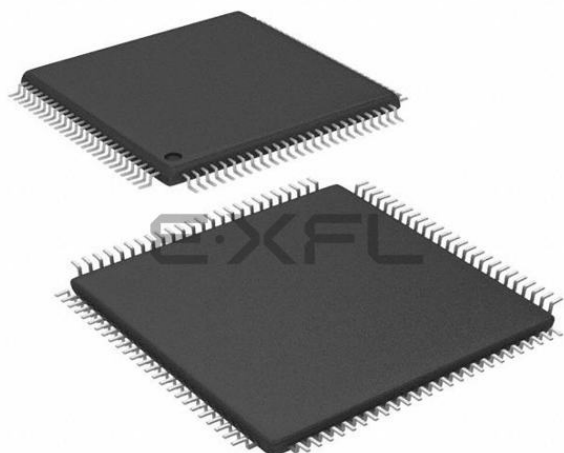




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Details

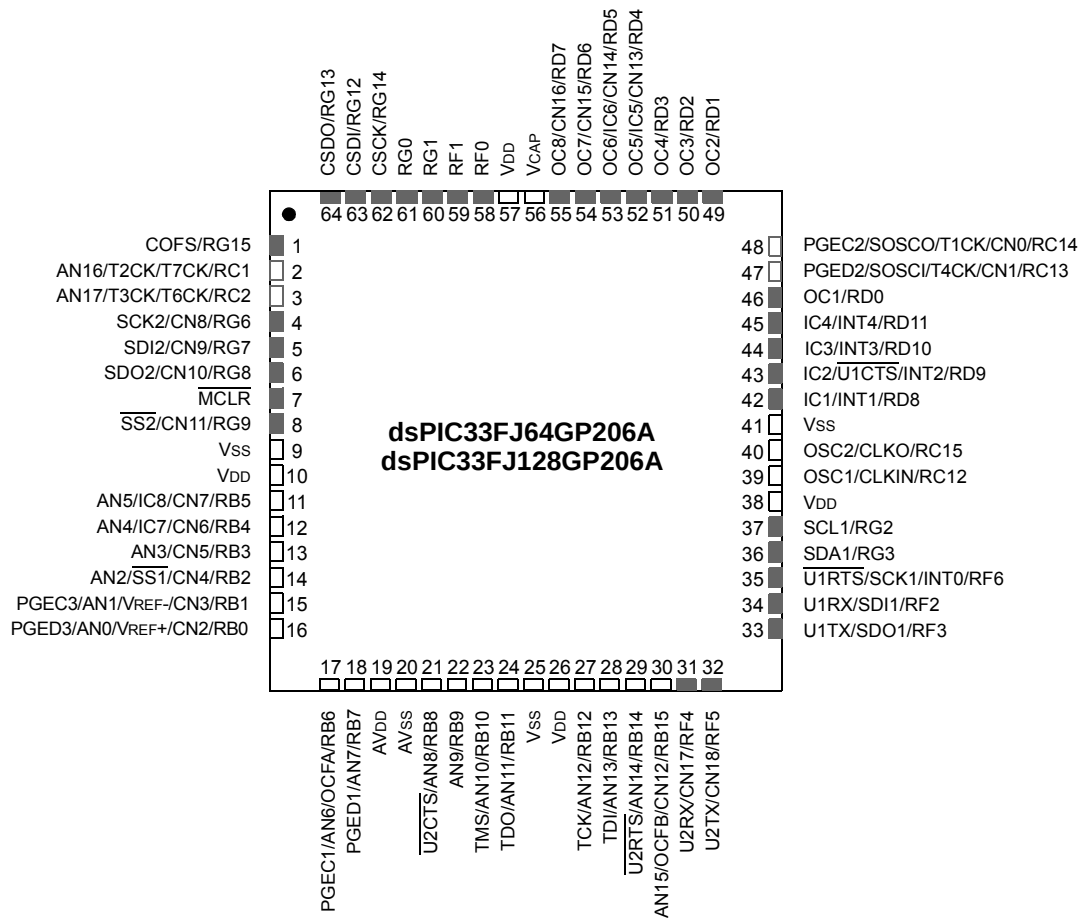
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	AC'97, Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 32x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj64gp710a-i-pf

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

Pin Diagrams

64-Pin QFN⁽¹⁾

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



Note 1: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and should be connected to Vss externally.

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin TQFP

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

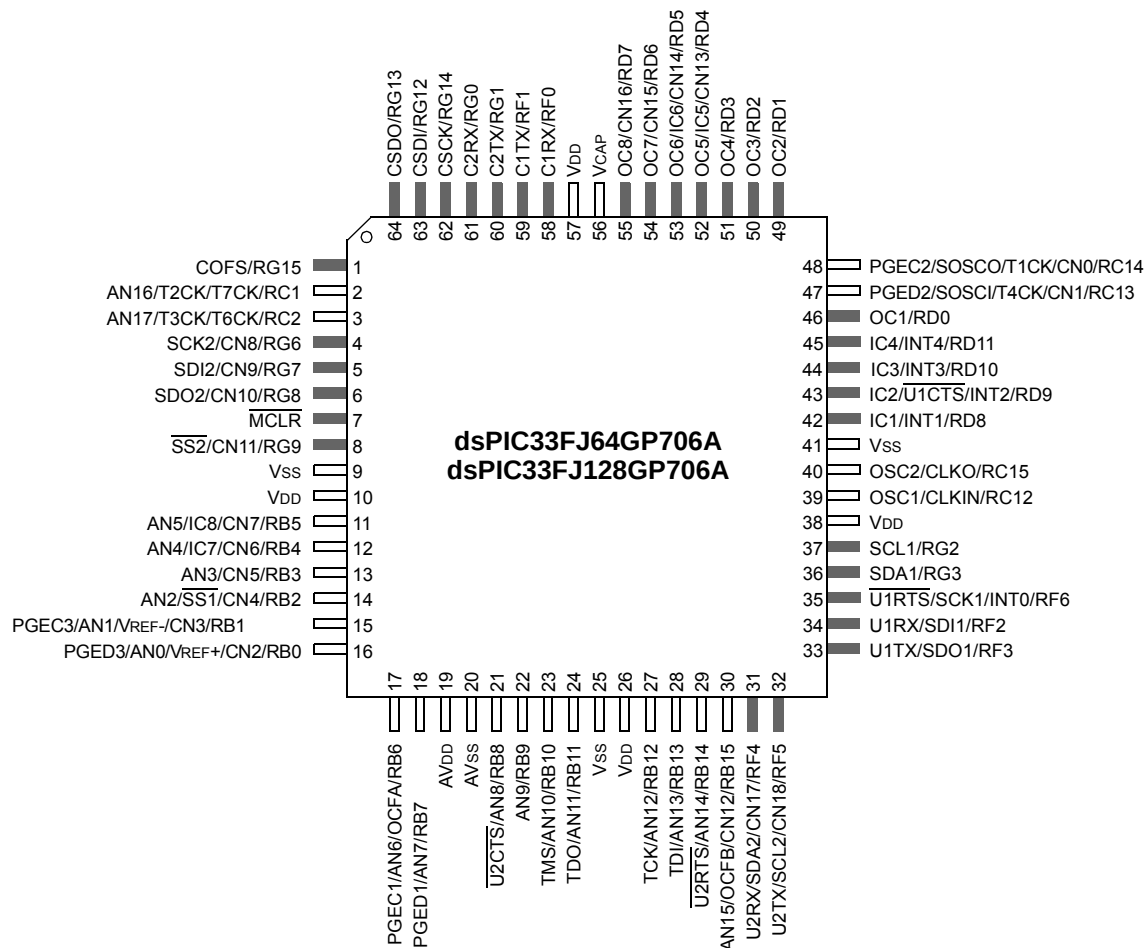


TABLE 4-17: DMA REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
DMA0CON	0380	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>		—	—	MODE<1:0>		0000	
DMA0REQ	0382	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<6:0>								0000
DMA0STA	0384	STA<15:0>																	0000
DMA0STB	0386	STB<15:0>																	0000
DMA0PAD	0388	PAD<15:0>																	0000
DMA0CNT	038A	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<9:0>											0000
DMA1CON	038C	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>		—	—	MODE<1:0>		0000	
DMA1REQ	038E	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<6:0>								0000
DMA1STA	0390	STA<15:0>																	0000
DMA1STB	0392	STB<15:0>																	0000
DMA1PAD	0394	PAD<15:0>																	0000
DMA1CNT	0396	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<9:0>											0000
DMA2CON	0398	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>		—	—	MODE<1:0>		0000	
DMA2REQ	039A	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<6:0>								0000
DMA2STA	039C	STA<15:0>																	0000
DMA2STB	039E	STB<15:0>																	0000
DMA2PAD	03A0	PAD<15:0>																	0000
DMA2CNT	03A2	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<9:0>											0000
DMA3CON	03A4	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>		—	—	MODE<1:0>		0000	
DMA3REQ	03A6	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<6:0>								0000
DMA3STA	03A8	STA<15:0>																	0000
DMA3STB	03AA	STB<15:0>																	0000
DMA3PAD	03AC	PAD<15:0>																	0000
DMA3CNT	03AE	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<9:0>											0000
DMA4CON	03B0	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>		—	—	MODE<1:0>		0000	
DMA4REQ	03B2	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<6:0>								0000
DMA4STA	03B4	STA<15:0>																	0000
DMA4STB	03B6	STB<15:0>																	0000
DMA4PAD	03B8	PAD<15:0>																	0000
DMA4CNT	03BA	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<9:0>											0000
DMA5CON	03BC	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>		—	—	MODE<1:0>		0000	
DMA5REQ	03BE	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<6:0>								0000
DMA5STA	03C0	STA<15:0>																	0000
DMA5STB	03C2	STB<15:0>																	0000
DMA5PAD	03C4	PAD<15:0>																	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-24: DCI REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Reset State
DCICON1	0280	DCIEN	—	DCISIDL	—	DLOOP	CSCKD	CSCKE	COFSD	UNFM	CSDOM	DJST	—	—	—	COFSM1	COFSM0	0000 0000 0000 0000
DCICON2	0282	—	—	—	—	BLEN1	BLEN0	—	COFSG<3:0>				—	WS<3:0>				0000 0000 0000 0000
DCICON3	0284	—	—	—	—	BCG<11:0>												0000 0000 0000 0000
DCISTAT	0286	—	—	—	—	SLOT3	SLOT2	SLOT1	SLOT0	—	—	—	—	ROV	RFUL	TUNF	TMPTY	0000 0000 0000 0000
TSCON	0288	TSE15	TSE14	TSE13	TSE12	TSE11	TSE10	TSE9	TSE8	TSE7	TSE6	TSE5	TSE4	TSE3	TSE2	TSE1	TSE0	0000 0000 0000 0000
RSCON	028C	RSE15	RSE14	RSE13	RSE12	RSE11	RSE10	RSE9	RSE8	RSE7	RSE6	RSE5	RSE4	RSE3	RSE2	RSE1	RSE0	0000 0000 0000 0000
RXBUF0	0290	Receive Buffer #0 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
RXBUF1	0292	Receive Buffer #1 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
RXBUF2	0294	Receive Buffer #2 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
RXBUF3	0296	Receive Buffer #3 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
TXBUF0	0298	Transmit Buffer #0 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
TXBUF1	029A	Transmit Buffer #1 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
TXBUF2	029C	Transmit Buffer #2 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000
TXBUF3	029E	Transmit Buffer #3 Data Register																0000 0000 0000 0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: Refer to the "dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual" for descriptions of register bit fields.

TABLE 4-25: PORTA REGISTER MAP⁽¹⁾

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	02C0	TRISA15	TRISA14	TRISA13	TRISA12	—	TRISA10	TRISA9	—	TRISA7	TRISA6	TRISA5	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	F6FF
PORTA	02C2	RA15	RA14	RA13	RA12	—	RA10	RA9	—	RA7	RA6	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	xxxx
LATA	02C4	LATA15	LATA14	LATA13	LATA12	—	LATA10	LATA9	—	LATA7	LATA6	LATA5	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LATA1	LATA0	xxxx
ODCA ⁽²⁾	06C0	ODCA15	ODCA14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA5	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for PinHigh devices.

Note 1: The actual set of I/O port pins varies from one device to another. Please refer to the corresponding pinout diagrams.

TABLE 4-26: PORTB REGISTER MAP⁽¹⁾

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	02C6	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	02C8	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	02CA	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for PinHigh devices.

Note 1: The actual set of I/O port pins varies from one device to another. Please refer to the corresponding pinout diagrams.

7.3 Interrupt Control and Status Registers

dsPIC33FJXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A devices implement a total of 30 registers for the interrupt controller:

- INTCON1
- INTCON2
- IFS0 through IFS4
- IEC0 through IEC4
- IPC0 through IPC17
- INTTREG

Global interrupt control functions are controlled from INTCON1 and INTCON2. INTCON1 contains the Interrupt Nesting Disable (NSTDIS) bit as well as the control and status flags for the processor trap sources. The INTCON2 register controls the external interrupt request signal behavior and the use of the Alternate Interrupt Vector Table.

The IFS registers maintain all of the interrupt request flags. Each source of interrupt has a Status bit, which is set by the respective peripherals or external signal and is cleared via software.

The IEC registers maintain all of the interrupt enable bits. These control bits are used to individually enable interrupts from the peripherals or external signals.

The IPC registers are used to set the interrupt priority level for each source of interrupt. Each user interrupt source can be assigned to one of eight priority levels.

The INTTREG register contains the associated interrupt vector number and the new CPU interrupt priority level, which are latched into vector number (VECNUM<6:0>) and Interrupt level bits (ILR<3:0>) in the INTTREG register. The new interrupt priority level is the priority of the pending interrupt.

The interrupt sources are assigned to the IFSx, IECx and IPCx registers in the same sequence that they are listed in Table 7-1. For example, the INT0 (External Interrupt 0) is shown as having vector number 8 and a natural order priority of 0. Thus, the INT0IF bit is found in IFS0<0>, the INT0IE bit in IEC0<0>, and the INT0IP bits in the first position of IPC0 (IPC0<2:0>).

Although they are not specifically part of the interrupt control hardware, two of the CPU Control registers contain bits that control interrupt functionality. The CPU STATUS register, SR, contains the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>). These bits indicate the current CPU interrupt priority level. The user can change the current CPU priority level by writing to the IPL bits.

The CORCON register contains the IPL3 bit which, together with IPL<2:0>, also indicates the current CPU priority level. IPL3 is a read-only bit so that trap events cannot be masked by the user software.

All Interrupt registers are described in Register 7-1 through Register 7-32.

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 7-6: IFS1: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 3	CNIF: Input Change Notification Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 2	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 1	MI2C1IF: I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 0	SI2C1IF: I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

NOTES:

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

9.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7. “Oscillator”** (DS70186) in the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

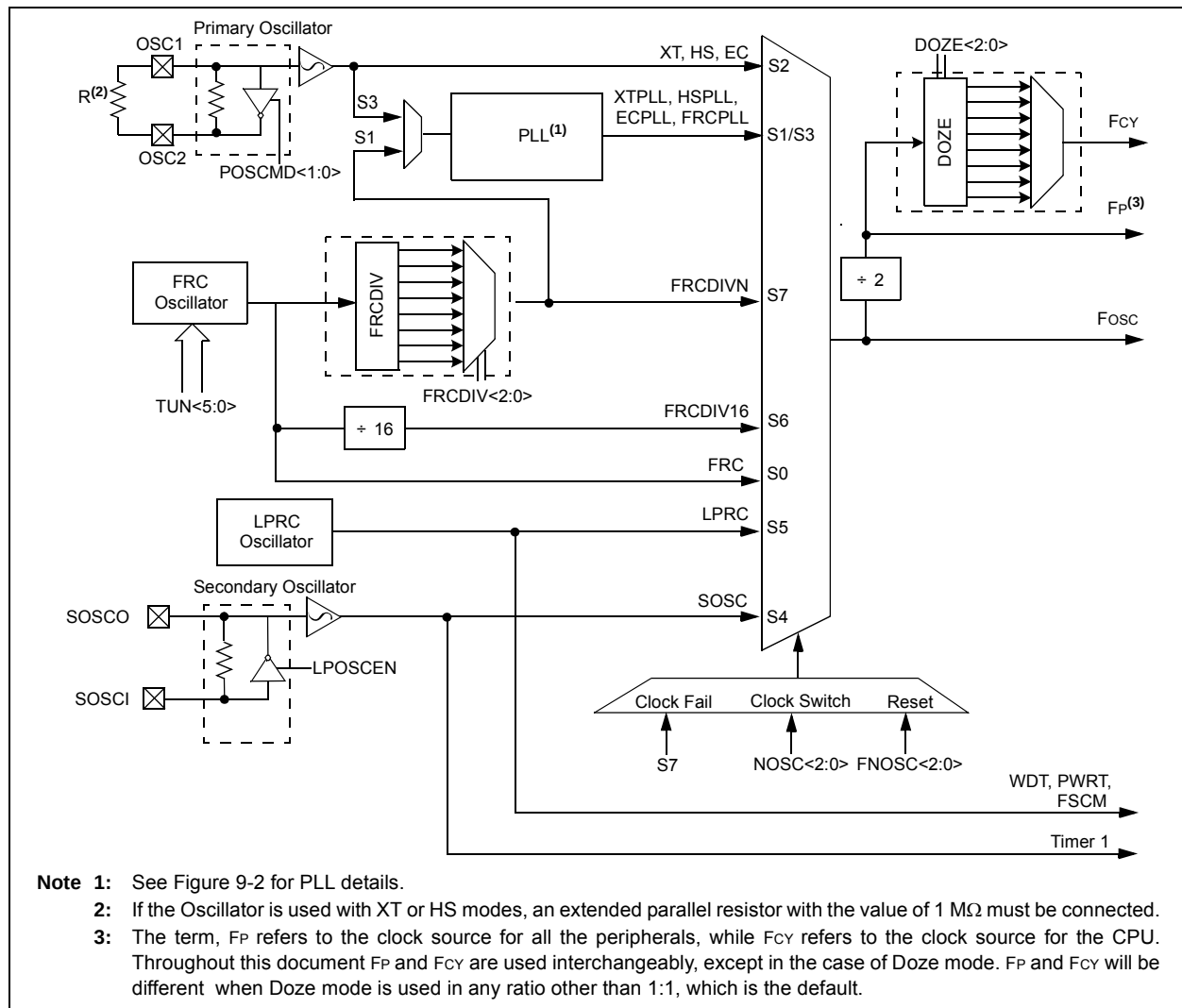
2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A oscillator system provides:

- Various external and internal oscillator options as clock sources
- An on-chip PLL to scale the internal operating frequency to the required system clock frequency
- The internal FRC oscillator can also be used with the PLL, thereby allowing full-speed operation without any external clock generation hardware
- Clock switching between various clock sources
- Programmable clock postscaler for system power savings
- A Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and takes fail-safe measures
- An Oscillator Control register (OSCCON)
- Nonvolatile Configuration bits for main oscillator selection

A simplified diagram of the oscillator system is shown in Figure 9-1.

FIGURE 9-1: dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A OSCILLATOR SYSTEM DIAGRAM



dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

NOTES:

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

16.3 SPI Control Registers

REGISTER 16-1: SPIxSTAT: SPIx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
SPIEN	—	SPISIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/C-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0
—	SPIROV	—	—	—	—	SPITBF	SPIRBF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **SPIEN:** SPIx Enable bit
1 = Enables module and configures SCKx, SDOx, SDIx and $\overline{SSx}$ as serial port pins
0 = Disables module
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **SPISIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **SPIROV:** Receive Overflow Flag bit
1 = A new byte/word is completely received and discarded. The user software has not read the previous data in the SPIxBUF register
0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 5-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **SPITBF:** SPIx Transmit Buffer Full Status bit
1 = Transmit not yet started, SPIxTXB is full
0 = Transmit started, SPIxTXB is empty
Automatically set in hardware when CPU writes SPIxBUF location, loading SPIxTXB.
Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIx module transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxSR.
- bit 0 **SPIRBF:** SPIx Receive Buffer Full Status bit
1 = Receive complete, SPIxRXB is full
0 = Receive is not complete, SPIxRXB is empty
Automatically set in hardware when SPIx transfers data from SPIxSR to SPIxRXB.
Automatically cleared in hardware when core reads SPIxBUF location, reading SPIxRXB.

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 17-2: I2CxSTAT: I2Cx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 3	S: Start bit 1 = Indicates that a Start (or Repeated Start) bit has been detected last 0 = Start bit was not detected last Hardware set or clear when Start, Repeated Start or Stop detected.
bit 2	R_W: Read/Write Information bit (when operating as I ² C slave) 1 = Read - indicates data transfer is output from slave 0 = Write - indicates data transfer is input to slave Hardware set or clear after reception of I ² C device address byte.
bit 1	RBF: Receive Buffer Full Status bit 1 = Receive complete, I2CxRCV is full 0 = Receive not complete, I2CxRCV is empty Hardware set when I2CxRCV is written with received byte. Hardware clear when software reads I2CxRCV.
bit 0	TBF: Transmit Buffer Full Status bit 1 = Transmit in progress, I2CxTRN is full 0 = Transmit complete, I2CxTRN is empty Hardware set when software writes I2CxTRN. Hardware clear at completion of data transmission.

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 18-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0 HC	R/W-0	R-0	R-1
UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN ⁽¹⁾	UTXBF	TRMT
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R/C-0	R-0
URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware cleared	C = Clear only bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 15,13	UTXISEL<1:0>: Transmission Interrupt Mode Selection bits 11 = Reserved; do not use 10 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register, and as a result, the transmit buffer becomes empty 01 = Interrupt when the last character is shifted out of the Transmit Shift Register; all transmit operations are completed 00 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (this implies there is at least one character open in the transmit buffer)
bit 14	UTXINV: Transmit Polarity Inversion bit If IREN = 0: 1 = UxTX Idle state is '0' 0 = UxTX Idle state is '1' If IREN = 1: 1 = IrDA [®] encoded UxTX Idle state is '1' 0 = IrDA [®] encoded UxTX Idle state is '0'
bit 12	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 11	UTXBRK: Transmit Break bit 1 = Send Sync Break on next transmission - Start bit, followed by twelve '0' bits, followed by Stop bit; cleared by hardware upon completion 0 = Sync Break transmission disabled or completed
bit 10	UTXEN: Transmit Enable bit ⁽¹⁾ 1 = Transmit enabled, UxTX pin controlled by UARTx 0 = Transmit disabled, any pending transmission is aborted and buffer is reset. UxTX pin controlled by port
bit 9	UTXBF: Transmit Buffer Full Status bit (read-only) 1 = Transmit buffer is full 0 = Transmit buffer is not full, at least one more character can be written
bit 8	TRMT: Transmit Shift Register Empty bit (read-only) 1 = Transmit Shift Register is empty and transmit buffer is empty (the last transmission has completed) 0 = Transmit Shift Register is not empty, a transmission is in progress or queued
bit 7-6	URXISEL<1:0>: Receive Interrupt Mode Selection bits 11 = Interrupt is set on UxRSR transfer making the receive buffer full (i.e., has 4 data characters) 10 = Interrupt is set on UxRSR transfer making the receive buffer 3/4 full (i.e., has 3 data characters) 0x = Interrupt is set when any character is received and transferred from the UxRSR to the receive buffer. Receive buffer has one or more characters

Note 1: Refer to **Section 17. "UART"** (DS70188) in the *"dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual"* for information on enabling the UART module for transmit operation.

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 19-19: CIfMSKSEL2: ECAN™ FILTER 15-8 MASK SELECTION REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F15MSK<1:0>		F14MSK<1:0>		F13MSK<1:0>		F12MSK<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F11MSK<1:0>		F10MSK<1:0>		F9MSK<1:0>		F8MSK<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **F15MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 15 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 13-12 **F14MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 14 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 11-10 **F13MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 13 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 9-8 **F12MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 12 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 7-6 **F11MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 11 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 5-4 **F10MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 10 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 3-2 **F9MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 9 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 1-0 **F8MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 8 bit
 11 = Reserved; do not use
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 20-3: DCICON3: DCI CONTROL REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	BCG<11:8>			
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
BCG<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-0 **BCG<11:0>:** DCI Bit Clock Generator Control bits

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

25.2 AC Characteristics and Timing Parameters

The information contained in this section defines dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A AC characteristics and timing parameters.

TABLE 25-14: TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS – AC

AC CHARACTERISTICS	Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)
	Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended Operating voltage V_{DD} range as described in Table 25-1.

FIGURE 25-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

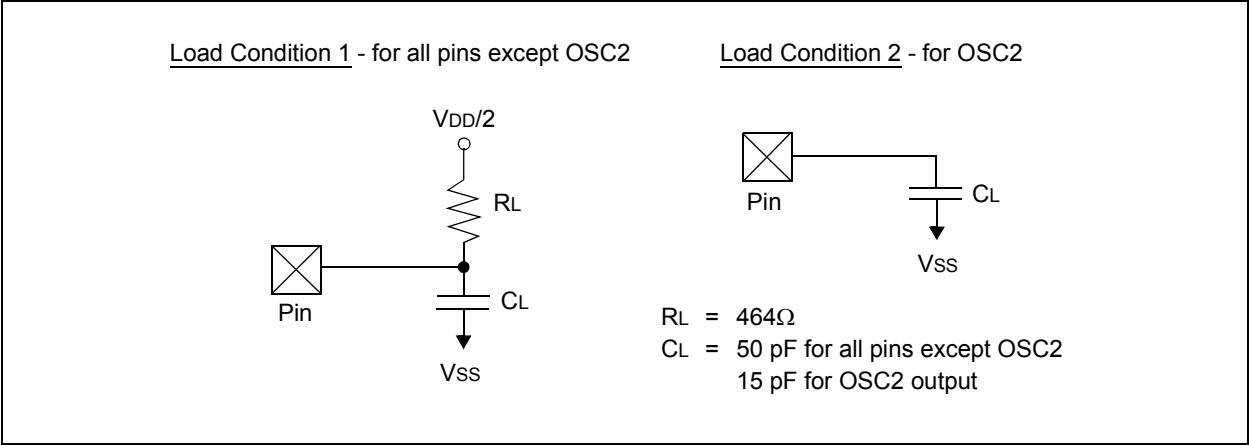


TABLE 25-15: CAPACITIVE LOADING REQUIREMENTS ON OUTPUT PINS

Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
DO50	Cosc2	OSC2/SOSC2 pin	—	—	15	pF	In XT and HS modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1
DO56	Cio	All I/O pins and OSC2	—	—	50	pF	EC mode
DO58	Cb	SCLx, SDAx	—	—	400	pF	In I ² C™ mode

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

FIGURE 25-5: TIMER1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 AND 9 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

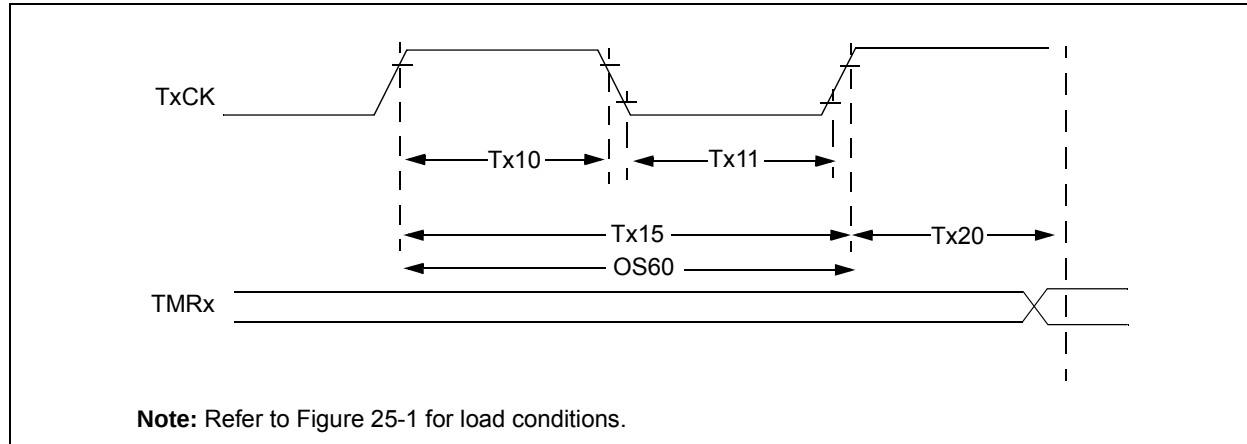


TABLE 25-22: TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS⁽¹⁾

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic		Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
TA10	T _{TXH}	TxCK High Time	Synchronous, no prescaler	T _{CY} + 20	—	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TA15
			Synchronous, with prescaler	(T _{CY} + 20)/N	—	—	ns	
			Asynchronous	20	—	—	ns	
TA11	T _{TXL}	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous, no prescaler	(T _{CY} + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TA15
			Synchronous, with prescaler	20	—	—	ns	N = prescale value (1,8,64,256)
			Asynchronous	20	—	—	ns	
TA15	T _{TXP}	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous, no prescaler	2T _{CY} + 40	—	—	ns	—
			Synchronous, with prescaler	Greater of 40 ns or (2T _{CY} + 40)/N	—	—	—	N = prescale value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous	40	—	—	ns	—
OS60	F _{t1}	SOSC1/T1CK Oscillator Input frequency Range (oscillator enabled by setting TCS bit (T1CON<1>))		DC	—	50	kHz	—
TA20	T _{CKEXTMRL}	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		0.75T _{CY} +40	—	1.75T _{CY} +40	ns	—

Note 1: Timer1 is a Type A.

27.0 DC AND AC DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS GRAPHS

Note: The graphs provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for design guidance purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore, outside the warranted range.

FIGURE 27-1: V_{OH} – 2x DRIVER PINS

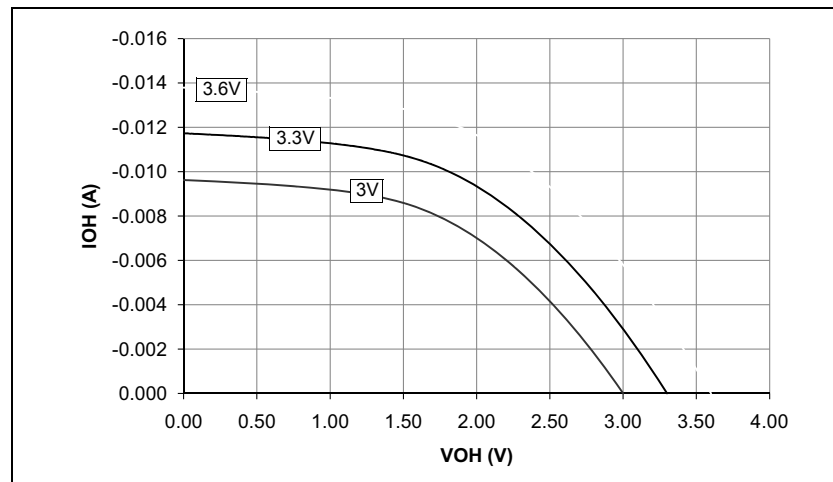


FIGURE 27-3: V_{OH} – 8x DRIVER PINS

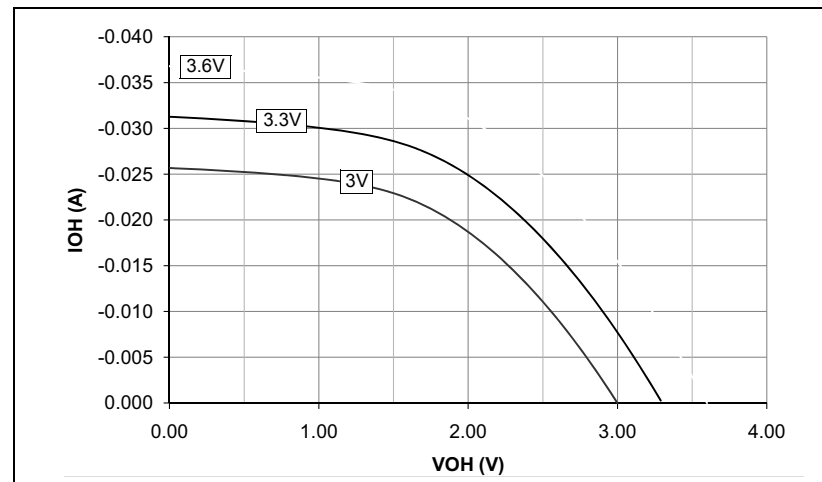


FIGURE 27-2: V_{OH} – 4x DRIVER PINS

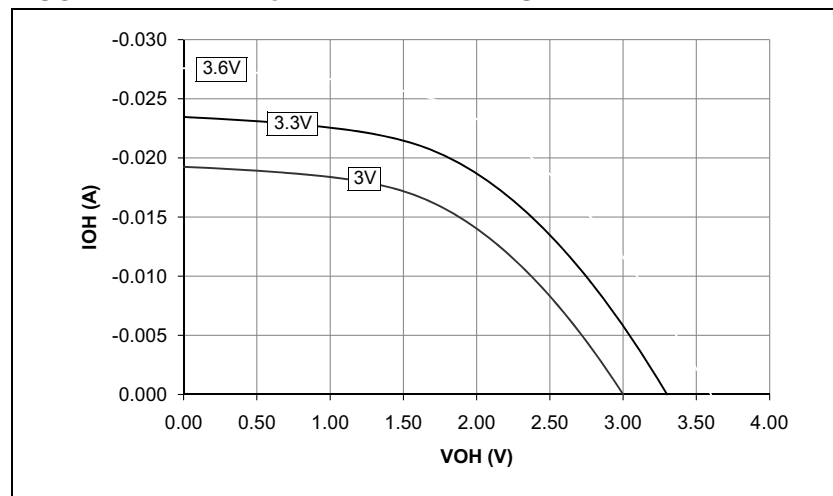
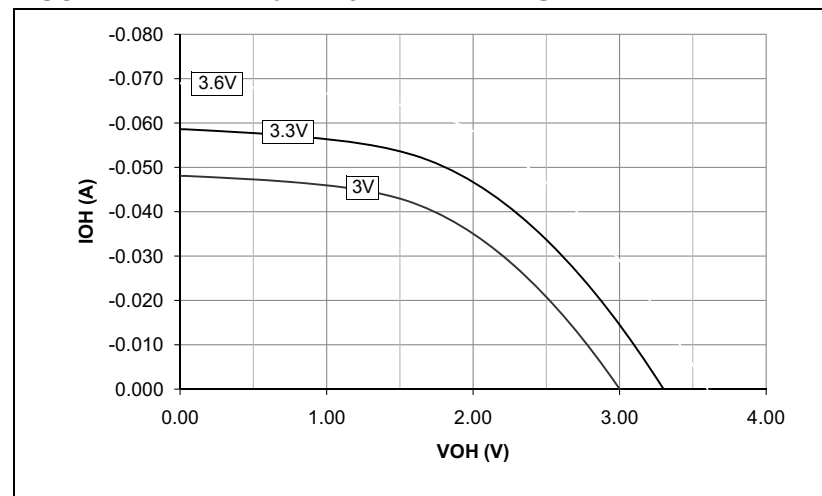


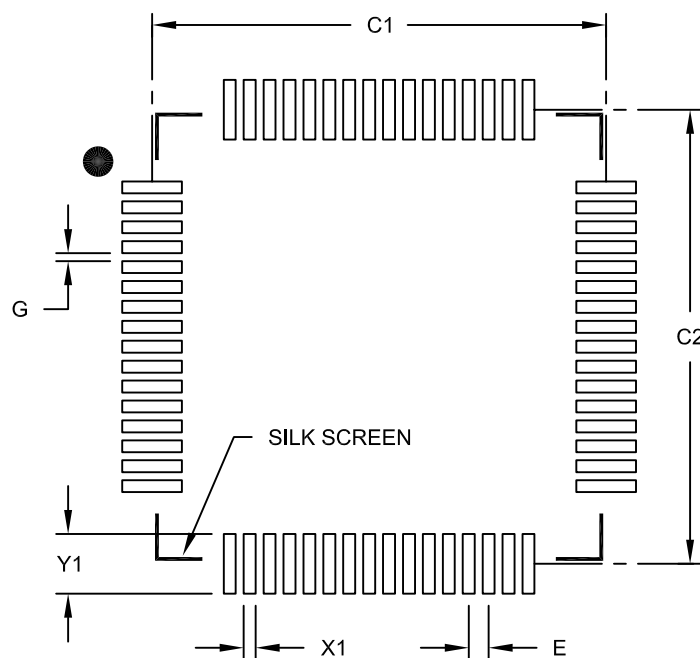
FIGURE 27-4: V_{OH} – 16x DRIVER PINS



dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.50 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X64)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X64)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

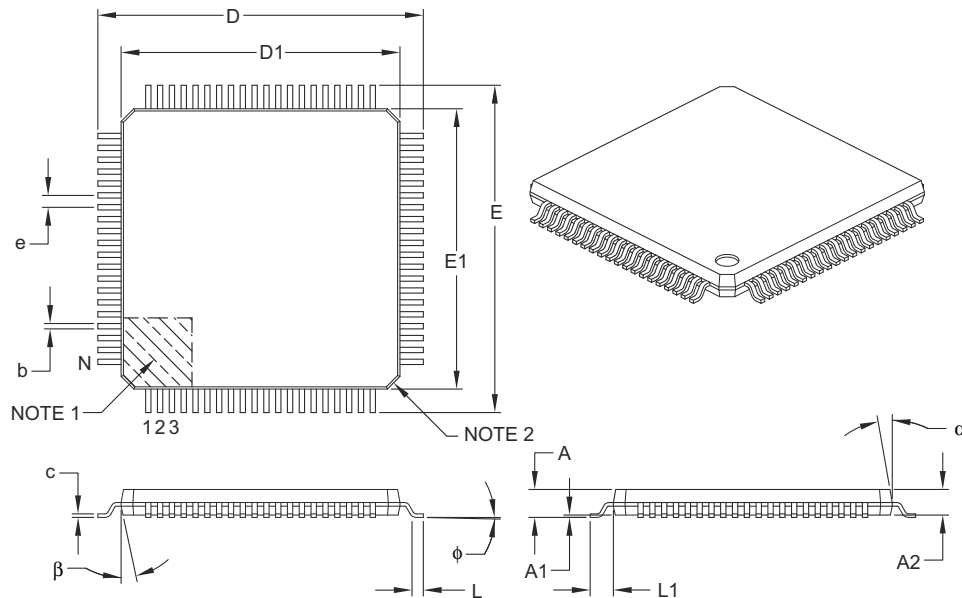
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2085B

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

80-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 12x12x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	80		
Lead Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	—	—	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	—	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E	14.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	14.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	12.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	—	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.17	0.22	0.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-092B

dsPIC33FJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

PORTA	
Register Map.....	64
PORTB	
Register Map.....	64
PORTC	
Register Map.....	65
PORTD	
Register Map.....	65
PORTE	
Register Map.....	65
PORTF	
Register Map.....	65
PORTG	
Register Map.....	66
Power-Saving Features	155
Clock Frequency and Switching.....	155
Program Address Space	39
Construction.....	72
Data Access from Program Memory	
Using Program Space Visibility.....	75
Data Access from Program Memory	
Using Table Instructions	74
Data Access from, Address Generation.....	73
Memory Map	39
Table Read Instructions	
TBLRDH	74
TBLRDL	74
Visibility Operation	75
Program Memory	
Interrupt Vector	40
Organization.....	40
Reset Vector	40

R

Reader Response	358
Registers	
ADxCHS0 (ADCx Input Channel 0 Select).....	247
ADxCHS123 (ADCx Input Channel 1, 2, 3 Select) ..	246
ADxCON1 (ADCx Control 1).....	241
ADxCON2 (ADCx Control 2).....	243
ADxCON3 (ADCx Control 3).....	244
ADxCON4 (ADCx Control 4).....	245
ADxCSSH (ADCx Input Scan Select High).....	248
ADxCSSL (ADCx Input Scan Select Low)	248
ADxPCFGH (ADCx Port Configuration High)	249
ADxPCFGL (ADCx Port Configuration Low).....	249
CiBUFPNT1 (ECAN Filter 0-3 Buffer Pointer).....	215
CiBUFPNT2 (ECAN Filter 4-7 Buffer Pointer).....	216
CiBUFPNT3 (ECAN Filter 8-11 Buffer Pointer).....	217
CiBUFPNT4 (ECAN Filter 12-15 Buffer Pointer).....	218
CiCFG1 (ECAN Baud Rate Configuration 1)	212
CiCFG2 (ECAN Baud Rate Configuration 2)	213
CiCTRL1 (ECAN Control 1)	204
CiCTRL2 (ECAN Control 2)	205
CiEC (ECAN Transmit/Receive Error Count).....	211
CiFCTRL (ECAN FIFO Control).....	207
CiFEN1 (ECAN Acceptance Filter Enable)	214
CiFIFO (ECAN FIFO Status).....	208
CiFMSKSEL1 (ECAN Filter 7-0 Mask	
Selection).....	220, 221
CiINTE (ECAN Interrupt Enable)	210
CiINTF (ECAN Interrupt Flag).....	209
CiRXFnEID (ECAN Acceptance Filter n	
Extended Identifier).....	219
CiRXFnSID (ECAN Acceptance Filter n	
Standard Identifier)	219

CiRXFUL1 (ECAN Receive Buffer Full 1).....	223
CiRXFUL2 (ECAN Receive Buffer Full 2).....	223
CiRXMnEID (ECAN Acceptance Filter Mask n	
Extended Identifier)	222
CiRXMnSID (ECAN Acceptance Filter Mask n	
Standard Identifier)	222
CiRXOVF1 (ECAN Receive Buffer Overflow 1).....	224
CiRXOVF2 (ECAN Receive Buffer Overflow 2).....	224
CiTRBnDLC (ECAN Buffer n Data	
Length Control).....	227
CiTRBnDm (ECAN Buffer n Data Field Byte m).....	227
CiTRBnEID (ECAN Buffer n Extended Identifier)	226
CiTRBnSID (ECAN Buffer n Standard Identifier).....	226
CiTRBnSTAT (ECAN Receive Buffer n Status).....	228
CiTRmnCON (ECAN TX/RX Buffer m Control)	225
CiVEC (ECAN Interrupt Code)	206
CLKDIV (Clock Divisor)	150
CORCON (Core Control).....	32, 94
DCICON1 (DCI Control 1)	231
DCICON2 (DCI Control 2)	232
DCICON3 (DCI Control 3)	233
DCISTAT (DCI Status)	234
DMACS0 (DMA Controller Status 0)	141
DMACS1 (DMA Controller Status 1)	143
DMAxCNT (DMA Channel x Transfer Count).....	140
DMAxCON (DMA Channel x Control).....	137
DMAxPAD (DMA Channel x Peripheral Address)	140
DMAxREQ (DMA Channel x IRQ Select)	138
DMAxSTA (DMA Channel x RAM Start	
Address A).....	139
DMAxSTB (DMA Channel x RAM Start	
Address B).....	139
DSADR (Most Recent DMA RAM Address)	144
I2CxCON (I2Cx Control).....	190
I2CxMSK (I2Cx Slave Mode Address Mask).....	194
I2CxSTAT (I2Cx Status)	192
ICxCON (Input Capture x Control).....	176
IEC0 (Interrupt Enable Control 0).....	106
IEC1 (Interrupt Enable Control 1).....	108
IEC2 (Interrupt Enable Control 2).....	110
IEC3 (Interrupt Enable Control 3).....	112
IEC4 (Interrupt Enable Control 4).....	113
IFS0 (Interrupt Flag Status 0)	98
IFS1 (Interrupt Flag Status 1)	100
IFS2 (Interrupt Flag Status 2)	102
IFS3 (Interrupt Flag Status 3)	104
IFS4 (Interrupt Flag Status 4)	105
INTCON1 (Interrupt Control 1)	95
INTCON2 (Interrupt Control 2)	97
INTTREG Interrupt Control and Status Register	132
IPC0 (Interrupt Priority Control 0)	114
IPC1 (Interrupt Priority Control 1)	115
IPC10 (Interrupt Priority Control 10).....	124
IPC11 (Interrupt Priority Control 11).....	125
IPC12 (Interrupt Priority Control 12).....	126
IPC13 (Interrupt Priority Control 13).....	127
IPC14 (Interrupt Priority Control 14).....	128
IPC15 (Interrupt Priority Control 15).....	129
IPC16 (Interrupt Priority Control 16).....	130
IPC17 (Interrupt Priority Control 17).....	131
IPC2 (Interrupt Priority Control 2).....	116
IPC3 (Interrupt Priority Control 3).....	117
IPC4 (Interrupt Priority Control 4).....	118
IPC5 (Interrupt Priority Control 5).....	119
IPC6 (Interrupt Priority Control 6).....	120